#### **EXHIBIT A – NARRATIVE EXHIBIT & TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Exhibit	Description	<b>Total Pages</b>
Exhibit A	Narrative Exhibit & Exhibit Table of Contents	3
Exhibit B	Technical Information	2
Exhibit C	Final Coordination Reports	21
Exhibit D	Radiation Hazard Assessments	11

#### **<u>1.0 - Exhibit Table of Contents</u>**

#### 2.0 - Description of Application

Overon America, LLC ("Overon"), pursuant to Section 25.120(b)(3) of the Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC's" or "Commission's") Rules, 47 C.F.R. § 25.120(b)(3), hereby requests Special Temporary Authority ("STA") to operate two C-band antennas that will transmit earth-to-space in the 5925-6425 MHz. Overon seeks STA for a 60-day period beginning not later than April 1, 2021. No public notice is required with respect to the proposed STA given that Overon plans to file a request for regular authority.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Background**

Overon is a global leader in the development of new technologies to produce and distribute audiovisual content. Overon's wide portfolio of services cover the end-to-end needs for broadcasters and other companies that need to distribute audiovisual content using television, radio, satellite and terrestrial networks. Overon's expert professionals have developed cutting-edge technologies and our innovative solutions are recognized by the world's leading multimedia companies. While Overon strives to provide tailor-made, state-of-the-art broadcast services to enhance its position as a market leader for content distribution around the world, service quality, reliability and operational process management remain the company's core strengths.

The FCC's proceeding to regroom the lower 300 megahertz of fixed satellite service C-band spectrum (3700-4000 MHz) for mobile broadband service has proven to be an extraordinary catalyst for rapid and widespread change throughout the fixed satellite industry. In particular, as the principal C-band satellite operators that serve the conterminous United States quickly regroom and repack the transponders on their existing spacecraft to clear the lower 120 megahertz of C-band spectrum in time to meet the FCC's first accelerated relocation date of December 5, 2021, a meaningful number of

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  Overon will promptly seek regular authority once the FCC recommences routine processing of C-band ground station license applications.

end users will be required to expeditiously migrate to alternative transponders or spacecraft to free capacity and maximize satellite operator efficiency.

Overon has been affected by this migration because certain video feeds involving Latin American television programming that the company and its customers broadcast<sup>2</sup> over the conterminous U.S. can no longer be accommodated on the same satellite on a non-preemptible basis given the underlying satellite operator's C-band transition plans. Because non-preemptible service is an absolute prerequisite for a heavily viewed television channel enjoyed by a large number of Americans,<sup>3</sup> Overon has decided to assume more direct involvement in the transmission of the affected video feeds and secured alternative non-preemptible transponded C-band capacity.

Accordingly, Overon seeks 60-day STA to operate two ground stations to migrate video feeds between C-band transponders on two distinct satellites. Specifically, Overon seeks authority that will facilitate a dual-illumination migration of several video feeds currently occupying C-band transponders on the Galaxy 23 to transponders on the nearby Eutelsat 117 West A satellite (E117WA).<sup>4</sup> The first proposed antenna will illuminate the Galaxy 23, currently using DVBS/QPSK modulation to uplink video programming currently transmitted to the satellite from an unrelated third party ground station that will mute its communications. Shortly thereafter, the second proposed antenna will concurrently illuminate the E117WA, uplinking the same video feeds with certain improvements in modulation utilizing DVBS2/8PSK to allow for a more efficient use of satellite spectrum and compression technology. After the uplink to the E117WA is thoroughly tested and remote ground stations downlinking the video feeds throughout the conterminous U.S. have similarly made the transition to the new spacecraft, Overon will mute transmissions to the Galaxy 23.

#### **Justification for STA**

Consistent with the standards set forth in Section 25.120(b) of the FCC's rules, grant of STA is appropriate in the instant circumstances and serves the public interest.

First, the instant circumstances are extraordinary. Fixed satellite incumbents have less than twelve months from the conclusion of the C-band auction (Auction 107) to migrate out of spectrum in continuous use for fixed satellite service for decades.<sup>5</sup> Such a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Overon does not at present operate any ground station facilities providing uplink transmission service in the C-band. A third-party ground station presently uplinks transmission services for Overon's U.S.-based operations. The instant STA proposes to recommission two antennas located at Overon's Miami office that are presently offline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For example, one affected video feed that delivers radio and video programming enjoyed by a large number of Americans is Radio Televisión Española (RTVE), which is akin to the United Kingdom's BBC channel.

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{4}{16.8}$  The Galaxy 23 is located 121 west longitude orbital slot, and the Eutelsat 117 West A is located at 116.8 west longitude.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Longstanding radio service incumbents are generally given several years to migrate after an auction to repurpose a band for mobile service. Most recently, broadcast auxiliary incumbents in the 600

compressed schedule has placed pressure on satellite operators to fast-track critical decisions, including the rapid launch of new satellites, the implementation of new compression technology and filters, and also how certain transponders are prioritized and protected given the need to free capacity. Such sweeping developments, which reflect a once in a lifetime sea change for the satellite industry, could not be planned for or predicted.

Second, grant of STA serves the public interest by ensuring that the aboveproposed transition between spacecraft occurs smoothly and avoids any potential loss of service given the imminent discontinuation of nearly all non-preemptible transponder leases on the Galaxy 23. The underlying content in the video feeds presently using the Galaxy 23 as a transmission medium is popular, and consumed by a large number of Americans. Continuing the uninterrupted delivery of such content, which the proposed STA will ensure by authorizing expedited migration to the less heavily utilized E117WA, serves the public interest.

MHz band had a minimum of 39 months to migrate after the conclusion of the relevant forward and reverse auctions.

#### **EXHIBIT B – TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

### **<u>1.0 - Description of Antenna 1</u>**

Make & Model	Andrew Corp. / 4.6 meter
	25° 50' 28.0" N
Location	80° 18' 59.0" W
	7291 NW 74th St, Medley, Miami-Dade, FL 33166
	5925.0 - 5928.0
Transmit Evaguanay Limits	5992.0 - 6106.0
(MIL <sub>2</sub> )	6170.0 - 6182.0
(MHZ)	6242.0 - 6360.0
	6420.0 - 6425.0
<b>Receive Frequency Limits</b>	2820 4200
(MHz)	3820-4200
Satallita Ara Limita	18.0° WL (Eastern Limit)
Satemite Arc Limits	139.0° WL (Western Limit)
Elevation Angles	16.4° (Eastern Limit)
Lievation Angles	19.7° (Western Limit)
Azimuth Angles	102.9° (Eastern Limit)
Azimutii Angles	255.1° (Western Limit)
Polarization	Vertical and Horizontal
Gain (dBi)	47.3 dBi @ 6.175 GHz
Input Power (Watts @flange)	48.05
Total EIRP (dBW all carriers)	64.1
EIRP Density (dBW/4kHz)	-22.04
Emissions	3M00G7W
LIIIISSIONS	36M0G7W

#### 2.0 - Description of Antenna 2

Make & Model	Vertex / 4.8 meter
	25° 50' 28.0" N
Location	80° 18' 59.0" W
	7291 NW 74th St, Medley, Miami-Dade, FL 33166
	5925.0 - 5928.0
Trees and the group of an I inside	5992.0 - 6106.0
I ransmit Frequency Limits	6170.0 - 6182.0
(MHZ)	6242.0 - 6360.0
	6420.0 - 6425.0
Receive Frequency Limits (MHz)	3820-4200

Satallita Ana Limita	18.0° WL (Eastern Limit)			
Satemite Arc Limits	139.0° WL (Western Limit)			
Elevation Angles	16.4° (Eastern Limit)			
Lievation Angles	19.7° (Western Limit)			
Azimuth Angles	102.9° (Eastern Limit)			
Azimuth Angles	255.1° (Western Limit)			
Polarization	Vertical and Horizontal			
Gain (dBi)	48.1 dBi @ 6.175 GHz			
Input Power (Watts @flange)	40.3			
Total EIRP (dBW all carriers)	64.1			
EIRP Density (dBW/4kHz)	-22.04			
Emissions	3M00G7W			
LIIIISSIUIIS	36M0G7W			

Overon America Request for STA Exhibit C

# Exhibit C Final Coordination Reports

# FREQUENCY COORDINATION AND INTERFERENCE ANALYSIS REPORT

Prepared for Overon America MEDLEY, FL Satellite Earth Station

Prepared By: COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147 March 11, 2021

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1. CONCLUSIONS	
2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS	
3. SUPPLEMENTAL SHOWING	
4. EARTH STATION COORDINATION DATA	6
5. CERTIFICATION	

# **1. CONCLUSIONS**

An interference study considering all existing, proposed and prior coordinated microwave facilities within the coordination contours of the proposed earth station demonstrates that this site will operate satisfactorily with the common carrier microwave environment. Further, there will be no restrictions of its operation due to interference considerations.

# 2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

A number of great circle interference cases were identified during the interference study of the proposed earth station. Each of the cases, which exceeded the interference objective on a line-of-sight basis, was profiled and the propagation losses estimated using NBS TN101 (Revised) techniques. The losses were found to be sufficient to reduce the signal levels to acceptable magnitudes in every case.

# **3. SUPPLEMENTAL SHOWING**

Pursuant to Part 25.203(c) of the FCC Rules and Regulations, the satellite earth station proposed in this application was coordinated by Comsearch using computer techniques and in accordance with Part 25 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

Coordination data for this earth station was sent to the below listed carriers with a letter dated 03/03/2021.

#### <u>Company</u>

Broward County Board of Commissioners Broward County Telecommunications Div COLLIER, COUNTY OF Computer Office Solutions, Inc. Embarq Florida, Inc. Entercom License, LLC Florida Power and Light Company Florida State Florida, State of HiQ Data Corporation Miami-Dade County New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC - N FL New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC - S FL Olympic Wireless, LLC Palm Beach, County of South Florida Water Management District **T-Mobile License LLC** Verizon Wireless (VAW) LLC - S Florida Verizon Wireless Personal Comm, LP(S FL)

# 4. EARTH STATION COORDINATION DATA

This section presents the data pertinent to frequency coordination of the proposed earth station that was circulated to all carriers within its coordination contours.

Earth Station Data Sheet 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard, Ashburn, VA 20147 (703)726-5500 http://www.comsearch.com

Date:         03/11           Job Number:         2103		I/2021 03COMSGE01		
Administrative Inform Status Call Sign	nation ENGI	NEER PROPOSAL		
Licensee Code Licensee Name	OVEA Overo	AME on America		
Site Information Venue Name Latitude (NAD 83) Longitude (NAD 83) Climate Zone Rain Zone Ground Elevation (AMSL	MED 7291 25° 5 80° 1 B 1 ) 1.24 I	<b>LEY, FL</b> NW 74 ST 0' 28.0" N 8' 59.0" W m / 4.1 ft		
Link Information Satellite Type Mode Modulation Satellite Arc Azimuth Range Corresponding Elevation Antenna Centerline (AGL	Geos TO - Digita 18° W 102.9 Angles 16.4° ) 11.89	tationary Transmit-Only al V to 139° West Longitude 9° to 255.1° / 19.7° 9 m / 39.0 ft		
Antenna Information Manufacturer Model Gain / Diameter 3-dB / 15-dB Beamwidth		<b>Transmit - FCC32</b> Andrew 4.6 meter 47.3 dBi / 4.6 m 0.62° / 1.20°		
Max Available RF Power	(dBW/4 kHz) (dBW/MHz)	-23.6 0.4		
Maximum EIRP	(dBW/4 kHz) (dBW/MHz)	23.7 47.7		
Interference Objectives: L	ong Term Short Term	-154.0 dBW/4 kHz 20% -131.0 dBW/4 kHz 0.0025%		
Frequency Information Emission / Frequency Range (	n MHz)	Transmit 6.1 GHz 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 5925.0 - 5928.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 5992.0 - 6106.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6170.0 - 6182.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6242.0 - 6360.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6420.0 - 6425.0		
Max Great Circle Coordination Distance Precipitation Scatter Contour Radius		153.9 km / 95.6 mi 100.0 km / 62.1 mi		

#### Earth Station Data Sheet

19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard, Ashburn, VA 20147 (703)726-5500 http://www.comsearch.com

Coordination Values	MEDLEY, FL	
Licensee Name	Overon America	
Latitude (NAD 83)	25° 50' 28.0" N	
Longitude (NAD 83)	80° 18' 59.0" W	
Ground Elevation (AMSL)	1.24 m / 4.1 ft	
Antenna Centerline (AGL)	11.89 m / 39.0 ft	
Antenna Model	Andrew 4.6 meter	
Antenna Mode	Transmit 6.1 GHz	
Interference Objectives: Long Ter	m -154.0 dBW/4 kHz	20%
Short Ter	m -131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power	-23.6 (dBW/4 kHz)	

			Transm	iit 6.1 GHz	
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination	
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)	
0	0.00	102.35	-10.00	117.20	
5	0.00	97.56	-10.00	117.20	
10	0.00	92.77	-10.00	117.20	
15	0.00	87.97	-10.00	117.20	
20	0.00	83.17	-10.00	117.20	
25	0.00	78.38	-10.00	117.20	
30	0.00	73.60	-10.00	117.20	
35	0.00	68.82	-10.00	117.20	
40	0.00	64.07	-10.00	117.20	
45	0.00	59.33	-10.00	117.20	
50	0.00	54.62	-10.00	117.20	
55	0.00	49.95	-10.00	117.20	
60	0.00	45.33	-9.41	116.81	
65	0.00	40.78	-8.26	119.87	
70	0.00	36.32	-7.00	123.43	
75	0.00	32.00	-5.63	127.60	
80	0.00	27.88	-4.13	132.47	
85	0.00	24.06	-2.53	138.03	
90	0.00	20.72	-0.91	144.07	
95	0.00	18.13	0.54	149.70	
100	0.00	16.62	1.48	153.60	
105	0.00	16.51	1.56	153.91	
110	0.00	17.81	0.73	150.46	
115	0.00	20.27	-0.67	145.00	
120	0.00	23.52	-2.28	138.93	
125	0.00	27.27	-3.89	133.28	
130	0.00	31.35	-5.41	128.30	
135	0.00	35.50	-6.76	124.16	
140	0.00	39.53	-7.92	120.80	
145	0.00	43.40	-8.94	118.04	
150	0.00	47.07	-9.82	115.77	
155	0.00	50.47	-10.00	117.20	
160	0.00	53.52	-10.00	117.20	
165	0.00	56.10	-10.00	117.20	
170	0.00	58.10	-10.00	117.20	
175	0.00	59.36	-10.00	117.20	
180	0.00	59.80	-10.00	117.20	
185	0.00	59.36	-10.00	117.20	

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Coordination Values	MEDLEY, FL	
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Latitude (NAD 83)	25° 50' 28.0" N	
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Ground Elevation (AMSL)	1.24 m / 4.1 ft	
Antenna Centerline (AGL)	11.89 m / 39.0 ft	
Antenna Model	Andrew 4.6 meter	
Antenna Mode	Transmit 6.1 GHz	
Interference Objectives: Long Terr	m -154.0 dBW/4 kHz	20%
Short Ter	m -131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power	-23.6 (dBW/4 kHz)	

		Transmit 6.1 GHz						
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination				
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)				
190	0.00	58.10	-10.00	117.20		-		
195	0.00	56.10	-10.00	117.20				
200	0.00	53.52	-10.00	117.20				
205	0.00	50.47	-10.00	117.20				
210	0.00	47.07	-9.82	115.77				
215	0.00	43.40	-8.94	118.04				
220	0.00	39.53	-7.92	120.80				
225	0.00	35.50	-6.76	124.16				
230	0.00	31.55	-5.47	128.09				
235	0.00	27.89	-4.14	132.45				
240	0.00	24.67	-2.80	137.06				
245	0.00	22.07	-1.60	141.48				
250	0.00	20.34	-0.71	144.85				
255	0.00	19.71	-0.37	146.20				
260	0.00	20.27	-0.67	145.00				
265	0.00	21.94	-1.53	141.71				
270	0.00	24.50	-2.73	137.33				
275	0.00	27.69	-4.06	132.72				
280	0.00	31.32	-5.40	128.33				
285	0.00	35.26	-6.68	124.38				
290	0.00	39.42	-7.89	120.89				
295	0.00	43.72	-9.02	117.83				
300	0.00	48.13	-10.00	117.20				
305	0.00	52.63	-10.00	117.20				
310	0.00	57.18	-10.00	117.20				
315	0.00	61.78	-10.00	117.20				
320	0.00	66.42	-10.00	117.20				
325	0.00	71.08	-10.00	117.20				
330	0.00	75.76	-10.00	117.20				
335	0.00	80.45	-10.00	117.20				
340	0.00	85.16	-10.00	117.20				
345	0.00	89.86	-10.00	117.20				
350	0.00	94.57	-10.00	117.20				
355	0.00	99.27	-10.00	117.20				

# **5. CERTIFICATION**

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA CONTAINED IN THIS APPLICATION, THAT I AM FAMILIAR WITH PARTS 101 AND 25 OF THE FCC RULES AND REGULATIONS, THAT I HAVE EITHER PREPARED OR REVIEWED THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPLICATION, AND THAT IT IS COMPLETE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

E.Z BY:

Gary K. Edwards Senior Manager COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147

DATED: March 11, 2021

# FREQUENCY COORDINATION AND INTERFERENCE ANALYSIS REPORT

Prepared for Overon America MEDLEY, FL Satellite Earth Station

Prepared By: COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147 March 11, 2021

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A number of great circle interference cases were identified during the interference study of the proposed earth station. Each of the cases, which exceeded the interference objective on a line-of-sight basis, was profiled and the propagation losses estimated using NBS TN101 (Revised) techniques. The losses were found to be sufficient to reduce the signal levels to acceptable magnitudes in every case.

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Coordination data for this earth station was sent to the below listed carriers with a letter dated 03/03/2021.

<u>Company</u> Broward County Board of Commissioners Broward County Telecommunications Div COLLIER, COUNTY OF Computer Office Solutions, Inc. Embarq Florida, Inc. Entercom License, LLC Florida Power and Light Company Florida State Florida, State of HiQ Data Corporation Miami-Dade County New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC - N FL New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC - S FL Olympic Wireless, LLC Palm Beach, County of South Florida Water Management District T-Mobile License LLC Verizon Wireless (VAW) LLC - S Florida Verizon Wireless Personal Comm, LP(S FL)

# 4. EARTH STATION COORDINATION DATA

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Date:03/0Job Number:210		03/09 2103	/09/2021 0303COMSGE02		
Administrative Information Status ENC Call Sign		ENGI	NEER PROPOSAL		
Licensee Code Licensee Name		OVEA Overo	ME n America		
Site InformationMEDVenue Name7291Latitude (NAD 83)25° 5Longitude (NAD 83)80° 1Climate ZoneBRain Zone1Ground Elevation (AMSL)1.24 1		MED 7291 25° 50 80° 18 B 1 1.24 n	<b>DLEY, FL</b> NW 74 ST 50' 28.0" N 18' 59.0" W m / 4.1 ft		
Link Information Satellite Type Mode Modulation Satellite Arc Azimuth Range Corresponding Elevatio Antenna Centerline (AG	n Angles GL)	Geost TO - 1 Digita 18° W 102.9 16.4° 11.89	ationary <sup> </sup> / to 139° West Longitude ° to 255.1° / 19.7° m / 39.0 ft		
Antenna Information Manufacturer Model Gain / Diameter 3-dB / 15-dB Beamwidth	<b>n</b> h		<b>Transmit - FCC32</b> Vertex 4.8 meter 48.1 dBi / 4.8 m 0.62° / 1.20°		
Max Available RF Power	(dBW/4 k (dBW/MH	Hz) lz)	-23.6 0.4		
Maximum EIRP	(dBW/4 k (dBW/MH	Hz) lz)	24.5 48.5		
Interference Objectives: Long Term Short Term			-154.0 dBW/4 kHz 20% -131.0 dBW/4 kHz 0.0025%		
Frequency Information Emission / Frequency Range	ion ∌ (MHz)		Transmit 6.1 GHz 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 5925.0 - 5928.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 5992.0 - 6106.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6170.0 - 6182.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6242.0 - 6360.0 3M00G7W - 36M0G7W / 6420.0 - 6425.0		
Max Great Circle Coordination Distance Precipitation Scatter Contour Radius			153.9 km / 95.6 mi 100.0 km / 62.1 mi		

#### Earth Station Data Sheet

19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard, Ashburn, VA 20147 (703)726-5500 http://www.comsearch.com

Coordination Values	MEDLEY, FL	
Licensee Name	Overon America	
Latitude (NAD 83)	25° 50' 28.0" N	
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Ground Elevation (AMSL)	1.24 m / 4.1 ft	
Antenna Centerline (AGL)	11.89 m / 39.0 ft	
Antenna Model	Vertex 4.8 meter	
Antenna Mode	Transmit 6.1 GHz	
Interference Objectives: Long Te	erm -154.0 dBW/4 kHz	20%
Short Te	erm -131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power	-23.6 (dBW/4 kHz)	

			Transm	it 6.1 GHz	
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination	
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)	
0	0.00	102.35	-10.00	117.20	
5	0.00	97.56	-10.00	117.20	
10	0.00	92.77	-10.00	117.20	
15	0.00	87.97	-10.00	117.20	
20	0.00	83.17	-10.00	117.20	
25	0.00	78.38	-10.00	117.20	
30	0.00	73.60	-10.00	117.20	
35	0.00	68.82	-10.00	117.20	
40	0.00	64.07	-10.00	117.20	
45	0.00	59.33	-10.00	117.20	
50	0.00	54.62	-10.00	117.20	
55	0.00	49.95	-10.00	117.20	
60	0.00	45.33	-9.41	116.81	
65	0.00	40.78	-8.26	119.87	
70	0.00	36.32	-7.00	123.43	
75	0.00	32.00	-5.63	127.60	
80	0.00	27.88	-4.13	132.47	
85	0.00	24.06	-2.53	138.03	
90	0.00	20.72	-0.91	144.07	
95	0.00	18.13	0.54	149.70	
100	0.00	16.62	1.48	153.60	
105	0.00	16.51	1.56	153.91	
110	0.00	17.81	0.73	150.46	
115	0.00	20.27	-0.67	145.00	
120	0.00	23.52	-2.28	138.93	
125	0.00	27.27	-3.89	133.28	
130	0.00	31.35	-5.41	128.30	
135	0.00	35.50	-6.76	124.16	
140	0.00	39.53	-7.92	120.80	
145	0.00	43.40	-8.94	118.04	
150	0.00	47.07	-9.82	115.77	
155	0.00	50.47	-10.00	117.20	
160	0.00	53.52	-10.00	117.20	
165	0.00	56.10	-10.00	117.20	
170	0.00	58.10	-10.00	117.20	
175	0.00	59.36	-10.00	117.20	
180	0.00	59.80	-10.00	117.20	
185	0.00	59.36	-10.00	117.20	

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Coordination Values	MEDLEY, FL	
Licensee Name	Overon America	
Latitude (NAD 83)	25° 50' 28.0" N	
Longitude (NAD 83)	80° 18' 59.0" W	
Ground Elevation (AMSL)	1.24 m / 4.1 ft	
Antenna Centerline (AGL)	11.89 m / 39.0 ft	
Antenna Model	Vertex 4.8 meter	
Antenna Mode	Transmit 6.1 GHz	
Interference Objectives: Long Terr	m -154.0 dBW/4 kHz	20%
Short Ter	m -131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power	-23.6 (dBW/4 kHz)	

			Transm	iit 6.1 GHz	
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination	
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)	
190	0.00	58.10	-10.00	117.20	
195	0.00	56.10	-10.00	117.20	
200	0.00	53.52	-10.00	117.20	
205	0.00	50.47	-10.00	117.20	
210	0.00	47.07	-9.82	115.77	
215	0.00	43.40	-8.94	118.04	
220	0.00	39.53	-7.92	120.80	
225	0.00	35.50	-6.76	124.16	
230	0.00	31.55	-5.47	128.09	
235	0.00	27.89	-4.14	132.45	
240	0.00	24.67	-2.80	137.06	
245	0.00	22.07	-1.60	141.48	
250	0.00	20.34	-0.71	144.85	
255	0.00	19.71	-0.37	146.20	
260	0.00	20.27	-0.67	145.00	
265	0.00	21.94	-1.53	141.71	
270	0.00	24.50	-2.73	137.33	
275	0.00	27.69	-4.06	132.72	
280	0.00	31.32	-5.40	128.33	
285	0.00	35.26	-6.68	124.38	
290	0.00	39.42	-7.89	120.89	
295	0.00	43.72	-9.02	117.83	
300	0.00	48.13	-10.00	117.20	
305	0.00	52.63	-10.00	117.20	
310	0.00	57.18	-10.00	117.20	
315	0.00	61.78	-10.00	117.20	
320	0.00	66.42	-10.00	117.20	
325	0.00	71.08	-10.00	117.20	
330	0.00	75.76	-10.00	117.20	
335	0.00	80.45	-10.00	117.20	
340	0.00	85.16	-10.00	117.20	
345	0.00	89.86	-10.00	117.20	
350	0.00	94.57	-10.00	117.20	
355	0.00	99.27	-10.00	117.20	

# **5. CERTIFICATION**

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA CONTAINED IN THIS APPLICATION, THAT I AM FAMILIAR WITH PARTS 101 AND 25 OF THE FCC RULES AND REGULATIONS, THAT I HAVE EITHER PREPARED OR REVIEWED THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPLICATION, AND THAT IT IS COMPLETE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

LE BY∙

Gary K. Edwards Senior Manager COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147

DATED: March 11, 2021

Overon America Request for STA Exhibit D

# Exhibit D Radiation Hazard Assessments

# Analysis of Non-Ionizing Radiation for a 4.6-Meter Earth Station System

This report analyzes the non-ionizing radiation levels for a 4.6-meter earth station system. The analysis and calculations performed in this report comply with the methods described in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin, No. 65 first published in 1985 and revised in 1997 in Edition 97-01. The radiation safety limits used in the analysis are in conformance with the FCC R&O 96-326. Bulletin No. 65 and the FCC R&O specifies that there are two separate tiers of exposure limits that are dependent on the situation in which the exposure takes place and/or the status of the individuals who are subject to the exposure. The Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for persons in a General Population/Uncontrolled environment are shown in Table 1. The General Population/Uncontrolled MPE is a function of transmit frequency and is for an exposure period of thirty minutes or less. The MPE limits for persons in an Occupational/Controlled environment are shown in Table 2. The Occupational MPE is a function of transmit frequency and is for an exposure period of six minutes or less. The purpose of the analysis described in this report is to determine the power flux density levels of the earth station in the far-field, near-field, transition region, between the subreflector or feed and main reflector surface, at the main reflector surface, and between the antenna edge and the ground and to compare these levels to the specified MPEs.

Table 1. Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	0.2
300-1500	Frequency (MHz)*(0.8/1200)
1500-100,000	1.0

 Table 2. Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	1.0
300-1500	Frequency (MHz)*(4.0/1200)
1500-100,000	5.0

	Table 3.	Formulas an	d Parameters	Used for	Determining	Power	Flux Densities
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Parameter	Symbol	Formula	Value	Units
Antenna Diameter	D	Input	4.6	m
Antenna Surface Area	A <sub>surface</sub>	π D² / 4	16.62	m²
Subreflector Diameter	D <sub>sr</sub>	Input	61.6	cm
Area of Subreflector	A <sub>sr</sub>	π D <sub>sr</sub> ²/4	2979.27	cm <sup>2</sup>
Frequency	F	Input	6175	MHz
Wavelength	λ	300 / F	0.048583	m
Transmit Power	Р	Input	48.05	W
Antenna Gain (dBi)	G <sub>es</sub>	Input	47.3	dBi
Antenna Gain (factor)	G	10 <sup>Ges/10</sup>	53703.2	n/a
Pi	π	Constant	3.1415927	n/a
Antenna Efficiency	η	$G\lambda^2/(\pi^2 D^2)$	0.61	n/a

#### 1. Far Field Distance Calculation

The distance to the beginning of the far field can be determined from the following equation:

Distance to the Far Field Region	$R_{\rm ff}$ = 0.60 D <sup>2</sup> / $\lambda$	(1)
-	= 261.3 m	

The maximum main beam power density in the far field can be determined from the following equation:

On-Axis Power Density in the Far Field	$S_{\rm ff} = G P / (4 \pi R_{\rm ff}^2)$	(2)
	= 3.007 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
	= 0.301 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

#### 2. Near Field Calculation

Power flux density is considered to be at a maximum value throughout the entire length of the defined Near Field region. The region is contained within a cylindrical volume having the same diameter as the antenna. Past the boundary of the Near Field region, the power density from the antenna decreases linearly with respect to increasing distance.

The distance to the end of the Near Field can be determined from the following equation:

Extent of the Near Field

 $R_{nf} = D^2 / (4 \lambda)$ (3) = 108.9 m

The maximum power density in the Near Field can be determined from the following equation:

Near F

Field Power Density	S <sub>nf</sub> = 16.0 η P / (π D <sup>2</sup> )	(4)
	= 7.019 W/m <sup>2</sup>	. ,
	= 0.702 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

#### 3. **Transition Region Calculation**

The Transition region is located between the Near and Far Field regions. The power density begins to decrease linearly with increasing distance in the Transition region. While the power density decreases inversely with distance in the Transition region, the power density decreases inversely with the square of the distance in the Far Field region. The maximum power density in the Transition region will not exceed that calculated for the Near Field region. The power density calculated in Section 1 is the highest power density the antenna can produce in any of the regions away from the antenna. The power density at a distance Rt can be determined from the following equation:

Transition Region Power Density

$$S_t = S_{nf} R_{nf} / R_t$$
(5)  
= 0.702 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 4. Region between the Main Reflector and the Subreflector

Transmissions from the feed assembly are directed toward the subreflector surface, and are reflected back toward the main reflector. The most common feed assemblies are waveguide flanges, horns or subreflectors. The energy between the subreflector and the reflector surfaces can be calculated by determining the power density at the subreflector surface. This can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density at the Subreflector

$$S_{sr} = 4000 P / A_{sr}$$
 (6)  
= 64.512 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 5. Main Reflector Region

The power density in the main reflector is determined in the same manner as the power density at the subreflector. The area is now the area of the main reflector aperture and can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density at the Main Reflector Surface	$S_{surface} = 4 P / A_{surface}$	(7)
-	= 11.565 W/m <sup>2</sup>	.,
	= 1.157 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

### 6. Region between the Main Reflector and the Ground

Assuming uniform illumination of the reflector surface, the power density between the antenna and the ground can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density between Reflector and Ground

$$S_g = P / A_{surface}$$
 (8)  
= 2.891 W/m<sup>2</sup>  
= 0.289 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 7. Summary of Calculations

#### Table 4. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Uncontrolled Environment

	Calculate Radiation Pow	d Maximum er Density I	_evel
Region	(mW	//cm²)	Hazard Assessment
1. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 261.3 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	0.301	Satisfies FCC MPE
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 108.9 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	0.702	Satisfies FCC MPE
3. Transition Region ( $R_{nf} < R_t < R_{ff}$ )	St	0.702	Satisfies FCC MPE
4. Between Main Reflector and	S <sub>sr</sub>	64.512	Potential Hazard
Subreflector			
5. Main Reflector	S <sub>surface</sub>	1.157	Potential Hazard
6. Between Main Reflector and Ground	Sa	0.289	Satisfies FCC MPE

Table 5. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Controlled Environment

	Calculated Radiation Po	l Maximum ower Density	
Region	Level (n	nW/cm²)	Hazard Assessment
1. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 261.3 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	0.301	Satisfies FCC MPE
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 108.9 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	0.702	Satisfies FCC MPE
3. Transition Region ( $R_{nf} < R_t < R_{ff}$ )	St	0.702	Satisfies FCC MPE
4. Between Main Reflector and	S <sub>sr</sub>	64.512	Potential Hazard
Subreflector			
5. Main Reflector	S <sub>surface</sub>	1.157	Satisfies FCC MPE
6. Between Main Reflector and Ground	Sg	0.289	Satisfies FCC MPE

It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that the public and operational personnel are not exposed to harmful levels of radiation.

#### 8. Conclusions

Based on the above analysis it is concluded that the FCC MPE guidelines have been exceeded (or met) in the regions of Table 4 and 5. The applicant proposes to comply with the MPE limits by one or more of the following methods.

The antenna will be located on a roof. The bottom lip of the dish will be 9.1 meters above ground level. The general public will not have access to areas within  $\frac{1}{2}$  diameter from the edge of the antenna.

Since one diameter removed from the main beam of the antenna or  $\frac{1}{2}$  diameter removed from the edge of the antenna the RF levels are reduced by a factor of 100 or 20 dB. None of the areas exceeding the MPE levels will be accessible by the general public

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#### Means of Compliance Controlled Areas

The earth station's operational staff will not have access to the areas that exceed the MPE levels while the earth station is in operation.

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The transmitters will be turned off during antenna maintenance

The applicant agrees to abide by the conditions specified in Condition 5208 provided below:

Condition 5208 - The licensee shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the antenna does not create potential exposure of humans to radiofrequency radiation in excess of the FCC exposure limits defined in 47 CFR 1.1307(b) and 1.1310 wherever such exposures might occur. Measures must be taken to ensure compliance with limits for both occupational/controlled exposure and for general population/uncontrolled exposure, as defined in these rule sections. Compliance can be accomplished in most cases by appropriate restrictions such as fencing. Requirements for restrictions can be determined by predictions based on calculations, modeling or by field measurements. The FCC's OET Bulletin 65 (available on-line at www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety) provides information on predicting exposure levels and on methods for ensuring compliance, including the use of warning and alerting signs and protective equipment for worker.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE RADIATION HAZARD REPORT, AND THAT IT IS COMPLETE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

BY:

Gary K. Edwards Senior Manager COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147

DATED: March 8, 2021

# Analysis of Non-Ionizing Radiation for a 4.8-Meter Earth Station System

This report analyzes the non-ionizing radiation levels for a 4.8-meter earth station system. The analysis and calculations performed in this report comply with the methods described in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin, No. 65 first published in 1985 and revised in 1997 in Edition 97-01. The radiation safety limits used in the analysis are in conformance with the FCC R&O 96-326. Bulletin No. 65 and the FCC R&O specifies that there are two separate tiers of exposure limits that are dependent on the situation in which the exposure takes place and/or the status of the individuals who are subject to the exposure. The Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for persons in a General Population/Uncontrolled environment are shown in Table 1. The General Population/Uncontrolled MPE is a function of transmit frequency and is for an exposure period of thirty minutes or less. The MPE limits for persons in an Occupational/Controlled environment are shown in Table 2. The Occupational MPE is a function of transmit frequency and is for an exposure period of six minutes or less. The purpose of the analysis described in this report is to determine the power flux density levels of the earth station in the far-field, near-field, transition region, between the subreflector or feed and main reflector surface, at the main reflector surface, and between the antenna edge and the ground and to compare these levels to the specified MPEs.

Table 1. Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	0.2
300-1500	Frequency (MHz)*(0.8/1200)
1500-100,000	1.0

 Table 2. Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	1.0
300-1500	Frequency (MHz)*(4.0/1200)
1500-100,000	5.0

	Table 3.	Formulas an	d Parameters	Used for	Determining	Power	Flux Densities
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Parameter	Symbol	Formula	Value	Units
Antenna Diameter	D	Input	4.8	m
Antenna Surface Area	A <sub>surface</sub>	π D² / 4	18.10	m²
Subreflector Diameter	D <sub>sr</sub>	Input	35.6	cm
Area of Subreflector	A <sub>sr</sub>	π D <sub>sr</sub> ²/4	995.38	cm <sup>2</sup>
Frequency	F	Input	6175	MHz
Wavelength	λ	300 / F	0.048583	m
Transmit Power	Р	Input	40.30	W
Antenna Gain (dBi)	G <sub>es</sub>	Input	48.1	dBi
Antenna Gain (factor)	G	10 <sup>Ges/10</sup>	64565.4	n/a
Pi	π	Constant	3.1415927	n/a
Antenna Efficiency	η	$G\lambda^2/(\pi^2 D^2)$	0.67	n/a

#### 1. Far Field Distance Calculation

The distance to the beginning of the far field can be determined from the following equation:

Distance to the Far Field Region	$R_{\rm ff} = 0.60 \ D^2 / \lambda$	(1)
-	= 284.5 m	

The maximum main beam power density in the far field can be determined from the following equation:

On-Axis Power Density in the Far Field	$S_{\rm ff} = G P / (4 \pi R_{\rm ff}^2)$	(2)
·	= 2.557 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
	= 0.256 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

#### 2. Near Field Calculation

Power flux density is considered to be at a maximum value throughout the entire length of the defined Near Field region. The region is contained within a cylindrical volume having the same diameter as the antenna. Past the boundary of the Near Field region, the power density from the antenna decreases linearly with respect to increasing distance.

The distance to the end of the Near Field can be determined from the following equation:

Extent of the Near Field

 $R_{nf} = D^2 / (4 \lambda)$ (3) = 118.6 m

The maximum power density in the Near Field can be determined from the following equation:

Near

Field Power Density	S <sub>nf</sub> = 16.0 η P / (π D <sup>2</sup> )	(4)
-	= 5.970 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
	= 0.597 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

#### 3. Transition Region Calculation

The Transition region is located between the Near and Far Field regions. The power density begins to decrease linearly with increasing distance in the Transition region. While the power density decreases inversely with distance in the Transition region, the power density decreases inversely with the square of the distance in the Far Field region. The maximum power density in the Transition region will not exceed that calculated for the Near Field region. The power density calculated in Section 1 is the highest power density the antenna can produce in any of the regions away from the antenna. The power density at a distance Rt can be determined from the following equation:

Transition Region Power Density

$$S_t = S_{nf} R_{nf} / R_t$$
 (5)  
= 0.597 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 4. Region between the Main Reflector and the Subreflector

Transmissions from the feed assembly are directed toward the subreflector surface, and are reflected back toward the main reflector. The most common feed assemblies are waveguide flanges, horns or subreflectors. The energy between the subreflector and the reflector surfaces can be calculated by determining the power density at the subreflector surface. This can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density at the Subreflector

$$S_{sr} = 4000 P / A_{sr}$$
 (6)  
= 161.948 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 5. Main Reflector Region

The power density in the main reflector is determined in the same manner as the power density at the subreflector. The area is now the area of the main reflector aperture and can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density at the Main Reflector Surface	S <sub>surface</sub> = 4 P / A <sub>surface</sub>	(7)
-	= 8.908 W/m <sup>2</sup>	
	= 0.891 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

### 6. Region between the Main Reflector and the Ground

Assuming uniform illumination of the reflector surface, the power density between the antenna and the ground can be determined from the following equation:

Power Density between Reflector and Ground

$$S_g = P / A_{surface}$$
 (8)  
= 2.227 W/m<sup>2</sup>  
= 0.223 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### 7. Summary of Calculations

#### Table 4. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Uncontrolled Environment

	Calculate Radiation Pow	d Maximum ver Density L	evel
Region	(mV	V/cm²)	Hazard Assessment
1. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 284.5 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	0.256	Satisfies FCC MPE
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 118.6 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	0.597	Satisfies FCC MPE
3. Transition Region ( $R_{nf} < R_t < R_{ff}$ )	St	0.597	Satisfies FCC MPE
4. Between Main Reflector and	S <sub>sr</sub>	161.948	Potential Hazard
Subreflector			
5. Main Reflector	Ssurface	0.891	Satisfies FCC MPE
6. Between Main Reflector and Ground	Sa	0.223	Satisfies FCC MPE

 Table 5. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Controlled Environment

	Calculated Radiation P	d Maximum ower Densitv	,
Region	Level (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )		Hazard Assessment
1. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 284.5 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	0.256	Satisfies FCC MPE
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 118.6 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	0.597	Satisfies FCC MPE
3. Transition Region ( $R_{nf} < R_t < R_{ff}$ )	St	0.597	Satisfies FCC MPE
4. Between Main Reflector and	S <sub>sr</sub>	161.948	Potential Hazard
Subreflector			
5. Main Reflector	S <sub>surface</sub>	0.891	Satisfies FCC MPE
6. Between Main Reflector and Ground	Sg	0.223	Satisfies FCC MPE

It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that the public and operational personnel are not exposed to harmful levels of radiation.

#### 8. Conclusions

Based on the above analysis it is concluded that harmful levels of radiation will not exist in regions normally occupied by the public or the earth station's operating personnel. The transmitter will be turned off during antenna maintenance so that the FCC MPE of 5.0 mW/cm2 will be complied with for those regions with close proximity to the reflector that exceed acceptable levels.

The antenna will be located on a roof. The bottom lip of the dish will be 9.1 meters above ground level. The general public will not have access to areas within  $\frac{1}{2}$  diameter from the edge of the antenna.

Since one diameter removed from the main beam of the antenna or  $\frac{1}{2}$  diameter removed from the edge of the antenna the RF levels are reduced by a factor of 100 or 20 dB. None of the areas exceeding the MPE levels will be accessible by the general public

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#### Means of Compliance Controlled Areas

The earth station's operational staff will not have access to the areas that exceed the MPE levels while the earth station is in operation.

. .. ..

The transmitters will be turned off during antenna maintenance

The applicant agrees to abide by the conditions specified in Condition 5208 provided below:

Condition 5208 - The licensee shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the antenna does not create potential exposure of humans to radiofrequency radiation in excess of the FCC exposure limits defined in 47 CFR 1.1307(b) and 1.1310 wherever such exposures might occur. Measures must be taken to ensure compliance with limits for both occupational/controlled exposure and for general population/uncontrolled exposure, as defined in these rule sections. Compliance can be accomplished in most cases by appropriate restrictions such as fencing. Requirements for restrictions can be determined by predictions based on calculations, modeling or by field measurements. The FCC's OET Bulletin 65 (available on-line at www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety) provides information on predicting exposure levels and on methods for ensuring compliance, including the use of warning and alerting signs and protective equipment for worker.

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BY:

Gary K. Edwards Senior Manager COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147

DATED: March 8, 2021