RBC Signals LLC Application for 30-Day Special Temporary Authorization

Technical Appendix

- I. Technical Description
- II. SW1FT Orbital Debris Assessment Report
- III. SteamSat Orbital Debris Assessment Report
- IV. SW1FT Draft Schedule S
- V. 400 MHz Yagi Radiation Hazard Analysis
- VI. Updated SW1FT ITU Filing Information
- VII. Draft FCC Form 312 Schedule B

I. Technical Description

RBC Signals seeks to provide telemetry, tracking and command ("TT&C") in the 401-402 MHz band for two (2) cubesats operated by SatRevolution, as follows:

- 1. The SW1FT cubesat in 401.0375-401.0625 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 401.0125-401.0375 MHz (space-to-Earth) bands; and
- 2. The SteamSat cubesat in the 401.0-401.1 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 401.050-401.150 MHz (space-to-Earth) bands.

RBC Signals also seeks to provide receive-only downlink support for the SW1FT cubesat in the 2261.5-2269.5 MHz (space-to-Earth) band.

This Technical Description provides an operational overview of the SW1FT and SteamSat satellites in support of RBC Signals' request for a 30-day special temporary authorization ("STA") to provide TT&C and data downlink support for the spacecraft from a facility in Brewster, Washington, USA. With the launch of both satellites currently scheduled for mid- to late-December 2020, there should be sufficient time to place this application on public notice in anticipation of the start of the mission (*see* Narrative).

RBC Signals is requesting the STA to support SatRevolution in testing and demonstrating components, software, and operational concepts that are integral to the planned missions, and generally help establish space heritage for the satellite products being evaluated under this STA. SatRevolution seeks to operate the SteamSat to evaluate a low power, steam-based propellant system (the "TunaCan") that will assist cubesat operators with constellation management and orbit optimization. SatRevolution seeks to operate the SW1FT mission to demonstrate its next-generation Earth observation cameras (the "Vision300") and optical machine learning module (the "SpaceEdgeZero") and help make this novel technology more widely available.

The demonstrations planned for the SW1FT and SteamSat missions will be conducted intermittently over a three-year period commencing shortly after launch of the satellite. The frequencies, ground station location, and operational constraints have been carefully identified to avoid the potential for interference to other spectrum users.

RBC Signals notes that the expected launch window for the spacecraft is December 18, 2020 to December 31, 2020 on the same SpaceX Falcon 9 launch vehicle from Cape Canaveral, Florida. Therefore, RBC Signals respectfully requests that the Commission consider and authorize the proposed operations (as appropriately conditioned) as soon as practicable. RBC Signals will update the Commission with the final launch date once the launch schedule is finalized.

I. <u>SW1FT</u>

The SW1FT satellite conforms to the form factor of a 3U cubesat (340 mm X 116 mm X 109 mm in the stowed configuration and approximately 431.2 mm X 374.5 mm X 374.5 mm in the deployed configuration), with a total mass of approximately 3.0 kg. The maximum power generated by the solar panels is approximately 22 W (18 W at end-of-life "EOL"), with a maximum transmitter output RF power of approximately 29 dBm in UHF frequencies and 29 dBm in S-band frequencies. The TT&C radio uses omnidirectional canted turnstile antennas, as indicated in Figure 1.



Figure 1. SW1FT Deployed Configuration

- **A. Orbit.** The SW1FT satellite will be launched aboard a SpaceX Falcon 9 launch vehicle from the Cape Canaveral launch center in Florida in December 2020. The satellites will be launched into a nominal circular, sun-synchronous orbit at 525 km apogee and 525 km perigee with an inclination from the equator of 97.6°. An orbital lifetime calculation for this orbit estimates that the satellite will remain in orbit for approximately 2.97 years (under worst case conditions), well within the limits set by internationally accepted guidelines.¹
- **B.** TT&C Earth Station. RBC Signals will utilize a LimeSDR Mini radio transceiver and associated equipment, including an M2 Antenna Systems 400CP30A Yagi antenna (with an antenna gain of 16.2 dBi) to conduct TT&C operations. The earth station is located at an existing facility in Brewster, WA, and TT&C operations in the 401-402 MHz band will take place intermittently when the satellite is in view of the earth station site. RBC Signals will coordinate the TT&C operations to ensure compatibility with any other co-frequency operations in the area. The antenna patterns for the UHF transmit antenna at the earth station site is illustrated in Figure 2.

¹ See SW1FT Orbital Debris Assessment Report (attached).



Figure 2. UHF Monopole Antenna Pattern

- **C. S-Band Earth Station.** RBC Signals will utilize a 2.4m Orbit Gaia-100 earth station to receive earth observation downlink data from the SW1FT payload. The Orbit Gaia-100 antenna provides a maximum gain of 30 dBi and a maximum G/T of 9 dB/K for payload downlink reception in the 2200-2290 MHz band. This antenna will be employed for data reception only with this satellite and will not transmit to the satellite.
- **D. Operational Parameters.** In addition to the draft FCC Form 312 Schedule B provided with this application, RBC Signals provides a summary of key technical parameters of the TT&C operations below:

UHF Band

- 0.2 W earth station transmitter output power, 9.2 dBW EIRP
- 0.8 W spacecraft transmitter output power, 2.0 dBW EIRP
- Tx (satellite uplink) from 401.0375-401.0625 MHz (Earth-to-space)
- Rx (satellite downlink) from 401.0125-401.0375 MHz (space-to-Earth)
- 2GFSK modulation
- 9.6 kbps uplink, 1.2/9.6 kbps downlink
- LHCP

S-band Downlink

- Rx (satellite uplink) from 2261.5-2269.5 MHz (8 MHz bandwidth)
- DVB-S2 modulation
- LHCP

E. Satellite Antenna Patterns. The satellite antenna patterns for the SW1FT UHF and Sband antennas are illustrated in Figures 4 and 5.



Figure 4. SW1FT S-band Satellite Antenna Pattern



Figure 5. SW1FT UHF Satellite Antenna Pattern

II. <u>SteamSat</u>

The SteamSat satellite conforms to the form factor of a 1.5U cubesat (190.5 mm X 111 mm X 106.7 mm in the stowed configuration and approximately 374.5 mm X 374.5 mm X 190 mm in the deployed configuration), with a total mass of approximately 1.37 kg. The maximum power generated by the solar panels is approximately 8 W (6 W at EOL), with a maximum transmitter output RF power of approximately 29 dBm in UHF frequencies. The TT&C radio uses omnidirectional canted turnstile antennas, as indicated in Figure 6.



Figure 6. SteamSat Deployed Configuration

- **A. Orbit.** The SteamSat satellite will be launched aboard a SpaceX Falcon 9 launch vehicle from the Cape Canaveral launch center in Florida in December 2020. The satellites will be launched into a nominal circular, sun-synchronous orbit at 525 km apogee and 525 km perigee with an inclination from the equator of 97.6°. An orbital lifetime calculation for this orbit estimates that the satellite will remain in orbit for approximately 2.513 years (under worst case conditions), well within the limits set by internationally accepted guidelines.²
- **B.** TT&C Earth Station. RBC Signals will utilize a LimeSDR Mini radio transceiver and associated equipment, including an M2 Antenna Systems 400CP30A Yagi antenna (with an antenna gain of 16.2 dBi) to conduct TT&C operations. The earth station is located at RBC Signals' facility in Brewster, WA ITU, and TT&C operations in the 401-402 MHz band will take place intermittently when the satellite is in view of the earth station site. RBC Signals will coordinate the TT&C operations to ensure compatibility with any other co-frequency operations in the area. The antenna patterns for the UHF transmit antenna at the earth station site is illustrated in Figure 2.
- **C. Operational Parameters.** In addition to the draft FCC Form 312 Schedule B provided with this application, RBC Signals provides a summary of key technical parameters of the telemetry and tracking downlink operations and telecommand uplink operations include:

UHF Band

- 0.2 W earth station transmitter output power, 9.2 dBW EIRP
- 0.8 W spacecraft transmitter output power, 2.0 dBW EIRP
- Tx (satellite uplink) from 401.0-401.1 MHz (Earth-to-space)
- Rx (satellite downlink) from 401.050-401.150 MHz (space-to-Earth)
- GFSK modulation
- 9.6 kbps uplink, 1.2/9.6 kbps downlink
- LHCP

² See SteamSat Orbital Debris Assessment Report (attached).

D. Satellite Antenna Pattern. The antenna patterns for the SteamSat UHF transmit antenna is illustrated in Figure 7.



Figure 7. SteamSat UHF Satellite Antenna Pattern

SW1FT Orbital Debris Assessment Report (ODAR)

SW1FT-ODAR-1.0

This report is presented as compliance with NASA-STD-8719.14B, APPENDIX A, 4/25/2019

SatRevolution

POLAND OFFICE Stabłowicka 147 54-066 Wrocław Poland

U.S.A. OFFICE 388 Market Street (Suite 1300) San Francisco, CA 94111 United States

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DAS Software Version Used In Analysis: v3.1.0

Revision Record				
Revision:	Date:	Affected Pages:	Changes:	Author(s):
1.0	8/14/2020	All –Initial	DAS Software Results Orbit Lifetime Analysis	D. Morse

Contents

Self-assessment of the ODAR using the format in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD-8719.14:
ODAR Section 1: Program Management and Mission Overview4
ODAR Section 2: Spacecraft Description:
ODAR Section 3: Assessment of Spacecraft Debris Released during Normal Operations: 7
ODAR Section 4: Assessment of Spacecraft Intentional Breakups and Potential for Explosions
ODAR Section 5: Assessment of Spacecraft Potential for On-Orbit Collisions
ODAR Section 6: Assessment of Spacecraft Post-Mission Disposal Plans and Procedures
ODAR Section 7: Assessment of Spacecraft Reentry Hazards:
ODAR Section 8: Assessment for Tether Missions
Appendix A: Acronyms

Self-assessment of the ODAR using the format in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD-8719.14B:

A self-assessment is provided below in accordance with the assessment format provided in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD-8719.14B.

Section	Status	Comments
4.3-1, Mission-Related Debris Passing Through LEO	COMPLIANT	
4.3-2, Mission-Related Debris Passing Near GEO	COMPLIANT	
4.4-1, Limiting the risk to other space systems from accidental explosions during deployment and mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon	COMPLIANT	
4.4-2, Design for passivation after completion of mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon	N/A	
4.4-3, Limiting the long-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups	COMPLIANT	
4.4-4, Limiting the short-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups	COMPLIANT	
4.5-1, Probability of Collision with Large Objects	COMPLIANT	
4.5-2, Probability of Damage from Small Objects	COMPLIANT	System will passively deorbit; therefore, no components are critical to deorbit.
4.6-1, Disposal for space structures passing through LEO	COMPLIANT	
4.6-2, Disposal for space structures passing through GEO	N/A	
4.6-3, Disposal for space structures between LEO and GEO	N/A	
4.6-4, Reliability of post-mission disposal operations	COMPLIANT	
4.8-1, Collision Hazards of Space Tethers	COMPLIANT	

Assessment Report Format:

ODAR Technical Sections Format Requirements:

SatRevolution is a Polish company with a US presence. This ODAR follows the format in NASA-STD-8719.14B, Appendix A.1 and includes the content indicated as a minimum, in each of sections 2 through 8 below for the SW1FT mission. Sections 9 through 14 apply to the launch vehicle ODAR and are not covered here.

ODAR Section 1: Program Management and Mission Overview

Program/project manager: Mateusz Kellar

Senior Management: Grzegorz Zwolinski (Chief Executive Officer, SatRevolution)

Launch and deployment profile, including all parking, transfer, and operational orbits with apogee, perigee, and inclination: The SW1FT mission will consist of a single satellite launched into sub-synchronous circular orbit with nominal orbit altitude of 525 km (based upon a range of SSO orbit altitudes from 500km to 550km).

Schedule of upcoming mission milestones:

• Scheduled Launch Date: December 16, 2020. SatRevolution has contracted SpaceX Rideshare to broker the SW1FT launch. SpaceX's most recent manifest indicates a launch window of December 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020.

Mission Overview: The SW1FT satellite will be launched into a sun-synchronous, Low Earth Orbit (LEO). The satellite bus will use magnetic torque coils, reaction wheel, star tracker cameras, sun sensor, GPS, and an IMU to enable 3-axis pointing control. The SW1FT mission will demonstrate an Earth Observation payload.

Launch Vehicle and Launch Site: Falcon 9 Launch Vehicle, Dedicated SSO Rideshare Mission #1. The launch site is Cape Canaveral, Florida. The Falcon-9 launch vehicle will transport multiple mission payloads to orbit.

SW1FT will be deployed into an approximately sun synchronous circular low Earth orbit. SW1FT will deploy solar panels and UHF antenna once deployed from the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS Quadpack CubeSat deployer. The spacecraft is expected to be deployed with the following orbital parameters:¹

Highest Apogee: 550 km

¹ The SW1FT satellite will be deployed between 500 km and 550 km at the discretion of the launch service provider. SatRevolution has assumed a 550 km orbital altitude for SW1FT for purposes of this orbital debris analysis report.

Highest Perigee: 550 km

Target Inclination: $97.6^{\circ} \pm 0.3^{\circ}$

SW1FT is demonstrating an Earth Observation payload.

Mission Duration: The anticipated lifetime of the spacecraft is 3 years in LEO.

ODAR Section 2: Spacecraft Description:

Physical description of the constellation: The SW1FT satellite is based on the SatRevolution NanoBus bus. Basic physical dimensions are 340.5 mm x 116 mm x 109 mm with a wet mass of approximately 3.0 kg. The satellite is composed of the NanoBus 3U bus, deployable solar panels, deployable UHF antenna and a water-based resisto-jet propulsion module. The solar panel generates up to 22 W of electric power which is stored in a 54.6 Wh COTS Li-Ion unpressurized 3-cell battery assembly. The bus is 3-axis stabilized, employing GPS, 9-DOF IMU, sun sensors, and star trackers for attitude knowledge and magnetic torque rods and reaction wheels for attitude control.

The SW1FT satellite will be separated from the Falcon 9 launch vehicle using the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS CubeSat deployer which provide debris free actuation.

The SW1FT spacecraft is depicted in Figure 1 for the post-deployment configuration.



Figure 1 SW1FT Spacecraft Configuration

Total satellite mass at launch, including all propellants and fluids: 3.0 kg.

Dry mass of satellites at launch: 3.0 kg. (no propulsion)

Description of all propulsion systems (cold gas, mono-propellant, bi-propellant, electric, nuclear): None

Identification, including mass and pressure, of all fluids (liquids and gases) planned to be on board and a description of the fluid loading plan or strategies, excluding fluids in sealed heat pipes: None

Fluids in Pressurized Batteries: None

The SW1FT satellite uses a 3-cell unpressurized standard COTS Lithium-Ion battery cells in each spacecraft. The total capacity energy capacity per spacecraft is 54.6 W-h.

Description of attitude control system and indication of the normal attitude of the spacecraft with respect to the velocity vector: The SW1FT spacecraft attitude will be controlled initially by torque rods, which will allow the satellite to be aligned relative to the Earth's magnetic field. These will allow the satellite to detumble and align with the magnetic field.

- A <u>safe mode</u> that is optimized for solar power generation from the satellite. The spacecraft's deployable panel will be oriented towards the sun.
- A *targeted tracking mode*, which will allow the satellite Nadir panel to be directed at any location on the Earth's surface.
- An *LVLH mode* that keeps the Nadir panel pointed towards the Earth's surface.

Description of any range safety or other pyrotechnic devices: None.

The SW1FT satellite will be released from the Falcon 9 launch vehicle using the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS CubeSat deployer which provides debris-free actuation.

Description of the electrical generation and storage system: Standard COTS Lithium-Ion battery cells are charged before payload integration and provide 54.6 W-h of electrical energy during the eclipse portion of the satellite's orbit. The Solar Cells generate a maximum on-orbit power of approximately 22 W degrading down to 18 W at the end-of-life of the mission (3 years for calculation purposes).

Identification of any other sources of stored energy not noted above: None

Identification of any radioactive materials on board: None

ODAR Section 3: Assessment of Spacecraft Debris Released during Normal Operations:

Identification of any object (>1 mm) expected to be released from the spacecraft any time after launch, including object dimensions, mass, and material: None.

Rationale/necessity for release of each object: N/A.

Time of release of each object, relative to launch time: N/A.

Release velocity of each object with respect to spacecraft: N/A.

Expected orbital parameters (apogee, perigee, and inclination) of each object after release: N/A.

Calculated orbital lifetime of each object, including time spent in Low Earth Orbit (LEO): N/A.

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.3-1 and 4.3-2 (per DAS v3.1.0)

4.3-1, Mission Related Debris Passing Through LEO: COMPLIANT

4.3-2, Mission Related Debris Passing Near GEO: COMPLIANT

ODAR Section 4: Assessment of Spacecraft Intentional Breakups and Potential for Explosions.

Potential causes of spacecraft breakup during deployment and mission operations: There is no credible scenario that would result in spacecraft breakup during normal deployment and operations.

Summary of failure modes and effects analyses of all credible failure modes which may lead to an accidental explosion: The in-orbit failure of a battery cell protection circuit could lead to a short circuit resulting in overheating and a very remote possibility of battery cell explosion.

Detailed plan for any designed spacecraft breakup, including explosions and intentional collisions: There are no planned breakups.

List of components which shall be passivated at End of Mission (EOM) including method of passivation and amount which cannot be passivated:

- Three (3) Lithium Ion Battery Cells configure spacecraft to prevent battery charging, let batteries deplete
- Propulsion all propellant will be vented before passivation

Rationale for all items which are required to be passivated, but cannot be due to their design: None

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.4-1 through 4.4-4:

Requirement 4.4-1: Limiting the risk to other space systems from accidental explosions during deployment and mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon: *"For each spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stage employed for a mission, the program or project shall demonstrate, via failure mode and effects analyses or equivalent analyses, that the integrated probability of explosion for all credible failure* modes of each spacecraft and launch vehicle is less than 0.001 (excluding small particle impacts) (Requirement 56449)."

Compliance statement:

Required Probability: 0.001.

Expected probability: 0.000; COMPLIANT.

Supporting Rationale and FMEA details:

Battery explosion:

On-orbit failure of a battery cell protection circuit could lead to a short circuit resulting in overheating and a very remote possibility of battery cell deflagration. Multiple independent failures must first occur for this effect. In the event of an unlikely explosion, the effect to the far-term LEO environment is considered negligible due to the following:

- SW1FT satellites have a short orbital life due to the low orbital altitude (<6 years under worst-case failure conditions)
- SW1FT satellites have very low mass
- SW1FT satellites have spacecraft structural covers will likely contain debris results from a battery rupturing, except for those that may be vented through small orifices

Requirement 4.4-2: Design for passivation after completion of mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon:

'Design of all spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stages shall include the ability to deplete all onboard sources of stored energy and disconnect all energy generation sources when they are no longer required for mission operations or post-mission disposal or control to a level which can not cause an explosion or deflagration large enough to release orbital debris or break up the spacecraft (Requirement 56450)."

Compliance statement: At EOM, all propellant will be vented and the cubesat. In the unlikely event that a battery cell does explosively rupture, the small size, mass, and potential energy, of these small batteries is such that while the spacecraft could be expected to vent gases, most debris from the battery rupture should be contained within the spacecraft due to the lack of penetration energy to the multiple enclosures surrounding the batteries.

Requirement 4.4-3. Limiting the long-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups: Compliance statement: This requirement is not applicable. There are no planned breakups.

Requirement 4.4-4: Limiting the short-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups: Compliance statement: This requirement is not applicable. There are no planned breakups.

ODAR Section 5: Assessment of Spacecraft Potential for On-Orbit Collisions

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.5-1 and 4.5-2 (per DAS v3.1.0, and calculation methods provided in NASA-STD-8719.14B, section 4.5.4):

Requirement 4.5-1. Limiting debris generated by collisions with large objects when operating in Earth orbit:

"For each spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stage in or passing through LEO, the program or project shall demonstrate that, during the orbital lifetime of each spacecraft and orbital stage, the probability of accidental collision with space objects larger than 10 cm in diameter is less than 0.001 (Requirement 56506)."

Large Object Impact and Debris Generation Probability: 0.00000023; COMPLIANT.

Requirement 4.5-2. Limiting debris generated by collisions with small objects when operating in Earth or lunar orbit:

"For each spacecraft, the program or project shall demonstrate that, during the mission of the spacecraft, the probability of accidental collision with orbital debris and meteoroids sufficient to prevent compliance with the applicable postmission disposal requirements is less than 0.01 (Requirement 56507)."

Small Object Impact and Debris Generation Probability: Not applicable; the spacecraft is planned orbital disposal by atmospheric entry, and does not require a specific spacecraft orientation and drag state to meet the disposal requirements. Therefore, no element or component of the spacecraft system is required to complete post-mission operations.

Identification of all systems or components required to accomplish any post-mission disposal operation, including passivation and maneuvering: None

ODAR Section 6: Assessment of Spacecraft Post-Mission Disposal Plans and Procedures

6.1 Description of spacecraft disposal option selected: The satellite includes a waterbased propulsion demonstration that will be used to lower the orbit altitude by up to 70 km. In the case of propulsion demonstrator failure (or other general CubeSat failure), the satellite will still de-orbit naturally by atmospheric re-entry.

6.2 Plan for any spacecraft maneuvers required to accomplish post-mission disposal: None

6.3 Calculation of area-to-mass ratio after post-mission disposal, if the controlled reentry option is not selected:

Spacecraft Mass (Dry): 3.0 kg

Cross-sectional Area: 0.059607 m²

(Calculated by DAS 3.1.0). Area to mass ratio: $059607/3.0 = 0.019869 \text{ m}^2/\text{kg}$

6.4 Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.6-1 through 4.6-5 (per DAS v3.1.0 and NASA-STD-8719.14B section): Requirement 4.6-1. Disposal for space structures passing through LEO:

"A spacecraft or orbital stage with a perigee altitude below 2000 km shall be disposed of by one of three methods: (Requirement 56557)

a. Atmospheric reentry option: Leave the space structure in an orbit in which natural forces will lead to atmospheric reentry within 25 years after the completion of mission but no more than 30 years after launch; or Maneuver the space structure into a controlled de-orbit trajectory as soon as practical after completion of mission.

b. Storage orbit option: Maneuver the space structure into an orbit with perigee altitude greater than 2000 km and apogee less than GEO - 500 km.

c. Direct retrieval: Retrieve the space structure and remove it from orbit within 10 years after completion of mission."

Analysis: The SW1FT satellites' method of disposal is COMPLIANT using method "a." In the worst-case orbit altitude of 550 x 550 km near-circular orbit, the passive deorbit time is 4.156 years after launch with orbit history as shown in Figure 2 if the solar arrays do not deploy. It should be noted that this is assuming a launch date of December 2020. If the solar arrays do deploy, the passive deorbit time will be reduced to 2.973 yrs.

Under planned launch conditions, SW1FT will be deployed in a 525 x 525 km nominal near-circular orbit, reentering in approximately 2.973 years after launch. If the solar arrays deploy, the passive deorbit time will reduce to 1.84 years with orbit history as

shown in Figure 3 (analysis assumes a noon-midnight Sun synchronous orbit with solar array tracking).



Figure 2 SW1FT Orbit History – at Maximum Orbit Altitude of 550 km x 550 km SSO in Stowed Configuration



Figure 3 SW1FT Orbit History – at Nominal Orbit Altitude of 525 km x 525 km SSO in Deployed Configuration

Requirement 4.6-2. Disposal for space structures near GEO:

Analysis is not applicable.

Requirement 4.6-3. Disposal for space structures between LEO and GEO: Analysis is not applicable.

Requirement 4.6-4. Reliability of Post-mission Disposal Operations:

Analysis is not applicable. The satellite will reenter passively without post mission disposal operations within the allowable timeframe.

ODAR Section 7: Assessment of Spacecraft Reentry Hazards:

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirement 4.7-1: Requirement 4.7-1. Limit the risk of human casualty:

"The potential for human casualty is assumed for any object with an impacting kinetic energy in excess of 15 joules:

a) For uncontrolled reentry, the risk of human casualty from surviving debris shall not exceed 0.0001 (1:10,000) (Requirement 56626)."

Summary Analysis Results: DAS v3.1.0 reports that the SW1FT satellite is COMPLIANT with the requirement with a per satellite casualty risk of 1:33000.

This represents an acceptable casualty risk, as calculated with DAS's modeling capability.

The DAS Output Summary Follows:

08 28 2020; 11:39:07AM Processing Requirement 4.3-2: Return Status : Passed

No Project Data Available

Run Data

INPUT

Space Structure Name = SW1FT Space Structure Type = Payload Perigee Altitude = 525.000 (km) Apogee Altitude = 525.000 (km) Inclination = 97.600 (deg) RAAN = 0.000 (deg) Argument of Perigee = 0.000 (deg) Mean Anomaly = 0.000 (deg) Final Area-To-Mass Ratio = 0.0199 (m^2/kg) Start Year = 2020.900 (yr) Initial Mass = 3.000 (kg) Final Mass = 3.000 (kg) Duration = 3.000 (yr) Station-Kept = False Abandoned = True

****OUTPUT****

Collision Probability = 2.2934E-07

SW1FT ODAR - Version 1.0

Returned Message: Normal Processing Date Range Message: Normal Date Range Status = Pass

08 28 2020; 11:42:43AM Processing Requirement 4.6 Return Status : Passed

Project Data

INPUT

Space Structure Name = SW1FT Space Structure Type = Payload

Perigee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Apogee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) **Inclination = 97.600000 (deg)** RAAN = 0.000000 (deg)Argument of Perigee = 0.000000 (deg) Mean Anomaly = 0.000000 (deg) Area-To-Mass Ratio = $0.019869 (m^2/kg)$ Start Year = 2020.900000 (yr) Initial Mass = 3.000000 (kg) Final Mass = 3.000000 (kg) **Duration = 3.000000 (vr) Station Kept = False** Abandoned = True PMD Perigee Altitude = -1.000000 (km) PMD Apogee Altitude = -1.000000 (km) PMD Inclination = 0.000000 (deg) PMD RAAN = 0.000000 (deg)PMD Argument of Perigee = 0.000000 (deg) PMD Mean Anomaly = 0.000000 (deg)

****OUTPUT****

Suggested Perigee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Suggested Apogee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Returned Error Message = Reentry during mission (no PMD req.).

Released Year = 2022 (yr)

Requirement = 61 Compliance Status = Pass

*********Processing Requirement 4.7-1 08 28 2020; 11:42:46AM **Return Status : Passed** ************INPUT****** Item Number = 1 name = SW1FT quantity = 1parent = 0materialID = 8 type = BoxAero Mass = 3.000000 **Thermal Mass = 3.000000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.200000Height = 0.100000name = Structure-PTFE quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 64 type = BoxAero Mass = 0.127000**Thermal Mass = 0.127000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.100000Height = 0.100000name = Structure-AL quantity = 1parent = 1 materialID = 8 type = BoxAero Mass = 0.455000**Thermal Mass = 0.455000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.100000Height = 0.100000name = Structure-Steel

quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 58 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.003760**Thermal Mass = 0.003760 Diameter/Width = 0.020000** Length = 0.020000Height = 0.020000name = Comm Module - HF quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.130000 **Thermal Mass = 0.130000** Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.050000Height = 0.050000name = Comm Module - LF quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.080000**Thermal Mass = 0.080000 Diameter/Width = 0.050000** Length = 0.050000Height = 0.030000name = C&DH Module quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.050000 **Thermal Mass = 0.050000** Diameter/Width = 0.050000 Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Battery Management quantity = 1parent = 1

materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.275000 **Thermal Mass = 0.275000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.100000Height = 0.050000name = Energy Harvesting System quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = BoxAero Mass = 0.060000 **Thermal Mass = 0.060000** Diameter/Width = 0.050000 Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Aux Power Supply quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.080000 **Thermal Mass = 0.080000 Diameter/Width = 0.050000** Length = 0.050000Height = 0.030000name = ADCS quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27 type = Box Aero Mass = 0.250000 **Thermal Mass = 0.250000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.100000Height = 0.050000name = Reaction Wheels quantity = 3parent = 1materialID = 54 type = Cylinder

Aero Mass = 0.183000**Thermal Mass = 0.183000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.050000name = Payload quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 8 type = BoxAero Mass = 0.654000 **Thermal Mass = 0.654000 Diameter/Width = 0.100000** Length = 0.100000Height = 0.050000name = Payload processor quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 8 type = BoxAero Mass = 0.252000 Thermal Mass = 0.252000Diameter/Width = 0.100000 Length = 0.100000Height = 0.050000**************OUTPUT****** Item Number = 1 name = SW1FT **Demise Altitude = 77.997551 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000** Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000 ***** name = Structure-PTFE **Demise Altitude = 77.726250 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000** Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000 ***** name = Structure-AL **Demise Altitude = 74.142998 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000** Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Structure-Steel Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.384400 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.265090

name = Comm Module - HF Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.422500 Impact Kinetic Energy = 50.931648

name = Comm Module - LF Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.415666 Impact Kinetic Energy = 26.284269

name = C&DH Module Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 12.537213

name = Battery Management Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.471423 Impact Kinetic Energy = 85.388275

name = Energy Harvesting System Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 18.063890

name = Aux Power Supply Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.415666 Impact Kinetic Energy = 26.284269

name = ADCS Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.471423 Impact Kinetic Energy = 70.546532

name = Reaction Wheels Demise Altitude = 68.459587 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Payload Demise Altitude = 70.578758 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Payload processor Demise Altitude = 74.943100 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

4.7-1b, and 4.7-1c:

These requirements are non-applicable requirements because the SW1FT mission does not use controlled reentry.

4.7-1, b): "For controlled reentry, the selected trajectory shall ensure that no surviving debris impact with a kinetic energy greater than 15 joules is closer than 370 km from foreign landmasses, or is within 50 km from the continental U.S., territories of the U.S., and the permanent ice pack of Antarctica (Requirement 56627)."

Not applicable to YAM. The spacecraft does not use controlled reentry and no debris is expected to survive.

4.7-1 c): "For controlled reentries, the product of the probability of failure of the reentry burn (from Requirement 4.6-4.b) and the risk of human casualty assuming uncontrolled reentry shall not exceed 0.0001 (1:10,000) (Requirement 56628)." Not applicable to SW1FT. It does not use controlled reentry and no debris is expected to survive.

ODAR Section 8: Assessment for Tether Missions

Not applicable. There are no tethers used in the SW1FT mission.

END of ODAR for SW1FT

Appendix A: Acronyms

Arg peri	Argument of Perigee
CDR	Critical Design Review
cm	centimeter
COTS	Commercial Off-The-Shelf (items)
DAS	Debris Assessment Software
EOM	End Of Mission
FRR	Flight Readiness Review
GEO	Geosynchronous Earth Orbit
ITAR	International Traffic In Arms Regulations
kg	kilogram
km	kilometer
LEO	Low Earth Orbit
Li-Ion	Lithium Ion
m^2	Meters squared
ml	milliliter
mm	millimeter
N/A	Not Applicable.
NET	Not Earlier Than
ODAR	Orbital Debris Assessment Report
OSMA	Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
PDR	Preliminary Design Review
PL	Payload
ISIPOD	ISIS CubeSat Deployer
PSIa	Pounds Per Square Inch, absolute
RAAN	Right Ascension of the Ascending Node
SMA	Safety and Mission Assurance
Ti	Titanium
Yr	year

STEAMSAT Orbital Debris Assessment Report (ODAR)

STEAMSAT-ODAR-1.0

This report is presented as compliance with NASA-STD-8719.14B, APPENDIX A, 4/25//2019

SatRevolution

POLAND OFFICE Stabłowicka 147 54-066 Wrocław Poland

U.S.A. OFFICE 388 Market Street (Suite 1300) San Francisco, CA 94111 United States

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DAS Software Version Used In Analysis: v3.1.0

Revision Record				
Revision:	Date:	Affected Pages:	Changes:	Author(s):
1.0	7/19/2020	All –Initial	DAS Software Results Orbit Lifetime Analysis	D. Morse

Contents

Self-assessment of the ODAR using the format in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD- 8719.14B:
ODAR Section 1: Program Management and Mission Overview
ODAR Section 2: Spacecraft Description:
ODAR Section 3: Assessment of Spacecraft Debris Released during Normal Operations:
ODAR Section 4: Assessment of Spacecraft Intentional Breakups and Potential for Explosions
ODAR Section 5: Assessment of Spacecraft Potential for On-Orbit Collisions
ODAR Section 6: Assessment of Spacecraft Post-Mission Disposal Plans and Procedures
ODAR Section 7: Assessment of Spacecraft Reentry Hazards:
ODAR Section 8: Assessment for Tether Missions
Appendix A: Acronyms

Self-assessment of the ODAR using the format in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD-8719.14B:

A self-assessment is provided below in accordance with the assessment format provided in Appendix A.2 of NASA-STD-8719.14B.

Section	Status	Comments
4.3-1, Mission-Related Debris Passing Through LEO	COMPLIANT	
4.3-2, Mission-Related Debris Passing Near GEO	COMPLIANT	
4.4-1, Limiting the risk to other space systems from accidental explosions during deployment and mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon	COMPLIANT	
4.4-2, Design for passivation after completion of mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon	N/A	
4.4-3, Limiting the long-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups	COMPLIANT	
4.4-4, Limiting the short-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups	COMPLIANT	
4.5-1, Probability of Collision with Large Objects	COMPLIANT	
4.5-2, Probability of Damage from Small Objects	COMPLIANT	System will passively deorbit; therefore, no components are critical to deorbit.
4.6-1, Disposal for space structures passing through LEO	COMPLIANT	
4.6-2, Disposal for space structures passing through GEO	N/A	
4.6-3, Disposal for space structures between LEO and GEO	N/A	
4.6-4, Reliability of post-mission disposal operations	COMPLIANT	
4.8-1, Collision Hazards of Space Tethers	COMPLIANT	

Assessment Report Format:

ODAR Technical Sections Format Requirements:

SatRevolution is a Polish company with a US presence. This ODAR follows the format in NASA-STD-8719.14B, Appendix A.1 and includes the content indicated as a minimum, in each of sections 2 through 8 below for the STEAMSAT mission. Sections 9 through 14 apply to the launch vehicle ODAR and are not covered here.

ODAR Section 1: Program Management and Mission Overview

Program/project manager: Mateusz Kellar

Senior Management: Grzegorz Zwolinski (Chief Executive Officer, SatRevolution)

Launch and deployment profile, including all parking, transfer, and operational orbits with apogee, perigee, and inclination: The STEAMSAT mission will consist of a single satellite launched into sub-synchronous circular orbit with nominal orbit altitude of 525 km (based upon a range of SSO orbit altitudes from 500km to 550km).

Schedule of upcoming mission milestones:

• Scheduled Launch Date: December 16, 2020. SatRevolution has contracted SpaceX Rideshare to broker the STEAMSAT launch. SpaceX's most recent manifest indicates a launch window of December 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020.

Mission Overview: The STEAMSAT satellite will be launched into a sun-synchronous, Low Earth Orbit (LEO). The satellite bus will use magnetic torque coils, reaction wheel, star tracker cameras, sun sensor, GPS, and an IMU to enable 3-axis pointing control. The STEAMSAT mission will demonstrate a resistojet water-based propulsion system.

Launch Vehicle and Launch Site: Falcon 9 Launch Vehicle, Dedicated SSO Rideshare Mission #1. The launch site is Cape Canaveral, Florida. The Falcon-9 launch vehicle will transport multiple mission payloads to orbit.

STEAMSAT will be deployed into an approximately sun synchronous circular low Earth orbit. STEAMSAT will deploy solar panels and UHF antenna once deployed from the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS Quadpack CubeSat deployer. The spacecraft is expected to be deployed with the following orbital parameters:¹

Highest Apogee: 550 km

¹ The STEAMSAT satellite will be deployed between 500 km and 550 km at the discretion of the launch service provider. SatRevolution has assumed a 550 km orbital altitude for STEAMSAT for purposes of this orbital debris analysis report.

Highest Perigee: 550 km

Target Inclination: $97.6^{\circ} \pm 0.3^{\circ}$

STEAMSAT is demonstrating an on-board water-based propulsion system. STEAMSAT plans to actively lower its orbit during the mission but this ODAR will assume a worst-case scenario that no orbit lower is achieved.

Mission Duration: The anticipated lifetime of the spacecraft is 3 years in LEO.

ODAR Section 2: Spacecraft Description:

Physical description of the constellation: The STEAMSAT satellite is based on the SatRevolution NanoBus bus. Basic physical dimensions are 190.5 mm x 111 mm x 100 mm with a wet mass of approximately 1.37 kg. The satellite is composed of the NanoBus 1.5U bus, deployable solar panels, deployable UHF antenna and a water-based resisto-jet propulsion module. The solar panel generates up to 8 W of electric power which is stored in a 37.2Wh COTS Li-Ion unpressurized 3-cell battery assembly. The bus is 3-axis stabilized, employing GPS, 9-DOF IMU, sun sensors, and star trackers for attitude knowledge and magnetic torque rods and reaction wheels for attitude control.

The STEAMSAT satellite will be separated from the Falcon 9 launch vehicle using the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS CubeSat deployer which provide debris free actuation.

The STEAMSAT spacecraft is depicted in Figure 1 for the pre-deployment configuration and in Figure 2 for the post-deployment configuration.



Figure 1 STEAMSAT Spacecraft Configuration – Pre-deployment

STEAMSAT ODAR – Version 1.0



Figure 2 STEAMSAT Spacecraft Configuration – Post-deployment

Total satellite mass at launch, including all propellants and fluids: 1.5 kg.

Dry mass of satellites at launch: 1.37 kg. (130g of water-based propellant onboard)

Description of all propulsion systems (cold gas, mono-propellant, bi-propellant, electric, nuclear): 130g of water-based propellant onboard

Identification, including mass and pressure, of all fluids (liquids and gases) planned to be on board and a description of the fluid loading plan or strategies, excluding fluids in sealed heat pipes: 130g of water propellant. Tank pressure will not exceed 101kPa (1 atm), thus fulfilling all CubeSat launch standards.

Fluids in Pressurized Batteries: None

The STEAMSAT satellite uses a 3-cell unpressurized standard COTS Lithium-Ion battery cells in each spacecraft. The total capacity energy capacity per spacecraft is 37.2 W-h.

Description of attitude control system and indication of the normal attitude of the spacecraft with respect to the velocity vector: The STEAMSAT spacecraft attitude will be controlled initially by torque rods, which will allow the satellite to be aligned relative to the Earth's magnetic field. These will allow the satellite to detumble and align with the magnetic field.
- A <u>safe mode</u> that is optimized for solar power generation from the satellite. The spacecraft's deployable panel will be oriented towards the sun.
- A *targeted tracking mode*, which will allow the satellite Nadir panel to be directed at any location on the Earth's surface.
- An *LVLH mode* that keeps the Nadir panel pointed towards the Earth's surface.

Description of any range safety or other pyrotechnic devices: None.

The STEAMSAT satellite will be released from the Falcon 9 launch vehicle using the Momentus Vigoride deployer fitted with an ISIS CubeSat deployer which provides debris-free actuation.

Description of the electrical generation and storage system: Standard COTS Lithium-Ion battery cells are charged before payload integration and provide 37.2 W-h of electrical energy during the eclipse portion of the satellite's orbit. The Solar Cells generate a maximum on-orbit power of approximately 8 W degrading down to 6 W at the end-of-life of the mission (3 years for calculation purposes).

Identification of any other sources of stored energy not noted above: None

Identification of any radioactive materials on board: None

ODAR Section 3: Assessment of Spacecraft Debris Released during Normal Operations:

Identification of any object (>1 mm) expected to be released from the spacecraft any time after launch, including object dimensions, mass, and material: None.

Rationale/necessity for release of each object: N/A.

Time of release of each object, relative to launch time: N/A.

Release velocity of each object with respect to spacecraft: N/A. **Expected orbital parameters (apogee, perigee, and inclination) of each object after release**: N/A.

Calculated orbital lifetime of each object, including time spent in Low Earth Orbit (LEO): N/A.

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.3-1 and 4.3-2 (per DAS v3.1.0)

4.3-1, Mission Related Debris Passing Through LEO: COMPLIANT

4.3-2, Mission Related Debris Passing Near GEO: COMPLIANT

ODAR Section 4: Assessment of Spacecraft Intentional Breakups and Potential for Explosions.

Potential causes of spacecraft breakup during deployment and mission operations: There is no credible scenario that would result in spacecraft breakup during normal deployment and operations.

Summary of failure modes and effects analyses of all credible failure modes which may lead to an accidental explosion: The in-orbit failure of a battery cell protection circuit could lead to a short circuit resulting in overheating and a very remote possibility of battery cell explosion.

Detailed plan for any designed spacecraft breakup, including explosions and intentional collisions: There are no planned breakups.

List of components which shall be passivated at End of Mission (EOM) including method of passivation and amount which cannot be passivated:

- Three (3) Lithium Ion Battery Cells configure spacecraft to prevent battery charging, let batteries deplete
- Propulsion all propellant will be vented before passivation

Rationale for all items which are required to be passivated, but cannot be due to their design: None

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.4-1 through 4.4-4:

Requirement 4.4-1: Limiting the risk to other space systems from accidental explosions during deployment and mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon: *"For each spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stage employed for a mission, the program or project shall demonstrate, via failure mode and effects analyses or equivalent analyses, that the integrated probability of explosion for all credible failure modes of each spacecraft and launch vehicle is less than 0.001 (excluding small particle impacts) (Requirement 56449)."*

Compliance statement:

Required Probability: 0.001.

Expected probability: 0.000; COMPLIANT.

Supporting Rationale and FMEA details:

Battery explosion:

On-orbit failure of a battery cell protection circuit could lead to a short circuit resulting in overheating and a very remote possibility of battery cell deflagration. Multiple independent failures must first occur for this effect. In the event of an unlikely explosion, the effect to the far-term LEO environment is considered negligible due to the following:

- STEAMSAT satellites have a short orbital life due to the low orbital altitude (<6 years under worst-case failure conditions)
- STEAMSAT satellites have very low mass
- STEAMSAT satellites have spacecraft structural covers will likely contain debris results from a battery rupturing, except for those that may be vented through small orifices

Requirement 4.4-2: Design for passivation after completion of mission operations while in orbit about Earth or the Moon:

'Design of all spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stages shall include the ability to deplete all onboard sources of stored energy and disconnect all energy generation sources when they are no longer required for mission operations or post-mission disposal or control to a level which can not cause an explosion or deflagration large enough to release orbital debris or break up the spacecraft (Requirement 56450)."

Compliance statement: At EOM, all propellant will be vented and the cubesat. In the unlikely event that a battery cell does explosively rupture, the small size, mass, and potential energy, of these small batteries is such that while the spacecraft could be expected to vent gases, most debris from the battery rupture should be contained within the spacecraft due to the lack of penetration energy to the multiple enclosures surrounding the batteries.

Requirement 4.4-3. Limiting the long-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups: Compliance statement: This requirement is not applicable. There are no planned breakups.

Requirement 4.4-4: Limiting the short-term risk to other space systems from planned breakups: Compliance statement: This requirement is not applicable. There are no planned breakups.

ODAR Section 5: Assessment of Spacecraft Potential for On-Orbit Collisions

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.5-1 and 4.5-2 (per DAS v3.1.0, and calculation methods provided in NASA-STD-8719.14B, section 4.5.4):

Requirement 4.5-1. Limiting debris generated by collisions with large objects when operating in Earth orbit:

"For each spacecraft and launch vehicle orbital stage in or passing through LEO, the program or project shall demonstrate that, during the orbital lifetime of each spacecraft and orbital stage, the probability of accidental collision with space objects larger than 10 cm in diameter is less than 0.001 (Requirement 56506)."

Large Object Impact and Debris Generation Probability: 0.0000017; COMPLIANT.

Requirement 4.5-2. Limiting debris generated by collisions with small objects when operating in Earth or lunar orbit:

"For each spacecraft, the program or project shall demonstrate that, during the mission of the spacecraft, the probability of accidental collision with orbital debris and meteoroids sufficient to prevent compliance with the applicable postmission disposal requirements is less than 0.01 (Requirement 56507)."

Small Object Impact and Debris Generation Probability: Not applicable; the spacecraft is planned orbital disposal by atmospheric entry, and does not require a specific spacecraft orientation and drag state to meet the disposal requirements. Therefore, no element or component of the spacecraft system is required to complete post-mission operations.

Identification of all systems or components required to accomplish any post-mission disposal operation, including passivation and maneuvering: None

ODAR Section 6: Assessment of Spacecraft Post-Mission Disposal Plans and Procedures

6.1 Description of spacecraft disposal option selected: The satellite includes a waterbased propulsion demonstration that will be used to lower the orbit altitude by up to 70 km. In the case of propulsion demonstrator failure (or other general CubeSat failure), the satellite will still de-orbit naturally by atmospheric re-entry.

6.2 Plan for any spacecraft maneuvers required to accomplish post-mission disposal: None

6.3 Calculation of area-to-mass ratio after post-mission disposal, if the controlled reentry option is not selected:

Spacecraft Mass (Dry): 1.37 kg

Cross-sectional Area: 0.05014 m²

(Calculated by DAS 2.1.1). Area to mass ratio: $05014/1.37 = 0.036599 \text{ m}^2/\text{kg}$

6.4 Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirements 4.6-1 through 4.6-5 (per DAS v3.1.0 and NASA-STD-8719.14B section): Requirement 4.6-1. Disposal for space structures passing through LEO:

"A spacecraft or orbital stage with a perigee altitude below 2000 km shall be disposed of by one of three methods: (Requirement 56557)

a. Atmospheric reentry option: Leave the space structure in an orbit in which natural forces will lead to atmospheric reentry within 25 years after the completion of mission but no more than 30 years after launch; or Maneuver the space structure into a controlled de-orbit trajectory as soon as practical after completion of mission.

b. Storage orbit option: Maneuver the space structure into an orbit with perigee altitude greater than 2000 km and apogee less than GEO - 500 km.

c. Direct retrieval: Retrieve the space structure and remove it from orbit within 10 years after completion of mission."

Analysis: The STEAMSAT satellites' method of disposal is COMPLIANT using method "a." In the worst-case orbit altitude of 550 x 550 km near-circular orbit, the passive deorbit time is 3.34 years after launch with orbit history as shown in Figure 3 if the solar arrays do not deploy. It should be noted that this is assuming a launch date of December 2020. If the solar arrays do deploy, the passive deorbit time will be reduced to 1.61 yrs.

Under planned launch conditions, STEAMSAT will be deployed in a 525 x 525 km nominal near-circular orbit, reentering in approximately 2.513 years after launch. If the solar arrays deploy, the passive deorbit time will reduce to 1.287 years with orbit history as shown in Figure 4 (analysis assumes a noon-midnight Sun synchronous orbit with solar array tracking).



Figure 3 STEAMSAT Orbit History – at Maximum Orbit Altitude of 550 km x 550 km SSO in Stowed Configuration



Figure 4 STEAMSAT Orbit History – at Nominal Orbit Altitude of 525 km x 525 km SSO in Deployed Configuration

Requirement 4.6-2. Disposal for space structures near GEO:

Analysis is not applicable.

Requirement 4.6-3. Disposal for space structures between LEO and GEO: Analysis is not applicable.

Requirement 4.6-4. Reliability of Post-mission Disposal Operations:

Analysis is not applicable. The satellite will reenter passively without post mission disposal operations within the allowable timeframe.

ODAR Section 7: Assessment of Spacecraft Reentry Hazards:

Assessment of spacecraft compliance with Requirement 4.7-1: Requirement 4.7-1. Limit the risk of human casualty:

STEAMSAT ODAR - Version 1.0

"The potential for human casualty is assumed for any object with an impacting kinetic energy in excess of 15 joules:

a) For uncontrolled reentry, the risk of human casualty from surviving debris shall not exceed 0.0001 (1:10,000) (Requirement 56626)."

Summary Analysis Results: DAS v3.1.0 reports that the STEAMSAT satellite is COMPLIANT with the requirement with a per satellite casualty risk of 1:50800.

This represents an acceptable casualty risk, as calculated with DAS's modeling capability.

The DAS Output Summary Follows:

08 27 2020; 16:15:32PM Processing Requirement 4.3-2: Return Status : Passed

No Project Data Available

Run Data

INPUT

Space Structure Name = STEAMSAT Space Structure Type = Payload Perigee Altitude = 525.000 (km) Apogee Altitude = 525.000 (km) Inclination = 97.600 (deg) RAAN = 0.000 (deg) Argument of Perigee = 0.000 (deg) Mean Anomaly = 0.000 (deg) Final Area-To-Mass Ratio = 0.0366 (m^2/kg) Start Year = 2020.900 (yr) Initial Mass = 1.500 (kg) Final Mass = 1.370 (kg) Duration = 3.000 (yr) Station-Kept = False Abandoned = True

OUTPUT

Collision Probability = 1.6602E-07 Returned Message: Normal Processing Date Range Message: Normal Date Range Status = Pass

STEAMSAT ODAR - Version 1.0

08 27 2020; 17:19:29PM 08 28 2020; 06:47:31AM Project Data Saved To File Processing Requirement 4.6 Return Status : Passed

Project Data

INPUT

Space Structure Name = STEAMSAT Space Structure Type = Payload Perigee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Apogee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Inclination = 97.600000 (deg) RAAN = 0.000000 (deg)Argument of Perigee = 0.000000 (deg) Mean Anomaly = 0.000000 (deg) Area-To-Mass Ratio = $0.036599 (m^2/kg)$ Start Year = 2020.900000 (yr) Initial Mass = 1.500000 (kg) Final Mass = 1.370000 (kg) Duration = 3.000000 (yr)Station Kept = False Abandoned = True PMD Perigee Altitude = -1.000000 (km) PMD Apogee Altitude = -1.000000 (km) PMD Inclination = 0.000000 (deg) PMD RAAN = 0.000000 (deg)PMD Argument of Perigee = 0.000000 (deg) PMD Mean Anomaly = 0.000000 (deg)

OUTPUT

Suggested Perigee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Suggested Apogee Altitude = 525.000000 (km) Returned Error Message = Reentry during mission (no PMD req.).

Released Year = 2022 (yr) Requirement = 61 Compliance Status = Pass

***********INPUT**** Item Number = 1name = STEAMSAT quantity = 1parent = 0materialID = 8type = BoxAero Mass = 1.370000Thermal Mass = 1.370000Diameter/Width = 0.111000Length = 0.190500Height = 0.100000name = EPSquantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27type = Box Aero Mass = 0.056000Thermal Mass = 0.056000Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Comms Module LF quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27type = Box Aero Mass = 0.041000Thermal Mass = 0.041000Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Main Control Module quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27type = BoxAero Mass = 0.055000Thermal Mass = 0.055000Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Payload Service Module quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27

STEAMSAT ODAR - Version 1.0

type = BoxAero Mass = 0.180000Thermal Mass = 0.180000Diameter/Width = 0.100000Length = 0.100000Height = 0.020000name = Propulsion - Structure quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 8type = Cylinder Aero Mass = 0.450000Thermal Mass = 0.450000Diameter/Width = 0.080000Length = 0.050000name = Propulsion - electronics quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 27type = BoxAero Mass = 0.075000Thermal Mass = 0.075000Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.050000Height = 0.020000name = Propulsion - membrane quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 64type = Flat Plate Aero Mass = 0.050000Thermal Mass = 0.050000Diameter/Width = 0.080000Length = 0.080000name = Propulsion - thruster quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 40type = Cylinder Aero Mass = 0.053000Thermal Mass = 0.053000Diameter/Width = 0.050000Length = 0.020000name = Frame quantity = 1parent = 1

materialID = 8type = BoxAero Mass = 0.190000Thermal Mass = 0.190000Diameter/Width = 0.111000Length = 0.190500Height = 0.100000name = Frame - HW quantity = 68parent = 1materialID = 61type = Cylinder Aero Mass = 0.000110Thermal Mass = 0.000110Diameter/Width = 0.005000Length = 0.003000name = Structure - Rails quantity = 4parent = 1materialID = 61type = Flat Plate Aero Mass = 0.020000Thermal Mass = 0.020000Diameter/Width = 0.020000Length = 0.100000name = Battery - cover quantity = 2parent = 1materialID = 64type = Flat Plate Aero Mass = 0.040000Thermal Mass = 0.040000Diameter/Width = 0.100000Length = 0.100000name = Antenna quantity = 1parent = 1materialID = 64type = Cylinder Aero Mass = 0.050000Thermal Mass = 0.050000Diameter/Width = 0.040000Length = 0.050000*************OUTPUT**** Item Number = 1

STEAMSAT ODAR - Version 1.0

name = STEAMSAT Demise Altitude = 77.992226 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = EPS Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 15.731412

name = Comms Module LF Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 8.425300

name = Main Control Module Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 15.175708

name = Payload Service Module Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.458952 Impact Kinetic Energy = 52.254951

name = Propulsion - Structure Demise Altitude = 67.418098 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Propulsion - electronics Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 0.411950 Impact Kinetic Energy = 28.246407

name = Propulsion - membrane Demise Altitude = 77.472610 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Propulsion - thruster Demise Altitude = 73.569260 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000

STEAMSAT ODAR – Version 1.0

Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Frame Demise Altitude = 76.650391 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Frame - HW Demise Altitude = 77.591415 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Structure - Rails Demise Altitude = 0.000000 Debris Casualty Area = 1.662663 Impact Kinetic Energy = 3.265547

name = Battery - cover Demise Altitude = 77.698715 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

name = Antenna Demise Altitude = 77.076950 Debris Casualty Area = 0.000000 Impact Kinetic Energy = 0.000000

Requirements 4.7-1b, and 4.7-1c:

These requirements are non-applicable requirements because the STEAMSAT mission does not use controlled reentry.

4.7-1, b): "For controlled reentry, the selected trajectory shall ensure that no surviving debris impact with a kinetic energy greater than 15 joules is closer than 370 km from foreign landmasses, or is within 50 km from the continental U.S., territories of the U.S., and the permanent ice pack of Antarctica (Requirement 56627)."

Not applicable to YAM. The spacecraft does not use controlled reentry and no debris is expected to survive.

4.7-1 c): *"For controlled reentries, the product of the probability of failure of the reentry burn (from Requirement 4.6-4.b) and the risk of human casualty assuming uncontrolled reentry shall not exceed 0.0001 (1:10,000) (Requirement 56628)."* Not applicable to STEAMSAT. It does not use controlled reentry and no debris is expected to survive.

ODAR Section 8: Assessment for Tether Missions

Not applicable. There are no tethers used in the STEAMSAT mission.

END of ODAR for STEAMSAT

Appendix A: Acronyms

Arg peri	Argument of Perigee
CDR	Critical Design Review
cm	centimeter
COTS	Commercial Off-The-Shelf (items)
DAS	Debris Assessment Software
EOM	End Of Mission
FRR	Flight Readiness Review
GEO	Geosynchronous Earth Orbit
ITAR	International Traffic In Arms Regulations
kg	kilogram
km	kilometer
LEO	Low Earth Orbit
Li-Ion	Lithium Ion
m ²	Meters squared
ml	milliliter
mm	millimeter
N/A	Not Applicable.
NET	Not Earlier Than
ODAR	Orbital Debris Assessment Report
OSMA	Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
PDR	Preliminary Design Review
PL	Payload
ISIPOD	ISIS CubeSat Deployer
PSIa	Pounds Per Square Inch, absolute
RAAN	Right Ascension of the Ascending Node
SMA	Safety and Mission Assurance
Ti	Titanium
Yr	year

VI. SW1FT Draft Schedule S



(DRAFT COPY - Not for submission) Schedule S

312 File Number:

Filing Description

Response

Description

Question

SW1FT

Satellite Information

Question	Response
Select Orbit Type	NGSO
Space Station or Satellite Network Name	SW1FT
Estimated Lifetime of Satellite(s) From Date of Launch	3 Years
Will the space station(s) operate on a Common Carrier basis?	No

Operating Frequency Bands (3)

Nature of service	Description	Frequency Band(s)	Mode Type
Earth Exploration-Satellite Service		401.0 MHz -402.0 MHz	Receive
Space Operation Service		401.0 MHz -402.0 MHz	Transmit
Earth Exploration-Satellite Service		2200.0 MHz -2290.0 MHz	Transmit

Orbital Information For	Question	Response
Non-	Total Number of Satellites in the active constellation	1
Satellites	Orbit Epoch Date	01/01/2021
	Celestrial Reference Body	Earth

Orbital Plane 1:

Question	Response
Number of Satellites in Plane	1
Inclination Angle	97.6 degrees
Right Ascension of Ascending Node	0.0 degrees
Argument of Perigee	0.0 degrees
Orbital Period	5460.0 seconds
Apogee	550.0 km
Perigee	550.0 km
Active Service Arc Begin Angle with respect to Ascending Node	0.0 degrees
Active Service Arc End Angle with respect to Ascending Node	180.0 degrees

Mean Anomaly For Each Satellite

_

Satellite Number	Mean Anomaly (degrees) at the Orbit Epoch Date
1	0.0

Receiving Beams 1:

Question	Response
Beam ID	UU1
Receive Beam Frequency	401.037 MHz -401.063 MHz
Beam Type	Fixed
Polarization	н
Peak Gain	3.0 dBi
Antenna Pointing Error	1.0 degrees
Antenna Rotational Error	1.0 degrees
Polarization Switchable	
Polarization Alignment Relative to the Equatorial Plane	0.0 degrees
G/T at Max. Gain Point	-26.4 dB/K
Min. Saturation Flux Density	-128.7 dBW/m2
Max. Saturation Flux Density	-116.6 dBW/m2
Co- or Cross Polar Mode	С
Service Area Description	Deadhorse, AK

Receiving Channels (1)

Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Center Frequency s (MHz)	Feeder Link, Service Link or TT&C
UU11	0.025	401.05	TT&C

Transmitting Beams 1:

Question	Response
Beam ID	DU1
Transmit Beam Frequency	401.012 MHz -401.038 MHz
Beam Type	Fixed
Polarization	Н
Peak Gain	3.0 dBi
Antenna Pointing Error	1.0 degrees
Antenna Rotational Error	1.0 degrees
Polarization Switchable	
Polarization Alignment Relative to the Equatorial Plane	0.0 degrees
Max. Transmit EIRP Density	-33.0 dBW/Hz
Max. Transmit EIRP	3.0 dBW
Co- or Cross Polar Mode	С
Service Area Description	Deadhorse, AK

Max. Power Flux Density

* BW:	* 0° - 5° (dbW/m² /BW):	* 5° - 10° (dbW/m² /BW):	* 10° - 15° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 15° - 20° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 20° - 25° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 25° - 90° (dbW/m ² /BW):
4.0 kHz	-134.8	-133.2	-131.6	-130.2	-129.0	-122.8

Transmitting Beams 2:

Question	Response
Beam ID	DS1
Transmit Beam Frequency	2261.5 MHz -2269.5 MHz

Beam Type	Fixed
Polarization	RHCP
Peak Gain	7.0 dBi
Antenna Pointing Error	0.0 degrees
Antenna Rotational Error	0.0 degrees
Polarization Switchable	
Polarization Alignment Relative to the Equatorial Plane	45.0 degrees
Max. Transmit EIRP Density	-59.0 dBW/Hz
Max. Transmit EIRP	10.0 dBW
Co- or Cross Polar Mode	С
Service Area Description	Deadhorse, AK

Max. Power Flux Density

* BW:	* 0° - 5° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 5° - 10° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 10° - 15° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 15° - 20° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 20° - 25° (dbW/m ² /BW):	* 25° - 90° (dbW/m ² /BW):
4.0 kHz	-160.9	-159.2	-157.6	-156.2	-155.0	-148.8

Transmitting Channels (2)

Channel ID	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Center Frequency s (MHz)	Feeder Link, Service Link or TT&C
DS11	8.0	2265.5	Service Link
DU11	0.025	401.025	TT&C

Certification Questions	Question	Response
	Are the applicable service area coverage requirements of 25.143(b)(2) (ii) and (iii), or 25.144(a)(3)(i), or 25.145 (c)(1) and (2), or 25.146(i)(1) and (2), or 25.148(c), or 25.225 met?	N/A
	Are the applicable frequency tolerances of 25.202(e) and out-of- band emission limits of 25.202(f)(1),(2), and (3) met?	Yes
	Are the cessation of emissions requirements of 25.207 met?	Yes
	Are the applicable power-flux-density limits of 25.208 met, and is the appropriate technical showing provided within the application?	
	For NGSO applications, are the applicable equivalent-power-flux- density limits of 25.208 met, and is the appropriate technical showing provided within the application?	N/A
	Are the applicable full-frequency-reuse requirements of 25.210 met?	
	If the application is for a 17/24 GHz BSS space station, will it be operated at an offset location with full power and interference protection in accordance with 25.262(b)?	

Attachments

Information not provided.

IV. Updated SW1FT ITU Filing Information

Résumé / Summary / Re	sumen				
Article 9, sous-section IA	1	Article 9, sub-section IA	1	Artículo 9, sub-sección IA	
第9条第1A分节	1	Статья 9, подраздел IA	1	المادة 9، القسم الفرعي IA	

B1a Beam designation	B2 Emi-Rcp	BR8 Action code	BR7a Group id.	BR9 Action code	BF Frequency	R47 band (I	MHz)	С	C4a lass of station	
UPLINK	R	М	3 /2896	М	401.0375	-	401.0625		ED, EW	
DOWLINKS	E	М	4 /2896	М	2261.5	-	2269.5		EW	
DOWNLINK	E	М	1 /2896	М	401.0125	-	401.0375		EW	

0-01:31

1

97.6

1

BR14 Special Section

A1f2 Submitt	ted on behalf	POL									
A1g Short Mi	ission Duration Res 3	32 N									
A4b1 No. of	orbital planes	1 A	4b2 Ref. body 1	E	3R43 Orbital config	juration 0					
A4b1a Const	tellation N	A4b1b Config	uration type	A4b1c	Number of sub-sets	mutually exclusiv	e	A4b1d A	ttachment no.		
A4b3a No. of	f space stations simu	lt. trans. on Northern He	misphere	A	4b3b No. of space	stations simult. tr	ans. on South	ern Hemisphere			
Orbital	A4b4a	A4b4b	A4b4c	A4b4d	A4b4e	A4b4f	A4b4i	A4b4j	A	4b4m,n,o Sun syn	chronous
plane id.	Inclination angle	No. of satellites in	Period	Apogee	Perigee	Min. altitude	Arg. of	Long. asc.		Node	
no.		this plane					perigee	node	Y/N	reference	Node local time
										time	

Orbital plane no.	Satellite no.	A4b4h Initial phase angle	A4b4k Date	A4b4l Time	B4a Orbit link / List of beams
1	1				ALL

550e0

550e0

Y

550e0

M B1a/BR17 Beam de	signation UPLINK	E	31b Steerable	B2 Emi-Rcp	R	B3a1 Max. co-polar gain	3		
B2a1 Transmit only when w	isible from notified servic	e area	B2a2	Min. Elev. Angle					
		B3c1 Co	p-polar antenna patter	1			7		
Co-polar ref. pattern	Coef. A	Coef. B				Co	o-polar rad. diag.		
								2	
List of orbital planes 1 <i>B4a3a1</i> Angle alpha	B4a3	3a2 Angle beta							
BR92 Attach. for missing a	ngle alpha/beta								
M BR7a/BR7b Group id	. 3	2896 BR1 Da	ate of receipt 28.08	.201 <i>C2c</i> RR N	0. 4.4				

C4a Class of station	ED	EW			C3a Assig	gned fre	q. band			С	5a Noise ter	mperature	100			
C4b Nature of service	(co (20			(<i>C6a</i> Po	larization	type L			C6b	Polarization	angle	0	
C11a2 Service area	USA	\												C11a3 Servic	e area diagram	
A2b Period of valid.	10	<i>АЗа</i> Ор.	agency	404	A3b Ad	m. resp.	. A		BR16 Va	ue of type	C8b					
BR96 Start date for 9.1/9.1/	A															
BR60 Regulatory deadline	s) 1	1.44/11.44.	1													
C1 Fr	equency R	ange														
C1a Lower limit		C1b U	Ipper limit	MUZ												
401.0375 MIZ		401.0025	00-0/	0050		- 4		00-0		20-0	00.	4	00-1	00-0		
Design. of emissio	on Max	. peak pwr	Max. pw	<i>J8D2</i> r dens.	Min. pea	ak pwr		Attch.	Min. c	wr dens.	Attch	4 1. C	C/N ratio	Attch.	E.i.r.p. on the	e beam axis
1 25K0F1D	-7	P P	-43		-20				-56			10				
					C7b Carr	ier frequ	uency o	f the emis	sions (25K	0F1D)						
401.05 MHz																
C10b1	C10b2	0	C10c1	C1	0c2 C1	0d1/C10	0d2	C10d3	C10d4							
Assoc. earth station id.	Туре	Geogra	apnical coord	. 01	iry C	is. / Nat	ι. IV	gain	Bmwath							
M DEADHORSE, AK	S	148W24	70N12	45 U	JSA 1	. TD	со	16.2	20							
		29) ጥໜ	CO	_								
· · · · ·			ļ				1	C10d	5a Co-pola	r antenna	pattern			!!		1
C10b1 Assoc. earth station	on id.	Co-polar r	ef. pattern		Coef. A			Coef. B		Coef	f. C	Coe	f. D	Phi1	Co-pol	ar rad. diag.
DEADHORSE, AK																3
13C Remarks																
M B1a/BR17 Beam des	signation	DOWLINKS		E	31b Steera	ble		<i>B2</i> En	ni-Rcp E		<i>B3a1</i>	Max. co-pola	r gain	7		
B2a1 Transmit only when v	isible from	notified serv	vice area	Y		B2	a2 Min.	Elev. Ang	gle							
				B3c1 Co	o-polar ant	enna pa	ittern									
Co-polar ref. pattern	Co	oef. A	(Coef. B									Co-pola	r rad. diag.		
														1		
List of orbital planes																
1																
B4a3a1 Angle alpha		B4a	a3a2 Angle	beta												
BR92 Attach. for missing ar	ngle alpha/l	beta														
M BR7a/BR7b Group id.		4	2896	BR1 Da	ate of recei	pt 28	.08.20	01 C2	c RR No.	4.4						
BB14 Special Section	1			1		0										
C4a Class of station	EW				C3a Assir	aned fre	a. band									

C4b N	ature of se	ervice		CO							C6	<i>a</i> Polariza	ation typ	e C	R				C6b F	Polarizatio	n angle					
C8d1	Max. tot. p	oeak pwr.				C	C8d2 Co	ontigu	ous band	width																
C11a2	Service a	area	US	SA																	C11	a3 Serv	ice area d	iagram		
<i>A2b</i> P	eriod of va	alid.	10	A3a	Op. ag	jency	40	4	A3b A	dm. re	sp.	A	BF	716 V	alue of t	type (C8b									
BR96	Start date	for 9.1/9.1A																								
BR60	Regulator	y deadline(s)		11.44/11	.44.1																					
		C1 Frequ	lency	Range				_																		
2261	C1a Low	ver limit		C1	b Uppe	er limi	t NIT-		_																	
2201.	5	MHZ	i a	2209.5			MHZ	_												<i>i</i>						
	Design	C7a of emission	Ma	<i>C8a1/C8b</i> ax_neak_n	1 wr	C8 Max	<i>a2/C8b2</i> pwr.dei	2 15	Ca Min pe	8 <i>c1</i> eak nw	/r	C8c2	2	Min	<i>C8c3</i> pwr.de	ns	C80	c4	C/	C8e1 N ratio		C8e2	Fi	C8 r.n. on the	1 beam	axis
1	8M00D1	D	3	in pour p	-	-75	pwi doi	10.	-15	ourpw		7 (10)		-80	. pwi do		7.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10	I Tallo	,		L.I.	n.p. on the	bouin	axio
									C7b Ca	rrier fre	eque	ncy of the	emissio	ns (8N	/100D1D)										
2265.	5	MHz																								
	C10	0b1		C10b2			C10c1			C10c2	2	C10d1/0	C10d2	(C10d3		C10d4	C1	0d6							
As	soc. earth	n station id.		Туре	Ģ	Geogra	aphical	coord.		Ctry		Cls. / I	Nat.	M	ax. iso.		Bmwdth	No	oise mo							
M D	EADHORSI	E, AK		S	14	18W24	29	70N	12 45		USA	A	1 TW		CO	36.	.7	3	np.	10	00					
												C	C10d5a (Со-ро	lar antei	nna p	attern								1	
C10	of Assoc.	earth station i	d.	Со-ро	lar ref.	patter	n		Coef. A			Coe	f. B		(Coef.	С		Coef.	D		Phi1		Co-pola	r rad.	diag.
DEADH	ORSE, AN	K																								3
<i>13C</i> R	emarks																									
М	B1a/BR17	7 Beam desig	nation	DOWNL	INK			E	B1b Stee	rable		B	2 Emi-F	Rcp	E		B3a1	Max. c	o-polar	gain	3	;				
B2a1	Transmit o	only when visib	le fror	n notified	service	area		Y			B2a2	? Min. Elev	v. Angle													
							B3	c1 Co	o-polar ar	ntenna	patte	ərn														
Co-p	oolar ref. p	attern	(Coef. A			Coef	. В												Co-pol	ar rad. d	iag.				
																						2				
List of	orbital plar	nes																								
1																										
B4a3a	1 Angle a	lpha			B4a3a	a2 An	gle beta																			
BR92	Attach. for	r missing angle	e alpha	a/beta																						
мЕ	BR7a/BR7l	b Group id.		1		289	96 BI	R1 Da	ate of rec	eipt	28.0 8	08.201	<i>C2c</i>	RR No	o. 4.4											
BR14	Special Se	ection																								
C4a C	lass of sta	ation	EW						C3a Ass	signed	freq.	band														
C4b N	ature of se	ervice		CO		Ì		1	i i		Ce	a Polariza	ation typ	е т					C6h F	Polarizatio	n angle	-	0			

C8d1 N	lax. tot. p	peak pwr.		C8d2	Contiguo	us bandwid [.]	h												
C11a2	Service a	area	USA												C11a	3 Service	e area diag	Iram	
A2b Pe	riod of va	alid. 1	.0 A3a	Op. agency	404	A3b Adm	resp.	A	BF	R16 Value of	type C	8b							
<i>BR96</i> S	start date	e for 9.1/9.1A																	
<i>BR60</i> F	Regulator	ry deadline(s)	11.44/11	.44.1															
		C1 Freque	ency Range																
	C1a Lov	wer limit	Ci	b Upper limit															
401.01	25	MHz	401.03	75 M	Hz														
		C7a	C8a1/C8b	1 C8a2/C	8b2	C8c1		C8c2		C8c3		C8	C4	C8e1	C	8e2		C8f1	
	Desigr	n. of emission	Max. peak p	wr Max. pwr	dens.	Min. peak	pwr	Attch.		Min. pwr de	ns.	Atto	ch.	C/N ratio	A	ttch.	E.i.r.p	on the bea	am axis
1	25K0F1	1D	0	-36		-10				-46						10			
						C7b Carrie	^r freque	ncy of the e	missio	ns (25K0F1D)								
401.02	5	MHz																	
	C10	0b1	C10b2	C100	c1	C10)c2	C10d1/C1	0d2	C10d3	(C10d4	C10d	6					
Ass	oc. earth	h station id.	Туре	Geographic	al coord.	Ct	ry	Cls. / Na	at.	Max. iso. gain	В	mwdth	Noise temp	e					
M DE	ADHORS	E, AK	S	148W24 29	70N1	2 45	US	A 1	TW	СО	16.2	2	20	10	0				
								C1	0d5a (Co-polar ante	nna pa	ttern							
C10b	1 Assoc.	. earth station id	I. Co-po	lar ref. pattern	(Coef. A		Coef.	В		Coef. C)	(Coef. D		Phi1		Co-polar ra	d. diag.
DEADHO	RSE, A	к																	3
13C Re	marks																		

BR22 Administration remarks	
BR23 Radiocommunication Bureau comments	

	SWIATOWID_2	SW1FT-VISION
Constellation	Same as ISS orbit	550km circular SSO
SV Uplink UHF Beam		
Gain	20 dBi	3 dBi
Emission RF Power	1 to -1 dBW	-7 to -20 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 to -101.2 dBW/Hz	-43 to -56 dBW/Hz
Service Type	EESS	EESS, Telecommand
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
SV Downlink UHF Beam		
Emission RF Power	1 to -1 dBW	0 to -10 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 to -101.2 dBW/Hz	-36 to -46 dBW/Hz
Service Type	Space Operations	EESS
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
SV Downlink S-band		
Beam		
Gain	2 dBi	7 dBi
Frequency	2270 MHz	2265.5 MHz
Polarization	Linear	RHCP
Emission BW	1 MHz	8 MHz
Emission RF Power	-4 dBW	3 to -15 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 dBW/Hz	-75 to -80 dBW/Hz
Service Type	EESS	EESS
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
ES Uplink UHF Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	16.2
ES Downlink UHF Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	16.2
ES Downlink S-band		
Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	36.7

V. Radiation Hazard Study

400 MHz Earth Station

This study analyzes the non-ionizing radiation levels for a 400 MHz Yagi tracking earth station. This report is developed in accordance with the prediction methods contained in OET Bulletin No. 65, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, Edition 97-01.

Bulletin No. 65 specifies that there are two separate tiers of exposure limits that are depending on the area of exposure and/or the status of the individuals who are subject to the exposure -- the General Population/Uncontrolled Environment and the Controlled Environment, where the general population cannot access.

The maximum level of non-ionizing radiation to which individuals may be exposed is limited to a power density level of 1.33 milliwatts per square centimeter (1.33 mW/cm²) averaged over any 6 minute period in a controlled environment, and the maximum level of non-ionizing radiation to which the general public is exposed is limited to a power density level of 0.27 milliwatt per square centimeter (0.27 mW/cm²) averaged over any 30 minute period in a uncontrolled environment.

In the normal range of transmit powers for satellite antennas, the power densities at or around the antenna surface are expected to exceed safe levels. The purpose of this study is to determine the power flux density levels for the earth station under study as compared with the MPE limits. This comparison is done in each of the following regions:

- 1. Far-field region
- 2. Near-field region
- 3. Transition region
- 4. The region between the antenna edge and the ground

Input Parameters

The following input parameters were used in the calculations:

Parameters:	Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Symbol</u>
Antenna Diameter	3.57	m	D
Antenna Transmit Gain	16.2	dBi	G
Transmit Frequency	400	MHz	f
Power Input to the Antenna	0.2	W	P

Calculated Parameters:

The following values were calculated using the above input parameters and the

corresponding formulas:

Parameter	Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Formula</u>
Antenna Surface Area	1.964	m^2	A	$G\lambda 2/(4\pi)/\lambda$
Antenna Efficiency	0.95		η	$G\lambda^2/(\pi^2 D^2)$
Gain Factor	41.7		g	10 ^{G/10}
Wavelength	0.75	m	λ	300/f

Behavior of EM Fields as a Function of Distance

The behavior of the characteristics of EM fields varies depending on the distance from the radiating antenna. These characteristics are analyzed in three primary regions: the near-field region, the far-field region and the transition region. Of interest also is the region between the antenna and ground.

For yagi antennas with circular cross sections, such as the antenna under study, the near-field, far-field and transition region distances are calculated as follows:

Parameter	Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Formula</u>
Near-Field Distance	4.25	m	$R_{nf} = D^2/(4\lambda)$
Distance to Far-Field	10.2	m	$R_{\rm ff}=0.60D^2/(\lambda)$
Distance of Transition Region	4.25	m	$R_t = R_{nf}$

The distance in the transition region is between the near and far fields. Thus, $R_{nf} \le R_t \le R_{ff}$. However, the power density in the transition region will not exceed the power density in the near-field. Therefore, for purposes of the present analysis, the distance of the transition region can equate the distance to the near-field.

Power Flux Density Calculations

The power flux density is considered to be at a maximum through the entire length of the near-field. This region is contained within a cylindrical volume with a diameter, D, equal to the diameter of the antenna. In the transition region and the far-field, the power density decreases inversely with the square of the distance. The following equations are used to calculate power density in these regions.

Parameter	Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Formula</u>
Power Density in the Near-Field	0.039	mW/cm ²	\mathbf{S}_{nf}	$16.0 \eta P/(\pi D^2)$
Power Density in the Far-Field	0.0064	mW/cm ²	$\mathbf{S}_{f\!f}$	$GP/(4\pi Rff^2)$
Power Density in the Transition Region	0.039	mW/cm ²	\mathbf{S}_t	$S_{nf} R_{nf} / (R_t)$

The power density between the antenna and ground, is calculated as follows:

Parameter	Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Formula</u>
Power Density b/w Reflector and Ground	0.01	mW/cm ²	\mathbf{S}_g	P/A

The below table summarizes the calculated power flux density values for each region. In a controlled environment, the only regions that exceed FCC limitations are shown below.

These regions are only accessible by trained technicians who, as a matter of procedure, turn off transmit power before performing any work in these areas.

Power Density	Value	<u>Unit</u>	Controlled Environment
Far Field Calculation	0.0064	mW/cm ²	Satisfies FCC MPE
Near Field Calculation	0.039	mW/cm ²	Satisfies FCC MPE
Transition Region	0.039	mW/cm ²	Satisfies FCC MPE
Region b/w Antenna & Ground	0.01	mW/cm ²	Satisfies FCC MPE

In conclusion, the results show that the antenna, in a controlled environment, may exist in the regions noted above and applicant will take the proper mitigation procedures to ensure it meets the guidelines specified in 47 C.F.R. § 1.1310.

The antenna will be installed at 42°20'11.3" N 74°15'37.4" W in Windham, NY. Access to the antenna will be limited to authorized personnel and should safely restrict any public access. It should be noted that the operations of this antenna satisfy the FCC MPE limits for the general population. Nonetheless, the earth station will be marked with the standard radiation hazard warnings, as well as the area in the vicinity of the earth station to inform the general population, who might be working or otherwise present in or near the path of the main beam.

The applicant will ensure that the main beam of the antenna will be pointed at least one diameter away from any building, or other obstacles in those areas that exceed the MPE limits. Since one diameter removed from the center of the main beam the levels are down at least 20 dB, or by a factor of 100, public safety will be ensured.

VI. Updated SW1FT ITU Filing Information

0-01:31

1

97.6

1

Résumé / Summary / Resumen									
Article 9, sous-section IA	1	Article 9, sub-section IA	1	Artículo 9, sub-sección IA					
第9条第1A分节	1	Статья 9, подраздел IA	1	المادة 9، القسم الفرعي AI					

B1a Beam designation	B2 Emi-Rcp	BR8 Action code	BR7a Group id.	BR9 Action code	BR47 Frequency band (MHz)			CI	C4a ass of station	
UPLINK	R	М	3 /2896	М	401.0375	-	401.0625		ED, EW	
DOWLINKS	E	М	4 /2896	М	2261.5	-	2269.5		EW	
DOWNLINK	E	М	1 /2896	М	401.0125	-	401.0375		EW	

A1f2 Submitt	ted on behalf	POL									
A1g Short Mi	ission Duration Res	32 N									
A4b1 No. of	orbital planes	1 A	4b2 Ref. body	r 🔤	BR43 Orbital config	juration 0					
A4b1a Const	tellation N	A4b1b Config	juration type	A4b1c	Number of sub-sets	mutually exclusiv	e	A4b1d At	ttachment no.		
A4b3a No. of	f space stations simu	ılt. trans. on Northern He	emisphere		A4b3b No. of space	stations simult. tra	ans. on South	ern Hemisphere			
Orbital	A4b4a	A4b4b	A4b4c	A4b4d	A4b4e	A4b4f	A4b4i	A4b4j	A4	b4m,n,o Sun syn	chronous
plane id.	Inclination angle	No. of satellites in	Period	Apogee	Perigee	Min. altitude	Arg. of	Long. asc.		Node	
no.		this plane					perigee	node	Y/N	reference	Node local time
										time	

Orbital plane no.	Satellite no.	A4b4h Initial phase angle	A4b4k Date	A4b4l Time	B4a Orbit link / List of beams
1	1				ALL

550e0

550e0

Y

550e0

M B1a/BR17 Beam de	esignation UPLINK	B1b	Steerable	B2 Emi-Rcp R	B3a1 Max. co-polar gain	3										
B2a1 Transmit only when	visible from notified service	ce area	<i>B2a2</i> Min. E	lev. Angle												
		B3c1 Co-p	olar antenna pattern]										
Co-polar ref. pattern	Coef. A	Coef. B			Co	-polar rad. diag.										
						2										
List of orbital planes	B4a:	3a2 Angle beta														
BR92 Attach. for missing a	ngle alpha/beta		I													
M BR7a/BR7b Group ic	1. 3	2896 BR1 Date	of receipt 28.08.201 8	<i>C2c</i> RR No. 4.4												
BR14 Special Section																
C4a Class of station	ED	EW			C3a Assig	gned fre	q. band			С	5a Noise ter	mperature	100			
------------------------------	--	----------------	---------------	------------------------	--------------	-----------	---------------	--------------	------------	------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	-----------------	---------------
C4b Nature of service	(co (20			(<i>C6a</i> Po	larization	type L			C6b	Polarization	angle	0	
C11a2 Service area	USA	\												C11a3 Servic	e area diagram	
A2b Period of valid.	10	<i>АЗа</i> Ор.	agency	404	A3b Ad	m. resp.	. A		BR16 Va	ue of type	C8b					
BR96 Start date for 9.1/9.1/	A															
BR60 Regulatory deadline	s) 1	1.44/11.44.	1													
C1 Fr	equency R	ange														
C1a Lower limit		C1b U	Ipper limit	MUZ												
401.0375 MIZ		401.0025	00-0/	0050		- 4		00-0		20-0	00.	4	00-1	00-0		
Design. of emissio	on Max	. peak pwr	Max. pw	<i>J8D2</i> r dens.	Min. pea	ak pwr		Attch.	Min. c	wr dens.	Attch	4 1. C	C/N ratio	Attch.	E.i.r.p. on the	e beam axis
1 25K0F1D	-7	P P	-43		-20				-56			10				
	C7b Carrier frequency of the emissions (25K0F1D)															
401.05 MHz																
C10b1	C10b2	0	C10c1	C1	0c2 C1	0d1/C10	0d2	C10d3	C10d4							
Assoc. earth station id.	Туре	Geogra	apnical coord	. 01	iry C	is. / Nat	ι. IV	gain	Bmwath							
M DEADHORSE, AK	S	148W24	70N12	45 U	JSA 1	. TD	со	16.2	20							
		29) ጥໜ	CO	_								
· · · · ·			ļ				1	C10d	5a Co-pola	r antenna	pattern			!!		1
C10b1 Assoc. earth station	on id.	Co-polar r	ef. pattern		Coef. A			Coef. B		Coef	f. C	Coe	f. D	Phi1	Co-pol	ar rad. diag.
DEADHORSE, AK																3
13C Remarks																
M B1a/BR17 Beam des	signation	DOWLINKS		E	31b Steera	ble		<i>B2</i> En	ni-Rcp E		<i>B3a1</i>	Max. co-pola	r gain	7		
B2a1 Transmit only when v	isible from	notified serv	vice area	Y		B2	a2 Min.	Elev. Ang	gle							
				B3c1 Co	o-polar ant	enna pa	ittern									
Co-polar ref. pattern	Co	oef. A	(Coef. B									Co-pola	r rad. diag.		
														1		
List of orbital planes																
1																
B4a3a1 Angle alpha		B4a	a3a2 Angle	beta												
BR92 Attach. for missing ar	ngle alpha/l	beta														
M BR7a/BR7b Group id.		4	2896	BR1 Da	ate of recei	pt 28	.08.20	01 C2	c RR No.	4.4						
BB14 Special Section	1			1		0										
C4a Class of station	EW				C3a Assir	aned fre	a. band									

C4b Nature of service			CO							C6	<i>a</i> Polariza	ation typ	e C	R				C6b F	Polarizatio	n angle						
C8d1	Max. tot. p	oeak pwr.				C	C8d2 Co	ontigu	ous band	width																
C11a2	Service a	area	US	SA																	C11	a3 Serv	ice area d	iagram		
<i>A2b</i> P	eriod of va	alid.	10	A3a	Op. ag	jency	40	4	A3b A	dm. re	sp.	A	BF	716 V	alue of t	type (C8b									
BR96	Start date	for 9.1/9.1A																								
BR60	Regulator	y deadline(s)		11.44/11	.44.1																					
		C1 Frequ	lency	Range				_																		
2261	C1a Low	ver limit		C1	b Uppe	er limi	t NIT-		_																	
2201.	5	MHZ	i a	2209.5			MHZ	_												<i>i</i>						
	Design	C7a of emission	Ma	<i>C8a1/C8b</i> ax_neak_n	1 wr	C8 Max	<i>a2/C8b2</i> pwr.dei	2 15	Ca Min pe	8 <i>c1</i> eak nw	/r	C8c2	2	Min	<i>C8c3</i> pwr.de	ns	C80	c4	C/	C8e1 N ratio		C8e2	Fi	C8 r.n. on the	1 beam	axis
1	8M00D1	D	3	in pour p	-	-75	pwi doi	10.	-15	ourpw		7 (10)		-80	. pwi do		7.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10	I Tallo	,		L.I.	n.p. on the	bouin	axio
	C7b Carrier frequency of the emissions (8M00D1D)																									
2265.	5	MHz																								
	C10	0b1		C10b2			C10c1			C10c2	2	C10d1/0	C10d2	(C10d3		C10d4	C1	0d6							
As	soc. earth	n station id.		Туре	Ģ	Geogra	aphical	coord.		Ctry		Cls. / I	Nat.	M	ax. iso.		Bmwdth	No	oise mo							
M D	EADHORSI	E, AK		S	14	18W24	29	70N	12 45		USA	A	1 TW		CO	36.	.7	3	np.	10	00					
	C10d5a Co-polar antenna pattern																									
C10	of Assoc.	earth station i	d.	Со-ро	lar ref.	patter	n		Coef. A			Coe	f. B		(Coef.	С		Coef.	D		Phi1		Co-pola	r rad.	diag.
DEADH	ORSE, AN	K																								3
<i>13C</i> R	emarks																									
М	B1a/BR17	7 Beam desig	nation	DOWNL	INK			E	B1b Stee	rable		B	2 Emi-F	Rcp	E		B3a1	Max. c	o-polar	gain	3	;				
B2a1	Transmit o	only when visib	le fror	n notified	service	area		Y			B2a2	? Min. Elev	v. Angle													
							B3	c1 Co	o-polar ar	ntenna	patte	ərn														
Co-p	oolar ref. p	attern	(Coef. A			Coef	. В												Co-pol	ar rad. d	iag.				
																						2				
List of	orbital plar	nes																								
1																										
B4a3a	1 Angle a	lpha			B4a3a	a2 An	gle beta																			
BR92	Attach. for	r missing angle	e alpha	a/beta																						
мЕ	BR7a/BR7l	b Group id.		1		289	96 BI	R1 Da	ate of rec	eipt	28.0 8	08.201	<i>C2c</i>	RR No	o. 4.4											
BR14	Special Se	ection																								
C4a C	lass of sta	ation	EW						C3a Ass	signed	freq.	band														
C4b N	ature of se	ervice		CO		Ì		1	i i		Ce	a Polariza	ation typ	е т					C6h F	Polarizatio	n angle	-	0			

C8d1 N	lax. tot. p	peak pwr.		C8d2	Contiguo	us bandwid [.]	h												
C11a2	Service a	area	USA												C11a	3 Service	e area diag	Iram	
A2b Pe	riod of va	alid. 1	.0 A3a	Op. agency	404	A3b Adm	resp.	A	BF	R16 Value of	type C	8b							
<i>BR96</i> S	start date	e for 9.1/9.1A																	
<i>BR60</i> F	Regulator	ry deadline(s)	11.44/11	.44.1															
		C1 Freque	ency Range																
	C1a Lov	wer limit	Ci	b Upper limit															
401.01	25	MHz	401.03	75 M	Hz														
		C7a	C8a1/C8b	1 C8a2/C	8b2	C8c1		C8c2		C8c3		C8	C4	C8e1	C	8e2		C8f1	
	Desigr	n. of emission	Max. peak p	wr Max. pwr	dens.	Min. peak	pwr	Attch.		Min. pwr de	ns.	Atto	ch.	C/N ratio	A	ttch.	E.i.r.p. on the be		am axis
1	25K0F1	1D	0	-36		-10				-46						10			
						C7b Carrie	^r freque	ncy of the e	missio	ns (25K0F1D)								
401.02	5	MHz																	
	C10	0b1	C10b2	C100	c1	C10)c2	C10d1/C1	0d2	C10d3	(C10d4	C10d	6					
Ass	oc. earth	h station id.	Туре	Geographic	al coord.	Ct	ry	Cls. / Na	at.	Max. iso. gain	В	mwdth	Noise temp	e					
M DE	ADHORS	E, AK	S	148W24 29	70N1	2 45	US	A 1	TW	СО	16.2	2	20	10	0				
								C1	0d5a (Co-polar ante	nna pa	ttern							
C10b1 Assoc. earth station id. Co-polar ref. pattern Coef. A							Coef.	B Coef.		Coef. C)	Coef. D			Phi1		Co-polar rad. dia		
DEADHO	RSE, A	к																	3
13C Re	marks																		

BR22 Administration remarks	
BR23 Radiocommunication Bureau comments	

	SWIATOWID_2	SW1FT-VISION
Constellation	Same as ISS orbit	550km circular SSO
SV Uplink UHF Beam		
Gain	20 dBi	3 dBi
Emission RF Power	1 to -1 dBW	-7 to -20 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 to -101.2 dBW/Hz	-43 to -56 dBW/Hz
Service Type	EESS	EESS, Telecommand
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
SV Downlink UHF Beam		
Emission RF Power	1 to -1 dBW	0 to -10 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 to -101.2 dBW/Hz	-36 to -46 dBW/Hz
Service Type	Space Operations	EESS
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
SV Downlink S-band		
Beam		
Gain	2 dBi	7 dBi
Frequency	2270 MHz	2265.5 MHz
Polarization	Linear	RHCP
Emission BW	1 MHz	8 MHz
Emission RF Power	-4 dBW	3 to -15 dBW
Emission RF Density	-10 dBW/Hz	-75 to -80 dBW/Hz
Service Type	EESS	EESS
Service Area	Poland, Region 1	USA
ES Uplink UHF Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	16.2
ES Downlink UHF Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	16.2
ES Downlink S-band		
Beam		
Location	SatRevolution offices, Poland	Deadhorse, AK, USA
Gain	18	36.7

Approved by OMB 3060-0678

Date & Time Filed: File Number: ---Callsign/Satellite ID:

APPLICATION FOR EARTH STATION AUTHORIZATIONS

FCC 312 MAIN FORM FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FCC Use Only

APPLICANT INFORMATION

Enter a description of this application to identify it on the main menu: Draft Form (180-Day STA for Deadhorse-SatRevolution)

1-8. Legal N	Vame of Applicant				
Name:	RBC Signals, LLC		Phone Number:		404-803-7734
DBA Name:			Fax Number:		
Street:	2205 152nd Ave NE		E-Mail:		crichins@rbcsignals.com
City:	Redmond		State:		WA
Country:	USA		Zipcode:		98052 -
Attention:	Mr. Christopher Richin	S			
9-16. Name	of Contact Representative				
Name:	Carlos Nalda	Phon	e Number:	609	99021670
Company:	LMI Advisors	Fax M	Number:		
Street:	2550 M Street NW	E-Ma	ul:	cna	alda@lmiadvisors.com
	Suite 345				
City:	Washington	State	:	DC	
Country:	USA	Zipco	ode:	200	037-
Attention:	Carlos Nalda	Relat	ionship:	Ot	her
		CLASSI	FICATION OF	FILIN	G
17. Choose classification for both que one for 17a a. a. a1. Eart (N/A) a2. Sp	the button next to the n that applies to this filing estions a. and b. Choose only and only one for 17b. th Station pace Station	 b. b1. Applicati b2. Applicati (N/A) b3. Amend (N/A) b4. Modified (N/A) b5. Assigni (N/A) b6. Transfeed (N/A) b7. Notification (N/A) b8. Application (N/A) b9. Letter of States b10. Other (For the provide the	on for License of N on for Registration ment to a Pending cation of License or nent of License or r of Control of Lice ation of Minor Moo ation for License of of Intent to Use Nor Please specify) tion for Earth Statio posed Service in th	lew Star of New Applica Registr ense or lificatio New R n-U.S. I n-U.S. I	tion y Domestic Receive-Only Station tion ration ation Registration n eceive-Only Station Using Non-U.S. Licensed Licensed Satellite to Provide Service in the United secess a Non-U.S.satellite Not Currently Authorized based Frequencies in the United States.
17c. Is a fee	submitted with this application	on?			
If Yes,	complete and attach FCC For	m 159.			
If No india	ate reason for fee exemption (see 17 C ER Seati	on 1 1114)		
If No, indica	ate reason for fee exemption (mental Entity O Noncomm	see 47 C.F.R.Sectional	on 1.1114). licensee		

Other(please explain): DRAFT FO	RM	n orm nd_app_num=	120393@form=1015_101.htm@filodc=display
17d.			
Fee Classification			
18. If this filing is in reference to an	19. If this filing is an ame	ndment to a pendi	ng application enter:
existing station, enter:	(a) Date pending applicati	on was filed:	(b) File number of pending application:
(a) Call sign of station:			· · · ·
Not Applicable	Not Applicable		Not Applicable
1	TYPE OF	SERVICE	
20. NATURE OF SERVICE: This filing	is for an authorization to pro	vide or use the fo	llowing type(s) of service(s): Select all that apply:
a. Fixed Satellite			
b. Mobile Satellite			
d Earth Exploration Satellite			
e. Direct to Home Fixed Satellite			
f. Digital Audio Radio Service			
g. Other (please specify)			
NGSO			
21. STATUS: Choose the button next to	the applicable status.	22. If earth static	on applicant, check all that apply.
Choose only one.		Using U.S. l	licensed satellites
Common Carrier Non-Commo	on Carrier	Using Non-	U.S. licensed satellites
23. If applicant is providng INTERNAT Are these facilities:	IONAL COMMON CARRII	ER service, see ins	structions regarding Sec. 214 filings. Choose one.
Connected to a Public Switched Ne	etwork O Not connected to	a Public Switched	d Network 🔍 N/A
24. FREQUENCY BAND(S): Place an	"X" in the box(es) next to all	applicable freque	ency band(s).
a. C-Band (4/6 GHz) b. Ku-Ba	nd (12/14 GHz)		
c.Other (Please specify upper and le Frequency Lower: 401 Frequency Uppe	ower frequencies in MHz.) pr: 402		
	TYPE OF	STATION	
25. CLASS OF STATION: Choose the b	outton next to the class of stat	tion that applies.	Choose only one.
a. Fixed Earth Station			
○ b. Temporary-Fixed Earth Station			
C. 12/14 GHz VSAT Network			
d. Mobile Earth Station			
(N/A) e. Geostationary Space Station (N/A) f. Non-Geostationary Space Stati	ion		
g. Other (please specify)			
26. TYPE OF EARTH STATION FACT	LITY: Choose only one.		
Transmit/Receive Transmit-Or	$nly \cap Receive-Only \cap N$	/A	
·	PURPOSE OF N	IODIFICATIO	DN
27. The purpose of this proposed modif	fication is to: (Place an 'X' in	the box(es) next to	o all that apply.)
Not Applicable			

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

28. Would a Commission grant of any proposal in this application or amendment have a significant environmental impact as defined by 47 CFR 1.1307? If YES, submit the statement as required by Sections 1.1308 and 1.1311 of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. §§ 1.1308 and 1.1311, as an exhibit to this application. A Radiation Hazard Study must accompany all applications for new transmitting facilities, major modifications, or major amendments.

ALIEN OWNERSHIP Earth station applicants not proposing to provide broadcast, common carrier, aeronautical en route or aeronautical fixed radio station services are not required to respond to Items 30-34.

/13/2020 https://licensing.fcc.gov/ibfsweb/ib.page.FetchForm?id_app_num=126593&form=P013_101.htm	n&m	ode=	disp	lay			
29. Is the applicant a foreign government or the representative of any foreign government?	\bigcirc	Yes	s (1	lo		
30. Is the applicant an alien or the representative of an alien?	\bigcirc	Ye	5	1 (٩o		N/A
31. Is the applicant a corporation organized under the laws of any foreign government?	\bigcirc	Ye	5	1	No		N/A
32. Is the applicant a corporation of which more than one-fifth of the capital stock is owned of record or voted by aliens or their representatives or by a foreign government or representative thereof or by any corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country?	0	Ye	5	1	No		N/A
33. Is the applicant a corporation directly or indirectly controlled by any other corporation of which more than one-fourth of the capital stock is owned of record or voted by aliens, their representatives, or by a foreign government or representative thereof or by any corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country?	0	Ye	s (ז	No		N/A
34. If any answer to questions 29, 30, 31, 32 and/or 33 is Yes, attach as an exhibit an identification of the aliens or foreign entities, their nationality, their relationship to the applicant, and the percentage of stock they own or vote.							
BASIC QUALIFICATIONS							
35. Does the Applicant request any waivers or exemptions from any of the Commission's Rules? If Yes, attach as an exhibit, copies of the requests for waivers or exceptions with supporting documents.		Yes	, (N	Vo		
36. Has the applicant or any party to this application or amendment had any FCC station authorization or license revoked or had any application for an initial, modification or renewal of FCC station authorization, license, or construction permit denied by the Commission? If Yes, attach as an exhibit, an explination of circumstances.	0	Yes	, () r	٧o		
37. Has the applicant, or any party to this application or amendment, or any party directly or indirectly controlling the applicant ever been convicted of a felony by any state or federal court? If Yes, attach as an exhibit, an explination of circumstances.	0	Yes	, (N	Vo		
38. Has any court finally adjudged the applicant, or any person directly or indirectly controlling the applicant, guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or indirectly, through control of manufacture or sale of radio apparatus, exclusive traffic arrangement or any other means or unfair methods of competition? If Yes, attach as an exhibit, an explanation of circumstances	0	Yes	; (N	No		
39. Is the applicant, or any person directly or indirectly controlling the applicant, currently a party in any pending matter referred to in the preceding two items? If yes, attach as an exhinit, an explanation of the circumstances.	0	Yes	, (N	٧o		
40. If the applicant is a corporation and is applying for a space station license, attach as an exhibit the names, address, and citizenship of those stockholders owning a record and/or voting 10 percent or more of the Filer's voting stock and the percentages so held. In the case of fiduciary control, indicate the beneficiary(ies) or class of beneficiaries. Also list the names and addresses of the officers and directors of the Filer.							
41. By checking Yes, the undersigned certifies, that neither applicant nor any other party to the application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. Section 862, because of a conviction for possession or distribution of a controlled substance. See 47 CFR 1.2002(b) for the meaning of "party to the application" for these purposes.	۲	Ye	5	ז	No		
42a. Does the applicant intend to use a non-U.S. licensed satellite to provide service in the United States? If Yes, answer 42b and attach an exhibit providing the information specified in 47 C.F.R. 25.137, as appropriate. If No, proceed to question 43.	۲	Yes	, (٧o		
42b. What administration has licensed or is in the process of licensing the space station? If no license will be has coordinated or is in the process of coordinating the space station? Poland	issue	≥d, v	vhat	: ad	min	istr	ation
43. Description. (Summarize the nature of the application and the services to be provided). See Narrative.			_	_	_		
43a. Geographic Service Rule Certification By selecting A, the undersigned certifies that the applicant is not subject to the geographic service or geographic coverage requirements specified in 47 C.F.R. Part 25.		A					
By selecting B, the undersigned certifies that the applicant is subject to the geographic service or geographic	\bigcirc	B					

$https://licensing.fcc.gov/ibfsweb/ib.page.FetchForm?id_app_num=126593\&form?id_app_num=126593$	m=P013_101.htm&mode=display

10/13/2020

https://licensing.fcc.gov/ibfsweb/ib.page.FetchForm?id_app_num=126593&form=P013_101.htm&mode=display

C

coverage requirements specified in 47 C.F.R. Part 25 and will comply with such requirements.

By selecting C, the undersigned certifies that the applicant is subject to the geographic service or geographic coverage requirements specified in 47 C.F.R. Part 25 and will not comply with such requirements because it is not feasible as a technical matter to do so, or that, while technically feasible, such services would require so many compromises in satellite design and operation as to make it economically unreasonable. A narrative description and technical analysis demonstrating this claim are attached.

CERTIFICATION

The Applicant waives any claim to the use of any particular frequency or of the electromagnetic spectrum as against the regulatory power of the United States because of the previous use of the same, whether by license or otherwise, and requests an authorization in accordance with this application. The applicant certifies that grant of this application would not cause the applicant to be in violation of the spectrum aggregation limit in 47 CFR Part 20. All statements made in exhibits are a material part hereof and are incorporated herein as if set out in full in this application. The undersigned, individually and for the applicant, hereby certifies that all statements made in this application

nd in all attached exhibits are true, complete and correct to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, and are made in good faith.												
44. Applicant is a (an): (Cho	ose the button next to a	pplicable respons	se.)									
 Individual Unincorporated Assoc Partnership Corporation Governmental Entity Other (please specify) LLC 45. Name of Person Signing Christopher Richins 47. Please supply any need of 	g		46. Title of Person CEO	n Signing								
Attachment 1:	Attac	hment 2:		Attachment 3:								
WILLFUL FALSE STA (U.S. Code, T (U.S. Code,	WILLFUL FALSE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS FORM ARE PUNISHABLE BY FINE AND / OR IMPRISONMENT (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001), AND/OR REVOCATION OF ANY STATION AUTHORIZATION (U.S. Code, Title 47, Section 312(a)(1)), AND/OR FORFEITURE (U.S. Code, Title 47, Section 503).											
FCC Fo	SATELLITE EARTH STATION AUTHORIZATIONS FCC Form 312 - Schedule B:(Technical and Operational Description) FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY											
Location of Earth Station Sit	te D											
E1: Site Identifier:	Brewster Zachamy Daich	E5. Call	l Sign:	115 600 5540								
E3. Street:	DS12 Access Roa	d E7. City E8. Cou	ne runnber. 7: inty:	Deadhorse								
E4. State	AK	E9. Zip	Code	99734								
E10. Area of Operation:		Deadh	orse, AK									
E11. Latitude:	70 ° 12 ' 45.0 " N											
E12. Longitude:	148 ° 24 ' 29.0 " W	V										
E13. Lat/Lon Coordinates as	re:	ONA	D-27 15.0	NAD-83	○ N/A							
E14. Site Elevation (AMSL)):		meters									
E15. If the proposed antenna	(s) operate in the Fixed	Satellite Service	(FSS) with geosta	tionary satellites,								

E15. If the proposed antenna(s) operate in the Fixed Satellite Service (FSS) with geostationary satellites,

10/13/2020

do(es) the p demonstrate compliance	proposed anter ed by the man with two-deg	ection 25.209(a) and echnical analysis sl	d (b) as howing	Yes	No N/A									
E16. If the Fixed Satel the antenna qualificatio	proposed ante lite Service (F gain patterns n measuremen	nna(s) do not SS) with non specified in S nts?	coperate in the la-geostationary Section 25.209(Fixeo satel a2) a	d Satell lites, do and (b) a	ite Serv o(es) th as demo	vice (FSS), o e proposed onstrated by	or if they operate in antenna(s) comply the manufacturer's	the with	Yes O	No			
E17. Is the control point	facility operat nt.	ted by remote	control? If YE	S, pr	ovide t	he loca	tion and tele	phone number of the	he	• Yes	No			
E18. Is fr as	equency co	ordination	required? If	YE	S, atta	ach a f	requency	coordination re	port	• Yes	• No			
E19. Is co country(i	oordination es) and plot	with anoth t of coordin	ner country renation contou	equi urs a	ired? l as	If YES	S, attach t	he name of the		🛛 Yes 🔍 No				
E20. FAA FAA noti 854 and aviation FAILUR THE RE	A Notificat ification is or the FAA P E TO CON TURN OF	ion - (See 4 required, \'s study re MPLY WI ' THIS AP	47 CFR Par have you at egarding the TH 47 CFR PLICATIO	t 17 tacl e po PA N.	' and 4 ned a 6 otentia RTS 1	47 CF copy al haz 17 AN	R part 2 of a comp ard of the D 25 WI	5.113(c)) Where deted FCC For e structure to LL RESULT I	e 'm N	• Yes	No			
POINTS O	F COMMUN	ICATION												
Satellite	Name:OTH	IER OTH	ER If you s	elec	ted O	THEF	R, please e	enter the followi	ng:					
E21. Common Name: SW1FT E22. ITU Name:														
E23. Orbit Location: NGSO E24. Country: Poland									and					
Satellite Name:OTHER OTHER If you selected OTHER, please enter the following:									ng:					
E21. Common Name: E22. ITU Name:														
E23. Orbit Location: NGSO E24. Country:														
Satellite	Name:OTH	IER OTH	ER If you s	elec	ted O	THEF	R, please e	enter the followi	ng:					
E21. Con	nmon Nam	e: STEAM	SAT				<u></u>	E22. ITU Nam	ne:					
E23. Orb	it Location	: NGSO						E24. Country:	Polano	d				
POINTS O	F COMMUN	ICATION (I	Destination Poi	ints)										
E25. Site	Identifier:	Deadhorse												
E26. Con	nmon Name	e:						E27. Country:U	SA					
ANTENNA			r				1	18						
Site ID	E28. Antenna Id	E29. Quantity	E30. Manufactu	rer	E3 Mo	31. del	E32. Antenna Size	a E41/42. A and/or Recie	ntenn eve(a GainTra dBi at	nsmint GHz)			
Deadhorse	Yagi	2	M2 Antenna Systems	a	400C	P30A	3.57	16.2 dBi at 0.	.400					
E28. Antenna Id	E33/34. Minor/Ma	Diameter ajor(meter	rs) E35. Above Ground Level (meters)	E Al S L (me	C36. bove Sea evel eters)	E37. Heig G I (n	Building ht Above round Level neters)	E38. Total Input Power at antenna flange (Watts)	E39. M Aı Heig Ra (n	239. Maximum Antenna Height Above Rooftop (meters)				
Yagi	0.25/3.57		4.0	0.0		0.0		0.2	0.0		9.2			

FREQUENCY

E28. Antenna Id	E43/44. Frequency Bands(MHz)	E45. T/R Mode	E46. Anten Polarization(H		enna H,V,L,R)	E47. Emission Designator	E48. Ma EIRI Carrier	vimum P per (dBW)	E49. Maximum ERIP Density per Carrier(dBW/4kHz)		
Yagi	401.050 401.150	R	Righ	t Hand Ci	rcular	20K5F1D	0.0		0.0		
E50. Mod	lulation and Ser	rvices 2G	FSK								
Yagi	Yagi 401.0 401.1 T Right Hand Circular 20K5F1D 9.2 0.00368										
E50. Mod	lulation and Ser	rvices 2G	FSK								
Yagi	401.0125 401.0375	R	Righ	t Hand Ci	rcular	20K5F1D	0.0		0.0		
E50. Mod	lulation and Ser	rvices 2G	FSK								
Yagi	401.0375 401.0625	Т	Righ	t Hand Ci	rcular	20K5F1D	9.2		0.00368		
E50. Moc	E50. Modulation and Services 2GFSK										
E50. Mod	lulation and Ser	rvices									
FREQUEN	CY COORDINAT	TION									
E28. Antenna Id	E28. ntenna Id E51. Satellite Orbit Type Limits(MH		53. ency /IHz)	E34/35.E30.RangeEarthofStationSatelliteAzimuthArcAngleE/WEasternLimitLimit		E57. Antenna Elevation Angle Eastern Limit	ESS. Earth Station Azimuth Angle Western Limit	E59. Antenn Elevatio Angle Wester Limit	E60. Maximum EIRP Density toward the Horizon(dBW/4kHz		
Yagi	Non- Geostationary	401.0375 401.0625	5	0.0/0.0	0.0	5.0	360.0	5.0	0.0		
	Non- Geostationary	401.0 40	1.1	0.0/0.0	0.0	5.0	360.0	5.0	0.00368		
	Non- Geostationary	401.0875 401.1125	5	0.0/0.0	0.0	5.0	360.0	5.0	0.00368		
REMOTE (CONTROL POIN	T LOCAT	ION								
REMOTE CONTROL POINT LOCATION E61. Call Sign NOTE: Please enter the callsign of the controlling station, not the callsign for which this application is being filed.								ne Number			
E62. Street	Address										
E63. City					E67. Coun	ty		E64 Stat	4/68. E66. Zip te/Country Code		

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10/13/2020

do(es) the p demonstrate compliance	e proposed antenna(s) comply with the antenna gain patterns specified in Section 25.209(a) and (b) as ated by the manufacturer's qualification measurement? If NO, provide as technical analysis showing ce with two-degree spacing policy.									No N/A
E16. If the j Fixed Satell the antenna qualification	16. If the proposed antenna(s) do not operate in the Fixed Satellite Service (FSS), or if they operate in the xed Satellite Service (FSS) with non-geostationary satellites, do(es) the proposed antenna(s) comply with e antenna gain patterns specified in Section 25.209(a2) and (b) as demonstrated by the manufacturer's nalification measurements?									No _{N/A}
E17. Is the control poir	E17. Is the facility operated by remote control? If YES, provide the location and telephone number of the control point.									
E18. Is fr as	18. Is frequency coordination required? If YES, attach a frequency coordination report									
E19. Is co country(io	19. Is coordination with another country required? If YES, attach the name of the ountry(ies) and plot of coordination contours as									
E20. FAA Notification - (See 47 CFR Part 17 and 47 CFR part 25.113(c)) Where FAA notification is required, have you attached a copy of a completed FCC Form 854 and or the FAA's study regarding the potential hazard of the structure to aviation? FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH 47 CFR PARTS 17 AND 25 WILL RESULT IN THE RETURN OF THIS APPLICATION.										No
POINTS O	F COMMUN	ICATION								1
Satellite I	Name:OTH	ER OTH	ER If you s	elected	1 OTHEI	R, please e	nter the followi	ng:		
E21. Con	nmon Nam	e: SW1FT				E22	2. ITU Name:			
E23. Orb	it Location	: NGSO				E24	4. Country: Pola	and		
Satellite I	Name:OTH	ER OTH	ER If you s	elected	1 OTHEI	R, please e	nter the followi	ng:		
E21. Con	nmon Nam	e:				E22.1	TU Name:			
E23. Orb	it Location	: NGSO				E24. 0	Country:			
Satellite 1	Name:OTH	ER OTH	ER If you s	elected	1 OTHE	R. please e	nter the followi	ng:		
	F22 ITL Name									
E22.110 Name: E23. Orbit Location: NGSO									1	
POINTS OF COMMUNICATION (Destination Points)									*	
E25. Site	Identifier:	Deadhorse								
E26. Common Name: E27. Country:USA										
ANTENNA]				
Site ID E28. Antenna Id E29. Quantity M			E30. Manufactu	rer	E31. Model	E32. Antenna Size	E41/42. Antenna GainTransmint and/or Recieve(dBi atGH		nsmint GHz)	
Deadhorse	Orbit	1	Orbit	Or Ga	bit uia-100	2.4	30.0 dBi at 22	30.0 dBi at 22.650		
E28. Antenna Id Minor/Major(meters)			s) E35. Above Ground Level (meters)	E36. E37. Above Heig Sea G Level l (meters) (n		Building ht Above round Level neters)	E38. Total Input Power at antenna flange (Watts)	8. Total 1t Power 1t Power 1ntenna lange Watts) E39. 1 Au Heig (n		E40. Total EIRP for al carriers (dBW)
				0.0	0.0			0.0		
Orbit	0.0/0.0		3.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0

FREQUENCY	
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E28. Antenna Id	E43/44. Frequency Bands(MHz)	E45. T/R Mode	E46. Antenna Polarization(H,V,L,R)			E47. Emission Designator	E48. Maximum EIRP per Carrier(dBW)		E49. Maximum ERIP Density per Carrier(dBW/4kHz)		
Orbit	2261.5 2269.5	R	Left	and Right	Circular	8M00G1D	0.0		0.0		
E50. Mod	lulation and Ser	rvices DV	/B-S2	,			11		L		
E50. Moc	lulation and Ser	rvices	1								
E50. Mod	lulation and Set	rvices									
E50. Mod	lulation and Set	rvices	1								
		<u> </u>									
ESU. MOC	Iulation and Ser	rvices									
E28. Antenna Id	E51. Satellite Orbit Type	E52/53. Frequency Limits(MHz)		E54/55. E56. Range Earth of Station Satellite Azimuth z) Arc Angle E/W Eastern Limit Limit		E57. Antenna Elevation Angle Eastern Limit	E58. Earth Station Azimuth Angle Western Limit	E59. Antenn Elevatic Angle Wester Limit	E60. Maximum EIRP Density toward the Horizon(dBW/4kHz)		
Orbit	Non- Geostationary	2261.5- 2269.5		0.0/0.0	0.0	5.0	360.0	5.0	0.0		
REMOTE (REMOTE (CONTROL POIN	T LOCAT T LOCAT	ION								
E61. Call Si NOTE: Plea application	ign ase enter the callsig is being filed.	gn of the co	ntrollir	ng station, n	ot the callsi	gn for which t	his	E65. Pho	ne Number		
	AUUI533										
E63. City			E67. Coun	ty		E64/68. E66. Zip State/Country Code					
FOONO											

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