

E170121 SES-STA-20180124-00059 IB2018000247  
IntelSAT License LLC

Approved by OMB  
3060-0678

APPLICATION FOR EARTH STATION SPECIAL TEMPORARY AUTHORITY

APPLICANT INFORMATION Enter a description of this application to identify it on the main menu:  
Request for Special Temporary Authority for a Vehicle-mounted Terminal to Communicate with IntelSAT 29e

I. Applicant

Name:	IntelSAT License LLC	Phone Number:	703-559-7848
DBA Name:		Fax Number:	703-559-8539
Street:	c/o IntelSAT Corporation 7900 Tysons One Place	E-Mail:	susan.crandall@intelsat.com
City:	McLean	State:	VA
Country:	USA	Zipcode:	22102 -5972
Attention:	Susan H. Crandall		



File # SES-STA-20180124-00059

Call Sign E170121 Grant Date 2/26/2018  
(or other identifier)

Term Dates  
From 2/26/2018 To: 2/29/2018

Approved: [Signature]

Applicant: Intelsat License LLC  
File No.: SES-STA-20180124-00059  
Call Sign: E170121  
Special Temporary Authority



File # SES-STA-20180124-00059  
Call Sign E170121 Grant Date 2/26/2018  
(or other identifier)  
Term Dates  
From 2/26/2018 To: 3/29/2018  
Approved: [Signature]

Intelsat License, LLC, is granted a special temporary authority for 30 days, beginning February 26, 2018, to utilize a vehicle-mounted Smiths Interconnect KuStream 1500 terminal to communicate with Intelsat 29e (S29 I 3) while the vehicle is in motion in Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida in order to test a new product. All testing will occur on the ground and will be performed in the following frequency bands: 14.0- 14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) and 1 1.7- 12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), under the following conditions:

1. Operations under this authority are on a non-Interference basis only.
2. Operations under this authority are on a non-protected basis only.
3. License must comply with 47 C.F.R. 25.204(i), within 125 km of the TDRSS sites identified in §25.226(d), transmissions in the 14.0-14.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. spectral density towards the horizon of 12.5 dBW/MHz, and shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. towards the horizon of 16.3 dBW.
4. Operation pursuant to this authorization must be in compliance with the terms of coordination agreements between Intelsat License LLC and operators of other Ku-band geostationary space stations within six angular degrees of those space stations. In the event that another GSO Fixed-Satellite Service space station commences operation in the 14.0-14.5 GHz band at a location within six degrees of any of these space stations, aircraft earth stations operating pursuant to this authorization must cease transmitting to that space station unless and until such operation has been coordinated with the new space station's operator or Intelsat License LLC demonstrates that such operation will not cause harmful interference to the new co-frequency space station.
5. Intelsat's request for a limited waiver of Section 25.227(a)(1)(i)(B) of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. § 25.227(a)(1)(i)(B), to permit operation of the TECOM terminal at off-axis eirp limits in the plane perpendicular to the GSO arc in excess of those set forth in Section 25.227(a)(1)(i)(B), is GRANTED, as conditioned: In the event a future NGSO network is deployed in the Ku-band that would receive interference from the higher off-axis radiated power, Intelsat must coordinate with the NGSO network in order to facilitate co-frequency operations and must modify its ESAA operations to reflect any coordination agreement reached. In the event a coordination agreement is not reached, Intelsat must comply with the eirp density limits set forth in section 25.227(a)(1)(i)(B).
6. All operations under this grant of special temporary authority shall be on an unprotected and non-harmful interference basis. Intelsat License LLC's (E170121), shall not cause harmful interference to, and shall not claim protection from interference caused to it by, any other lawfully operating radio communication system.
7. In the event of any harmful interference under this grant of special temporary

authority, Intelsat License LLC's (E170121), must cease operations immediately upon notification of such interference, and must inform the Commission, in writing, immediately of such an event.

8. Any action taken or expense incurred as a result of operations pursuant to this special temporary authority is solely 'at Intelsat License LLC's risk.

9. Grant of this authorization is without prejudice to any determination that the Commission may make regarding pending or future Intelsat applications.

10. This action is issued pursuant to Section 0.261 of the Commission's rules on delegated authority, 47 C.F.R. §0.261, and is effective immediately.

**2. Contact**

**Name:** Susan H. Crandall      **Phone Number:** 703-559-7848  
**Company:** Intelsat Corporation      **Fax Number:** 703-559-8539  
**Street:** 7900 Tysons One Place      **E-Mail:** susan.crandall@intelsat.com  
**City:** McLean      **State:** VA  
**Country:** USA      **Zipcode:** 22102 -5972  
**Attention:**      **Relationship:** Legal Counsel

(If your application is related to an application filed with the Commission, enter either the file number or the IB Submission ID of the related application. Please enter only one.)

3. Reference File Number or Submission ID

4a. Is a fee submitted with this application?

If Yes, complete and attach FCC Form 159. If No, indicate reason for fee exemption (see 47 C.F.R. Section 1.1114).

Governmental Entity       Noncommercial educational licensee

Other (please explain):

4b. Fee Classification      CGB - Mobile Satellite Earth Stations

5. Type Request

Use Prior to Grant

Change Station Location

Other

6. Requested Use Prior Date

7. City

8. Latitude  
(dd mm ss.s h)      0 0 0.0

9. State	10. Longitude (dd mm ss.s h) 0 0 0.0
11. Please supply any need attachments. Attachment 1: STA Request                      Attachment 2: Exhibit A                      Attachment 3:	
12. Description. (If the complete description does not appear in this box, please go to the end of the form to view it in its entirety.) <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">IntelSat License LLC herein requests Special Temporary Authority for 30 days commencing February 26, 2018, to utilize a vehicle-mounted Smiths Interconnect Kustream 1500 terminal to communicate with IntelSat 29e (call sign S2913) while the vehicle is in motion in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida to</div>	
13. By checking Yes, the undersigned certifies that neither applicant nor any other party to the application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. Section 862, because of a conviction for possession or distribution of a controlled substance. See 47 CFR 1.2002(b) for the meaning of "party to the application" for these purposes. <p style="text-align: right;">Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/>      No <input type="radio"/></p>	
14. Name of Person Signing Susan H. Crandall	15. Title of Person Signing Assoc. General Counsel, IntelSat Corporation
WILLFUL FALSE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS FORM ARE PUNISHABLE BY FINE AND / OR IMPRISONMENT (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001), AND/OR REVOCATION OF ANY STATION AUTHORIZATION (U.S. Code, Title 47, Section 312(a)(1)), AND/OR FORFEITURE (U.S. Code, Title 47, Section 503).	

## **FCC NOTICE REQUIRED BY THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT**

The public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to average 2 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the required data, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments on this burden estimate, or how we can improve the collection and reduce the burden it causes you, please write to the Federal Communications Commission, AMD-PERM, Paperwork Reduction Project (3060-0678), Washington, DC 20554. We will also accept your comments regarding the Paperwork Reduction Act aspects of this collection via the Internet if you send them to [PRA@fcc.gov](mailto:PRA@fcc.gov). PLEASE DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS.

Remember – You are not required to respond to a collection of information sponsored by the Federal government, and the government may not conduct or sponsor this collection, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number or if we fail to provide you with this notice. This collection has been assigned an OMB control number of 3060-0678.

**THE FOREGOING NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995, PUBLIC LAW 104-13, OCTOBER 1, 1995, 44 U.S.C. SECTION 3507.**

## **12. Description**

Intelsat License LLC herein requests Special Temporary Authority for 30 days commencing February 26, 2018, to utilize a vehicle-mounted Smiths Interconnect KustStream 1500 terminal to communicate with Intelsat 29e (call sign S2913) while the vehicle is in motion in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida to test a new product. All testing will occur on the ground and will be performed in the following frequency bands, 14.0-14.5 GHz and 11.7-12.2 GHz.



January 24, 2018

Ms. Marlene H. Dortch  
Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
445 12th Street, SW  
Washington, DC 20554

Re: Request for Special Temporary Authority  
Smiths Interconnect KuStream® 1500 Ku-band Vehicle-Mounted Earth Station Antenna

Dear Ms. Dortch:

Intelsat License LLC (“Intelsat”) herein requests Special Temporary Authority (“STA”)<sup>1</sup> for 30 days commencing February 26, 2018, to utilize a vehicle-mounted Smiths Interconnect KuStream® 1500 terminal to communicate with Intelsat 29e (call sign S2913) while the vehicle is in motion in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida to test a new product. All testing will occur on the ground and will be performed in the following frequency bands: 14.0-14.5 GHz and 11.7-12.2 GHz.

The Federal Communications Commission (“FCC” or “Commission”) has previously authorized Intelsat to operate the Smiths Interconnect KuStream® 1500 terminal—then known as the TECOM KuStream® 1500 terminal—to provide advanced mobile broadband services to aircraft using Ku-band frequencies under an earth stations aboard aircraft blanket license (call sign E170121).<sup>2</sup> The Commission has also granted Intelsat STA to operate a separate vehicle-mounted Ku-band terminal, the 18-inch Rantec Airborne SATCOM terminal, to communicate with Intelsat 29e in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida while the vehicle is in motion.<sup>3</sup>

In further support of this request, Intelsat attaches a radiation hazard analysis report as Exhibit A. Additionally, Intelsat will not operate within 125 km of any Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System

---

<sup>1</sup> Intelsat has filed its STA request, FCC Form 159, a \$200.00 filing fee, and this supporting letter electronically via the International Bureau’s Filing System (“IBFS”).

<sup>2</sup> See *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-01999, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-LIC-20170626-00682 (Oct. 11, 2017).

<sup>3</sup> See *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-01977, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20170706-00739 (July 26, 2017); *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-01991, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20170830-00968 (Sept. 13, 2017); *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-01999, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20171003-01105 (Oct. 11, 2017); *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-02007, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20171031-01226 (Nov. 8, 2017); *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-02017, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20171204-01302 (Dec. 13, 2017); *Policy Branch Information; Actions Taken*, Public Notice, Report No. SES-02025, Call Sign E170121, IBFS File No. SES-STA-20180103-00007 (Jan. 10, 2018).



Ms. Marlene H. Dortch  
January 24, 2018  
Page 2

sites. To minimize any potential interference, operations under this STA will conform to the FCC's Part 25 Vehicle-Mounted Earth Stations rules.

Grant of this STA request will allow Intelsat to test a new product. This, in turn, will help provide customer service and thereby promotes the public interest.

Please direct any questions regarding this STA request to the undersigned at (703) 559-7848.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Susan H. Crandall  
Susan H. Crandall  
Associate Counsel  
Intelsat Corporation

cc: Paul Blais

# Radiation Hazard Report

---

## Analysis of Non-Ionizing Radiation for a 0.65 m Earth Station

This analysis provides the calculated non-ionizing radiation levels for a 0.65-meter earth station system.

The methods and calculations performed in this analysis are based on the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin, No.65, October 1985 as revised in 1997 in Edition 97-01. The radiation safety limits used in the analysis are in conformance with the FCC R&O 96-326 (Summarized in Annex 1). There are separate exposure limits applicable to the General Population/Uncontrolled Environment and the Occupational/Controlled Environment. The Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for persons in a General Population/Uncontrolled environment for the frequency band of this antenna, is 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for a 30 minute or lower time period as shown in Annex 1 (a). The MPE limit for persons in an Occupational/Controlled environment for the frequency band of this antenna is 5 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for a 6 minute time or lower period as shown in Annex 1 (b). The purpose of this analysis described is to determine the power flux density levels of the earth station at the main reflector surface, the near-field, transition region, far-field, between the sub-reflector or feed and, at the main reflector surface, and between the antenna edge and the ground and to compare these levels to the specified MPEs.

The parameters of the antenna that is the subject of this analysis are shown in Table 1. Intermediate calculated values and constants are provided in Table 2.

Table 1. Input Parameters Used for Determining Power Flux Densities

Parameter	Symbol	Formula	Value	Units
Antenna Diameter	D	Input	0.65	m
Frequency	F	Input	14250	MHz
Transmit Power	P	Input	10	W
Antenna Gain (dBi)	G <sub>es</sub>	Input	34	dBi

Table 2. Calculated Values and Constants

Parameter	Symbol	Formula	Value	Units
Antenna Surface Area	A <sub>surface</sub>	$\pi D^2/4$	0.33	m <sup>2</sup>
Wavelength	$\lambda$	300/F	0.021053	m
Antenna Gain (factor)	G	10 <sup>Ges/10</sup>	2511.89	n/a
Pi	$\pi$	Constant	3.1415927	n/a
Antenna Efficiency	$\eta$	$G\lambda^2/(\pi^2 D^2)$	0.27	n/a

### 1. Antenna Main Reflector Surface

The power density in the main reflector is determined from the Power level and the area of the main reflector aperture. This is determined from the following equation:

Power Density at the Main Reflector Surface:

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\text{surface}} &= 4P/A_{\text{surface}} && (1) \\ &= 120.543 \text{ W/m}^2 \\ &= 12.054 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 2. Near Field Calculation

Power Flux density is considered to be at a maximum value throughout the entire length of the defined Near Field region. The region is contained within a cylindrical volume having the same diameter as the antenna. Past the boundary of the Near Field region, the power density from the antenna decreases linearly with respect to increasing distance. The distance to the end of the Near Field is determined from the following equation:

Extent of the Near Field:

$$\begin{aligned} R_{\text{nf}} &= D^2 / (4\lambda) && (2) \\ &= 5.02 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

The maximum power density in the Near Field is determined from the following equation:

Near Field Density:

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\text{nf}} &= 16.0 \eta P / (\pi D^2) && (3) \\ &= 3.218 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 3. Transition Region Calculation

The Transition Region is located between the Near and Far Field regions. The power density begins to decrease linearly with increasing distance in the Transition region. While the power density decreases inversely with distance in the Transition region, the power density decreases inversely with the square of the distance in the Far Field region. The power density calculated in Section 1 is the highest power density the antenna can produce in any of the regions away from the antenna. The power density at a distance  $R_t$  is determined from the following equation:

Transition Region Power Density:

$$\begin{aligned} S_t &= S_{\text{nf}} R_{\text{nf}} / R_t && (4) \\ &= 3.218 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

#### 4. Far Field Distance Calculation

The distance to the Far Field Region is calculated using the following equation:

Distance to Far Field Region:

$$\begin{aligned} R_{ff} &= 0.6 D^2 / \lambda \\ &= 12.041 \text{ m} \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

The maximum main beam power density in the far field is determined from the following equation:

On-axis Power Density in the Far Field:

$$\begin{aligned} S_{ff} &= G P / (4 \pi R_{ff}^2) \\ &= 1.379 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

#### 5. Region between the Main Reflector and the Ground

Assuming uniform illumination of the reflector surface, the power density between the antenna and the ground is determined from the following equation:

Power Density between Reflector and Ground:

$$\begin{aligned} S_g &= P / A_{\text{surface}} \\ &= 3.014 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

## 7. Summary of Calculations

Table 3. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Uncontrolled Environment

Region	Symbol	Calculated Maximum Radiation Power Density Level (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Hazard Assessment
1. Main Reflector	S <sub>surface</sub>	12.054	Potential Hazard
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 5.02 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	3.218	Potential Hazard
3. Transition Region (R <sub>nf</sub> < R <sub>t</sub> < R <sub>ff</sub> )	S <sub>t</sub>	3.218	Potential Hazard
4. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 12.04 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	1.379	Potential Hazard
5. Between Main Reflector and Ground	S <sub>g</sub>	3.014	Potential Hazard

Table 4. Summary of Expected Radiation levels for Controlled Environment

Region	Symbol	Calculated Maximum Radiation Power Density Level (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Hazard Assessment
1. Main Reflector	S <sub>surface</sub>	12.054	Potential Hazard
2. Near Field (R <sub>nf</sub> = 5.02 m)	S <sub>nf</sub>	3.218	Satisfies FCC MPE
3. Transition Region (R <sub>nf</sub> < R <sub>t</sub> < R <sub>ff</sub> )	S <sub>t</sub>	3.218	Satisfies FCC MPE
4. Far Field (R <sub>ff</sub> = 12.04 m)	S <sub>ff</sub>	1.379	Satisfies FCC MPE
5. Between Main Reflector and Ground	S <sub>g</sub>	3.014	Satisfies FCC MPE

It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that the public and operational personnel are not exposed to harmful levels of radiation.

## 8. Conclusion

Based upon the above analysis, it is concluded that harmful levels of radiation may exist in those regions noted for the Uncontrolled (Table 3) Environment and the Controlled Environment (Table 4).

The antenna will be vehicle-mounted and will be located in MD, VA, WV, NC, SC, GA, and FL.

The antenna is in a facility with secured access in and around the proposed antenna. The earth station will be marked with the standard radiation hazard warnings, as well as the area in the vicinity of the earth station to inform those in the general population, who might be working or otherwise present in or near the direct path of the main beam.

The applicant will ensure that the main beam of the antenna will be pointed at least one diameter away from any building, or other obstacles in those area that exceed the MPE levels. Since one diameter removed from the center of the main beam the levels are down by at least 20 dB, or by a factor of 100, these potential hazards do not exist for either the public, or for earth station personnel.

Finally, the earth station's operating personnel will not have access to areas that exceed the MPE levels, while the earth station is in operation. The transmitter will be turned off during those periods of maintenance, so that the MPE standard of  $5.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$  will be complied with for those regions in close proximity to the main reflector, which could be occupied by operating personnel.

*"The licensee shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the antenna does not create potential exposure of humans to radiofrequency radiation in excess of the FCC exposure limits defined in 47 CFR 1.1307(b) and 1.1310 wherever such exposures might occur. Measures must be taken to ensure compliance with limits for both occupational/controlled exposure and for general population/uncontrolled exposure, as defined in these rule sections. Compliance can be accomplished in most cases by appropriate restrictions such as fencing. Requirements for restrictions can be determined by predictions based on calculations, modeling or by field measurements. The FCC's OET Bulletin 65 (available on-line at [www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety](http://www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety)) provides information on predicting exposure levels and on methods for ensuring compliance, including the use of warning and alerting signs and protective equipment for workers."*

**ANNEX 1**  
(MPE Levels)

a) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	0.2
300-1500	Frequency(MHz)*(4.0/1200)
1500-100,000	1

b) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
30-300	1
300-1500	Frequency(MHz)*(4.0/1200)
1500-100,000	5