9.3 Meter Hawley, Pennsylvania 18428

Introduction

A radiation hazard analysis is presented for a 9.3 meter C band aperture antenna to be installed in HawleyPennsylvania at the MX1Hawley Teleport. This Radiation Analysis calculates the non-ionizing radiation levels expected to be emitted from the earth station on a worse cases basis and is performed in accordance with the Federal Communications Commissions Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Bulletin, No. 65.

Requirements

OET 65 outlines the maximum permissible exposure limits in two cases for operation in this frequency range.

- The first case is the maximum level that a person may be exposed to in the general population. The
 exposure limit is defined as a non-ionizing power level equal to 1 milliwatt per centimeter squared
 averaged over a thirty minute period.
- The second case is a controlled environment where the maximum permissible exposure limit must not exceed 5 milliwatts per centimeter squared averaged over any six minute period.

Summary

The results indicate that no significant hazard will be presented to the general population and will be fully mitigated in the controlled area by the use of procedures that require the removal of transmit power before accessing the area around the main reflector.

Analysis

This analysis was performed on seven zones with the results shown in Radiation Hazard Zones. The Table labeled Input Values provides the - input data required to perform the analysis. The table labeled OET 65 Calculated Values provides the intermediate calculation used to perform the assessment in accordance with OET 65. The Analysis is performed for each a the each of seven radiation zones as shown in figure 1 – Analysis Zones. These zones are:

- 1. Point between the feed and the sub-reflector
- 2. The power at the surface of the antenna
- 3. The power level between the main reflector and ground
- The near-field or Fresnel region in which the maxima can be reached before the field starts to diminish with distance
- 5. The Transition region where power begins to decrease inversely with distance from the antenna
- 6. The Far Field or Fraunhofer region where power decreases inversely with the square of the distance. This is the point at which the antenna beam is fully collimated
- 7. The off axis level in the near field. This is defined as the area outside of the main beam removed and at least one antenna diameter removed from the main beam

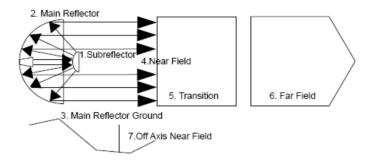


Figure 1 – Analysis Zones

Operator: MX1

Location Designation: Hawley Teleport

County: Pike
Town: Hawley

FCC Callsign: SES ID: STA:

State, Esp.	1 Cities y traited	10720
Input Values	Value	Unit
$D = Aperture\ Diameter$	9.30	Meters
$d = Subreflector\ Diameter$	0.493	Meters
G = Antenna Gain	53.7	dBi
FCC Designation	С	Band
F = Frequency	6.000	GHz
P = Transmitter Power Watts:	1000	Watts
$R_{ua} = closest \ point \ to \ uncontrolled \ area$	130	meters
Elevation angle at closest point R ua	30	Degrees
Height (AGL)	13.50	meters

Band	Frequency
L	1000-2000
S	2000-4000
С	4000-8000
X	8000-12500
Ки	12500-18000
K	18000-25500
Ка	26500-40000
0	40000-50000
V	50000-75000

OET 65 Calculated Values	Formula	Value	Unit
λ = Wavelength	<u>c</u> F	0.0500	meters
$G = Antenna \ Gain$	10 ^(G/10)	234422.8815	(W) linear
η = Apperture Efficiency	$\frac{G\lambda^2/4\pi}{\pi D^2/4}$	69%	percentage
$A = Area \ of \ reflector$	πR^2	67.929	meters ²
a = area of subreflector	πr^2	1908.902	cm ²
$R_{nf} = Near$ -Field Region	$\underline{D^2}$	432.738	meters
K _{nf} = Near-Field Region	4λ	216	Meters AGL
$R_t = Transition Region$	>R _{nf}	432.738	>meters
$K_t = Transition Region$	<r<sub>ff</r<sub>	1038.572	<meters< td=""></meters<>
$R_{\rm ff} = Far Field Region$	$0.6D^{2}$	1038.572	meters
K _{ff} = Fur Fleta Region	λ	519	Meters AGL

					Exposure Limits	
	Radiation Analysis Zone	Formula	Level	Value	General Public	Occupational
					<1mW/cm2	<5mW/cm2
1	Power Subreflector	<u>4P</u> a	2095.445	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	>FCC MPE See Note 2
2	Antenna Surface	<u>4P</u> A	5.888	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	>FCC MPE See Note 2
3	Main Reflector Ground	$\frac{P}{A}$	1.472	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
4	S _{nf} =Near-Field Power Density	<u>4η P</u> Α	4.037	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
5	$S_t = Max Transition Power Density$	≤ S _{nf}	4.037	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
6	$S_{ff} = Max Far field Power Density$	<u>PG</u> 4πR _{ff} ²	1.729	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 3	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
7	Off Access Level Near Field	S _{nf} - 20 dB	0.04037	mW/cm2	<fcc mpe<="" td=""><td><fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc></td></fcc>	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>

Notes

- 1. The antenna is installed in a controlled location access is restricted to authorized personnel only. The antenna is marked with RF Radiation Hazard signage.
- 2. Inside the controlled area, MPE levels exceed the MPE exposure for occupational levels. The levels will be reduced to safe MPE by removing power to the transmitters when work is performed on or around the antenna. This area can only be accessed by qualified personnel.
- 3. The field develops 13.5 meters above ground level at the minimum elevation angle which is not accessable to the general public.

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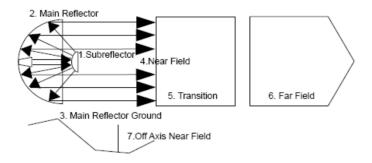


Figure 1 – Analysis Zones

Operator: MX1

Location Designation: Hawley Teleport

County: Pike
Town: Hawley

FCC Callsign: SES ID: STA:

ate/Zip: P	ennsylvania	18428
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state, zip:	1 Cities y traited	10120
Input Values	Value	Unit
$D = Aperture\ Diameter$	9.30	Meters
$d = Subreflector\ Diameter$	0.781	Meters
G = Antenna Gain	54.1	dBi
FCC Designation	C	Band
F = Frequency	6.425	GHz
P = Transmitter Power Watts:	1000	Watts
$R_{ua} = closest \ point \ to \ uncontrolled \ area$	50	meters
Elevation angle at closest point R ua	10	Degrees
Height (AGL)	13.00	meters

Band	Frequency
L	1000-2000
S	2000-4000
С	4000-8000
X	8000-12500
Ки	12500-18000
K	18000-25500
Ка	26500-40000
0	40000-50000
V	50000-75000

OET 65 Calculated Values	Formula	Value	Unit
λ = Wavelength	<u>c</u> F	0.0467	meters
$G = Antenna \ Gain$	10 ^(G/10)	257039.5783	(W) linear
η = Apperture Efficiency	$\frac{G\lambda^2/4\pi}{\pi D^2/4}$	66%	percentage
$A = Area \ of \ reflector$	πR^2	67.929	meters ²
$a = area \ of \ subreflector$	πr^2	4790.622	cm ²
$R_{nf} = Near$ -Field Region	$\underline{D^2}$	463.391	meters
K _{nf} = Near-Field Region	4λ	80	Meters AGL
$R_{t} = Transition Region$	>R _{nf}	463.391	>meters
$K_t = Transition Region$	<r<sub>ff</r<sub>	1112.138	<meters< td=""></meters<>
$R_{\rm ff} = Far Field Region$	$0.6D^{2}$	1112.138	meters
K _{ff} = Par Field Region	λ	193	Meters AGL

					Exposure Limits	
	Radiation Analysis Zone	Formula	Level	Value	General Public	Occupational
					<1mW/cm2	<5mW/cm2
1	Power Subreflector	<u>4P</u> a	834.965	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	>FCC MPE See Note 2
2	Antenna Surface	<u>4P</u> A	5.888	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	>FCC MPE See Note 2
3	Main Reflector Ground	<u>P</u> A	1.472	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
4	S _{nf} =Near-Field Power Density	<u>4η P</u> Α	3.861	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
5	$S_t = Max \ Transition \ Power \ Density$	≤ S _{nf}	3.861	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 1	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
6	$S_{ff} = Max Far field Power Density$	<u>PG</u> 4πR _{ff} ²	1.654	mW/cm2	>FCC MPE See Note 3	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>
7	Off Access Level Near Field	S _{nf} - 20 dB	0.03861	mW/cm2	<fcc mpe<="" td=""><td><fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc></td></fcc>	<fcc mpe<="" td=""></fcc>

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