APPLICATION

SES Government Solutions, Inc. ("SES-GS") hereby seeks a license for a new earth station in Pago Pago, American Samoa, that will communicate with the O3b Ka-band non-geostationary orbit fixed-satellite service ("NGSO FSS") satellite fleet. Operations of this earth station have commenced pursuant to special temporary authority ("STA"). See File Nos. SES-STA-20160426-00372 & SES-STA-20160624-00604. Grant of the requested license is in the public interest as it will allow SES-GS to provide O3b capacity to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Agency to support the provision by the National Weather Service of data on weather and climate, including warnings for the protection of life and property.

SES-GS incorporates herein the information included in its initial STA request for this site, File No. SES-STA-20160426-00372. As noted in that request, the Commission has granted U.S. market access for the O3b constellation, authorizing U.S. earth stations to communicate with the O3b fleet.¹ Moreover, the antenna model that SES-GS is seeking to use has already been approved by the Commission for operations with the O3b network throughout the continental U.S., Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.² For the Commission's convenience, SES-GS is reattaching the radiation hazard study for this antenna that was included in the STA request, as well as a set of link budgets for the proposed operations.

¹ See O3b Limited, Call Sign S2935, File Nos. SAT-LOI-20141029-00118 & SAT-AMD-20150115-00004, granted Jan. 22, 2015 (authorizing operations in the 17.8-18.6 GHz, 18.8-19.3 GHz, 27.6-28.4 GHz, and 28.6-29.1 GHz bands).

O3b was granted certain waivers in connection with its request for U.S. market access, including waivers of the geographical coverage requirements for Ka-band NGSO systems in Section 25.145(c) and of the cross-polarization isolation requirements in Section 25.210(i)(1). See *id.*, Attachment to Grant at 3-4. To the extent necessary, SES-GS requests that these waivers be extended to the operations proposed in this license application.

² See O3b Limited, Call Sign E140101, File No. SES-LIC-20141001-00781, granted June 8, 2015. A full set of patterns for this antenna model is already on file as a part of that application.



RADIATION HAZARD STUDY

In this report SES Government Solutions, Inc. ("SES-GS") analyzes the maximum radiofrequency (RF) levels emitted from the satellite communications antenna described below. The reference document for this study is OET Bulletin No. 65, Edition 97-01, *Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, August 1997.

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas 299.792458 / F 299.792458 / F 0 ffset feed antenna π Dref ² / 4 Offset feed antenna π Dsub ² / 4 Direct measurement		
Transmit Power	Р	35.90	W			
Frequency	F	28388	MHz			
Wavelength	λ	0.011	m	299.792458 / F		
Antenna Diameter	Dref	2.4	m			
Antenna Surface Area	Aref	4.524	m²	π Dref ² / 4		
Subreflector Diameter	Dsub	N/A	m	Offset feed antenna		
Subreflector Surface Area	Asub	N/A	m²	π Dsub² / 4		
Feed Flange Diameter	Dflange	0.0445	m	Direct measurement		
Feed Flange Area	Aflange	0.002	m²	π Dflange ² / 4		
Antenna Gain	Ges	55.20	dBi	Mfg spec		
Antenna Gain	G	331131.121		10^(Ges / 10)		
Antenna Efficiency	η	0.650		$G\lambda^2/\pi^2Dref^2$		
Pi	π	3.142				

1. The following data is used throughout the analysis:

2. Density at Feed Flange

The maximum power flux density at the surface of the feed flange is as follows:

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Density @ flange		92330.362	W/m²	4 P / Aflange
	Sflange	9232.304	mW/cm ²	

3. Density at Main Reflector

The maximum power flux density at the surface of the main reflector is as follows:

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Density @ Main Reflector		31.740	W/m²	4 P / Aref
	Ssurface	3.174	mW/cm ²	



4. Density between Main Reflector and Ground

The maximum power flux density in the area between the edge of the main reflector and the ground is as follows

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Density, Main Reflector/Ground		7.935	W/m²	P / Aref
	Sground	0.794	mW/cm ²	

5. Density within the Near Field

The Near Field environment for a parabolic reflector antenna is contained within a cylinder with the same diameter as the main reflector which extends to a distance called the Near Field Extent

Power within the Near Field is constant with the following maximum flux density:

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Range to Near Field Extent	Rnf	136.357	m	$\text{Dref}^2/4\lambda$
Density within the Near Field		20.619	W/m²	16.0 η P / π Dref²
	Snf	2.062	mW/cm ²	

6. Density at Transition Region

The Transition Region is the area between the Near Field and Far Field regions where power decreases linearly with distance.

The maximum power flux density within the Transition Region is located at the Near Field extent range and is calculated as follows:

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Range to Transition Region	Rt	136.357	m	Occurs at near field extent
Density @ Transition		20.619	W/m ²	Snf Rnf / Rt
	Snf	2.062	mW/cm ²	

7. Density at Beginning of the Far Field

The Far Field region is the range at which power decreases inversely with the square of the distance. The maximum power flux density within the Far Field region occurs at the Far Field Boundary and is calculated as follows:

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Range to Far Field Boundary	Rff	327.256	m	0.6 D² / λ
Density @ Far Field Boundary		8.832	W/m²	P G / 4 π Rff ²
	Sff	0.883	mW/cm ²	

8. Range to Far Field General Population Exposure Limit

In addition to the power flux density calculations at key locations, it's valuable to locate the specific range at which MPE limits are reached to aid in managing exposure control. The following calculation shows the range at which the Far Field General Population MPE limit occurs:



Parameters	Symbol	Value	Units	Notes/Formulas
Range to 1 mW/cm ²		307.541	m	Range to General Population Limit
		10.001	W/m²	
		1.000	mW/cm ²	

9. Non-Ionizing Radiation Summary

Flux Densities & Exposure Limits

General Population Exposure Limit = 1.0 mW/cm² Occupational Exposure Limit = 5.0 mW/cm²

Region	Symbol	Level	Units	Hazard Assessment
Density @ Antenna Flange	Sflange	9232.304	mW/cm ²	Exceeds General Population Exposure limit
				Exceeds Occupational Exposure limit
Density @ Main Reflector	Ssurface	3.174	mW/cm ²	Exceeds General Population Exposure limit
				Does not exceed Occupational Exposure limit
Density Between Main Reflector and Ground	Sground	0.794	mW/cm²	Does not exceed General Population Exposure limit
				Does not exceed Occupational Exposure limit
Max Density @ Near Field Extent	Snf	2.062	mW/cm²	Exceeds General Population Exposure limit
				Does not exceed Occupational Exposure limit
Max Density @ Transition Region	St	2.062	mW/cm²	Exceeds General Population Exposure limit
				Does not exceed Occupational Exposure limit
Density @ Beginning of Far Field	Sff	0.883	mW/cm ²	Does not exceed General Population Exposure limit
				Does not exceed Occupational Exposure limit

Range to Key Points and General Population Exposure Limit Avoidance Methods

Distance from Antenna	Symbol	Value	Units	Protection Method
Antenna Immediate Area				Fencing and Signage, no public access
Range to Near Field Extent	Rnf	136.357	m	Main lobe offset greater than 1 diameter
Range to Far Field Boundary	Rff	327.256	m	Main lobe offset greater than 1 diameter
Range to 1 mW/cm ² MPE Limit		307.541	m	Main lobe offset greater than 1 diameter



10. Conclusion

The above analysis confirms the presence of potentially hazardous power flux densities at the terminals which will require physical and operation protections to manage General Population and Occupational Exposure.

As appropriate, SES GS will use fencing, signage, and other measures to limit access to the relevant area. Procedures will be in place requiring that transmit power be turned off before work on the 2.4m antennas is performed. Where an enclosed area is necessary, the size of the enclosed area will consider the RF hazards and the surrounding terrain. The signage will clearly state the standard Radiation Hazard warning.

Personnel with access to the antenna will be trained to ensure that the antennas are off before working in the vicinity or on the antenna systems directly.

11. Certification

I hereby certify I have reviewed the engineering information submitted, and that it is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

<u>/s/ Majid Borojeni</u>

Majid Borojeni Network Engineering Director SES Government Solutions April 26, 2016

03b Networks ohan van Oldenbarneveltlaan 582 NE The Hague	5		SD							
he Netherlands	Fibe	r Speed. Sate	Networks Nite Reach,							
atellite and Transponder Info atellite:	Ormation O3b C1	Uplink Inform Beam Name:	ation	TELCO-L	Downlink Ir Beam Name:	formation		GW1-R	Key Status	Indicators
ongitude [deg E]:	213.50	Begin Freq [MH		28,601.00	Begin Freq [f			18,801.00	Sys Margin	2 20 20
ransponder ID: andwidth [MHz]:	R08-TL14/GW1 216.0	Center Freq [M End Freq [MHz]		28,709.00 28,817.00	Center Freq End Freq [Mi			18,909.00 19,017.00	U/L EIRP Lim	Ø
sable Bandwidth [MHz]: ominal Input Backoff [dB]:	216.0 -18.0	Bandwidth [MH Beam-Peak SFD		216.00 -63.0	Bandwidth [I Saturation Be		P [dRW]	216.00 49.0	D/L PFD Lim Xpdr Power	2
ominal Output Backoff [dB]:	-12.8 FGM	Beam-Peak G/1		5.7 LHCP	Operational			36.2 RHCP	Xpdr BW HPA OBO	0
ransponder Operating Mode: LC Dynamic Range[dB]:	FGM	Polarization: Beam Center C		LHCP	Polarization: Beam Center	City:	Sun	set Beach	HPA OBO	
		Beam Center C Beam Center La Beam Center La	atitude [deg M		Beam Center Beam Center Beam Center	Latitude [de		U.S.A. 21.6700 201.9700		
erformance computed from use	r specified HPA po	ower rating and re	equired availa	bility.						
arrier Information	STCA SESGS NOA			alculation					Rain Up **	Rain Dn
arrier Type:	STCA SESGS NOA	A 10Mbps RTN Digital	E/S HPA O	equired Size [peration Loss	[dB]:			14.0 0.0	14.0 0.0	14.0 0.0
evision Number: plink Center Frequency [MHz]:		1 28,709.0000	UPC Powe	BO (per-carrie r Boost [dB]:				-2	-2 0.0	-2 0.0
ownlink Center Frequency [MH formation Rate [Mbit/s]:	z]:	18,909.0000 16.4851		E/S HPA OBO (HPA Output Fl	[per-carrier) [dE ange [dBW]:	i]:		-2.0 12.0	-2.0 12.0	-2.0 12.0
verhead [Mbit/s]: omposite Data Rate [Mbit/s]:		0.1649 16.6500	E/S HPA C					200.0 0.8		200.0 0.8
ner Code Rate		0.83250	Power at a	Antenna Input	Flange [dBW]:			11.2	11.2	11.2
Gode (n,k): uter Code Rate		N/A		tenna Gain [d				55.7 66.9	55.7 66.9	55.7 66.9
fective Code Rate:		0.83250	Radome L	oss [dB]:				1.5	1.5	1.5
odulation Type: umber of Bits Per Symbol:		16APSK 4.0000 MHz		Jplink EIRP [d e Space Loss				65.4 201.0		65.4 201.0
mbol Rate [Msym/s]: bise Bandwidth [MHz]:		5.0000	Uplink Mi	cellaneous L	osses [dB]:			0.5	0.5	0.5
ter Roll-off Factor		0.05	Uplink AL	pagation Loss Gain [dB]				0.0	0.0	0.0
reading Factor indwidth Allocation Factor:		1.00		ersity Gain [d ailability [%/y				0.0	0.0 99.712%	0.0
located Bandwidth [MHz]:		5.2500	Gain of 1n	n^2 Antenna [dBi]:	F 100 4 1 /		50.6	50.6	50.6
quired Clear-Sky C/N [dB]: quired Clear-Sky Eb/No [dB]:		12.4 7.2			in of Uplink E/S Beam-Peak [dB\			-86.5 -63.0	- 111.1 -63.0	-86.5 -63.0
quired Rain-Degraded C/N [dB		2.8	Uplink As	ect Correctio	n [dB]:		51 -	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6
quired Rain-Degraded Eb/No [quired Link Availability [%/yr]:	uoj:	1.9 98.500%	IMUX Filte	r Response [o		, s (uBW/m^2	-j:	-63.6 -0.1	-0.1	-63.6 -0.1
equired C/N Rain Margin [dB]: equired Eb/No Rain Margin [dB]				ut Backoff [d er Beam-Peal				-23.0	-47.6 5.7	-23.0
ther Carrier Losses [dB]:		0.0	Transpond	er G/T in Dire	ction of Tx E/S	[dB/K]:		6.3	6.3	6.3
equired System Margin [dB]: nk Budget Type		0.5 Preliminary	Uplink Co		/N [dB]: rference (CCI) (e Interference			30.7 52.3 200.0	6.2 27.8 200.0	30.7 52.3 200.0
ransmit E/S Information		SMA PAP 002	Transno	nder Calcu	lations			Clear	Rain Up	Rain Dn
ode:		SMA_PAP_002	Xpdr Dlk S	aturation EIR	P Towards Beam			49.0		49.0
ty / Country: Pag titude [deg N]:	o Pago, American	Samoa/U.S.A. -14.330000		aturation EIRI O - IBO Delta	P Towards Rece	ve E/S [dBW]]:	48.9 5.2	48.9	48.9 5.2
ingitude [deg E]:		189.250000	Carrier Ou	tput Backoff	[dB]:			-17.8	-42.4	-17.8
titude [m]: ange to Satellite [km]:		195 9,303.0		er Response wnlink EIRP T	(dB): owards Beam-P	eak [dBW]:		0.0 31.2	0.0	0.0 31.2
ue Azimuth [deg]: ue Elevation [deg]:		61.4 43.4		Aspect Correct wolink FIRP (tion [dB]: Towards Receiv	E/S) [dBW]		0.1 31.1	0.1	0.1 31.1
agnetic Azimuth [deg]:		49.7	Transpond	er HPA Intern	nodulation C/IM	/ [dB]:		35.6	11.0	35.6
fective (Refracted) Elevation [o stance from Beam Center [km]	leg]:	43.4	Adjacent	Carrier Interfe	rence (ACI) C/I	[dB]:		37.6	13.0	37.6
fset from Beam Center [deg]:		0.04	Downlin	k Calculati	ons			Clear	Rain Up	Rain Dn
PA Size [W]: PA Required Size [W]:		40.0 25.0		Free Space Lo Miscellaneous				197.1 0.5	197.1	197.1 0.5
A Operating Mode:			Downlink	Propagation L	oss Margin [dB]	:		0.4	0.4	27.8
PA Operation Loss [dB]: PC Type:		0.0 None		Diversity Gair Availability [5				0.0	0.0	0.0 99.990%
PC Dynamic Range [dB]:		0.0	Effective	₹x E/S G/T [dB	/K]:			40.7 35.4	40.7 10.8	36.0
plink System Loss [dB]: ameter / Effective Aperture [m]:	0.8	Downlink		nterference C/I			42.9	18.4	42.9
ficiency [%]: ntenna Gain (at Cxr Uplink Freq	[dBi]-	71.0% 55.7	Downlink	Adjacent Sate	ellite Interferen	:e C/I [dB]:		40.0	15.4	40.0
adome Loss [dB]:		1.5	Perform	ance Sumi	mary			Clear	Rain Up	Rain Dn
tenna Uplink Mispointing Loss blink Depolarization Loss [dB]:	[dB]:	0.5	Carrier To	tal C/N [dB]: ier Losses [dB				27.6	3.0 0.0	3.3 0.0
ther Uplink Losses [dB]:		0.0	Predicted	C/N [dB]:				27.6	3.0	3.3
plink Aspect Correction [dB]: tal HPA OBO (All Carriers)		-0.6	Required Predicted	C/N [dB]: Eb/No [dB]:				12.4 22.4	2.8 2.1	2.8
aximum HPA OBO		-2.0		Eb/No [dB]:				12.4	2.8	2.8
acaiva E/S Information			Fooribili	ty Analysi		A	chieved C/ W	Achieved CW & Rain	Required	Satisfied?
eceive E/S Information ame:		SUN_RH	C/W Syste	ty Analysis m Margin [dB]:		<u>w</u> 15.2	0.2	0.5	NO
ode: tv / Country:	Supro	SUN_RH t Beach/U.S.A.	Required	Link Availabilit Eb/No Rain M	:y [%/yr]:		14.67	99.702%	98.500%	YES N/A
y / Country: titude [deg N]:	Suitse	21.670000	required	Lorno Rain M	ur gill.		14.0/		l	N/A
ngitude [deg E]:		201.970000		Off-Axis ElF				nk PFD Ma		
titude [m]: inge to Satellite [km]:		0 9,026.4		Carrier U/L Bo nalysis Angle	resight EIRP [d [deg]:	FALSE 3.0		L EIRP at Bear Angle of Arriv	n Peak [dBW]: ral [deg]:	FALSE 5.0
ue Azimuth [deg]: ue Elevation [deg]:		150.9	Antenna (Off-Axis Gain	[dBi]:	17.1	Path Loss	Towards Ang th's Surface [Arr [dB]:	201.5
agnetic Azimuth [deg]:		141.3	ITU Off-Ax	is EIRP Limit	[dBW]:	48.0	ITU RR-28	Limit (dBW/n		-108.0
ective (Refracted) Elevation [c stance from Beam Center [km]		48.8 0.00	Off-Axis E	IRP Limit Mar	gin [dB]:	86.7	PFD Margi	n [dB]:	I	46.5
fset from Beam Center [deg]:		0.00								
idome Loss [dB]: ameter / Effective Aperture [m	1:	0.0	Noise A	nalysis	Perc	ent of Tot	al [%]	C/I or	C/IM or C/	N [dB]
ficiency [%]:		80.0%			Clear	Rain Up	Rain Dn	Clear	Rain Up	Rain Dn
tenna Gain (at Cxr Downlink Fi wnlink Feed Loss [dB]:	eq) [dBi]:	62.2 0.8	E/S HPA IN Uplink The	/ ermal Noise	0.0%	0.0% 48.4%	0.0%	200.0 30.7	200.0 6.2	200.0 30.7
tenna Noise Temperature [K]:		45.0	Uplink CC		0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	52.3	27.8	52.3
A Noise Temperature [K]: nbient Temperature [K]:		60.0 120.0	Uplink ASI Xpdr HPA		0.0%	0.0% 15.9%	0.0%	200.0 35.6		200.0 35.6
stem Noise Temperature (Clea	r-Sky) [K]:	119.9	ACI		0.0%	10.1%	0.0%	37.6	13.0	37.6
EO Boost Gain [dB]: fective G/T (Clear-Sky) [dB/K]:		40.7	Downlink		0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	42.9	18.4	42.9
ntenna Downlink Mispointing L ownlink Depolarization Loss [df ther Downlink Losses [dB]:	8]:	0.5 0.0 0.0	Downlink Total Nois		0.0% 0.3%	5.7% 100.0%	0.0% 94.4%	40.0 27.6	15.4 3.0	40.0 3.3
ownlink Aspect Correction [dB] andwidth Analysis		0.1								
llocated Bandwidth [MHz/%]: ower Equivalent Bandwidth [M	5.2500 Hz/%]: 68.3426									
eased Bandwidth [MHz/%]:	68.3426	31.64%								
	nea:	PWR Limited								
apacity Optimal / BW / PWR Lin * The predicted availability for I		be worse								

O3b Networks ohan van Oldenbarneveltlaan 5 582 NE The Hague		3 D)						
he Netherlands	her Speed. Satel	Networks Nite Reach							
atellite and Transponder Information	Uplink Inform	ation		Downlink I	nformation			Key Status	Indicators
atellite: 03b C1 ongitude [deg E]: 213.50	Beam Name: Begin Freq [MH	21.	GW1-R 28,601.00	Beam Name: Begin Freq [I			TELCO-L 18,801.00	Overall Sys Margin	6
ransponder ID: R08-GW1/TL14	Center Freq [M	Hz]:	28,709.00	Center Freq	[MHz]:		18,909.00	Availability U/L EIRP Lim	
Isable Bandwidth [MHz]: 216.0	End Freq [MHz]: Bandwidth [MH	[z]:	216.00	End Freq [Mi Bandwidth [MHz]:		19,017.00 216.00	D/L PFD Lim	
Iominal Input Backoff [dB]: -6.0 Iominal Output Backoff [dB]: -3.8	Beam-Peak SFD Beam-Peak G/T		-73.8 5.4		eam-Peak EIR Beam-Peak E		49.0 45.2	Xpdr Power Xpdr BW	E
ransponder Operating Mode: ALC LC Dynamic Range[dB]: 25.00	Polarization: Beam Center Ci		RHCP set Beach	Polarization: Beam Center		telecommu	LHCP	HPA OBO	
	Beam Center La Beam Center La Beam Center La	ountry: ititude [deg	U.S.A. N]: 21.6700	Beam Center Beam Center		A g N]:	uthority-2 -14.1800 -170.4100		
erformance computed from user specified HPA	power rating and re	equired avail	ability.						
arrier Information			Calculations				Clear 4.9	Rain Up ** 4.9	Rain D
arrier Type:	Digital	E/S HPA C	tequired Size [Operation Loss	[dB]:			0.0	0.0	0.
evision Number: plink Center Frequency [MHz]:	28,709.0000	UPC Powe	DBO (per-carrie er Boost [dB]:				-13 0.0	-13 9.0	-1
ownlink Center Frequency [MHz]: iformation Rate [Mbit/s]:	18,909.0000 19.1584	Power at	HPA Output FI	per-carrier) [dl ange [dBW]:	B]:		-13.0 -8.1	-4.0 0.9	-13
iverhead [Mbit/s]: iomposite Data Rate [Mbit/s]:	0.1916 19.3500	E/S HPA C Uplink Sy	:/IM [dB]: stem Loss [dB]				200.0 2.5	200.0 2.5	200
nner Code Rate	0.77400 N/A	Power at	Antenna Input	Flange [dBW]:			-10.6	-1.6 65.5	-10.
S Code (n,k): uter Code Rate		Uplink Elf		ыј.			54.9	63.9	54.
ffective Code Rate: todulation Type:	0.77400 32APSK	Radome I Effective	.oss [dB]: Uplink EIRP [d	3W]:			0.0 54.9	0.0 63.9	0. 54.
lumber of Bits Per Symbol: ymbol Rate [Msym/s]:	5.0000 MHz 5.0000	Uplink Fre	ee Space Loss scellaneous Lo	dB]:			200.7	200.7	200.
loise Bandwidth [MHz]:	5.0000	Uplink Pr	opagation Loss				0.9	21.8	0.
ilter Roll-off Factor preading Factor	0.05	Uplink AL Uplink Di	C Gain [dB] versity Gain [d	B]			0.0 0.0	11.9 0.0	0. 0.
andwidth Allocation Factor: Ilocated Bandwidth [MHz]:	1.05 5.2500	Uplink Av	ailability [%/yi m^2 Antenna [1:			50.6	99.842% 50.6	0.0005
equired Clear-Sky C/N [dB]:	13.9	Carrier FD	From Directio	n of Uplink E/S			-96.1	-108.0	-96.
equired Clear-Sky Eb/No [dB]: equired Rain-Degraded C/N [dB]:	8.0 7.6	Uplink As	pect Correction				-73.8 -0.3	-73.8 -0.3	-73. -0.
equired Rain-Degraded Eb/No [dB]: equired Link Availability [%/yr]:	4.5 98.500%	Transpon		irection of Tx	E/S [dBW/m^2	!]:	-74.1 -0.1	-74.1 -0.1	-74.
equired C/N Rain Margin [dB]:		Carrier In	put Backoff [dl	3]:			-22.1	-22.1	-22
equired Eb/No Rain Margin [dB]: hther Carrier Losses [dB]:	0.0		der Beam-Peak der G/T in Dire	G/T [dB/K]: ction of Tx E/S	[dB/K]:		5.4 5.7	5.4 5.7	5
equired System Margin [dB]: ink Budget Type	0.5 Preliminary	Uplink Th	ermal Noise C				20.6 50.1	8.7 38.2	20. 50.
				Interference			200.0	200.0	200.
ransmit E/S Information ame:	SUN_LH	Transor	onder Calcu	lations			Clear	Rain Up	Rain D
ode:	SUN_LH	Xpdr Dlk	Saturation EIRF	Towards Bean			49.0	49.0	49.
ity / Country: Suns atitude [deg N]:	et Beach/U.S.A. 21.670000		Saturation EIRF BO - IBO Delta	Towards Rece [dB]:	ive E/S [dBW]	1:	49.0 2.2	49.0 2.2	49. 2.
ongitude [deg E]: Ititude [m]:	201.970000 0		utput Backoff [ter Response [-19.9 0.0	-19.9 0.0	-19.
ange to Satellite [km]:	9,026.4	Carrier Do	ownlink EIRP T	owards Beam-P	Peak [dBW]:		29.0	29.0	29.
rue Azimuth [deg]: rue Elevation [deg]:	150.9 48.8	Downlink Carrier Do	Aspect Correct ownlink EIRP (1	tion [dB]: 'owards Receiv	e E/S) [dBW]:		0.0 29.1	0.0 29.1	0. 29.
lagnetic Azimuth [deg]: ffective (Refracted) Elevation [deg]:	141.3 48.8	Transpon	der HPA Intern	nodulation C/II ence (ACI) C/I	M [dB]:		20.4 26.4	20.4 26.4	20. 26.
istance from Beam Center [km]:	0.00	Adjacent	carrier interier	ence (Aci) ch	lubj.				20
ffset from Beam Center [deg]: PA Size [W]:	0.00		nk Calculati				Clear 197.4	Rain Up 197.4	Rain D 197.
IPA Required Size [W]:	3.1	Downlink	Free Space Lo Miscellaneous	Losses [dB]:			0.5	0.5	0.
IPA Operating Mode: IPA Operation Loss [dB]:	0.0		Propagation L Diversity Gain	oss Margin [dB [dB]]:		0.7	0.7	9. 0.
IPC Type: IPC Dynamic Range [dB]:	AUPC 9.0	Downlink	Availability [9 Rx E/S G/T [dB	6/yr]:			28.8	0.000%	99.557 25
Iplink System Loss [dB]:	2.5	Downlink	Thermal Noise	e C/N [dB]:			21.0	21.0	8.
lameter / Effective Aperture [m]: fficiency [%]:	7.3 74.0%			iterference C/I llite Interferen			57.4 40.0	57.4 40.0	57. 40.
ntenna Gain (at Cxr Uplink Freq) [dBi]:	65.5								
adome Loss [dB]: ntenna Uplink Mispointing Loss [dB]:	0.0	Carrier To	nance Sumr ital C/N [dB]:				Clear 15.5	Rain Up 8.1	Rain D
Iplink Depolarization Loss [dB]: hther Uplink Losses [dB]:	0.0		rier Losses [dB C/N [dB]:]:			0.0	0.0 8.1	0. 8
Iplink Aspect Correction [dB]:	-0.3	Required	C/N [dB]:				13.9	7.6	7.
otal HPA OBO (All Carriers) faximum HPA OBO	-23.8 -4.0	Predicted	Eb/No [dB]: Eb/No [dB]:				9.6 13.9	5.0 7.6	5. 7.
					A	chieved C/	Achieved		
Receive E/S Information	SMA_PAP_002		ity Analysis em Margin [dB			<u>w</u> 1.6	CW & Rain 0.5	Required 0.5	Satisfied YES
ode:	SMA_PAP_002	Required	Link Availabilit Eb/No Rain M	y [%/yr]:		1.14	99.399%	98.500%	YES N/A
ity / Country: Pago Pago, America atitude [deg N]:	n Samoa/U.S.A. -14.330000	required	LU/NO Kain M	ai gitt:		1.14			n/A
ongitude [deg E]:	189.250000		Off-Axis EIF Carrier U/L Bor		54165		nk PFD Ma		
ltitude [m]: ange to Satellite [km]:	195 9,303.0	Off-Axis	Analysis Angle	[deg]:	FALSE 3.0	Assumed	L EIRP at Bear Angle of Arriv	al [deg]:	5.0
rue Azimuth [deg]: rue Elevation [deg]:	61.4 43.4		Off-Axis Gain [/L Off-Axis EIR		17.1 -48.5		Towards Ang th's Surface [201.5 -154.5
lagnetic Azimuth [deg]: ffective (Refracted) Elevation [deg]:	49.7 43.4	ITU Off-A	dis EIRP Limit (EIRP Limit Mar	dBW]:	48.0		Limit (dBW/n		-108.0
ffective (Refracted) Elevation [deg]: listance from Beam Center [km]:	43.4 40.29	UTI-MXIS I	r cimić Marj	ու լածյ։	90.5	ri u Margi	[uo]:		40.5
Vffset from Beam Center [deg]: adome Loss [dB]:	0.17	Netro	nahoria	-	ent of Tot	al [0/]	C 11	C/IN4	N Land
iameter / Effective Aperture [m]:	2.4	Noise A	anarysis					C/IM or C/	
fficiency [%]: ntenna Gain (at Cxr Downlink Freq) [dBi]:	74.9% 52.3	E/S HPA I	м	<u>Clear</u> 0.0%	Rain Up 0.0%	Rain Dn 0.0%	Clear 200.0	Rain Up 200.0	Rain D 200.
ownlink Feed Loss [dB]: ntenna Noise Temperature [K]:	0.5	Uplink Th Uplink CC	ermal Noise	5.6%	87.1% 0.1%	5.6%	20.6	8.7 38.2	20.
NA Noise Temperature [K]:	120.0	Uplink AS	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	200.0	200.0	200
mbient Temperature [K]: ystem Noise Temperature (Clear-Sky) [K]:	290.0 200.0	Xpdr HPA ACI	IM	5.8% 1.5%	5.8% 1.5%	5.8% 1.5%	20.4 26.4	20.4 26.4	20. 26.
IEO Boost Gain [dB]: ffective G/T (Clear-Sky) [dB/K]:	0.0 28.8	Downlink Downlink	Thermal Noise		5.2% 0.0%	87.0% 0.0%	21.0	21.0	8.
ntenna Downlink Mispointing Loss [dB]:	0.5	Downlink	ASI	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	40.0	40.0	40.
iownlink Depolarization Loss [dB]: hther Downlink Losses [dB]: iownlink Aspect Correction [dB]:	0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Noi	ie .	18.2%	99.8%	100.0%	15.5	8.1	8.
andwidth Analysis llocated Bandwidth [MHz/%]: 5.250									
ower Equivalent Bandwidth [MHz/%]: 5.286	0 2.45%								
eased Bandwidth [MHz/%]: 5.286 apacity Optimal / BW / PWR Limited: 0	i0 2.45% apacity Optimal								
* The predicted availability for rain on uplink manactual due to un-modeled gain compression.	iy be worse								