

CALHOUN SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS
 TEMP FIXED EARTH STATION
 ANALYSIS OF NON-IONIZING RADIATION
 FOR A 2.4 METER KU BAND EARTH STATION

This report analyzes the non-ionizing radiation levels for an earth station antenna. The OET Bulletin 65, Edit. 97-01, August 1997, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields specifies that the maximum level of non-ionizing radiation that a person may be exposed to cover a six minute period is an average power density equal to 5 mw/cm² in a controlled environment. For the general population, a person may be exposed to cover a thirty minute period is an average power density equal to 1mw/cm² in an uncontrolled environment. It is the purpose of this report to determine the power flux densities of the earth station surface area, in the near field, transition region and far field.

P=Antenna Power(watts), G=Antenna Gain(db), D=Antenna Diameter(meters)
 F=Ctr Frequency(gHz), Wl=WaveLength(meters)

Antenna Surface(m²) $A=3.14*D^2/4$
 Antenna Surface Density(w/m²) $Ss=4*P/A$

Wavelength Wl(m)= $3/(F*10)$
 Near Field Region $Rnf(m)=D^2/(4*Wl)$

Near Field Region Density $Snf(m/m^2)=16*.6*P/(3.14*D^2)$

Transition Region $Rff(m)=.6*d^2/Wl$
 Transition Region Density $St(w/m^2)=Snf*Rnf/Rff$

Far Field Region $Sff(m)=P*G/(4*3.14*Rff)$

Earth Station Radiation Hazard Calculations

Freq(ghz)= 14.1 Power(w)=250.0 AntGain(db)= 48.9 AntSize(m)= 2.4
 Wavelength(m)= .021 Antenna surface(m²)= 4.5

| | | | |
|---|--------|---------------------------|-------|
| AntSurfDen Ss(w/m ²)= | 221.16 | Ss(mw/cm ²)= | 22.12 |
| Near-Field Region Rnf(m)= | 67.80 | | |
| Near-Field Den Snf(w/m ²)= | 143.75 | Snf(mw/cm ²)= | 14.38 |
| Transition Region Rff(m)= | 162.7 | | |
| Tran Region Den St(w/cm ²)= | 59.90 | St(mw/cm ²)= | 5.99 |
| Far Field Region Sff(w/cm ²)= | .04 | Sff(mw/cm ²)= | .00 |

ANALYSIS RESULTS

LIMITS - 1mw/cm² Uncontrolled, 5mw/cm² Controlled

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Antenna Surface Density | Ss(mw/cm ²) | 22.116 | Potential Hazard, >= Limit |
| Near Field Density | Snf(mw/c) | 14.375 | |
| Transition Region | St(mw/cm) | 5.990 | |
| Far Field Density | Sff(mw/c) | .004 | |

For a minimum elevation angle of 5.0(deg) and a object height of 8.0(ft)
 For radiation non-hazard, the minimum distance to object= 99.3(ft)

Prepared by: TELE-SCI SOLUTIONS, LLC P.O. Box 237 Augusta, NJ 07822-0237

CALHOUN SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS
 TEMPORARY FIXED EARTH STATION
 ANALYSIS OF NON-IONIZING RADIATION
 FOR A 2.4 METER C BAND EARTH STATION

This report analyzes the non-ionizing radiation levels for an earth station antenna. The OET Bulletin 65, Edit. 97-01, August 1997, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields specifies that the maximum level of non-ionizing radiation that a person may be exposed to cover a six minute period is an average power density equal to 5 mw/cm² in a controlled environment. For the general population, a person may be exposed to cover a thirty minute period is an average power density equal to 1mw/cm² in an uncontrolled environment. It is the purpose of this report to determine the power flux densities of the earth station surface area, in the near field, transition region and far field.

P=Antenna Power(watts), G=Antenna Gain(db), D=Antenna Diameter(meters)
 F=Ctr Frequency(gHz), Wl=WaveLength(meters)

Antenna Surface(m²) $A=3.14*D^2/4$
 Antenna Surface Density(w/m²) $Ss=4*P/A$

Wavelength Wl(m)= $3/(F*10)$

Near Field Region $Rnf(m)=D^2/(4*Wl)$

Near Field Region Density $Snf(m/m^2)=16*.6*P/(3.14*D^2)$

Transition Region $Rff(m)=.6*d^2/Wl$

Transition Region Density $St(w/m^2)=Snf*Rnf/Rff$

Far Field Region $Sff(m)=P*G/(4*3.14*Rff)$

Earth Station Radiation Hazard Calculations

Freq(ghz)= 6.1 Power(w)=250.0 AntGain(db)= 41.6 AntSize(m)= 2.4
 Wavelength(m)= .049 Antenna surface(m²)= 4.5

| | | | |
|---|--------|---------------------------|-------|
| AntSurfDen Ss(w/m ²)= | 221.16 | Ss(mw/cm ²)= | 22.12 |
| Near-Field Region Rnf(m)= | 29.46 | | |
| Near-Field Den Snf(w/m ²)= | 143.75 | Snf(mw/cm ²)= | 14.38 |
| Transition Region Rff(m)= | 70.7 | | |
| Tran Region Den St(w/cm ²)= | 59.90 | St(mw/cm ²)= | 5.99 |
| Far Field Region Sff(w/cm ²)= | .17 | Sff(mw/cm ²)= | .02 |

ANALYSIS RESULTS

LIMITS - 1mw/cm² Uncontrolled, 5mw/cm² Controlled

| | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Antenna Surface Density | Ss(mw/cm ²)=22.116 | Potential Hazard, >= Limit |
| Near Field Density | Snf(mw/cm ²)=14.375 | |
| Transition Region | St(mw/cm ²)=5.990 | |
| Far Field Density | Sff(mw/cm ²)=.017 | |

For a minimum elevation angle of 5.0(deg) and a object height of 8.0(ft)
 For radiation non-hazard, the minimum distance to object= 99.3(ft)

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