## FOX TELEVISION STATIONS, INC. FCC Form-312: EXHIBIT- B RF Radiation Hazard Analysis Page 1 of 1.

## RF RADIATION HAZARD ANALYSIS Exhibit #B

Antenna Diameter, (D) = 1.35 meters / 4.42935 Feet

Antenna Surface Area (Sa) = 1.4314 sq meters

Subreflector Diameter {Ds} = 0.0000 centimeters

Ku Wavelength at 14.250 GHz (LAMBDA) = 0.21038067 meters

Power output of VPC Flange= 20.000 dB ₩

Path Loss to OMT (IL) = 0.6 dB

Power at OMT, (P) = 87.10 Watts

Antenna Gain at 14.250GHz (G) = 44.30 dBi (2 port antenna gain)

Antenna Gain given in Power Ratio , (Ges) = 2.69E+04 Antenna Aperture Efficiency (N) = 0.650

Region			Radition Level		Hazard Assessment		
Far Field, (Rf) =	5.198 meters /	17.05 Feet	690.501	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Near Field, (Wf) =	2.166 meters /	7.106 Feet	15.820	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Transition Region (Rt)			equal to	or less than			
Ru <rt<rf< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>15.820</td><td>mW/cm sq</td><td>Potential Hazard</td></rt<rf<>			15.820	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Between Main Reflector and Subreflector (Ws)			N/A (no subreflector)				
Main Reflector Region (Wm)			12.169	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Power Density Between Reflector and Ground			6.085	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Far Field Off Axis (WF)			6.905	mW/cm sq	Potential Hazard		
Near Field Off Axis (WN)			0.158	mW/cm sq	Meets ANSI Requirements		

Conclusion: Based on the above analysis, harmful areas of Radiation do exist in the areas around the antenna and in the path of the antenna toward the satellite that it is pointed at. The Area occupied by the general public will not exceed the ANSI limit of 1mW cm sq. because the antenna is mounted on top of the truck, which is at least 8 feet above the ground, and safety increases with look angles used by the Satellites in the United States on Dom. Sat. arch. The areas on the ground and behind the antenna are 100 times less power (20dB) when at a min. of the dia. of the reflector. This is reflected in the Off Axis figures as seen above (WF) & (WN). The SNG will be marked with the standard radiation hazard warnings, and on the antenna itself. The warning signs will warn personnel to avoid the area around and in front of the reflector when the transmitter is operating. To ensure compliance with safety limits, the earth station transmitter will be turned off and marked to remain off whenever maintenance and repair personnel are required to work in the areas of potential hazard as defined in the above study. Additionally, the earth station personnel will be trained to ensure that the antenna path is clear at all times while the transmitter is in operation. The only access to the roof of the truck is a ladder that is not accessible by the general public.

Note: See Exhibit #Ba for how the above calculations were made.

Exhibit Ba Analysis on Non-Ionizing Radiation									
Antenna Diameter, (D) =	D: =	1.35 meters	D*3.281 =	4.429	Feet				
Antenna Surface Area, (Sa) =	Sa:=	π*4	Sa =	1.431	sq meters				
Subreflector Diameter, (Ds) =	Ds: =	0 cm	Ds*.3937	0.000	Inches				
Area of Subreflector, (As) =	As: =	π* Ds*Ds 4	As=	0.000	sq meters				
Center Frequency, (Cf) =	Cf: =	14.250 GHz							
Wavelength at (Cf), (Lambda) ≈	Lambda	a = 0.2103806709 meters							
Tansmit Power at HPA or VPC Flange, (P1) =	P1= P2:=log	100.00 watts (p1)*10	P2=	20.000	dB				
Path Loss from HPA or VPC to OMT, (IL) =	Loss: = P3:= P2	0.6 -Loss	P3=	19.400	OMT Pwr in dB				
	P:=	10 P3	P≂	87.096	OMT Pwr in watts				
Antenna Gain at (Cf), (Gain) =	Gain: =	44.30 dBi		***************************************					
Antenna Gain Converted to Power Ratio (Ges)=	Ges: =	10 Gain 10	Ges =	2.69E+04	Ratio				
Antenna Aperture Efficiency, (n) =	n: =	0.6500							
Far Field (Rf) =	Rf=	.60 * (D*D) Lambda	Rf = Rf*3.281=	5.198 17.054	meters feet				
Far Field Power Density (Wf) =	Wf=	#	Wf =	690.501	mw sq cm				
	······································	(D*D)	Rn=	2.166	meters				
Near Field (Rn) =	Rn= _	4*Lambda	Rf*3.281=	7.106	feet				
Near Field Power Density (Wn) =	Wn= -	16*n*P * .1	Wn =	15.820	mw sq cm				
Transition Region (Rt) =	Rt =	Wn*1	Rt≖	15.820	mw sq cm (Equal to or less than)				
Pwr Density at Sub Reflector (Ws) =	Ws=	2*P *1000 As	Ws =	N/A					
Main Reflector Region Pwr Density (Wm) =	Wm≠	2*P*.1	Wm =	12.169	mw sq cm				
Pwr Density between main reflector and ground (Wg) =	Wg=	P *.1	Wg =	6.085	mw sq cm				
Far Field Off Axis (WF) =	WF:=	Wf*.01	WF =	6.905	mw sq cm				
Near Field Off Axis (WN) =	WN:=	Wn*.01	WN=	0.158	mw sq cm				