This attachment contains the following items:

Suman SMT3.7R Specifications	Pages 2 and 3
Suman SMT3.7R Plots	Pages 4 through 21
Suman SMT3.7R Radiation Hazard Stu	dy Page 22 through 25
Suman SMT3.7R Frequency Coordinat	ion Page 26 through 35

# SM-T3.7R SATELLITE COMMUNICATION ANTENNA

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

SUMAN SATELLITE TECHNOLOGY COMPANY

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# PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS( APERTURE 3.7M)

2 R F	C-Band		Ku-9	and
SPECIFICATIONS	RECEIVE	TRANSMIT	RECEIVE	TRANSMIT
1. Frequency	3.625-4.2GHz	5.850-6.425GHz	12.25-12.75GHz	14.0-14.5GHz
	*3.4-4.2GHz	5.925-6.725GHz	*10.95-12.75GHz	
2. Gain at Midband	41.7dB	45.5dB	51.5dB	52.3dB
3. VSWR	1.25:1	1.25:1	1.25:1	1.25:1
4. Beamwidth (-3dB)	1.36°	0.87°	0.44°	0.38°
5. Antenna Noise Temperature				
5° Elevation	40 °K		69 °K	
10° Elevation	29 °K		54 °K	
20° Elevation	26 °K		45 °K	
30° Elevation	21 °K		42 °K	
6. Typical G/T at 20° Elevation,	22.7dB/ %		29.95dB/ °K	
Clear Horizon, 4GHz with 55°K LNA			( 11.85GHz, with 90	)°KLNA)
7. Power Handling Capability		5kW		2kW
8. Feed Interface	0PR-229F	CPR-137G	WR-75F	WR-75G
9. Feed Insertion Loss	0.15dB	0.17dB	0.25dB	0.4dB
10. Cross Polarization Isolation				
On Axis	35dB	35dB	35dB	35dB
Within 1 dB Beamwidth	30dB	30dB	30dB	30dB
11. Port to Port Isolation (Tx-Rx	≥85dB		≥85dB	
with Filter) 12. Axial Ratio (Circular Polarization) 2 Port Tx/Rx				
13. Sidelobes	1.3	1.09	1.3	1.09
1st sidelobe				
100λ/D°≤ θ ≤ 48°		-14dB	-1	4dB
	29- 25Log θ dBi		29- 25	Log θ dBi
* Provided according to User's				
requirement				
? MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION ? ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICA				IFICATIONS

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Gain(Rx) =	C/N =	Results:	D/L Path Loss D/L Aspect Correc D/L EIRP at Beam ( Is polarization corr	Non-Direct Reading Measured CRX 1 Measured Noise Measured (C+N)/	Bandwidth Filter(K Correction Factor(	G/T Test (LHCP, RF Diameter: System Temperatu	<u>ES-CODE:</u> SPACECRAFT:	<b>Intelsat</b>
#NUM! dBi	dB/Hz 65.1800 dB/Hz		:tion Center ection of 3.0 dBW required?(Y/N)	<u>g Specan:</u> Level(C+N) Floor Level(N): OR /N:	Hz.): 0.75 or 1.2):	+CP, RX Port 1. RX Port 2): re(Tant+TLna) (deg.Kelvin):	CPE-31	<u>G/T Calcu</u>
			196.4 dB 1.91 dB 10.4 dBW N	19.4 dBm dBm dB	1 KHz 1.2	RXPort1 3.7 m. K	ELEVATION:	ulation (Spectrun
Efficiency	G/T @ 4 GHz		L	Measured C/No Mea			16.7	n Analyzer i
* #NUM! %	24.4900 dB/K 24.2459 dB/K		Standard Applied: Standard Met: F	<u>Direct Reading Speca</u>   Noise Floor: sured:		<u>Testing Freq.:</u> Beacon Or Test Crx:	DATE: (	Direct Method)
				<u>ın:</u> 84.58 dBm/Hz 65.18 dB/Hz		Mhz 4114 MHz	<b>)</b> 5/03/2003	

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# **Antenna Verif Isolation Contour**

	Step	
0.000 0.191 0.191 -0.191 -0.191 -0.191 0.000 0.191	<u>Az-Offset ( deg )</u>	UT Code SM Code arth Station Switchin arth Station Switchin tellite/Location ( Deg ransponder Co-pol * (Up/Dn) Polarization (U) Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain Check Day Cross-pol ** (Up/Dn Polarization (U) Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain (dB)
0.000 0.000 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.000 -0.183 -0.183 -0.183	El-Offset ( deg )	ate/Time (UTC) g polarizations grees East ) p/Dn) te / Time (UTC) n) p/Dn) te/Time (UTC)
10.20 10.10 9.67 9.15 9.47 9.01 9.85 8.96 9.65 9.10	<u>Co-pol (dBW) ****</u>	05-MAF 05-MA
-27.61 -28.45 -29.57 -25.38 -26.14 -25.50 -23.77 -23.80 -27.32 -37.47	Cross-pol (dBW)****	CPE-31 C RAI -4A 904 /60.00 904 /60.00 36/36 L/ R 155.70 44 R-2003 12:10:34 86/86 R / L 151.49 -735 R-2003 12:13:55
33.60 34.34 35.03 30.32 31.40 30.30 29.41 28.55 32.76 42.36 TX PORT #1 IS COMPLIANT - APOL	Isolation ( dB ) Comment	SM Nominal downlink carrier frequency (MHz) Downlink Frequency Error (kHz) Reference C/N (dB) Reference C/N bandwidth (Hz) Weather UT Antenna Shape Antenna dimensions, Dim1/Dim2***(m) Power at Feed Flange (dBW) Azimuth at Beam Center (Deg UP) Elevation at Beam Center (Deg UP) Weather Nominal Uplink test carrier frequency (MHz)
		4,114.000 0.719 56.44 61 Clear 0.00 248.30 16.70 Light Snow 6,339.000

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\* Transponder monitored during copol level measurements Transponder monitored during cross-pol level measurements Dim1/Dim2 = Horizontal/Vertical Dimensions Level referred to transponder beam center at satellite

Date: 05-Mar-03 13:40:24

	Gain(Rx) =	C/N =	Results:	D/L Path Loss D/L Aspect Corr D/L EIRP at Bean Is polarization co	<u>Non-Direct Readi</u> Measured CRX Measured Nois Measured (C+N	Bandwidth Filter( Correction Facto	G/T Test (LHCP, I Diameter: System Temperat	<u>ES-CODE:</u> SP <u>ACECRAFT</u> :	The Intelse
	#NUM! dBi	dB/Hz 64.1800 dB/Hz		ection n Center orrection of 3.0 dBW required?(Y/N)	<u>ing Specan:</u> ( Level(C+N) se Floor Level(N) : OR N)/N:	(KHz.): r(0.75 or 1.2):	RHCP, RX Port 1. RX Port 2): ture(Tant+TLna) (deg.Kelvin):	<b>CPE-33</b> 904 60.00deg	at. <u>G/T Calc</u> i
				196.4 dB 1.91 dB 9.8 dBW N	19.9 dBm dBm dB	1 KHz 1.2	пнср 3.7 m. К	ELEVATION:	ulation (Spectrur
	Efficiency	G/T @ 4 GHz			[ Measured I C/No Meas			16.7	n Analyzer D
	#NUM! %	24.0900 dB/K 23.8459 dB/K		Standard Applied: Standard Met:	<u>Direct Reading Spec</u> Noise Floor: ured:		<u>esting Freq.:</u> Beacon Or Test Crx:	<u>DATE:</u>	irect Method)
s:\antenna\avtproc\				2 2 	<u>;an:</u> 84.08 dBm/Hz 64.18 dB/Hz		Mhz 4114 MHz	05/03/2003	









# **Antenna Verif Isolation Contour**

	Step	
0.000 0.190 -0.190 -0.190 -0.190 -0.190 0.000 0.190	Az-Offset ( deg )	JT Code SM Code SM Code st Performed On Da rth Station Switchin tellite/Location ( Deg ansponder Co-pol * (Up/Dn) Polarization (UI Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain Check Dat Cross-pol ** (Up/Dn Polarization (UJ Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain (dB)
0.000 0.000 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.000 -0.183 -0.183 -0.183	El-Offset ( deg )	ite/Time (UTC) g polarizations grees East ) p/Dn) p/Dn) p/Dn) te/Time (UTC)
9.73 9.52 9.11 9.27 9.27 9.27 9.27 8.75 8.75 8.71	<u>Co-pol (dBW) ****</u>	05-MAR 05-MAI
-31.54 -26.30 -27.44 -32.33 -25.95 -24.14 -25.91 -33.25	Cross-pol (dBW)****	CPE-33 RAI -4A -2003 15:59:11 CSM 904 /60.00 36/36 L/ R 155.70 EI 155.70 EI 86/86 R / L 151.49 -735 -2003 12:13:55
36.85 31.20 32.50 36.99 31.01 28.68 30.75 37.75 TX PORT #1 IS COMPLIANT - BPOL	Isolation (dB) Comment	M Nominal downlink carrier frequency (MHz) Downlink Frequency Error (kHz) Reference C/N (dB) Reference C/N bandwidth (Hz) Weather JT Antenna Shape Antenna Shape Antenna dimensions, Dim1/Dim2***(m) Power at Feed Flange (dBW) Azimuth at Beam Center (Deg CCW) Elevation at Beam Center (Deg UP) Weather Nominal Uplink test carrier frequency (MHz)
		4,114.000 0.743 56.47 61 Clear C 3.70/ 3.70 0.00 248.70 16.30 Light Snow 6,339.000

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Transponder monitored during copol level measurements
 Transponder monitored during cross-pol level measurements
 Dim1/Dim2 = Horizontal/Vertical Dimensions
 Level referred to transponder beam center at satellite

Date: 05-Mar-03 16:10:06

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	Gain(Rx) = #NUM! dBi	C/N = dB/Hz C/No = 65.0100 dB/Hz	Results:	D/L Path Loss D/L Aspect Correction D/L EIRP at Beam Center Is polarization correction of 3.0 dBW required?(Y/N)	<u>Non-Direct Reading Specan:</u> Measured CRX Level(C+N) Measured Noise Floor Level(N): OR Measured (C+N)/N:	Bandwidth Filter(KHz.): Correction Factor(0.75 or 1.2):	G/T Test (LHCP, RHCP, RX Port 1. RX Port 2): RH Diameter: System Temperature(Tant+TLna) (deg.Kelvin):	ES-CODE: CPE-32 SPACECRAFT: 904 60.00deg ELE	Intelsat. <u>G/T Calculation</u>
				196.4 dB 1.1 dB 10 dBW N	19.73 dBm dBm dB	1 KHz 1.2	3.7 m.	EVATION:	n (Spectrui
	Efficiency	G/T @ 4 GHz			Measured C/No Mea			16.7	m Analyzer
s:\ant	* #NUM! %	23.9100 dB/K 23.6659 dB/K		Standard Applied: F1 Standard Met: F1	<u>Direct Reading Specan:</u> I Noise Floor: sured:		<u>Testing Freq.:</u> Beacon Or Test Crx:	<u>DATE:</u> 05/0	Direct Method)
enna\avtproc\					84.74 dBm/Hz 65.01 dB/Hz		Mhz 4114 MHz	3/2003	









Date: 05-Mar-03 14:43:58

# **Antenna Verif Isolation Contour**

Step 5 4 3 3 2 1 6 8 7 7 6 5 4 3 3 2 1 7 6 8 7 7 6 5 4 3 3 2 1 7 6		EL Ea Ea
<u>Az-Offset (deg)</u> 0.000 0.191 0.191 -0.191 -0.191 -0.191 -0.191 0.000 0.191	ansponder Co-pol * (Up/Dn) Polarization (Up Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain Check Dat Polarization (Up Gain (dB) LO Offset (Hz) Gain Check Dat	T Code M Code st Performed On Da rth Station Switchin tellite/Location ( Deg
El-Offset ( deg ) 0.000 0.000 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.000 -0.183 -0.183 -0.183 -0.183	o/Dn) ;e / Time (UTC) )) p/Dn) ;e/Time ( UTC)	te/Time (UTC) g polarizations ;rees East )
<u>Co-pol (dBW) ****</u> 10.04 9.58 9.31 9.75 9.34 9.63 9.16 9.61 9.34	05-MA) 05-MAF	05-MAR
<u>Cross-pol (dBW)****</u> -24.91 -20.76 -21.21 -22.84 -25.52 -26.93 -24.95 -22.78	36/36 L/ R 155.70 EI 44 R-2003 12:10:34 86/86 R / L 151.49 -735 c-2003 12:13:55	CPE-32 CS RAI -4A -2003 14:31:35 CSM 904 /60.00
Isolation ( dB )         Comment           30.74         26.13           26.31         28.38           30.65         32.35           31.48         30.35           37.91         TX PORT #1 IS COMPLIANT - APO	UT Antenna Shape Antenna dimensions, Dim1/Dim2***(m) Power at Feed Flange (dBW) Azimuth at Beam Center (Deg CCW) Elevation at Beam Center (Deg UP) Weather Nominal Uplink test carrier frequency (MHz)	SM Nominal downlink carrier frequency (MHz) Downlink Frequency Error (kHz) Reference C/N (dB) Reference C/N bandwidth (Hz) Weather
L	C 3.70/ 3.70 0.00 248.28 16.69 Light Snow 6,339.000	4,114.000 0.718 56.48 61 Clear

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Transponder monitored during copol level measurements
 Transponder monitored during cross-pol level measurements
 Dim1/Dim2 = Horizontal/Vertical Dimensions
 Level referred to transponder beam center at satellite

## **RADIATION HAZARD EVALUATION**

For

### Clear Channel Satellite Services - 3.7M Suman C-Band Antenna

### 1 Overview

Determining the region around an antenna where radiation hazardous to human health is a consideration of many factors. With a parabolic dish antenna, the region is highly directional and the actual hazardous region is dependent on the antenna elevation angle. The following formulae are used to determine the near and far field regions. These regions are in the main beam of the radiation pattern, which we will assume consists of a conical angle extending +/-3 degrees from the center axis of the antenna.

The analysis contained herein predicts the radiation levels around the proposed antenna. The calculations contained in this report are in accordance with FCC guidelines as contained in CFR 47 Part 1.1310 and OET Bulletin 65. The maximum level of non-ionizing radiation to which the general public is exposed is defined for controlled and uncontrolled environments as follows:

-

**.** . ..

	Exposi	ure Limit
Environment	Power	Duration
Controlled - (applicable to system operators and technicians in the service area of the antenna):	5 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	6 Minutes
Uncontrolled - (applicable to general public in proximity of the antenna):	1 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	30 Minutes

### 2.1 Earth Station Technical Parameters - Input Data

1A	Antenna Diameter - Standard Parabola	3.7	meters
1B	Antenna Diameter - Elliptical Reflector		meters
1B1	Major Axis Diameter		meters
1B2	Minor Axis Diameter		meters
2	G = Antenna Isotropic Gain	45.5	dBi
3	h = Nominal Antenna Efficiency	66	Percent
4	Nominal Frequency	6	GHz
5	Maximum Transmit Power Amplifier Size	150	Watts
6	Number of Carriers	2	each
7	W/G Loss from Transmitter to Feed	0.5	dB
8	Multicarrier Fixed Backoff	3	dB
9	Desired Object Clearance Height	3	meters

### 2.2 Earth Station Technical Parameters - Calculated Data

10	A = Antenna Surface Area	10.75	sq meters		
10A	Standard Parabolic Reflector	10.75210086	sq meters		
10B	Elliptical Reflector	0.00	sq meters		
11	D = Effective Antenna Diameter	3.7	meters		
12	Total Transmit Power	300	Watts		
13	P = Total Feed Input Power (watts)	67.00	Watts		
14	E = Maximum E/S EIRP - Calculated	63.76	dBW		
15	$\lambda$ = Wavelength (= c/f in m/GHz)	0.0500	m/GHz		
16	p = Pi	3.14159			
17	$R_{nf}$ = Near Field Limit (D <sup>2</sup> /4 $\lambda$ )	68	meters	223	feet
18	$R_{\rm ff}$ = Far Field Limit ( $R_{\rm ff}$ =0.6D2/ $\lambda$ )	164	meters	538	feet
19	R <sub>nf</sub> to R <sub>ff</sub> = Transition Region	68 to 164	meters	223 to 538	feet

### 3 Power Density at the Antenna Surface

The power density at the reflector surface is expected to exceed the safe limits. The reflector is not accessible to the public and will not present a hazard. Terminal operators and technicians receive training identifying the area as presenting high exposure levels. Procedures are incorporated requiring that transmitters are not operating when access to the reflector surface is required.

 The power density at the antenna reflector surface can be calculated by the expression:

  $PD_{REFL} = 4P/A =$  2.49 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 Where:
 P = Total power at the feed, milliwatts
 2.49 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 A = Total area of reflector, sq cm
 Evaluation:
 Controlled Environment (less than 5 mW/cm<sup>2 in</sup> 6 minutes):

 SAFE

Uncontrolled environment (less than 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> in 30 minutes): Mitigation Required

### 4 On-Axis Power Density in the Near Field Region

The Radiating Near Field Region for a parabolic, circular reflector, is defined as extending from the reflector to a distance equal to the diameter squared divided by twice the wavelength. This distance is referred to as the Rayleigh distance. In this region the power is nearly all contained within a cylinder of radius 0.5D. As a safety measure the highest possible power density is applied to the whole of this region.

The powe	r density in the Near Field Region of the antenna can be calculated by the expression:	
-	$16*P*h/\pi*D^2 =$	1.65 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
Where:	P = Total power at the feed, milliwatts	
	h = Nominal antenna efficiency	
	D = Effective antenna diameter, meters	
Evaluation	n:	
	Controlled Environment (less than $5 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ in 6 minutes):	SAFE

Uncontrolled environment (less than 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> in 30 minutes): Mitigation Required

### 5 On-Axis Power Density in the Transition Region

The transition region is located between the Near Field and Far Field regions. The power density begins to vary inversely with distance from the antenna in the transition region. The maximum power density in this region will not exceed the power density calculated for the Near Field region. Once again the power density figures are for the On-Axis and contained with a cylinder extending within +/- 1 degree of beam center. Where the antennas are normally operated at an elevation angle typically greater than 10°, the actual safe distance in front of the antenna may be found in paragraph 10. The formula for the calculation is used to evaluate the power density at any given distance in the transition as expressed below:

The power density in the On-Axis Transition Region can be calculated by the expression:

	$\Gamma D_{t} - (\Gamma D_{nf})(K_{nf})K$
Where:	$PD_{nf}$ = The Near Field power density, mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
	R <sub>nf</sub> = Near Field maximum distance, meters
	R = Distance to point of interest
For:	68 < R < 164 meters

PD = (PD) (P / P)

Evaluation:

Controlled Environment Safe Operating Distance, meters:	22 meters
Uncontrolled environment Safe Operating Distance, meters:	112 meters

### 6 On-Axis Power Density in the Far Field Region

The On-Axis power density in the far field region  $(PD_{ff})$  varies inversely with the square of the distance. The calculation is performed below:

The Power Density at the start of the Far Field region can be calculated by the expression:

$E-10\log(4pR^2)$	8.47 dBW/m <sup>2</sup>
antilog((E-10log(4pR <sup>2</sup> )/10)/10	0.70 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
Evaluation	
- araaton	

Controlled Environment (less than 5 mW/cm2 in 6 minutes):SAFEUncontrolled environment (less than 1 mW/cm2 in 30 minutes):SAFE

### 7 Off-Axis Power Density Levels at the Far Field Limit and Beyond

In the far field region, the power is distributed in a pattern of sidelobes as a function of the off-axis angle between the antenna center line and the point of interest. Off-axis power density in the far field can be estimated using the antenna radiation patterns prescribed for the antenna in use. Usually this will correspond to the antenna gain pattern envelope defined by the FCC or the ITU, which takes the form of:

 $G_{off} = 32 - 25log(\theta)$ 

for  $\theta$  from 1 to 48 degrees; -10 dBi from 48 to 180 degrees

(Applicable for commonly used satellite transmit antennas)

For example: At one (1) degree off axis At the far-field limit, we can calculate the power density as:

$G_{off} = 32 - 25\log(1) = 32 - 0 dBi =$	1585 numeric
$PD_{1 \text{ deg off-axis}} = PD_{\text{ff}} \times 1585/G$	0.0314 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>

### Evaluation:

Considering that satellite antenna beams are aimed skyward, power density in the far field will usually not be a problem except at low look angles. In these cases, off axis gain reduction techniques may be used to further reduce the power density levels.

### 8 Off-Axis Power Density Levels at the Near Field and Transitional Regions

According to Bulletin 65, off-axis calculations in the near field may be performed as follows: assuming that the point of interest is at least one antenna diameter removed from the center of the main beam, the power density at that point is at least a factor of 100 (20 dB) less than the value calculated for the near field main beam power density. This may be calculated as follows:

 $PD_{nf(off-axis)} = PD_{nf}/100 =$ 

0.0165 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

### 9 Region Between the Feed Horn and Reflector/Sub-Reflector

Transmissions from the feed horn are directed toward the main reflector or the sub-reflector depending on the type of antenna (prime focus, Gregorian or Cassegrain). The transmission is confined within a conical shape defined by the feed horn. The energy between the feedhorn and the reflector/sub-reflector is assumed to be in excess of any limit for permissible exposure. This region is not accessible to the general public, and operators and technicians should be suitable trained and procedures in place to preclude access to this region during active transmission.

### 10 Evaluation of Safe Occupancy Area in Front of the Antenna

The distance (L) from a vertical axis passing through the dish center to a safe off-axis point in front of the antenna can be determined based on the dish diameter. Assuming a flat terrain and a point on the horizontal plane with the center point of the antenna, the relationship is determined by the following formula:

L = (D/sin a) + (2h - D - 2)/(2 tan a)

Where: a = minimum elevation angle of antenna

D = Dish diameter in meters

h = Maximum height of object to be cleared, meters

For distances equal to or greater than determined by the equation above, the radiation hazard will be below safe levels

For:	D =	3.7 meters	
	h=	3 meters	
Safe dista	nce for the following elevation angles (a):		
	a - Elevation Angle (degrees)	L - Safe Distance	
	10	22.16 meters	
	15	14.86 meters	
	20	11.23 meters	
	25	9.08 meters	
	30	7.66 meters	
	40	5.93 meters	
	50	4.96 meters	

### 11 Mitigation Analysis

Mitigation of accessibility to hazardous regions may take several forms depending on the antenna application and location. In instances such as mobile applications, the antenna may be located such that the hazardous region is not accessible during operation. An example may be in a mobile configuration where the antenna is located on top of a vehicle during operation. In other fixed installation instances the hazardous area may be fenced off to prevent access. In areas where only operators and technicians have access, training in safeguards and proper markings of hazardous areas may be sufficient. This analysis tool is designed to identify the hazardous exposure regions around an operating antenna system in accordance with the defined power density limits in CFR 47, part 1.1310 and OET bulletin 65.

# FREQUENCY COORDINATION AND INTERFERENCE ANALYSIS REPORT

Prepared for Clear Channel Satellite Services ENGLEWOOD, CO (3.7 Meter) Satellite Earth Station

Prepared By: COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147 October 10, 2011

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1. CONCLUSIONS	3
2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS	4
3. SUPPLEMENTAL SHOWING	
4. EARTH STATION COORDINATION DATA	6
5. CERTIFICATION	10

# **1. CONCLUSIONS**

An interference study considering all existing, proposed and prior coordinated microwave facilities within the coordination contours of the proposed earth station demonstrates that this site will operate satisfactorily with the common carrier microwave environment. Further, there will be no restrictions of its operation due to interference considerations.

# 2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

A number of great circle interference cases were identified during the interference study of the proposed earth station. Each of the cases, which exceeded the interference objective on a line-of-sight basis, was profiled and the propagation losses estimated using NBS TN101 (Revised) techniques. The losses were found to be sufficient to reduce the signal levels to acceptable magnitudes in every case.

The following companies reported potential great circle interference conflicts that did not meet the objectives on a line-of-sight basis. When over-the-horizon losses are considered on the interfering paths, sufficient blockage exists to negate harmful interference from occurring with the proposed transmit-receive earth station.

## <u>Company</u>

New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC -Colorado State of Colorado Tri State Generation & Transmission Great Western Communications, LLC

No other carriers reported potential interference cases.

# **3. SUPPLEMENTAL SHOWING**

Pursuant to Part 25.203(c) of the FCC Rules and Regulations, the satellite earth station proposed in this application was coordinated by Comsearch using computer techniques and in accordance with Part 25 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

Coordination data for this earth station was sent to the below listed carriers with a letter dated 09/08/2011.

Company AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF MOUNTAIN STATES AT&T CORP Adcom 911 AirLife Denver BASIN ELECTRIC POWER COOPERATIVE **BNSF Railway Company** Boulder, County of **CBS** Communications Services **CBS** Television Stations City of Colorado Springs Colorado Interstate Gas Company Colorado Springs Utilities ENTRAVISION HOLDINGS, LLC FONES WEST DIGITAL SYSTEMS INC. Gray Television Licensee, Inc. (KKTV) Great Western Communications, LLC Intermountain Rural Electric Association International Communications Group, Inc. Larimer County Sheriff's Department METROPOLITAN AREA NETWORKS, INC. MHO Networks Multimedia Holdings Corporation NE Colorado Cellular, Inc. New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC -Colorado **Open Range Communications** Platte River Power Authority QWEST CORPORATION SANGRE DE CRISTO COMMUNICATIONS, INC. Sprint Communications Company, LP State of Colorado Tri State Generation & Transmission UNITED POWER Verizon Wireless - Mountain Region XCEL ENERGY SERVICES INC

# 4. EARTH STATION COORDINATION DATA

This section presents the data pertinent to frequency coordination of the proposed earth station that was circulated to all carriers within its coordination contours.

# COMSEARCH

Earth Station Data Sheet

19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard, Ashburn, VA 20147 (703)726-5500 http://www.comsearch.com

Date: Job Number:		10/10/2011 110908COMSGE01					
Administrative Information Status		ENGINEER PROPOSAL					
Licensee Code Licensee Name		CLCSAT Clear Channel Satellite Services					
Site Information Venue Name Latitude (NAD 83) Longitude (NAD 83) Climate Zone Rain Zone Ground Elevation (AMSL)		ENGLEWOOD, CO 39° 34' 47.0" N 104° 51' 35.0" W A 2 1751.0 m / 5744.8 ft					
Link Information Satellite Type Mode Modulation Satellite Arc Azimuth Range Corresponding Elevation Angles Antenna Centerline (AGL)		Geostationary TR - Transmit-Receive Digital 60°W to 143°West Longitude 122.6°to 230.9° 25.3°/29.8° 2.44 m/8.0 ft					
Antenna Information	1	<b>Receive - FCC32</b>	<b>Transmit - FCC32</b>				
Manufacturer		Suman	Suman				
Model		SMT3.7R	SMT3.7R				
Gain / Diameter		41.7 dBi / 3.7 m	45.5 dBi / 3.7 m				
3-dB / 15-dB Beamwidth		1.40°/ 2.70°	0.90°/ 1.70°				
Max Available RF Power	(dBW/4 kH	lz)	-17.2				
	(dBW/MHz	2)	6.8				
Maximum EIRP	(dBW/4 kH	lz)	28.3				
	(dBW/MHz	:)	52.3				
Interference Objectives:	Long Term	-156.0 dBW/MHz 20%	-154.0 dBW/4 kHz 20%				
	Short Term	-146.0 dBW/MHz 0.01%	-131.0 dBW/4 kHz 0.0025%				
Frequency Information		<b>Receive 4.0 GHz</b>	<b>Transmit 6.1 GHz</b>				
Emission / Frequency Range (MHz)		11M1G1E - 22M5G7W / 3700.0 - 4200.	0 11M1G1E - 22M5G7W / 5925.0 - 6425.0				
Max Great Circle Coordination Distance		285.3 km / 177.2 mi	124.3 km / 77.3 mi				
Precipitation Scatter Contour Radius		495.1 km / 307.6 mi	100.0 km / 62.1 mi				

# COMSEARCH

# Earth Station Data Sheet

19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard, Ashburn, VA 20147 (703)726-5500 http://www.comsearch.com

Coordination Values	ENGLEWOOD, CO			
Licensee Name	Clear Channel Satellite Se	ervices		
Latitude (NAD 83)	39°34'47.0" N			
Longitude (NAD 83)	104°51'35.0" W			
Ground Elevation (AMSL)	1751.0 m / 5744.8 ft			
Antenna Centerline (AGL)	2.44 m / 8.0 ft			
Antenna Model	Suman 3.7 Meter			
Antenna Mode	Receive 4.0 GHz		Transmit 6.1 GHz	
Interference Objectives: Long Ter	m -156.0 dBW/MHz	20%	-154.0 dBW/4 kHz	20%
Short Ter	m -146.0 dBW/MHz	0.01%	-131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power			-17.2 (dBW/4 kHz)	

			Receive	e 4.0 GHz	Transm	nit 6.1 GHz
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination	Horizon	Coordination
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)
0	0.00	119.19	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
5	0.00	114.80	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
10	0.00	110.37	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
15	0.00	105.90	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
20	0.00	101.41	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
25	0.00	96.90	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
30	0.00	92.38	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
35	0.00	87.86	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
40	0.23	83.33	-10.00	281.81	-10.00	122.09
45	0.59	78.78	-10.00	244.09	-10.00	100.00
50	1.37	74.16	-10.00	209.16	-10.00	100.00
55	1.71	69.58	-10.00	202.35	-10.00	100.00
60	1.83	65.05	-10.00	199.07	-10.00	100.00
65	2.10	60.51	-10.00	192.18	-10.00	100.00
70	2.16	56.06	-10.00	190.96	-10.00	100.00
75	2.22	51.67	-10.00	189.41	-10.00	100.00
80	2.24	47.38	-9.89	189.63	-9.89	100.00
85	2.17	43.24	-8.90	195.86	-8.90	100.00
90	2.08	39.27	-7.85	202.67	-7.85	100.00
95	2.19	35.40	-6.72	205.49	-6.72	100.00
100	2.38	31.75	-5.54	204.76	-5.54	100.00
105	2.06	28.84	-4.50	217.05	-4.50	100.00
110	2.07	26.23	-3.47	222.36	-3.47	100.00
115	2.14	24.27	-2.63	225.34	-2.63	100.00
120	2.20	23.19	-2.13	226.73	-2.13	100.00
125	2.28	23.09	-2.08	225.01	-2.08	100.00
130	1.98	24.35	-2.66	229.34	-2.66	100.00
135	1.79	26.36	-3.52	230.25	-3.52	100.00
140	1.48	29.14	-4.61	233.93	-4.61	100.00
145	1.50	31.98	-5.62	227.59	-5.62	100.00
150	1.44	34.66	-6.50	224.69	-6.50	100.00
155	1.35	37.07	-7.23	223.57	-7.23	100.00
160	1.09	39.31	-7.86	228.52	-7.86	100.00
165	0.86	41.15	-8.36	236.95	-8.36	100.00
170	1.02	42.20	-8.63	226.73	-8.63	100.00
175	1.12	42.83	-8.79	222.67	-8.79	100.00
180	0.96	43.23	-8.90	228.01	-8.90	100.00
185	0.95	43.00	-8.84	228.84	-8.84	100.00

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Short Ter	m -146.0 dBW/MHz	0.01%	-131.0 dBW/4 kHz	0.0025%
Max Available RF Power			-17.2 (dBW/4 kHz)	

			Receive	e 4.0 GHz	Transm	nit 6.1 GHz
	Horizon	Antenna	Horizon	Coordination	Horizon	Coordination
Azimuth (°)	Elevation (°)	Discrimination (°)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)	Gain (dBi)	Distance (km)
190	1.29	41.93	-8.56	218.52	-8.56	100.00
195	1.35	40.69	-8.24	218.35	-8.24	100.00
200	1.42	39.01	-7.78	218.51	-7.78	100.00
205	1.48	36.96	-7.19	219.73	-7.19	100.00
210	1.61	34.52	-6.45	219.72	-6.45	100.00
215	1.75	31.91	-5.60	219.96	-5.60	100.00
220	1.76	29.91	-4.90	223.64	-4.90	100.00
225	1.77	28.58	-4.40	226.03	-4.40	100.00
230	1.64	28.15	-4.24	231.06	-4.24	100.00
235	1.65	28.39	-4.33	230.13	-4.33	100.00
240	1.79	29.30	-4.67	223.87	-4.67	100.00
245	1.87	30.99	-5.28	218.18	-5.28	100.00
250	1.80	33.41	-6.10	215.99	-6.10	100.00
255	1.74	36.29	-7.00	213.22	-7.00	100.00
260	1.76	39.49	-7.91	208.03	-7.91	100.00
265	1.74	43.01	-8.84	204.49	-8.84	100.00
270	1.71	46.75	-9.74	203.51	-9.74	100.00
275	1.30	50.82	-10.00	211.11	-10.00	100.00
280	1.22	54.86	-10.00	213.66	-10.00	100.00
285	1.27	58.95	-10.00	212.24	-10.00	100.00
290	1.32	63.12	-10.00	210.67	-10.00	100.00
295	1.23	67.40	-10.00	213.43	-10.00	100.00
300	1.14	71.72	-10.00	216.07	-10.00	100.00
305	1.11	76.05	-10.00	216.89	-10.00	100.00
310	0.98	80.42	-10.00	221.28	-10.00	100.00
315	0.84	84.80	-10.00	229.07	-10.00	100.00
320	0.73	89.18	-10.00	235.34	-10.00	100.00
325	0.59	93.54	-10.00	244.02	-10.00	100.00
330	0.30	97.88	-10.00	272.97	-10.00	116.28
335	0.37	102.22	-10.00	265.03	-10.00	110.95
340	0.00	106.47	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
345	0.00	110.72	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
350	0.00	114.94	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34
355	0.00	119.09	-10.00	285.28	-10.00	124.34

# **5. CERTIFICATION**

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA CONTAINED IN THIS APPLICATION, THAT I AM FAMILIAR WITH PARTS 101 AND 25 OF THE FCC RULES AND REGULATIONS, THAT I HAVE EITHER PREPARED OR REVIEWED THE FREQUENCY COORDINATION DATA SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPLICATION, AND THAT IT IS COMPLETE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

BY:

Gary K. Edwards Senior Manager COMSEARCH 19700 Janelia Farm Boulevard Ashburn, VA 20147

DATED: October 10, 2011