FCC OET-65 RF Exposure Study - Satellite Uplink Facility NBC "Surfboy" satellite news gathering truck with Vertex 1.8m SMK-LT antenna

field region is used.

FCC Maximum Permissible Exposure Levels	Source	Units	<u> </u>	
Public/uncontrolled area exposure limit	47CFR §1.1310	1 mW/cm ²		
Occupational/controlled area exposure limit	47CFR §1.1310	5 mW/cm ²		
nput Data				
Antenna Diameter	datasheet	180.0 cm		
Antenna surface area	calculated	25447 cm ²		
Sub-reflector diameter	measured	N/A cm		
Sub-reflector area	calculated	N/A cm ²		
Feed flange diameter	measured	8.855 cm		
Feed flange area	calculated	62		
Frequency	(entry)	14250 MHz		
Wavelength (speed of light = 299,792,458 m/s)	calculated	2.104 cm		
Fransmit power at flange	Application	400000 milliwatts		
Antenna gain	datasheet	45.9 dBi		
Antenna gain factor	calculated	38905		
Height of base of antenna above ground	measured	3.48 m		
Height of center of antenna above ground	measured	4.98 m		
Minimum Elevation Angle	(entry)	15 degrees		
Minimum Elevation Angle	calculated	0.26180 radians		
•			FCC Maximum Permis	. ,
Results calculated using FCC Bulletin OET-65 (Edition			Uncontrolled	Controlled
Maximum power density at antenna surface	Eq. 11 Pg 27	62.8760269 mW/cm ²	Potential Hazard	Potential Hazard
Power density at subreflector	Eq. 11 Pg 27	N/A mW/cm ²		
Power density at feed flange	Eq. 11 Pg 27	25980.827 mW/cm ²	Potential Hazard	Potential Hazard
Extent of near-field	Eq. 12 Pg 27	3850 cm		
Maximum near-field power density	Eq. 13 Pg 28	33.8572759 mW/cm ²	Potential Hazard	Potential Hazard
Aperture efficiency	Eq. 14 Pg 28	0.53847671	7 010111111 111111111	
Distance to beginning of far-field	Eq. 16 Pg 29	9240.39257 cm		
Power density at end of the transition region	Eq. 17 Pg 29	14.1071983 mW/cm ²	Potential Hazard	Potential Hazard
Maximum far-field power density		14.503 mW/cm ²	Potential Hazard	Potential Hazard
Maximum rar-field power defisity	Eq. 18 Pg 29	14.303	Fotelitiai Hazai'u	Potential nazaru
Main Beam Far-field region safe exposure distances			<u></u>	
Minimum distance for public/uncontrolled exposure	Eq. 18 Pg 29	351.904697 meters		
Height at minimum antenna elevation angle	calculated	96.0596377 meters		
Horizontal distance	calculated	339.913835 meters		
Minimum distance for occupational/controlled exposure	Eq. 18 Pg 29	157.376565 meters		
Height at minimum antenna elevation angle	calculated	45.7120522 meters		
Horizontal distance	calculated	152.014088 meters		
Off-Axis Near Field/Transition Region safe exposure	distances from a	ntenna		
20 dB reduction in power density at distances greater				
than one antenna diameter from the main beam center.)	OET-65 Pg 30			
Maximum off-axis near field power density	Eq. 13 Pg 28	0.3386 mW/cm ²	Below FCC MPE	Below FCC MPE
Public/uncontrolled exposure off-axis distance	Diam/or Eq 17	1.8 meters		
Occupatonal/controlled exposure off-axis distance	Diam/or Eq 17	1.8 meters		
Off-Axis Far Field safe exposure distances from the	entenna			
(Based on side lobe attenuation required by FCC 25.209)				
•	, , , , ,	15 degree(s)		
Angle off main beam axis (1 to 48 degrees)	(entry) OET-65 Pg 30*	15 degree(s)		
Off-axis antenna gain factor	•		Not valid if distance less the	ha start of the for fi-1
Minimum distance for uncontrolled MPE limit	calculated	2.40608513 meters	Not valid if distance less t	ne start of the far field
Minimum distance for public/uncontrolled exposure	Eq. 18 Pg 29 **	92.4039257 meters		
* Gain converted from dBi to linear multiple				
** If calculated distance is less than the start of the				
far field region, the distance to the start of the far				