Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

	_
)
In the Matter of)
) File No. SAT-LOA-20070105-00003
ECHOSTAR CORPORATION) File No. SAT-AMD-20080114-00022
) File No. SAT-AMD-20080213-00045
Application for Modification of Authority to) File No. SAT-MOD-2011
Construct, Launch, and Operate a Satellite at) Call Sign S2725
75.0° W.L. in the 17/24 BSS GHz Band	
)

APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION

Pursuant to Sections 308 and 309 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended,¹
Section 25.117(d) of the Commission's rules,² and Condition 8 of its space station authorization,³
EchoStar Corporation ("EchoStar") respectfully submits this application to modify its authority to construct, launch, and operate a 17/24 GHz Broadcast-Satellite Service ("BSS") satellite at the 75.0° W.L. orbital location to provide a revised post-mission disposal plan for its proposed satellite.⁴ Under the revised plan, which is attached hereto, the satellite will be maneuvered to at

¹ 47 U.S.C. §§ 308, 309.

² 47 C.F.R. § 25.117(d).

³ *See* Stamp Grant, File Nos. SAT-LOA-20070105-00003, SAT-AMD-20080114-00022, SAT-AMD-20080213-00045, at Condition 8 (granted Mar. 18, 2009).

⁴ EchoStar will amend this application soon to reflect additional technical changes to the satellite that resulted from the recently completed Critical Design Review. *See* Confidential Letter from Pantelis Michalopoulos, Counsel for EchoStar Corporation, to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, *filed in* File Nos. SAT-LOA-20070105-00003, SAT-AMD-20080114-00022, SAT-AMD-20080213-00045 (Mar. 17, 2011).

least 300 km above the geostationary orbit.⁵ This is 10 km greater than the minimum disposal orbit required under Section 25.283(a) of the Commission's rules.⁶

EchoStar has previously described in its application, which is hereby incorporated by reference, the public interest benefits from the construction, launch and operation of a 17/24 GHz BSS satellite at 75.0° W.L.⁷ This modification request is in the public interest for the same reasons. Additionally, the revised post-mission disposal plan will ensure that the satellite is properly de-orbited at the end of its life, reducing the risk it will become a collision risk for operating satellites.

Respectfully submitted,

Pantelis Michalopoulos
Petra A. Vorwig
L. Lisa Sandoval
Steptoe & Johnson LLP
1330 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036
(202) 429-3000
Counsel for EchoStar Corporation

_____/s/___ Alison Minea Corporate Counsel **EchoStar Corporation** 1110 Vermont Avenue, NW, Suite 750 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 293-0981

March 30, 2011

⁵ See Attachment.

⁶ 47 C.F.R. § 25.283(a).

 $^{^7}$ See Stamp Grant, File No. SAT-LOA-20070105-00003, Narrative, at 12-14 (granted Mar. 13, 2009).

ATTACHMENT

Revised Post-Mission Disposal Plan

At the end of the operational life of the ECHOSTAR EX-4 satellite, EchoStar will maneuver the satellite to a disposal orbit with a minimum perigee of 300 km above the normal GSO operational orbit. This proposed disposal orbit altitude exceeds the minimum required by 47 C.F.R § 25.283, which is calculated below.

The input data required for the calculation are as follows:

```
Total Solar Pressure Area "A" = 110.5 m<sup>2</sup>
"M" = Dry Mass of Satellite = 2491 kg
"C<sub>R</sub>" = Solar Pressure Radiation Coefficient (worst case) = 1.24
```

Using the formula given in § 25.283, the Minimum Disposal Orbit Perigee Altitude is calculated as follows:

```
= 36,021 km + 1000 x C<sub>R</sub> x A/m
```

= 36,021 km + 1000 x 1.24 x 110.5/2491

= 36,076 km

= 290 km above GSO (35,786 km)

While the minimum disposal orbit altitude required by § 25.283 is 290 km, EchoStar will reserve enough fuel to meet or exceed a minimum perigee disposal orbit of 300 km out of an abundance of caution. Thus, the designed disposal orbit of 300 km above GSO exceeds the required minimum by a margin of 10 km. Taking account of all fuel measurement uncertainties, performing the final orbit raising maneuvers will require approximately 11.6 kg of propellant, which will be reserved.