

FCC TEST REPORT

Test report No.:

EMC-FCC-R0186

FCC ID:

TQ8-AC110D3GN

Type of equipment:

DIGITAL CAR AUDIO SYSTEM

Basic Model Name:

AC110D3GN

Variant Model Name:

AC111D3EE, AC110D3EE, AC110D3EG,

AC110D3GL, AC110D3GE, AC110D3GG,

AC110D7GN

Applicant:

Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Max.RF Output Power:

4.72 dBm

FCC Rule Part(s):

FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

Frequency Range:

 $2\,402\,\text{MHz}\sim2\,480\,\text{MHz}$

Test result:

Complied

The above equipment was tested by EMC compliance Testing Laboratory for compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations.

The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of receipt: 2014. 10. 17

Date of test: 2014. 11. 03 ~ 11. 06

Issued date: 2014. 11. 04

Tested by:

SEO, SU HYUN

Approved by:

YU, SANG HOON



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1. Client information

Applicant: Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Address: 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-977, Korea

Telephone number: +82-31-260-0098

Facsimile number: +82-31-899-1788

Contact person: Seung-Hoon Choe / csh@mobis.co.kr

Manufacturer: Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Address: 95, Sayang 2-Gil, Munbaek-Myeon, Jincheon-Gun,

Chungcheongbuk-Do 365-862 Korea



2. Laboratory information

Address

EMC compliance Ltd.

480-5, Sin-dong, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

Telephone Number: 82-31-336-9919 Facsimile Number: 82-505-299-8311

Certificate

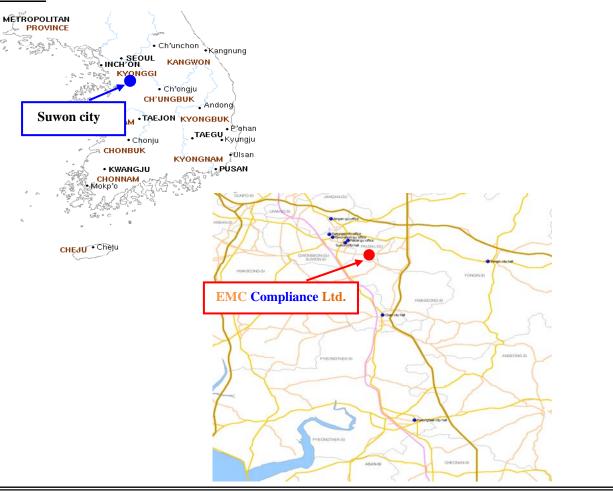
KOLAS No.: 231

FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Site Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

IC Site Registration No.:8035A-2

SITE MAP





3. Description of E.U.T.

3.1 Basic description

| Applicant: | Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd. | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Address of Applicant | 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-977, Korea | |
| Manufacturer | Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd. | |
| Address of Manufacturer | 95, Sayang 2-Gil, Munbaek-Myeon, Jincheon-Gun, Chungcheongbuk-Do 365-862 Korea | |
| Type of equipment | DIGITAL CAR AUDIO SYSTEM | |
| Basic Model | AC110D3GN | |
| Variant Model Name | AC111D3EE, AC110D3EE, AC110D3EG, AC110D3GL, AC110D3GE, AC110D3GG, AC110D7GN | |
| Serial number | N/A | |

^{*} Variant model names are different only for the marketing area.

3.2 General description

| Frequency Range | 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type of Modulation | Modulation technologies: FHSS Modulation : GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK |
| Number of Channels | 79 channels |
| Type of Antenna | Chip Antenna |
| Antenna Gain | 3.5 dBi |
| Transmit Power | 4.72 dBm |
| Power supply | DC 12 V* |

^{*} Declared by the applicant.



3.3 Test frequency

| | Frequency |
|------------------|-----------|
| Low frequency | 2 402 Mz |
| Middle frequency | 2 441 Mb |
| High frequency | 2 480 Mb |

3.4 Test Voltage

| mode | Voltage |
|------------------|---------|
| Norminal voltage | DC 12 V |

*** 15.247 Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter**

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:
 - 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
 - 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
 - 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
 - 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
 - 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
- 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

4. Summary of test results

4.1 Standards & results

| FCC Rule | IC Rule | Parameter | Report Section | Test Result |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 15.203, 15.247(b)(4) | RSS-GEN, 7.1.2 | Antenna Requirement | 5.1 | С |
| 15.247(b)(1), (4) | RSS-210, A8.4(2) | Maximum Peak Output Power | 5.2 | C |
| 15.247(a)(1) | RSS-210, A8.1(b) | Carrier Frequency Separation | 5.3 | С |
| 15.247(a)(1) | RSS-210, A8.1(a) | 20dB Channel Bandwidth | 5.4 | С |
| - | RSS-210, A1.1 | Occupied Bandwidth | 5.4 | С |
| 15.247(a)(iii) 15.247(b)(1) | RSS-210, A8.1(d) | Nunber of Hopping Channel | 5.5 | С |
| 15.247(a) (iii) | RSS-210, A8.1(d) | Time of Occupancy(Dwell Time) | 5.6 | C |
| 15.247(d), 15.205(a), 15.209(a) | RSS-210, A8.5 RSS-210, A2.9 RSS-GEN, 7.2.3 | Spurious Emission, BandEdge, Restricted Band | 5.7 | С |
| 15.207(a) | RSS-GEN, 7.2.4 | Conducted Emissions | - | N/A |

Note: C=complies

NC= Not complies

NT=Not tested

NA=Not Applicable

4.2 Uncertainty

| Measurement Item | Expanded Uncertainty $U = KUc (K = 2)$ | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Conducted RF power | ± 1.36 dB | | |
| Occupied Bandwidth | ± 2.54 kHz | | |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | ± 1.52 dB | | |
| | 30 MHz ∼ 300 MHz: | + 4.86 dB, - 4.88 dB | |
| Dedicted Spurious Emissions | 300 Mb ∼ 1 000 Mb: | + 4.98 dB, - 4.99 dB | |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions | 1 GHz ∼ 6 GHz: | + 6.19 dB, - 6.20 dB | |
| | 6 GHz ~ 25 GHz: | + 6.41 dB, - 6.53 dB | |

^{*} N/A₁₎: The test is not applicable since the EUT is not the device that is designed to be connected to the public utility(AC) power line(This EUT is automotive device)

^{*} The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

^{*} The general test methods used to test this device is ANSI C63.4 2003 (or 2009, or ANSI C63.10 2009)



5. Test results

5.1 Antenna Requirement

5.1.1 Regulation

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.1.2 Result

-Complied

The transmitter has an Chip of antenna. The directional gain of the antenna is 3.5 dBi.



5.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

5.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (spectrum analyzer) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Connect the antenna port of the EUT to RF input on the spectrum analyzer via a low loss cable.
- 3. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range by controlling it via UART interface or Bluetooth tester and make sure the spectrum analyzer is operated in its linear range.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows: Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
- 5. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and record the level to calculate results.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



5.2.3 Test Result

- Complied

* GFSK

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low | 2 402 | 3.58 | 30.00 | 26.42 |
| Middle | 2 441 | 3.52 | 30.00 | 26.48 |
| High | 2 480 | 2.61 | 30.00 | 27.39 |

* π/4DQPSK

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low | 2 402 | 4.60 | 20.97 | 16.37 |
| Middle | 2 441 | 4.31 | 20.97 | 16.66 |
| High | 2 480 | 3.05 | 20.97 | 17.92 |

* 8DPSK

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low | 2 402 | 4.72 | 20.97 | 16.25 |
| Middle | 2 441 | 4.51 | 20.97 | 16.46 |
| High | 2 480 | 3.32 | 20.97 | 17.65 |

NOTE:

- 1. Since the directional gain of the integral antenna declared by the manufacturer ($G_{ANT} = 3.5 \ dBi$) does not exceed 6.0 dBi, there was no need to reduce the output power.
- 2. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.
- 3. In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is $0.125\,\mathrm{W}$

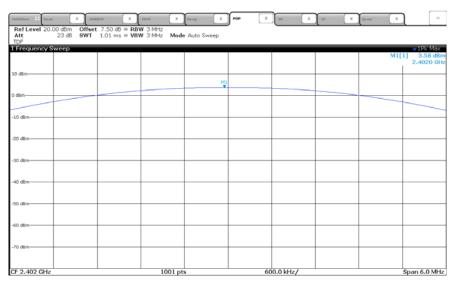


5.2.4 Test Plot

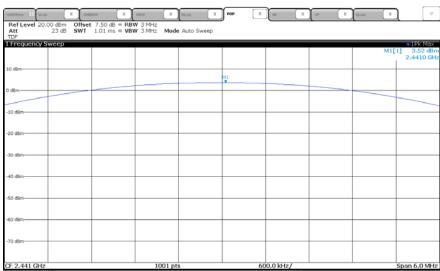
Figure 1. Plot of the Maximum Peak Output Power (Conducted)

* GFSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

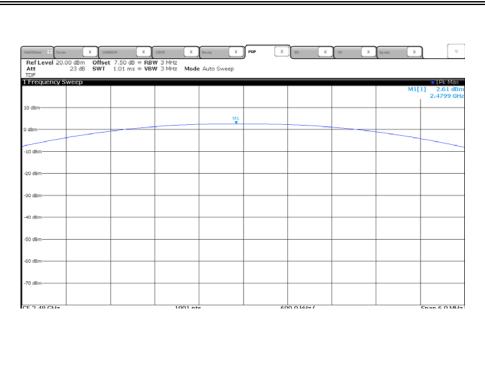


Middle Channel (2 441 毗)





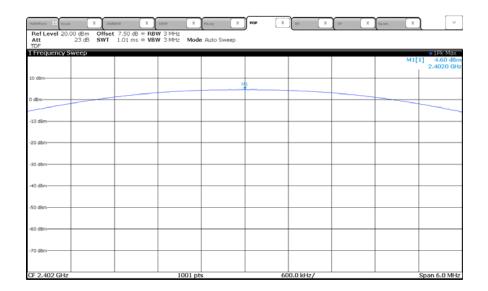
Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



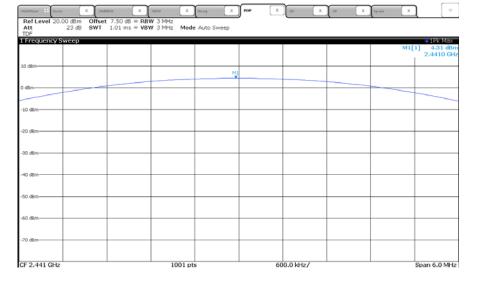


* π/4DQPSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

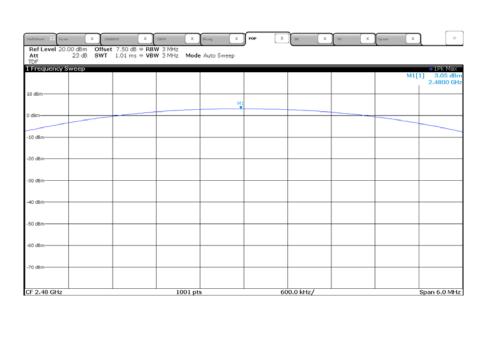


Middle Channel (2 441 眦)





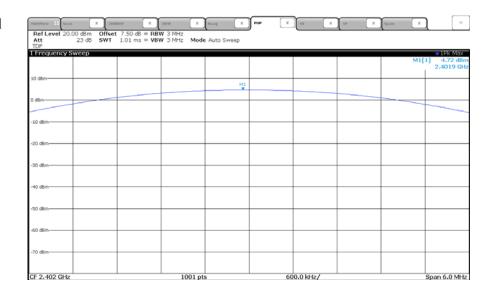
Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



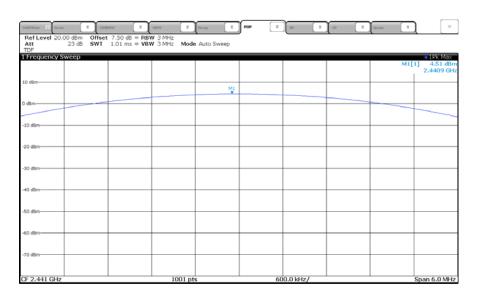


* 8DPSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

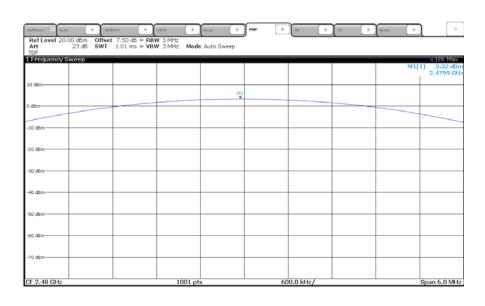


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



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5.3 Carrier Frequency Separation

5.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

5.3.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Connect the antenna port of the EUT to RF input on the spectrum analyzer via a low loss cable and attenuator.
- 3. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range by controlling it via UART interface or Bluetooth tester.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows: Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
- 5. Measure the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

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5.3.3 Test Result

- Complied

* GFSK

| Channel | Carrier frequency separation (Mb) | Limit |
|---------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Low | 1.001 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |
| Middle | 0.998 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |
| High | 1.007 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |

* 8DPSK

| Channel | Carrier frequency separation (地) | Limit |
|---------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Low | 1.070 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |
| Middle | 0.959 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |
| High | 1.004 | ≥25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth |

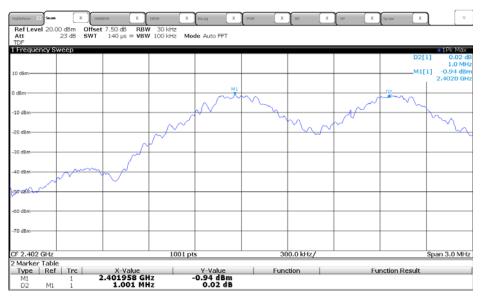
NOTE: 1. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

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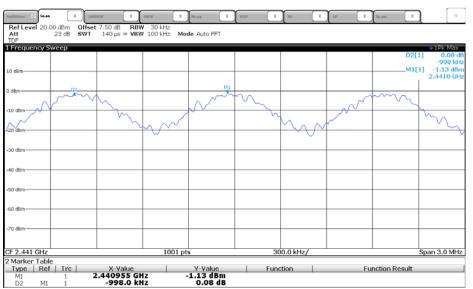


5.3.4 Test Plot Figure 2.Plot of the Carrier Frequency Separation (Conducted) * GFSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 妣)

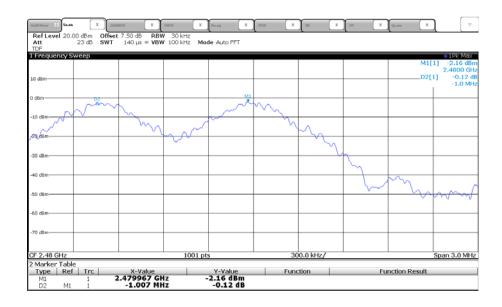


Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

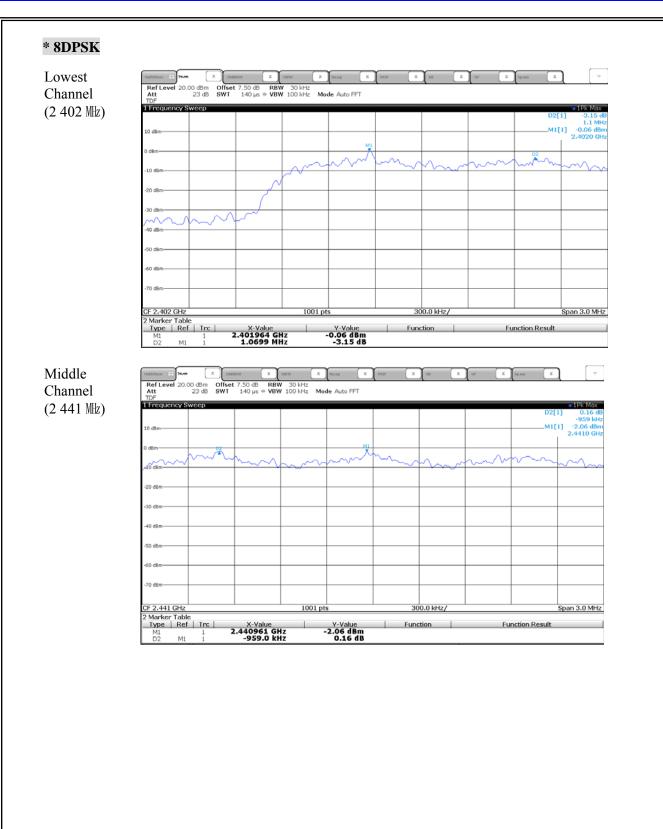






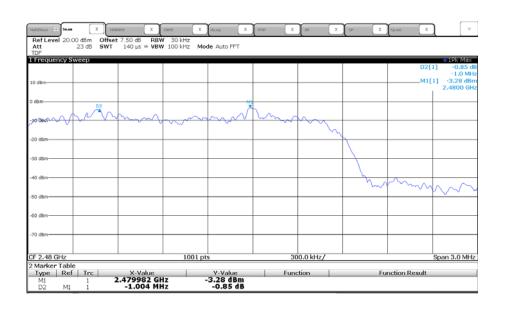














5.4 20 dB Channel Bandwidth

5.4.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

5.4.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Connect the antenna port of the EUT to RF input on the spectrum analyzer via a low loss cable and attenuator.
- 3. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range by controlling it via UART interface or Bluetooth tester and make sure the spectrum analyzer is operated in its linear range.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW ≥ 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
- 5. Set a reference level on it equal to the highest peak value.
- 6. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 7. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete...

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5.4.3 Test Result

- Complied

* GFSK

| 0.011 | | |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Channel | 20 dB Channel Bandwidth(灺) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW)(Mb) |
| Low | 0.974 | 0.902 |
| Middle | 0.977 | 0.899 |
| High | 0.980 | 0.902 |

* $\pi/4$ DQPSK

| Channel | 20 dB Channel Bandwidth(灺) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW)(Mb) |
|---------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Low | 1.360 | 1.208 |
| Middle | 1.350 | 1.199 |
| High | 1.350 | 1.190 |

* 8DPSK

| Channel | 20 dB Channel Bandwidth(灺) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW)(Mb) |
|---------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Low | 1.330 | 1.217 |
| Middle | 1.340 | 1.214 |
| High | 1.340 | 1.205 |

NOTE: We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

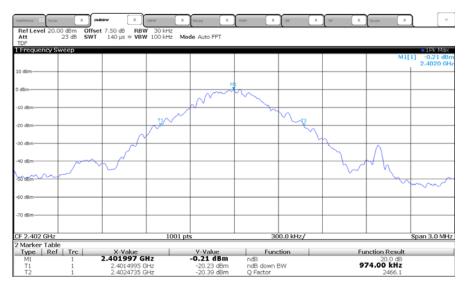


5.4.4 Test Plot

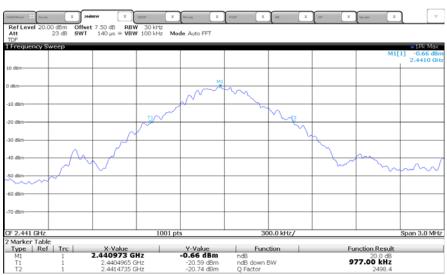
Figure 3.Plot of the 20 dB Channel Bandwidth / Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted)

* GFSK (20 dB Channel Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

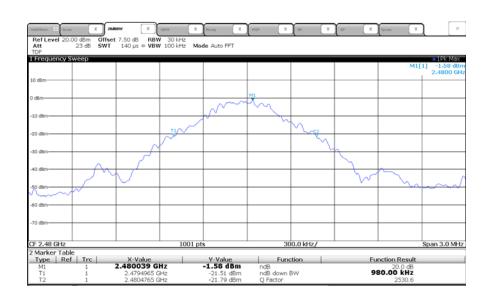


Middle Channel (2 441 毗)





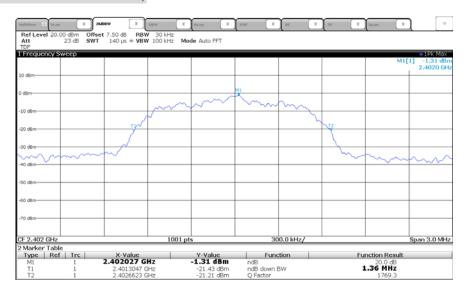
Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



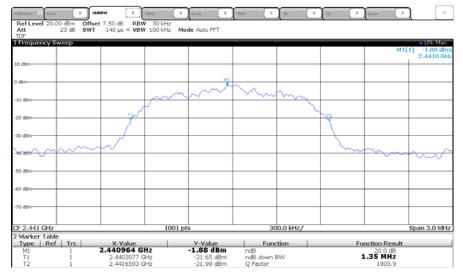


* π/4DQPSK (20 dB Channel Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

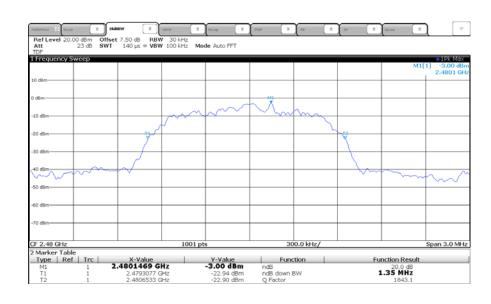


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





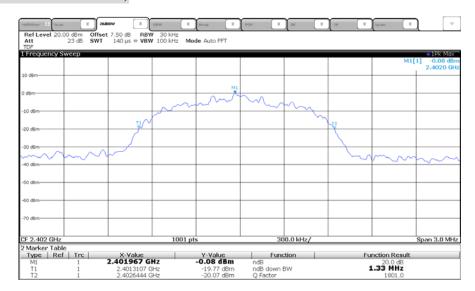
Highest Channel (2 480 妣)



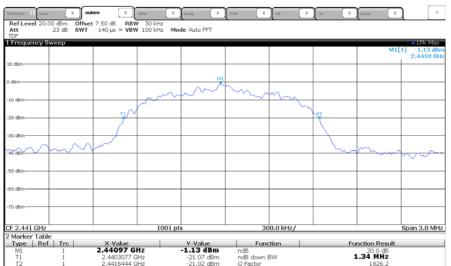


* 8DPSK (20 dB Channel Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

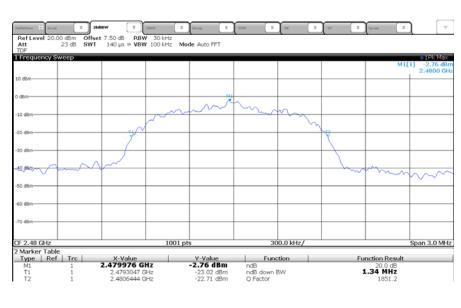


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)







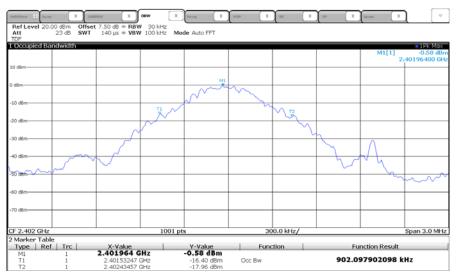


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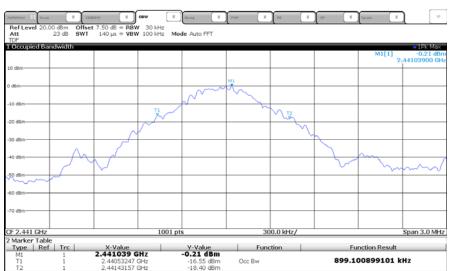


* GFSK (Occupied Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

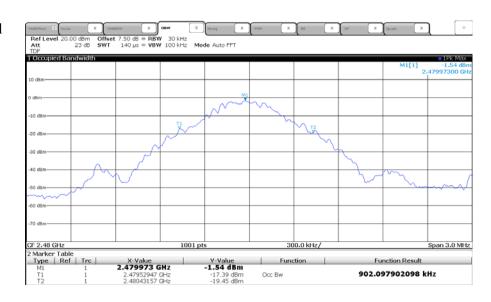


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





Highest Channel (2 480 吨)



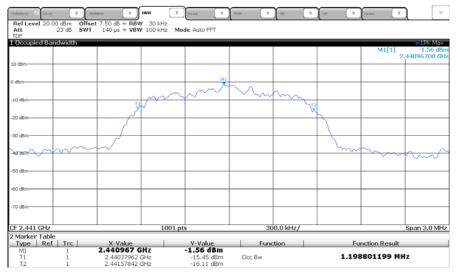


* π/4DQPSK (Occupied Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)



Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





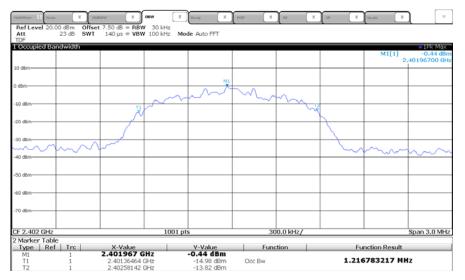
Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



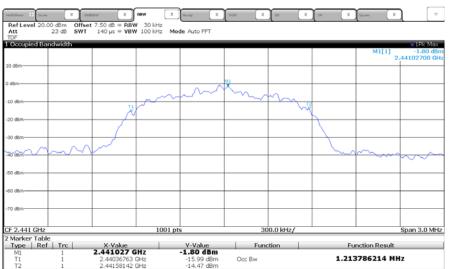


* 8DPSK (Occupied Bandwidth)

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)



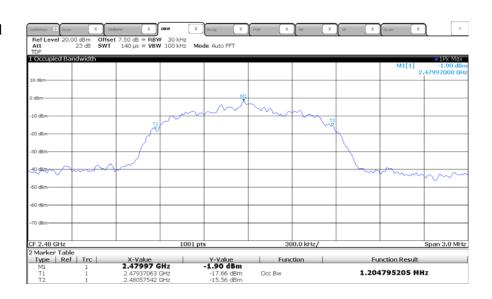
Middle Channel (2 441 眦)



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Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)



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5.5 Number of Hopping Channels

5.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used. According to §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 Mb band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band: 0.125 watts.

5.5.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Connect the antenna port of the EUT to RF input on the spectrum analyzer via a low loss cable and attenuator.
- 3. Turn on the EUT and set the hopping function enabled by controlling it via UART interface or Bluetooth tester.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows: Span = the frequency band of operation RBW ≥ 1% of the span VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
- 5. Record the number of hopping channels.

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5.5.3 Test Result

- Complied

* GFSK

| Frequency | Number of hopping channel | Limit |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| 2 402 – 2 480 MHz | 79 | ≥15 |

* π/4DQPSK

| Frequency | Number of hopping channel | Limit |
|------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| 2 402 - 2 480 Mb | 79 | ≥15 |

* 8DPSK

| Frequency | Number of hopping channel | Limit |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| 2 402 – 2 480 MHz | 79 | ≥15 |

NOTE: 1. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

2. Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

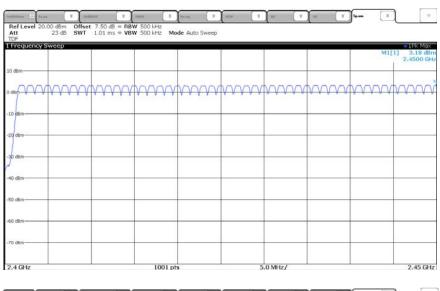
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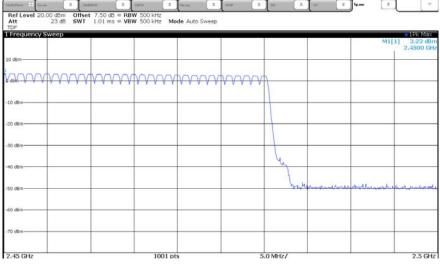


5.5.4 Test Plot

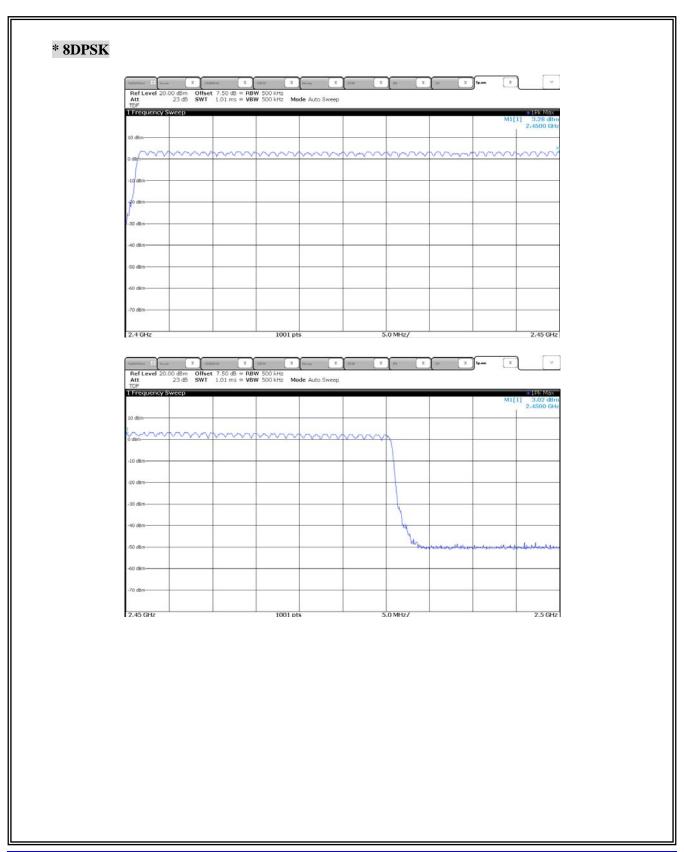
Figure 4. Plot of the Number of Hopping Channels (Conducted)

* GFSK











5.6 Time of Occupancy(Dwell Time)

5.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

5.6.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Connect the antenna port of the EUT to RF input on the spectrum analyzer via a low loss cable.
- 3. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range by controlling it via UART interface or Bluetooth tester.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel RBW = 1 Mbz VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
- 5. Measure the dwell time using the marker-delta function.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.
- 7. Repeat this test for different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), if applicable.

5.6.3 Test Result

- Complied

* Non AFH GFSK

| Packet Type | Reading[ms] | Hopping rate [hop/s] | Number of Channels | Actual[s] | Limit[s] |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| DH1 | 0.391 | 800.000 | 79 | 0.125 | 0.40 |
| DH3 | 1.619 | 400.000 | 79 | 0.259 | 0.40 |
| DH5 | 2.861 | 266.667 | 79 | 0.305 | 0.40 |

* Non AFH 8DPSK

| Packet Type | Reading[ms] | Hopping rate [hop/s] | Number of Channels | Actual[s] | Limit[s] |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| 3DH1 | 0.400 | 800.000 | 79 | 0.128 | 0.40 |
| 3DH3 | 1.639 | 400.000 | 79 | 0.262 | 0.40 |
| 3DH5 | 2.870 | 266.667 | 79 | 0.306 | 0.40 |

* AFH GFSK

| Packet Type | Reading[ms] | Hopping rate [hop/s] | Number of Channels | Actual[s] | Limit[s] |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| DH1 | 0.391 | 400.000 | 20 | 0.063 | 0.40 |
| DH3 | 1.619 | 200.000 | 20 | 0.129 | 0.40 |
| DH5 | 2.861 | 133.333 | 20 | 0.153 | 0.40 |

* AFH 8DPSK

| Packet Type | Reading[ms] | Hopping rate [hop/s] | Number of Channels | Actual[s] | Limit[s] |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| 3DH1 | 0.400 | 400.000 | 20 | 0.064 | 0.40 |
| 3DH3 | 1.639 | 200.000 | 20 | 0.131 | 0.40 |
| 3DH5 | 2.870 | 133.333 | 20 | 0.153 | 0.40 |

NOTE: 1. Non AFH

 $Actual = Reading \times (Hopping \ rate \ / \ Number \ of \ channels) \times Test \ period$

Hopping rate = 1600/time slot

Test period = 0.4 [seconds / channel] \times 79 [channel] = 31.6 [seconds]

2. AFH

 $Actual = Reading \times (Hopping \ rate \ / \ Number \ of \ channels) \times Test \ period$

Hopping rate = 800/time slot

Test period = 0.4 [seconds / channel] $\times 20$ [channel] = 8 [seconds]

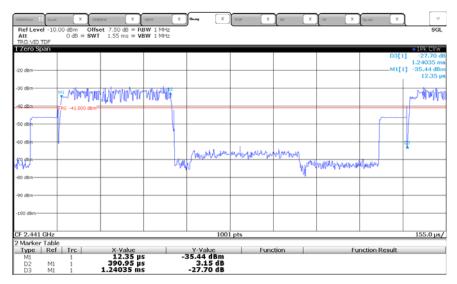


5.6.4 Test Plot

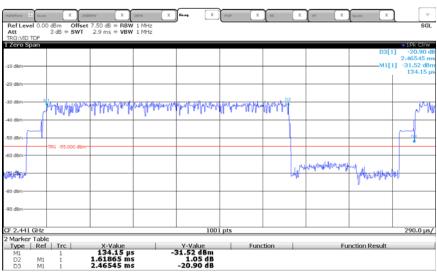
Figure 5. Plot of the Time of Occupancy (Conducted)

* GFSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

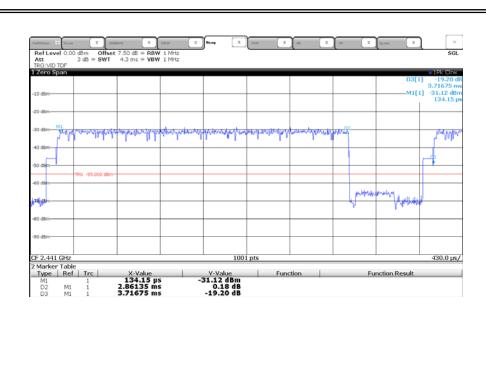


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





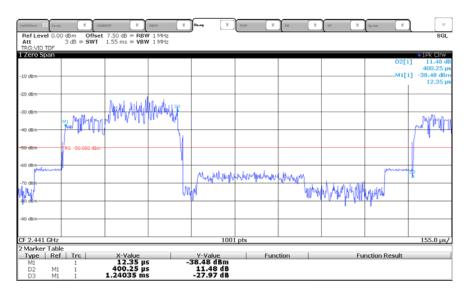
Highest Channel (2 480 吨)



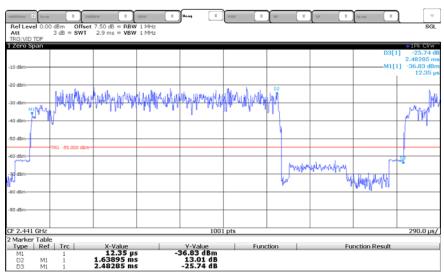


* 8DPSK

Lowest Channel (2 402 吨)

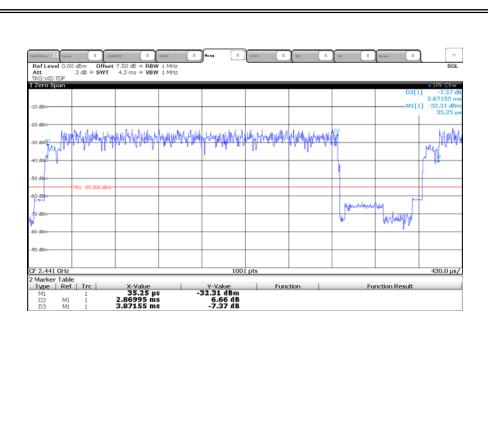


Middle Channel (2 441 吨)





Highest Channel (2 480 ₩z)





5.7 Spurious Emission, Band edge, and Restricted bands

5.7.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (Mbz) | Field strength (µV/m) | Measurement distance (m) |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 0.009 - 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 -1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 - 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 - 88 | 100** | 3 |
| 88 - 216 | 150** | 3 |
| 216 - 960 | 200** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

^{**}Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 Mb, 76–88 Mb, 174–216 Mb or 470–806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permItted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.



According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0.009 - 0.110 | 16.42 - 16.423 | 399.9 - 410 | 4.5 - 5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608 - 614 | 5.35 - 5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960 - 1240 | 7.25 - 7.75 |
| 4.125 - 4.128 | 25.5 - 25.67 | 1300 - 1427 | 8.025 - 8.5 |
| 4.17725 - 4.17775 | 37.5 - 38.25 | 1435 - 1626.5 | 9.0 - 9.2 |
| 4.20725 - 4.20775 | 73 - 74.6 | 1645.5 - 1646.5 | 9.3 - 9.5 |
| 6.215 - 6.218 | 74.8 - 75.2 | 1660 - 1710 | 10.6 - 12.7 |
| 6.26775 - 6.26825 | 108 - 121.94 | 1718.8 - 1722.2 | 13.25 - 13.4 |
| 6.31175 - 6.31225 | 123 - 138 | 2200 - 2300 | 14.47 - 14.5 |
| 8.291 - 8.294 | 149.9 - 150.05 | 2310 - 2390 | 15.35 - 16.2 |
| 8.362 - 8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5 - 2500 | 17.7 - 21.4 |
| 8.37625 - 8.38675 | 156.7 - 156.9 | 2690 - 2900 | 22.01 - 23.12 |
| 8.41425 - 8.41475 | 162.0125 - 167.17 | 3260 - 3267 | 23.6 - 24.0 |
| 12.29 - 12.293 | 167.72 - 173.2 | 3332 - 3339 | 31.2 - 31.8 |
| 12.51975 - 12.52025 | 240 - 285 | 3345.8 - 3358 | 36.43 - 36.5 |
| 12.57675 - 12.57725 | 322 - 335.4 | 3600 - 4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36 - 13.41 | | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 Mb, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

5.7.2 Measurement Procedure

The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC Public Notice DA 00-705.

- 1) Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions
- 1. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

 $RBW \ge 1\%$ of the span

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the band-edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band-edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- 3. Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.



2) Spurious RF Conducted Emissions:

1. Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

- 2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
 - a 4×4 meter at the Open Area Test Site. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 3. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

3) Spurious Radiated Emissions:

- 1. The preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters.
- 2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1×1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
- 3. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1000 MHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1000 MHz to 26500 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4. To obtain the final measurement data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4 × 4 meter at the Open Area Test Site. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 5. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

Note

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 Mbz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 Gbz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 M and the video bandwidth is 1 k (≥1/T) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 G (where T = pulse width)
- 4. The radiated restricted band edge and Spurious radiated emissions average measurements use a duty cycle correction factor (DCCF).

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5.7.3 Test Result

- Complied

- 1. Band edge compliance of RF Conducted Emissions was shown in figure 6.
- 2. Band edge compliance of RF Radiated Emissions was shown in figure 7.
- 3. Spurious RF conducted Emissions were shown in the Figure 8.

 Note: We took the insertion loss of the cable into consideration within the measuring instrument.
- 4. Measured value of the Field strength of spurious Emissions (Radiated)

* Below 1 Hz data (Worst-case: 8DPSK_Low channel)

8DPSK_ High channel (2 480 Mz)

| obi bit_ ingi | chamici (2 400 | MILL) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | |
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | [dB(µV)] | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | | |
| Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 30 Mb | | | | | | | | | |
| Below 30.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Quasi-Peak DA | Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 1 @z | | | | | | | | |
| 87.109 | 120 | V | 43.8 | -18.4 | 25.4 | 40.0 | 14.6 | | |
| 191.99 | 120 | Н | 46.7 | -15.7 | 31.0 | 43.5 | 12.5 | | |
| 197.325 | 120 | Н | 47.2 | -15.3 | 31.9 | 43.5 | 11.6 | | |
| 240.005 | 120 | Н | 56.1 | -14.2 | 41.9 | 46.0 | 4.1 | | |
| 360.043 | 120 | Н | 53.7 | -10.8 | 42.9 | 46.0 | 3.1 | | |
| Above 400.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |

* Above 1 @ data

GFSK _Low channel (2 402 Mb)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|------------|-----------------|--------|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB(µV/m)] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 Hz | | | | | | | |
| *2 333.75 | 1 000 | V | 42.1 | 4.4 | 46.5 | 74.0 | 27.5 |
| *4 824.00 | 1 000 | V | 40.4 | 7.8 | 48.2 | 74.0 | 25.8 |
| 7 236.00 | 1 000 | Н | 41.0 | 13.7 | 54.7 | 74.0 | 19.3 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | ı | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Em | issions above 1 | GHz | | | | | |
| *2 333.75 | 1 000 | V | 30.5 | 4.4 | 34.9 | 54.0 | 19.1 |
| *4 824.00 | 1 000 | V | 39.5 | 7.8 | 47.3 | 54.0 | 6.7 |
| 7 236.00 | 1 000 | Н | 32.1 | 13.7 | 45.8 | 54.0 | 8.2 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.

GFSK Middle channel (2 441 Mz)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| *4 882.00 | 1 000 | V | 41.1 | 7.9 | 49.0 | 74.0 | 25.0 |
| *7 323.00 | 1 000 | V | 41.1 | 14.0 | 55.1 | 74.0 | 18.9 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Em | issions above 1 | GHz | | | | | |
| *4 882.00 | 1 000 | V | 39.0 | 7.9 | 46.9 | 54.0 | 7.1 |
| *7 323.00 | 1 000 | V | 32.0 | 14.0 | 46.0 | 54.0 | 8.0 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.



GFSK _High channel (2 480 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|------------|--------|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| *2 483.50 | 1 000 | V | 44.6 | 4.2 | 48.8 | 74.0 | 25.2 |
| *4 960.00 | 1 000 | V | 38.9 | 8.1 | 47.0 | 74.0 | 27.0 |
| *7 440.00 | 1 000 | V | 40.6 | 14.3 | 54.9 | 74.0 | 19.1 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @ | | | | | | | |
| *2 483.50 | 1 000 | V | 34.0 | 4.2 | 38.2 | 54.0 | 15.8 |
| *4 960.00 | 1 000 | V | 39.3 | 8.1 | 47.4 | 54.0 | 6.6 |
| *7 440.00 | 1 000 | V | 31.6 | 14.3 | 45.9 | 54.0 | 8.1 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.



8DPSK _Low channel (2 402 Mb)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|------------|--------|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB] | |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | | |
| 2 325.00 | 1 000 | V | 42.4 | 4.4 | 46.8 | 74.0 | 27.2 | |
| *4 824.00 | 1 000 | V | 39.9 | 7.8 | 47.7 | 74.0 | 26.3 | |
| 7 236.00 | 1 000 | V | 42.2 | 13.7 | 55.9 | 74.0 | 18.1 | |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @ | | | | | | | | |
| 2 325.00 | 1 000 | V | 38.8 | 4.4 | 43.2 | 54.0 | 10.8 | |
| *4 824.00 | 1 000 | V | 40.0 | 7.8 | 47.8 | 54.0 | 6.2 | |
| 7 236.00 | 1 000 | V | 32.2 | 13.7 | 45.9 | 54.0 | 8.1 | |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.

8DPSK _Middle channel (2 441 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB(µV/m)] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | |
| Peak DATA. Emissi | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| *4 802.00 | 1 000 | V | 39.3 | 7.7 | 47.0 | 74.0 | 27.0 | |
| *7 323.00 | 1 000 | V | 41.1 | 14.0 | 55.1 | 74.0 | 18.9 | |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @ | | | | | | | | |
| *4 802.00 | 1 000 | V | 32.3 | 7.7 | 40.0 | 54.0 | 14.0 | |
| *7 323.00 | 1 000 | V | 26.2 | 14.0 | 40.2 | 54.0 | 13.8 | |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.



8DPSK _High channel (2 480 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|--------|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| *2 483.50 | 1 000 | V | 45.0 | 4.2 | 49.2 | 74.0 | 24.8 |
| *4 960.00 | 1 000 | V | 42.7 | 8.1 | 50.8 | 74.0 | 23.2 |
| *7 440.00 | 1 000 | V | 44.1 | 14.3 | 58.4 | 74.0 | 15.6 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 (Hz | | | | | | | |
| *2 483.50 | 1 000 | V | 32.9 | 4.2 | 37.1 | 54.0 | 16.9 |
| *4 960.00 | 1 000 | V | 38.9 | 8.1 | 47.0 | 54.0 | 7.0 |
| *7 440.00 | 1 000 | V | 32.2 | 14.3 | 46.5 | 54.0 | 7.5 |
| Above 8 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} This asterisk means restriced band.

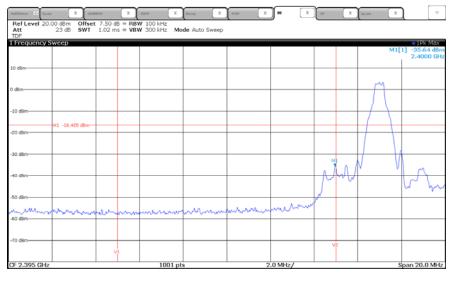


5.7.4 Test Plot

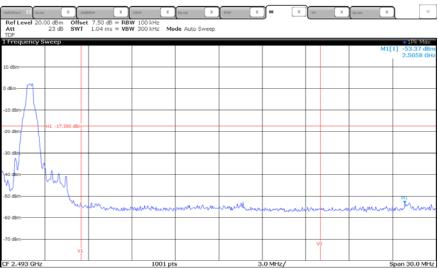
Figure 6. Plot of the Band Edge (Conducted)

* GFSK (Without hopping)

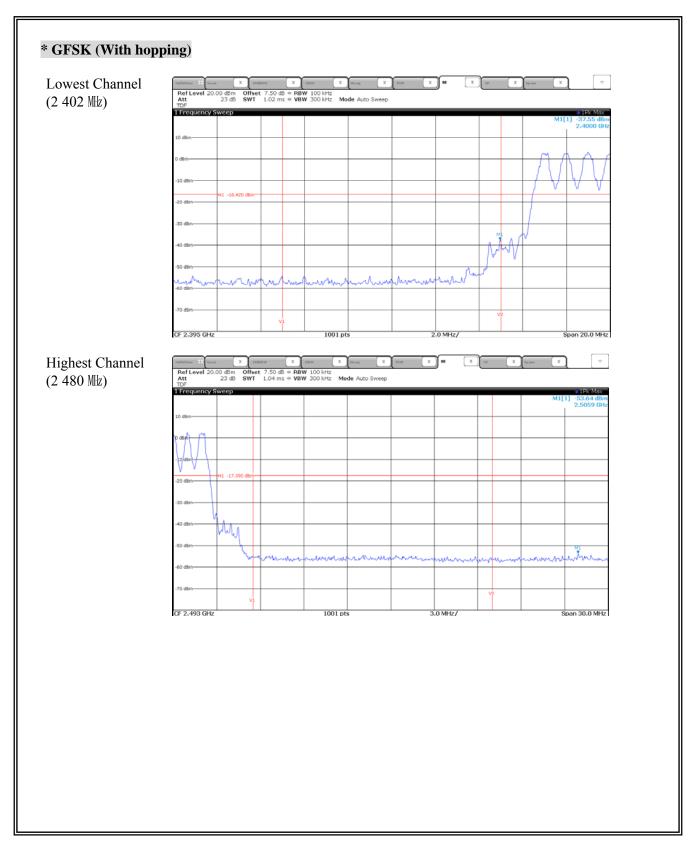
Lowest Channel (2 402 Mb)



Highest Channel (2 480 Mz)

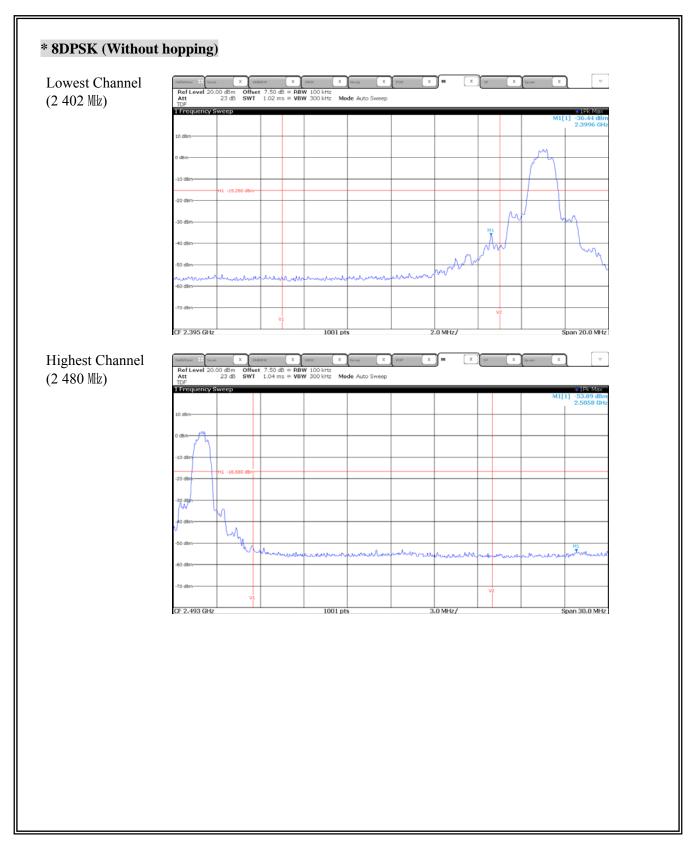






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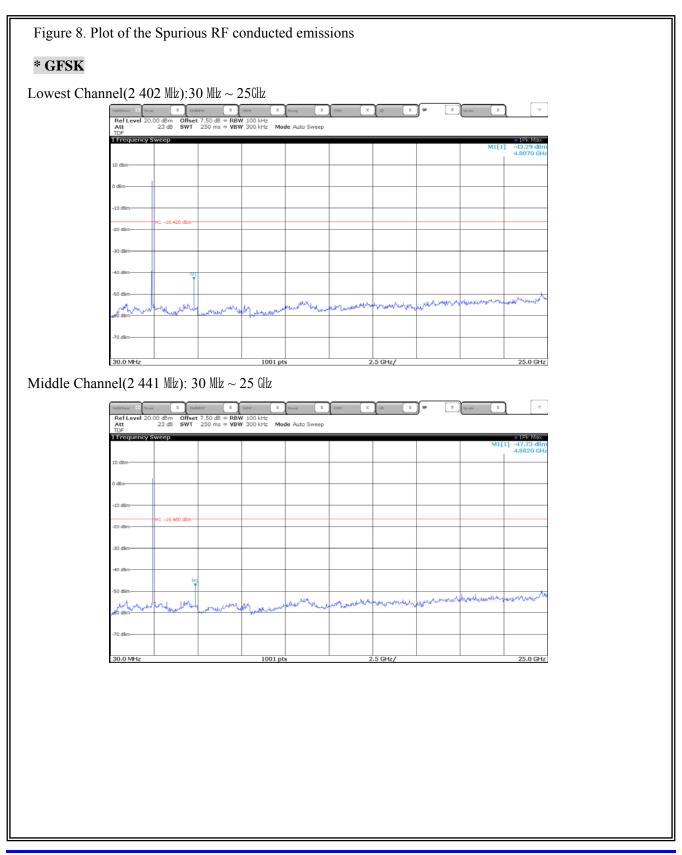




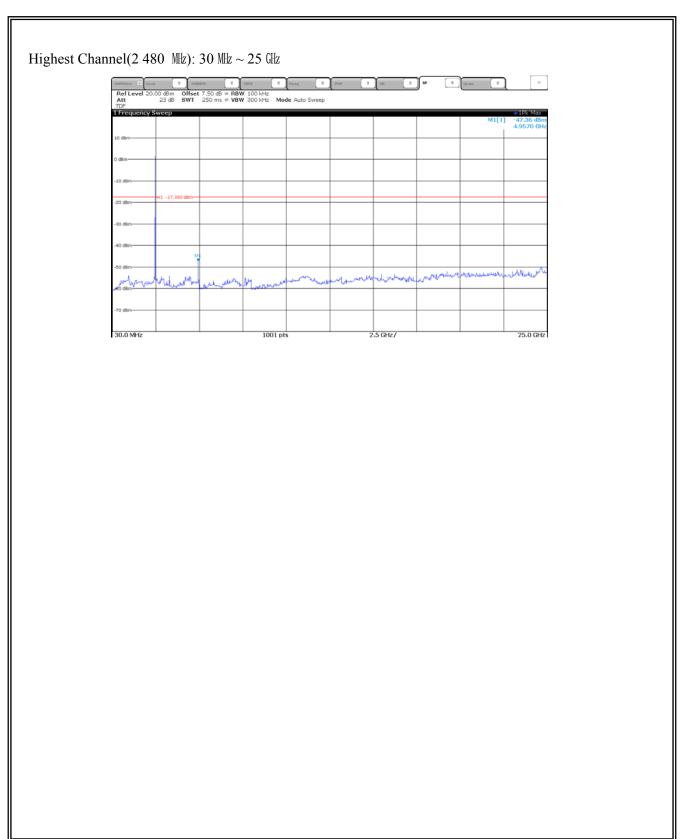


* 8DPSK (With hopping) Lowest Channel (2 402 附) **Highest Channel** (2 480 5)

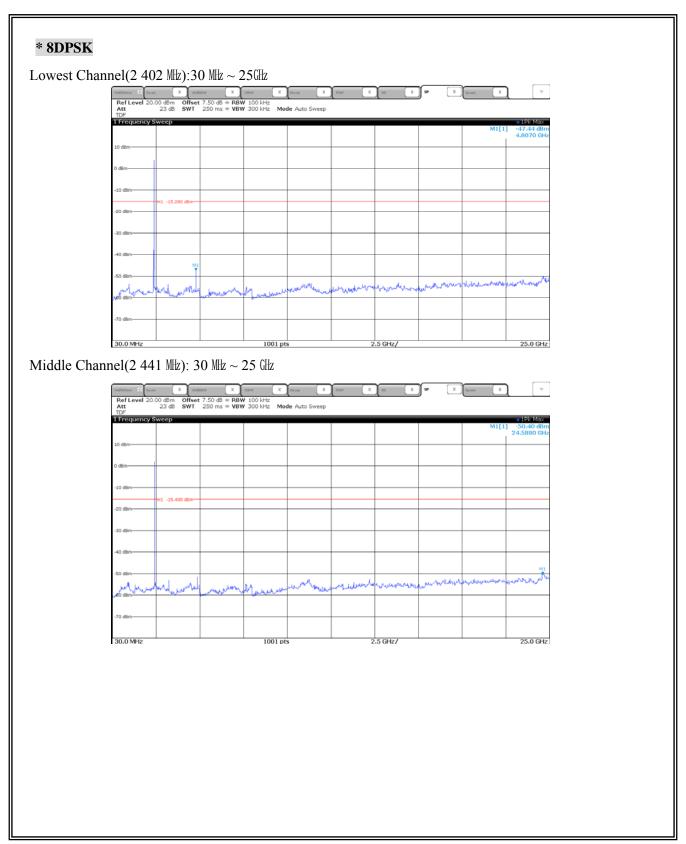




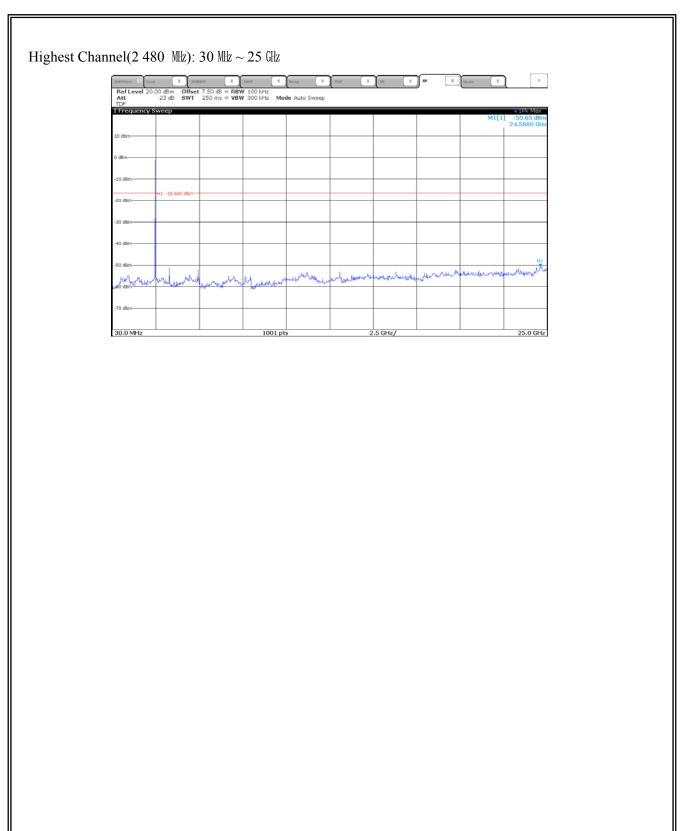














6. Test equipment used for test

| Description | Manufacture | Model No. | Serial No. | Next Cal Date. |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|
| DC Power Supply | Agilent | E3632A | MY40008800 | 14.12.24 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | R&S | FSW26 | 101353 | 15.07.11 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | R&S | FSV30 | 101437 | 14.12.31 |
| Signal generator | R&S | SMR40 | 100007 | 15.06.10 |
| Bluetooth Tester | TESCOM | TC-3000A | 3000A310047 | 15.04.10 |
| Power Divider | Aeroflex/ Weinschel, Inc | 1580-1 | PE430 | 15.10.14 |
| Amplifier | Sonoma Instrument | 310N | 293004 | 15.09.25 |
| Loop Antenna | R&S | HFH2-Z2 | 100355 | 15.06.19 |
| Bi-Log Antenna | Schwarzbeck | VULB9163 | 552 | 16.05.14 |
| Horn Antenna | ETS- LINDGREN | 3117 | 155787 | 15.02.26 |
| Horn antenna | ETS.lindgren | 3116 | 00086632 | 15.10.20 |
| Broadband Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck | BBV9721 | 2 | 15.05.09 |
| Broadband Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck | BBV9718 | 216 | 15.08.12 |
| Attenuator | HP | 8491A | 16861 | 15.05.08 |
| Highpass Filter | Wainwright Instruments GmbH | WHKX3.0/ 18G-12SS | 44 | 15.02.05 |
| Turn Table | Innco Systems | DT2000S-1t | 79 | - |
| Antenna Mast | Innco Systems | MA4000-EP | 303 | - |