

# SAR Test Report

FCC Rule Part : CFR §2.1093

Standards : IEEE Std 1528:2013, KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02,  
KDB 447498 D01 v06

Report No. : SFBGDG-WTW-P24060412

Applicant : CIPHERLAB CO., LTD

Address : 12F, 333 Dunhua S. Rd., Sec.2 Taipei, Taiwan 106

Product : UHF reader

FCC ID : Q3N-NUHF

Brand : CIPHERLAB

Model No. : RS36 NUHF

Sample Received Date : Jun. 18, 2024

Date of Testing : Oct. 09, 2024

Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan

FCC Accredited No. : TW0003

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch—Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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## Table of Contents

|                                                                           |    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Release Control Record .....                                              | 3  |
| 1. Test Reference Guidance.....                                           | 4  |
| 2. Summary of Maximum SAR Value .....                                     | 5  |
| 3. Description of Equipment Under Test .....                              | 6  |
| 4. SAR Measurement System .....                                           | 7  |
| 4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) .....                    | 7  |
| 4.2 SPEAG DASY6 System .....                                              | 7  |
| 4.2.1 Robot .....                                                         | 8  |
| 4.2.2 Probes .....                                                        | 9  |
| 4.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE).....                             | 9  |
| 4.2.4 Phantoms.....                                                       | 9  |
| 4.2.5 Device Holder .....                                                 | 10 |
| 4.2.6 System Validation Dipoles .....                                     | 11 |
| 4.2.7 Power Source .....                                                  | 11 |
| 4.2.8 Tissue Simulating Liquids .....                                     | 12 |
| 4.3 SAR System Verification .....                                         | 14 |
| 4.4 SAR Measurement Procedure .....                                       | 16 |
| 4.4.1 Area Scan and Zoom Scan Procedure .....                             | 16 |
| 4.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure .....                                         | 17 |
| 4.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring .....                                        | 18 |
| 4.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation.....                                    | 18 |
| 4.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods.....                                           | 18 |
| 5. SAR Measurement Evaluation.....                                        | 19 |
| 5.1 EUT Configuration and Setting.....                                    | 19 |
| 5.2 EUT Testing Position .....                                            | 20 |
| 5.2.1 Product Specific (Phablet) Exposure Conditions .....                | 20 |
| 5.3 Tissue Verification .....                                             | 21 |
| 5.4 System Validation.....                                                | 21 |
| 5.5 System Verification.....                                              | 21 |
| 5.6 Maximum Output Power.....                                             | 22 |
| 5.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power .....                                | 22 |
| 5.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result .....                               | 22 |
| 5.7 SAR Testing Results .....                                             | 23 |
| 5.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations .....                             | 23 |
| 5.7.2 SAR Results for Product Specific (Phablet) Exposure Condition ..... | 23 |
| 5.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability .....                                   | 24 |
| 5.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation.....                | 25 |
| 6. Calibration of Test Equipment.....                                     | 26 |
| 7. Measurement Uncertainty.....                                           | 27 |
| 8. Information of the Testing Laboratories.....                           | 28 |
| Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification                              |    |
| Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement                                  |    |
| Appendix H. Analysis of Simultaneous Transmission                         |    |
| Appendix Z. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole                  |    |



Release Control Record

| Report No.           | Reason for Change | Date Issued   |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| SFBDGD-WTW-P24060412 | Initial release   | Oct. 25, 2024 |
|                      |                   |               |
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## SAR Test Report

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### 1. Test Reference Guidance

FCC Rule Part : CFR §2.1093

Measurement procedure : IEEE STD 1528:2013, KDB 865664 D01 V01R04, KDB 865664 D02 V01R02,  
KDB 447498 D01 V06

## SAR Test Report

### 2. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Equipment Class | Mode | Highest SAR <sub>10g</sub><br>Product Specific<br>Tested at 0 mm<br>(W/kg) |
|-----------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DSS             | RFID | 3.89                                                                       |

| Highest Simultaneous Transmission | Highest SAR <sub>10g</sub><br>Product Specific<br>Tested at 0 mm<br>(W/kg) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                   | 3.89                                                                       |

#### Note:

1. The SAR criteria (**Head & Body: SAR-1g1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg**) for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.
2. According to 47 CFR part 2.1093, the MPE limits specified in part 1.1310 apply to portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz. The localized power density limit for general population exposure is **1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> (equal to 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>)** for frequency up to 100 GHz.
3. Per FCC guidance in Oct 2022 TCBC workshop, the total exposure ratio calculated by taking ratio of maximum reported SAR divided by SAR limit and adding it to maximum measured power density divided by power density limit. Numerical sum of the ratios should be less than 1.
4. Per FCC interim guidance for near-field power density measurement, the power density was spatially averaged over a circular area of 4 cm<sup>2</sup>.

**References Guidance:** IEEE C95.1:1992

## SAR Test Report

### 3. Description of Equipment Under Test

|                                                |                                              |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| EUT Type                                       | UHF reader                                   |
| FCC ID                                         | Q3N-NUHF                                     |
| Brand Name                                     | CIPHERLAB                                    |
| Model Name                                     | RS36 NUHF                                    |
| Tx Frequency Bands<br>(Unit: MHz)              | 902.75 ~ 927.25                              |
| Uplink Modulations                             | ASK                                          |
| Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power<br>(Unit: dBm) | Please refer to section 5.6.1 of this report |
| Antenna Type                                   | Refer to Note                                |
| EUT Stage                                      | Engineering Sample                           |

#### Note:

- The antenna information is listed as below.

| Brand       | Model           | Antenna Type | Connector Type | Gain (dBi) |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| FAVEPC INC. | FI-CS2535-US-01 | Patch        | I-PEX 1        | 0.23       |

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

## **4. SAR Measurement System**

### **4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

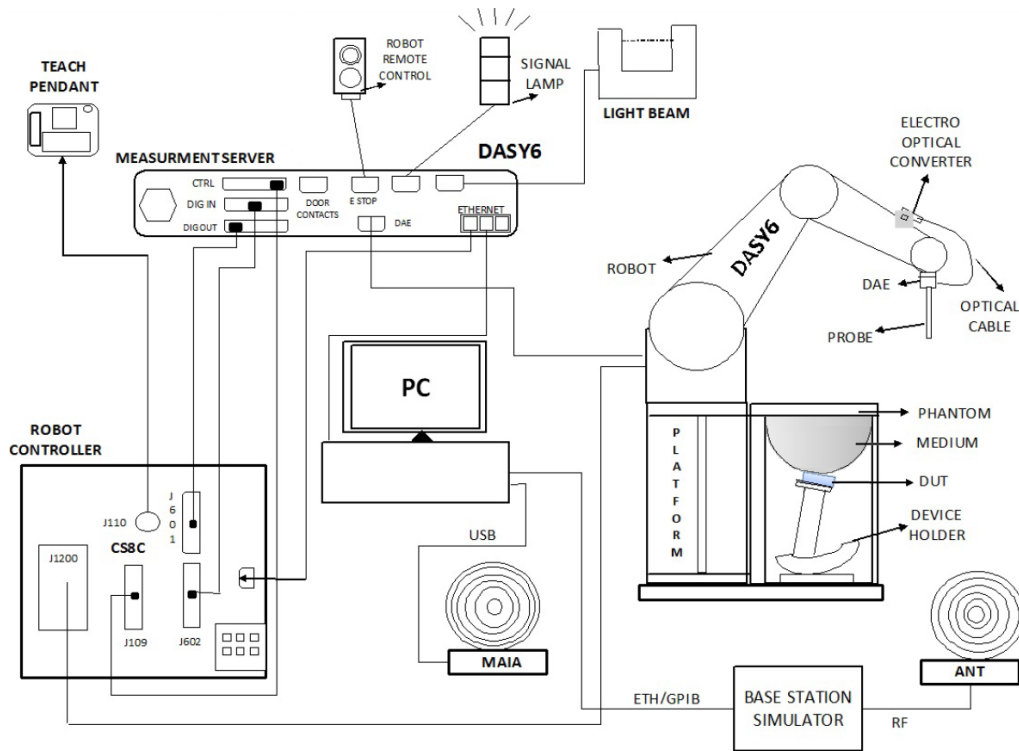
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

### **4.2 SPEAG DASY6 System**

DASY6 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY6 software defined. The DASY6 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

## SAR Test Report



**Fig-4.1 SPEAG DASY6 System Setup**

### 4.2.1 Robot

The DASY6 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



**Fig-4.2 SPEAG DASY6 System**

## SAR Test Report

### 4.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

|                      |                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                     |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>         | EX3DV4                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| <b>Construction</b>  | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). |                                                                                     |
| <b>Frequency</b>     | 4 MHz to 10 GHz<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB                                                                                                               |                                                                                     |
| <b>Directivity</b>   | $\pm 0.1$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)                                                  |                                                                                     |
| <b>Dynamic Range</b> | 10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically $< 1$ $\mu$ W/g)                                                                   |                                                                                     |
| <b>Dimensions</b>    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm                     |                                                                                     |

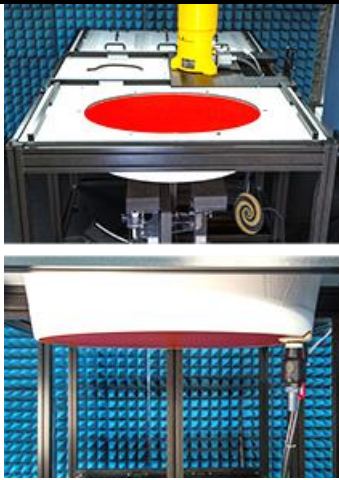
### 4.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>                | DAE3, DAE4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| <b>Construction</b>         | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. |                                                                                      |
| <b>Measurement Range</b>    | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                      |
| <b>Input Offset Voltage</b> | $< 5\mu$ V (with auto zero)                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                      |
| <b>Input Bias Current</b>   | $< 50$ fA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                      |
| <b>Dimensions</b>           | 60 x 60 x 68 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                      |

### 4.2.4 Phantoms

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                       |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>           | SAM-Twin Phantom                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| <b>Construction</b>    | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE Std 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. |                                                                                       |
| <b>Material</b>        | Vinylester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                       |
| <b>Shell Thickness</b> | 2 $\pm$ 0.2 mm (6 $\pm$ 0.2 mm at ear point)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                       |
| <b>Dimensions</b>      | Length: 1000 mm<br>Width: 500 mm<br>Height: adjustable feet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                       |
| <b>Filling Volume</b>  | approx. 25 liters                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                       |

## SAR Test Report

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                     |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>           | ELI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| <b>Construction</b>    | The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. |                                                                                     |
| <b>Material</b>        | Vinylester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                     |
| <b>Shell Thickness</b> | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                     |
| <b>Dimensions</b>      | Major axis: 600 mm<br>Minor axis: 400 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                     |
| <b>Filling Volume</b>  | approx. 30 liters                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                     |

### 4.2.5 Device Holder

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                      |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>        | MD4HHTV5 - Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| <b>Construction</b> | In combination with the Twin SAM or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). |                                                                                      |
| <b>Material</b>     | Polyoxymethylene (POM)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                      |

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                       |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>        | MDA4WTV5 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Ultra Wide Transmitters                                                                                                           |  |
| <b>Construction</b> | An upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm. |                                                                                       |
| <b>Material</b>     | Polyoxymethylene (POM)                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                       |

|                     |                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                       |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>        | MDA4SPV6 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Smart Phones                                                                                      |  |
| <b>Construction</b> | The solid low-density MDA4SPV6 adaptor assuring no impact on the DUT radiation performance and is conform with any DUT design and shape. |                                                                                       |
| <b>Material</b>     | ROHACELL                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                       |

## SAR Test Report

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                     |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>        | MD4LAPV5 - Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| <b>Construction</b> | In combination with the Twin SAM or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device (Body-Worn) enables testing of transmitter devices according to IEC 62209-2 specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at a flat phantom section. |                                                                                     |
| <b>Material</b>     | Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                     |

### 4.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                      |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>            | D-Serial                                                                                                                                                             |  |
| <b>Construction</b>     | Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions. |                                                                                      |
| <b>Frequency</b>        | 750 MHz to 5800 MHz                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                      |
| <b>Return Loss</b>      | > 20 dB                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                      |
| <b>Power Capability</b> | > 100 W ( $f < 1\text{GHz}$ ), > 40 W ( $f > 1\text{GHz}$ )                                                                                                          |                                                                                      |

### 4.2.7 Power Source

|                              |                                                           |                                                                                       |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Model</b>                 | Powersource1                                              |  |
| <b>Signal Type</b>           | Continuous Wave                                           |                                                                                       |
| <b>Operating Frequencies</b> | 600 MHz to 5850 MHz                                       |                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Power</b>          | -5.0 dBm to +17.0 dBm                                     |                                                                                       |
| <b>Power Supply</b>          | 5V DC, via USB jack                                       |                                                                                       |
| <b>Power Consumption</b>     | <3 W                                                      |                                                                                       |
| <b>Applications</b>          | System performance check and validation with a CW signal. |                                                                                       |

## SAR Test Report

### 4.2.8 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 10 % are listed in Table-4.1.

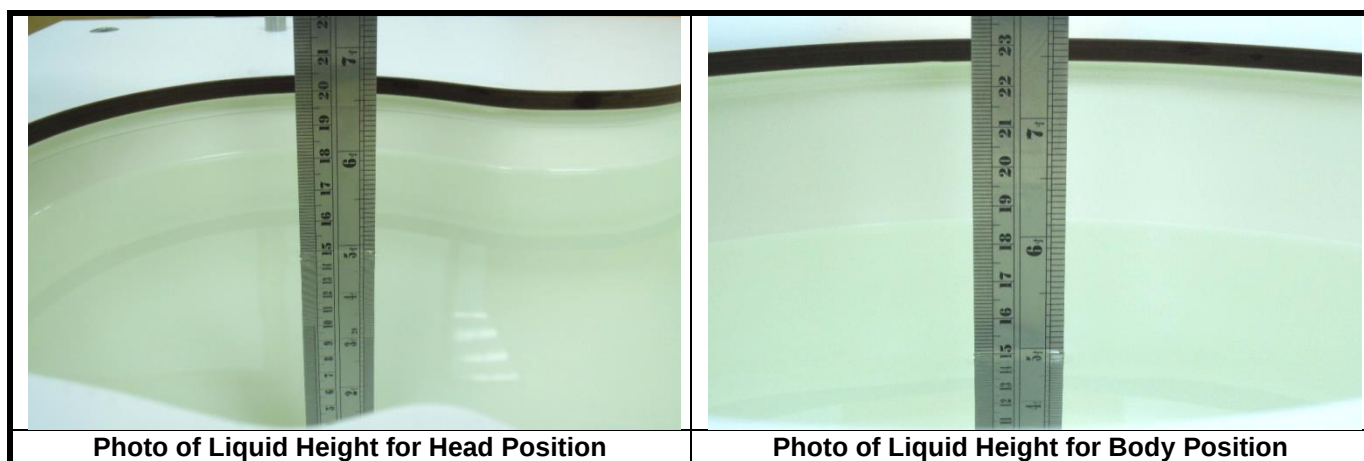


Table-4.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency (MHz) | Target Permittivity | Range of $\pm 10\%$ | Target Conductivity | Range of $\pm 10\%$ |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 450             | 43.5                | 39.2 ~ 47.9         | 0.87                | 0.78 ~ 0.96         |
| 750             | 41.9                | 37.7 ~ 46.1         | 0.89                | 0.80 ~ 0.98         |
| 835             | 41.5                | 37.4 ~ 45.7         | 0.90                | 0.81 ~ 0.99         |
| 900             | 41.5                | 37.4 ~ 45.7         | 0.97                | 0.87 ~ 1.07         |
| 1450            | 40.5                | 36.5 ~ 44.6         | 1.20                | 1.08 ~ 1.32         |
| 1500            | 40.4                | 36.4 ~ 44.4         | 1.23                | 1.11 ~ 1.35         |
| 1640            | 40.2                | 36.2 ~ 44.2         | 1.31                | 1.18 ~ 1.44         |
| 1750            | 40.1                | 36.1 ~ 44.1         | 1.37                | 1.23 ~ 1.51         |
| 1800            | 40.0                | 36.0 ~ 44.0         | 1.40                | 1.26 ~ 1.54         |
| 1900            | 40.0                | 36.0 ~ 44.0         | 1.40                | 1.26 ~ 1.54         |
| 2000            | 40.0                | 36.0 ~ 44.0         | 1.40                | 1.26 ~ 1.54         |
| 2100            | 39.8                | 35.8 ~ 43.8         | 1.49                | 1.34 ~ 1.64         |
| 2300            | 39.5                | 35.6 ~ 43.5         | 1.67                | 1.50 ~ 1.84         |
| 2450            | 39.2                | 35.3 ~ 43.1         | 1.80                | 1.62 ~ 1.98         |
| 2600            | 39.0                | 35.1 ~ 42.9         | 1.96                | 1.76 ~ 2.16         |
| 3000            | 38.5                | 34.7 ~ 42.4         | 2.40                | 2.16 ~ 2.64         |
| 3500            | 37.9                | 34.1 ~ 41.7         | 2.91                | 2.62 ~ 3.20         |
| 4000            | 37.4                | 33.7 ~ 41.1         | 3.43                | 3.09 ~ 3.77         |
| 4500            | 36.8                | 33.1 ~ 40.5         | 3.94                | 3.55 ~ 4.33         |
| 5000            | 36.2                | 32.6 ~ 39.8         | 4.45                | 4.01 ~ 4.90         |
| 5200            | 36.0                | 32.4 ~ 39.6         | 4.66                | 4.19 ~ 5.13         |
| 5400            | 35.8                | 32.2 ~ 39.4         | 4.86                | 4.37 ~ 5.35         |
| 5600            | 35.5                | 32.0 ~ 39.1         | 5.07                | 4.56 ~ 5.58         |
| 5800            | 35.3                | 31.8 ~ 38.8         | 5.27                | 4.74 ~ 5.80         |
| 6000            | 35.1                | 31.6 ~ 38.6         | 5.48                | 4.93 ~ 6.03         |
| 6500            | 34.5                | 31.1 ~ 38.0         | 6.07                | 5.46 ~ 6.68         |

## SAR Test Report

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEC 62209-1 and IEC 62209-2. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Since the range of  $\pm 10\%$  of the required target values is used to measure relative permittivity and conductivity, the SAR correction procedure is applied to correct measured SAR for the deviations in permittivity and conductivity. Only positive correction has been used to scale up the measured SAR, and SAR result would not be corrected if the correction  $\Delta$  SAR has a negative sign.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

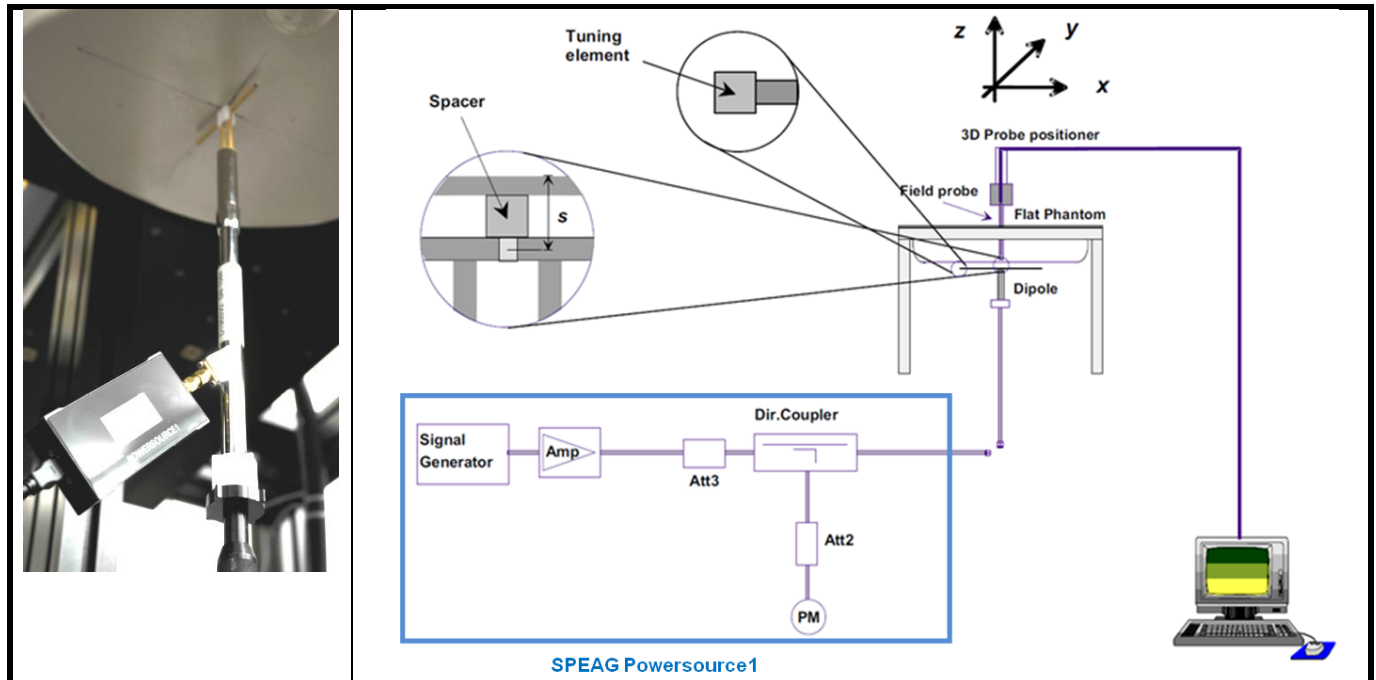
**Table-4.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid**

| Tissue Type | Bactericide | DGBE | HEC | NaCl | Sucrose | Triton X-100 | Water | Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether | Oxidized Mineral Oil |
|-------------|-------------|------|-----|------|---------|--------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| H750        | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.5  | 56.0    | -            | 42.1  | -                                 | -                    |
| H835        | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.5  | 57.0    | -            | 41.1  | -                                 | -                    |
| H900        | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.4  | 58.0    | -            | 40.2  | -                                 | -                    |
| H1450       | -           | 43.3 | -   | 0.6  | -       | -            | 56.1  | -                                 | -                    |
| H1640       | -           | 45.8 | -   | 0.5  | -       | -            | 53.7  | -                                 | -                    |
| H1750       | -           | 47.0 | -   | 0.4  | -       | -            | 52.6  | -                                 | -                    |
| H1800       | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.3  | -       | -            | 55.2  | -                                 | -                    |
| H1900       | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.2  | -       | -            | 55.3  | -                                 | -                    |
| H2000       | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -            | 55.4  | -                                 | -                    |
| H2300       | -           | 44.9 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -            | 55.0  | -                                 | -                    |
| H2450       | -           | 45.0 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -            | 54.9  | -                                 | -                    |
| H2600       | -           | 45.1 | -   | 0.1  | -       | -            | 54.8  | -                                 | -                    |
| H3500       | -           | 8.0  | -   | 0.2  | -       | 20.0         | 71.8  | -                                 | -                    |
| H5G         | -           | -    | -   | -    | -       | 17.2         | 65.5  | 17.3                              | -                    |
| H6G         | -           | -    | -   | -    | -       | -            | 56.0  | -                                 | 44.0                 |

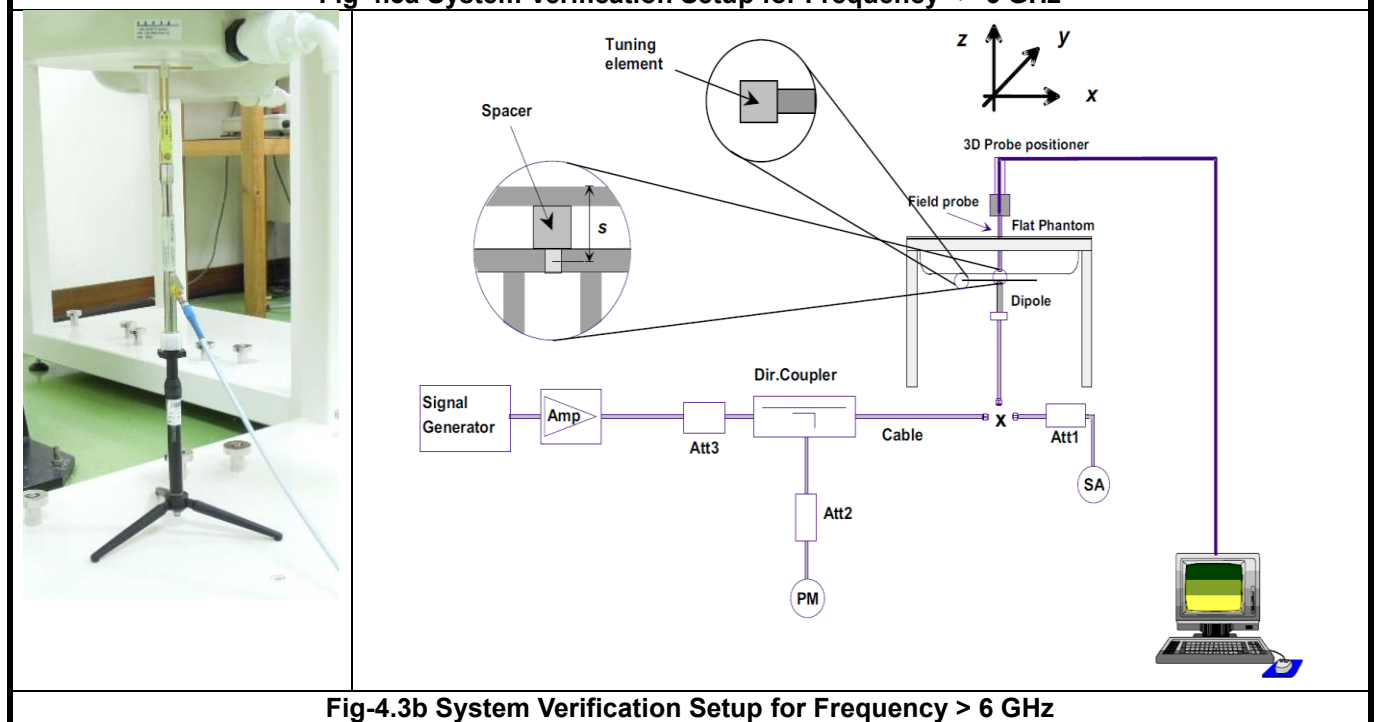
## SAR Test Report

### 4.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



**Fig-4.3a System Verification Setup for Frequency  $\leq 6$  GHz**



**Fig-4.3b System Verification Setup for Frequency  $> 6$  GHz**

## SAR Test Report

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For frequency  $\leq 6$  GHz, the SPEAG Powersource1 is a portable and very stable RF source providing a continuous wave (CW) signal. It is designed for conducting SAR system checks and SAR system validation of DASY and is compatible with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and IEEE Std 1528 standards. The Powersource1 has been calibrated by SPEAG's ISO/IEC 17025-accredited calibration center. When using Powersource1, the setup can be simplified, as shown in Fig-4.3a. The signal purity is warranted by design. Since the Powersource1 is calibrated, no additional equipment is needed and the Powersource1 can directly be connected to the SMA connector of the dipole without a cable as all separate components (signal generator, amplifier, coupler and power meter) are built into the unit.

For frequency  $> 6$  GHz, the setup is shown in Fig-4.3b. The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power as 100 mW at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The Powersource1 is adjusted for the desired forward power of 17 dBm or 20 dBm will be set for  $> 6$  GHz at the dipole connector and the RF output power would be turned on. After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

## SAR Test Report

### 4.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- Record the SAR value

#### 4.4.1 Area Scan and Zoom Scan Procedure

First area scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an area scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, zoom scan is required. The zoom scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution.

Measure the local SAR at a test point at 1.4 mm of the inner surface of the phantom recommended by SEPAG. The area scan (two-dimensional SAR distribution) is performed cover at least an area larger than the projection of the EUT or antenna. The measurement resolution and spatial resolution for interpolation shall be chosen to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of the corresponding side of the zoom scan volume. Following table provides the measurement parameters required for the area scan.

| Parameter                                                                                 | $f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$                                                                | $3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 6 \text{ GHz}$                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point to phantom surface                        | $5 \pm 1$                                                                             | $\delta \ln(2)/2 \pm 0.5$                                                            |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                                                | $20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                                               |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$    | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 15 \text{ mm}$<br>$2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 10 \text{ mm}$ |

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks. Additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g. 1 W/kg for 1.6 W/kg, 1 g limit; or 1.26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

## SAR Test Report

The zoom scan (three-dimensional SAR distribution) is performed at the local maxima locations identified in previous area scan procedure. The zoom scan volume must be larger than the required minimum dimensions. When graded grids are used, which only applies in the direction normal to the phantom surface, the initial grid separation closest to the phantom surface and subsequent graded grid increment ratios must satisfy the required protocols. The 1-g SAR averaging volume must be fully contained within the zoom scan measurement volume boundaries; otherwise, the measurement must be repeated by shifting or expanding the zoom scan volume. The similar requirements also apply to 10-g SAR measurements. Following table provides the measurement parameters required for the zoom scan.

| Parameter                                                                              |                                           | $f \leq 3$ GHz                                      | $3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 6$ GHz                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{zoom}}$ |                                           | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm<br>4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm                                 |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                        | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n)$ | $\leq 5$ mm                                         | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm       |
|                                                                                        | graded grids: $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(1)$ | $\leq 4$ mm                                         | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3.0$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2.0$ mm |
|                                                                                        | $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n>1)$             | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$ mm     |                                                                                  |
| Minimum zoom scan volume (x, y, z)                                                     |                                           | $\geq 30$ mm                                        | 3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm    |

Per IEC 62209-2 AMD1, the successively higher resolution zoom scan is required if the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed:

- (1) The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions ( $\Delta x, \Delta y$ ). This shall be checked for the measured zoom scan plane conformal to the phantom at the distance  $z_{M1}$ .
- (2) The ratio of the SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 %.

If one or both of the above criteria are not met, the zoom scan measurement shall be repeated using a finer resolution. New horizontal and vertical grid steps shall be determined from the measured SAR distribution so that the above criteria are met. Compliance with the above two criteria shall be demonstrated for the new measured zoom scan.

### 4.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## SAR Test Report

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### 4.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

### 4.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 4.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## **5. SAR Measurement Evaluation**

### **5.1 EUT Configuration and Setting**

#### **<Considerations Related to NFC(RFID) for Setup and Testing>**

Generally, various vendor-specific external test software and chipset-based internal test modes are commonly used for SAR measurements. These chipset-based test mode utilities are often hardware and manufacturer dependent and often include significant flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram the device. NFC (RFID) devices must be configured for the highest duty cycle. Additionally, current generation SAR systems require periodic transmission of duty cycle to correctly measure SAR. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty cycle to determine compliance with the maximum trim tolerance limit.

## SAR Test Report

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### 5.2 EUT Testing Position

#### 5.2.1 Product Specific (Phablet) Exposure Conditions

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the following Phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless mode and frequency band. Devices marketed as Phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a Phablet to determine SAR compliance.

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq 25$  mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. The normal tablet procedures in KDB 616217 are required when the over diagonal dimension of the device is > 20 cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of large form factor full size tablets. The more conservative tablet SAR results can be used to support the 10-g extremity SAR for Phablet mode.
3. The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless mode and exposure conditions.

## SAR Test Report

### 5.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

| Plot No. | Frequency (MHz) | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Measured Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Measured Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Target Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Target Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Conductivity Deviation (%) | Permittivity Deviation (%) | Test Date     |
|----------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| S01      | 835             | 21.2              | 0.939                              | 43.4                                   | 0.9                              | 41.5                                 | 4.33                       | 4.58                       | Oct. 09, 2024 |

**Note:**

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid have been measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within  $\pm 10$  % of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing has kept within  $\pm 2$  °C.

### 5.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

| Plot No. | Test Date     | Probe S/N | Calibration Point | Measured Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Measured Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Validation for CW |                 |                | Validation for Modulation |             |      |
|----------|---------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------|------|
|          |               |           |                   |                                    |                                        | Sensitivity Range | Probe Linearity | Probe Isotropy | Modulation Type           | Duty Factor | PAR  |
| S01      | Oct. 09, 2024 | 7554      | 835               | 0.939                              | 43.4                                   | Pass              | Pass            | Pass           | ASK                       | N/A         | Pass |

### 5.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

| Plot No. | Test Date     | Frequency (MHz) | 1W Target SAR-10g (W/kg) | Measured SAR-10g (W/kg) | Normalized to 1W SAR-10g (W/kg) | Deviation (%) | Dipole S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Output Power (dBm) |
|----------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| S01      | Oct. 09, 2024 | 835             | 6.05                     | 0.324                   | 6.46                            | 6.85          | 4d121      | 7554      | 1277    | 17                 |

**Note:**

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

## SAR Test Report

### 5.6 Maximum Output Power

#### 5.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

| RFID |         |                 |             |
|------|---------|-----------------|-------------|
| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Max Tune-up |
| ASK  | 0       | 902.75          | 22.0        |
|      | 24      | 914.75          | 26.0        |
|      | 49      | 927.25          | 26.0        |

#### 5.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

| RFID |         |                 |            |
|------|---------|-----------------|------------|
| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Avg. Power |
| ASK  | 0       | 902.75          | 21.57      |
|      | 24      | 914.75          | 25.24      |
|      | 49      | 927.25          | 25.29      |

## SAR Test Report

### 5.7 SAR Testing Results

#### 5.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

##### <KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1)  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
- (2)  $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3)  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz

When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the measured SAR will be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to determine compliance. The scaling factor for the tune-up power is defined as maximum tune-up limit (mW) / measured conducted power (mW). The reported SAR would be calculated by measured SAR x tune-up power scaling factor.

The SAR has been measured with highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for WLAN and/or Bluetooth. When the transmission duty factor could not achieve 100%, the reported SAR will be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up power. The scaling factor for the duty factor is defined as 100% / transmission duty cycle (%). The reported SAR would be calculated by measured SAR x tune-up power scaling factor x duty cycle scaling factor.

#### 5.7.2 SAR Results for Product Specific (Phablet) Exposure Condition

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Separation Distance (mm) | Ch. | Ant Status | Duty Cycle | Crest Factor | Max. Tune-up Power (dBm) | Measured Conducted Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured SAR-10g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR-10g (W/kg) |
|----------|------|------|---------------|--------------------------|-----|------------|------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|          | RFID | ASK  | Front Face    | 0                        | 49  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.29                          | 1.18           | 0.11             | 0.036                   | 0.04                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Left Side     | 0                        | 49  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.29                          | 1.18           | 0.04             | 0.727                   | 0.86                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Right Side    | 0                        | 49  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.29                          | 1.18           | 0.12             | 2.02                    | 2.38                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Top Side      | 0                        | 49  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.29                          | 1.18           | -0.09            | 0.906                   | 1.07                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Bottom Side   | 0                        | 49  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.29                          | 1.18           | -0.05            | 3.12                    | 3.68                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Right Side    | 0                        | 0   | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 22.00                    | 21.57                          | 1.10           | 0.06             | 0.372                   | 0.41                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Right Side    | 0                        | 24  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.24                          | 1.19           | -0.02            | 2.1                     | 2.50                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Bottom Side   | 0                        | 0   | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 22.00                    | 21.57                          | 1.10           | -0.11            | 0.585                   | 0.64                  |
| 1        | RFID | ASK  | Bottom Side   | 0                        | 24  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.24                          | 1.19           | 0.14             | 3.27                    | 3.89                  |
|          | RFID | ASK  | Bottom Side   | 0                        | 24  | Ant 0      | 100.00     | 1.00         | 26.00                    | 25.24                          | 1.19           | 0.1              | 3.25                    | 3.87                  |

Note:

1. SAR testing for RFID was performed on the maximum power mode.
2. The EUT has been evaluated under product specific conditions (handheld activated RFID reader). Please refer to the user manual for details.

## SAR Test Report

### 5.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is  $< 2.0$  W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is  $\geq 2.0$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ , or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 3.625$  W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 3.75$  W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

| Plot | Band | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Original Measured SAR-10g (W/kg) | 1st Repeated SAR-10g (W/kg) | L/S Ratio |
|------|------|------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| P01  | RFID | ASK  | Bottom Side   | 24  | 3.27                             | 3.25                        | 1.01      |

## SAR Test Report

### 5.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

#### <SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR<sub>1g</sub> of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR<sub>1g</sub> is greater than the SAR limit (SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

Refer to Appendix H for the Simultaneous transmission SAR analysis.

#### <SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio Analysis>

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination are considered one pair at a time to determine the SPLSR. When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the following formula.

$$\text{Peak Location Separation Distance} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

Where (x<sub>1</sub>, y<sub>1</sub>, z<sub>1</sub>) and (x<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>, z<sub>2</sub>) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the area or zoom scans.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna. Due to curvatures on the SAM phantom, when SAR is estimated for one of the antennas in an antenna pair, the measured peak SAR location will be translated onto the test device to determine the peak location separation for the antenna pair.

The SPLSR is determined by the following formula.

$$\text{SPLSR} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{R_i}$$

Where SAR<sub>1</sub> and SAR<sub>2</sub> are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and R<sub>i</sub> is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When the SPLSR is ≤ 0.04, the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. Otherwise, the enlarged zoom scan and volume scan post-processing procedures will be performed.

Since sum of simultaneous transmission SAR is less than the SAR limit for Body : SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg. There is no requirement for SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio Analysis.

**Test Engineer :** Rhys Liu

## SAR Test Report

### 6. Calibration of Test Equipment

| Equipment                    | Manufacturer | Model         | SN        | Cal. Date     | Cal. Interval |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| System Validation Dipole     | SPEAG        | D835V2        | 4d121     | Aug. 22, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe     | SPEAG        | EX3DV4        | 7554      | Sep. 17, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG        | DAE4          | 1277      | May. 14, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Power Meter                  | Anritsu      | ML2495A       | 1232001   | Jan. 05, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Power Sensor                 | Anritsu      | MA2411B       | 1207334   | Jan. 05, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Thermometer                  | YFE          | YF-160A       | 120702369 | Aug. 09, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Dielectric Assessment Kit    | SPEAG        | DAKS-3.5      | 1092      | May. 23, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Dielectric Assessment Kit    | SPEAG        | DAKS VNA R140 | 0010917   | May. 23, 2024 | 1 Year        |
| Powersource1                 | SPEAG        | SE UMS 160 BA | 4263      | Jan. 17, 2024 | 1 Year        |

## **7. Measurement Uncertainty**

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg for 1-g SAR, and  $\geq 3.75$  W/kg for 10-g SAR. The procedures described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 should be applied. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k = 2$ . When the highest measured SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg for 1-g and  $< 3.75$  W/kg for 10-g, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. Hence, the measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this SAR report because the test result met the condition.

## SAR Test Report

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### 8. Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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