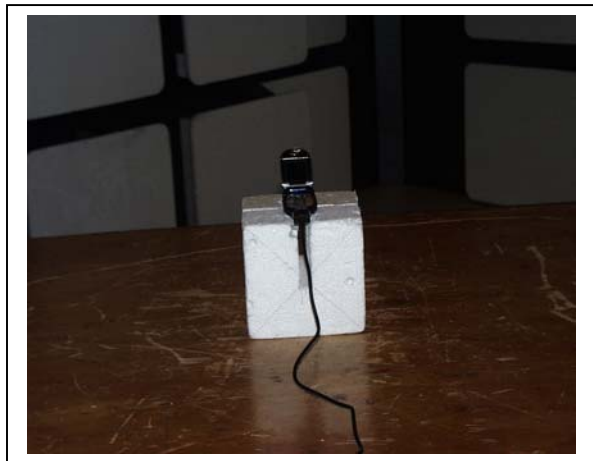


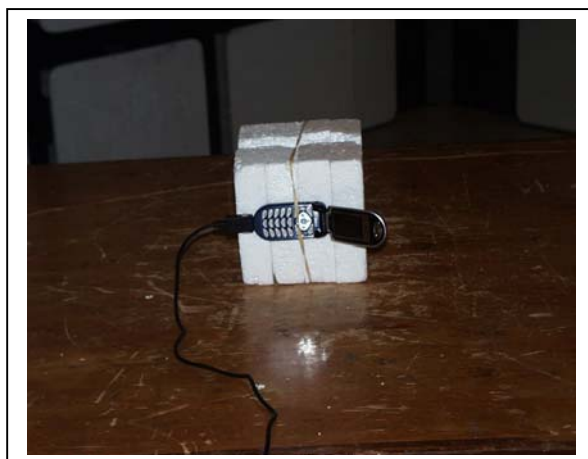
X position:



Y position:



Z position:

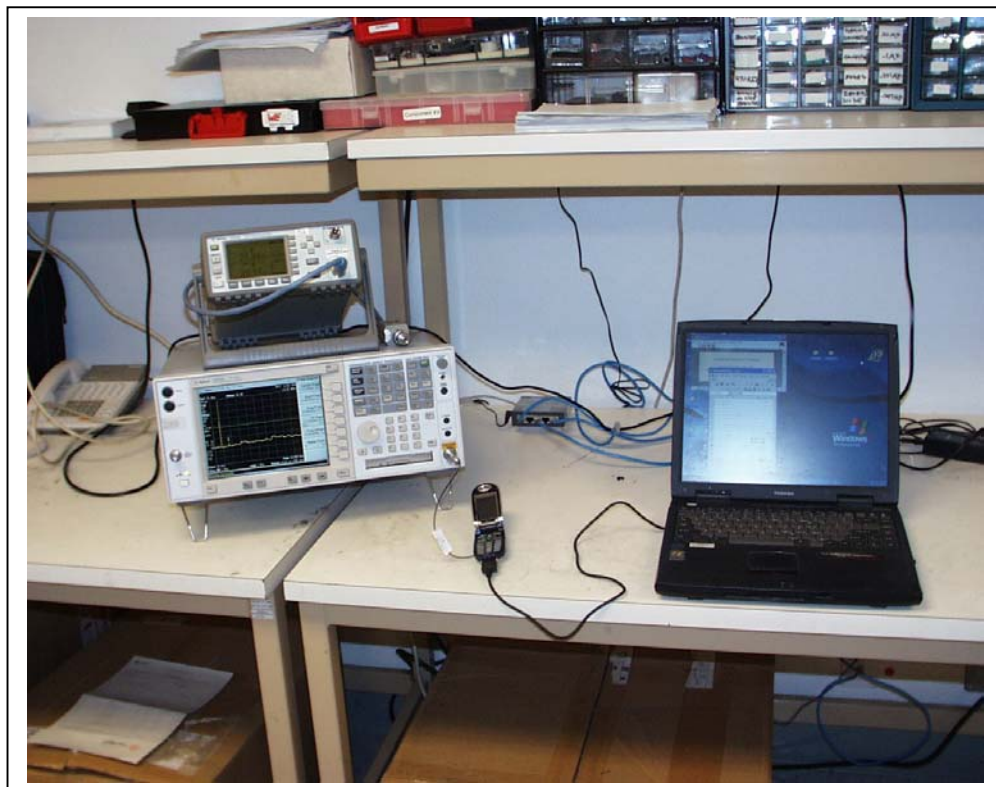
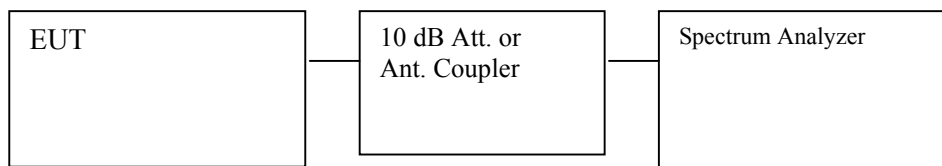


## 7.2. SECTION 2.1047: MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Not applicable, the EUT is single mode CDMA only.

## 7.3. SECTION 2.1049: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### SETUP CONFIGURATION



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- **Frequency stability versus environmental temperature**

- 1). Setup the configuration per figure 6 for frequencies measurement inside the environmental chamber. Set the temperature of the chamber to 25°C. Set SA Resolution Bandwidth low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure the EUT 25°C operating frequency as reference frequency.
- 2). Turn EUT off and set Chamber temperature to -30°C.
- 3). Allow sufficient time (approximately 20 to 30 minus after chamber reach the assigned temperature) for EUT to stabilize. Turn on EUT and measure the EUT operating frequency. Turn off EUT after the measurement.
- 4). Repeat step 3 with a 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50°C reached, record all measured frequencies on each temperature step.

- **Frequency stability versus AC input voltage**

- 1). Setup the configuration per figure 6 and set chamber temperature to 25°C. Use a variable AC power supply to power the EUT and set AC output voltage to EUT nominal input AC voltage. Set SA Resolution Bandwidth low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure the EUT 25°C operating frequency as reference frequency.
- 2). Slowly reduce the EUT input voltage to specified extreme voltage variation ( $\pm 15\%$ ) and record the maximum frequency change.

## **RESULT**

No non-compliance noted, as shown below because the EUT uses the same OSC in both receiver and transmitter LO circuit. As a result, the frequency does not shift in Frequency Stability Test.

