



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:

Samsung Electronics, Co. Ltd.
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Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si
Gyeonggi-do 443-742, Korea

Date of Testing:

08/20/14 - 08/26/14

Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Document Serial No.:

0Y1408211756.A3L

FCC ID:

A3LSMR750C

APPLICANT:

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, CO. LTD.

DUT Type:

Portable Wrist Device

Application Type:

Certification

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR §2.1093

Model(s):

SM-R750P, SM-R750V, SM-R750R4


Test Device Serial No.:

Pre-Production [S/N: 314A7, 314F4]

| Equipment Class | Band & Mode | Tx Frequency | SAR | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 1 gm Head (W/kg) | 10 gm Extremity (W/kg) |
| PCB | Cell. CDMA/EVDO | 824.70 - 848.31 MHz | < 0.1 | 0.35 |
| PCB | PCS CDMA/EVDO | 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz | 0.70 | 0.83 |
| DTS | 2.4 GHz WLAN | 2412 - 2462 MHz | 0.11 | 0.24 |
| DTS | Bluetooth LE | 2402 - 2480 MHz | N/A | |
| DSS | Bluetooth | 2402 - 2480 MHz | <0.1 | 0.21 |
| Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03: | | | 0.81 | 1.07 |

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.


Randy Ortanez
President



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST



1.1 Device Overview

| Band & Mode | Operating Modes | Tx Frequency |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Cell. CDMA/EVDO | Voice/Data | 824.70 - 848.31 MHz |
| PCS CDMA/EVDO | Voice/Data | 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz |
| 2.4 GHz WLAN | Data | 2412 - 2462 MHz |
| Bluetooth | Data | 2402 - 2480 MHz |

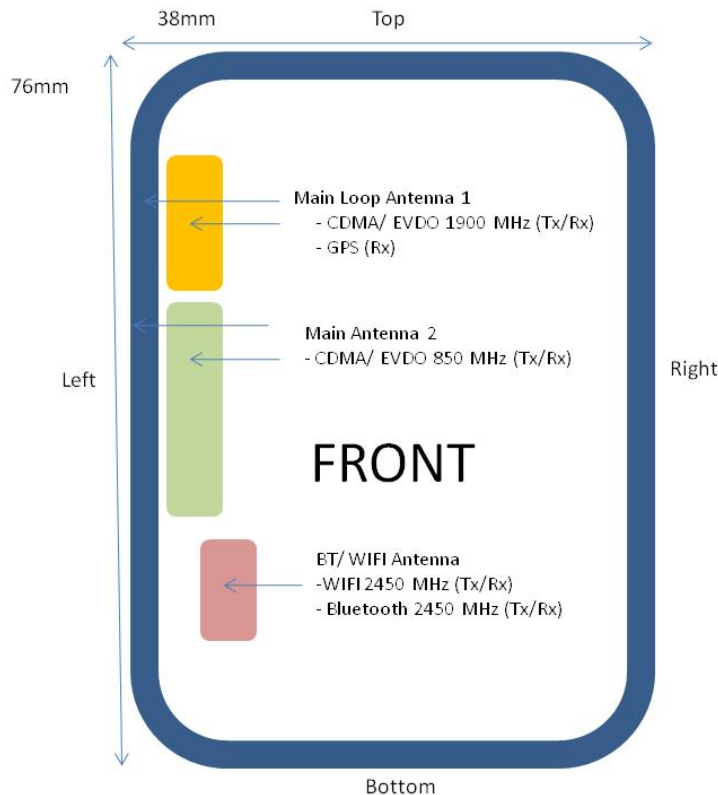
1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

| Mode / Band | | Modulated Average (dBm) |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Cell. CDMA/EVDO | Maximum | 25.5 |
| | Nominal | 25.0 |
| PCS CDMA/EVDO | Maximum | 25.5 |
| | Nominal | 25.0 |
| Mode / Band | | Modulated Average (dBm) |
| IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 17.5 |
| | Nominal | 17.0 |
| IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 13.5 |
| | Nominal | 13.0 |
| IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 13.5 |
| | Nominal | 13.0 |
| Bluetooth | Maximum | 18.0 |
| | Nominal | 17.5 |
| Bluetooth LE | Maximum | 7.0 |
| | Nominal | 6.5 |

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1.3 DUT Antenna Locations



Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions.

Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations

1.4 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities



According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

Table 1-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

| No. | Capable Transmit Configuration | Head | Extremity | Notes |
|-----|--|------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1 | CDMA/EVDO voice/ data + 2.4 GHz WI-FI | Yes | Yes | |
| 2 | CDMA/EVDO voice/data + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | |
| 3 | 1x CDMA voice + CDMA/EVDO data | N/A | N/A | Not supported by HW |

- 2.4 GHz WLAN and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

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1.5 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth LE Head SAR was not required; $[(5/10) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 0.8 < 3.0$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$



Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth LE Extremity SAR was not required; $[(5/5) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 1.6 < 7.5$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

1.6 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02, D02v02 (2G/3G)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01-D02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)

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2 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields,” Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 2-1).

Equation 2-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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3

DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 and IEEE 1528-2003:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1) and IEEE 1528-2003. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 3-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

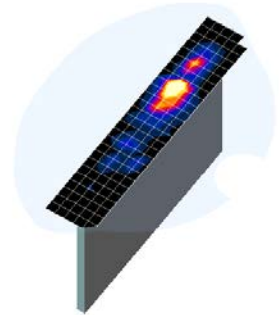




Figure 3-1
Sample SAR Area
Scan

Table 3-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01*

| Frequency | Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{area} , Δy_{area}) | Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{zoom} , Δy_{zoom}) | Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm) | | | Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z) |
|-----------|--|--|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | Uniform Grid | Graded Grid | | |
| | | | | $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$ | $\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$ | |
| ≤ 2 GHz | ≤ 15 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 30 |
| 2-3 GHz | ≤ 12 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 30 |
| 3-4 GHz | ≤ 12 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 3 | ≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 28 |
| 4-5 GHz | ≤ 10 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 3 | ≤ 2.5 | ≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 25 |
| 5-6 GHz | ≤ 10 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 2 | ≤ 2 | ≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 22 |

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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4

TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR WRIST-WORN DEVICES

4.1 Device Holder



The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

4.2 Positioning for Head

Devices that are designed to be worn on the wrist may operate in speaker mode for voice communication, with the device worn on the wrist and positioned next to the mouth. When next-to-mouth SAR evaluation is required, the device is positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium. The device is evaluated with wrist bands strapped together to represent normal use conditions. The 1-g head SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

4.3 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. When extremity SAR evaluation is required, the device is evaluated with the back of the device touching the flat phantom, which is filled with body tissue-equivalent medium. The device is evaluated with wrist bands unstrapped and touching the phantom; the space between the device and the phantom must represent actual use conditions. The 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

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5 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



5.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

| HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS | | |
|---|---|---|
| | UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g) | CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g) |
| Peak Spatial Average SAR Head | 1.6 | 8.0 |
| Whole Body SAR | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc. | 4.0 | 20 |

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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6 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

6.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

6.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

6.2.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 6-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH₀ and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH₀ data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 6-2 was applied.

Table 6-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Pilot E_c}$ | dBm/1.23 MHz | -104 |
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Pilot E_c}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Traffic E_c}$ | dB | -7.4 |

Table 6-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Pilot E_c}$ | dBm/1.23 MHz | -86 |
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Pilot E_c}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{I_{or}}{Traffic E_c}$ | dB | -7.4 |

5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.



6.2.2 CDMA2000 1x Advanced

This device additionally supports 1x Advanced. Conducted powers were measured using SO75 with RC8 on the uplink and RC11 on the downlink per KDB Publication 941225 D02v02. Smart blanking was disabled for all measurements. The EUT was configured with forward power control Mode 000 and reverse power control at 400 bps. Conducted powers were measured on an Agilent 8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set, Model E5515C using the CDMA2000 1x Advanced application, Option E1962B-410.

Based on the maximum output power measured for 1x Advanced, SAR is required for 1x advanced when the maximum output for 1x Advanced is more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured for 1x. Also, if the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions (head, body etc.) is larger than 1.2 W/kg, the highest of those configurations above 1.2 W/kg for each exposure condition in 1x Advanced has to be repeated. All measured SAR in 1x mode higher than 1.5 W/kg must be repeated for 1x Advanced.

6.2.3 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

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6.2.4 Extremity SAR Measurements

Extremity Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0 per KDB Publication 941225 D01 procedures for "1x Ev-Do data Devices". SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for the RF channels in Rev. 0. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations.

SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. Otherwise, CDMA "Body-SAR Measurement" procedures for "CDMA 2000 1x Handsets" were applied.

6.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.



6.3.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

6.3.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [24]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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7 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

7.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

| Band | Channel | Rule Part | Frequency | Loopback | | | Data | | | |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | SO55 [dBm] | SO55 [dBm] | SO75 [dBm] | TDSO SO32 [dBm] | TDSO SO32 [dBm] | 1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm] | 1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm] |
| | F-RC | | MHz | RC1 | RC3 | RC11 | FCH+SCH | FCH | (RTAP) | (RETAP) |
| Cellular | 1013 | 22H | 824.7 | 25.47 | 25.47 | 25.42 | 25.44 | 25.46 | 25.48 | 25.47 |
| | 384 | 22H | 836.52 | 25.49 | 25.44 | 25.45 | 25.50 | 25.46 | 25.49 | 25.46 |
| | 777 | 22H | 848.31 | 25.50 | 25.50 | 25.41 | 25.41 | 25.45 | 25.42 | 25.41 |
| PCS | 25 | 24E | 1851.25 | 25.39 | 25.46 | 25.49 | 25.35 | 25.45 | 25.44 | 25.43 |
| | 600 | 24E | 1880 | 25.48 | 25.47 | 25.48 | 25.44 | 25.42 | 25.46 | 25.44 |
| | 1175 | 24E | 1908.75 | 25.37 | 25.36 | 25.32 | 25.47 | 25.47 | 25.46 | 25.45 |

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02:



- Head SAR was tested with SO55 RC3. SO55 RC1 was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB than the SO55 RC3 powers.
- Extremity SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. If the average output power of Subtype 2 for Rev. A is less than the Rev. 0 power levels, then Rev. A SAR is not required. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in Rev. 0. SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do devices when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0.

Per KDB Publication 941225 D02v02

- CDMA 1X Advanced technology was not required for SAR since the maximum output powers for 1x Advanced was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured powers for 1x and the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions was not greater than 1.2 W/kg. See Section 6.2.2 for 1x Advanced test set up.



Figure 7-1
Power Measurement Setup

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 12 of 26 |

7.2 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 7-1
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq [MHz] | Channel | 802.11b Conducted Power [dBm] | | | |
|---------|------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate [Mbps] | | | |
| | | | 1 | 2 | 5.5 | 11 |
| 802.11b | 2412 | 1* | 17.12 | 17.01 | 17.01 | 17.09 |
| 802.11b | 2437 | 6* | 17.14 | 17.17 | 17.09 | 17.16 |
| 802.11b | 2462 | 11* | 17.19 | 17.30 | 17.23 | 17.09 |

Table 7-2
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq [MHz] | Channel | 802.11g Conducted Power [dBm] | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate [Mbps] | | | | | | | |
| | | | 6 | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 54 |
| 802.11g | 2412 | 1 | 13.46 | 13.45 | 13.30 | 13.45 | 13.42 | 13.36 | 13.45 | 13.27 |
| 802.11g | 2437 | 6 | 12.91 | 12.95 | 12.72 | 12.89 | 12.85 | 12.89 | 12.99 | 12.76 |
| 802.11g | 2462 | 11 | 12.80 | 12.77 | 12.68 | 12.80 | 12.82 | 12.70 | 12.91 | 12.66 |

Table 7-3
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq [MHz] | Channel | 802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Power [dBm] | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------|---------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate [Mbps] | | | | | | | |
| | | | 6.5 | 13 | 19.5 | 26 | 39 | 52 | 58.5 | 65 |
| 802.11n | 2412 | 1 | 12.65 | 12.54 | 12.62 | 12.63 | 12.72 | 12.58 | 12.65 | 12.64 |
| 802.11n | 2437 | 6 | 12.96 | 12.84 | 12.91 | 12.88 | 13.03 | 12.84 | 12.88 | 12.96 |
| 802.11n | 2462 | 11 | 12.74 | 12.68 | 12.76 | 12.73 | 12.77 | 12.74 | 12.70 | 12.77 |

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz operations, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

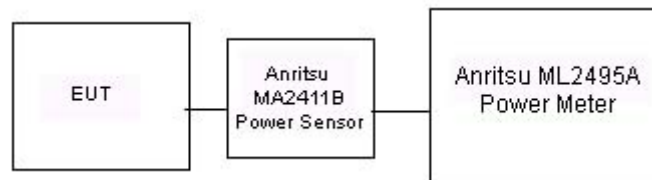




Figure 7-2
Power Measurement Setup

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 13 of 26 |

7.3 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Table 7-4
Bluetooth RF Power

| Frequency [MHz] | Data Rate [Mbps] | Channel No. | Peak Conducted Power | | Avg Conducted Power | |
|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | [dBm] | [mW] | [dBm] | [mW] |
| 2402 | 1.0 | 0 | 16.80 | 47.819 | 16.10 | 40.719 |
| 2441 | 1.0 | 39 | 17.66 | 58.291 | 16.99 | 49.971 |
| 2480 | 1.0 | 78 | 18.04 | 63.709 | 17.80 | 60.259 |
| 2402 | 2.0 | 0 | 15.30 | 33.853 | 12.51 | 17.828 |
| 2441 | 2.0 | 39 | 16.18 | 41.524 | 13.28 | 21.297 |
| 2480 | 2.0 | 78 | 16.61 | 45.793 | 13.63 | 23.069 |
| 2402 | 3.0 | 0 | 15.93 | 39.183 | 12.50 | 17.783 |
| 2441 | 3.0 | 39 | 16.83 | 48.228 | 13.33 | 21.549 |
| 2480 | 3.0 | 78 | 17.24 | 52.930 | 13.70 | 23.445 |

Note: The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

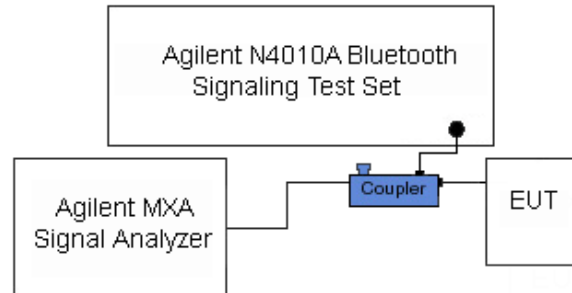




Figure 7-3
Power Measurement Setup

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
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8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

8.1 Tissue Verification

Table 8-1
Measured Tissue Properties

| Calibrated for Tests Performed on: | Tissue Type | Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ | TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m) | TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ | % dev σ | % dev ϵ |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|------------------|
| 08/25/2014 | 835H | 21.5 | 820 | 0.888 | 40.032 | 0.899 | 41.578 | -1.22% | -3.72% |
| | | | 835 | 0.903 | 39.855 | 0.900 | 41.500 | 0.33% | -3.96% |
| | | | 850 | 0.916 | 39.642 | 0.916 | 41.500 | 0.00% | -4.48% |
| 08/25/2014 | 1900H | 22.2 | 1850 | 1.380 | 39.065 | 1.400 | 40.000 | -1.43% | -2.34% |
| | | | 1880 | 1.413 | 38.944 | 1.400 | 40.000 | 0.93% | -2.64% |
| | | | 1910 | 1.447 | 38.826 | 1.400 | 40.000 | 3.36% | -2.94% |
| 08/25/2014 | 2450H | 23.9 | 2401 | 1.784 | 37.666 | 1.756 | 39.287 | 1.59% | -4.13% |
| | | | 2450 | 1.846 | 37.475 | 1.800 | 39.200 | 2.56% | -4.40% |
| | | | 2499 | 1.897 | 37.286 | 1.853 | 39.138 | 2.37% | -4.73% |
| 08/26/2014 | 835B | 23.6 | 820 | 0.978 | 53.802 | 0.969 | 55.258 | 0.93% | -2.63% |
| | | | 835 | 0.994 | 53.640 | 0.970 | 55.200 | 2.47% | -2.83% |
| | | | 850 | 1.007 | 53.492 | 0.988 | 55.154 | 1.92% | -3.01% |
| 08/20/2014 | 1900B | 22.8 | 1850 | 1.486 | 52.330 | 1.520 | 53.300 | -2.24% | -1.82% |
| | | | 1880 | 1.524 | 52.206 | 1.520 | 53.300 | 0.26% | -2.05% |
| | | | 1910 | 1.551 | 52.113 | 1.520 | 53.300 | 2.04% | -2.23% |
| 08/20/2014 | 2450B | 22.0 | 2401 | 1.944 | 50.954 | 1.903 | 52.765 | 2.15% | -3.43% |
| | | | 2450 | 2.017 | 50.824 | 1.950 | 52.700 | 3.44% | -3.56% |
| | | | 2499 | 2.077 | 50.608 | 2.019 | 52.638 | 2.87% | -3.86% |

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2003 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
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| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 15 of 26 |

8.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 8-2
1g System Verification Results

| System Verification TARGET & MEASURED | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| SAR System # | Tissue Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Date: | Amb. Temp (°C) | Liquid Temp (°C) | Input Power (W) | Dipole SN | Probe SN | Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | 1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | 1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Deviation _{1g} (%) |
| K | 835 | HEAD | 08/25/2014 | 23.4 | 21.5 | 0.100 | 4d119 | 3287 | 0.915 | 9.220 | 9.150 | -0.76% |
| E | 1900 | HEAD | 08/25/2014 | 24.3 | 22.3 | 0.100 | 5d141 | 3914 | 4.020 | 40.100 | 40.200 | 0.25% |
| G | 2450 | HEAD | 08/25/2014 | 22.3 | 23.9 | 0.100 | 797 | 3258 | 4.770 | 51.800 | 47.700 | -7.92% |

Table 8-3
10g System Verification Results

| System Verification TARGET & MEASURED | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR System # | Tissue Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Date: | Amb. Temp (°C) | Liquid Temp (°C) | Input Power (W) | Dipole SN | Probe SN | Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg) | 1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg) | 1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} | Deviation _{10g} (%) |
| D | 835 | BODY | 08/26/2014 | 23.4 | 23.6 | 0.100 | 4d119 | 3263 | 0.621 | 6.150 | 6.210 | 0.98% |
| H | 1900 | BODY | 08/20/2014 | 23.5 | 22.3 | 0.100 | 5d141 | 3319 | 2.110 | 21.600 | 21.100 | -2.31% |
| G | 2450 | BODY | 08/20/2014 | 20.7 | 21.8 | 0.100 | 797 | 3258 | 2.410 | 23.100 | 24.100 | 4.33% |

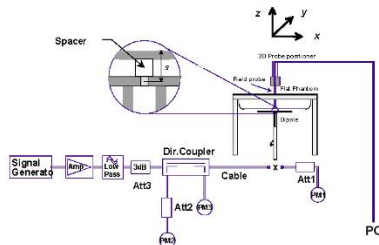




Figure 8-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 8-2
System Verification Setup Photo

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 16 of 26 |

9

SAR DATA SUMMARY

9.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 9-1
PCB Head SAR Data

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------------|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|------------|-------|----------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | Side | SAR (1g) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR (1g) | Plot # |
| MHz | Ch. | | | | | | | | | | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | |
| 836.52 | 384 | Cell. CDMA | RC3/SO55 | 25.5 | 25.44 | 0.00 | 10 mm | 314A7 | 1:1 | Front | 0.012 | 1.014 | 0.012 | A1 |
| 1880.00 | 600 | PCS CDMA | RC3/SO55 | 25.5 | 25.47 | -0.07 | 10 mm | 314A7 | 1:1 | Front | 0.699 | 1.007 | 0.704 | A2 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Table 9-2
BT/WLAN Head SAR Data

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--------------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|------------------|-------|------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing | Device Serial Number | Data Rate (Mbps) | Side | Duty Cycle | SAR (1g) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR (1g) | Plot # |
| MHz | Ch. | | | | | | | | | | | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | |
| 2462 | 11 | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS | 17.5 | 17.19 | -0.04 | 10 mm | 314F4 | 1 | Front | 1:1 | 0.100 | 1.074 | 0.107 | A3 |
| 2480 | 78 | Bluetooth | FHSS | 18.0 | 17.80 | 0.12 | 10 mm | 314F4 | 1 | Front | 1:1 | 0.008 | 1.047 | 0.008 | A4 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |



9.2 Standalone Extremity SAR Data

Table 9-3
PCB Extremity SAR Data

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|----------------------|------------|------|-----------|----------------|------------------|--------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | Side | SAR (10g) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR (10g) | Plot # |
| MHz | Ch. | | | | | | | | | | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | |
| 836.52 | 384 | Cell. CDMA | EVDO Rev. 0 | 25.5 | 25.49 | -0.01 | 0 mm | 314A7 | 1:1 | back | 0.351 | 1.002 | 0.352 | A5 |
| 1880.00 | 600 | PCS CDMA | EVDO Rev. 0 | 25.5 | 25.46 | -0.03 | 0 mm | 314A7 | 1:1 | back | 0.825 | 1.009 | 0.832 | A6 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population | | | | | | | Extremity 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 grams | | | | | | | |

Table 9-4
BT/WLAN Extremity SAR Data

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--------------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|------|------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|--------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing | Device Serial Number | Data Rate (Mbps) | Side | Duty Cycle | SAR (10g) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR (10g) | Plot # |
| MHz | Ch. | | | | | | | | | | | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | |
| 2462 | 11 | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS | 17.5 | 17.19 | -0.18 | 0 mm | 314F4 | 1 | back | 1:1 | 0.222 | 1.074 | 0.238 | A7 |
| 2480 | 78 | Bluetooth | FHSS | 18.0 | 17.80 | -0.06 | 0 mm | 314F4 | 1 | back | 1:1 | 0.200 | 1.047 | 0.209 | A8 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population | | | | | | | Extremity 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 grams | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 17 of 26 |

9.3 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:



1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
6. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR tests were not required since the measured SAR results were less than 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and less than 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR. Please see Section 11 for more information.

CDMA Notes:

1. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02.
2. Extremity SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0 according to KDB 941225 D01 procedures for data devices. Since the average output power of Subtype 2 for Rev. A is less than the Rev. 0 power levels, EVDO Rev. A SAR is not required. SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do devices when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg (1g) or ≤ 2 W/kg (10g) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI SISO operations: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other SISO IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
3. When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is < 1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is < 0.8 W/kg or the reported 10g averaged SAR is < 2.0 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
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| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 18 of 26 |

10 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

10.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

10.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 10-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 4.0 W/kg.

$$\text{Estimated 1g SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$



$$\text{Estimated 10g SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{18.75} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 10-1
Estimated SAR

| Mode | Frequency | Maximum Allowed Power | Separation Distance (Head) | Estimated SAR (Head) |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| | [MHz] | [dBm] | [mm] | [W/kg] |
| Bluetooth LE | 2480 | 7.00 | 10 | 0.105 |

| Mode | Frequency | Maximum Allowed Power | Separation Distance (Extremity) | Estimated SAR (Extremity) |
|--------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | [MHz] | [dBm] | [mm] | [W/kg] |
| Bluetooth LE | 2480 | 7.00 | 5 | 0.084 |

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
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| Document S/N: 0Y1408211756.A3L | Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | Page 19 of 26 |

10.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 10-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz Head (Front Side at 10mm)

| Configuration | Mode | CDMA SAR (W/kg) | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Front Side | Cell. CDMA | 0.012 | 0.107 | 0.119 |
| Front Side | PCS CDMA | 0.704 | 0.107 | 0.811 |
| Configuration | Mode | CDMA SAR (W/kg) | Bluetooth LE SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
| Front Side | Cell. CDMA | 0.012 | 0.105 | 0.117 |
| Front Side | PCS CDMA | 0.704 | 0.105 | 0.809 |

Note: Bluetooth LE Estimated SAR was used because it is more conservative than measured Bluetooth SAR.



10.4 Extremity SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 10-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Extremity at 0.0 cm)

| Configuration | Mode | CDMA SAR (W/kg) | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Back Side | Cell. CDMA | 0.352 | 0.238 | 0.590 |
| Back Side | PCS CDMA | 0.832 | 0.238 | 1.070 |
| Configuration | Mode | CDMA SAR (W/kg) | Bluetooth SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
| Back Side | Cell. CDMA | 0.352 | 0.209 | 0.561 |
| Back Side | PCS CDMA | 0.832 | 0.209 | 1.041 |

10.5 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
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11 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

11.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability is assessed when measured 1g SAR is > 0.8 W/kg or 10g SAR is > 2.0 W/kg. Since highest measured SAR for this device was below these limits, measurement variability was not assessed.

11.2 Measurement Uncertainty



The measured 1g SAR was < 1.5 W/kg or 10g SAR was < 3.75 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

| | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
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12 EQUIPMENT LIST

| Manufacturer | Model | Description | Cal Date | Cal Interval | Cal Due | Serial Number |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Gigatronics | 80701A | (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor | 10/30/2013 | Annual | 10/30/2014 | 1833460 |
| Agilent | E8257D | (250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator | 4/15/2014 | Annual | 4/15/2015 | MY45470194 |
| Agilent | 8594A | (9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer | N/A | N/A | N/A | 3051A00187 |
| Agilent | 8648D | (9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator | 4/15/2014 | Annual | 4/15/2015 | 3629U00687 |
| Agilent | N4010A | Wireless Connectivity Test Set | N/A | N/A | N/A | GB46170464 |
| SPEAG | D1900V2 | 1900 MHz SAR Dipole | 4/9/2014 | Annual | 4/9/2015 | 5d141 |
| SPEAG | D2450V2 | 2450 MHz SAR Dipole | 1/21/2014 | Annual | 1/21/2015 | 797 |
| Narda | 4014C-6 | 4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| MCL | BW-N6W5+ | 6dB Attenuator | CBT | N/A | CBT | 1139 |
| SPEAG | D835V2 | 835 MHz SAR Dipole | 4/7/2014 | Annual | 4/7/2015 | 4d119 |
| Amplifier Research | 15S1G6 | Amplifier | CBT | N/A | CBT | 433971 |
| Amplifier Research | 15S1G6 | Amplifier | CBT | N/A | CBT | 433972 |
| Narda | 4772-3 | Attenuator (3dB) | CBT | N/A | CBT | 9406 |
| Narda | BW-S3W2 | Attenuator (3dB) | CBT | N/A | CBT | 120 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CMU200 | Base Station Simulator | 6/6/2014 | Annual | 6/6/2015 | 109892 |
| Pasternack | PE2208-6 | Bidirectional Coupler | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| Pasternack | PE2209-10 | Bidirectional Coupler | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 11/19/2013 | Annual | 11/19/2014 | 1333 |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 11/19/2013 | Annual | 11/19/2014 | 1408 |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 2/26/2014 | Annual | 2/26/2015 | 665 |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 4/11/2014 | Annual | 4/11/2015 | 1368 |
| SPEAG | DAE4 | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics | 5/14/2014 | Annual | 5/14/2015 | 859 |
| Mini-Circuits | BW-N20W5+ | DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| SPEAG | DAK-3.5 | Dielectric Assessment Kit | 11/13/2013 | Annual | 11/13/2014 | 1091 |
| SPEAG | DAK-3.5 | Dielectric Assessment Kit | 5/6/2014 | Annual | 5/6/2015 | 1070 |
| Mitutoyo | CD-6°CSX | Digital Caliper | 5/8/2014 | Biennial | 5/8/2016 | 13264162 |
| Fisher Scientific | 15-077-960 | Digital Thermometer | 11/6/2012 | Biennial | 11/6/2014 | 122640025 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRVD | Dual Channel Power Meter | 10/12/2012 | Biennial | 10/12/2014 | 101695 |
| Agilent | E4438C | ESG Vector Signal Generator | 3/31/2014 | Annual | 3/31/2015 | MY42082659 |
| Control Company | 4353 | Long Stem Thermometer | 9/25/2012 | Biennial | 9/25/2014 | 122541143 |
| Control Company | 4353 | Long Stem Thermometer | 9/25/2012 | Biennial | 9/25/2014 | 122541139 |
| MiniCircuits | SLP-2400+ | Low Pass Filter | CBT | N/A | CBT | R8979500903 |
| Mini-Circuits | NLP-1200+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| Mini-Circuits | NLP-2950+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz | CBT | N/A | CBT | N/A |
| Agilent | N9020A | MXA Signal Analyzer | 10/29/2013 | Annual | 10/29/2014 | US46470561 |
| Agilent | N5182A | MXG Vector Signal Generator | 4/15/2014 | Annual | 4/15/2015 | MY47420800 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRV-Z32 | Peak Power Sensor | 10/12/2012 | Biennial | 10/12/2014 | 836019/013 |
| Mini-Circuits | BW-N20W5 | Power Attenuator | CBT | N/A | CBT | 1226 |
| Anritsu | ML2495A | Power Meter | 10/31/2013 | Annual | 10/31/2014 | 1039008 |
| Anritsu | ML2469A | Power Meter | 3/14/2014 | Annual | 3/14/2015 | 1306009 |
| Anritsu | MA2481A | Power Sensor | 10/30/2013 | Annual | 10/30/2014 | 5605 |
| Anritsu | MA2411B | Pulse Power Sensor | 11/14/2013 | Annual | 11/14/2014 | 1126066 |
| Anritsu | MA2411B | Pulse Power Sensor | 2/3/2014 | Annual | 2/3/2015 | 1339018 |
| Anritsu | MT8820C | Radio Communication Analyzer | 12/12/2013 | Annual | 12/12/2014 | 6200901190 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CMW500 | Radio Communication Tester | 10/4/2013 | Annual | 10/4/2014 | 108798 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CMW500 | Radio Communication Tester | 10/18/2013 | Annual | 10/18/2014 | 100976 |
| Tektronix | RSA6114A | Real Time Spectrum Analyzer | 4/16/2014 | Annual | 4/16/2015 | 8010177 |
| SPEAG | ES3DV4 | SAR Probe | 10/23/2013 | Annual | 10/23/2014 | 3914 |
| SPEAG | ES3DV3 | SAR Probe | 11/20/2013 | Annual | 11/20/2014 | 3287 |
| SPEAG | ES3DV3 | SAR Probe | 2/25/2014 | Annual | 2/25/2015 | 3258 |
| SPEAG | ES3DV3 | SAR Probe | 4/17/2014 | Annual | 4/17/2015 | 3319 |
| SPEAG | ES3DV3 | SAR Probe | 5/15/2014 | Annual | 5/15/2015 | 3263 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | SME06 | Signal Generator | 10/30/2013 | Annual | 10/30/2014 | 832026 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRVS | Single Channel Power Meter | 10/31/2013 | Annual | 10/31/2014 | 835360/0079 |
| COMTECH | AR85729-5/5759B | Solid State Amplifier | CBT | N/A | CBT | M3W1A00-1002 |
| Agilent | 8753ES | S-Parameter Network Analyzer | 10/29/2013 | Annual | 10/29/2014 | US39170122 |
| Fisher Scientific | S97611 | Thermometer | 4/12/2013 | Biennial | 4/12/2015 | 130219303 |
| Fisher Scientific | S97611 | Thermometer | 4/12/2013 | Biennial | 4/12/2015 | 130219304 |
| Seekonk | NC-100 | Torque Wrench | 3/18/2014 | Biennial | 3/18/2016 | N/A |
| Seekonk | NC-100 | Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs | 3/18/2014 | Biennial | 3/18/2016 | N/A |
| Gigatronics | 8651A | Universal Power Meter | 10/30/2013 | Annual | 10/30/2014 | 8650319 |
| Anritsu | MA24106A | USB Power Sensor | 12/18/2013 | Annual | 12/18/2014 | 1344555 |
| Anritsu | MA24106A | USB Power Sensor | 12/18/2013 | Annual | 12/18/2014 | 1344556 |
| VWR | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer | 8/8/2013 | Biennial | 8/8/2015 | 130477877 |
| VWR | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer | 8/8/2013 | Biennial | 8/8/2015 | 130477866 |
| Agilent | E5515C | Wireless Communications Test Set | 3/28/2014 | Annual | 3/28/2015 | GB44400860 |
| Agilent | E5515C | Wireless Communications Test Set | 5/9/2013 | Biennial | 5/9/2015 | GB43304447 |

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



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|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
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13 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz:

| a | b | c | d | e= f(d,k) | f | g | h = c x f/e | i = c x g/e | k |
|--|----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Uncertainty Component | IEEE 1528 Sec. | Tol. (± %) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | c _i 1gm | c _i 10 gms | 1gm u _i (± %) | 10gms u _i (± %) | v _i |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | E.2.1 | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 0.25 | N | 1 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Hemishperical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 1.3 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 0.4 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 5.1 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 1.0 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 0.8 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 2.6 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom | E.6.3 | 2.9 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | E.5 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Sample Positioning | E.4.2 | 6.0 | N | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 287 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | E.4.1 | 3.32 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement | 6.6.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom & Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances) | E.3.1 | 4.0 | R | 1.73 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 3.8 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 6 |
| Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 4.5 | N | 1 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 6 |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1) | | | | | | | RSS | 12.1 | 11.7 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | | | | | k=2 | 24.2 | 23.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | 299 |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
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14 CONCLUSION

14.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]



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|--|---|---|---|--|
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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314A7

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.904 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.833$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1797

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Cell. CDMA, Head SAR, Front Side, Mid.ch

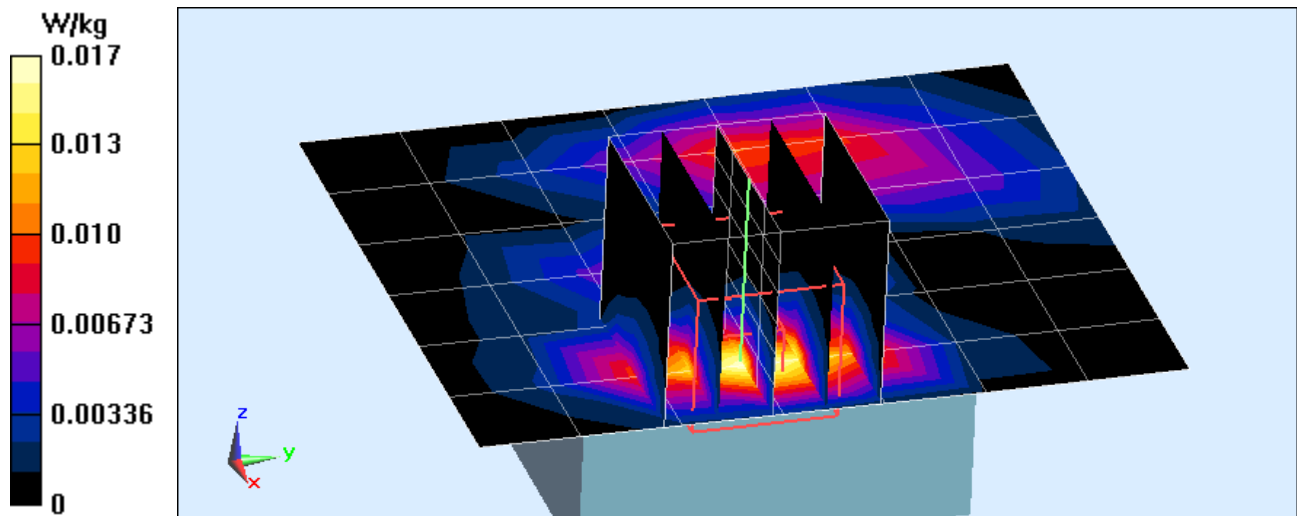
Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.044 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314A7

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.413 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.944$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Head SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

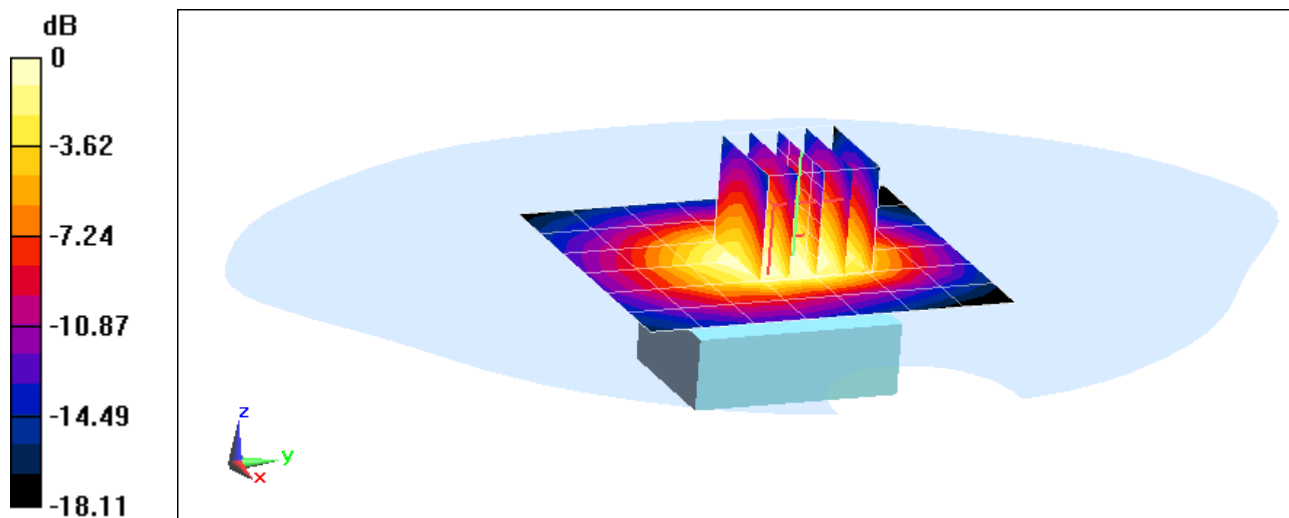
Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.699 W/kg



0 dB = 0.899 W/kg = -0.46 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314F4

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.858 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.429$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Head SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Front Side

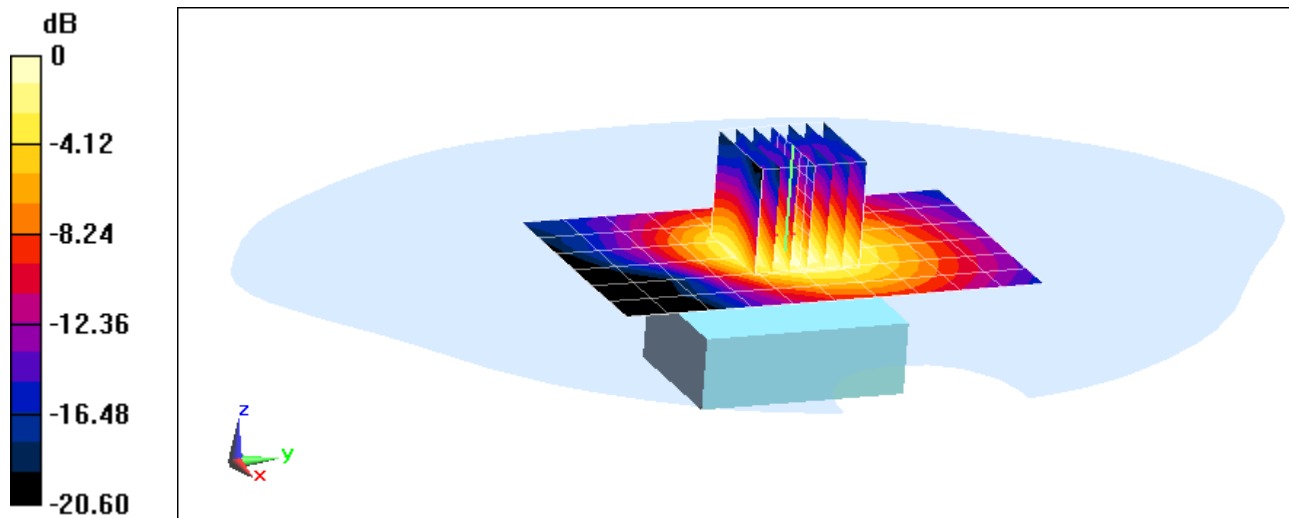
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.868 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.183 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.100 W/kg



0 dB = 0.124 W/kg = -9.07 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314F4

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2480 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.877 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.359$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Bluetooth, Head SAR, Ch 78, 1 Mbps, Front Side

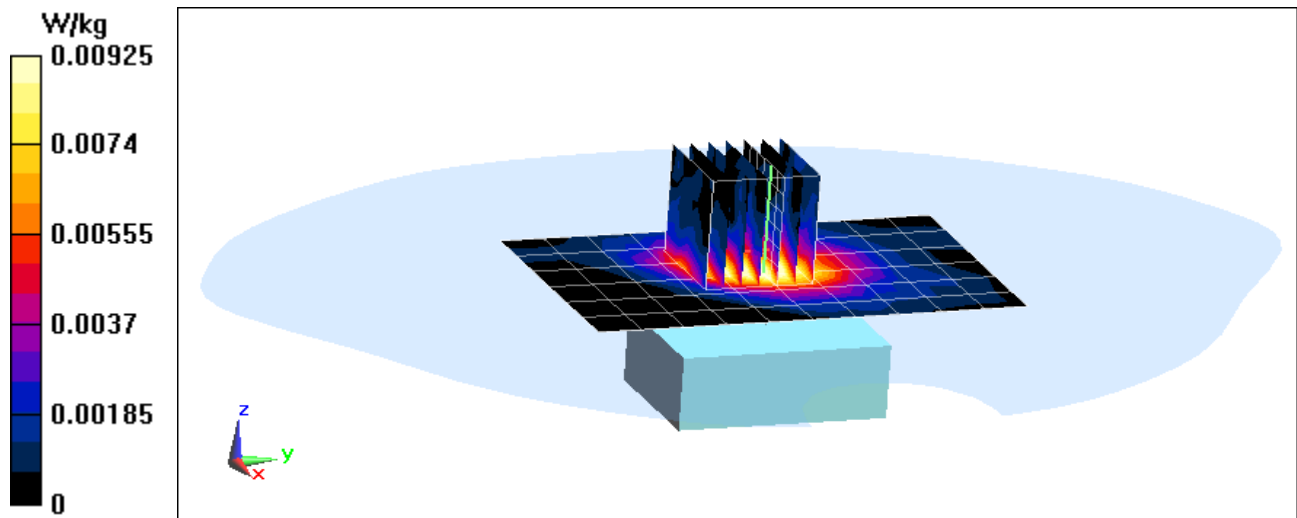
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.167 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00827 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314A7

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.995 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.625$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 08-26-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Cell. EVDO, Extremity SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

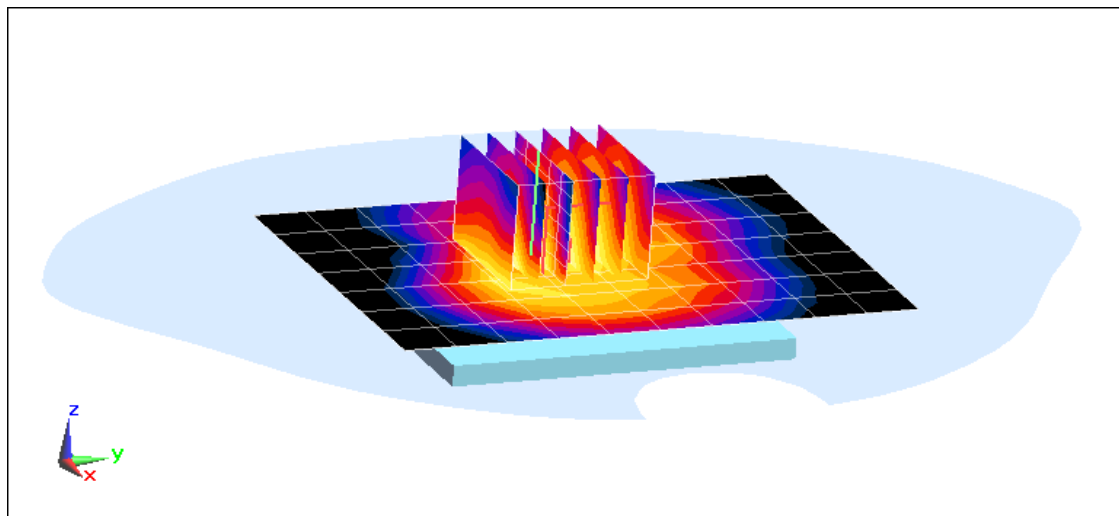
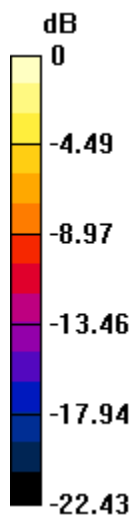
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.530 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.351 W/kg



0 dB = 0.718 W/kg = -1.44 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314A7

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.524 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.206$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 08-20-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: PCS EVDO, Extremity SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

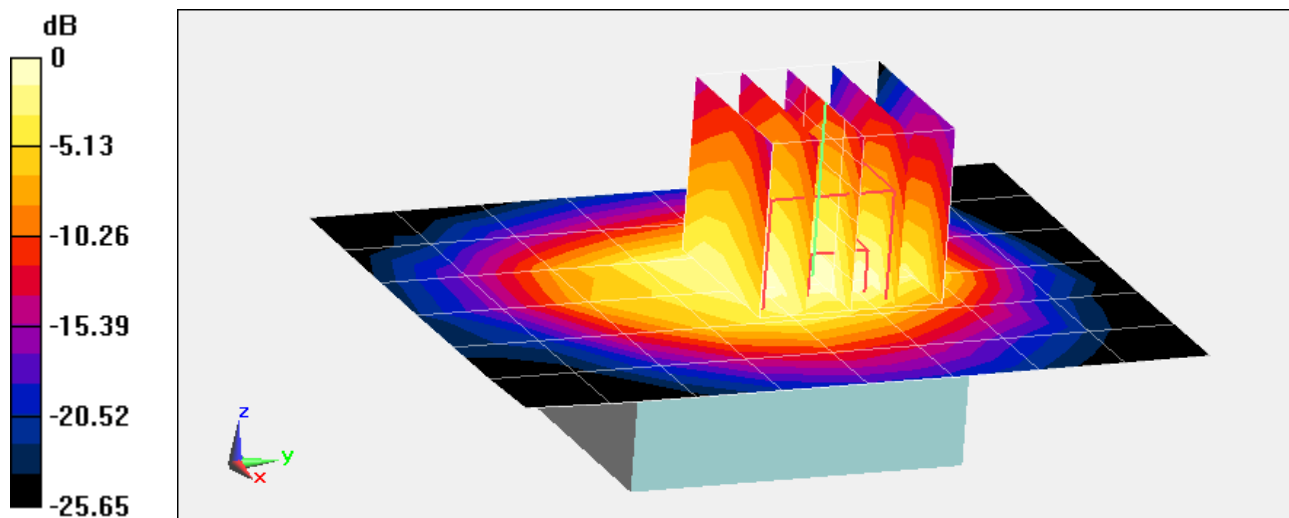
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.825 W/kg



0 dB = 1.66 W/kg = 2.20 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314F4

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.032 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.771$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 08-20-2014; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Extremity SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

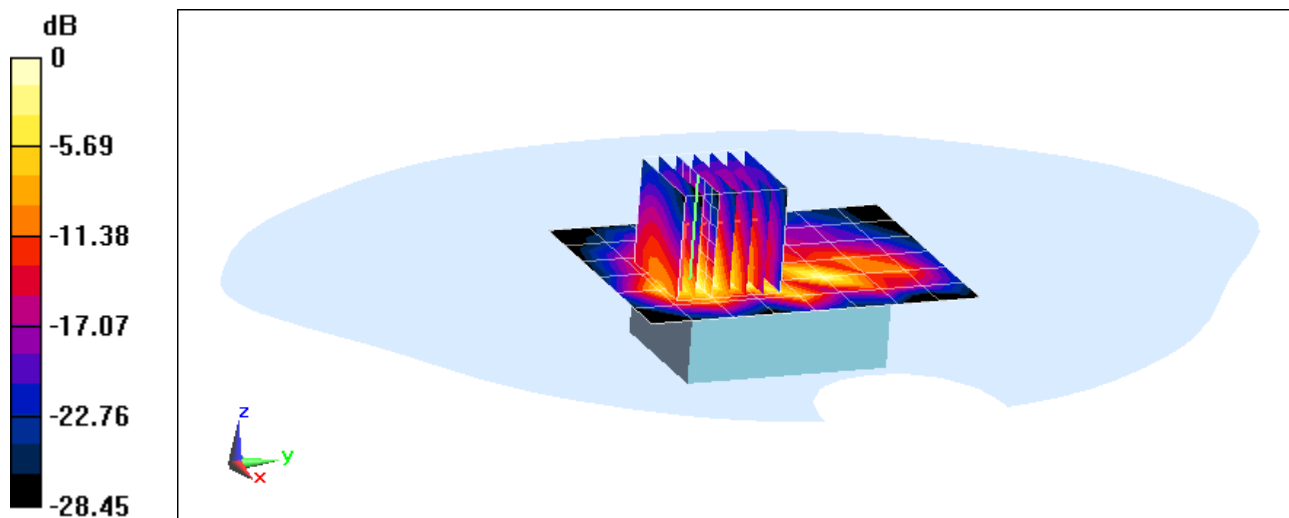
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg



0 dB = 0.859 W/kg = -0.66 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMR750C; Type: Portable Wrist Device; Serial: 314F4

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2480 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.054 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.692$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 08-20-2014; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Bluetooth, Extremity SAR, Ch 78, 1 Mbps, Back Side

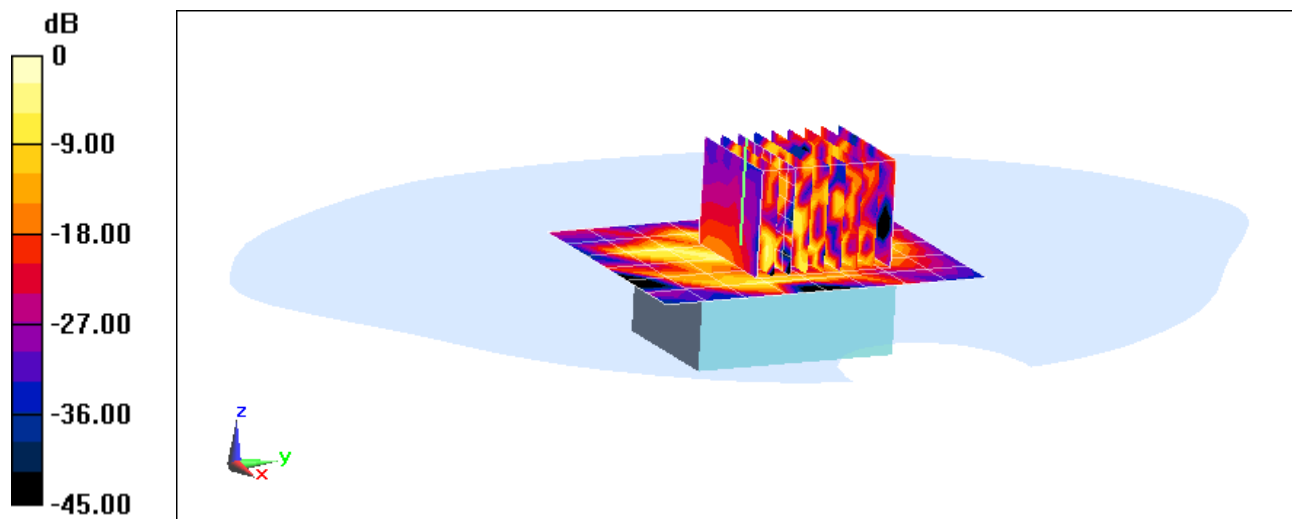
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (8x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kg



APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.903 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.855$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1797

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

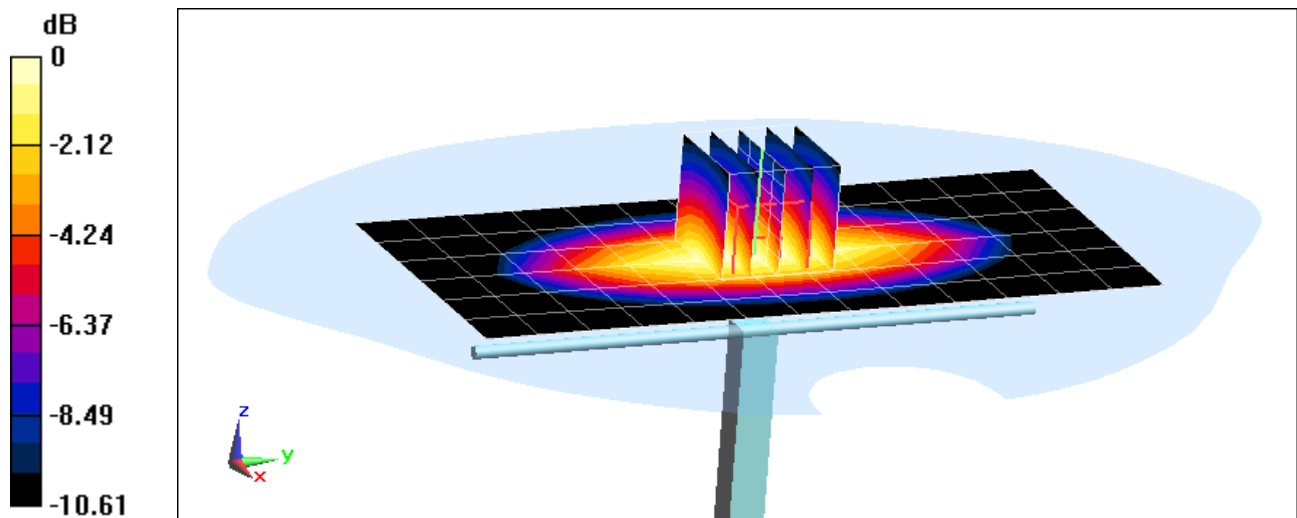
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.915 W/kg

Deviation(1 g) = -0.76%



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg = 0.29 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.436 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.865$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

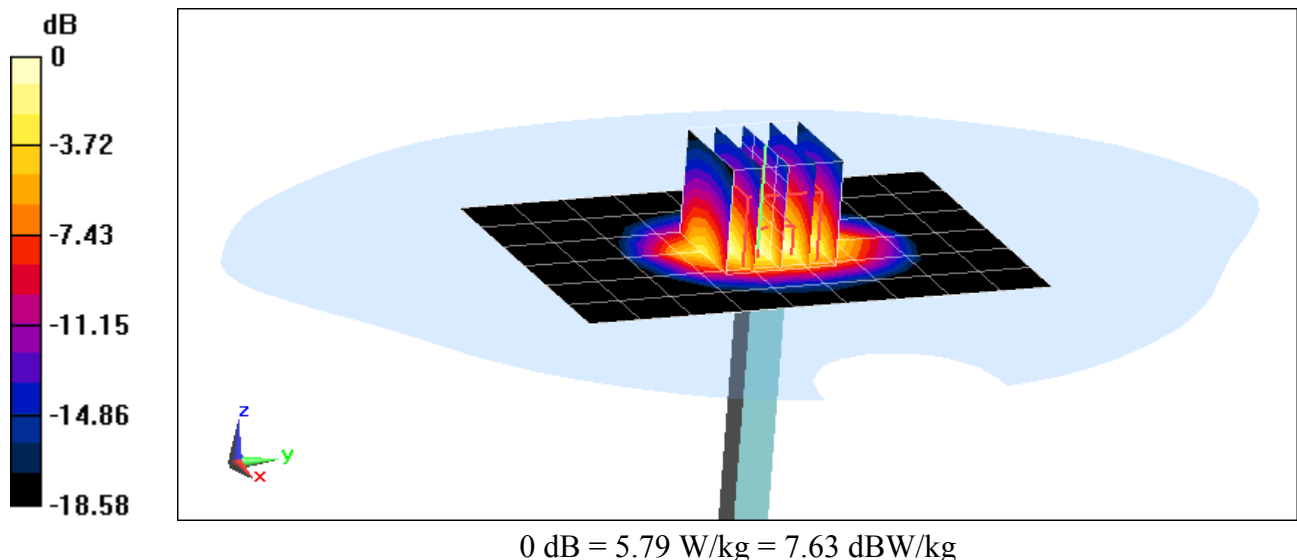
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.02 W/kg

Deviation(1 g) = 0.25%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.846 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.475$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-25-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

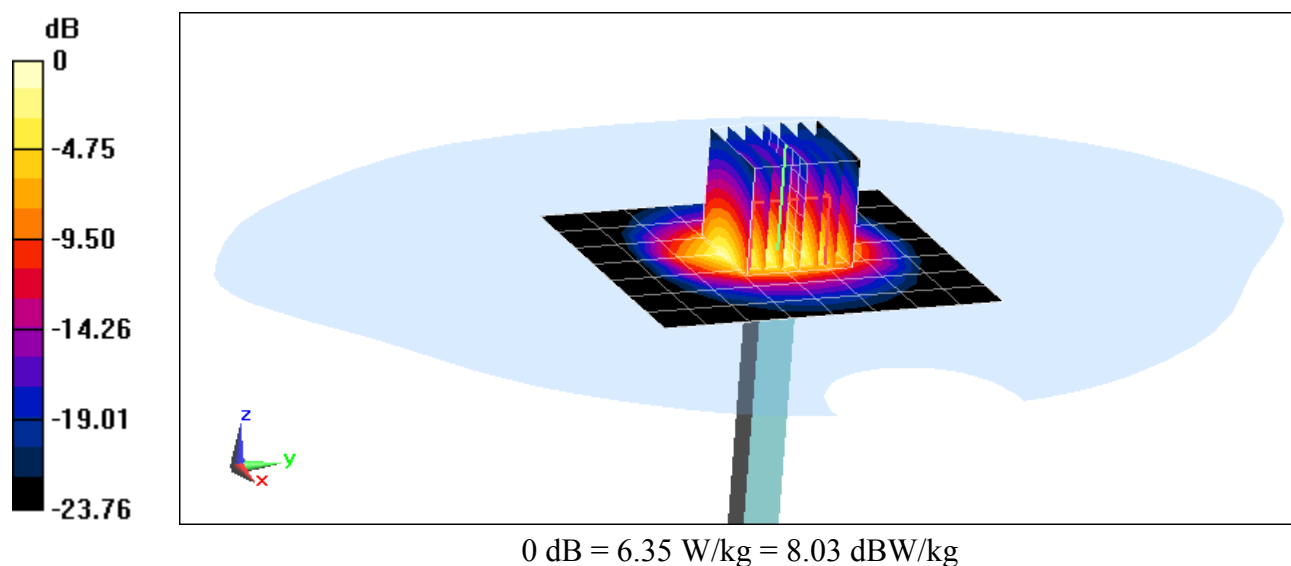
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.77 W/kg

Deviation(1 g) = -7.92%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.994 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.64$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 08-26-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

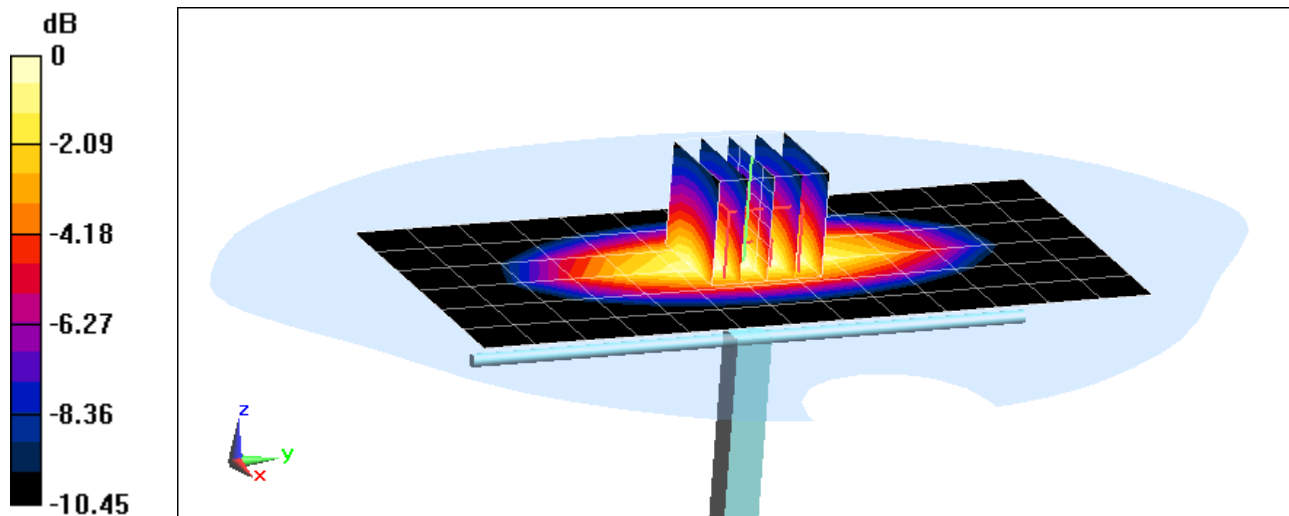
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.621 W/kg

Deviation(10 g) = 0.98%



0 dB = 1.10 W/kg = 0.41 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.542 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.144$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-20-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

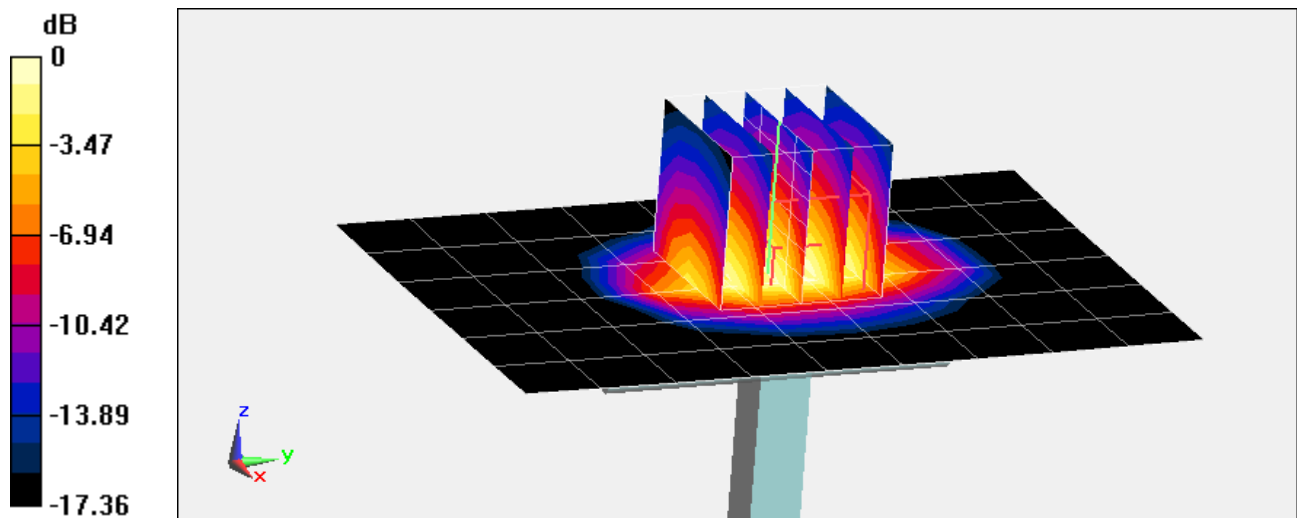
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.88 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Deviation(10 g) = -2.31%



0 dB = 4.90 W/kg = 6.90 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.017 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.824$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-20-2014; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

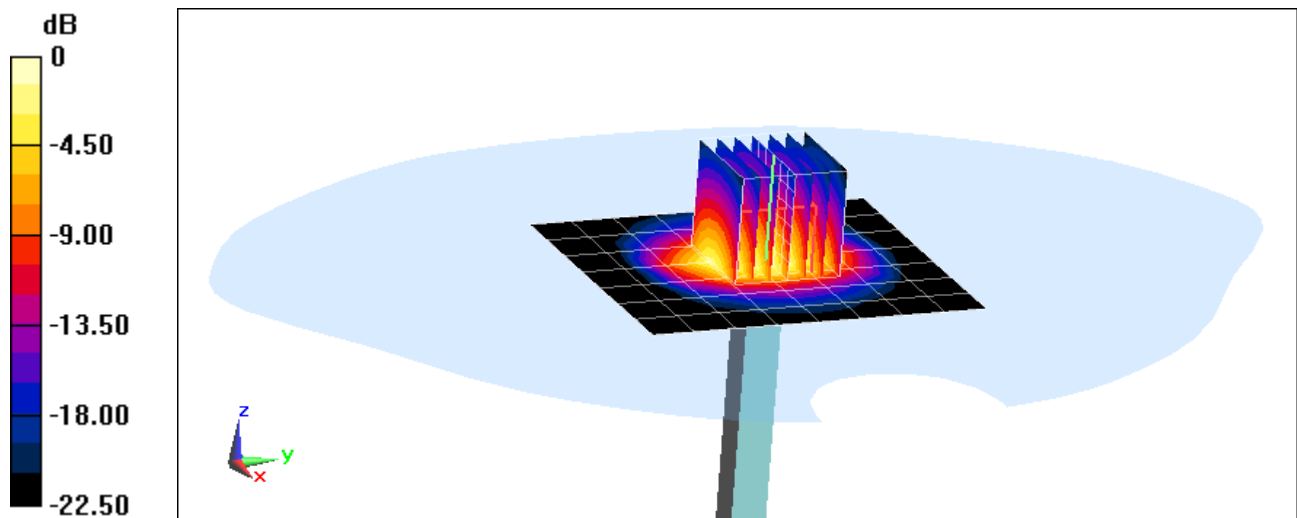
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.2 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Deviation(10 g) = 4.33%



0 dB = 6.91 W/kg = 8.39 dBW/kg

APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3287_Nov13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3287**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **November 20, 2013**

CC
11/20/2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) | Dec-13 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13) | Sep-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-15 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Kalja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Issued: November 20, 2013 | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3287

Manufactured: June 7, 2010
Calibrated: November 20, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^A | 1.31 | 1.25 | 1.25 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 102.6 | 102.5 | 100.4 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|---------------|--|---|---------|------------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 157.3 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 159.9 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 152.5 | |
| 10010- CAA | SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms) | X | 2.23 | 57.9 | 9.9 | 10.00 | 45.7 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 2.13 | 57.6 | 9.8 | | 46.6 | |
| | | Z | 3.31 | 61.1 | 11.8 | | 47.6 | |
| 10011- CAA | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | X | 3.25 | 66.3 | 17.9 | 2.91 | 124.8 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.16 | 65.7 | 17.4 | | 127.4 | |
| | | Z | 3.15 | 65.5 | 17.4 | | 122.8 | |
| 10012- CAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | X | 3.08 | 68.7 | 18.3 | 1.87 | 127.2 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.03 | 68.2 | 17.9 | | 129.4 | |
| | | Z | 2.87 | 67.0 | 17.3 | | 126.5 | |
| 10021- DAA | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 15.99 | 90.6 | 25.0 | 9.39 | 99.9 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 12.41 | 86.6 | 23.6 | | 101.5 | |
| | | Z | 29.18 | 99.9 | 28.5 | | 109.2 | |
| 10023- DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | X | 25.67 | 98.9 | 27.8 | 9.57 | 97.9 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 14.20 | 88.5 | 24.3 | | 100.6 | |
| | | Z | 27.68 | 99.8 | 28.8 | | 107.7 | |
| 10024- DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | X | 42.95 | 99.6 | 24.9 | 6.56 | 124.4 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 45.27 | 99.9 | 24.8 | | 128.8 | |
| | | Z | 42.64 | 99.6 | 25.5 | | 135.7 | |
| 10027- DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | X | 27.78 | 91.3 | 21.1 | 4.80 | 136.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 32.74 | 93.9 | 21.9 | | 146.6 | |
| | | Z | 23.93 | 89.5 | 21.1 | | 144.8 | |
| 10028- DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | X | 59.17 | 99.6 | 22.4 | 3.55 | 142.5 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 78.76 | 99.7 | 21.7 | | 104.9 | |
| | | Z | 38.06 | 94.2 | 21.4 | | 148.8 | |
| 10032- CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | X | 93.35 | 99.7 | 19.5 | 1.16 | 108.1 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 96.67 | 94.0 | 16.9 | | 114.7 | |
| | | Z | 98.17 | 96.2 | 18.2 | | 108.9 | |
| 10039- CAA | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | X | 4.84 | 66.7 | 18.8 | 4.57 | 126.5 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.83 | 66.6 | 18.6 | | 134.4 | |
| | | Z | 4.76 | 66.0 | 18.3 | | 125.9 | |
| 10081- CAA | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | X | 4.00 | 66.2 | 18.5 | 3.97 | 121.9 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.91 | 65.5 | 17.9 | | 128.9 | |
| | | Z | 3.88 | 65.2 | 17.8 | | 120.7 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10098-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | X | 4.66 | 66.6 | 18.4 | 3.98 | 132.5 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.66 | 66.5 | 18.2 | | 141.3 | |
| | | Z | 4.54 | 65.9 | 17.9 | | 130.7 | |
| 10100-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.65 | 68.3 | 20.1 | 5.67 | 139.5 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.69 | 68.3 | 19.9 | | 148.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.60 | 67.9 | 19.8 | | 137.5 | |
| 10108-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.52 | 67.8 | 20.0 | 5.80 | 137.3 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.53 | 67.6 | 19.7 | | 147.5 | |
| | | Z | 6.51 | 67.6 | 19.8 | | 135.3 | |
| 10110-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.19 | 67.2 | 19.7 | 5.75 | 134.3 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.24 | 67.3 | 19.6 | | 142.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.23 | 67.1 | 19.6 | | 132.3 | |
| 10151-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 11.56 | 79.1 | 27.9 | 9.28 | 130.1 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 11.01 | 76.8 | 26.2 | | 141.9 | |
| | | Z | 12.98 | 81.2 | 28.7 | | 135.7 | |
| 10154-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.25 | 67.4 | 19.8 | 5.75 | 135.1 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.17 | 66.9 | 19.3 | | 143.6 | |
| | | Z | 6.16 | 66.8 | 19.4 | | 132.8 | |
| 10160-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.66 | 67.8 | 20.0 | 5.82 | 140.3 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.72 | 67.9 | 19.9 | | 148.8 | |
| | | Z | 6.66 | 67.6 | 19.8 | | 137.4 | |
| 10169-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.05 | 66.7 | 19.5 | 5.73 | 117.8 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.93 | 66.0 | 18.9 | | 125.0 | |
| | | Z | 5.08 | 66.3 | 19.3 | | 116.3 | |
| 10172-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 8.47 | 76.8 | 26.9 | 9.21 | 100.3 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 8.06 | 74.6 | 25.3 | | 107.5 | |
| | | Z | 9.43 | 78.2 | 27.4 | | 102.5 | |
| 10175-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.98 | 66.3 | 19.3 | 5.72 | 118.2 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.96 | 66.1 | 19.0 | | 119.9 | |
| | | Z | 5.03 | 66.1 | 19.1 | | 116.1 | |
| 10181-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.06 | 66.7 | 19.6 | 5.72 | 118.7 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.97 | 66.2 | 19.1 | | 120.0 | |
| | | Z | 5.03 | 66.1 | 19.1 | | 116.3 | |
| 10225-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSPA+) | X | 6.78 | 66.1 | 18.9 | 5.97 | 105.3 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.68 | 65.7 | 18.6 | | 106.8 | |
| | | Z | 7.32 | 67.6 | 19.7 | | 148.0 | |
| 10237-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 8.56 | 77.1 | 27.1 | 9.21 | 100.8 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 8.33 | 75.8 | 26.1 | | 103.8 | |
| | | Z | 9.39 | 78.0 | 27.3 | | 101.9 | |
| 10252-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 10.58 | 77.8 | 27.4 | 9.24 | 123.3 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.48 | 76.9 | 26.5 | | 128.1 | |
| | | Z | 11.79 | 79.6 | 28.0 | | 127.0 | |
| 10267-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 11.52 | 79.1 | 27.9 | 9.30 | 130.1 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 11.24 | 77.7 | 26.9 | | 136.0 | |
| | | Z | 12.96 | 81.2 | 28.8 | | 134.8 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10274-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10) | X | 6.14 | 67.4 | 19.0 | 4.87 | 145.5 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.19 | 67.4 | 19.0 | | 149.2 | |
| | | Z | 6.10 | 66.9 | 18.8 | | 142.3 | |
| 10275-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4) | X | 4.41 | 66.4 | 18.3 | 3.96 | 126.4 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.43 | 66.3 | 18.2 | | 130.4 | |
| | | Z | 4.36 | 65.9 | 18.0 | | 123.8 | |
| 10291-AAA | CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate | X | 3.57 | 65.9 | 17.9 | 3.46 | 120.0 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.55 | 65.6 | 17.6 | | 121.7 | |
| | | Z | 3.50 | 65.1 | 17.5 | | 117.2 | |
| 10292-AAA | CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate | X | 3.55 | 66.1 | 18.0 | 3.39 | 121.3 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.54 | 66.0 | 17.8 | | 123.6 | |
| | | Z | 3.45 | 65.2 | 17.4 | | 118.9 | |
| 10297-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.53 | 67.8 | 20.0 | 5.81 | 136.2 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.48 | 67.5 | 19.6 | | 139.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.52 | 67.6 | 19.8 | | 134.1 | |
| 10311-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.12 | 68.4 | 20.4 | 6.06 | 141.7 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 7.11 | 68.3 | 20.1 | | 145.3 | |
| | | Z | 7.14 | 68.4 | 20.3 | | 139.8 | |
| 10315-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 2.79 | 67.6 | 18.0 | 1.71 | 125.5 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 2.71 | 66.9 | 17.3 | | 128.2 | |
| | | Z | 2.64 | 66.2 | 17.0 | | 123.5 | |
| 10403-AAA | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0) | X | 4.78 | 67.5 | 18.3 | 3.76 | 130.6 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.77 | 67.5 | 18.2 | | 133.8 | |
| | | Z | 4.65 | 66.5 | 17.8 | | 130.0 | |
| 10404-AAA | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A) | X | 4.83 | 68.2 | 18.6 | 3.77 | 129.2 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.68 | 67.4 | 18.0 | | 131.9 | |
| | | Z | 4.52 | 66.3 | 17.7 | | 128.7 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 6.52 | 6.52 | 6.52 | 0.47 | 1.46 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.30 | 6.30 | 6.30 | 0.40 | 1.59 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.27 | 5.27 | 5.27 | 0.63 | 1.34 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 0.62 | 1.37 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.43 | 4.43 | 4.43 | 0.79 | 1.28 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 0.77 | 1.38 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 6.09 | 6.09 | 6.09 | 0.55 | 1.37 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 6.04 | 6.04 | 6.04 | 0.55 | 1.39 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 4.93 | 4.93 | 4.93 | 0.39 | 1.73 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 0.38 | 1.75 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 0.60 | 1.20 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 0.60 | 1.10 | ± 12.0 % |

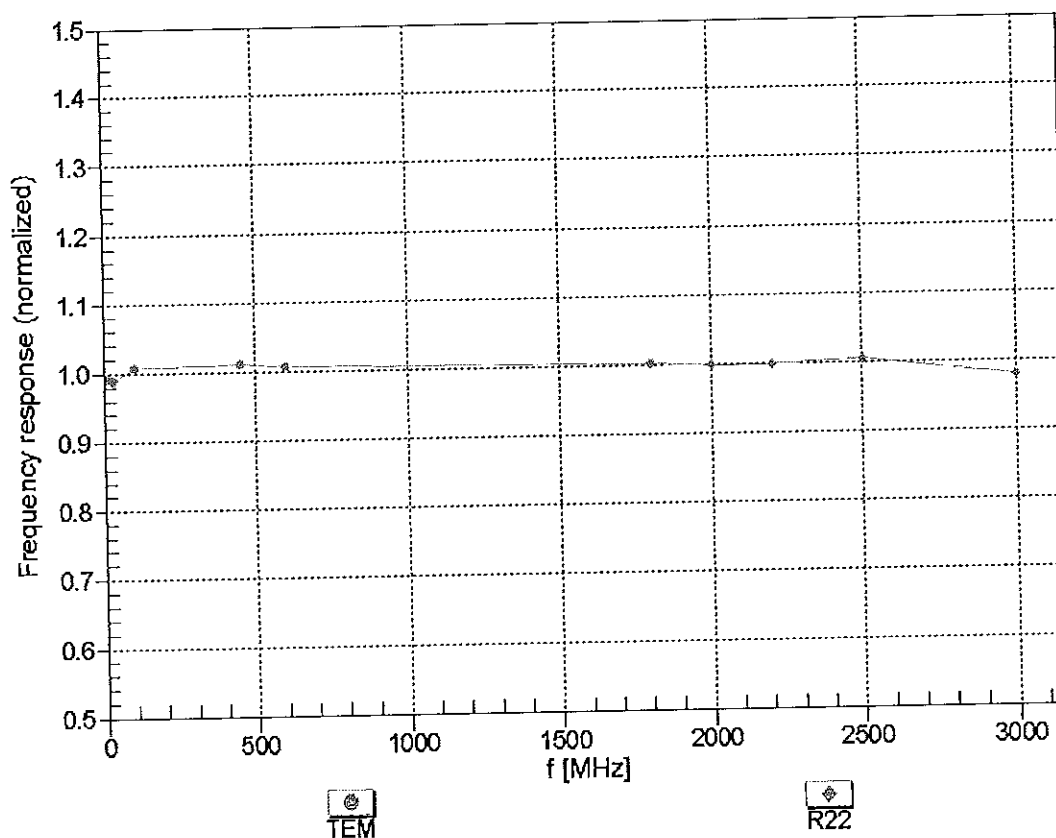
^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

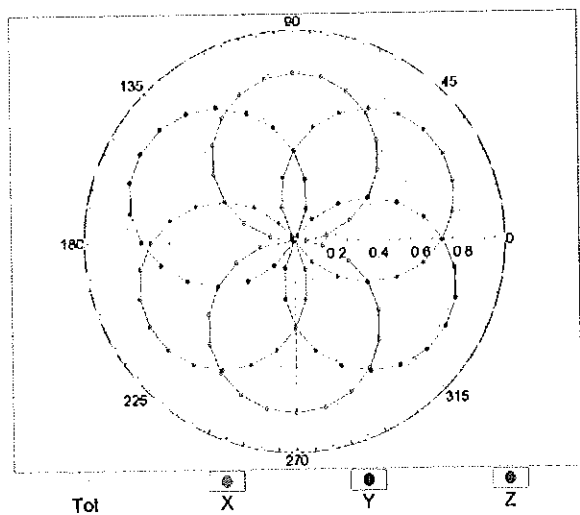
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



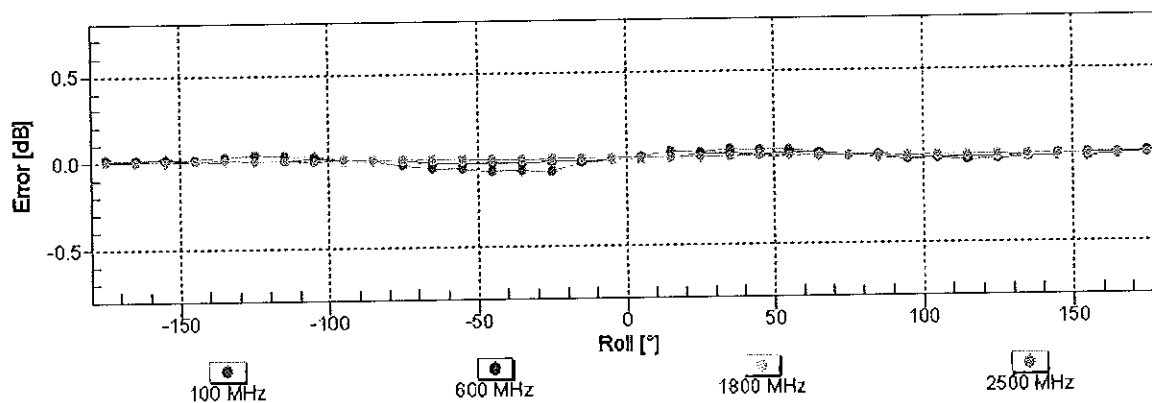
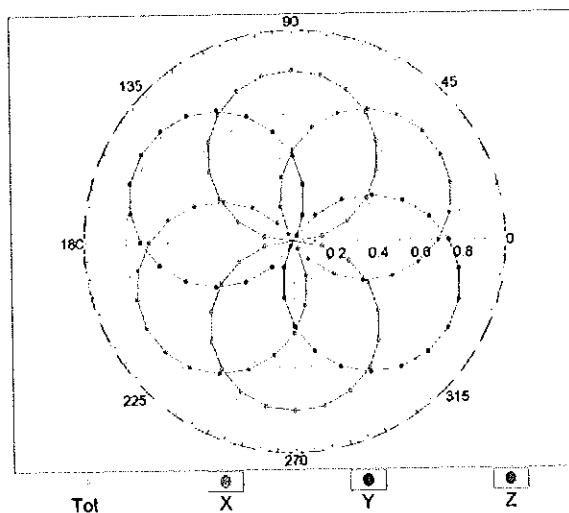
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

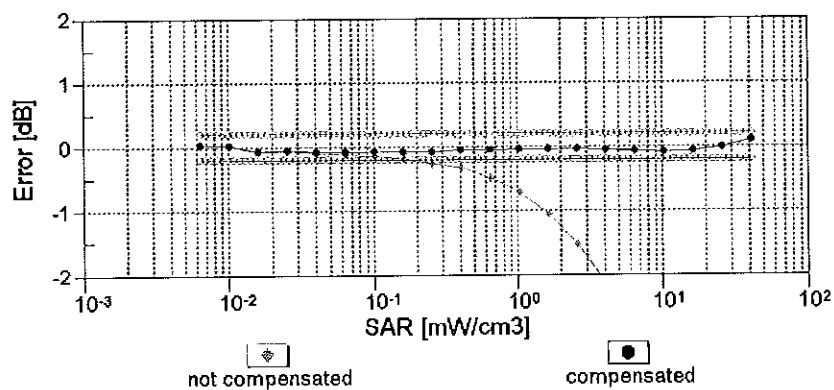
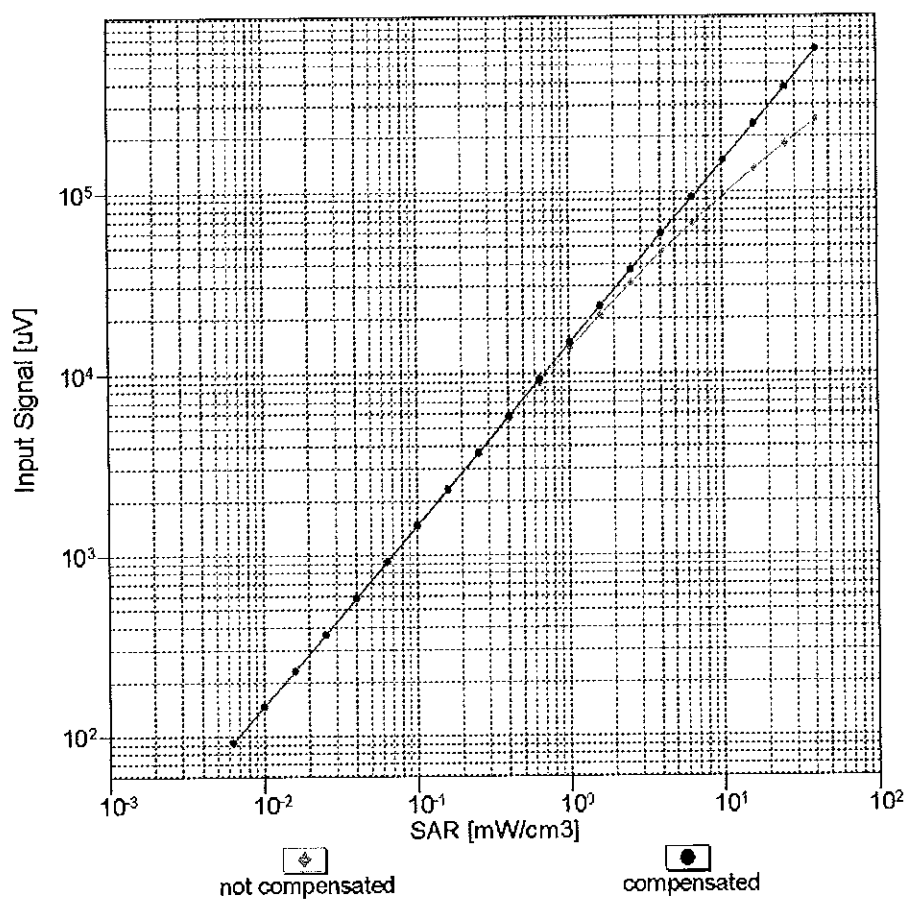


f=1800 MHz,R22



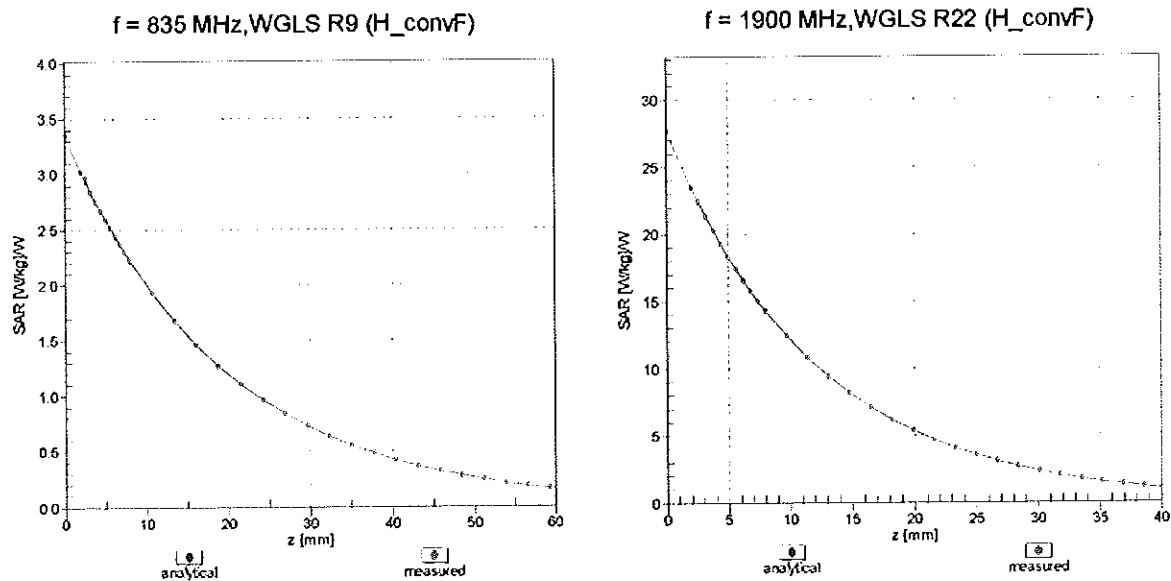
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



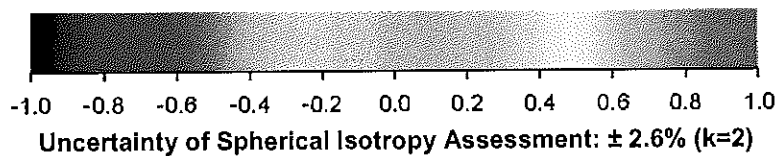
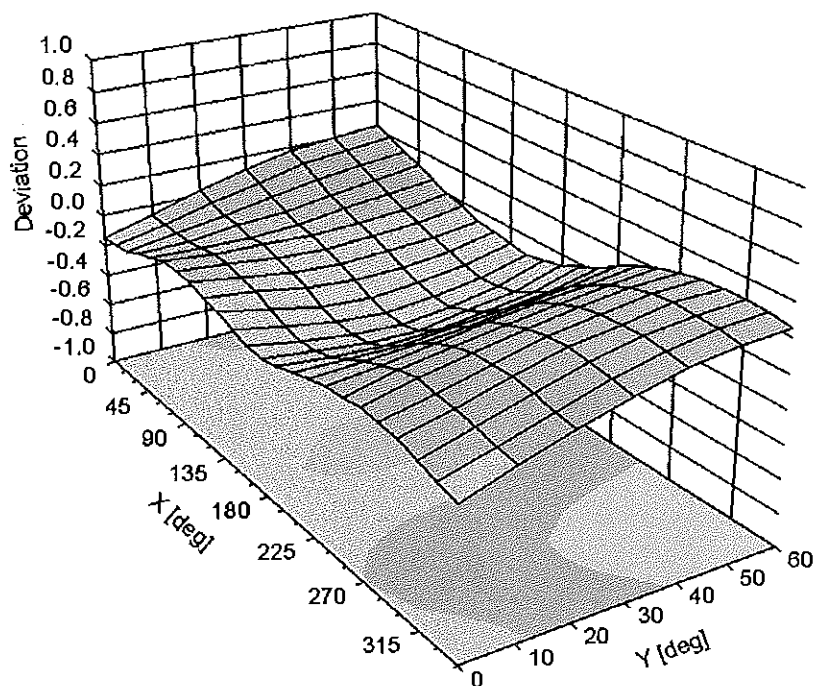
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287**Other Probe Parameters**

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -15 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **EX3-3914_Oct13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3914**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01 v3, QA CAL-14 v4, QA CAL-23 v5, QA CAL-25 v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **October 23, 2013**

VCC
11/20/2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) | Dec-13 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13) | Sep-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-15 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | <i>Leif Klysner</i> |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | <i>Katja Pokovic</i> |
| Issued: October 25, 2013 | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |

PCT # 81072



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3914

Manufactured: December 18, 2012
Calibrated: October 23, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3914

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 0.47 | 0.49 | 0.51 | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 99.2 | 98.9 | 98.2 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-----------|--|---|---------|------------------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 158.3 | $\pm 3.0 \%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 154.6 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 170.8 | |
| 10010-CAA | SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms) | X | 0.71 | 53.3 | 6.1 | 10.00 | 48.4 | $\pm 2.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 2.43 | 67.0 | 13.8 | | 39.9 | |
| | | Z | 4.18 | 68.7 | 13.8 | | 45.7 | |
| 10011-CAA | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | X | 3.05 | 64.4 | 16.5 | 2.91 | 122.4 | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.31 | 66.5 | 18.2 | | 123.5 | |
| | | Z | 3.34 | 66.3 | 17.8 | | 136.6 | |
| 10012-CAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | X | 2.49 | 64.8 | 16.1 | 1.87 | 120.6 | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 2.94 | 68.6 | 18.7 | | 123.6 | |
| | | Z | 2.63 | 65.9 | 17.0 | | 135.4 | |
| 10021-DAA | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 1.52 | 61.5 | 10.9 | 9.39 | 83.6 | $\pm 1.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 2.22 | 67.4 | 15.0 | | 116.0 | |
| | | Z | 2.47 | 66.8 | 14.7 | | 95.9 | |
| 10023-DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | X | 1.73 | 63.3 | 11.9 | 9.57 | 81.5 | $\pm 1.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 2.11 | 66.2 | 14.2 | | 111.8 | |
| | | Z | 2.76 | 69.0 | 16.0 | | 93.6 | |
| 10024-DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | X | 1.34 | 62.1 | 9.4 | 6.56 | 121.0 | $\pm 1.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.24 | 78.6 | 17.9 | | 130.0 | |
| | | Z | 2.91 | 70.7 | 14.9 | | 141.4 | |
| 10027-DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | X | 1.25 | 63.5 | 9.7 | 4.80 | 143.5 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 1.59 | 66.9 | 12.2 | | 149.7 | |
| | | Z | 2.98 | 71.5 | 14.0 | | 123.3 | |
| 10028-DAA | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | X | 0.51 | 58.3 | 7.4 | 3.55 | 113.4 | $\pm 1.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 25.43 | 100.0 | 22.6 | | 121.3 | |
| | | Z | 38.67 | 97.5 | 20.6 | | 133.3 | |
| 10032-CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | X | 0.28 | 58.6 | 5.3 | 1.16 | 134.7 | $\pm 0.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 65.75 | 99.6 | 18.6 | | 141.3 | |
| | | Z | 0.20 | 55.6 | 4.1 | | 112.1 | |
| 10039-CAA | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | X | 4.33 | 64.6 | 17.4 | 4.57 | 113.8 | $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.55 | 66.0 | 18.6 | | 120.8 | |
| | | Z | 4.85 | 66.2 | 18.4 | | 135.9 | |
| 10062-CAA | IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) | X | 9.83 | 67.6 | 20.7 | 8.68 | 109.0 | $\pm 2.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 10.06 | 68.4 | 21.5 | | 118.2 | |
| | | Z | 10.66 | 69.2 | 21.7 | | 134.0 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10081-CAA | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | X | 3.59 | 63.9 | 16.9 | 3.97 | 113.6 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.84 | 65.6 | 18.2 | | 119.6 | |
| | | Z | 3.95 | 65.4 | 17.8 | | 134.5 | |
| 10098-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | X | 4.41 | 65.2 | 17.3 | 3.98 | 126.0 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.73 | 66.9 | 18.6 | | 132.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.51 | 65.5 | 17.7 | | 105.6 | |
| 10100-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.26 | 66.2 | 18.6 | 5.67 | 130.5 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.61 | 67.7 | 19.8 | | 139.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.21 | 66.0 | 18.7 | | 107.7 | |
| 10108-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.13 | 65.8 | 18.6 | 5.80 | 126.3 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.40 | 67.1 | 19.6 | | 135.6 | |
| | | Z | 6.10 | 65.5 | 18.5 | | 107.4 | |
| 10110-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.78 | 65.3 | 18.3 | 5.75 | 123.1 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 5.97 | 66.3 | 19.2 | | 131.5 | |
| | | Z | 5.86 | 65.3 | 18.4 | | 104.9 | |
| 10114-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.92 | 67.7 | 20.3 | 8.10 | 115.7 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.25 | 68.7 | 21.2 | | 126.8 | |
| | | Z | 10.71 | 69.4 | 21.3 | | 146.0 | |
| 10117-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.95 | 67.8 | 20.3 | 8.07 | 116.6 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.26 | 68.7 | 21.1 | | 128.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.70 | 69.4 | 21.3 | | 146.9 | |
| 10151-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.19 | 67.3 | 21.5 | 9.28 | 145.0 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 7.40 | 68.3 | 22.4 | | 110.8 | |
| | | Z | 7.79 | 68.4 | 22.0 | | 128.0 | |
| 10154-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.79 | 65.3 | 18.3 | 5.75 | 124.2 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.03 | 66.5 | 19.4 | | 131.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.29 | 66.9 | 19.3 | | 149.7 | |
| 10160-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.23 | 65.9 | 18.6 | 5.82 | 128.3 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.51 | 67.2 | 19.7 | | 136.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.24 | 65.7 | 18.6 | | 107.3 | |
| 10169-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.83 | 66.0 | 18.9 | 5.73 | 147.5 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 4.72 | 65.8 | 19.2 | | 113.8 | |
| | | Z | 5.03 | 66.1 | 19.1 | | 129.7 | |
| 10172-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.83 | 69.2 | 22.8 | 9.21 | 149.9 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 5.81 | 69.4 | 23.4 | | 120.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.38 | 70.0 | 23.2 | | 137.2 | |
| 10175-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.86 | 66.1 | 18.9 | 5.72 | 149.8 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 4.72 | 65.8 | 19.2 | | 113.3 | |
| | | Z | 5.09 | 66.4 | 19.1 | | 126.0 | |
| 10181-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.83 | 66.0 | 18.9 | 5.72 | 146.3 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 4.69 | 65.6 | 19.1 | | 112.2 | |
| | | Z | 5.02 | 66.1 | 19.0 | | 125.1 | |
| 10193-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.51 | 67.4 | 20.2 | 8.09 | 108.6 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.72 | 68.1 | 20.9 | | 118.2 | |
| | | Z | 10.30 | 68.9 | 21.1 | | 135.0 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10196-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.52 | 67.4 | 20.2 | 8.10 | 111.6 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.79 | 68.3 | 21.1 | | 121.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.30 | 68.9 | 21.2 | | 139.2 | |
| 10219-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.47 | 67.4 | 20.2 | 8.03 | 111.8 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.67 | 68.3 | 21.0 | | 120.0 | |
| | | Z | 10.20 | 68.9 | 21.1 | | 138.0 | |
| 10222-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.96 | 67.9 | 20.4 | 8.06 | 118.4 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.25 | 68.8 | 21.2 | | 128.2 | |
| | | Z | 10.65 | 69.3 | 21.3 | | 144.5 | |
| 10225-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSPA+) | X | 6.96 | 66.7 | 18.9 | 5.97 | 140.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 7.23 | 67.9 | 20.0 | | 148.9 | |
| | | Z | 7.03 | 66.4 | 18.9 | | 115.6 | |
| 10237-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.51 | 67.5 | 21.8 | 9.21 | 114.2 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 5.82 | 69.4 | 23.4 | | 123.0 | |
| | | Z | 6.49 | 70.6 | 23.6 | | 140.2 | |
| 10252-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.83 | 67.1 | 21.4 | 9.24 | 136.6 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 7.30 | 69.4 | 23.2 | | 147.3 | |
| | | Z | 7.36 | 68.1 | 22.0 | | 117.5 | |
| 10267-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.26 | 67.5 | 21.6 | 9.30 | 142.7 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 7.44 | 68.4 | 22.4 | | 110.5 | |
| | | Z | 7.84 | 68.7 | 22.2 | | 122.6 | |
| 10274-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10) | X | 5.86 | 66.2 | 18.2 | 4.87 | 135.4 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 6.12 | 67.5 | 19.2 | | 142.3 | |
| | | Z | 5.91 | 65.9 | 18.2 | | 107.6 | |
| 10275-CAA | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4) | X | 4.17 | 64.8 | 17.3 | 3.96 | 115.6 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.42 | 66.4 | 18.5 | | 124.6 | |
| | | Z | 4.47 | 66.0 | 18.0 | | 132.6 | |
| 10291-AAA | CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate | X | 3.36 | 64.7 | 17.1 | 3.46 | 109.4 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.55 | 66.2 | 18.3 | | 118.2 | |
| | | Z | 3.60 | 65.6 | 17.7 | | 120.9 | |
| 10292-AAA | CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate | X | 3.34 | 64.9 | 17.2 | 3.39 | 110.1 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.57 | 66.7 | 18.5 | | 121.0 | |
| | | Z | 3.54 | 65.6 | 17.7 | | 123.9 | |
| 10297-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.14 | 65.8 | 18.6 | 5.81 | 125.1 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.44 | 67.2 | 19.7 | | 135.7 | |
| | | Z | 6.52 | 67.0 | 19.3 | | 142.2 | |
| 10311-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.76 | 66.6 | 19.1 | 6.06 | 131.8 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 7.03 | 67.8 | 20.0 | | 142.5 | |
| | | Z | 7.15 | 67.7 | 19.7 | | 148.6 | |
| 10315-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 2.42 | 64.6 | 16.1 | 1.71 | 116.8 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.00 | 69.3 | 19.0 | | 126.9 | |
| | | Z | 2.61 | 66.3 | 17.2 | | 128.2 | |
| 10317-AAA | IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 9.71 | 67.6 | 20.5 | 8.36 | 111.7 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.99 | 68.6 | 21.4 | | 122.2 | |
| | | Z | 10.38 | 68.9 | 21.3 | | 129.5 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10400-AAA | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle) | X | 9.83 | 67.8 | 20.6 | 8.37 | 112.9 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.09 | 68.7 | 21.4 | | 123.9 | |
| | | Z | 10.48 | 68.9 | 21.3 | | 130.5 | |
| 10402-AAA | IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle) | X | 10.61 | 68.3 | 20.7 | 8.53 | 121.1 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 11.25 | 70.0 | 21.9 | | 135.4 | |
| | | Z | 11.15 | 69.4 | 21.4 | | 137.4 | |
| 10403-AAA | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0) | X | 4.51 | 67.4 | 17.8 | 3.76 | 119.2 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.91 | 69.5 | 19.3 | | 128.3 | |
| | | Z | 4.84 | 67.5 | 18.1 | | 135.4 | |
| 10404-AAA | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A) | X | 4.51 | 67.7 | 18.0 | 3.77 | 117.4 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.92 | 69.8 | 19.5 | | 125.4 | |
| | | Z | 4.71 | 67.3 | 18.0 | | 131.9 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3914

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 9.70 | 0.34 | 1.01 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.34 | 9.34 | 9.34 | 0.67 | 0.67 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 7.99 | 7.99 | 7.99 | 0.79 | 0.56 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.69 | 7.69 | 7.69 | 0.80 | 0.58 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.95 | 6.95 | 6.95 | 0.41 | 0.77 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.79 | 6.79 | 6.79 | 0.40 | 0.82 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 0.30 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4.82 | 4.82 | 4.82 | 0.30 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4.55 | 4.55 | 4.55 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.37 | 4.37 | 4.37 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3914

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 9.39 | 9.39 | 9.39 | 0.63 | 0.74 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 9.31 | 9.31 | 9.31 | 0.56 | 0.76 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 7.89 | 0.32 | 1.03 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.51 | 7.51 | 7.51 | 0.51 | 0.76 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.02 | 7.02 | 7.02 | 0.80 | 0.50 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 6.81 | 6.81 | 6.81 | 0.80 | 0.50 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5.30 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 0.35 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 4.32 | 4.32 | 4.32 | 0.35 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 5.65 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 4.07 | 0.35 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.97 | 3.97 | 3.97 | 0.35 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 0.40 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

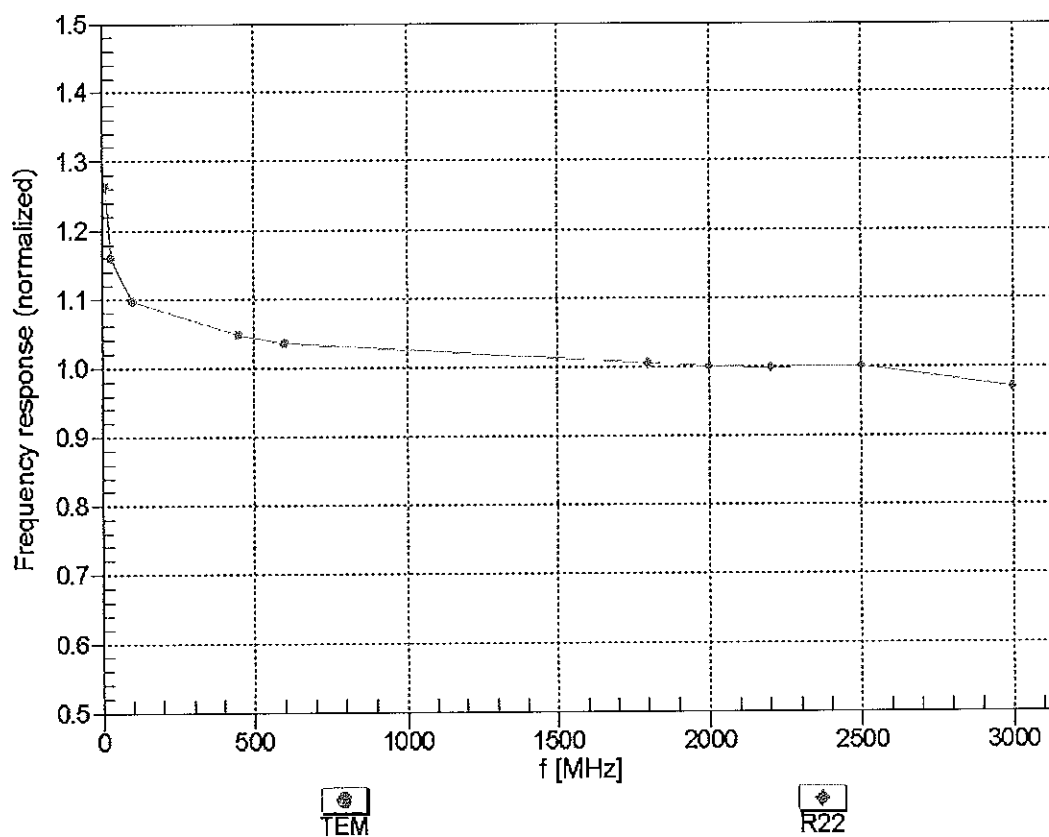
^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

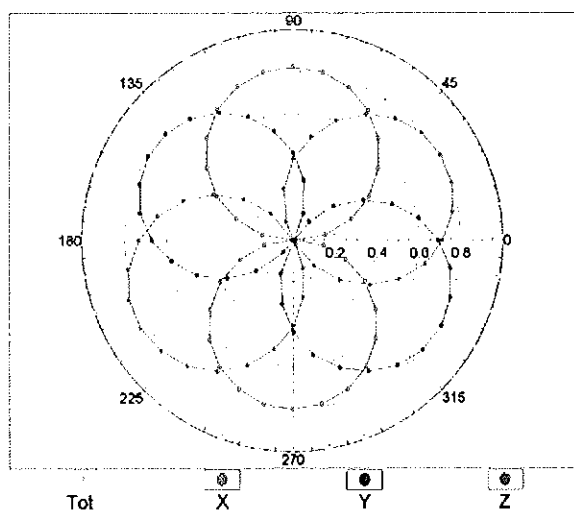
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



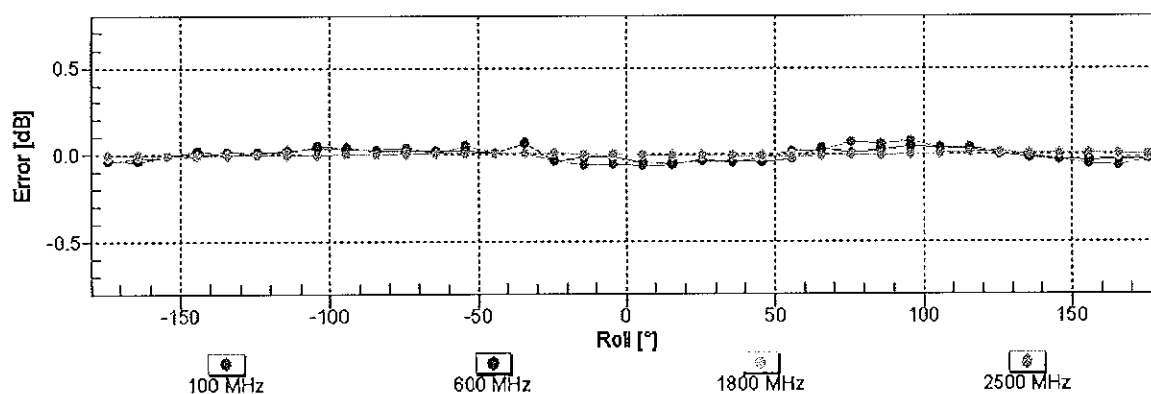
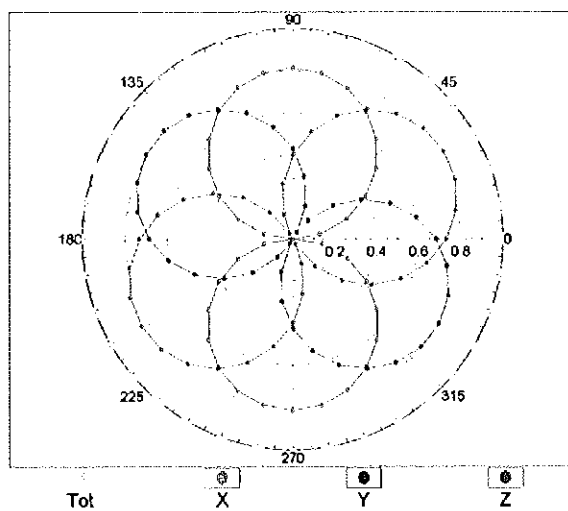
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

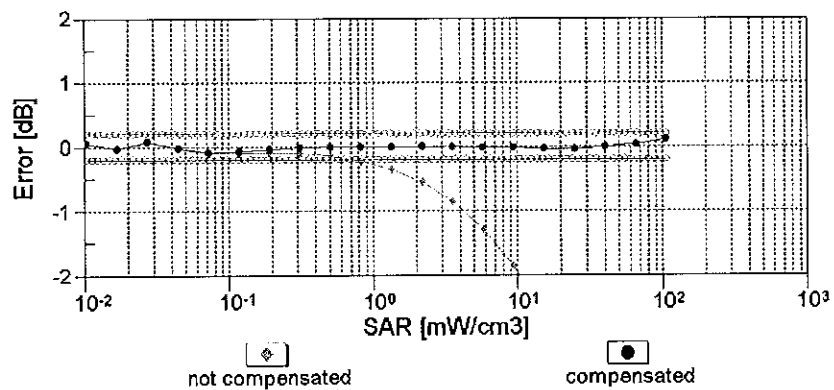
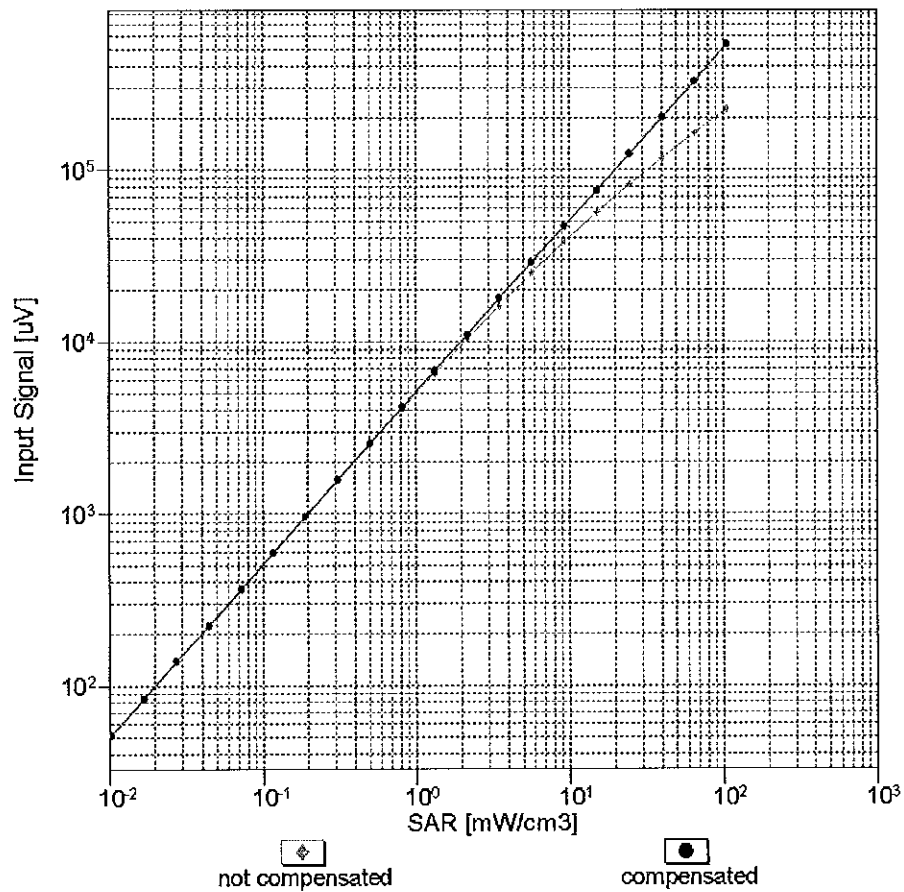


f=1800 MHz,R22



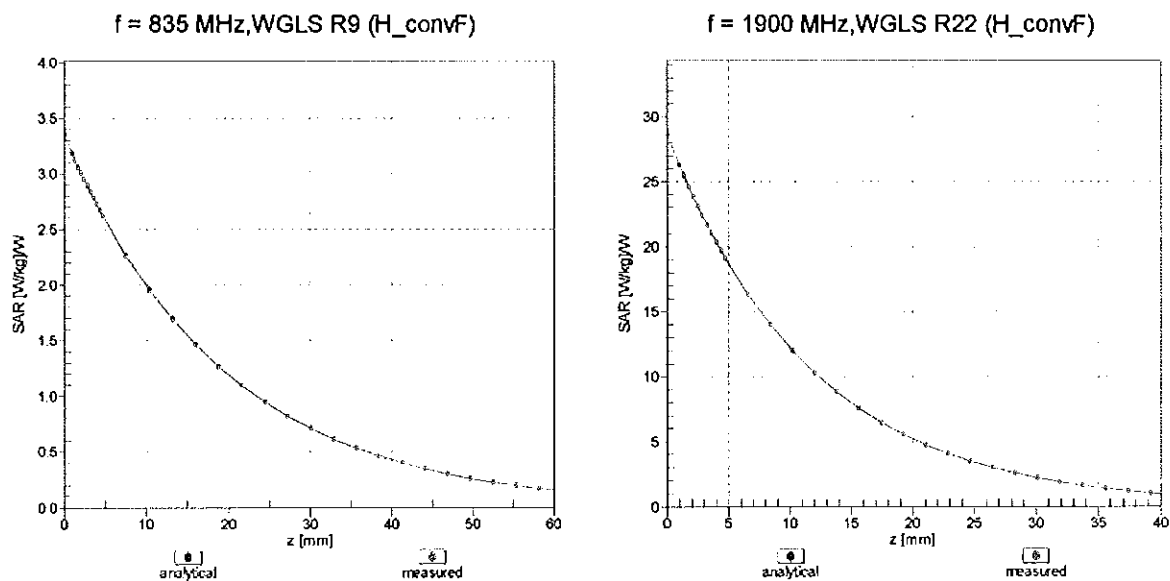
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



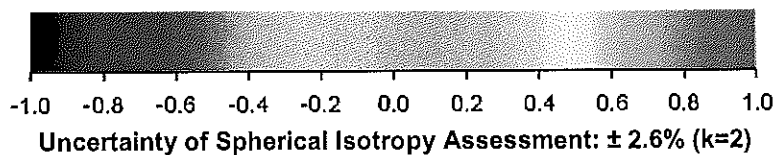
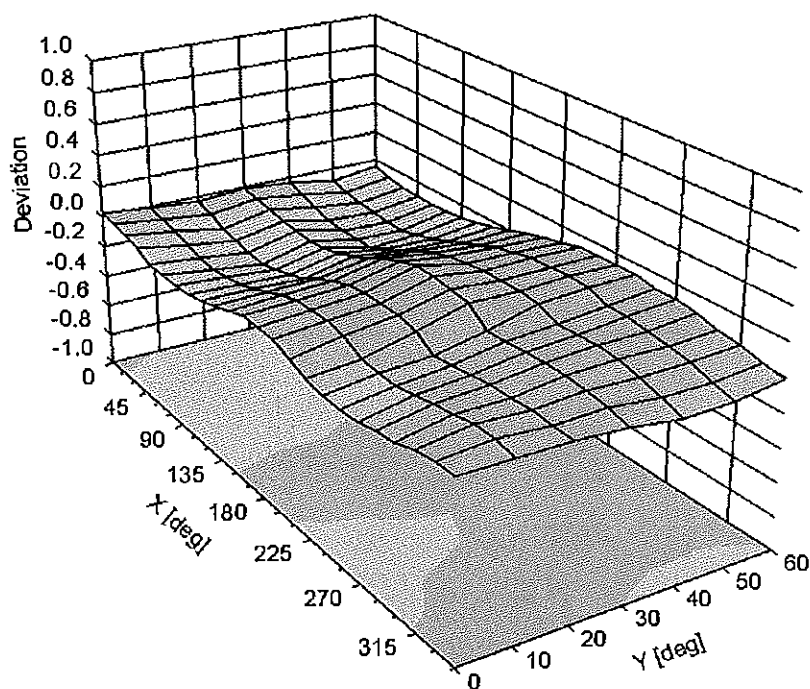
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3914

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -24.3 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3258_Feb14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3258**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

CCV
 3/6/14

Calibration date: **February 25, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) | Apr-14 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name Israe El-Naouq | Function Laboratory Technician | Signature |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| | | | Issued: February 27, 2014 |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3258

Manufactured: January 25, 2010
Calibrated: February 25, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3258

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 1.29 | 1.19 | 1.23 | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 104.5 | 107.0 | 103.0 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|---------------|--|---|---------|------------------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 222.4 | $\pm 3.8 \%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 202.2 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 207.1 | |
| 10010- CAA | SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms) | X | 5.09 | 65.6 | 14.1 | 10.00 | 44.8 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 1.68 | 57.4 | 9.3 | | 40.7 | |
| | | Z | 4.01 | 62.4 | 13.0 | | 51.1 | |
| 10011- CAB | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | X | 3.34 | 67.5 | 18.9 | 2.91 | 131.2 | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.43 | 67.9 | 18.7 | | 137.1 | |
| | | Z | 3.42 | 67.8 | 19.0 | | 146.0 | |
| 10012- CAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | X | 3.40 | 70.9 | 19.8 | 1.87 | 134.2 | $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.19 | 70.2 | 19.2 | | 137.9 | |
| | | Z | 3.46 | 70.8 | 19.6 | | 149.6 | |
| 10021- DAB | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 30.24 | 99.7 | 28.7 | 9.39 | 131.2 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 12.91 | 88.5 | 23.9 | | 147.5 | |
| | | Z | 30.37 | 99.5 | 28.9 | | 128.0 | |
| 10023- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | X | 29.88 | 100.0 | 29.0 | 9.57 | 123.0 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 16.02 | 92.5 | 25.4 | | 140.7 | |
| | | Z | 30.01 | 100.0 | 29.4 | | 125.8 | |
| 10024- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | X | 44.57 | 99.7 | 25.9 | 6.56 | 119.6 | $\pm 1.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 28.97 | 95.3 | 23.2 | | 127.6 | |
| | | Z | 43.72 | 99.8 | 26.3 | | 120.1 | |
| 10027- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | X | 53.52 | 99.7 | 24.4 | 4.80 | 129.4 | $\pm 2.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 54.55 | 99.9 | 22.9 | | 143.3 | |
| | | Z | 51.63 | 99.7 | 24.8 | | 127.5 | |
| 10028- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | X | 58.93 | 99.8 | 23.4 | 3.55 | 133.4 | $\pm 2.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 77.54 | 99.7 | 21.3 | | 125.3 | |
| | | Z | 56.64 | 99.8 | 23.8 | | 130.8 | |
| 10032- CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | X | 47.03 | 99.5 | 21.3 | 1.16 | 136.3 | $\pm 1.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 95.86 | 95.2 | 17.1 | | 138.2 | |
| | | Z | 39.68 | 100.0 | 22.2 | | 132.3 | |
| 10039- CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | X | 4.84 | 66.8 | 19.1 | 4.57 | 131.3 | $\pm 0.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.75 | 67.0 | 18.9 | | 135.2 | |
| | | Z | 4.86 | 66.7 | 19.0 | | 127.2 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10081-CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | X | 4.06 | 66.8 | 19.0 | 3.97 | 148.4 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.96 | 66.6 | 18.6 | | 134.7 | |
| | | Z | 4.13 | 66.9 | 19.1 | | 143.4 | |
| 10098-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | X | 4.63 | 66.8 | 18.7 | 3.98 | 137.3 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.75 | 67.5 | 18.8 | | 148.4 | |
| | | Z | 4.65 | 66.7 | 18.7 | | 133.2 | |
| 10100-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.66 | 68.5 | 20.3 | 5.67 | 144.0 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.27 | 67.1 | 19.3 | | 130.6 | |
| | | Z | 6.62 | 68.2 | 20.1 | | 140.5 | |
| 10108-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.53 | 68.0 | 20.2 | 5.80 | 142.6 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.17 | 66.8 | 19.3 | | 129.2 | |
| | | Z | 6.52 | 67.8 | 20.1 | | 139.0 | |
| 10110-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.19 | 67.3 | 19.9 | 5.75 | 137.9 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.12 | 67.3 | 19.6 | | 149.5 | |
| | | Z | 6.19 | 67.1 | 19.8 | | 136.1 | |
| 10114-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.49 | 69.5 | 21.7 | 8.10 | 132.4 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.23 | 69.1 | 21.3 | | 144.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.45 | 69.3 | 21.6 | | 129.5 | |
| 10117-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.46 | 69.5 | 21.7 | 8.07 | 133.9 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.26 | 69.2 | 21.3 | | 147.4 | |
| | | Z | 10.47 | 69.4 | 21.7 | | 130.5 | |
| 10151-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 11.61 | 77.4 | 26.8 | 9.28 | 118.8 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 9.89 | 75.2 | 25.7 | | 144.9 | |
| | | Z | 12.01 | 77.8 | 26.9 | | 119.6 | |
| 10154-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.20 | 67.3 | 19.9 | 5.75 | 139.2 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 5.86 | 66.2 | 19.0 | | 128.5 | |
| | | Z | 6.22 | 67.3 | 19.9 | | 136.3 | |
| 10160-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.63 | 67.8 | 20.1 | 5.82 | 144.1 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.31 | 66.8 | 19.3 | | 133.1 | |
| | | Z | 6.66 | 67.7 | 20.0 | | 140.9 | |
| 10169-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.25 | 67.5 | 20.2 | 5.73 | 143.6 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 4.92 | 66.7 | 19.5 | | 131.0 | |
| | | Z | 5.29 | 67.4 | 20.2 | | 140.7 | |
| 10172-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 13.49 | 87.5 | 31.6 | 9.21 | 139.0 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 7.83 | 75.5 | 26.0 | | 124.9 | |
| | | Z | 13.47 | 86.5 | 31.1 | | 137.8 | |
| 10175-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.22 | 67.4 | 20.1 | 5.72 | 144.3 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 5.08 | 67.5 | 19.9 | | 147.9 | |
| | | Z | 5.26 | 67.2 | 20.0 | | 139.6 | |
| 10181-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.24 | 67.5 | 20.1 | 5.72 | 144.5 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 5.06 | 67.4 | 19.8 | | 147.0 | |
| | | Z | 5.29 | 67.3 | 20.1 | | 139.2 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10193-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.12 | 69.1 | 21.6 | 8.09 | 128.8 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.76 | 68.4 | 21.0 | | 132.8 | |
| | | Z | 10.08 | 68.9 | 21.5 | | 123.4 | |
| 10196-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.15 | 69.2 | 21.7 | 8.10 | 130.2 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.77 | 68.5 | 21.0 | | 134.1 | |
| | | Z | 10.10 | 69.0 | 21.5 | | 124.0 | |
| 10219-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.02 | 69.0 | 21.5 | 8.03 | 128.7 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.67 | 68.5 | 21.0 | | 133.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.02 | 68.9 | 21.5 | | 123.9 | |
| 10222-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.46 | 69.6 | 21.7 | 8.06 | 134.0 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 10.09 | 68.8 | 21.1 | | 139.7 | |
| | | Z | 10.40 | 69.3 | 21.6 | | 128.7 | |
| 10225-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSPA+) | X | 7.09 | 67.1 | 19.6 | 5.97 | 131.2 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.98 | 67.2 | 19.4 | | 138.0 | |
| | | Z | 7.06 | 66.8 | 19.4 | | 127.2 | |
| 10237-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 13.63 | 87.8 | 31.7 | 9.21 | 141.6 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 7.85 | 75.5 | 26.0 | | 126.5 | |
| | | Z | 13.99 | 87.7 | 31.6 | | 141.4 | |
| 10252-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 12.86 | 81.4 | 28.9 | 9.24 | 142.1 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 8.91 | 73.4 | 24.8 | | 129.9 | |
| | | Z | 13.15 | 81.4 | 28.8 | | 142.0 | |
| 10267-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 11.63 | 77.5 | 26.8 | 9.30 | 118.7 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 9.62 | 74.3 | 25.2 | | 138.4 | |
| | | Z | 11.96 | 77.7 | 26.9 | | 119.3 | |
| 10274-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10) | X | 6.14 | 67.4 | 19.3 | 4.87 | 149.9 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 5.90 | 66.9 | 18.7 | | 132.8 | |
| | | Z | 6.20 | 67.5 | 19.3 | | 146.6 | |
| 10275-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4) | X | 4.45 | 66.9 | 18.9 | 3.96 | 130.1 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.50 | 67.2 | 18.8 | | 137.9 | |
| | | Z | 4.64 | 67.6 | 19.3 | | 149.2 | |
| 10291-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate | X | 3.79 | 67.5 | 19.2 | 3.46 | 145.3 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.74 | 67.5 | 18.9 | | 128.2 | |
| | | Z | 3.78 | 67.3 | 19.1 | | 139.1 | |
| 10292-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate | X | 3.77 | 67.8 | 19.3 | 3.39 | 147.0 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.69 | 67.7 | 18.9 | | 130.1 | |
| | | Z | 3.73 | 67.3 | 19.0 | | 141.3 | |
| 10297-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.52 | 67.9 | 20.1 | 5.81 | 141.4 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.41 | 67.6 | 19.7 | | 147.4 | |
| | | Z | 6.51 | 67.7 | 20.1 | | 135.4 | |
| 10311-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.17 | 68.7 | 20.7 | 6.06 | 147.7 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.69 | 67.2 | 19.6 | | 128.6 | |
| | | Z | 7.12 | 68.4 | 20.5 | | 142.0 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10315-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 3.04 | 70.0 | 19.6 | 1.71 | 129.8 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.25 | 71.3 | 19.7 | | 136.9 | |
| | | Z | 3.09 | 69.9 | 19.5 | | 148.7 | |
| 10403-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0) | X | 4.73 | 67.3 | 18.6 | 3.76 | 135.7 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.93 | 69.1 | 19.0 | | 141.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.73 | 67.1 | 18.4 | | 132.7 | |
| 10404-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A) | X | 4.67 | 67.5 | 18.6 | 3.77 | 134.0 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.92 | 69.4 | 19.1 | | 139.8 | |
| | | Z | 4.65 | 67.1 | 18.5 | | 130.7 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3258

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 6.53 | 6.53 | 6.53 | 0.40 | 1.60 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.27 | 6.27 | 6.27 | 0.80 | 1.17 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.19 | 5.19 | 5.19 | 0.80 | 1.10 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.04 | 5.04 | 5.04 | 0.68 | 1.27 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 4.52 | 0.78 | 1.23 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 0.76 | 1.33 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3258

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

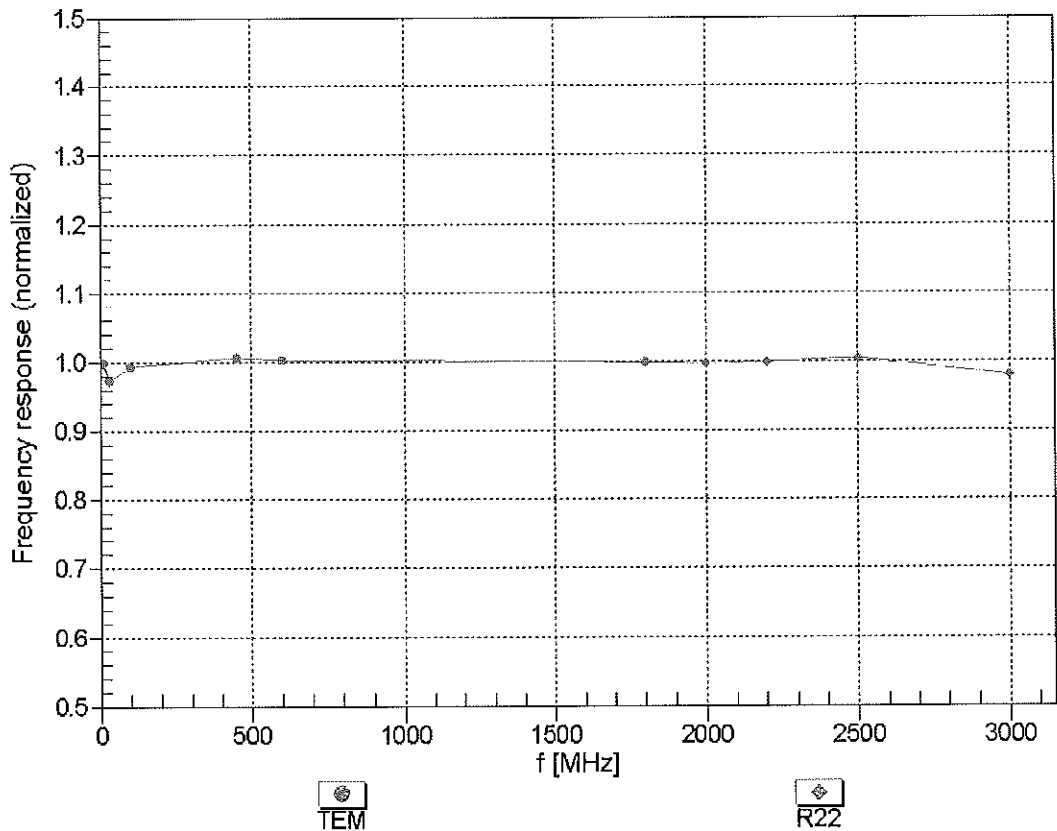
| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 0.61 | 1.32 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 6.11 | 6.11 | 6.11 | 0.80 | 1.15 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 4.83 | 4.83 | 4.83 | 0.47 | 1.74 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 0.55 | 1.59 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 0.80 | 1.11 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 3.91 | 3.91 | 3.91 | 0.80 | 1.00 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

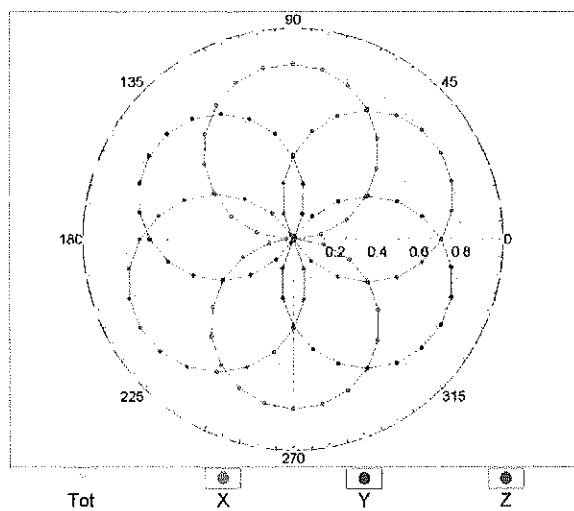
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



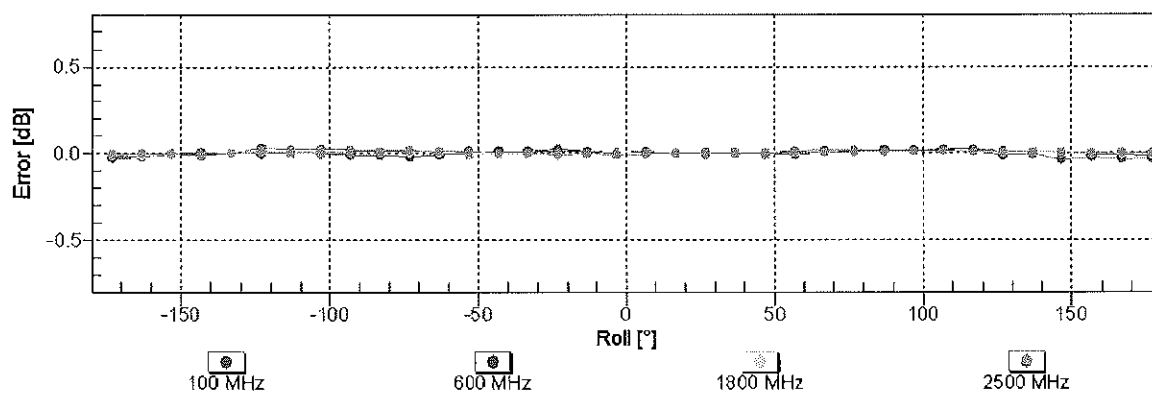
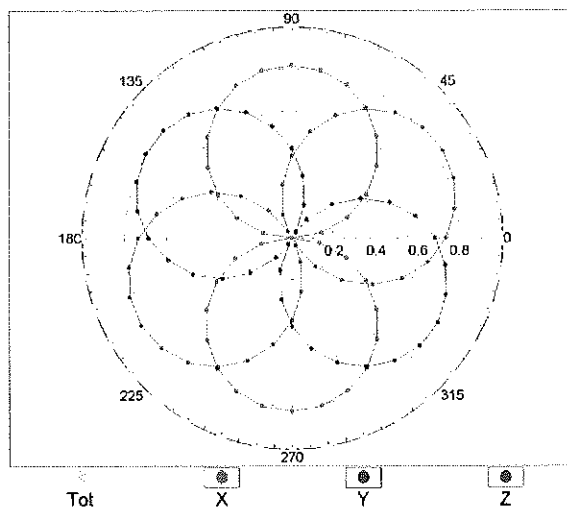
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM



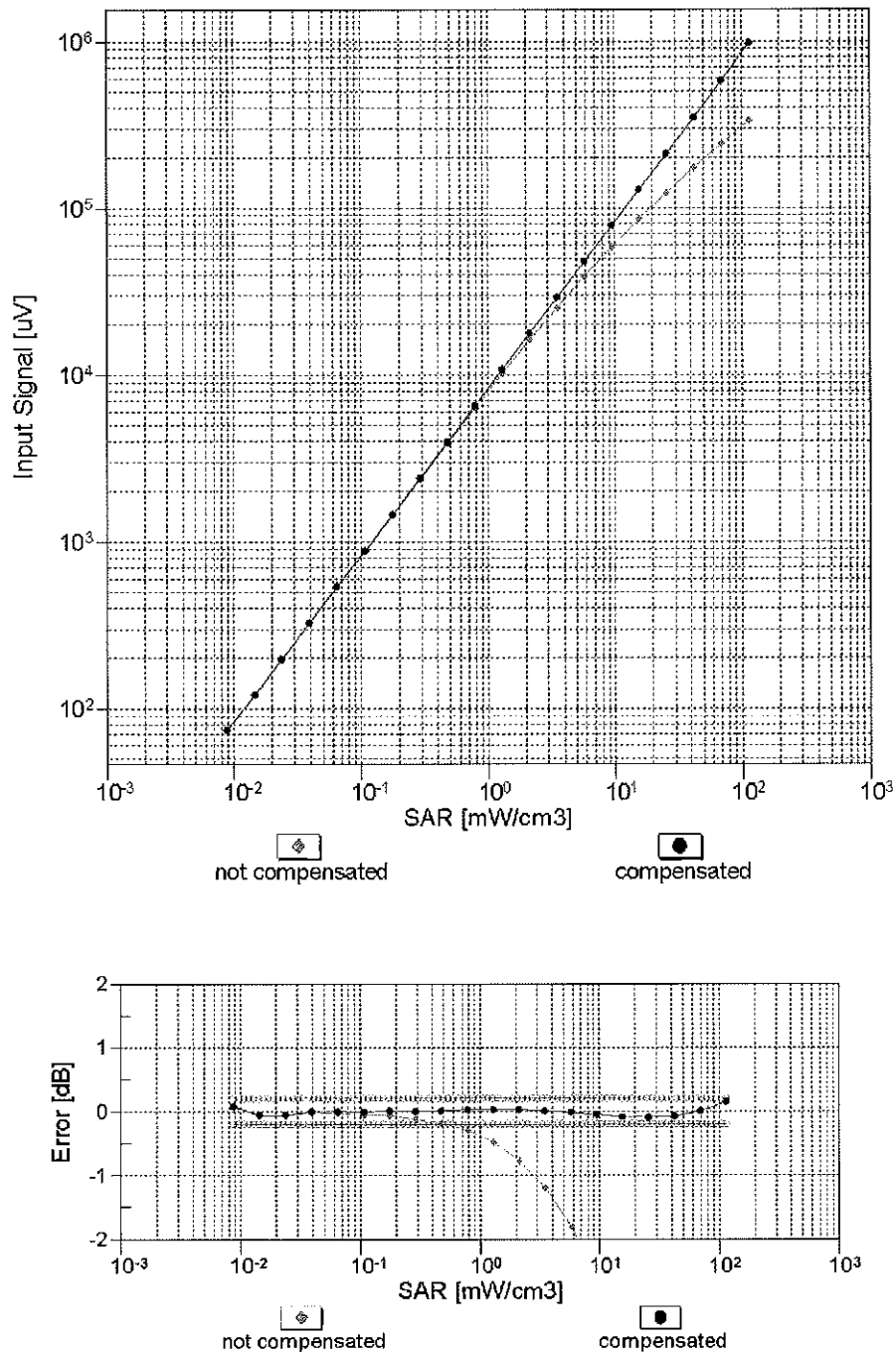
f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

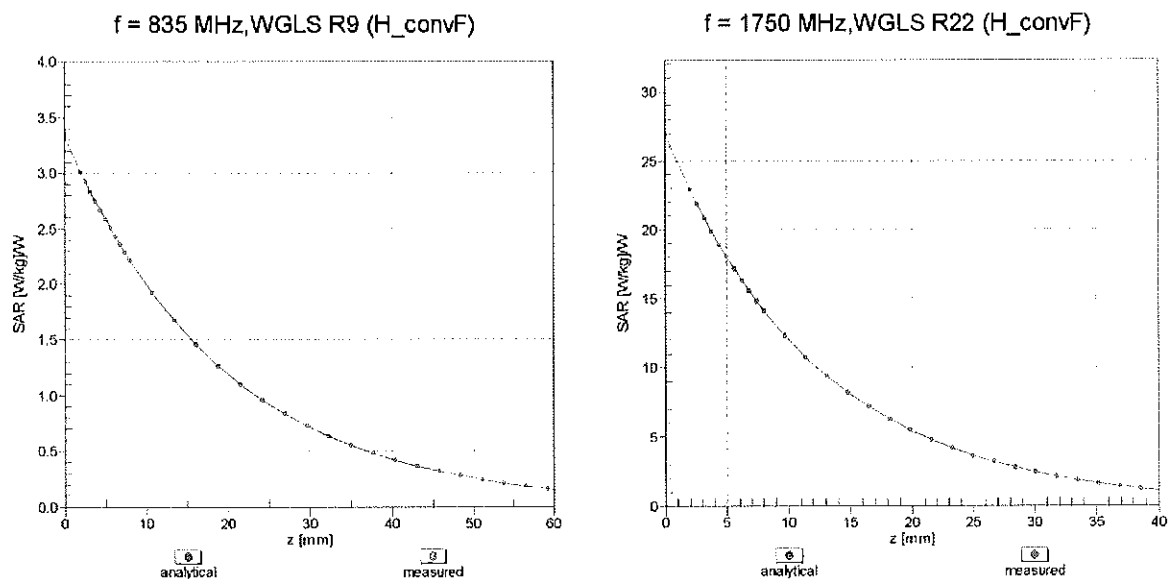
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



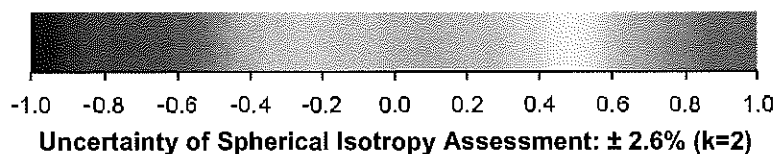
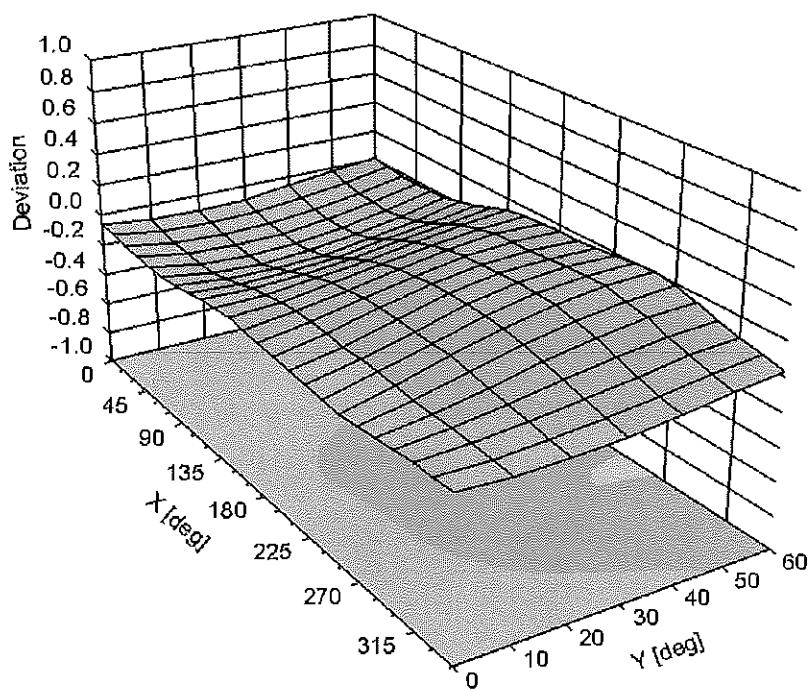
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3258

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -123.1 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3263_May14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3263**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

CCV
 7/17/14

Calibration date: **May 15, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) | Apr-15 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Issued: May 15, 2014 | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3263

Manufactured: January 25, 2010
Calibrated: May 15, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 1.21 | 1.24 | 1.13 | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 103.8 | 102.3 | 104.7 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-----------|---|---|---------|------------------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 156.3 | $\pm 3.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 203.1 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 197.2 | |
| 10010-CAA | SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms) | X | 2.33 | 59.4 | 10.8 | 10.00 | 46.4 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.39 | 63.4 | 13.6 | | 50.8 | |
| | | Z | 1.35 | 55.5 | 7.8 | | 39.6 | |
| 10011-CAB | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | X | 3.49 | 68.2 | 19.1 | 2.91 | 126.7 | $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.28 | 66.9 | 18.5 | | 120.7 | |
| | | Z | 2.74 | 63.1 | 15.1 | | 113.5 | |
| 10012-CAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | X | 3.51 | 72.0 | 20.3 | 1.87 | 127.9 | $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.21 | 69.4 | 18.8 | | 124.1 | |
| | | Z | 1.93 | 60.6 | 12.6 | | 113.3 | |
| 10013-CAA | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps) | X | 11.30 | 70.8 | 23.3 | 9.46 | 125.2 | $\pm 2.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 12.42 | 72.7 | 24.4 | | 129.4 | |
| | | Z | 10.03 | 67.8 | 21.1 | | 105.5 | |
| 10021-DAB | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 24.45 | 99.1 | 27.6 | 9.39 | 141.4 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 29.93 | 99.5 | 29.0 | | 124.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.53 | 73.0 | 18.1 | | 111.6 | |
| 10023-DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | X | 25.10 | 99.7 | 27.9 | 9.57 | 134.2 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 24.85 | 96.1 | 28.0 | | 120.2 | |
| | | Z | 5.99 | 76.5 | 19.1 | | 142.5 | |
| 10024-DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | X | 24.34 | 93.0 | 23.0 | 6.56 | 117.1 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 26.49 | 92.6 | 24.2 | | 148.7 | |
| | | Z | 4.00 | 69.6 | 13.8 | | 136.6 | |
| 10027-DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | X | 51.24 | 99.9 | 23.5 | 4.80 | 131.1 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 56.83 | 99.5 | 24.3 | | 101.8 | |
| | | Z | 1.70 | 61.4 | 9.1 | | 107.7 | |
| 10028-DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | X | 60.12 | 99.6 | 22.2 | 3.55 | 138.7 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 64.73 | 99.9 | 23.4 | | 105.5 | |
| | | Z | 1.13 | 58.4 | 6.0 | | 116.0 | |
| 10032-CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | X | 77.27 | 99.6 | 19.6 | 1.16 | 149.5 | $\pm 2.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 60.44 | 99.7 | 21.0 | | 109.4 | |
| | | Z | 0.34 | 55.9 | 2.9 | | 131.4 | |
| 10039-CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | X | 4.79 | 66.8 | 19.0 | 4.57 | 124.5 | $\pm 0.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.85 | 66.4 | 18.8 | | 125.6 | |
| | | Z | 4.06 | 63.4 | 16.1 | | 108.1 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10081-CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | X | 3.93 | 66.1 | 18.5 | 3.97 | 119.8 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.90 | 65.5 | 18.2 | | 120.1 | |
| | | Z | 3.29 | 62.4 | 15.3 | | 108.5 | |
| 10098-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | X | 4.68 | 66.9 | 18.7 | 3.98 | 131.2 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.64 | 66.6 | 18.6 | | 130.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.15 | 64.5 | 16.5 | | 118.8 | |
| 10100-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.61 | 68.1 | 20.0 | 5.67 | 137.5 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 6.70 | 68.4 | 20.2 | | 137.7 | |
| | | Z | 5.90 | 65.6 | 17.9 | | 124.0 | |
| 10108-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.44 | 67.5 | 19.8 | 5.80 | 135.1 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 6.60 | 68.0 | 20.1 | | 135.4 | |
| | | Z | 5.75 | 64.9 | 17.6 | | 121.8 | |
| 10110-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.14 | 67.1 | 19.7 | 5.75 | 131.6 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.28 | 67.4 | 19.9 | | 132.7 | |
| | | Z | 5.62 | 65.5 | 18.2 | | 118.4 | |
| 10114-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.18 | 68.8 | 21.2 | 8.10 | 124.3 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 10.60 | 69.7 | 21.8 | | 126.2 | |
| | | Z | 9.38 | 67.0 | 19.8 | | 108.4 | |
| 10117-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.23 | 68.9 | 21.3 | 8.07 | 125.0 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 10.56 | 69.6 | 21.7 | | 127.1 | |
| | | Z | 9.37 | 67.1 | 19.8 | | 109.1 | |
| 10151-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 10.23 | 75.7 | 26.0 | 9.28 | 125.0 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 14.60 | 83.3 | 29.5 | | 147.3 | |
| | | Z | 8.05 | 69.7 | 22.3 | | 106.3 | |
| 10154-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.12 | 67.0 | 19.6 | 5.75 | 131.6 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.28 | 67.4 | 19.9 | | 132.4 | |
| | | Z | 5.49 | 64.7 | 17.4 | | 117.9 | |
| 10160-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.57 | 67.5 | 19.8 | 5.82 | 136.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.71 | 67.9 | 20.1 | | 137.1 | |
| | | Z | 5.89 | 65.2 | 17.8 | | 122.4 | |
| 10169-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.82 | 66.0 | 19.3 | 5.73 | 113.5 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 5.12 | 66.3 | 19.4 | | 116.6 | |
| | | Z | 4.75 | 65.9 | 18.3 | | 142.7 | |
| 10172-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.53 | 80.6 | 28.6 | 9.21 | 136.5 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 11.32 | 81.6 | 28.8 | | 109.2 | |
| | | Z | 6.84 | 72.0 | 23.8 | | 117.3 | |
| 10175-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.86 | 66.2 | 19.4 | 5.72 | 112.9 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 5.10 | 66.2 | 19.4 | | 115.9 | |
| | | Z | 4.55 | 64.9 | 17.8 | | 137.7 | |
| 10181-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 4.81 | 66.0 | 19.2 | 5.72 | 111.6 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 5.13 | 66.4 | 19.5 | | 116.1 | |
| | | Z | 4.70 | 65.7 | 18.3 | | 137.1 | |
| 10193-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.80 | 68.3 | 21.0 | 8.09 | 117.2 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 10.23 | 69.1 | 21.6 | | 121.5 | |
| | | Z | 9.85 | 68.9 | 20.8 | | 148.4 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10196-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.81 | 68.4 | 21.1 | 8.10 | 117.7 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 10.23 | 69.2 | 21.6 | | 121.7 | |
| | | Z | 9.87 | 69.0 | 20.9 | | 149.9 | |
| 10219-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.71 | 68.3 | 21.0 | 8.03 | 117.8 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 10.12 | 69.1 | 21.6 | | 121.0 | |
| | | Z | 8.90 | 66.6 | 19.6 | | 104.1 | |
| 10222-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.14 | 68.7 | 21.2 | 8.06 | 122.3 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 10.52 | 69.5 | 21.7 | | 125.4 | |
| | | Z | 9.28 | 66.8 | 19.6 | | 108.5 | |
| 10225-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSPA+) | X | 7.25 | 67.8 | 19.9 | 5.97 | 146.3 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 7.32 | 67.5 | 19.8 | | 149.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.52 | 65.7 | 18.0 | | 130.7 | |
| 10237-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.55 | 80.7 | 28.7 | 9.21 | 137.2 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 11.34 | 81.7 | 28.9 | | 109.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.98 | 72.5 | 24.0 | | 119.5 | |
| 10252-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.26 | 74.1 | 25.3 | 9.24 | 115.6 | ±3.3 % |
| | | Y | 13.72 | 82.5 | 29.3 | | 137.9 | |
| | | Z | 8.83 | 73.3 | 24.4 | | 144.1 | |
| 10267-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 10.06 | 75.2 | 25.8 | 9.30 | 122.9 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 14.69 | 83.4 | 29.6 | | 147.6 | |
| | | Z | 8.02 | 69.6 | 22.3 | | 103.4 | |
| 10274-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10) | X | 6.08 | 67.2 | 19.0 | 4.87 | 140.2 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.23 | 67.5 | 19.2 | | 143.5 | |
| | | Z | 5.52 | 65.4 | 17.4 | | 125.1 | |
| 10275-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4) | X | 4.44 | 66.7 | 18.7 | 3.96 | 122.1 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.39 | 66.3 | 18.5 | | 124.4 | |
| | | Z | 3.83 | 63.7 | 16.0 | | 114.0 | |
| 10291-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate | X | 3.64 | 66.7 | 18.6 | 3.46 | 115.7 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.60 | 66.0 | 18.2 | | 118.0 | |
| | | Z | 3.17 | 64.2 | 16.3 | | 108.4 | |
| 10292-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate | X | 3.62 | 67.0 | 18.8 | 3.39 | 116.9 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 3.54 | 66.1 | 18.2 | | 119.1 | |
| | | Z | 3.24 | 64.2 | 15.8 | | 145.6 | |
| 10297-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.43 | 67.5 | 19.8 | 5.81 | 132.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.60 | 68.0 | 20.1 | | 134.9 | |
| | | Z | 5.81 | 65.4 | 18.0 | | 115.0 | |
| 10311-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.04 | 68.1 | 20.2 | 6.06 | 137.5 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 7.19 | 68.6 | 20.5 | | 140.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.26 | 65.7 | 18.2 | | 119.6 | |
| 10315-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 3.05 | 70.0 | 19.4 | 1.71 | 121.7 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 2.91 | 68.7 | 18.7 | | 123.4 | |
| | | Z | 1.83 | 60.2 | 12.3 | | 108.4 | |
| 10316-AAA | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 10.05 | 68.7 | 21.4 | 8.36 | 117.3 | ±1.9 % |
| | | Y | 10.57 | 69.7 | 22.0 | | 122.8 | |
| | | Z | 9.11 | 66.5 | 19.7 | | 103.1 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10403-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0) | X | 4.81 | 68.3 | 18.8 | 3.76 | 125.8 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.65 | 66.5 | 18.1 | | 130.8 | |
| | | Z | 3.98 | 64.7 | 16.0 | | 114.7 | |
| 10404-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A) | X | 4.91 | 69.1 | 19.2 | 3.77 | 123.3 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.60 | 66.6 | 18.1 | | 128.5 | |
| | | Z | 3.73 | 64.0 | 15.4 | | 112.0 | |
| 10415-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle) | X | 2.78 | 69.0 | 19.0 | 1.54 | 121.9 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 2.46 | 66.8 | 17.9 | | 122.5 | |
| | | Z | 1.83 | 60.9 | 13.0 | | 112.4 | |
| 10416-AAA | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle) | X | 9.88 | 68.4 | 21.2 | 8.23 | 116.6 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 10.29 | 69.2 | 21.7 | | 121.5 | |
| | | Z | 9.25 | 67.3 | 20.2 | | 103.4 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 6.42 | 6.42 | 6.42 | 0.72 | 1.18 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.23 | 6.23 | 6.23 | 0.27 | 2.02 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.41 | 5.41 | 5.41 | 0.74 | 1.23 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 0.80 | 1.16 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.47 | 4.47 | 4.47 | 0.80 | 1.22 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 0.66 | 1.41 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 6.19 | 6.19 | 6.19 | 0.52 | 1.41 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 6.16 | 6.16 | 6.16 | 0.68 | 1.28 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 4.98 | 4.98 | 4.98 | 0.38 | 1.91 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 4.78 | 4.78 | 4.78 | 0.66 | 1.35 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 0.72 | 1.13 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 4.11 | 4.11 | 4.11 | 0.74 | 1.07 | ± 12.0 % |

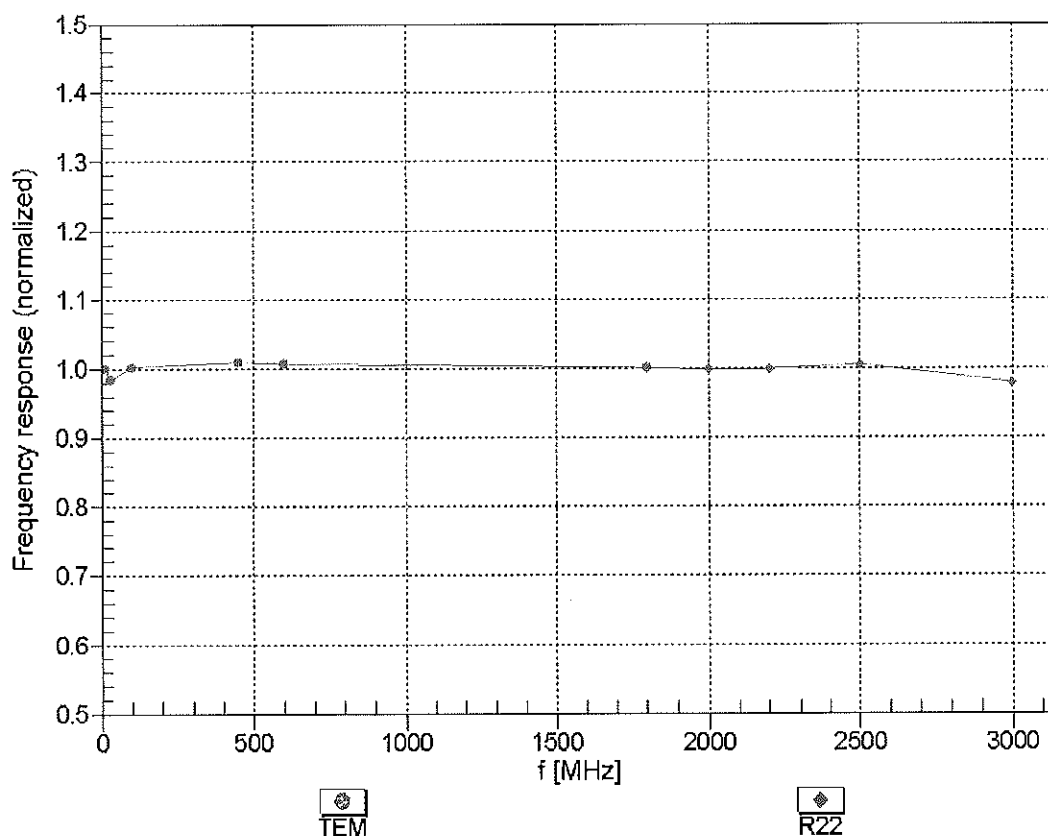
^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

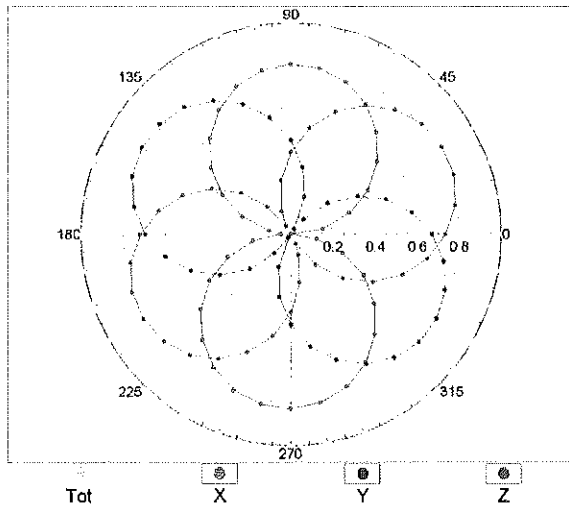
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



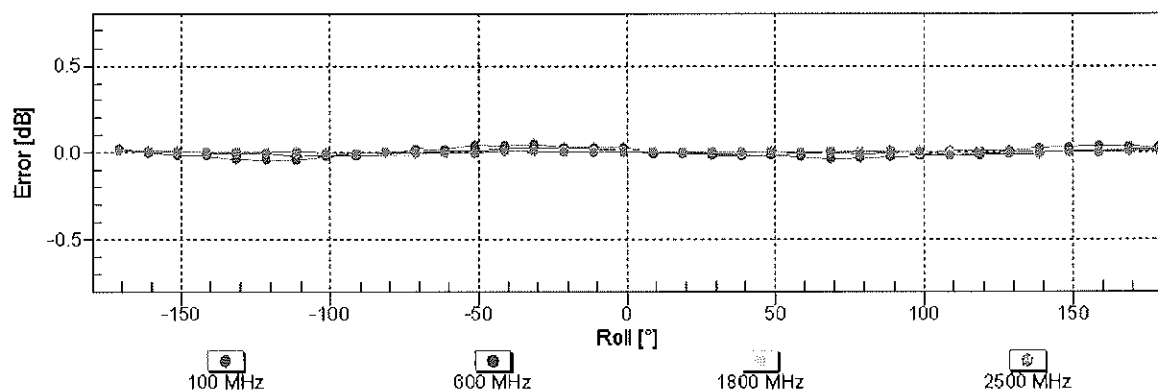
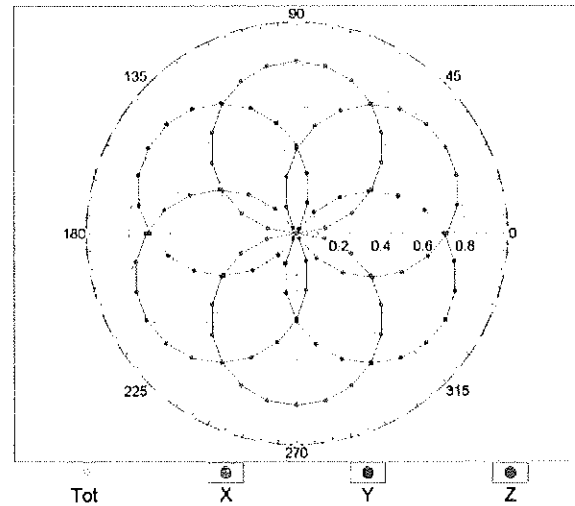
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

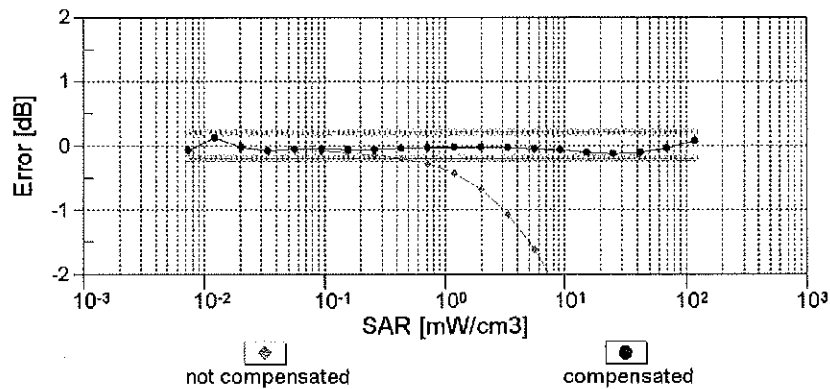
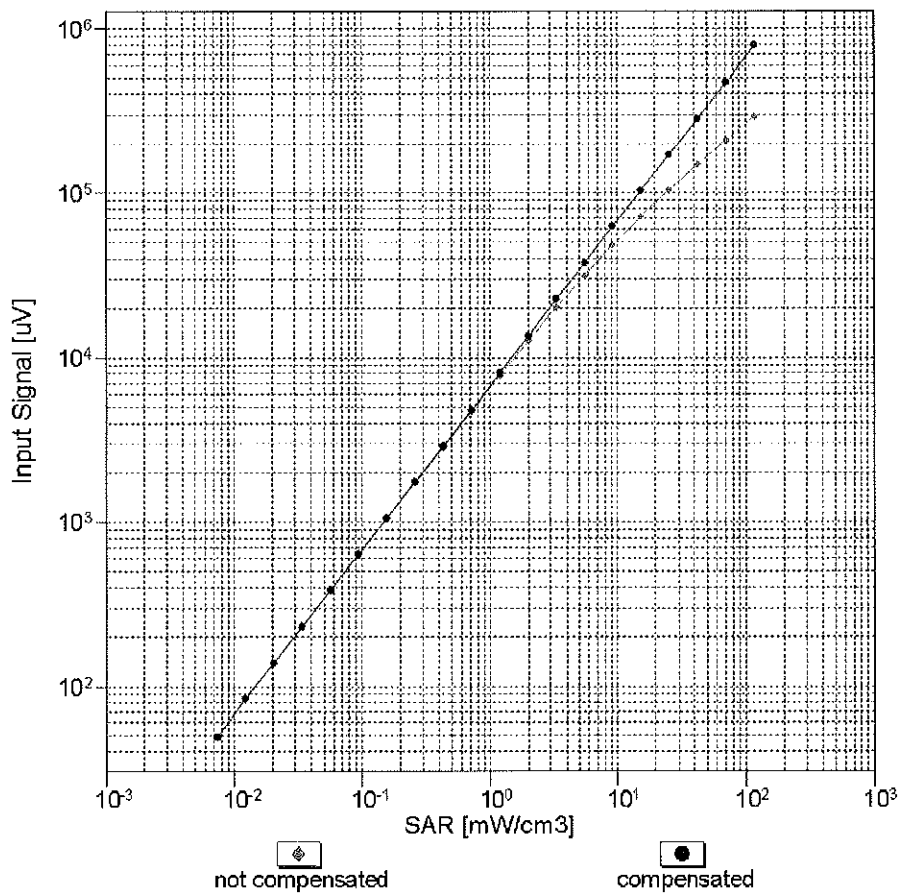


f=1800 MHz,R22



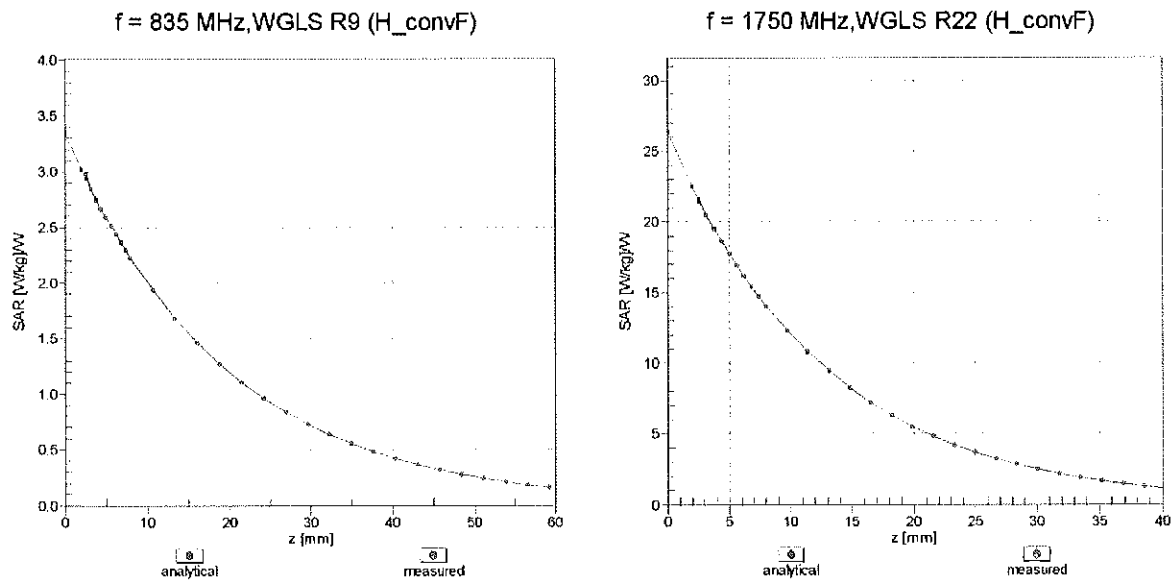
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

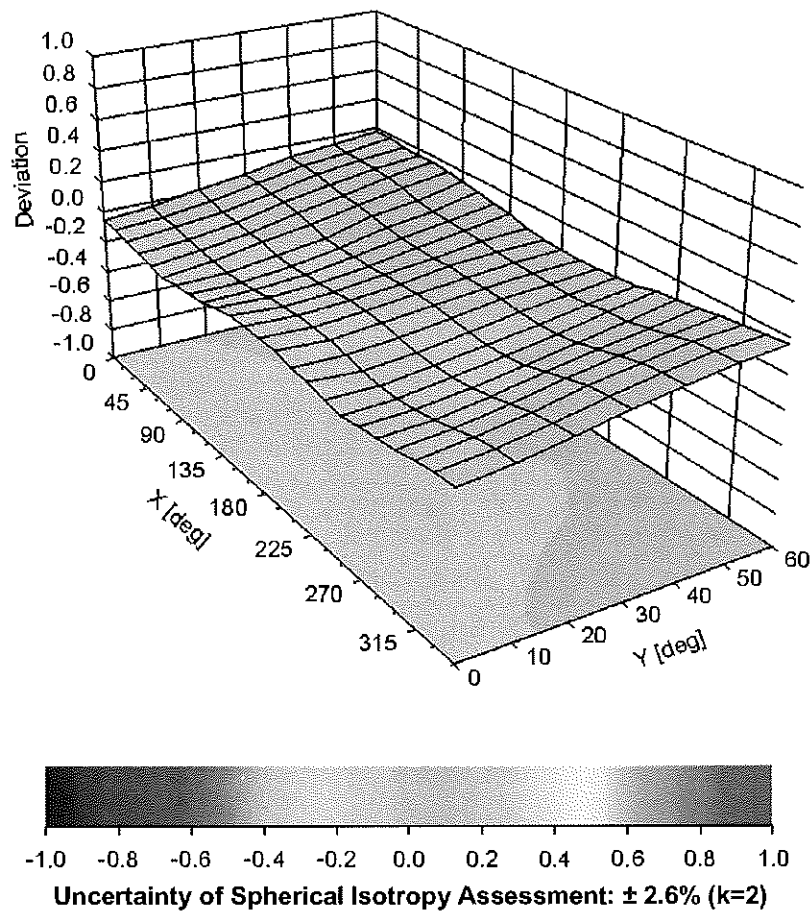


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -111.2 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3319_Apr14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3319**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**



Calibration date: **April 17, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) | Apr-15 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) | Apr-15 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Calibrated by: | Name Claudio Leubler | Function Laboratory Technician | Signature  |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager |  |
| Issued: April 21, 2014 | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3319

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Manufactured: | January 10, 2012 |
| Repaired: | April 11, 2014 |
| Calibrated: | April 17, 2014 |

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 1.11 | 1.08 | 1.15 | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 102.6 | 104.2 | 103.7 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|---------------|--|---|---------|------------------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 199.6 | $\pm 3.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 188.8 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 178.5 | |
| 10010- CAA | SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms) | X | 3.31 | 63.3 | 12.9 | 10.00 | 42.6 | $\pm 2.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 5.10 | 68.0 | 14.1 | | 38.8 | |
| | | Z | 2.84 | 61.7 | 12.1 | | 44.3 | |
| 10011- CAB | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | X | 3.30 | 66.9 | 18.4 | 2.91 | 136.7 | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.32 | 67.1 | 18.4 | | 127.0 | |
| | | Z | 3.45 | 68.0 | 19.1 | | 145.1 | |
| 10012- CAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) | X | 3.12 | 69.3 | 19.0 | 1.87 | 138.7 | $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 3.22 | 70.2 | 19.3 | | 127.0 | |
| | | Z | 3.40 | 71.3 | 19.9 | | 146.4 | |
| 10021- DAB | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 25.66 | 99.7 | 28.3 | 9.39 | 139.0 | $\pm 1.4 \%$ |
| | | Y | 16.30 | 92.5 | 25.7 | | 141.7 | |
| | | Z | 25.20 | 99.5 | 28.1 | | 144.9 | |
| 10023- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0) | X | 25.81 | 100.0 | 28.5 | 9.57 | 128.3 | $\pm 2.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 13.99 | 89.5 | 24.6 | | 129.0 | |
| | | Z | 25.39 | 99.7 | 28.3 | | 141.2 | |
| 10024- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) | X | 37.04 | 99.8 | 25.7 | 6.56 | 131.4 | $\pm 2.2 \%$ |
| | | Y | 37.62 | 99.7 | 25.0 | | 139.6 | |
| | | Z | 38.36 | 99.8 | 25.3 | | 145.5 | |
| 10027- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) | X | 48.04 | 99.6 | 23.8 | 4.80 | 144.6 | $\pm 1.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 29.62 | 94.2 | 22.1 | | 129.3 | |
| | | Z | 43.87 | 99.7 | 24.0 | | 129.9 | |
| 10028- DAB | GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3) | X | 54.95 | 99.9 | 22.9 | 3.55 | 149.6 | $\pm 1.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 57.76 | 99.6 | 22.2 | | 138.2 | |
| | | Z | 54.27 | 99.8 | 22.7 | | 137.3 | |
| 10032- CAA | IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5) | X | 44.58 | 99.9 | 21.1 | 1.16 | 134.6 | $\pm 1.7 \%$ |
| | | Y | 96.74 | 98.9 | 18.8 | | 149.0 | |
| | | Z | 59.46 | 99.9 | 20.4 | | 149.1 | |
| 10039- CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1) | X | 4.70 | 66.3 | 18.7 | 4.57 | 130.9 | $\pm 0.9 \%$ |
| | | Y | 4.85 | 67.1 | 19.0 | | 147.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.88 | 67.3 | 19.3 | | 147.2 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10081-CAB | CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3) | X | 3.90 | 65.8 | 18.4 | 3.97 | 130.0 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.00 | 66.5 | 18.6 | | 140.8 | |
| | | Z | 3.99 | 66.5 | 18.7 | | 142.5 | |
| 10098-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2) | X | 4.64 | 66.7 | 18.6 | 3.98 | 143.1 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.58 | 66.5 | 18.4 | | 132.8 | |
| | | Z | 4.60 | 66.7 | 18.6 | | 131.9 | |
| 10100-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.32 | 67.1 | 19.5 | 5.67 | 125.8 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.41 | 67.4 | 19.5 | | 138.4 | |
| | | Z | 6.51 | 67.9 | 19.9 | | 143.6 | |
| 10108-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.48 | 67.7 | 20.0 | 5.80 | 148.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.28 | 66.9 | 19.4 | | 135.8 | |
| | | Z | 6.39 | 67.4 | 19.8 | | 141.0 | |
| 10110-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.17 | 67.2 | 19.8 | 5.75 | 141.0 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 5.94 | 66.3 | 19.1 | | 132.2 | |
| | | Z | 6.08 | 67.0 | 19.6 | | 137.9 | |
| 10114-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.35 | 69.2 | 21.5 | 8.10 | 133.6 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.93 | 68.1 | 20.7 | | 124.5 | |
| | | Z | 10.29 | 69.2 | 21.5 | | 131.9 | |
| 10117-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.42 | 69.4 | 21.6 | 8.07 | 140.6 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.93 | 68.1 | 20.7 | | 125.5 | |
| | | Z | 10.28 | 69.1 | 21.5 | | 132.6 | |
| 10151-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 11.18 | 78.2 | 27.5 | 9.28 | 143.6 | ±3.3 % |
| | | Y | 9.33 | 73.0 | 24.5 | | 124.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.45 | 76.4 | 26.6 | | 132.7 | |
| 10154-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.16 | 67.2 | 19.8 | 5.75 | 145.7 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 5.96 | 66.4 | 19.1 | | 133.0 | |
| | | Z | 6.08 | 66.9 | 19.6 | | 138.6 | |
| 10160-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.32 | 66.6 | 19.4 | 5.82 | 126.2 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.40 | 66.9 | 19.4 | | 137.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.51 | 67.4 | 19.8 | | 143.8 | |
| 10169-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.12 | 67.3 | 20.0 | 5.73 | 147.9 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 4.90 | 66.4 | 19.4 | | 134.4 | |
| | | Z | 5.07 | 67.2 | 20.0 | | 141.5 | |
| 10172-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.44 | 80.0 | 28.6 | 9.21 | 128.7 | ±3.3 % |
| | | Y | 8.63 | 77.8 | 27.1 | | 143.9 | |
| | | Z | 10.62 | 83.7 | 30.3 | | 148.2 | |
| 10175-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.04 | 66.9 | 19.8 | 5.72 | 140.4 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 4.92 | 66.6 | 19.5 | | 133.7 | |
| | | Z | 5.01 | 66.9 | 19.8 | | 134.9 | |
| 10181-CAB | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 5.05 | 67.0 | 19.9 | 5.72 | 140.6 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 4.90 | 66.5 | 19.4 | | 132.4 | |
| | | Z | 4.97 | 66.7 | 19.7 | | 134.1 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|-------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10193-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.98 | 68.8 | 21.4 | 8.09 | 131.1 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 10.00 | 68.8 | 21.2 | | 145.5 | |
| | | Z | 10.14 | 69.4 | 21.7 | | 144.7 | |
| 10196-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.99 | 68.9 | 21.5 | 8.10 | 132.0 | ±2.7 % |
| | | Y | 10.05 | 69.0 | 21.3 | | 148.1 | |
| | | Z | 10.16 | 69.5 | 21.8 | | 145.8 | |
| 10219-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 9.88 | 68.8 | 21.4 | 8.03 | 131.3 | ±2.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.96 | 69.0 | 21.3 | | 147.8 | |
| | | Z | 10.03 | 69.3 | 21.6 | | 144.7 | |
| 10222-CAA | IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK) | X | 10.34 | 69.3 | 21.6 | 8.06 | 137.1 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 9.93 | 68.2 | 20.8 | | 127.8 | |
| | | Z | 10.07 | 68.6 | 21.2 | | 125.1 | |
| 10225-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSPA+) | X | 6.97 | 66.8 | 19.4 | 5.97 | 133.6 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.90 | 66.7 | 19.2 | | 129.7 | |
| | | Z | 7.14 | 67.5 | 19.8 | | 147.4 | |
| 10237-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.18 | 79.3 | 28.2 | 9.21 | 128.1 | ±3.5 % |
| | | Y | 8.54 | 77.6 | 27.0 | | 144.1 | |
| | | Z | 9.99 | 81.9 | 29.4 | | 141.7 | |
| 10252-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.65 | 75.1 | 26.1 | 9.24 | 126.1 | ±3.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.34 | 74.2 | 25.3 | | 141.3 | |
| | | Z | 10.46 | 77.6 | 27.3 | | 144.1 | |
| 10267-CAB | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK) | X | 10.46 | 76.2 | 26.5 | 9.30 | 133.6 | ±3.5 % |
| | | Y | 9.23 | 72.7 | 24.4 | | 122.8 | |
| | | Z | 9.90 | 74.8 | 25.7 | | 123.8 | |
| 10274-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10) | X | 6.04 | 67.1 | 19.0 | 4.87 | 149.9 | ±1.2 % |
| | | Y | 6.02 | 67.1 | 18.9 | | 142.8 | |
| | | Z | 6.00 | 67.1 | 19.0 | | 141.0 | |
| 10275-CAB | UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4) | X | 4.22 | 65.6 | 18.1 | 3.96 | 131.0 | ±0.9 % |
| | | Y | 4.49 | 66.9 | 18.6 | | 144.3 | |
| | | Z | 4.55 | 67.3 | 19.1 | | 147.0 | |
| 10291-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate | X | 3.74 | 67.2 | 18.9 | 3.46 | 145.6 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.66 | 66.8 | 18.5 | | 136.7 | |
| | | Z | 3.71 | 67.2 | 18.9 | | 136.5 | |
| 10292-AAB | CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate | X | 3.65 | 67.0 | 18.7 | 3.39 | 147.2 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 3.61 | 66.8 | 18.4 | | 139.6 | |
| | | Z | 3.64 | 67.1 | 18.8 | | 139.6 | |
| 10297-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 6.37 | 67.3 | 19.8 | 5.81 | 140.5 | ±1.4 % |
| | | Y | 6.24 | 66.8 | 19.3 | | 134.0 | |
| | | Z | 6.33 | 67.2 | 19.8 | | 134.8 | |
| 10311-AAA | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK) | X | 7.00 | 68.0 | 20.2 | 6.06 | 146.8 | ±1.7 % |
| | | Y | 6.82 | 67.4 | 19.7 | | 140.3 | |
| | | Z | 6.90 | 67.8 | 20.1 | | 141.4 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 10315-AAA | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle) | X | 2.85 | 68.5 | 18.8 | 1.71 | 129.5 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 3.09 | 70.0 | 19.2 | | 146.1 | |
| | | Z | 3.15 | 70.6 | 19.8 | | 146.8 | |
| 10403-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0) | X | 4.73 | 67.9 | 18.7 | 3.76 | 137.5 | ±0.5 % |
| | | Y | 4.77 | 68.3 | 18.7 | | 126.5 | |
| | | Z | 4.77 | 68.1 | 18.8 | | 128.1 | |
| 10404-AAB | CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A) | X | 4.55 | 67.6 | 18.6 | 3.77 | 132.0 | ±0.7 % |
| | | Y | 4.89 | 69.1 | 19.1 | | 148.8 | |
| | | Z | 4.90 | 69.1 | 19.3 | | 148.0 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 6.48 | 6.48 | 6.48 | 0.28 | 2.09 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.27 | 6.27 | 6.27 | 0.34 | 1.72 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.24 | 5.24 | 5.24 | 0.80 | 1.14 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.05 | 5.05 | 5.05 | 0.72 | 1.24 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.45 | 4.45 | 4.45 | 0.77 | 1.23 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 0.80 | 1.27 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 0.39 | 1.65 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 6.18 | 6.18 | 6.18 | 0.56 | 1.37 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 4.85 | 4.85 | 4.85 | 0.57 | 1.46 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 0.53 | 1.58 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 4.24 | 4.24 | 4.24 | 0.74 | 1.10 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 4.05 | 4.05 | 4.05 | 0.80 | 1.02 | ± 12.0 % |

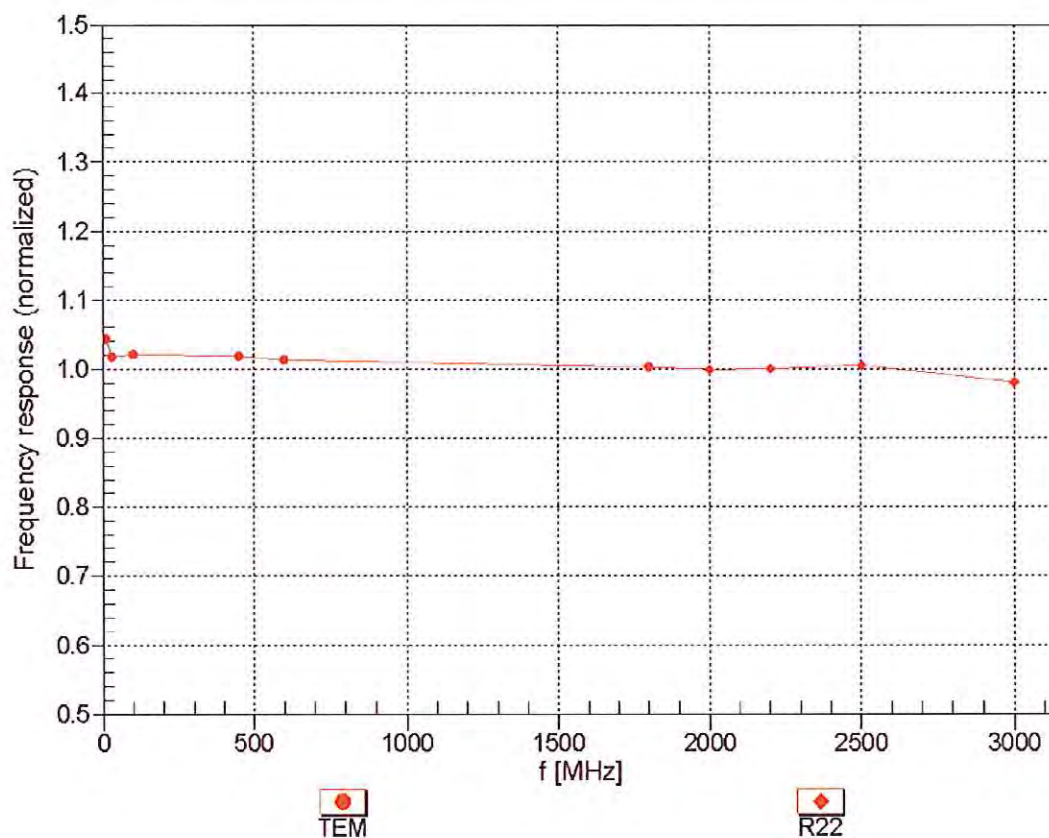
^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

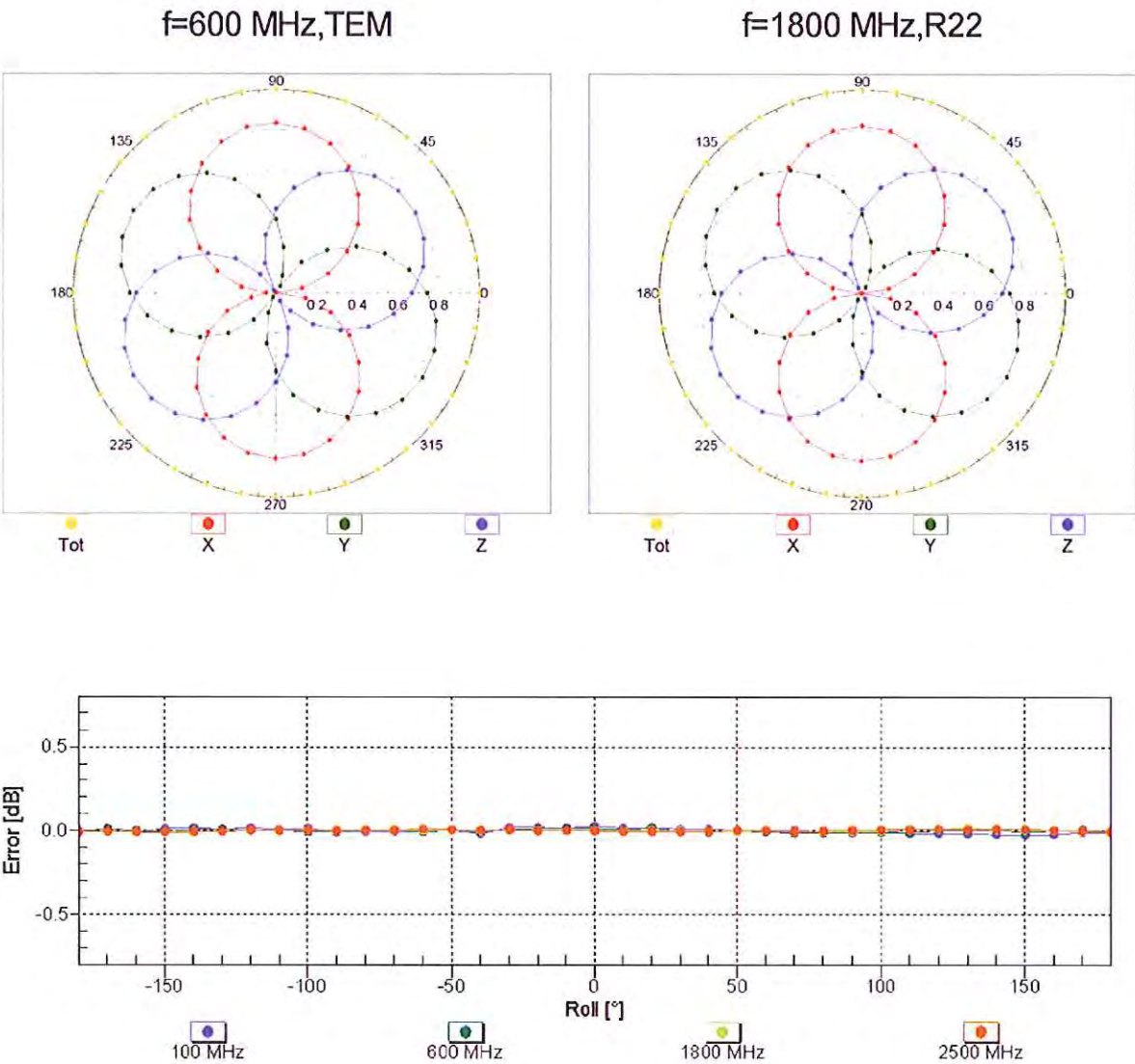
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



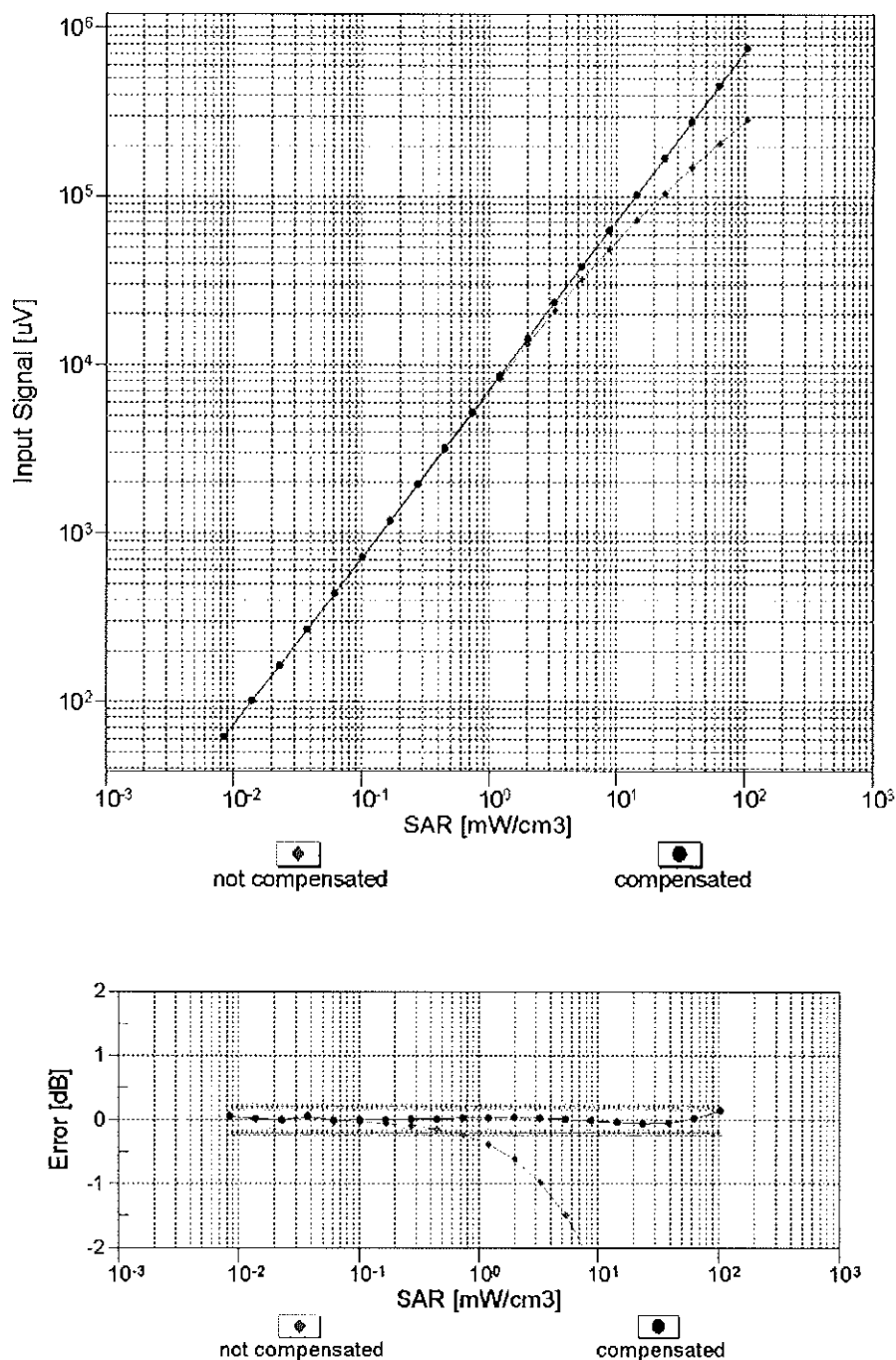
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



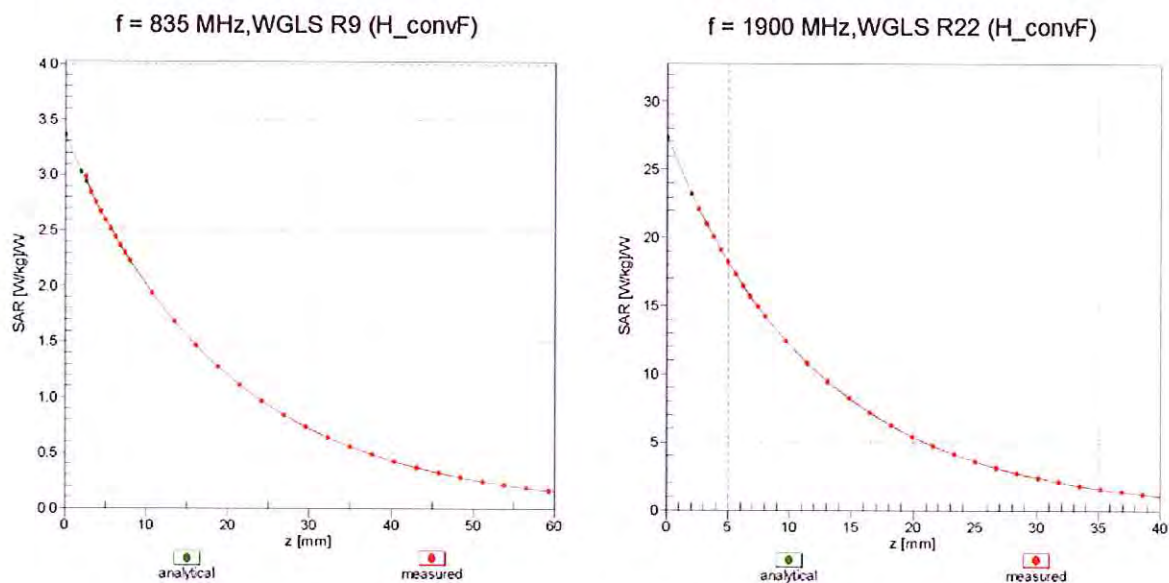
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)



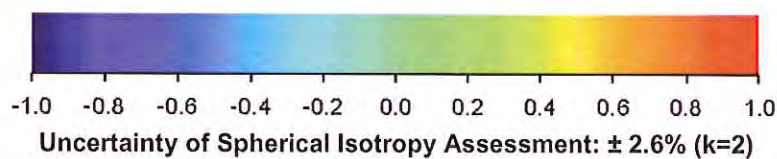
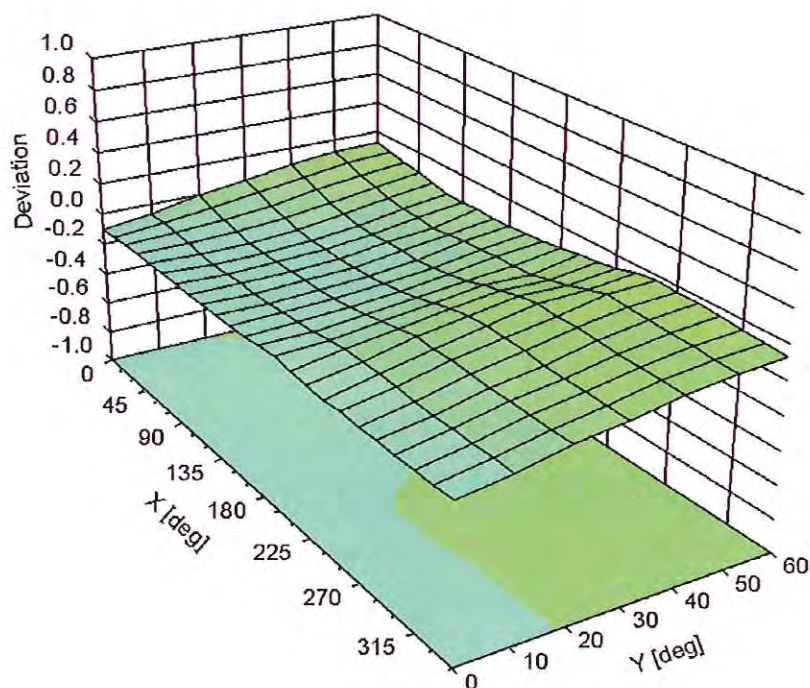
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -119.8 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm |



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d119_Apr14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d119**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

CCV
4/25/14

Calibration date: **April 07, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) | Oct-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) | Apr-15 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) | Apr-15 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) | Apr-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name Leif Klysner | Function Laboratory Technician | Signature |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: April 9, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 41.6 \pm 6 % | 0.94 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.38 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.22 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.53 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.97 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 53.6 \pm 6 % | 1.02 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.44 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.34 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.59 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.15 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.2 Ω - 1.6 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 34.0 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.3 Ω - 4.5 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 24.4 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.386 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | June 29, 2010 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

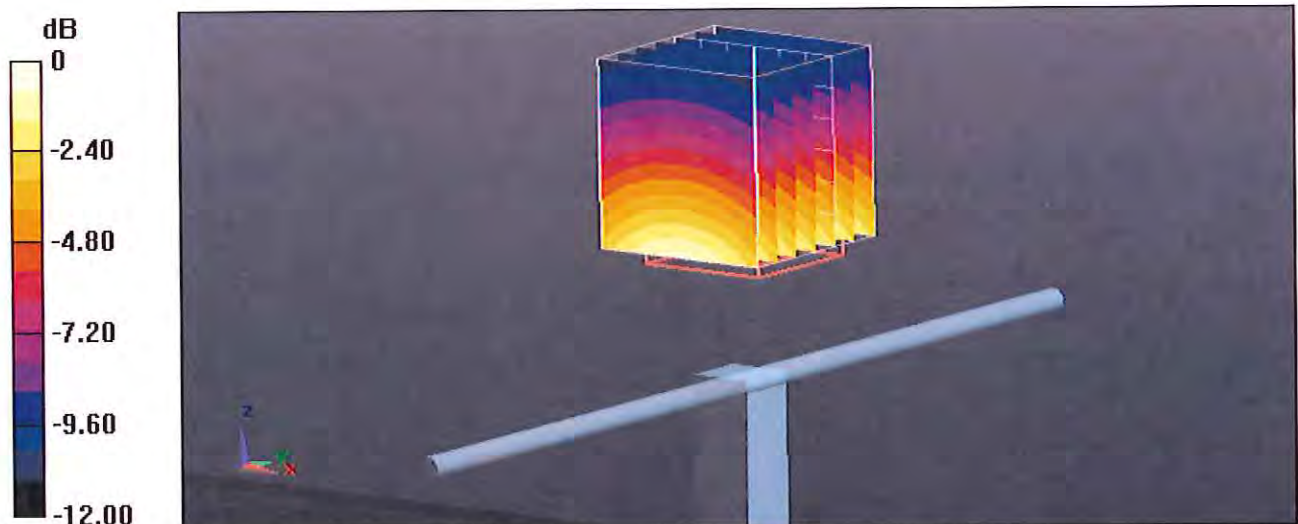
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.289 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

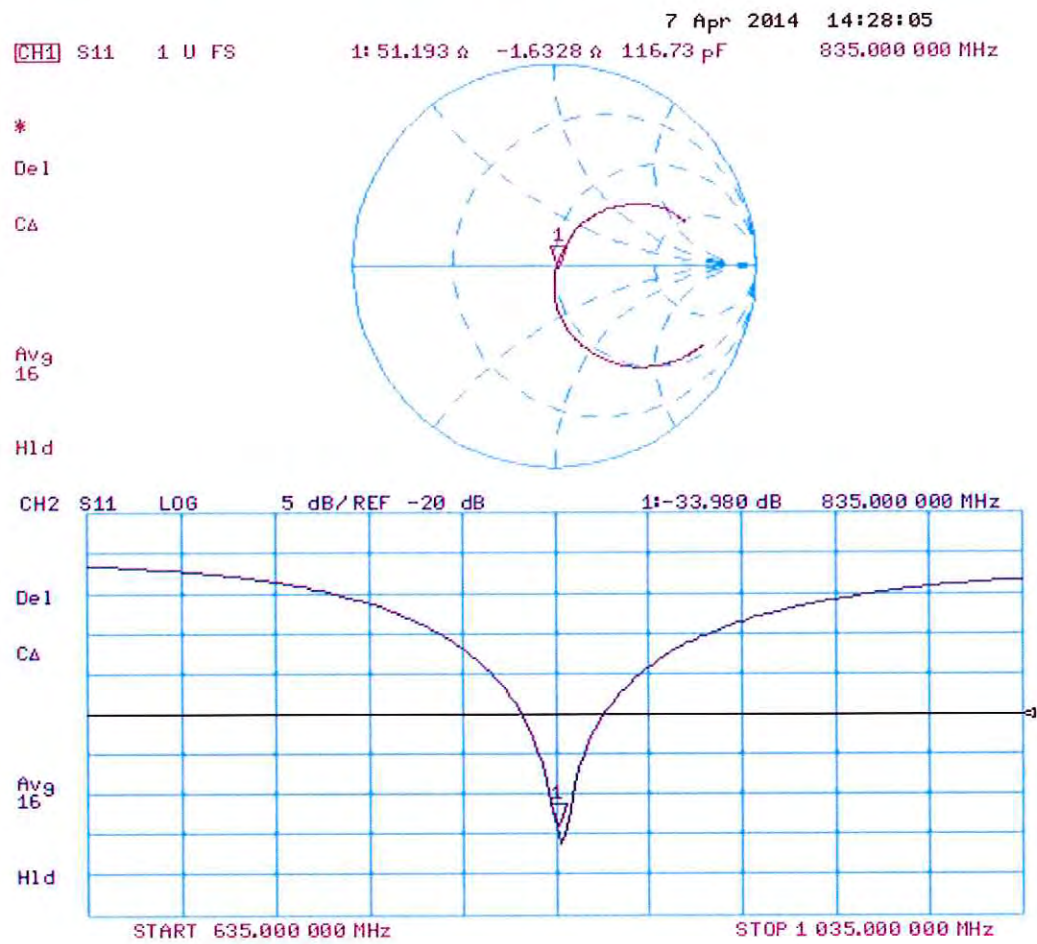
SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 07.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

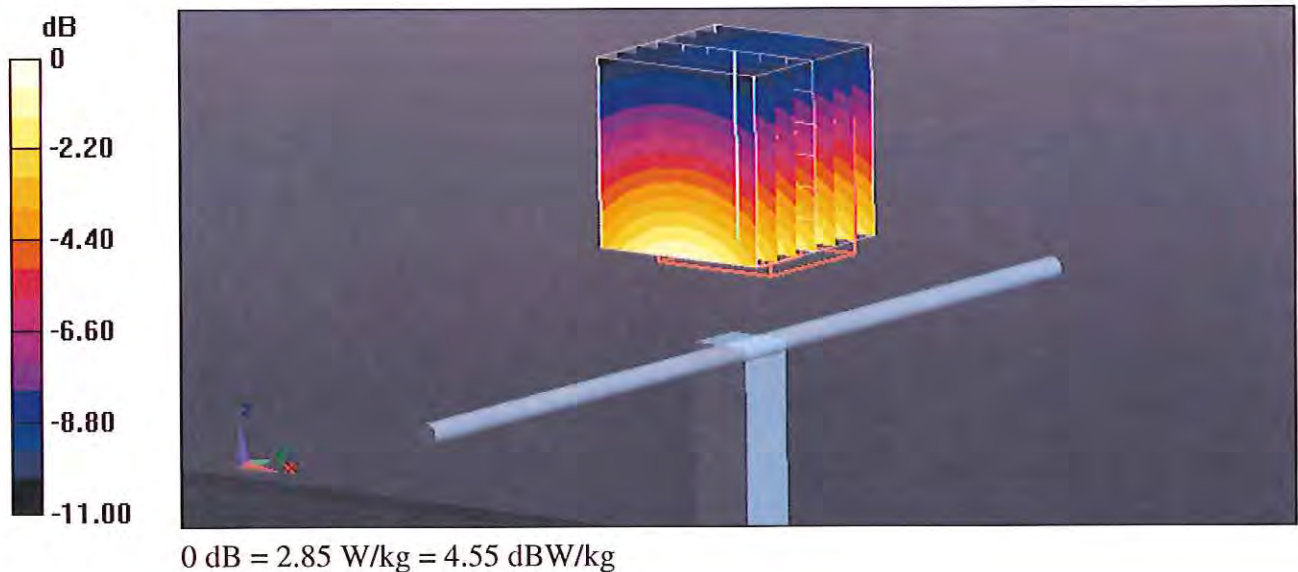
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.594 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

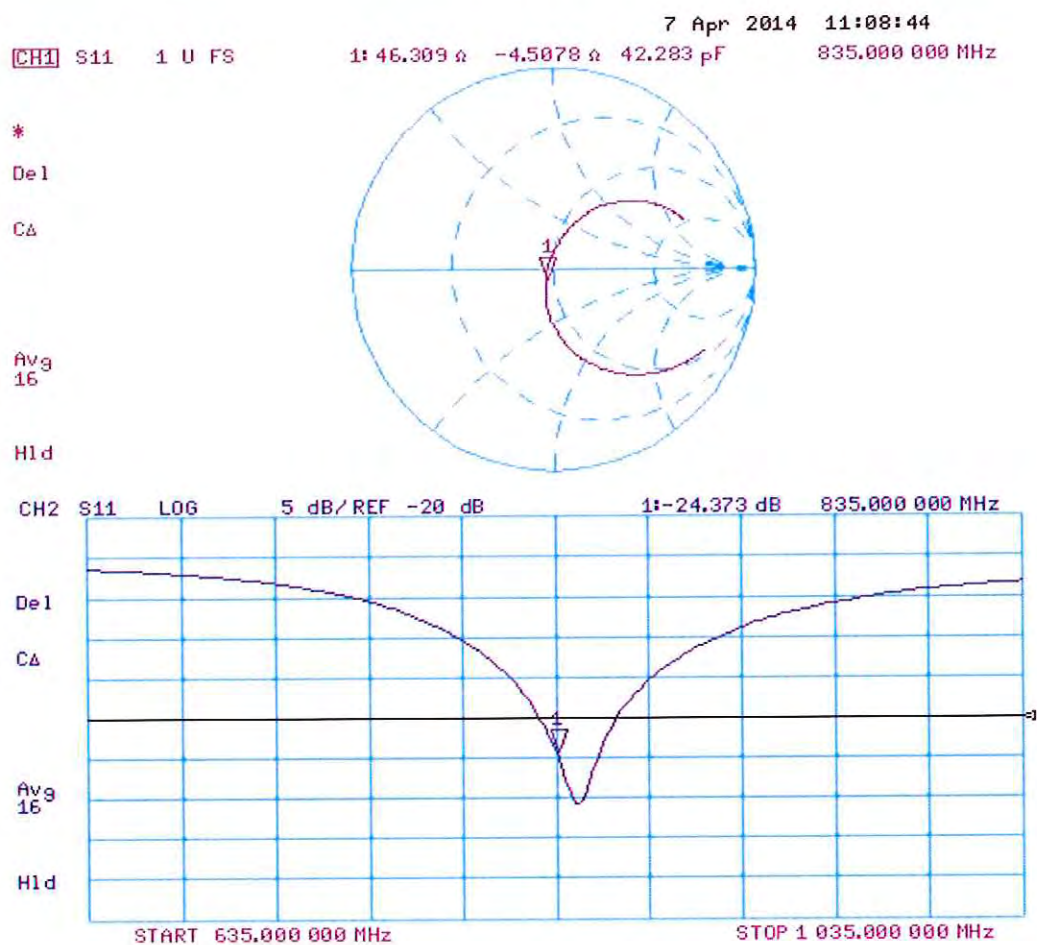
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d141_Apr14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d141**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **April 09, 2014**

✓
KOK
5/7/14

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) | Oct-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) | Apr-15 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) | Apr-15 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) | Apr-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

Calibrated by: **Name** Claudio Leubler **Function** Laboratory Technician

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager

Signature

Issued: April 9, 2014

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 39.1 \pm 6 % | 1.36 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.91 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.1 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.17 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.8 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 52.4 \pm 6 % | 1.52 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.2 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.6 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.41 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.6 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $52.8 \Omega + 5.5 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 24.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $48.8 \Omega + 6.3 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 23.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.199 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | March 11, 2011 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

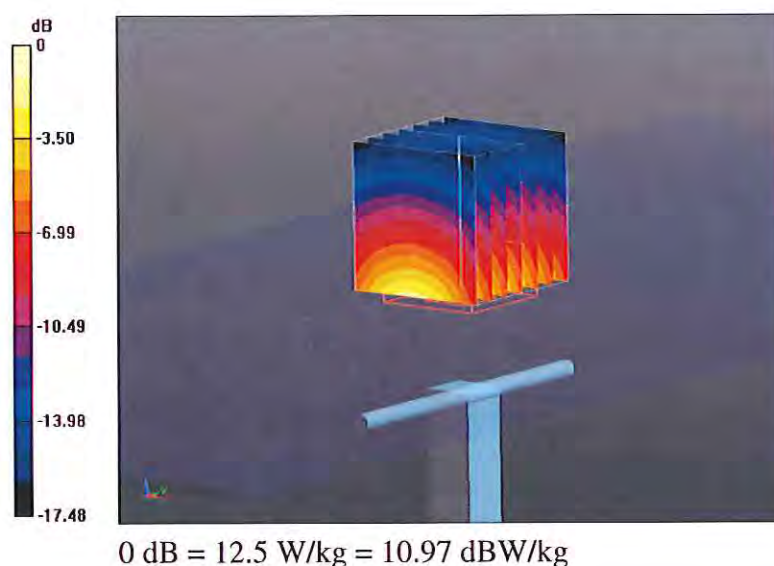
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.080 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

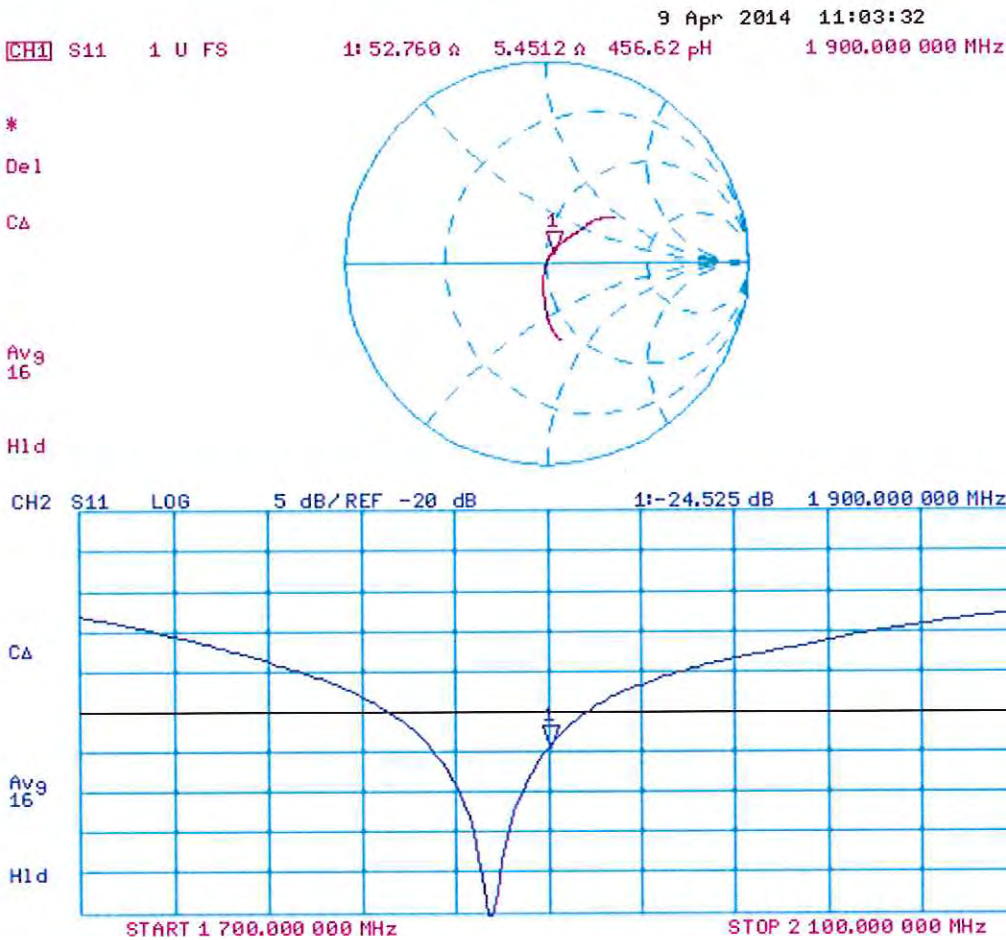
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 09.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

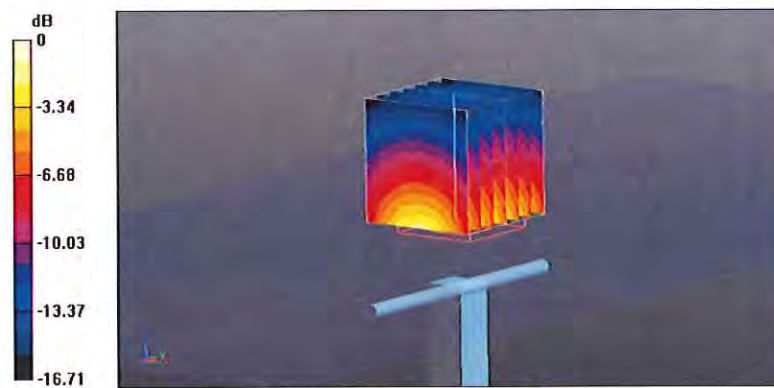
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.820 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

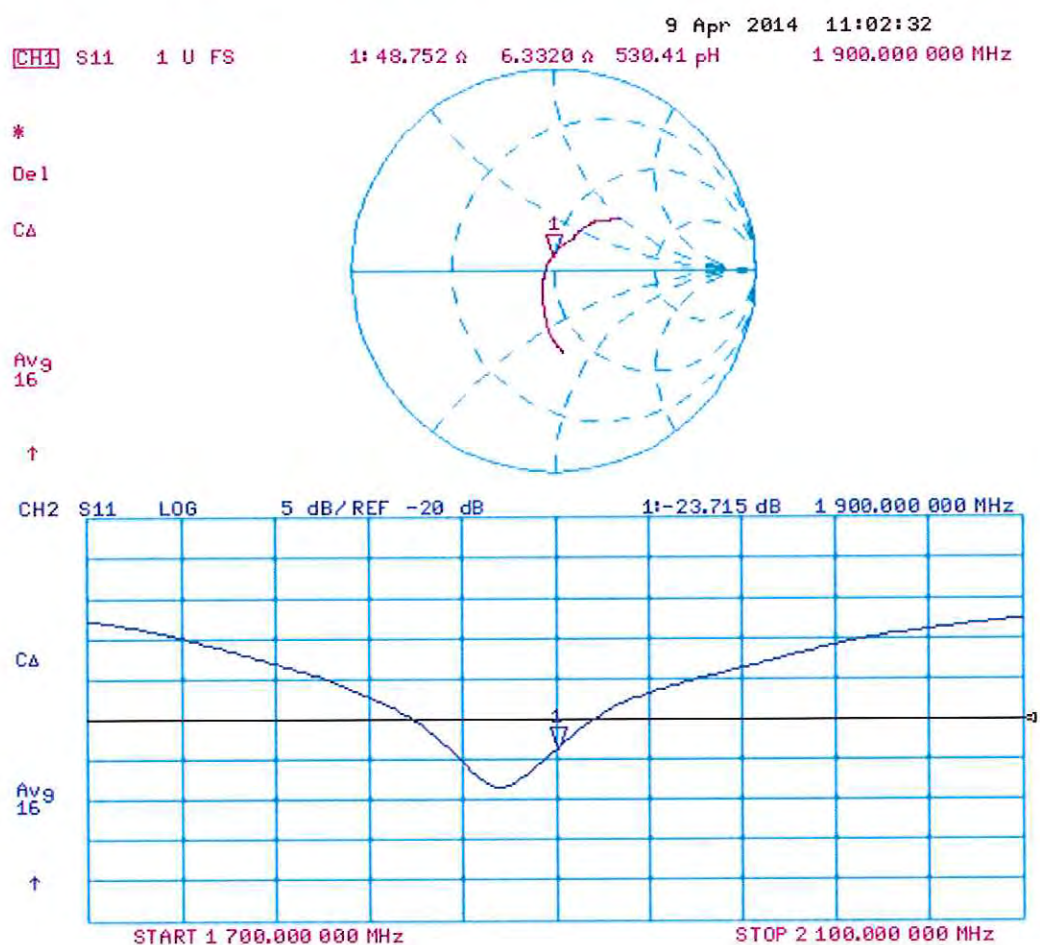
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-797_Jan14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 797**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **January 21, 2014**

CC ✓
2/5/14

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) | Oct-14 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) | Oct-14 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) | Apr-14 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) | Dec-14 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) | Apr-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Israe El-Naouq | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: January 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 38.7 \pm 6 % | 1.86 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.2 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.8 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.13 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.3 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 51.3 \pm 6 % | 2.04 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.7 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 49.4 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.86 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.1 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $53.5 \Omega + 3.2 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 26.7 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $50.0 \Omega + 4.9 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 26.2 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.151 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | January 24, 2006 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

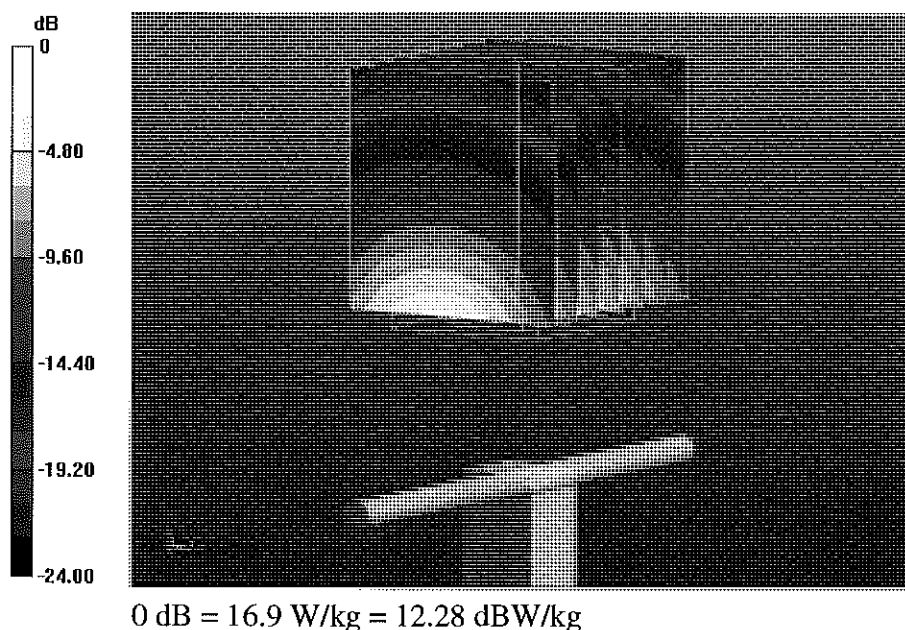
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



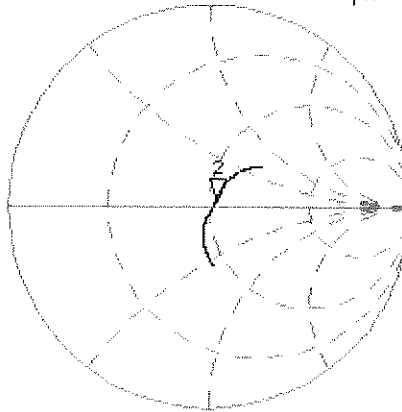
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:52
 [CH1] S11 1 U FS 2: 53.512 \angle 3.2285 \angle 209.73 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 CA

Avg
 16

H1d

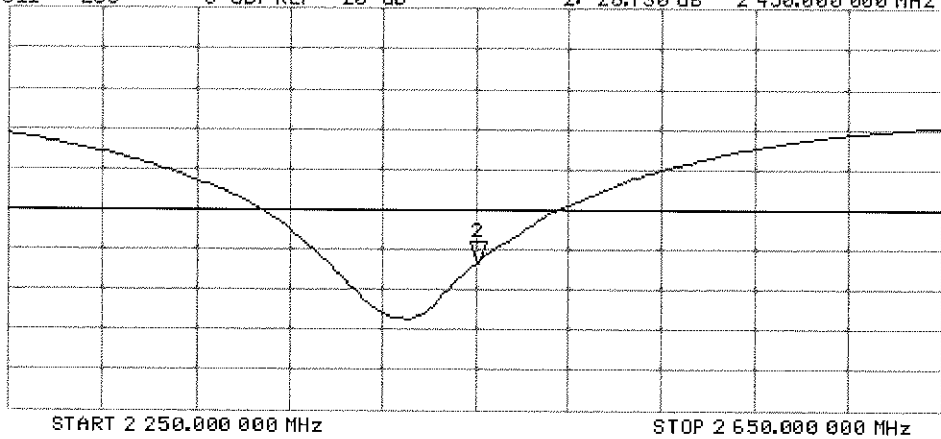


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.730 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
 16

H1d



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

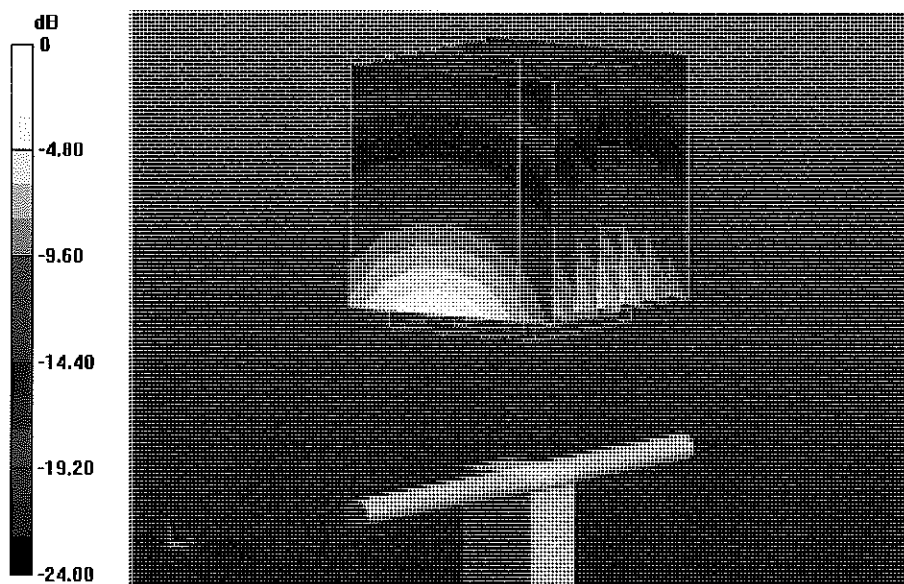
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.709 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

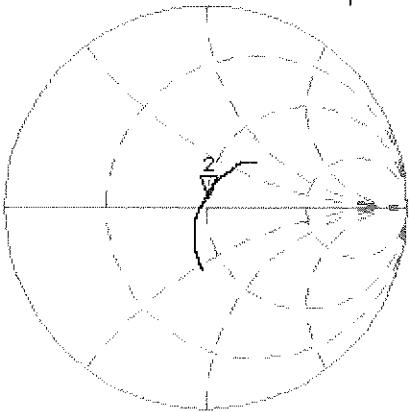


0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:29
CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 49.994 Ω 4.9258 Ω 319.98 μH 2 450.000 000 MHz

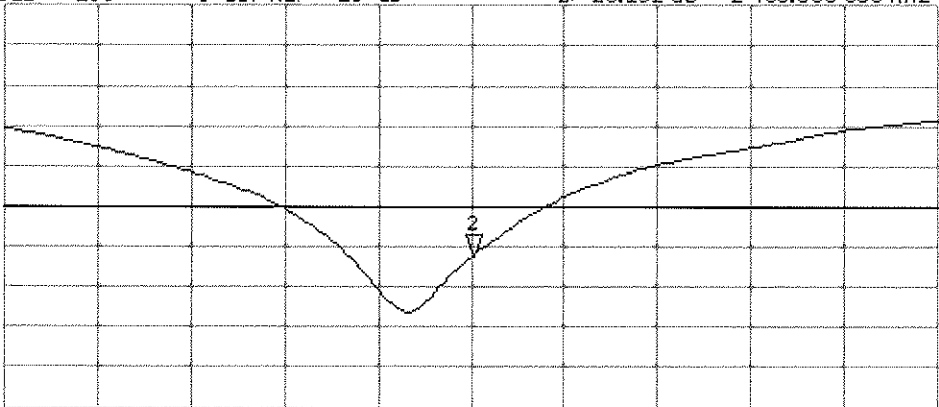
*
Del
CA



Avg
16
H1d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.162 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA
Avg
16
H1d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz STOP 2 450.000 000 MHz

APPENDIX D: SAR TISSUE SPECIFICATIONS

Measurement Procedure for Tissue Verification:



- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the tissue. The tissue was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity ϵ can be calculated from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

Table D-I
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

| Frequency (MHz) | 835 | 835 | 1900 | 1900 | 2450 | 2450 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| Tissue | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Ingredients (% by weight) | | | | | | |
| Bactericide | 0.1 | 0.1 | | | See page 2 | |
| DGBE | | | 44.92 | 29.44 | | 26.7 |
| HEC | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| NaCl | 1.45 | 0.94 | 0.18 | 0.39 | | 0.1 |
| Sucrose | 57 | 44.9 | | | | |
| Water | 40.45 | 53.06 | 54.9 | 70.17 | | 73.2 |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | | APPENDIX D: Page 1 of 2 |

2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

| | |
|---|---|
| H ₂ O | Water, 52 – 75% |
| C ₈ H ₁₈ O ₃ | Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48% (CAS-No. 112-34-5, EC-No. 203-961-6, EC-index-No. 603-096-00-8) Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet*. |
| NaCl | Sodium Chloride, <1.0% |

Figure 15-1
Composition of 2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

Note: 2.4 GHz head liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

Measurement Certificate / Material Test

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Item Name | Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL2450V2) |
| Product No. | SL AAH 245 BA (Charge: 130212-2) |
| Manufacturer | SPEAG |

Measurement Method

TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe.

Setup Validation

Validation results were within $\pm 2.5\%$ towards the target values of Methanol.

Target Parameters

Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

Test Condition

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Ambient | Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. |
| TSL Temperature | 23°C |
| Test Date | 13-Feb-13 |
| Operator | DI |

Additional Information

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| TSL Density | 0.988 g/cm ³ |
| TSL Heat-capacity | 3.680 kJ/(kg*K) |

| f (MHz) | Measured | | | Target | | Diff. to Target [%] | |
|---------|----------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------------------|---------|
| | HP-e* | HP-e* | sigma | eps | sigma | Δ-eps | Δ-sigma |
| 1900 | 40.4 | 11.94 | 1.26 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 1.0 | -9.9 |
| 1925 | 40.3 | 12.02 | 1.29 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 0.7 | -8.0 |
| 1950 | 40.2 | 12.11 | 1.31 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 0.5 | -6.2 |
| 1975 | 40.1 | 12.20 | 1.34 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 0.2 | -4.2 |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 12.29 | 1.37 | 40.0 | 1.40 | -0.1 | -2.3 |
| 2025 | 39.9 | 12.39 | 1.40 | 40.0 | 1.42 | -0.2 | -1.9 |
| 2050 | 39.8 | 12.49 | 1.42 | 39.9 | 1.44 | -0.4 | -1.4 |
| 2075 | 39.6 | 12.57 | 1.45 | 39.9 | 1.47 | -0.6 | -1.1 |
| 2100 | 39.5 | 12.65 | 1.48 | 39.8 | 1.48 | -0.7 | -0.7 |
| 2125 | 39.4 | 12.74 | 1.51 | 39.8 | 1.51 | -0.9 | -0.4 |
| 2150 | 39.3 | 12.82 | 1.53 | 39.7 | 1.53 | -1.0 | 0.0 |
| 2175 | 39.2 | 12.89 | 1.56 | 39.7 | 1.56 | -1.2 | 0.3 |
| 2200 | 39.1 | 12.97 | 1.59 | 39.6 | 1.58 | -1.3 | 0.6 |
| 2225 | 39.0 | 13.04 | 1.61 | 39.6 | 1.60 | -1.5 | 0.9 |
| 2250 | 38.9 | 13.11 | 1.64 | 39.6 | 1.62 | -1.7 | 1.2 |
| 2275 | 38.8 | 13.20 | 1.67 | 39.5 | 1.64 | -1.8 | 1.6 |
| 2300 | 38.7 | 13.28 | 1.70 | 39.5 | 1.67 | -2.0 | 2.0 |
| 2325 | 38.6 | 13.35 | 1.73 | 39.4 | 1.69 | -2.1 | 2.3 |
| 2350 | 38.5 | 13.42 | 1.75 | 39.4 | 1.71 | -2.3 | 2.6 |
| 2375 | 38.4 | 13.50 | 1.78 | 39.3 | 1.73 | -2.4 | 2.9 |
| 2400 | 38.3 | 13.58 | 1.81 | 39.3 | 1.76 | -2.6 | 3.3 |
| 2425 | 38.2 | 13.65 | 1.84 | 39.2 | 1.78 | -2.7 | 3.6 |
| 2450 | 38.1 | 13.73 | 1.87 | 39.2 | 1.80 | -2.9 | 4.0 |
| 2475 | 38.0 | 13.79 | 1.90 | 39.2 | 1.83 | -3.1 | 3.9 |
| 2500 | 37.9 | 13.85 | 1.93 | 39.1 | 1.85 | -3.3 | 3.9 |
| 2525 | 37.8 | 13.94 | 1.96 | 39.1 | 1.88 | -3.4 | 4.0 |
| 2550 | 37.7 | 14.02 | 1.99 | 39.1 | 1.91 | -3.6 | 4.2 |
| 2575 | 37.6 | 14.09 | 2.02 | 39.0 | 1.94 | -3.8 | 4.3 |
| 2600 | 37.5 | 14.17 | 2.05 | 39.0 | 1.96 | -4.0 | 4.4 |
| 2625 | 37.4 | 14.23 | 2.08 | 39.0 | 1.99 | -4.2 | 4.4 |
| 2650 | 37.3 | 14.29 | 2.11 | 38.9 | 2.02 | -4.3 | 4.4 |
| 2675 | 37.1 | 14.36 | 2.14 | 38.9 | 2.05 | -4.5 | 4.5 |
| 2700 | 37.0 | 14.43 | 2.17 | 38.9 | 2.07 | -4.8 | 4.6 |

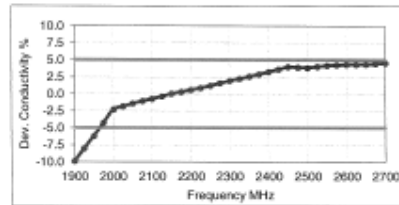
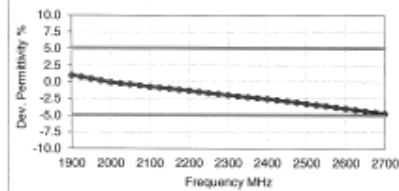




Figure 15-2
2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | | | APPENDIX D: Page 2 of 2 |

APPENDIX E: SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01 and IEEE 1528-2003. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.



Table E-I
SAR System Validation Summary

| SAR SYSTEM # | FREQ. [MHz] | DATE | PROBE SN | PROBE TYPE | PROBE CAL. POINT | | COND. | PERM. | CW VALIDATION | | | MOD. VALIDATION | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|------------------|------|--------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| | | | | | | | (σ) | (ϵ_r) | SENSI- TIVITY | PROBE LINEARITY | PROBE ISOTROPY | MOD. TYPE | DUTY FACTOR | PAR |
| K | 835 | 6/23/2014 | 3287 | ES3DV3 | 835 | Head | 0.906 | 40.24 | PASS | PASS | PASS | GMSK | PASS | N/A |
| E | 1900 | 6/30/2014 | 3914 | EX3DV4 | 1900 | Head | 1.408 | 40.17 | PASS | PASS | PASS | GMSK | PASS | N/A |
| G | 2450 | 3/6/2014 | 3258 | ES3DV3 | 2450 | Head | 1.736 | 38.36 | PASS | PASS | PASS | OFDM/TDD | N/A | PASS |

Table E-II
SAR System Validation Summary – Extremity

| SAR SYSTEM # | FREQ. [MHz] | DATE | PROBE SN | PROBE TYPE | PROBE CAL. POINT | | COND. | PERM. | CW VALIDATION | | | MOD. VALIDATION | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|------------------|------|--------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| | | | | | | | (σ) | (ϵ_r) | SENSI- TIVITY | PROBE LINEARITY | PROBE ISOTROPY | MOD. TYPE | DUTY FACTOR | PAR |
| D | 835 | 8/11/2014 | 3263 | ES3DV3 | 835 | Body | 1.000 | 53.26 | PASS | PASS | PASS | GMSK | PASS | N/A |
| H | 1900 | 7/10/2014 | 3319 | EX3DV3 | 1900 | Body | 1.562 | 53.41 | PASS | PASS | PASS | GMSK | PASS | N/A |
| G | 2450 | 3/5/2014 | 3258 | ES3DV3 | 2450 | Body | 2.044 | 51.30 | PASS | PASS | PASS | OFDM/TDD | N/A | PASS |

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: A3LSMR750C |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT |  | Reviewed by: Quality Manager |
| Test Dates: 08/20/14 - 08/26/14 | DUT Type: Portable Wrist Device | APPENDIX E: Page 1 of 1 | | |