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IEEE STD 1528:2003
RSS-102 Issue 4, March 2010
RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001, January 1, 2011**

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For
**Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 130
(Tested inside of a Samsung Netbook PC NP300V3A)**

**MODEL: 130BNHMW
FCC ID: A3L130BNH
IC: 649E-130BNH**

**REPORT NUMBER: 11113839-1
ISSUE DATE: June 8, 2011**

Prepared for
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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

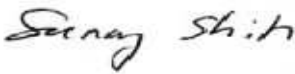

Revision History

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

Applicant name:	Samsung Electronics Co., LTD 416, Maetan 3-Dong, Yeongtong-Gu Suwon-City, GyeonGgi-Do 443-742, South Korea		
EUT description:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 130 (Tested inside of a Samsung Netbook PC NP300V3A)		
Model number:	130BNHMW		
Device category:	Portable		
Exposure category:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure		
Date tested:	June 4, 2011		
FCC / IC Rule Parts	Freq. Range [MHz]	The Highest 1g SAR W/kg	Limit (W/kg)
15.247 / RSS-102	2412 – 2462	0.053 W/kg (lap held) 0.250 W/kg (Nearby person w/ 1.5 cm distance)	1.6
Applicable Standards			Test Results
FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01, IEEE STD 1528: 2003, RSS-102 Issue 4, March 2010 and RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001, January 1, 2011			Pass
<p>Compliance Certification Services, Inc. (UL CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.</p> <p>Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.</p>			
Approved & Released For CCS By:		Tested By:	
			
Sunny Shih Engineering Team Leader Compliance Certification Services (UL CCS)		Chakrit Thammanavarat SAR Engineer Compliance Certification Services (UL CCS)	

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01, IEEE STD 1528: 2003, RSS-102 Issue 4, March 2010
RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001, January 1, 2011 and the following KDB test procedures:

- KDB 248227 SAR measurement procedures for 802.11a/b/g transmitters
- 616217 D03 SAR Supp Note and Netbook Laptop V01

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

UL CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due date		
				MM	DD	Year
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42100131	8	2	2011
Signal Generator	Agilent	883732B	US3440599	7	14	2012
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3749	12	13	2011
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	427	7	21	2010
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	7	19	2011
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	4	19	2012
Wireless communication test set	Agilent	E5515C (8960)	GB46160222	6	17	2012
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	3	13	2012
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	3	13	2012
Power Meter	Boontoon	4541	12405	4	5	2012
Power Sensor	Boontoon	57006	6940	3	21	2012
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	90606	N/A		
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A		
Simulating Liquid	SPEAG	M2450	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test		

Note:

Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, ULCCS has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, each measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value.
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement (test data on file in UL CCS)
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement (test data on file in ULCCS)

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

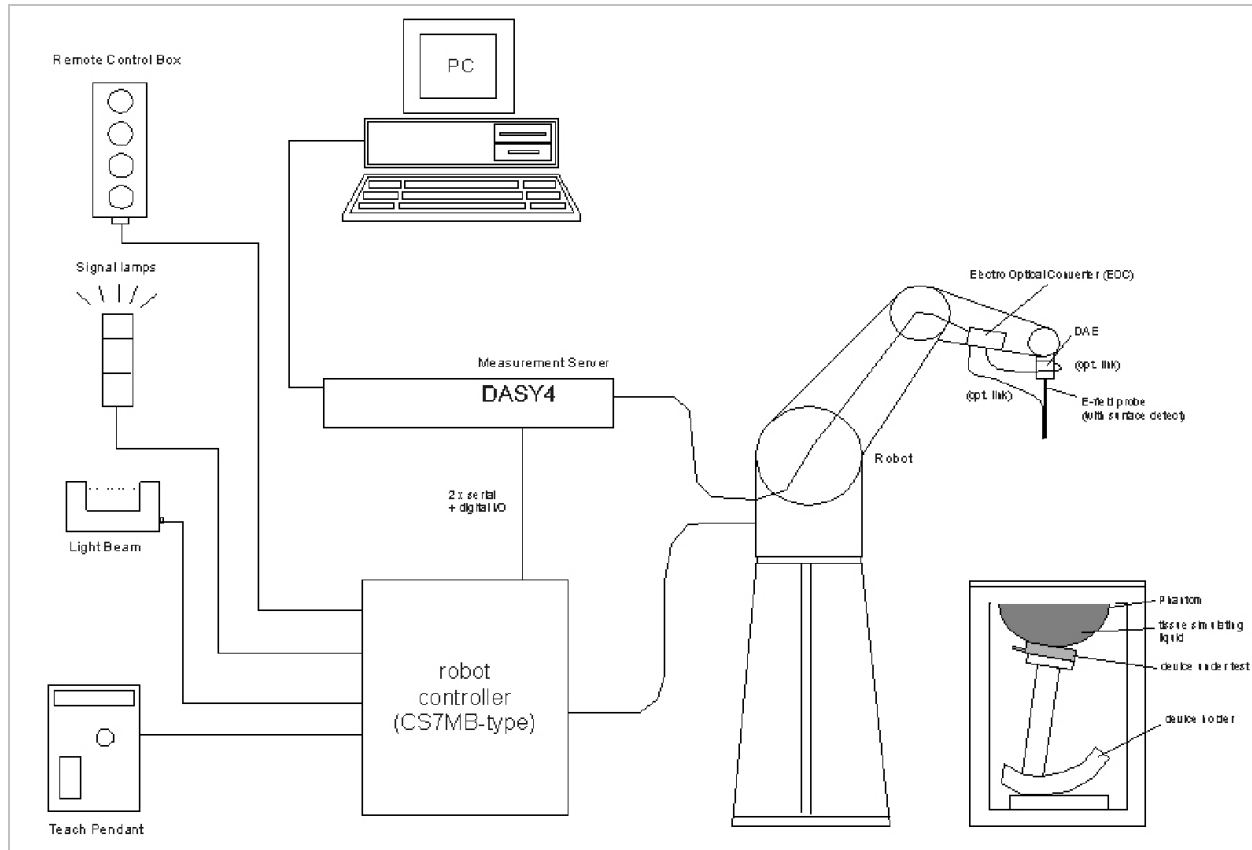
Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Component	error, %	Probe Distribution	Divisor	Sensitivity	U (Xi), %
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration (k=1)	5.50	Normal	1	1	5.50
Axial Isotropy	1.15	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.47
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.30	Rectangular	1.732	0.7071	0.94
Boundary Effect	0.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.52
Probe Linearity	3.45	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.99
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.73
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.23
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom	2.90	Rectangular	1.732	1	1.67
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration	1.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	0.58
Test Sample Related					
Test Sample Positioning	2.90	Normal	1	1	2.90
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Normal	1	1	3.60
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness)	4.00	Rectangular	1.732	1	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85
Liquid Conductivity - measurement	0.28	Normal	1	0.64	0.18
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target	5.00	Rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	2.91	Normal	1	0.6	1.75
Combined Standard Uncertainty U _c (y) =					9.60
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				19.20	%
Expanded Uncertainty U, Coverage Factor = 2, > 95 % Confidence =				1.53	dB

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 130 (Tested inside a Samsung Netbook PC NP300V3A)										
Normal operation:	Laptop mode (display open at 90° to the keyboard)									
Antenna tested:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Manufactured</u></td> <td><u>Part number</u></td> <td><u>2.4 Gain</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wistron (WNC)</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main: 81.EHD15.G43</td> <td>1.93</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Aux: 81.EHD15.G44</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>Note: All SAR testing done on Wistron (WNC) Main antenna only.</p>	<u>Manufactured</u>	<u>Part number</u>	<u>2.4 Gain</u>	Wistron (WNC)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main: 81.EHD15.G43	1.93		Aux: 81.EHD15.G44	
<u>Manufactured</u>	<u>Part number</u>	<u>2.4 Gain</u>								
Wistron (WNC)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main: 81.EHD15.G43	1.93								
	Aux: 81.EHD15.G44									
Antenna-to-antenna/user separation distances:	See Section 15 for details of antenna locations and separation distances									
Simultaneous transmission:	WiFi cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth									
Assessment for SAR evaluation for Simultaneous transmission:	<p>WiFi and BT</p> <p>The simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is not required for WiFi and Bluetooth as they do not transmit simultaneously.</p>									

6. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS



The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

7. COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		900		1800 - 1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

8. SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. For frequencies in 300 MHz to just under 2 GHz, the measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. For frequencies in the range of 2–3 GHz and above the measured conductivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. The measured relative permittivity tolerance can be relaxed to no more than $\pm 10\%$.

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head & Body Phantom

The body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.8
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.9	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55	1.06
1450	40.5	1.2	54	1.3
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.4
1800 – 2000	40	1.4	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.8	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.4	52	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Body Phantom (for 3000 MHz – 5800 MHz)

In the current guidelines and draft standards for compliance testing of mobile phones (i.e., IEEE P1528, OET 65 Supplement C), the dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given only at 3.0 GHz and 5.8 GHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 5 to 5.8 GHz were obtained using linear interpolation (see table below).

SPEAG has developed suitable head and body tissue simulating liquids consisting of the following ingredients: de-ionized water, salt and a special composition including mineral oil and an emulgators. Dielectric parameters of these liquids were measured using a HP 8570C Dielectric Probe Kit in conjunction with HP 8753ES Network Analyzer (30 kHz – 6G Hz). The differences with respect to the interpolated values were well within the desired $\pm 5\%$ for the whole 5 to 5.8 GHz range.

f (MHz)	Body Tissue		Reference
	rel. permittivity	conductivity	
3000	52.0	2.73	Standard
5100	49.1	5.18	Interpolated
5200	49.0	5.30	Interpolated
5300	48.9	5.42	Interpolated
5400	48.7	5.53	Interpolated
5500	48.6	5.65	Interpolated
5600	48.5	5.77	Interpolated
5700	48.3	5.88	Interpolated
5800	48.2	6.00	Standard

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

8.1. SIMULATING LIQUID CHECK RESULTS

Measured by: Art Tham

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Parameters		Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)	
6/4/2011	Body 2450	e'	52.8457	Relative Permittivity (ε _r):	52.85	52.70	0.28	5
		e''	14.7310	Conductivity (σ):	2.01	1.95	2.91	5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 24 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 23 deg. C; Relative humidity = 41%

June 04, 2011 01:20 PM

Frequency	e'	e''
2410000000.	52.9831	14.5755
2415000000.	52.9668	14.5965
2420000000.	52.9485	14.6152
2425000000.	52.9329	14.6354
2430000000.	52.9141	14.6517
2435000000.	52.8976	14.6730
2440000000.	52.8808	14.6927
2445000000.	52.8636	14.7128
2450000000.	52.8457	14.7310
2455000000.	52.8276	14.7538
2460000000.	52.8078	14.7729
2465000000.	52.7917	14.7942
2470000000.	52.7736	14.8133
2475000000.	52.7547	14.8336
2480000000.	52.7384	14.8531
2485000000.	52.7188	14.8746

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

9. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to verify SAR system accuracy. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an E-Field Probe EX3DV4 SN: 3749 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (2.4 GHz) fine cube was chosen for cube integration and Special 8x8x10 (5 GHz) fine cube was chosen for cube integration
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input powers (forward power) were 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for HEAD & BODY-tissue from calibration certificate of SPEAG.

System validation dipole	Cal. certificate #	Cal. date	Cal. Freq. (GHz)	SAR Avg (mW/g)		
				Tissue:	Head	Body
D2450V2	D2450V2-706_Apr10	4/19/10	2.4	1g SAR:	51.6	52.4
				10g SAR:	24.4	24.5

9.1. SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

System validation dipole	Date Tested	Measured (Normalized to 1 W)		Target	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
		Tissue:	Body			
D2450V2	06/04/11	1g SAR:	56.2	52.4	7.25	± 10
		10g SAR:	26.1	24.5	6.53	

10. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASYS4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures $\geq 7 \times 7 \times 9$ points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

11. OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

The client provided a special driver and program, DRTU, v1.3.11-0254, which enables control of the frequency and output power of the module.

Mode	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Avg output Pwr (dBm)	
			Original output power from EMC report	Atual Measured power
802.11b (1 Mbps)	1	2412	16.8	16.90
	6	2437	16.8	16.91
	11	2462	16.8	16.93
802.11g (6 Mbps)	1	2412	16.7	
	6	2437	16.7	
	11	2462	14.1	
802.11n HT20 (MCS 0)	1	2412	14.2	
	6	2437	16.7	
	11	2462	13.8	
802.11n HT40 (MCS0)	3	2422	12.2	
	6	2437	14.7	
	9	2452	12.3	

Note:

The modes with highest output power channel were chosen for the conducted output power measurement. Please refer to original report (FCC ID: PD9130BNH and PD9130BNHU) for Average Power information as documented in 10/01/2010 original filing.

12. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST RESULTS

12.1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

Configuration	Antenna-to-User distance	SAR Require	Comments
(1). Laptop mode: Lap-held	25 mm From Main-to-user	Yes	
	14 mm From Aux-to-user	No	SAR is not required because Aux antenna for RX only.
(2). Laptop mode: Nearby Person (Back side) (For IC only)	--	Yes	SAR tested w/ 1.5 cm distance from back of the display. Per RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 January 1, 2011. IC requires SAR measurements to be performed if the integrated antenna(s) are located in the back side of the display screen.
Laptop mode: Nearby Person (Edges) (For IC only)	--	No	Per RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 January 1, 2011. IC requires SAR measurements to be performed if the integrated antenna(s) are installed alone the edge(s) of the display screen. SAR is not required because Main (Tx) antenna is located in the back side of the display screen.

12.2. SAR TEST RESULTS

Lap-held

Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	Antenna	Results (mW/g)	
				1g-SAR	10g-SAR
802.11b	1	2412	Main		
	6	2437	Main	0.053	0.030
	11	2462	Main		

Nearby Person w/ 1.5 cm separation distance

Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	Antenna	Results (mW/g)	
				1g-SAR	10g-SAR
802.11b	1	2412	Main		
	6	2437	Main	0.250	0.126
	11	2462	Main		

Note:

According to KDB 248227, SAR is not required for 802.11g/n HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

SAR TEST PLOTS

Date/Time: 6/4/2011 4:32:55 PM

Test Laboratory: UL CCS

Lap-Held

DUT: Samsung; Type: NA; Serial: 100BNHMW

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0 deg. C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 deg. C

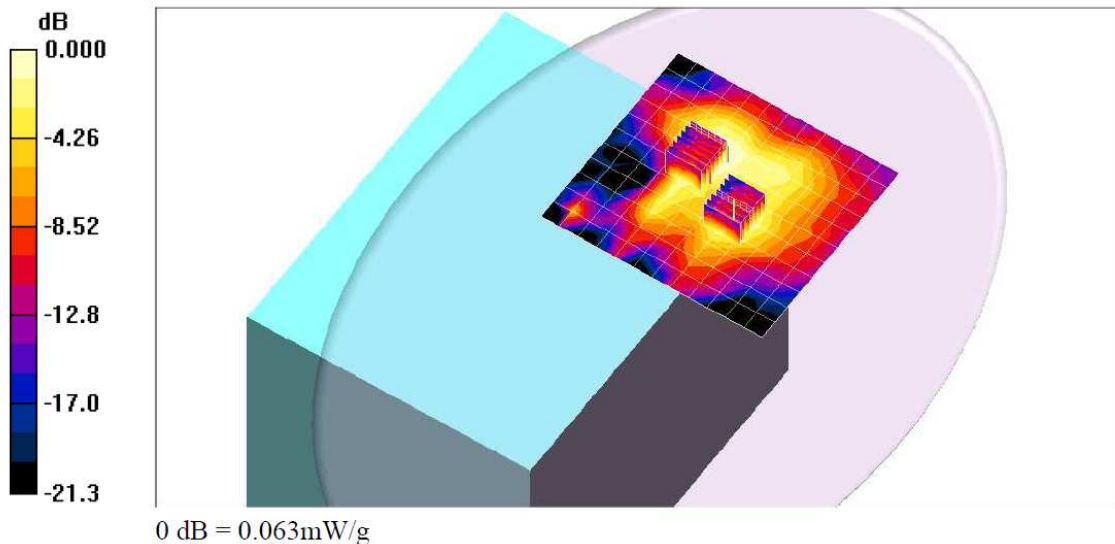
DASY4 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3749; ConvF(6.9, 6.9, 6.9); Calibrated: 12/13/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 7/21/2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Area Scan (13x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.066 mW/g

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 5.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.182 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.053 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.077 mW/g

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Zoom Scan 2 (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 5.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.182 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.095 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.052 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.063 mW/g



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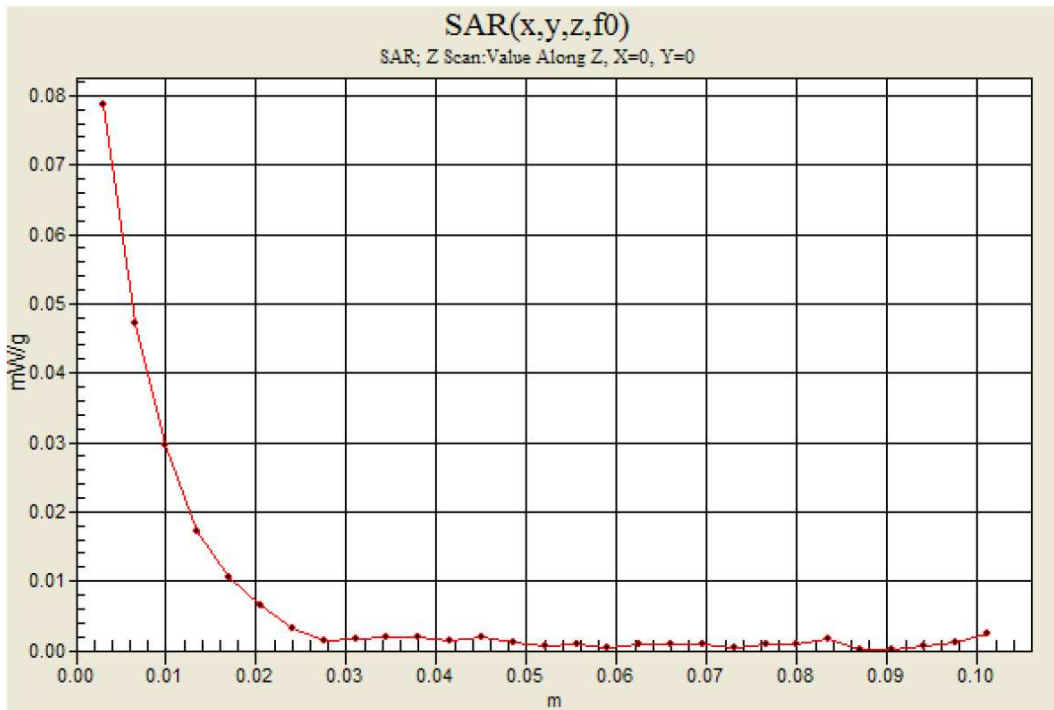
Test Laboratory: UL CCS

Lap-Held

DUT: Samsung; Type: NA; Serial: 100BNHMW

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Z Scan (1x1x29): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=3.5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: UL CCS

Nearby Person

DUT: Samsung; Type: NA; Serial: 100BNHMW

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

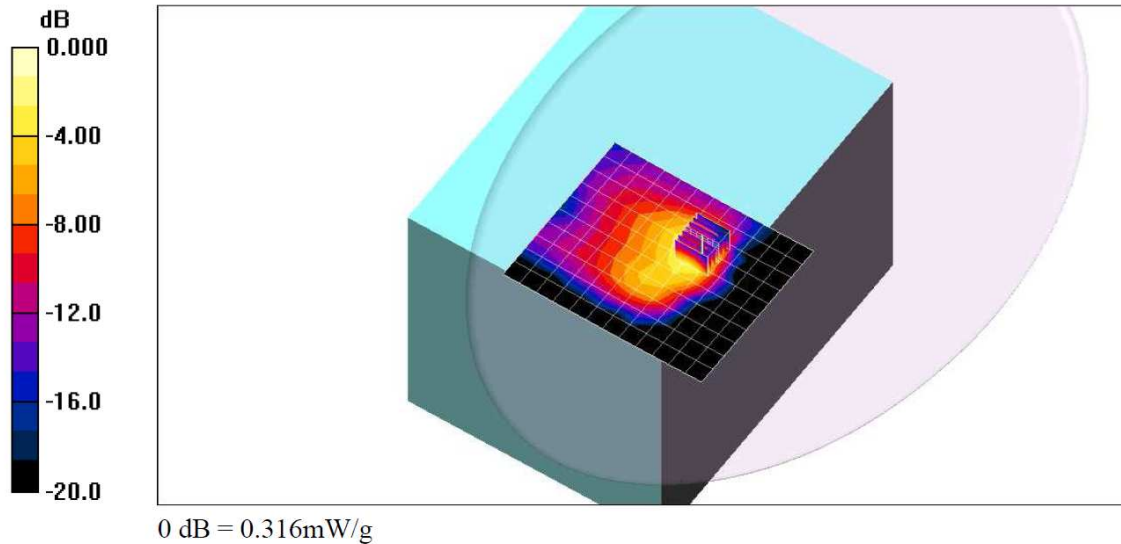
Room Ambient Temperature: 24.0 deg. C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 deg. C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0 dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.0012W/kg
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3749; ConvF(6.9, 6.9, 6.9); Calibrated: 12/13/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 7/21/2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Area Scan (13x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 mW/g

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm
Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.250 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g



Date/Time: 6/4/2011 3:22:39 PM

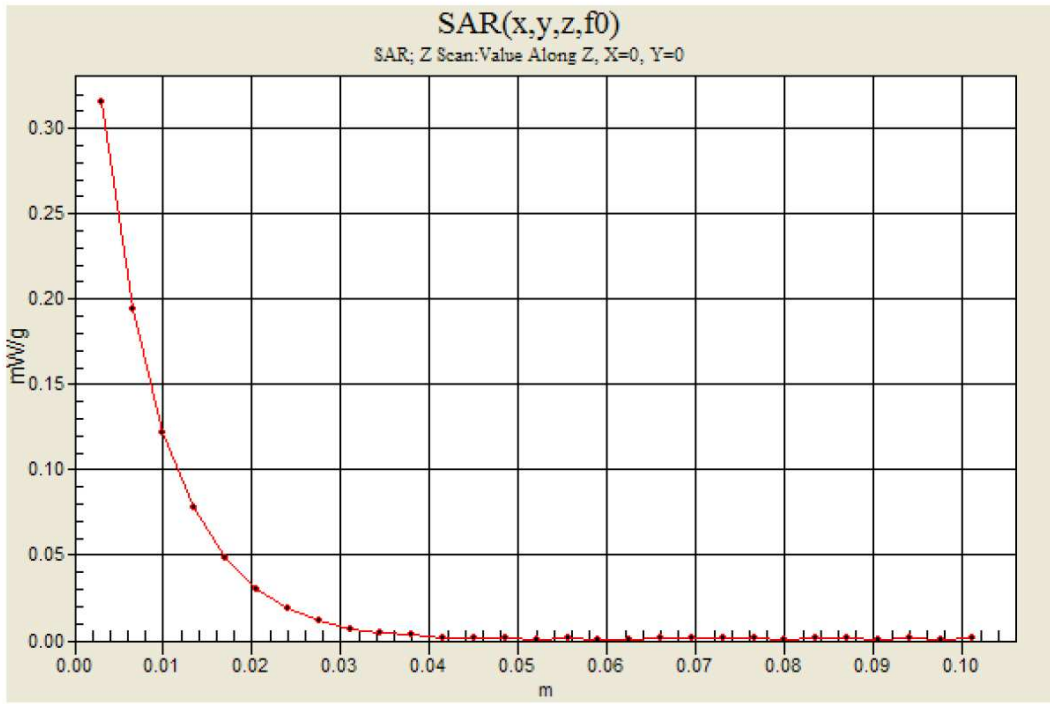
Test Laboratory: UL CCS

Nearby Person

DUT: Samsung; Type: NA; Serial: 100BNHMW

Communication System: 802.11b/g 2.4GHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

802.11b M-ch_Ant_Main/Z Scan (1x1x29): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=3.5mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g



13. ATTACHMENTS

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2	SAR Test Plots	4
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4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole D2450 SN:706	9