



# FCC PART 15.247

## TEST REPORT

For

### Nexpro International Limitada

San Jose-Goicoechea, Guadalupe, Barrio Tournon, frente Al Hotel Villas Tournon,

Oficinas Del Bufete Facio Y Canas, Costa Rica

**FCC ID: ZYPE561**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> GSM Mobile Phone
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<b>Report Number:</b> <u>RDG110916005-00AWifi</u>	
<b>Report Date:</b> <u>2011-10-25</u>	
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\* This report contains data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★" (Rev.2)

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**GENERAL INFORMATION.....4**

    PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) .....4

    OBJECTIVE .....4

    RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S).....4

    TEST METHODOLOGY .....4

    TEST FACILITY .....5

**SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....6**

    DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION .....6

    EUT EXERCISE SOFTWARE .....6

    EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS .....6

    CONFIGURATION OF TEST SETUP .....6

    BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP .....7

**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....8**

**§15.247 (i) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE .....9**

    STANDARD APPLICABLE .....9

**FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....10**

    APPLICABLE STANDARD .....10

    ANTENNA CONNECTOR CONSTRUCTION .....10

**FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS .....11**

    APPLICABLE STANDARD .....11

    MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....11

    EUT SETUP .....11

    EMI TEST RECEIVER SETUP.....12

    TEST PROCEDURE .....12

    TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....12

    TEST RESULTS SUMMARY .....12

    TEST DATA .....12

**FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....15**

    APPLICABLE STANDARD .....15

    MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....15

    EUT SETUP .....15

    EMI TEST RECEIVER & SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETUP .....16

    TEST PROCEDURE .....16

    CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION .....16

    TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....17

    TEST RESULTS SUMMARY .....17

    TEST DATA .....17

**FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH.....25**

    APPLICABLE STANDARD .....25

    TEST PROCEDURE .....25

    TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....25

    TEST DATA .....25

**FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER .....30**

APPLICABLE STANDARD .....30  
TEST PROCEDURE .....30  
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....30  
TEST DATA .....30

**FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE.....38**

APPLICABLE STANDARD .....38  
TEST PROCEDURE .....38  
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....38  
TEST DATA .....38

**FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY .....42**

APPLICABLE STANDARD .....42  
TEST PROCEDURE .....42  
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....42  
TEST DATA .....42

## GENERAL INFORMATION

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### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Nexpro International Limitada*'s product, model number: *E561 (FCC ID: ZYPE561)* (the "EUT") in this report is a *GSM Mobile Phone*, which was measured approximately: 11.6 cm (L) x 6.4 cm (W) x 1.4 cm (H), rated input voltage: DC 3.7V battery or DC 5V from adapter for charging.

ADAPTADOR ca/cc

ENTRADA: 100-240Vca 50/60 Hz 120mA

SALIDA: 5.2Vcc 500mA

Frequency Range:

Cellular Band: 824-849 MHz (Tx), 869-894 MHz (Rx)

PCS Band: 1850-1910 MHz (Tx), 1930-1990 MHz (Rx)

Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz (Tx/Rx)

Wi-Fi: 2412-2462 MHz (Tx/Rx)

Modulation Mode: GMSK (Cellular/PCS); GFSK (Bluetooth); Wi-Fi (DSSS/OFDM)

Transmitter Output Power:

Cellular Band: 33 dBm, PCS Band: 30 dBm

Bluetooth: 9 dBm, Wi-Fi: 17.12 dBm

*\* All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1108077 (Assigned by BAACL, Shenzhen). The EUT was received on 2011-09-16.*

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Nexpro International Limitada* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A, B and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15B JBP, Part 15.247 DSS and Part 22H&24E PCE submissions with FCC ID: ZYPE561.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2009, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

The uncertainty of any RF tests which use conducted method measurement is  $\pm 0.96$  dB, the uncertainty of any radiation on emissions measurement is  $\pm 4.0$  dB

## Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on December 06, 2010. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2009.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited laboratory, and is accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).



The current scope of accreditations can be found at <http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm>

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

For 802.11b and 802.11g mode, 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437		

EUT was tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11.

The worst case data rate is determined with the data rate with highest output power. For 802.11b mode: 1 Mbps data rate was chosen for full testing. For 802.11g mode: 6 Mbps data rate was chosen for full testing.

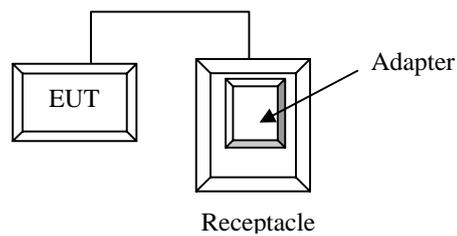
### EUT Exercise Software

N/A

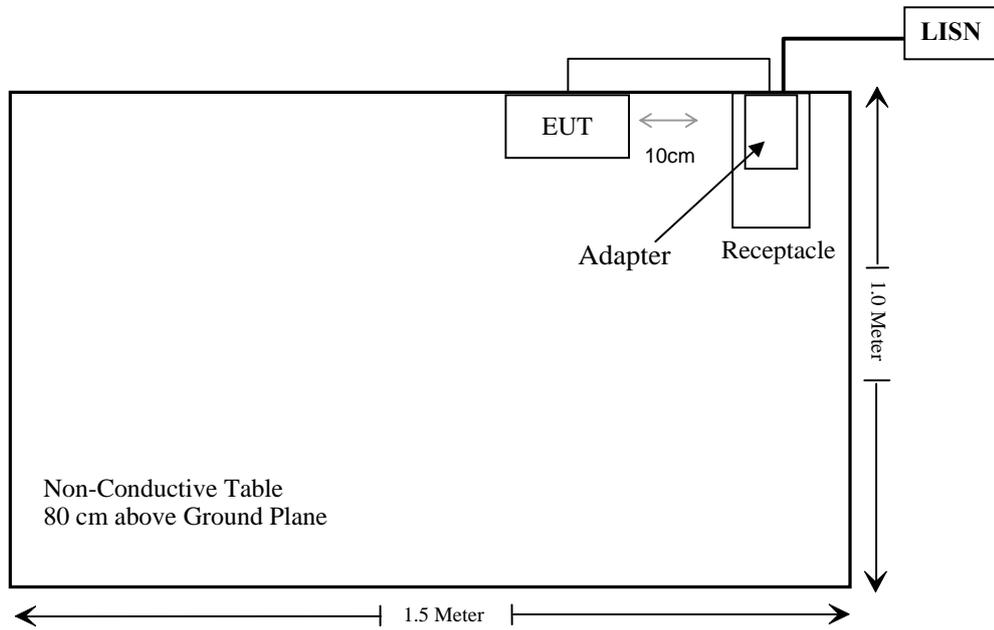
### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the unit tested.

### Configuration of Test Setup



### Block Diagram of Test Setup



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

<b>FCC Rules</b>	<b>Description of Test</b>	<b>Result</b>
§15.247 (i), §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance

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## **§15.247 (i) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE**

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### **Standard Applicable**

According to FCC §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

**Result:** Please refer to the SAR report, report No.RDG110916005-20.

## **FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has 3 spring contact leg antennas, one is for Bluetooth, the gain is 1.3 dBi; one is for Wi-Fi, the gain is 1.7 dBi; other is for GSM/PCS, the gain of PCS is -1.8 dBi and that of GSM is -2.5 dBi. All antennas are permanently attached.

**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

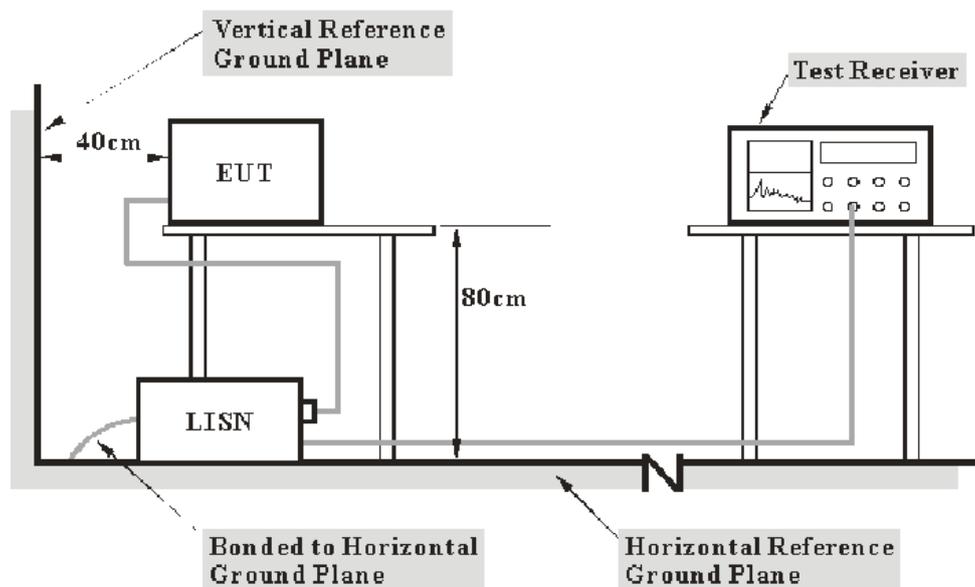
FCC §15.207

### Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, and LISN.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement at Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp. (Shenzhen) is  $\pm 2.4$  dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence).

### EUT Setup



- Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2009 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The adapter was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

## EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

<i>Frequency Range</i>	<i>IF B/W</i>
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

## Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	830245	2011-03-03	2012-03-02
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ESH2-Z5	892107/021	2011-03-09	2012-03-08

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207, with the worst margin reading of:

**16.86 dB at 0.380 MHz** in the **Neutral** conducted mode

## Test Data

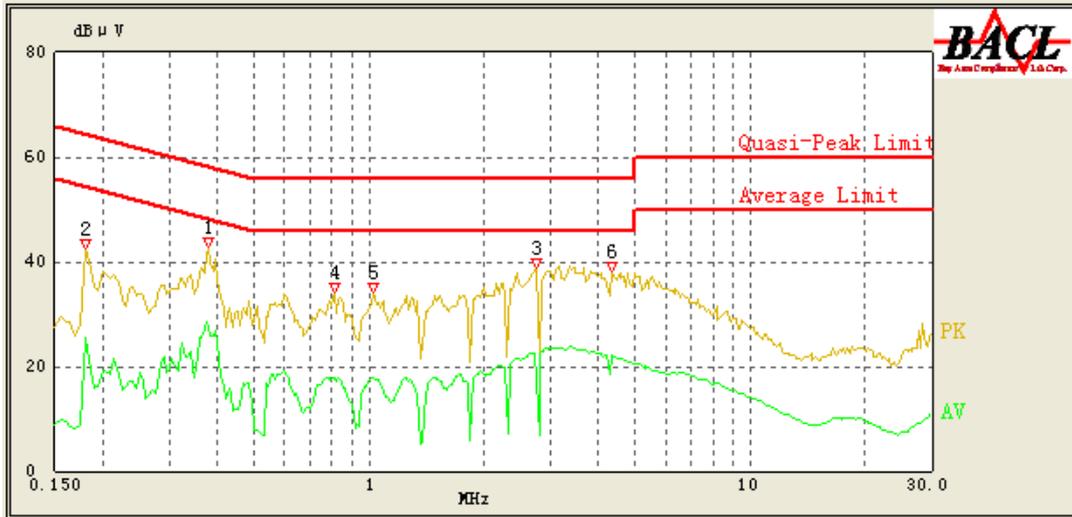
### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-27.*

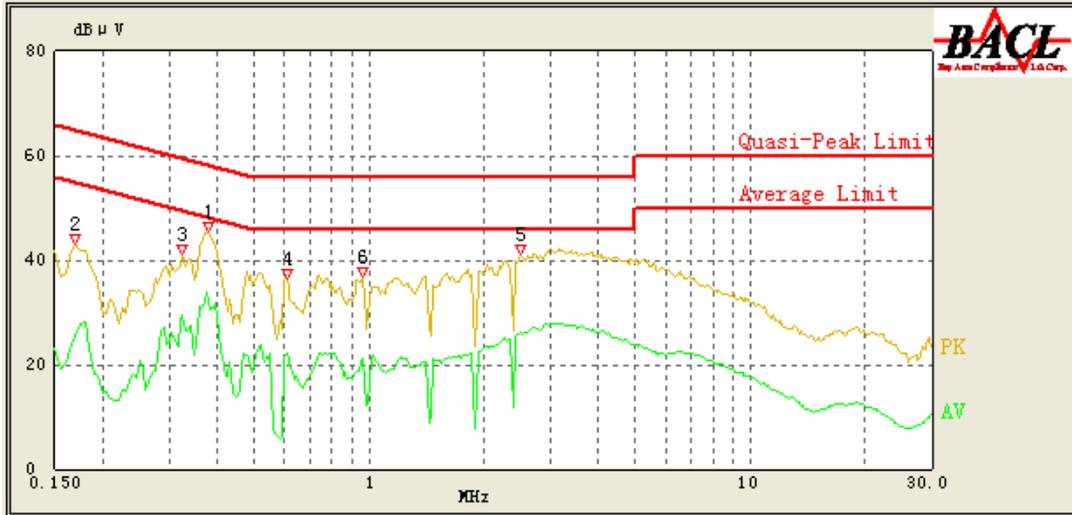
*Test Mode: Transmitting*

120 V, 60 Hz, Line:



Conducted Emissions			FCC Part 15.207		
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Result (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)
0.380	27.53	10.10	49.43	21.90	Ave.
2.735	22.55	10.10	46.00	23.45	Ave.
4.325	22.20	10.10	46.00	23.80	Ave.
0.380	34.75	10.10	59.43	24.68	QP
2.740	30.68	10.10	56.00	25.32	QP
0.180	39.11	10.10	65.14	26.03	QP
4.325	29.17	10.10	56.00	26.83	QP
0.810	17.90	10.10	46.00	28.10	Ave.
1.025	17.79	10.10	46.00	28.21	Ave.
0.180	25.50	10.10	55.14	29.64	Ave.
0.815	25.67	10.10	56.00	30.33	QP
1.030	25.48	10.10	56.00	30.52	QP

**120V, 60 Hz, Neutral:**



Conducted Emissions			FCC Part 15.207		
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Result (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)
0.380	32.57	10.10	49.43	16.86	Ave.
0.380	39.90	10.10	59.43	19.53	QP
2.500	26.09	10.10	46.00	19.91	Ave.
2.495	35.00	10.10	56.00	21.00	QP
0.325	29.50	10.10	51.00	21.50	Ave.
0.325	37.35	10.10	61.00	23.65	QP
0.610	22.20	10.10	46.00	23.80	Ave.
0.960	21.16	10.10	46.00	24.84	Ave.
0.960	31.00	10.10	56.00	25.00	QP
0.610	29.41	10.10	56.00	26.59	QP
0.170	38.38	10.10	65.43	27.05	QP
0.170	25.50	10.10	55.43	29.93	Ave.

## FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

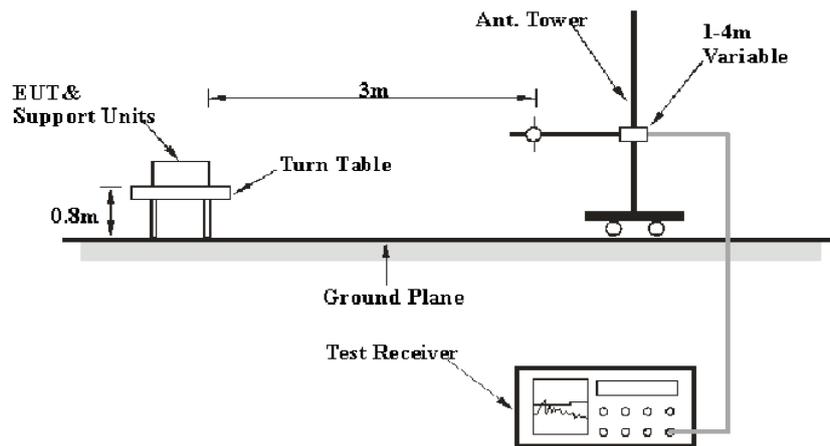
### Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

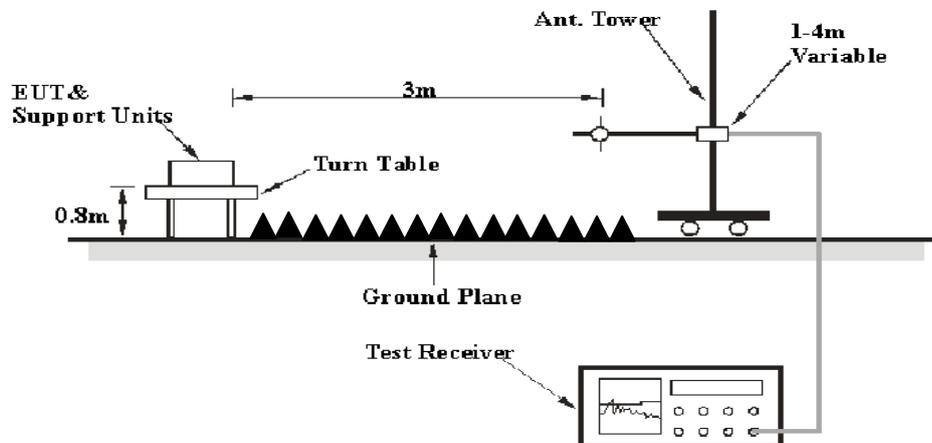
Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is  $\pm 4.0$  dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence) .

### EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1 GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.4-2003. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The adapter was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

### EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

<i>Frequency Range</i>	<i>RBW</i>	<i>Video B/W</i>	<i>Detector</i>
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	QP
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	PK
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	10 Hz	Ave.

### Test Procedure

During the radiated emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the floor.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

### Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
HP	Amplifier	HP8447D	2944A09795	2011-08-02	2012-08-01
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2011-03-11	2012-03-10
HP	Amplifier	ZVA-213+	T-E27H	2011-03-08	2012-03-07
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2011-05-05	2012-05-04
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ 26	609358	2011-07-08	2012-07-07

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247, with the worst margin reading of:

### Below 1 GHz:

**6.9 dB at 44.643000 MHz in the Vertical polarization**

### Above 1 GHz:

**17.82 dB at 4924 MHz in the Horizontal polarization for high channel (2462MHz) 801.11g mode.**

## Test Data

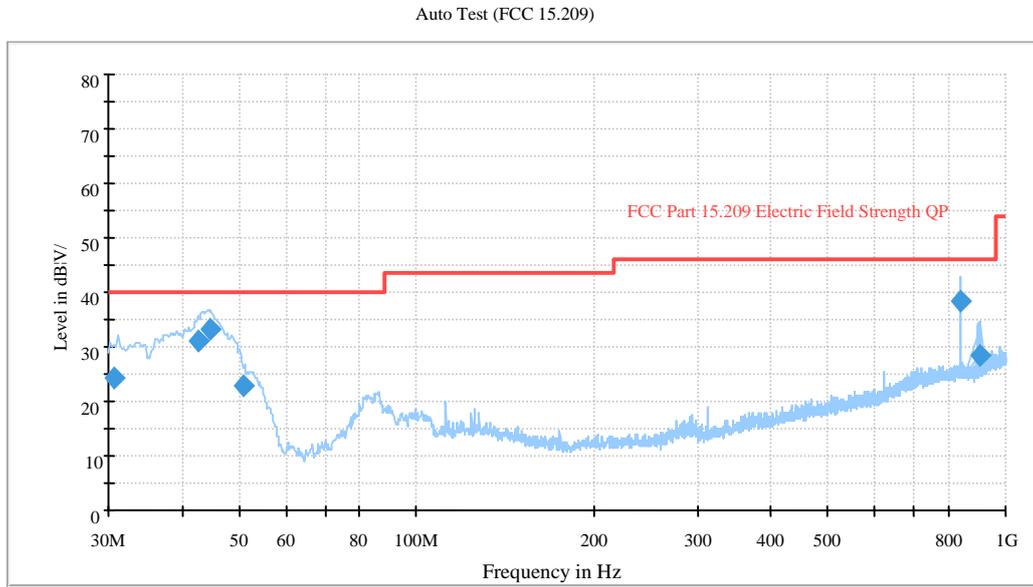
### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-30.*

**1) Below 1 GHz:**

*Test Mode: Transmitting (Worst case)*



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Ant. Height (cm)	Ant. Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Position (degree)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
44.643000	33.1	103.0	V	146.0	-14.9	40.0	6.9
836.583750	38.2	193.0	H	29.0	-1.3	46.0	7.8
42.592500	30.9	104.0	V	129.0	-13.7	40.0	9.1
30.746750	24.1	102.0	V	152.0	-5.9	40.0	15.9
50.784250	23.0	102.0	V	117.0	-17.4	40.0	17.0
905.682750	27.5	102.0	H	7.0	-0.6	46.0	19.5

**2) Above 1 GHz**

802.11b Mode:

Indicated		Detector (PK/Ave.)	Table Angle Degree	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC Part 15.247/15.209			
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)			Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
Low Channel (2412 MHz)												
4824	20.21	Ave.	150	1.9	H	36.3	4.3	26.75	34.06	54	19.94	harmonic
4824	22.75	Ave.	360	1.3	V	33.6	4.3	26.75	33.90	54	20.10	harmonic
2314.2	21.78	Ave.	260	1.4	V	30.3	2.97	26.85	28.20	54	25.80	spurious
2314.2	20.32	Ave.	180	1.9	H	30.3	2.97	26.85	26.74	54	27.26	spurious
4824	35.48	PK	360	1.3	V	33.6	4.3	26.75	46.63	74	27.37	harmonic
4824	32.31	PK	150	1.9	H	36.3	4.3	26.75	46.16	74	27.84	harmonic
2314.2	32.78	PK	260	1.4	V	30.3	2.97	26.85	39.20	74	34.80	spurious
2314.2	29.44	PK	180	1.9	H	30.3	2.97	26.85	35.86	74	38.14	spurious
Middle Channel (2437 MHz)												
4874	22.24	Ave.	250	1.5	H	36.3	4.32	26.75	36.11	54	17.89	harmonic
4874	21.69	Ave.	330	2.1	V	33.6	4.32	26.75	32.86	54	21.14	harmonic
4874	33.93	PK	250	1.5	H	36.3	4.32	26.75	47.80	74	26.20	harmonic
4874	34.13	PK	330	2.1	V	33.6	4.32	26.75	45.30	74	28.70	harmonic
High Channel (2462 MHz)												
4924	21.14	Ave.	140	1.8	H	36.3	4.4	26.75	35.09	54	18.91	harmonic
4924	22.88	Ave.	79	1.2	V	33.6	4.4	26.75	34.13	54	19.87	harmonic
2488.3	22.36	Ave.	190	1.6	H	30.5	3.13	26.87	29.12	54	24.88	spurious
4924	34.12	PK	140	1.8	H	36.3	4.4	26.75	48.07	74	25.93	harmonic
2488.3	21.12	Ave.	230	1.2	V	30.5	3.13	26.87	27.88	54	26.12	spurious
4924	35.14	PK	79	1.2	V	33.6	4.4	26.75	46.39	74	27.61	harmonic
2488.3	33.82	PK	230	1.2	V	30.5	3.13	26.87	40.58	74	33.42	spurious
2488.3	33.44	PK	190	1.6	H	30.5	3.13	26.87	40.20	74	33.80	spurious

\*Within measurement uncertainty!

802.11g Mode:

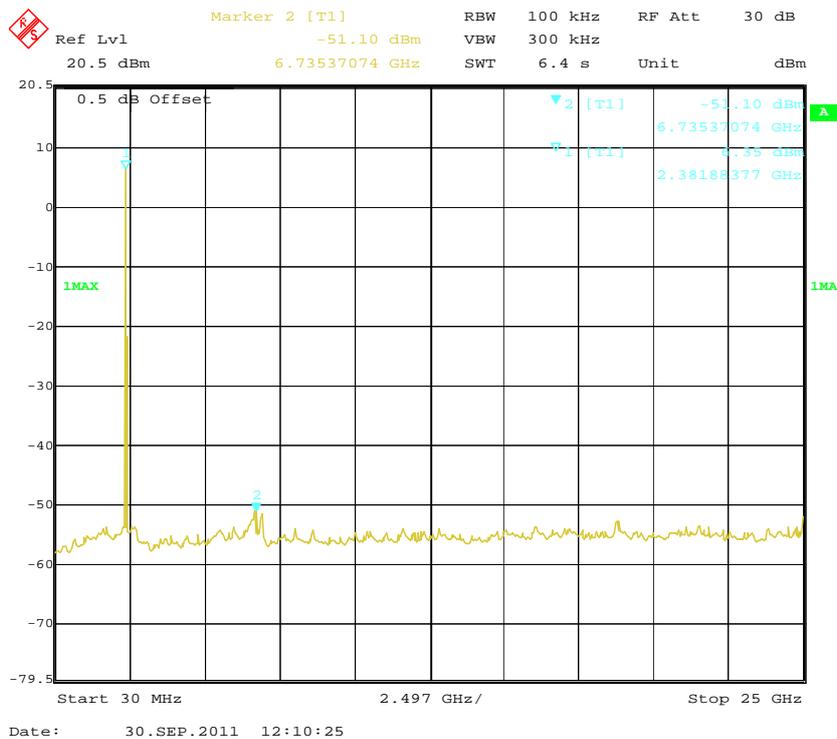
Indicated		Detector (PK/Ave)	Table Angle Degree	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC Part 15.247/15.209			
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)			Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
Low Channel (2412 MHz)												
4824	22.24	Ave.	160	1.9	H	36.3	4.3	26.75	36.09	54	17.91	harmonic
4824	22.75	Ave.	350	1.5	V	33.6	4.3	26.75	33.90	54	20.10	harmonic
2321.3	21.78	Ave.	250	1.4	V	30.4	2.98	26.85	28.31	54	25.69	spurious
4824	34.12	PK	160	1.9	H	36.3	4.3	26.75	47.97	74	26.03	harmonic
2321.3	20.32	Ave.	170	2.1	H	30.4	2.98	26.85	26.85	54	27.15	spurious
4824	34.36	PK	350	1.5	V	33.6	4.3	26.75	45.51	74	28.49	harmonic
2321.3	33.78	PK	250	1.4	V	30.4	2.98	26.85	40.31	74	33.69	spurious
2321.3	32.44	PK	170	2.1	H	30.4	2.98	26.85	38.97	74	35.03	spurious
Middle Channel (2437 MHz)												
4874	22.16	Ave.	290	1.9	H	36.3	4.32	26.75	36.03	54	17.97	harmonic
4874	20.46	Ave.	360	2	V	33.6	4.32	26.75	31.63	54	22.37	harmonic
4874	32.02	PK	290	1.9	H	36.3	4.32	26.75	45.89	74	28.11	harmonic
4874	33.45	PK	360	2	V	33.6	4.32	26.75	44.62	74	29.38	harmonic
High Channel (2462 MHz)												
4924	22.23	Ave.	160	1.3	H	36.3	4.4	26.75	36.18	54	17.82	harmonic
4924	23.24	Ave.	120	1.2	V	33.6	4.4	26.75	34.49	54	19.51	harmonic
4924	34.21	PK	160	1.3	H	36.3	4.4	26.75	48.16	74	25.84	harmonic
2491.6	21.12	Ave.	290	1.2	V	30.6	3.13	26.87	27.98	54	26.02	spurious
2491.6	20.36	Ave.	200	1.7	H	30.6	3.13	26.87	27.22	54	26.78	spurious
4924	35.65	PK	120	1.2	V	33.6	4.4	26.75	46.9	74	27.10	harmonic
2491.6	34.02	PK	290	1.2	V	30.6	3.13	26.87	40.88	74	33.12	spurious
2491.6	33.44	PK	200	1.7	H	30.6	3.13	26.87	40.3	74	33.70	spurious

\*Within measurement uncertainty!

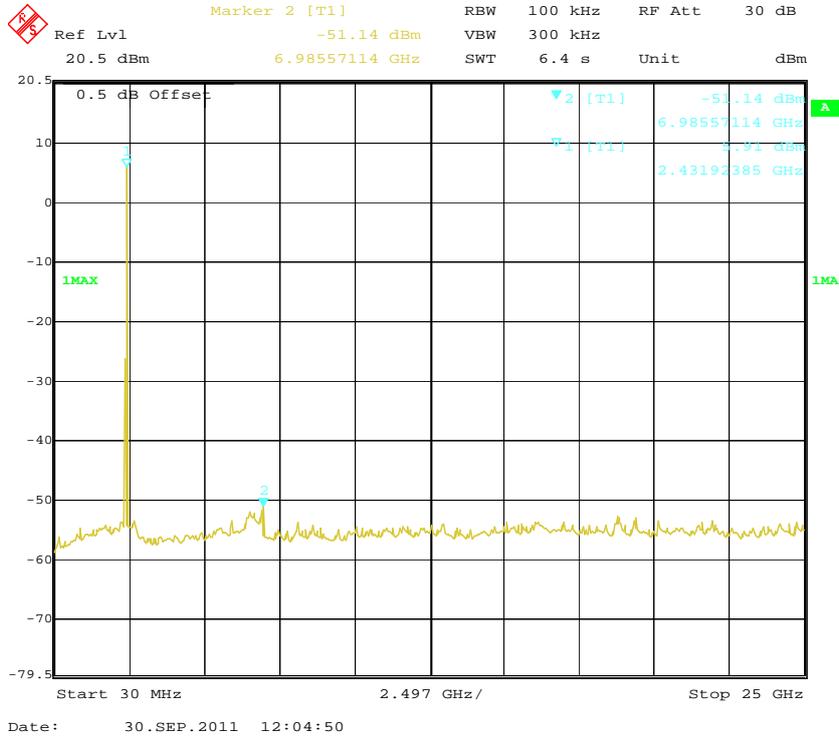
**Antenna Port Conducted Spurious Emissions:**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Delta Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Result
802.11b mode					
Low	6735.37	1	57.45	20	Pass
Middle	6985.57	1	57.05	20	Pass
High	6935.53	1	57.98	20	Pass
802.11g mode					
Low	6985.57	6	55.65	20	Pass
Middle	6935.53	6	55.28	20	Pass
High	6935.53	6	55.65	20	Pass

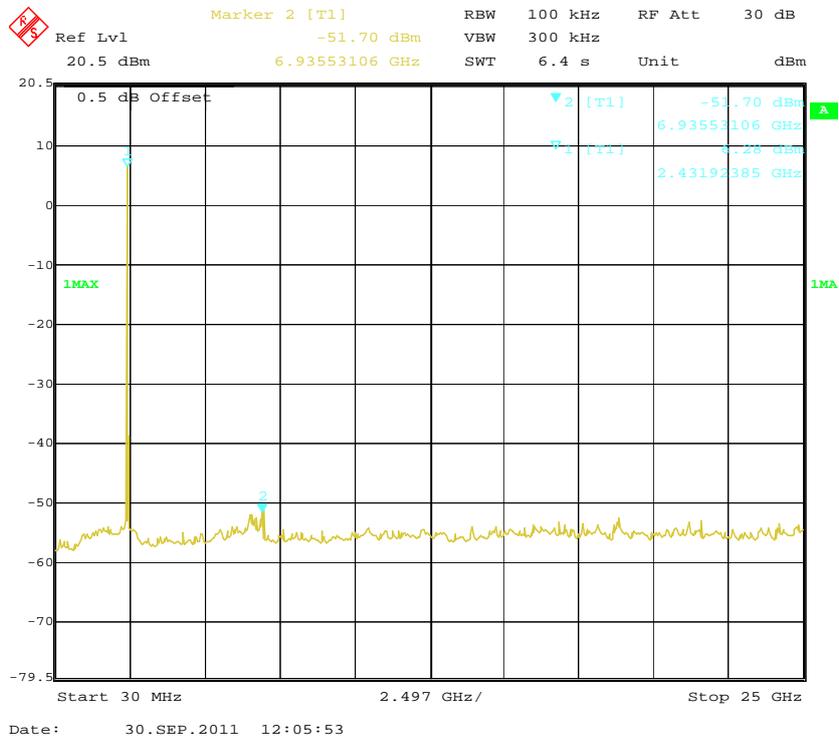
**802.11b Low Channel**



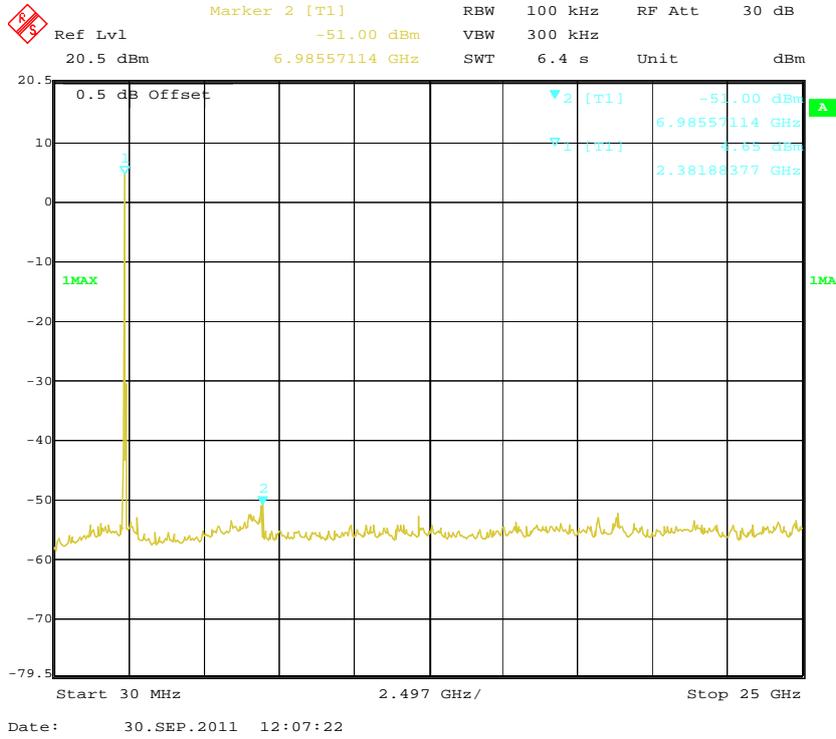
### 802.11b Middle Channel



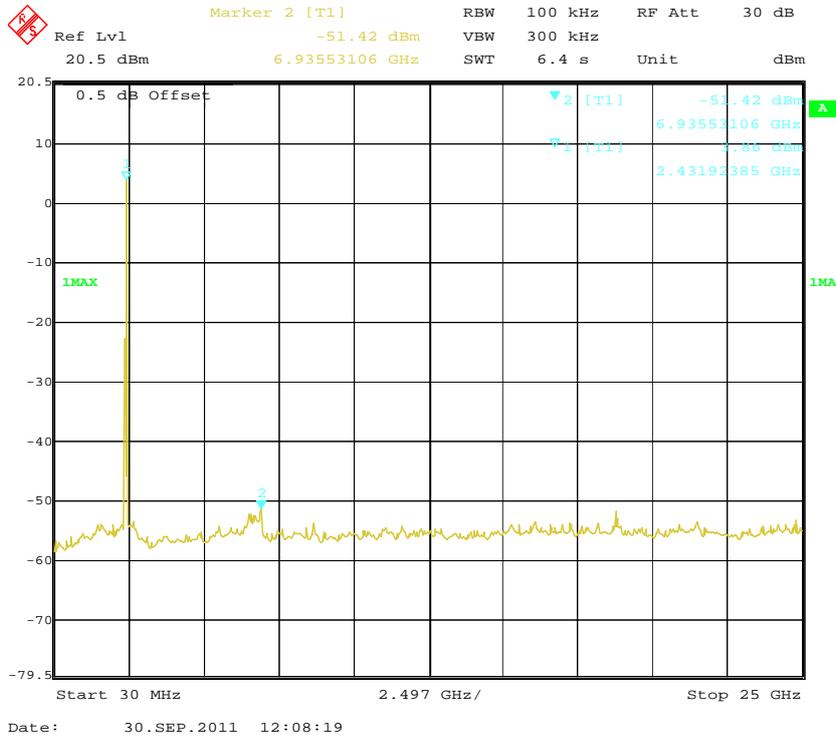
### 802.11b High Channel



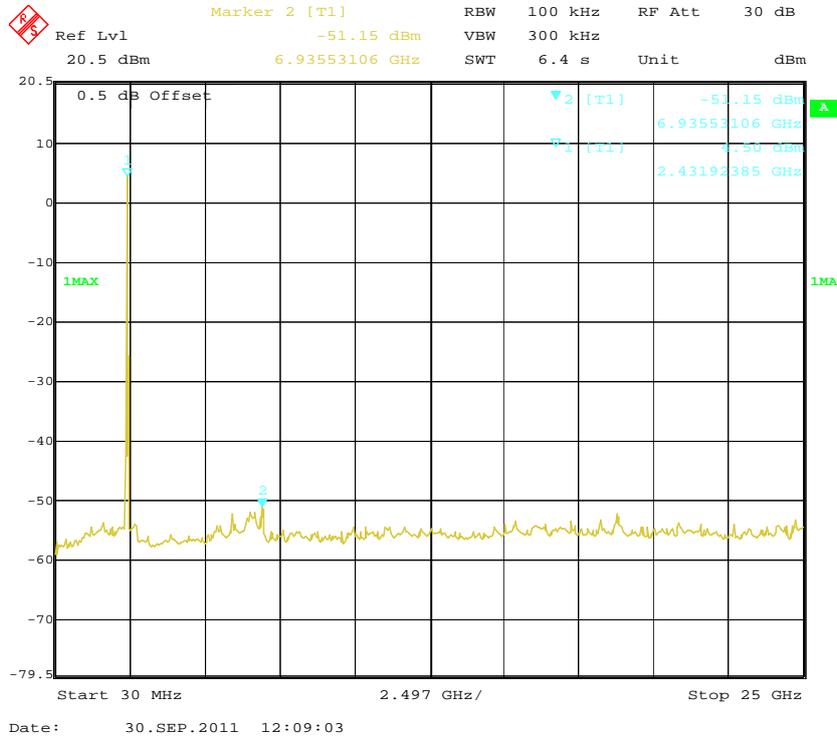
### 802.11g Low Channel



### 802.11g Middle Channel



### 802.11g High Channel



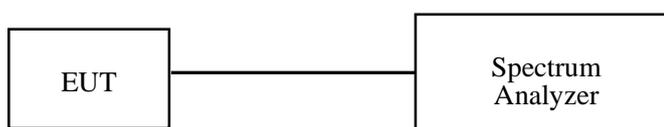
## FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56%
ATM Pressure:	100.0kPa

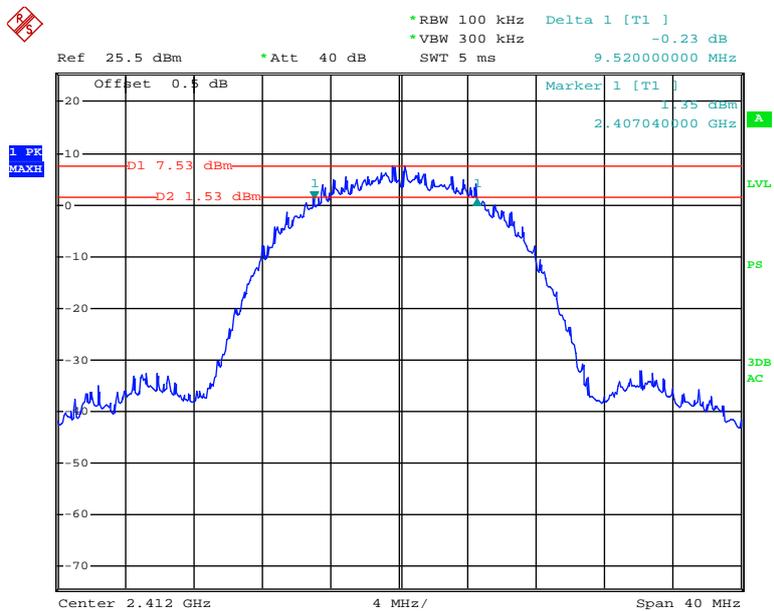
*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-29.*

**Test Result:** Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

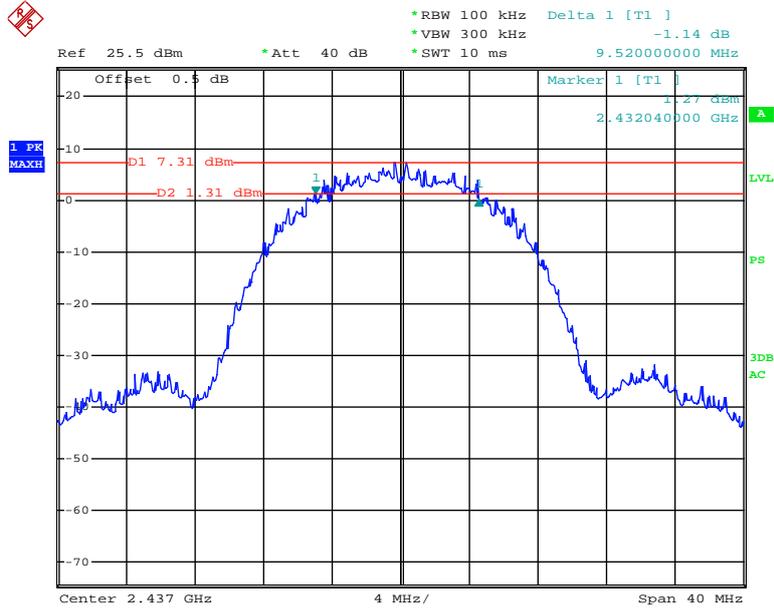
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Part 15.247 Limit (kHz)
802.11b mode			
Low	2412	9.52	> 500
Middle	2437	9.52	> 500
High	2462	9.52	> 500
802.11g mode			
Low	2412	16.48	> 500
Middle	2437	16.32	> 500
High	2462	16.48	> 500

**802.11b Low Channel**



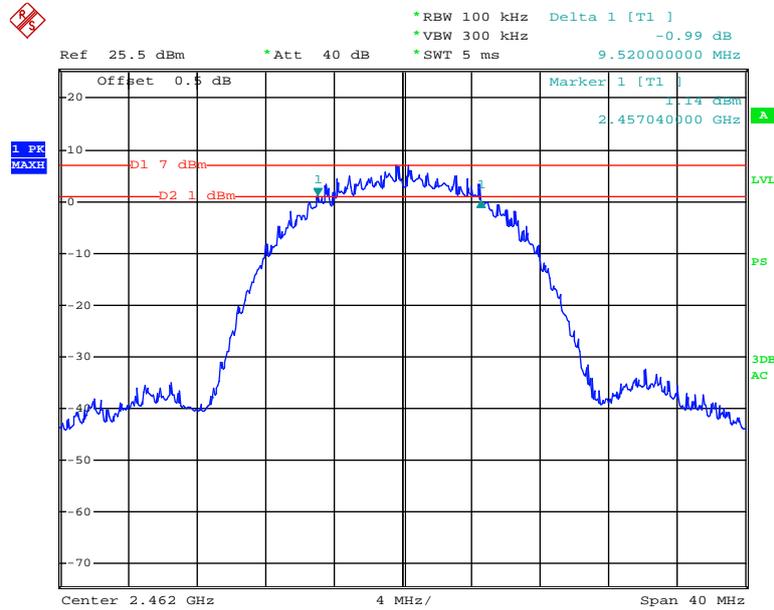
Date: 29.SEP.2011 19:41:30

### 802.11b Middle Channel



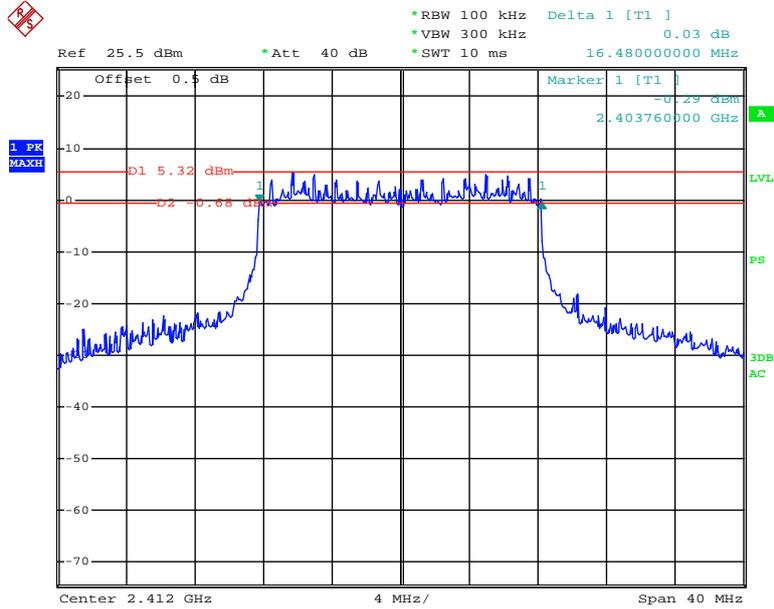
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:02:08

### 802.11b High Channel



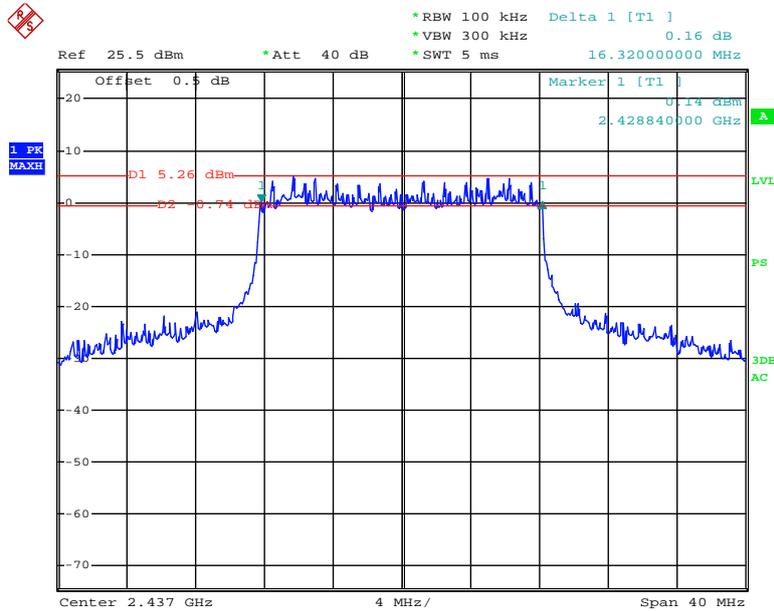
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:29:31

### 802.11g Low Channel



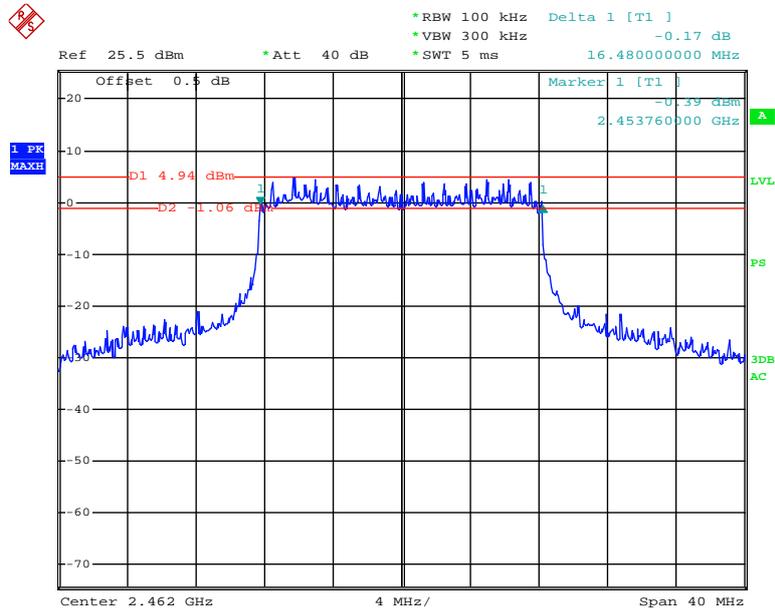
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:37:01

### 802.11g Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:02:34

### 802.11g High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:08:16

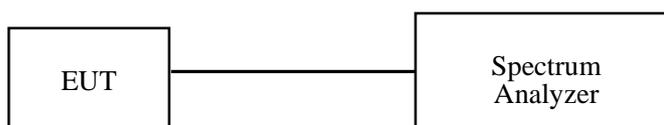
## FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI Test Receiver.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

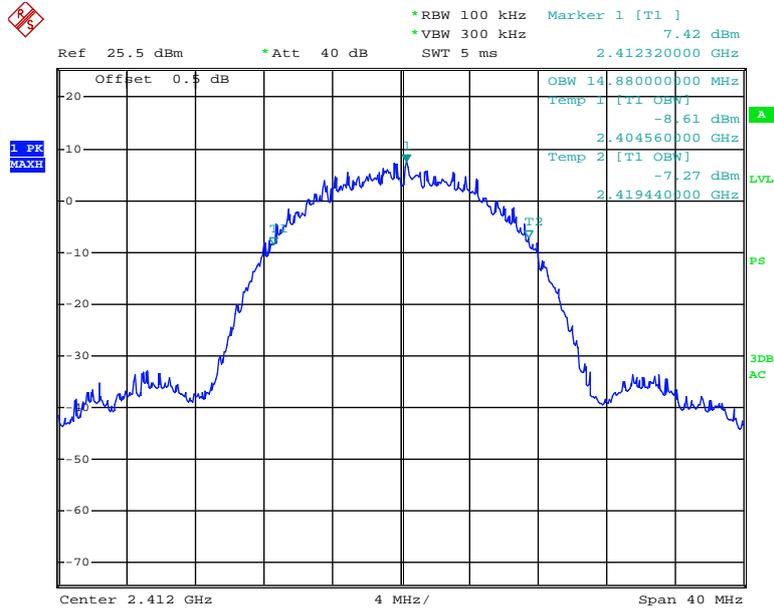
Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-29.*

*Test Mode: Transmitting*

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11b mode				
Low	2412	17.12	30	Pass
Middle	2437	16.67	30	Pass
High	2462	16.69	30	Pass
802.11g mode				
Low	2412	16.02	30	Pass
Middle	2437	16.46	30	Pass
High	2462	16.31	30	Pass

### 802.11b 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



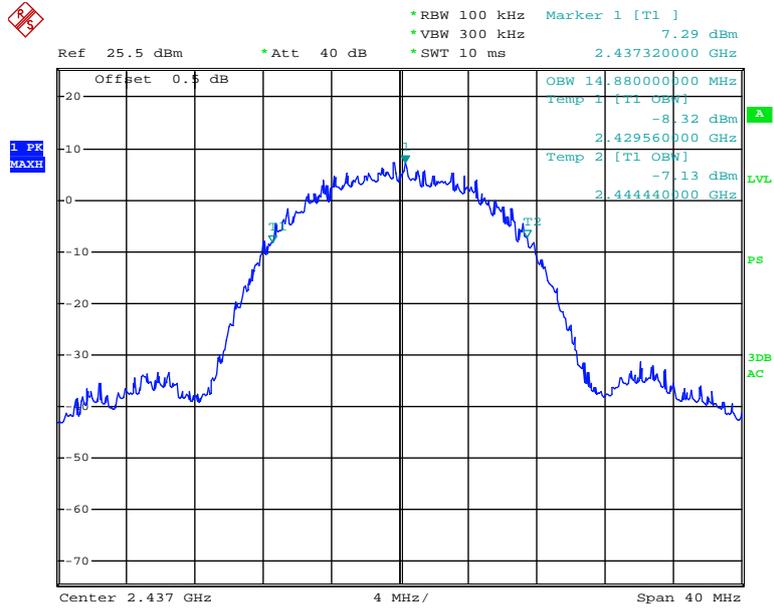
Date: 29.SEP.2011 19:45:21

### 802.11b RF Output Power, Low Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 19:46:10

### 802.11b 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Middle Channel



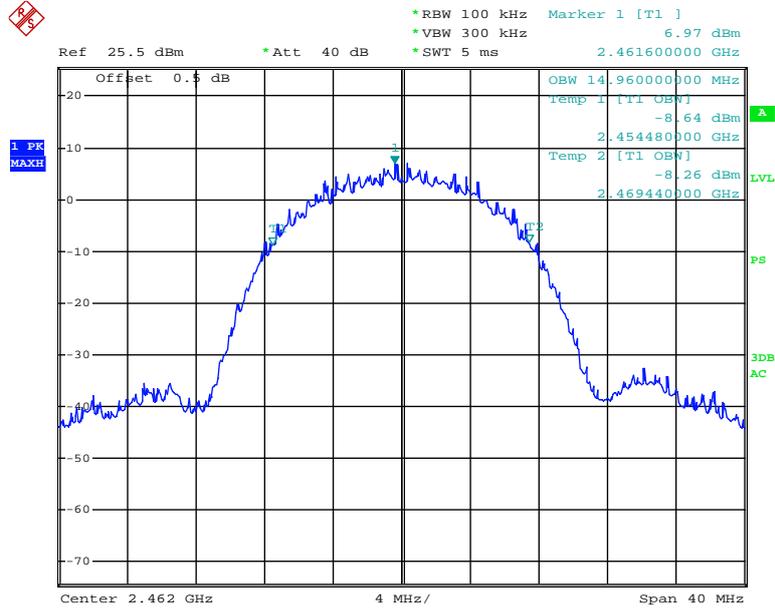
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:06:17

### 802.11b RF Output Power, Middle Channel



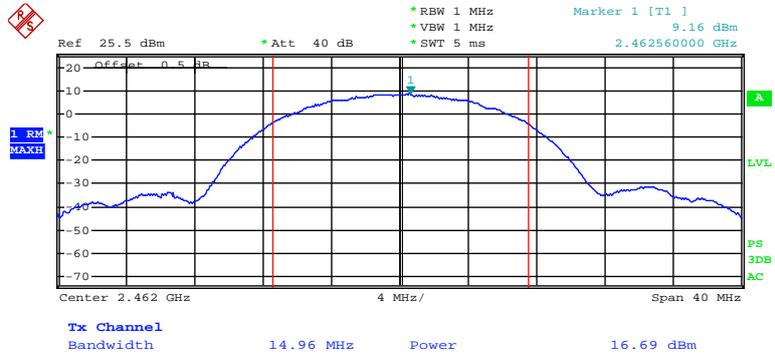
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:09:46

### 802.11b 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



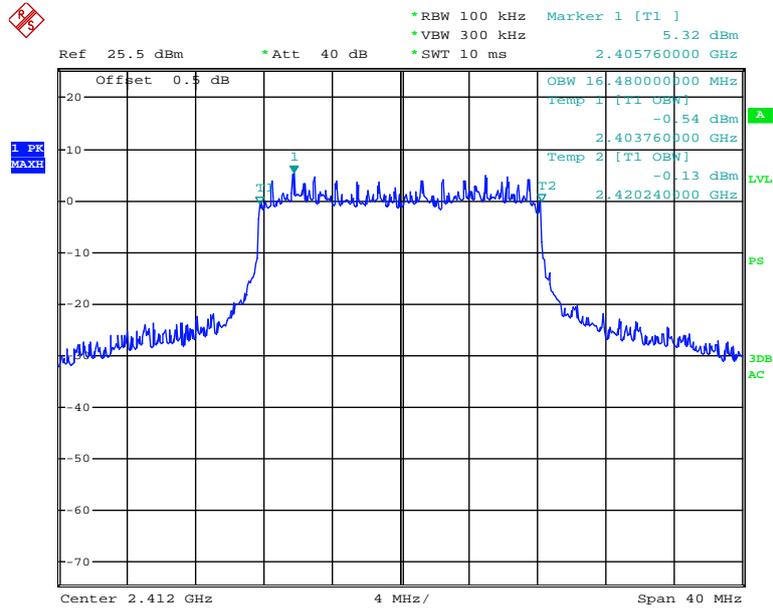
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:30:31

### 802.11b RF Output Power, High Channel



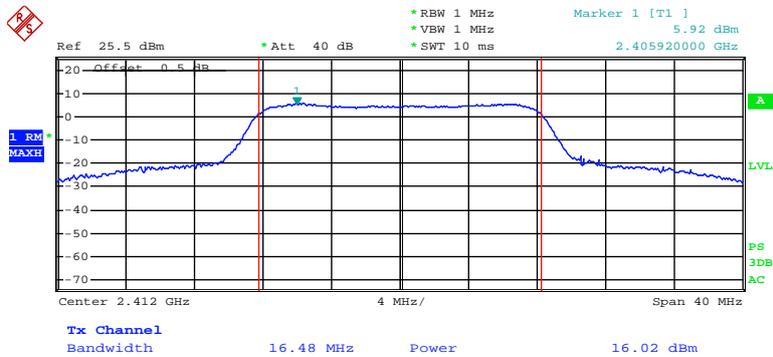
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:31:22

### 802.11g 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



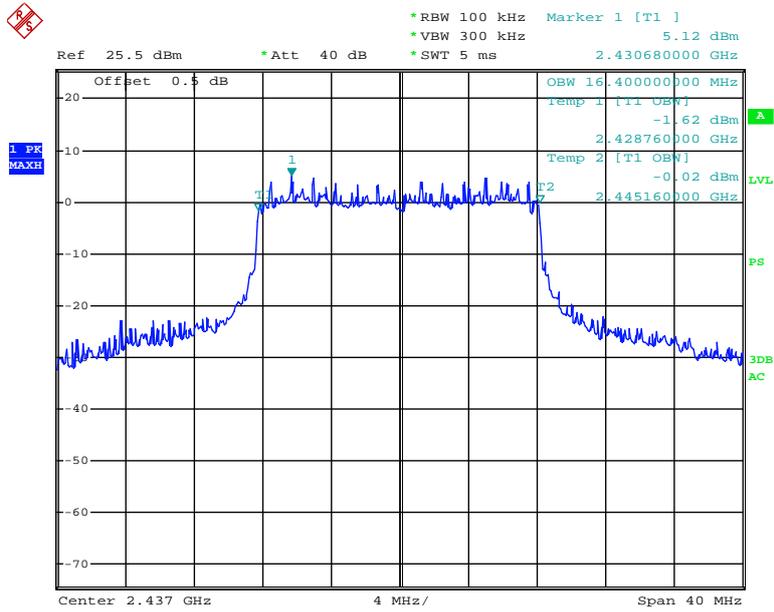
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:37:44

### 802.11g RF Output Power, Low Channel



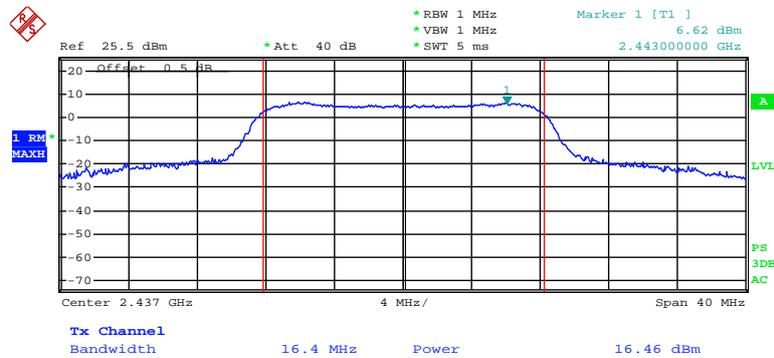
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:38:28

### 802.11g 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Middle Channel



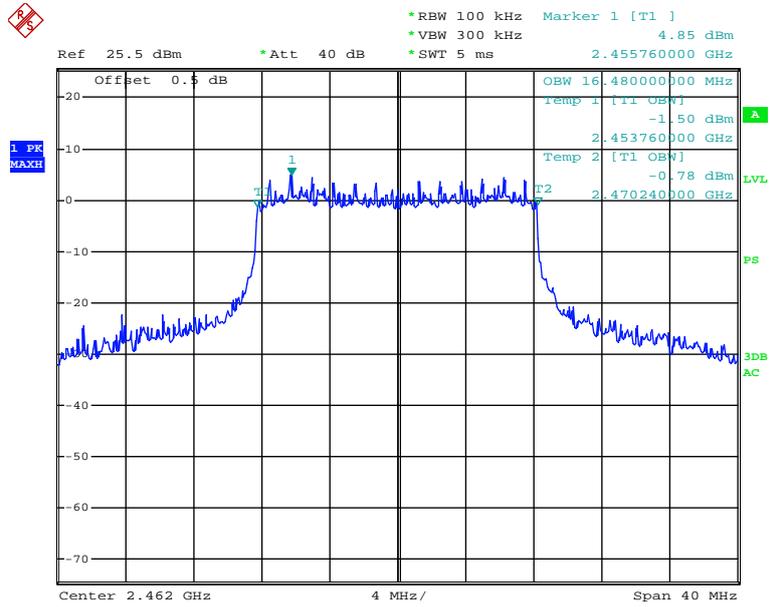
Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:03:26

### 802.11g RF Output Power, Middle Channel



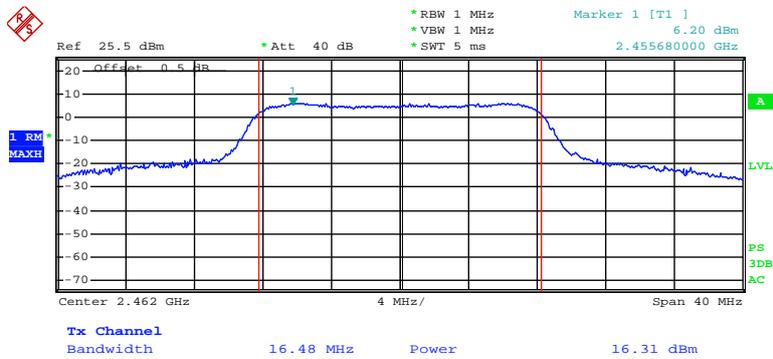
Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:04:23

### 802.11g 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:06:00

### 802.11g RF Output Power, High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:06:53

## FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 1 MHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

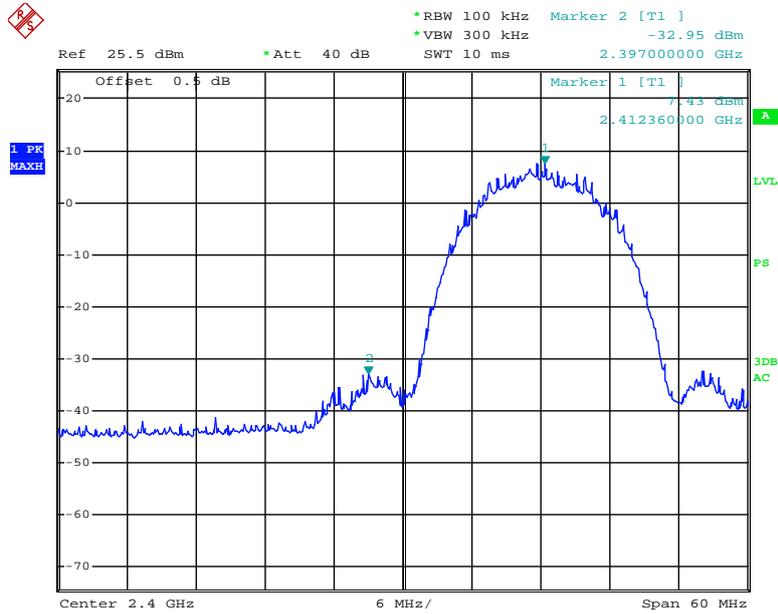
*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-29.*

**Test Result:** *Compliance*

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band Emission (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Result
802.11b mode				
Low	2397.00	40.38	20	Pass
High	2485.66	49.00	20	Pass
802.11g mode				
Low	2398.56	28.52	20	Pass
High	2484.22	36.23	20	Pass

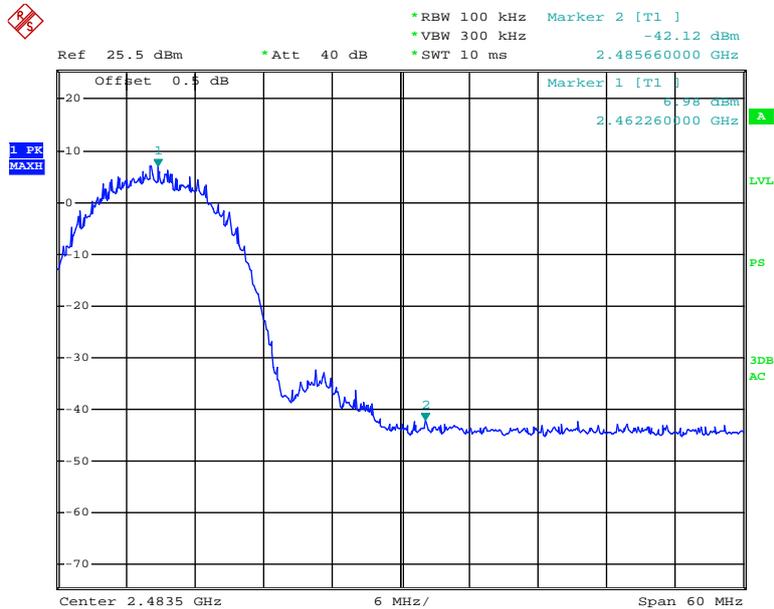
Please refer to following plots.

### 802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side



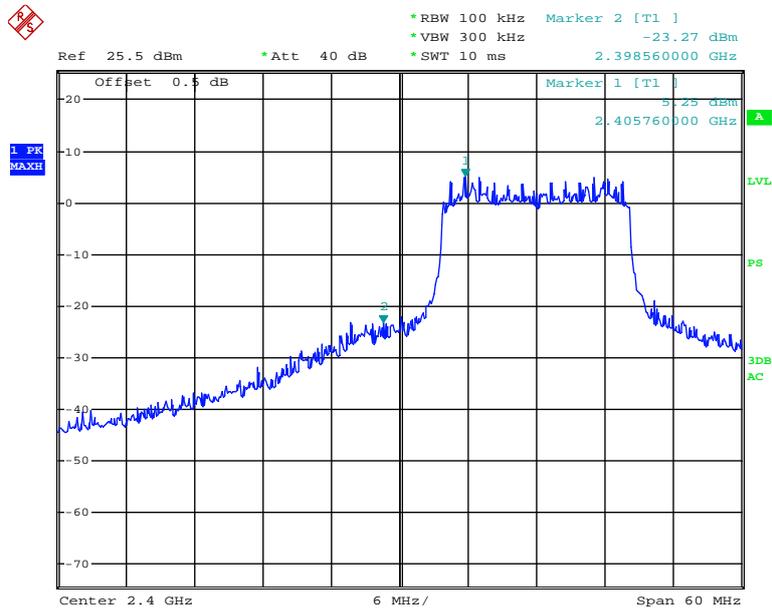
Date: 29.SEP.2011 19:43:35

### 802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side



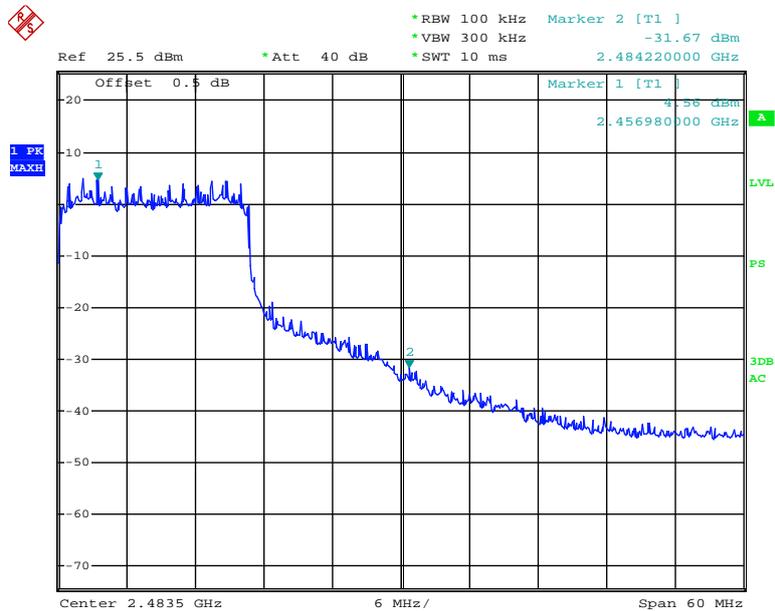
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:33:53

### 802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side



Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:40:09

### 802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:09:30

## FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to 1.5MHz span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value. (DTS)
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2010-11-11	2011-11-10

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (ShenZhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 ° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	56 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	100.0 kPa

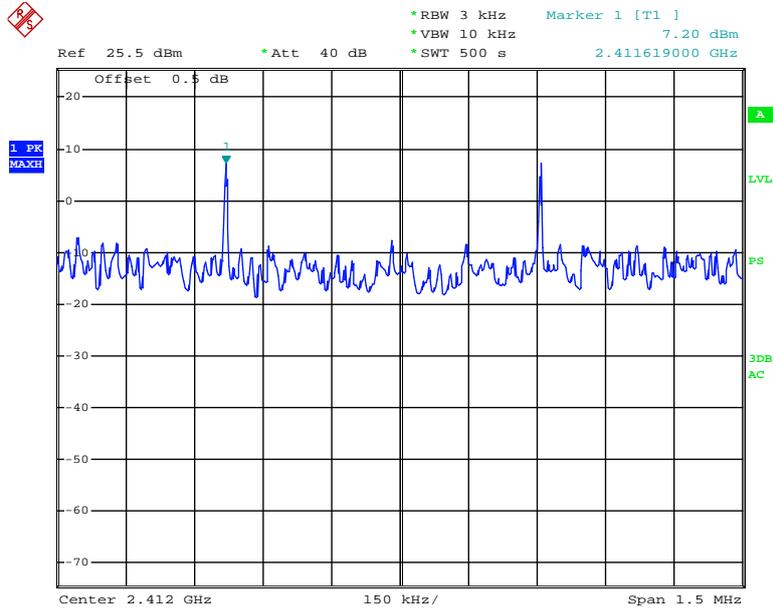
*The testing was performed by Walt Kang on 2011-09-29.*

*Test Mode: Transmitting*

**Test Result:** Pass

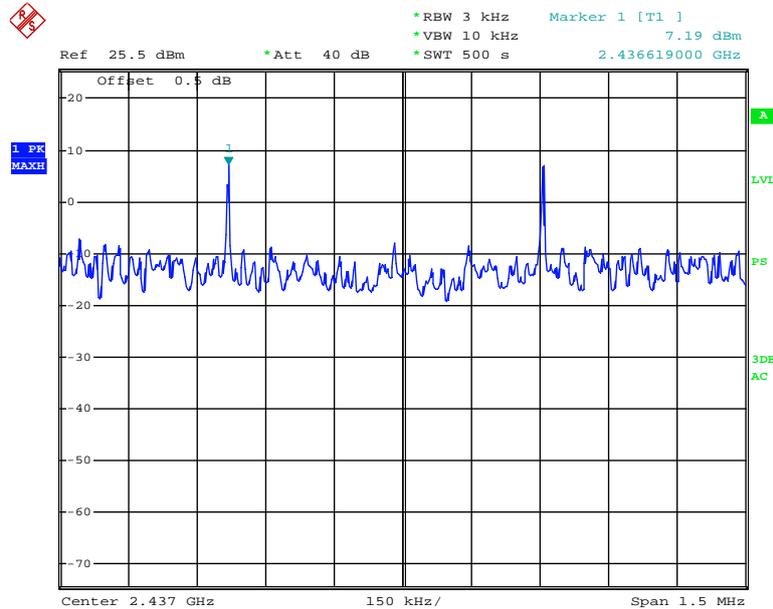
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11b mode				
Low	2412	7.20	8	Pass
Middle	2437	7.19	8	Pass
High	2462	6.80	8	Pass
802.11g mode				
Low	2412	-11.98	8	Pass
Middle	2437	-12.13	8	Pass
High	2462	-12.48	8	Pass

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Low Channel



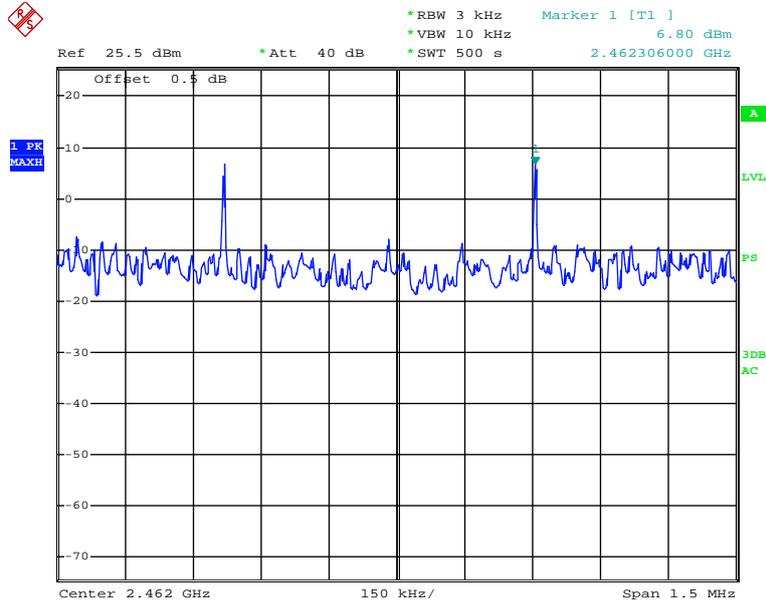
Date: 29.SEP.2011 19:59:58

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Middle Channel



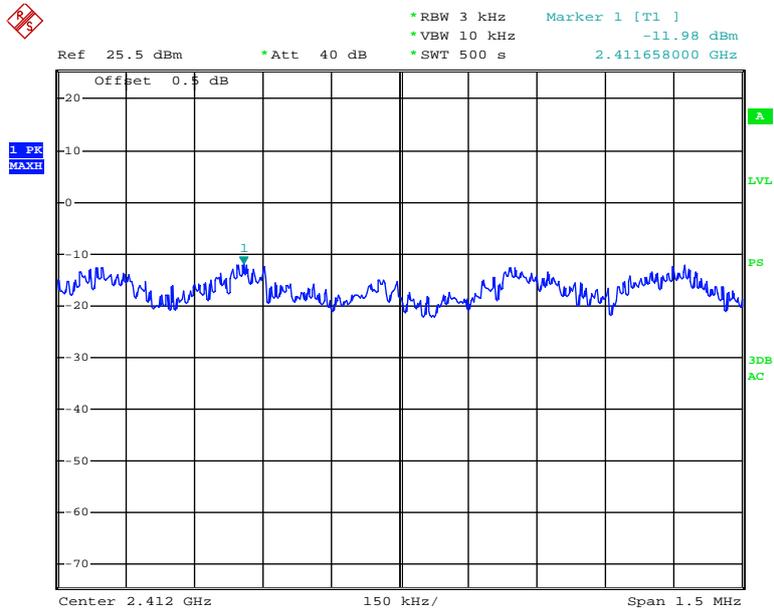
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:19:14

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11b High Channel



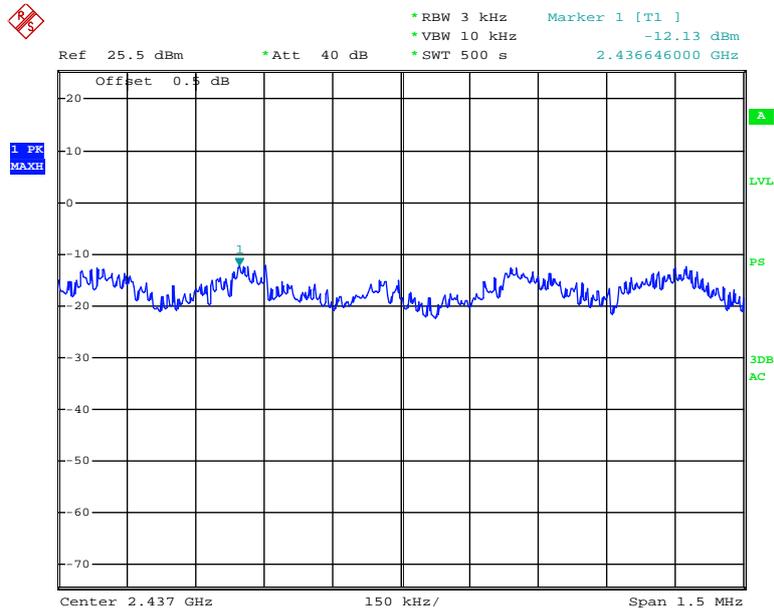
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:28:29

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Low Channel



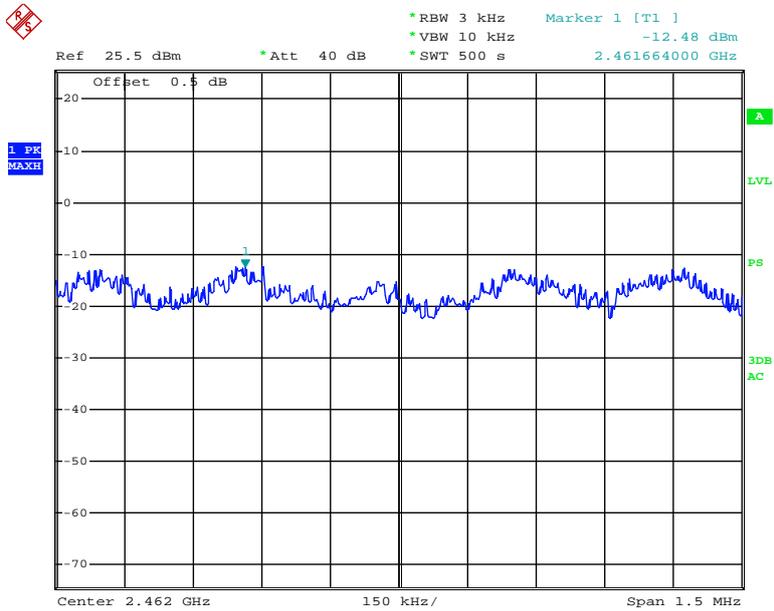
Date: 29.SEP.2011 20:51:04

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:01:09

### Power Spectral Density, 802.11g High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2011 21:21:50

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*