

FCC MPE Calculation

EUT Description: Cruz (Tablet)

Company: Velocity Micro, Inc.

Model: T510

FCC ID: ZVJ-T510

Mobile position: lap/table

Frequency: 2412-2462 MHz (11 channels)

Modulation: 11b: DSSS (DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK), 11gn(HT20): OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM)

Mid-Channel: 2.437 GHz (Channel 6)

Mid-Channel Peak Power, Conducted: 12.06 dBm == 16.10 mW

Highest Peak Power measured: 12.20 (11b/Ch11) == 16.60 mW → we take worst case value for further calculation, even if measured less in the mid-channel.

Antenna Gain: G = 0 dBi

For devices intended for the **General Population** and used in an **uncontrolled** manner, routine evaluation (SAR) for this device is not required, because the source-based time-averaged power (average conducted power or average radiated EIRP, whichever is the highest) is below the:

- Low threshold of 60/f for distances < 2.5 cm.
- High threshold of 60/f for distances < 20 cm.

Calculation:

Limit = $60/2.437 = 24.62 \text{ mW}$

$P_{\text{radiated, max}} = P_{\text{conducted, dBm}} + G_{\text{dBi}} = 12.20 \text{ dBm} + 0 \text{ dBi} == 12.20 \text{ dBm} = 16.60 \text{ mW}$

Conclusion:

The emitted power appears to be (far) below the required limit, so PASS.

Note 1: f shall be the mid-band frequency expressed in GHz; the limit calculated with this mid-band frequency applies to all channels. For PTT with body-worn or face-held modes, d is the distance from the device case to a person's body; for modules with antennas inside laptops, d is the distance from the antenna to the person's body.

Note 2: Average Power levels are always equal or below the measured Peak Power levels, which means that calculating the EIRP using the Peak power can be considered as worst case.)