

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name :	Mobile Phone
Trademark :	Bmobile
Model Name :	B63 PRO
Family Model:	N/A
Report No. :	S22040601403001
FCC ID :	ZSW-30-116

Prepared for

b mobile HK Limited

Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong, China

Prepared by

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name	: b mobile HK Limited
Address	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street;
Audress	^{··} Kwai Chung;New Territories; Hong Kong, China
Manufacturer's Name	: b mobile HK Limited
Address	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street;
Audress	Kwai Chung;New Territories; Hong Kong, China
Product description	
Product name	: Mobile Phone
Trademark	: Bmobile
Model Name	: B63 PRO
Family Model	: N/A
	FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
Standards	: ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992;IEEE Std 1528-2013
	Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests	: Apr. 13, 2022 ~ Apr. 19, 2022
Date of Issue	∶May 16, 2022
Tost Posult	Bass

Test Result..... Pass

Prepared By (Test Engineer)

 $\int a \cosh \cdot \cosh(\theta)$ (Jacob Chen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)

(Alex Li)



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REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	May 16, 2022	Jacob Chen





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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

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(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: *Whole-Body SAR* is averaged over the entire body, *partial-body SAR* is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. *SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles* is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT 1.6 W/kg APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for B63 PRO are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class -Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
RF Exposure	Conditions	PCE	DTS	NII	DSS
1-g He	ad	0.260	0.163	N/A	N/A
1-g Body-	Worn	0.660	0.153	N/A	N/A
(Separation distance of 10mm)		0.000	0.155	IN/A	IN/A
1-g Hotspot		0.660	0.153	N/A	N/A
(Separation distance of 10mm)					
	Head	0.423	0.423	N/A	0.344
Max Simultaneous Tx	Body-Worn	0.813	0.813	N/A	0.702
	Hotspot	0.813	0.813	N/A	0.702

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name	Mobile Phone		
Trade Name	Bmobile		
Model Name	B63 PRO		
Family Model	N/A		
FCC ID	ZSW-30-116		
Device Phase	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category	General population / Uncor	ntrolled environmen	t
Antenna	PIFA Antenna		
Battery Information	DC 3.8V, 3000mAh		
Hard Ware Version	Bmobile_B63Pro_HW_V1.0		
Soft Ware Version	Bmobile_B63PRO_TEM_MX_V001		
Device Operating Configurations			
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/4/5, WLAN 2.4G, Bluetooth		
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK), WCDMA(QPSK), WLAN(DSSS/OFDM),		
	Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	В		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)







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	GSM 850	824-849	869-894
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-	2462
	Bluetooth 2402-2480		2480
	Max Number of Timeslots in		4
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		
Power Class	r Class 3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)		and 2)
	3, tested with power contro	ol "all 1"(WCDMA Ba	and 4)
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)		and 5)

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1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

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2. SAR Measurement System

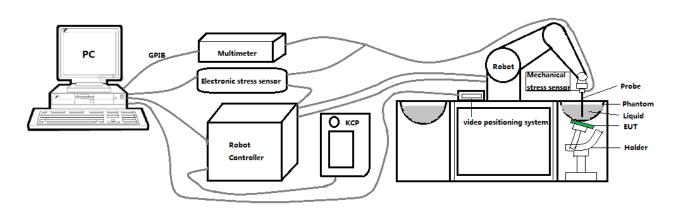
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2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram

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These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

- Probe linearity: ±0.08 dB
- Axial isotropy: ±0.01 dB
- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB
- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





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2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

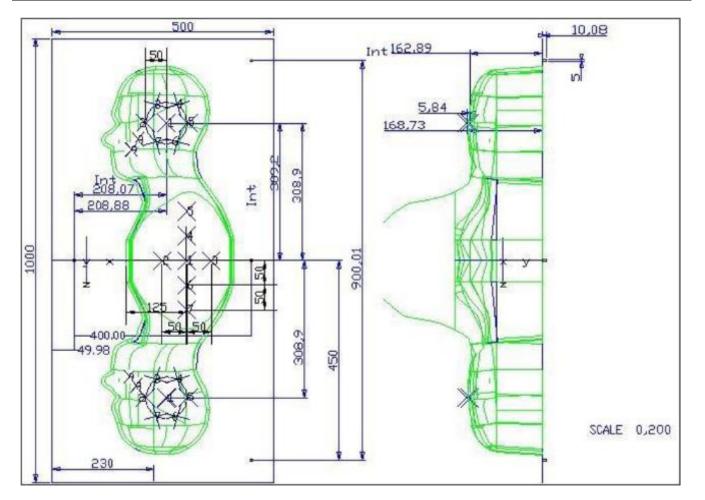




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2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000mm Width:500mm Height:200mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



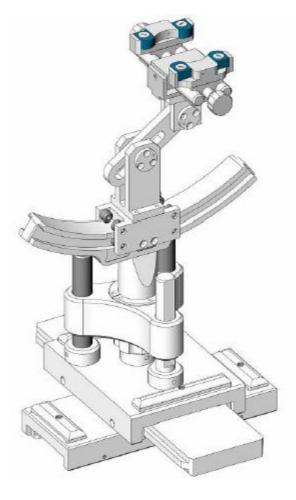
Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Righ	nt Head(mm)	Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μ m.



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \end{tabular}$

	Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
	Manufacturer	Equipment	i ype/woder	Senar Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Feb. 01,	Jan. 30,
			JOLZ	SN 00/10 EF 90207	2022	2023
	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
			310730	0G750-355	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
			010000	0G835-347	2021	2024
	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
			310900	0G900-348	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	NV G		3101000	1G800-349	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	NIV G		3101900	1G900-350	2021	2024
	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
			3102000	2G000-351	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	2450 MHz Dipolo	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
		2450 MHz Dipole	3ID2400	2G450-352	2021	2024
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVI V G		3102000	2G600-356	2021	2024
		5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	MVG		30000	SIN 15/14 WGA 55	2021	2024
\square	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
\square	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
\square	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	R&S	Wideband radio communication tester	CMW500	103917	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
\square	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
\boxtimes	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022



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\boxtimes	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
\boxtimes	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023

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3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

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(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

(c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

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Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

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From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	\geq 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

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The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.

4. System Verification Procedure

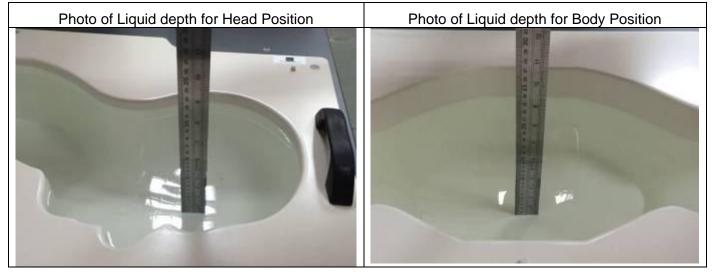
4.1. Tissue Verification

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The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.





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4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head	835	41.50	0.90	42.16	0.92	21.3 °C	Apr. 18, 2022	
850		(39.43~43.58)	(0.86~0.95)		0.01			
Head	1800	40.00	1.40	38.68	1.38	21.5 °C	Apr. 13, 2022	
1800	1000	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)			21.5 °C	Api. 13, 2022	
Head	1900	40.00	1.40	38.17	1.46	21.6 °C	Apr. 15, 2022	
1900	1900	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)	50.17	1.40	21.0 0	Apr. 13, 2022	
Head	2450	39.20	1.80	38.45	1.79	21.7 °C	Apr. 19, 2022	
2450	2430	(37.24~41.16)	(1.71~1.89)	50.45	1.75	21.7 0	Αρι. 13, 2022	

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

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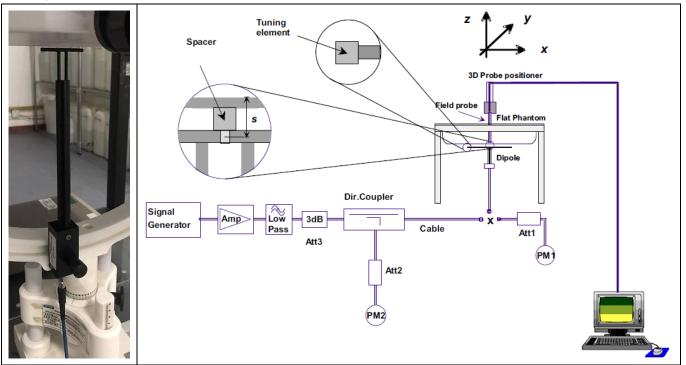
4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

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The system verification is shown as below picture:



4.2.1. System Verification Results

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Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System	Target S/ (±10	Measure (Normalize		Liquid	Ta of Doto	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	Temp.	Test Date
835MHz	9.84 (8.86~10.82)	6.22 (5.60~6.84)	9.76	5.90	21.3 °C	Apr. 18, 2022
1800MHz	37.96 (34.17~41.75)	19.81 (17.83~21.79)	36.39	20.22	21.5 °C	Apr. 13, 2022
1900MHz	40.37 (36.34~44.40)	20.48 (18.44~22.52)	42.94	21.28	21.6 °C	Apr. 15, 2022
2450MHz	53.69 (48.33~59.05)	23.94 (21.55~26.33)	54.42	24.90	21.7 °C	Apr. 19, 2022



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5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

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5.1. SAR measurement variability

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Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

 Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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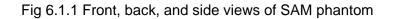
6. RF Exposure Positions

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6.1. Ear and handset reference point

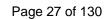
Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE".





6.2. Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
- 4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.



6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

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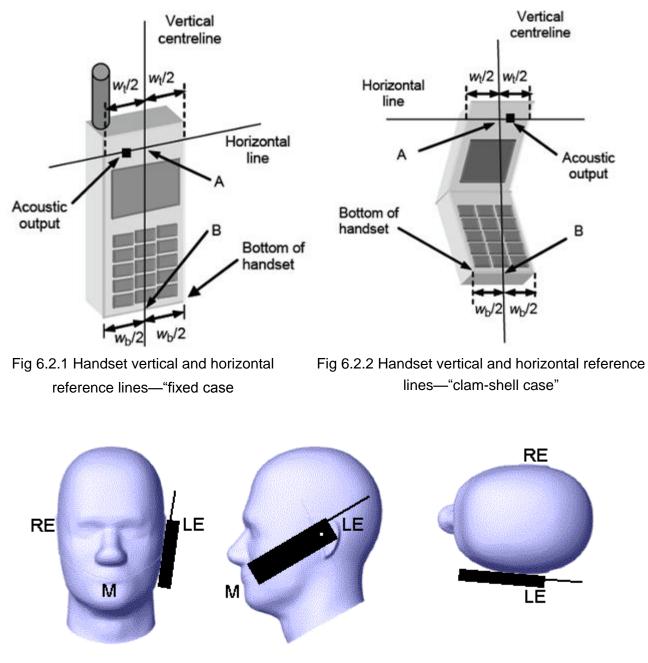


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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6.3. Definition of the tilt position

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- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
- 2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).

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3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the handset is in contact with the phantom.



Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest

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spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

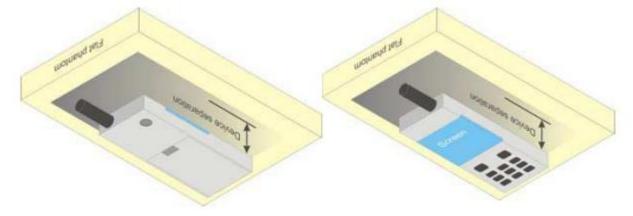


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Ave	eraged ou	itput Powe	er (dBm)	Frame	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	Tune-up 128 189 251 -			Tune-up	128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.82	32.90	33.00	23.97	23.79	23.87	23.97	
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	33.00	32.69	32.81	32.85	23.97	23.66	23.78	23.82	
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	32.50	31.88	32.08	32.26	26.48	25.86	26.06	26.24	
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	30.50	29.79	29.92	30.37	26.24	25.53	25.66	26.11	
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	29.00	28.24	28.38	28.83	25.99	25.23	25.37	25.82	
Dand COM4000	Dunat Au				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)				
Band GSM1900	Burst-Ave	eraged ou	tput Powe	er (aBm)					
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810	
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880.0	810 1909.8	Tune-up (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880.0	810 1909.8	
	•								
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK)	(dBm) 29.50	1850.2 28.97	1880.0 29.09	1909.8 29.00	(dBm) 20.47	1850.2 19.94	1880.0 20.06	1909.8 19.97	
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK) GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	(dBm) 29.50 29.50	1850.2 28.97 28.91	1880.0 29.09 29.03	1909.8 29.00 29.05	(dBm) 20.47 20.47	1850.2 19.94 19.88	1880.0 20.06 20.00	1909.8 19.97 20.02	
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK) GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot) GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	(dBm) 29.50 29.50 29.00	1850.2 28.97 28.91 28.11	1880.0 29.09 29.03 28.31	1909.8 29.00 29.05 28.54	(dBm) 20.47 20.47 22.98	1850.2 19.94 19.88 22.09	1880.0 20.06 20.00 22.29	1909.8 19.97 20.02 22.52	

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB

7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

Band		WCDMA	Band 2	
Tx Channel	_	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.50	21.80	22.47	22.32
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	20.83	21.51	21.38
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.50	20.22	21.13	21.09
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.00	19.58	19.91	19.84
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.00	19.20	19.78	19.99
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.50	19.19	21.37	21.06
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.50	20.76	21.37	21.32
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.50	19.47	20.29	20.01
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	20.76	21.53	21.28
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	19.29	20.95	20.61
Band		WCDMA	Band 4	
Tx Channel	-	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
RMC12.2K	22.00	21.32	21.83	21.27
HSDPA Sub 1	21.00	20.43	20.77	20.33
HSDPA Sub 2	20.50	19.91	20.47	19.93
HSDPA Sub 3	19.50	19.04	19.02	18.79
HSDPA Sub 4	19.50	18.88	19.10	18.79
HSUPA Sub 1	21.00	18.87	20.53	20.09
HSUPA Sub 2	21.00	20.20	20.67	20.07
HSUPA Sub 3	20.00	18.58	19.58	18.95
HSUPA Sub 4	21.00	20.36	20.77	20.26
HSUPA Sub 5	20.50	18.83	20.06	19.46
Band		WCDMA	Band 5	
Tx Channel		4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	22.50	22.22	22.23	22.21
HSDPA Sub 1	21.50	21.27	21.18	21.15
HSDPA Sub 2	21.00	20.78	20.72	20.46
HSDPA Sub 3	20.00	19.75	19.61	20.00
HSDPA Sub 4	20.00	19.81	19.18	19.28
HSUPA Sub 1	21.50	19.81	21.03	21.04
HSUPA Sub 2	21.50	21.14	21.11	21.03
HSUPA Sub 3	20.00	19.48	19.84	19.77



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HSUPA Sub 4	21.50	21.31	21.22	21.22
HSUPA Sub 5	21.00	19.95	20.62	20.43

7.3. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.3.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	15.50	15.40
802.11b	6	2437	15.50	15.18
	11	2462	15.50	15.18
	1	2412	14.00	13.12
802.11g	6	2437	14.00	13.21
	11	2462	14.00	13.53
	1	2412	14.00	13.52
802.11n HT20	6	2437	14.00	13.69
	11	2462	14.00	13.61
	3	2422	14.00	13.84
802.11n HT40	6	2437	14.00	13.04
	9	2452	14.00	13.00

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

7.3.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

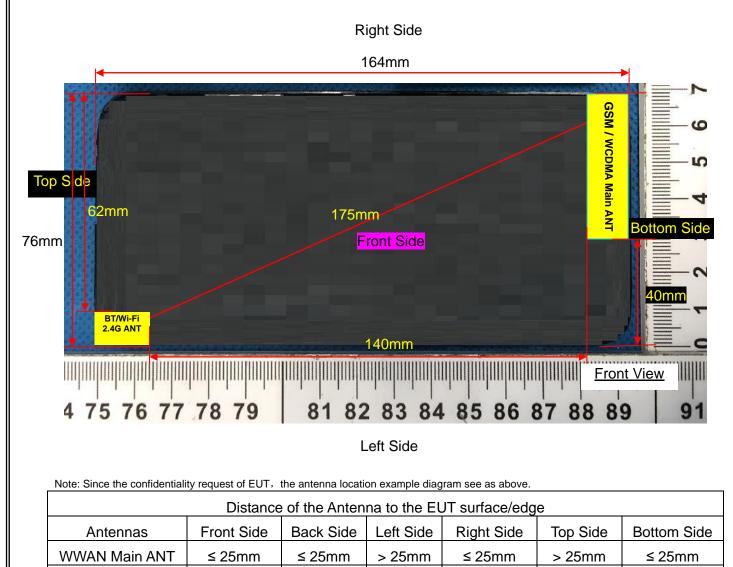
		0	utput Power (dBn	n)				
	Channel	Tune-up		Data Rates				
	Channer	i une-up	1M	2M	3M			
BR+EDR	0CH	3.000	1.960	1.972	2.046			
	39CH	3.000	2.179	1.712	1.761			
	78CH	3.000	2.895	2.847	2.971			

BLE	Channel	Tune - up	Output Power (dBm)
	0CH	3.000	2.429
	19CH	3.000	2.318
	39CH	3.000	2.517

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.



8. Antenna Location



WLAN & Bluetooth	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm
		Position	s for SAR te	sts		
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main ANT	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO

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9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

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Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- + $f_{(GHZ)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

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When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Pmax	Pmax	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
Mode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	3.00	2.00	5	2.480	0.63	3.00	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	3.00	2.00	5	2.48	7.5	0.084
Bluetooth	Body	3.00	2.00	10	2.48	7.5	0.042
Bluetooth	Hotspot	3.00	2.00	10	2.48	7.5	0.042

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test	Test	Toot Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data
Position of Head	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date



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Left	400/000 4	GPRS(GMSK	0.000	0 4 7 4	2.07	22.00	22.50	0.000	2022/4/40
Cheek	189/836.4	2TS)	0.236	0.171	3.97	32.08	32.50	0.260	2022/4/18
Left Tilt		GPRS(GMSK							
15	189/836.4	2TS)	0.122	0.085	2.81	32.08	32.50	0.134	2022/4/18
Degree		213)							
Right	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK	0.213	0.147	-0.27	32.08	32.50	0.235	2022/4/18
Cheek	109/030.4	2TS)	0.213	0.147	-0.27	32.00	32.50	0.235	2022/4/10
Right Tilt		GPRS(GMSK							
15	189/836.4	2TS)	0.105	0.075	-0.68	32.08	32.50	0.116	2022/4/18
Degree		213)							

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value ⁄kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	restmode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.186	0.111	1.75	32.08	32.50	0.205	2022/4/18
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.265	0.166	2.74	32.08	32.50	0.292	2022/4/18

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

Test				Value					
Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	(W/ 1g	′kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.186	0.111	1.75	32.08	32.50	0.205	2022/4/18
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.265	0.166	2.74	32.08	32.50	0.292	2022/4/18
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.084	0.050	3.45	32.08	32.50	0.093	2022/4/18
Bottom Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.135	0.085	1.86	32.08	32.50	0.149	2022/4/18

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850





10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode		Value /kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.026	0.021	-3.38	26.46	27.50	0.033	2022/4/15
Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.014	0.012	0.73	26.46	27.50	0.018	2022/4/15
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.022	0.017	3.72	26.46	27.50	0.028	2022/4/15
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.011	0.009	-0.65	26.46	27.50	0.014	2022/4/15

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.102	0.049	-0.56	26.46	27.50	0.130	2022/4/15
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.153	0.076	-2.80	26.46	27.50	0.194	2022/4/15

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

F	Test Position	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)					Scaled	
ŀ	of Hotspot with 10mm			1g	10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	SCaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
	Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.102	0.049	-0.56	26.46	27.50	0.130	2022/4/15
	Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.153	0.076	-2.80	26.46	27.50	0.194	2022/4/15
	Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.057	0.028	-3.79	26.46	27.50	0.072	2022/4/15



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Bottom	004/4000	GPRS(GMSK	0.000	0.044	0.50	00.40	07.50	0.444	0000/4/45	
Side	661/1880	3TS)	0.090	0.044	-0.56	26.46	27.50	0.114	2022/4/15	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of	Test	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	Date
Head	/Freq.	restmode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Left Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.033	0.024	-2.05	22.47	22.50	0.033	2022/4/15
Left Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.018	0.016	-2.20	22.47	22.50	0.018	2022/4/15
Right Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.029	0.020	2.34	22.47	22.50	0.029	2022/4/15
Right Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.013	0.011	-0.21	22.47	22.50	0.013	2022/4/15

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value ′kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	rootmodo	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.144	0.072	-3.40	22.47	22.50	0.145	2022/4/15
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.201	0.101	-3.43	22.47	22.50	0.202	2022/4/15

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position	Test			Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
of Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.144	0.072	-3.40	22.47	22.50	0.145	2022/4/15
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.201	0.101	-3.43	22.47	22.50	0.202	2022/4/15
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.069	0.035	0.39	22.47	22.50	0.069	2022/4/15
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.115	0.055	-1.86	22.47	22.50	0.116	2022/4/15

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2





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10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of	Test Test Position of channel		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	Date
Head	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	2010
Left Cheek	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.120	0.080	-1.79	21.83	22.00	0.125	2022/4/13
Left Tilt 15 Degree	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.063	0.042	-2.49	21.83	22.00	0.066	2022/4/13
Right Cheek	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.105	0.070	1.66	21.83	22.00	0.109	2022/4/13
Right Tilt 15 Degree	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.054	0.035	0.68	21.83	22.00	0.056	2022/4/13

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of	Test	Test Mode		Value ⁄kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	restinidue	1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Dale
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.396	0.231	-1.82	21.83	22.00	0.412	2022/4/13
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.635	0.390	-1.27	21.83	22.00	0.660	2022/4/13

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of	Test			Value ⁄kg)	Power	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	_
Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.396	0.231	-1.82	21.83	22.00	0.412	2022/4/13
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.635	0.390	-1.27	21.83	22.00	0.660	2022/4/13
Right Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.201	0.117	3.13	21.83	22.00	0.209	2022/4/13
Bottom Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.330	0.197	2.93	21.83	22.00	0.343	2022/4/13

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

Test	Test		SAR Value		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position of	channel	Test Mode	(W/kg)		Drift	power	power	SAR	Date
Head	/Freq.		1g 10g		(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g	





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								(W/Kg)	
Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.165	0.125	-2.85	22.23	22.50	0.176	2022/4/18
Left Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.098	0.071	-3.32	22.23	22.50	0.104	2022/4/18
Right Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.147	0.111	-3.93	22.23	22.50	0.156	2022/4/18
Right Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.078	0.059	-1.14	22.23	22.50	0.083	2022/4/18

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Dale
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.132	0.083	3.72	22.23	22.50	0.140	2022/4/18
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.188	0.119	-0.35	22.23	22.50	0.200	2022/4/18

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of	Test			Value /kg)	Power	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR	
Hotspot	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g	Date
with 10mm				Ű	. ,			(W/Kg)	
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.132	0.083	3.72	22.23	22.50	0.140	2022/4/18
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.188	0.119	-0.35	22.23	22.50	0.200	2022/4/18
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.063	0.038	-0.89	22.23	22.50	0.067	2022/4/18
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.100	0.061	-3.61	22.23	22.50	0.106	2022/4/18

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Head	Test channel		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
of Head	/Freq.	Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Dale
Left Cheek	6/2437	802.11b	0.151	0.089	-1.45	15.18	15.50	0.163	2022/4/19
Left Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11b	0.084	0.049	-2.50	15.18	15.50	0.090	2022/4/19
Right Cheek	6/2437	802.11b	0.133	0.076	-3.31	15.18	15.50	0.143	2022/4/19
Right Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11b	0.072	0.042	-2.60	15.18	15.50	0.078	2022/4/19



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NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Body-Worn	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode		Value /kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g	Date
with 10mm Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.102	0.058	2.93	15.18	15.50	(W/Kg) 0.110	2022/4/19
Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.142	0.083	-0.14	15.18	15.50	0.153	2022/4/19

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of	Test	Toot Mode		Value ⁄kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data
Hotspot with 10mm	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.102	0.058	2.93	15.18	15.50	0.110	2022/4/19
Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.142	0.083	-0.14	15.18	15.50	0.153	2022/4/19
Left Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.067	0.039	-2.64	15.18	15.50	0.072	2022/4/19
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.076	0.042	1.09	15.18	15.50	0.082	2022/4/19

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.

2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled S	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	SPLSR	Remark
	Test Position		DTS	(W/Kg)	SFLOR	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.260	0.163	0.423	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15	0.134	0.090	0.224	N/A	N/A
	Degree					
Head	Right	0.235	0.143	0.378	N/A	N/A
	Cheek	0.200	•••••		,, .	
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.116	0.078	0.194	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.412	0.110	0.522	N/A	N/A
Body-Wolff	Back Side	0.660	0.153	0.813	N/A	N/A



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	Front Side	0.412	0.110	0.522	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.660	0.153	0.813	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	N/A	0.072	0.072	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.209	N/A	0.209	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.082	0.082	N/A	N/A
	Bottom	0.343	N1/A	0.242	N1/A	N1/A
	Side		N/A	0.343	N/A	N/A
		Ty Combinatia				

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WWAN and DTS.

Toot Do	oition	Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	SPLSR	Domork
Test Po	Test Position		DSS	(W/Kg)	SPLOK	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.260	0.084	0.344	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.134	0.084	0.218	N/A	N/A
Head	Right Cheek	0.235	0.084	0.319	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.116	0.084	0.200	N/A	N/A
Pody More	Front Side	0.412	0.042	0.454	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Back Side	0.660	0.042	0.702	N/A	N/A
	Front Side	0.412	0.042	0.454	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.660	0.042	0.702	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Right Side	0.209	N/A	0.209	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.343	N/A	0.343	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WWAN and DSS.

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 835MHz

MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 1800MHz

MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 1900MHz

MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - 2450MHz





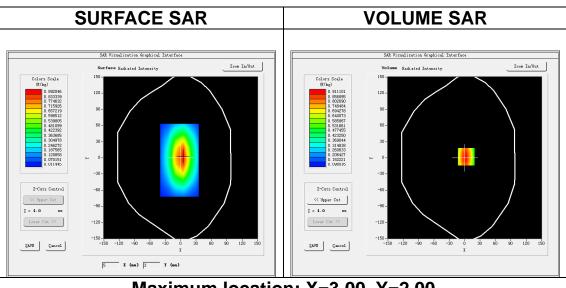
Date of measurement: 18/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	<u>CW835</u>		
<u>Channels</u>	Middle		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.164312
Relative permittivity	19.898390
(imaginary part)	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.923064
Variation (%)	1.970000

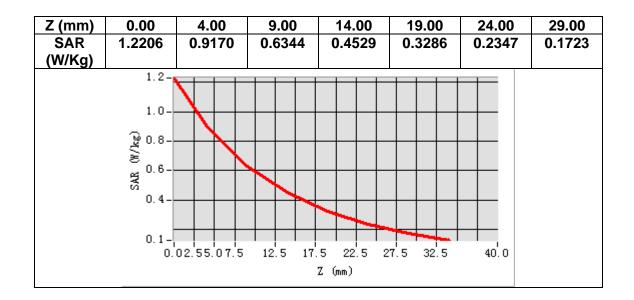


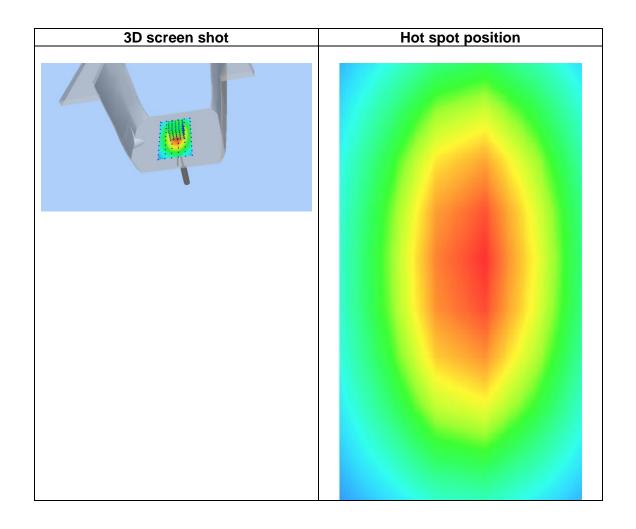
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.590191
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.976231



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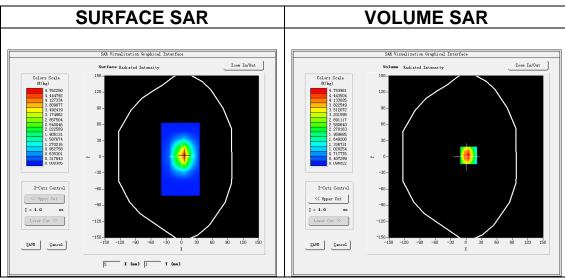
Date of measurement: 13/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.675753
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.800614
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380061
Variation (%)	-2.520000



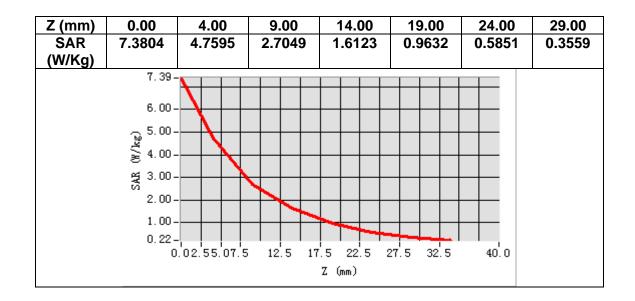
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 7.59 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.022296
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.639160



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3D screen shot	Hot spot position





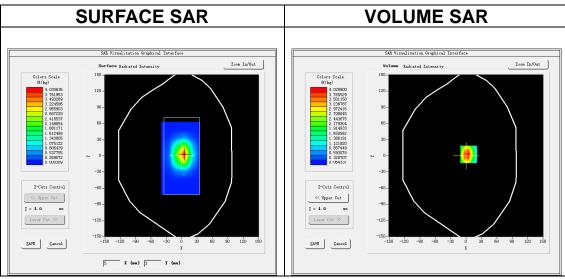
Date of measurement: 15/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

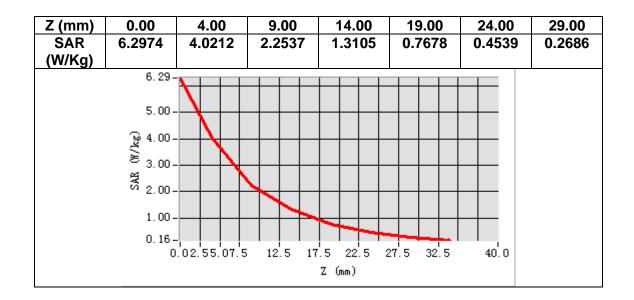
All mousurement resource	
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.167668
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.877784
Conductivity (S/m)	1.464877
Variation (%)	2.050000

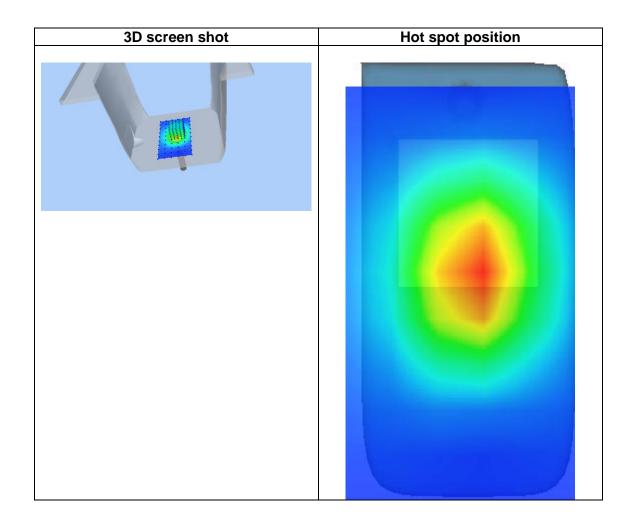


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 6.57 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.128384
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.294097











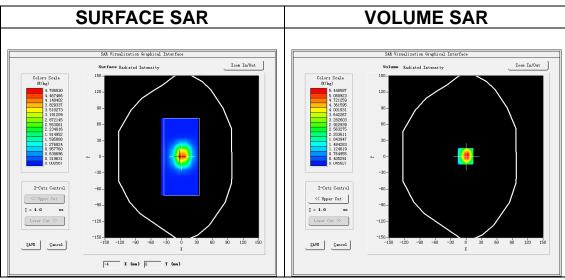
Date of measurement: 19/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

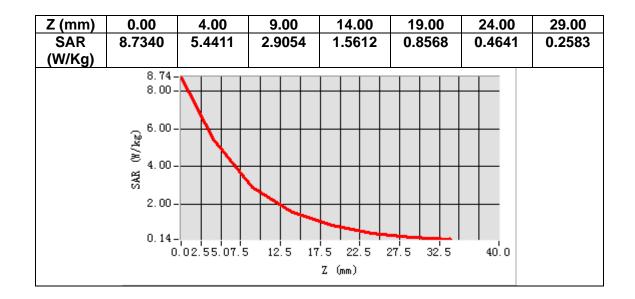
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.448352
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.173763
Conductivity (S/m)	1.793096
Variation (%)	1.570000



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 8.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.490172
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.442128





3D screen shot	Hot spot position





13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 GSM 850 Head	
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MEASUREMENT 8 WCDMA Band 4 Body	
MEASUREMENT 9 WCDMA Band 5 Head	
MEASUREMENT 10 WCDMA Band 5 Body	
MEASUREMENT 11 WLAN 2.4G Head	
MEASUREMENT 12 WLAN 2.4G Body	





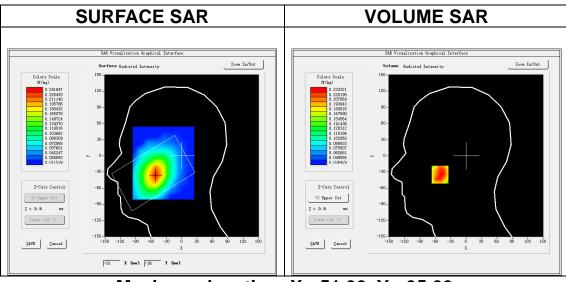
Date of measurement: 18/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

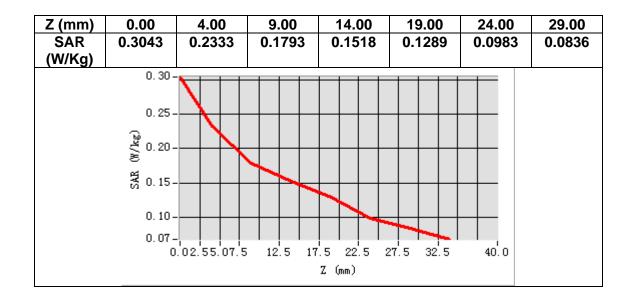
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.079971
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.924231
Conductivity (S/m)	0.925813
Variation (%)	3.970000

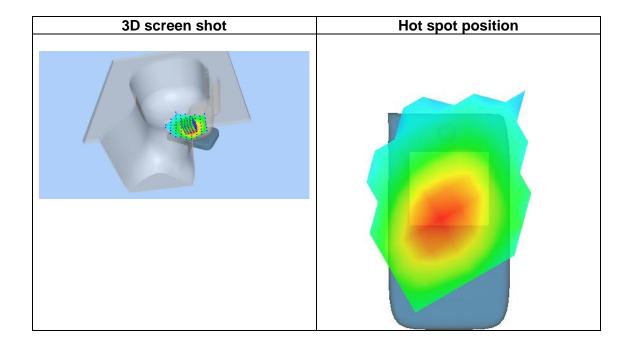


Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-35.00 SAR Peak: 0.31 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.170786
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.235687











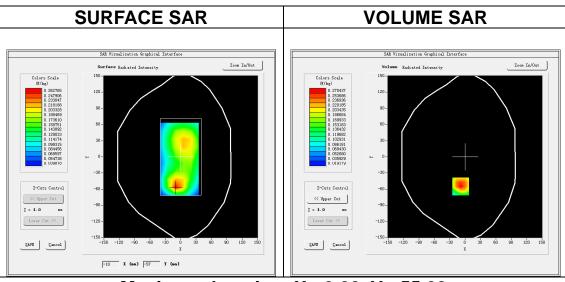
Date of measurement: 18/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

	-
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.079971
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.924231
Conductivity (S/m)	0.925813
Variation (%)	2.740000

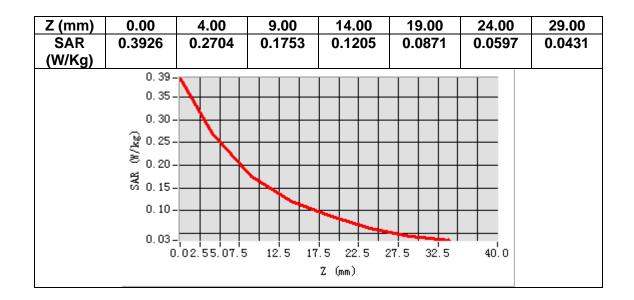


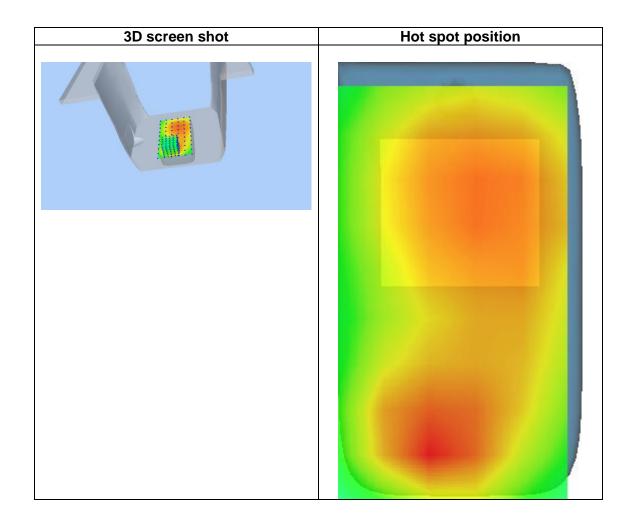
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-55.00 SAR Peak: 0.39 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.166176
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.265134



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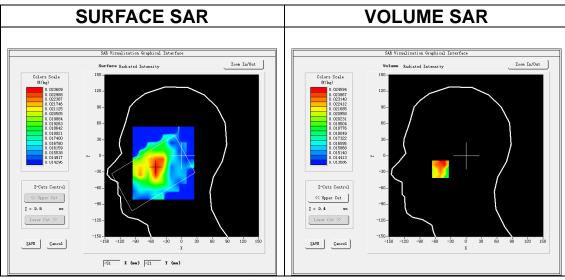
Date of measurement: 15/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

An mousurement resource	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.254066
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.895584
Conductivity (S/m)	1.451317
Variation (%)	-3.380000

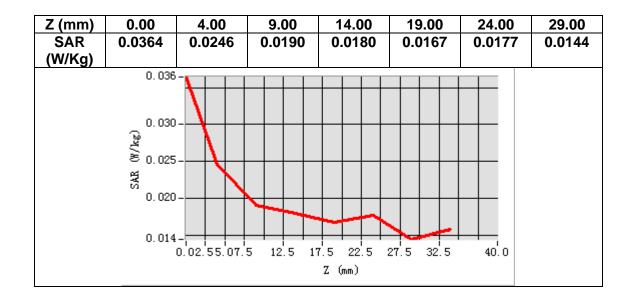


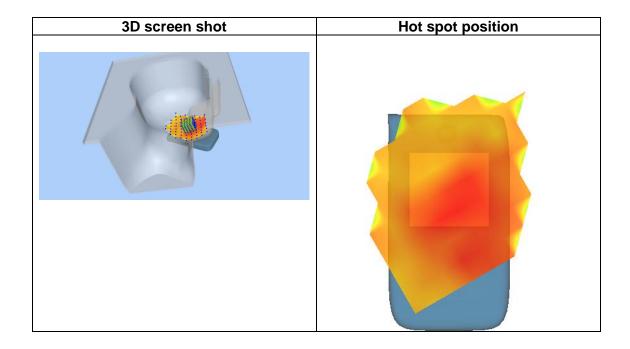
Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-25.00 SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.020785
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.025645



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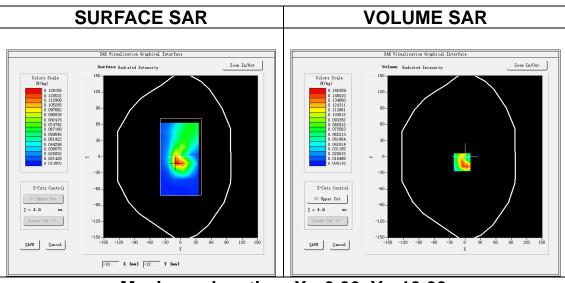
Date of measurement: 15/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.254066
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.895584
Conductivity (S/m)	1.451317
Variation (%)	-2.800000

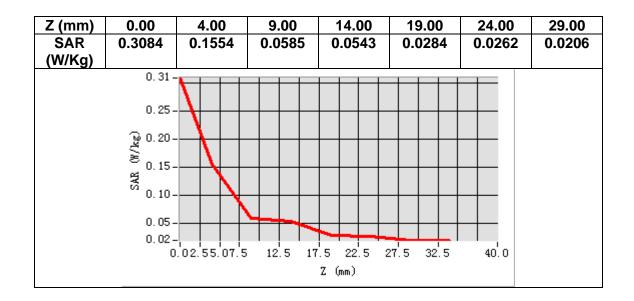


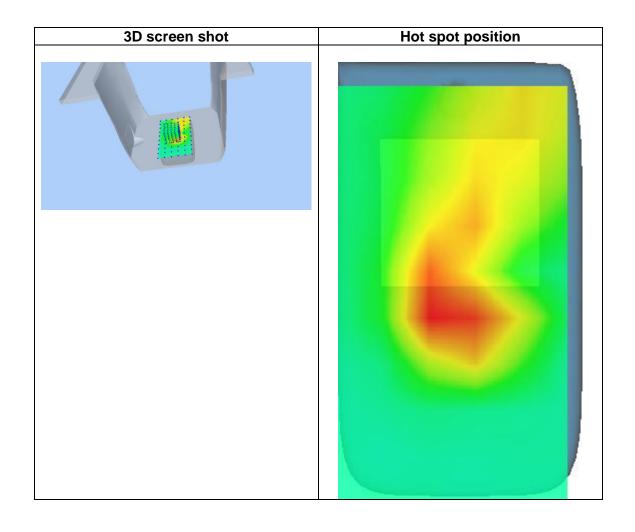
Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-10.00 SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.075778
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.153042



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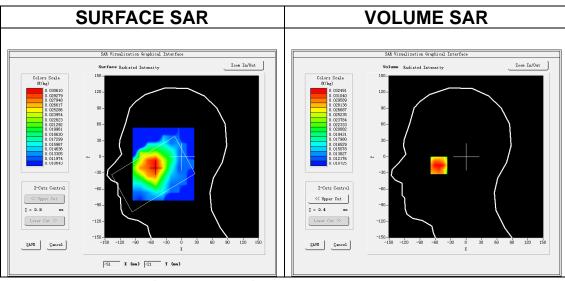
Date of measurement: 15/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.254066
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.895584
Conductivity (S/m)	1.451317
Variation (%)	-2.050000

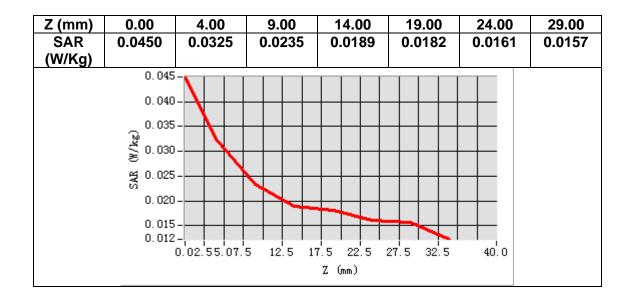


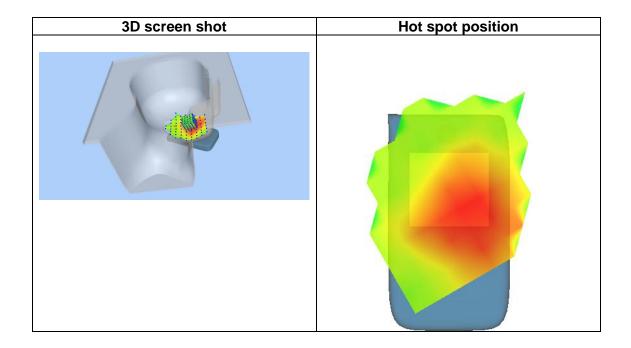
Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-14.00 SAR Peak: 0.05 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.024304
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.032936



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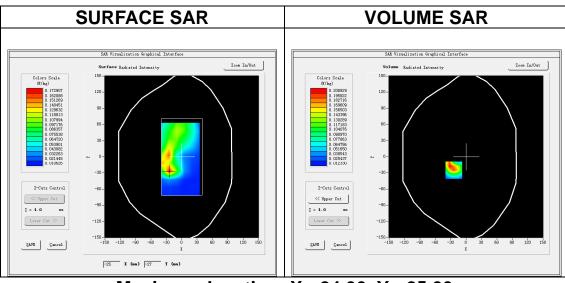
Date of measurement: 15/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.254066
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.895584
Conductivity (S/m)	1.451317
Variation (%)	-3.430000

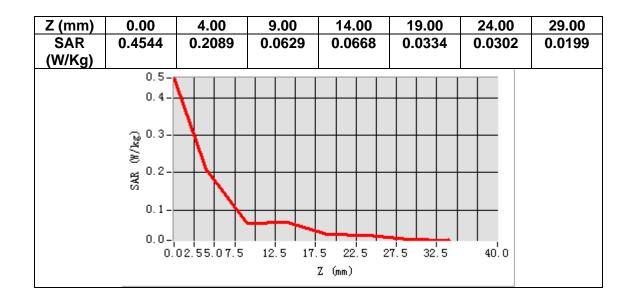


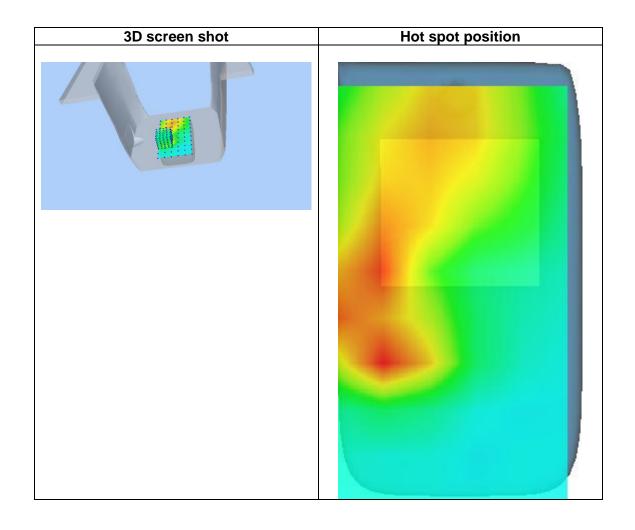
Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-25.00 SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.101276
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.201239



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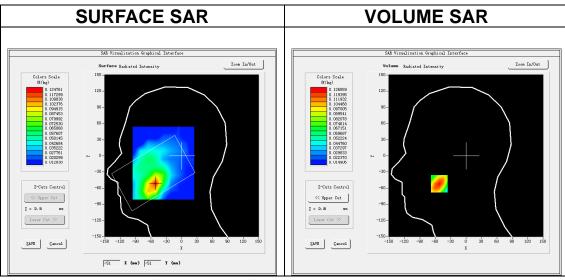
Date of measurement: 13/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band4_WCDMA1700
Channels	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.135452
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.752914
Conductivity (S/m)	1.323336
Variation (%)	-1.790000

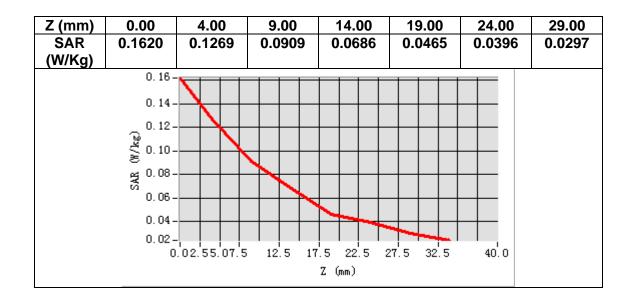


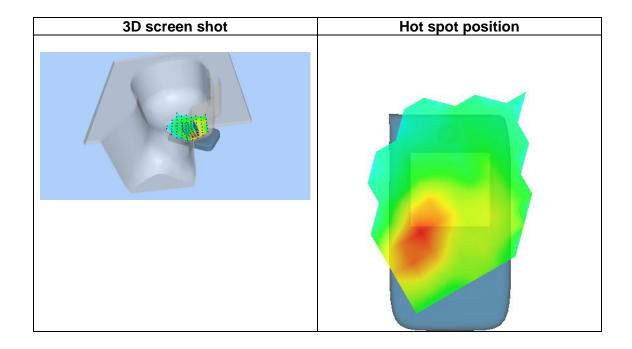
Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-52.00 SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.080401
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.119778



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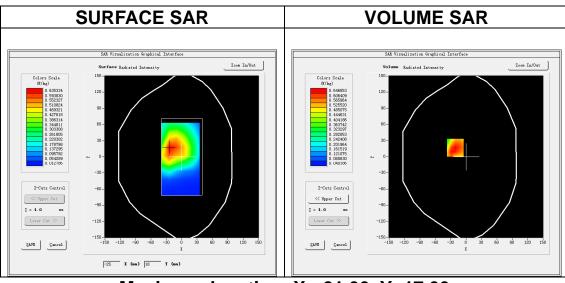
Date of measurement: 13/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band4_WCDMA1700
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

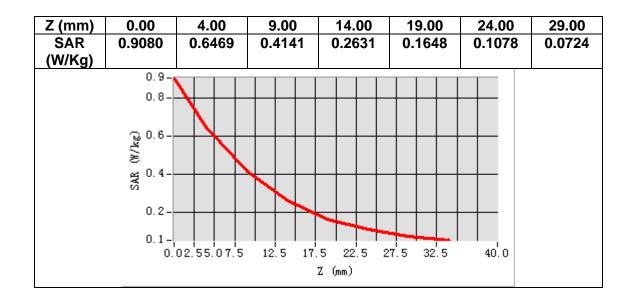
Frequency (MHz)	1732.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.135452
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.752914
Conductivity (S/m)	1.323336
Variation (%)	-1.270000

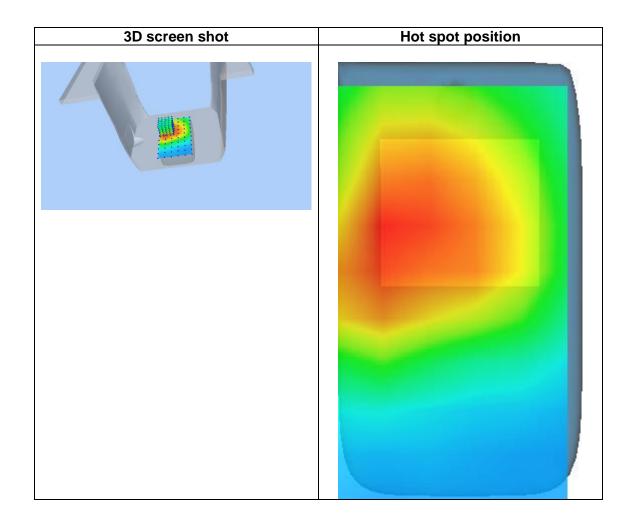


Maximum location: X=-21.00, Y=17.00 SAR Peak: 1.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.389752
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.634775











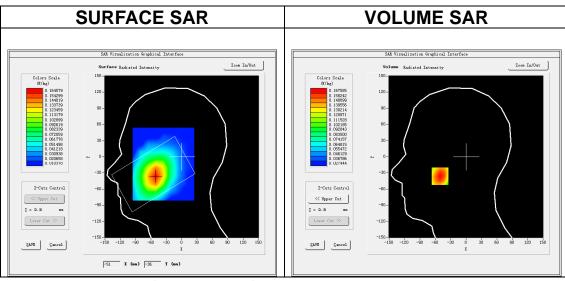
Date of measurement: 18/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.079971
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.924231
Conductivity (S/m)	0.925813
Variation (%)	-2.850000

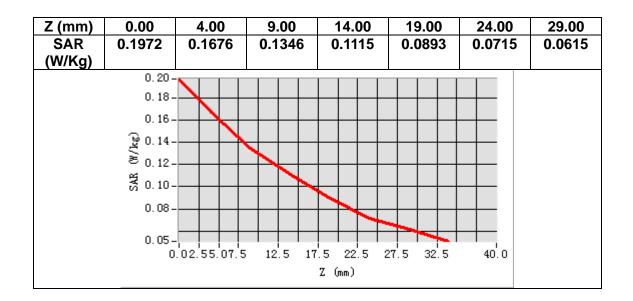


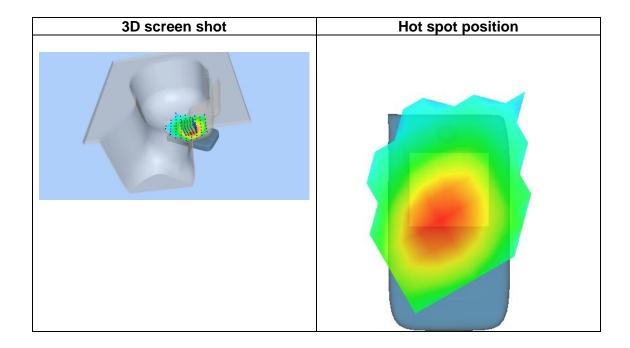
Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-36.00 SAR Peak: 0.20 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.124705
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.164504



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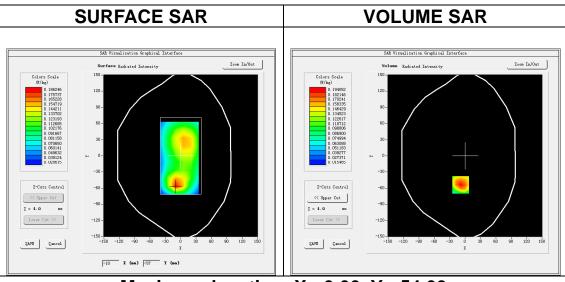
Date of measurement: 18/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.079971
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.924231
Conductivity (S/m)	0.925813
Variation (%)	-0.350000

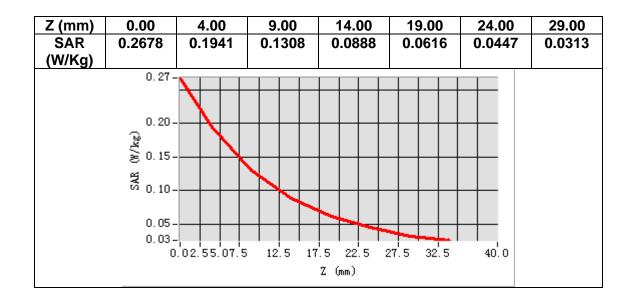


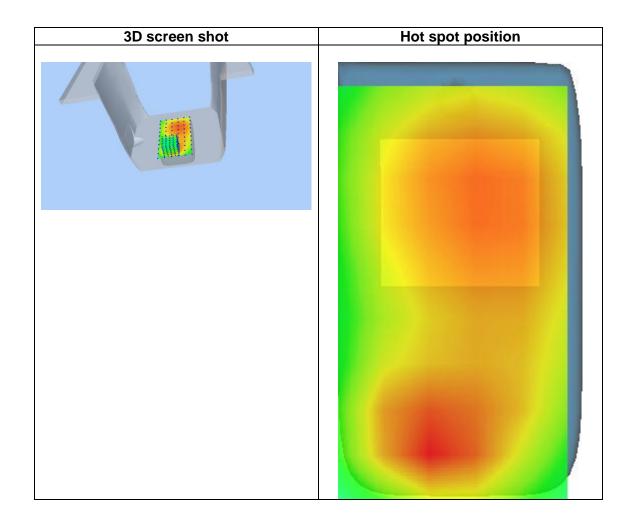
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-54.00 SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.118841
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.187758



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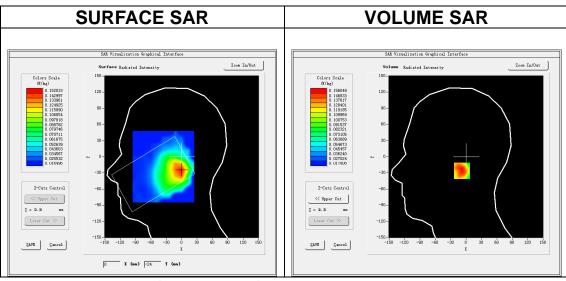
Date of measurement: 19/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Art mousurement resource	
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.500452
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.092263
Conductivity (S/m)	1.772547
Variation (%)	-1.450000

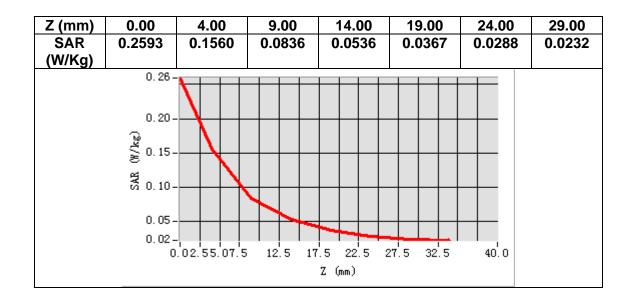


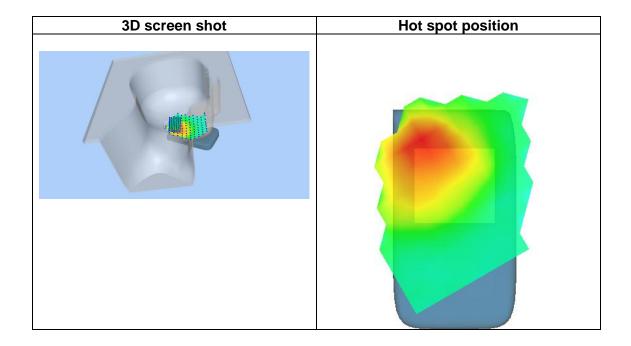
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-26.00 SAR Peak: 0.25 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.088973
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.151256



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MEASUREMENT 12

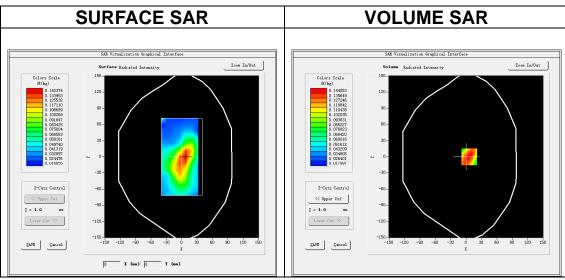
Date of measurement: 19/4/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>		
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>		
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM		
<u>Channels</u>	Middle		
<u>Signal</u>	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.500452
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.092263
Conductivity (S/m)	1.772547
Variation (%)	-0.140000

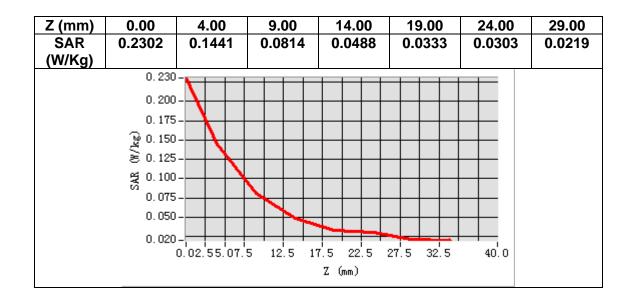


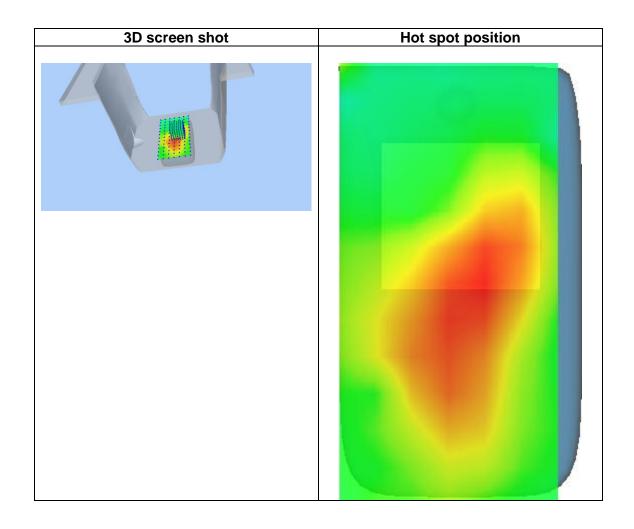
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.24 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.083274
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.142013



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14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents		
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287		
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347		
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349		
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350		
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352		
Extended Calibration Certificate		





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Report No.: S22040601403001



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/01/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/1/2022	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/1/2022	JS
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/1/2022	Gann Toutain
	•	•		



	Customer Name			
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.			

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
А	Jérôme Luc	2/1/2022	Initial release

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vH







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

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	5.4	Isotropy	
6	List	of Equipment10	

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1

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ		

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

-	
	2

Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 <u>LINEARITY</u>

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be} + d_{\rm step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\text{SAR}_{\text{uncertainty}}[\%] = \delta \text{SAR}_{\text{be}} \frac{\left(d_{\text{be}} + d_{\text{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\text{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\text{be}}/(\delta/2)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{\text{be}} + d_{\text{step}}\right) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect SARuncertainty is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement dbe point, in millimetre is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that Δ_{step} are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14 \text{ mm}$ at 3 GHz; **⊿**SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

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The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

	Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	Normz dipole 3 $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula: $E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$

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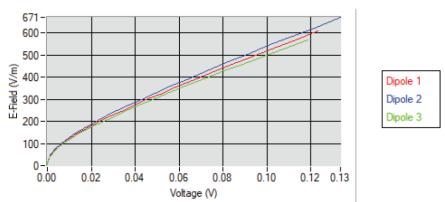
Report No.: S22040601403001



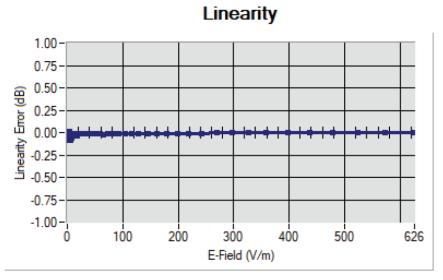
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Calibration curves



LINEARITY 5.2



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)

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5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency	<u>ConvF</u>
	<u>(MHz +/-</u> 100MHz)	
HL750	750	1.49
HL850	835	1.50
HL900	900	1.61
HL1800	1800	1.73
HL1900	1900	1.91
HL2000	2000	1.97
HL2300	2300	1.92
HL2450	2450	1.98
HL2600	2600	1.87
HL3300	3300	1.79
HL3500	3500	1.85
HL3700	3700	1.79
HL3900	3900	2.07
HL4200	4200	2.21
HL4600	4600	2.25
HL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	1.80
HL5400	5400	2.05
HL5600	5600	2.16
HL5800	5800	2.07

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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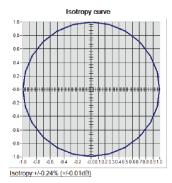


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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5.4 **ISOTROPY**

HL1800 MHz



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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LIST OF EQUIPMENT 6

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





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Report No.: S22040601403001



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.3.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jez
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain



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Distribution :	TESTING
Distribution :	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
А	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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