



TEST REPORT				
Report Reference No	TRE18100200 R/C: 85734			
FCC ID:	ZSW-30-068			
Applicant's name:	b mobile HK Limited			
Address	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.			
Manufacturer	b mobile HK Limited			
Address:	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.			
Test item description:	Mobile Phone			
Trade Mark	Bmobile			
Model/Type reference:	AX905			
Listed Model(s)				
Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 IEEE 1528: 2013			
Date of receipt of test sample:	Oct.23,2018			
Date of testing	Oct.24,2018-Nov.07,2018			
Date of issue	Nov.09,2018			
Result	PASS			
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(position+printedname+signature):	Manager: Hans Hu /			
Testing Laboratory Name: :	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd			
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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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## 1. Test Standards and Report version

## 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices IEEE Std 1528<sup>™</sup>-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02:</u> SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters <u>KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03:</u> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets <u>KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01:</u> SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices <u>KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01:</u> SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless

Router Capabilities

### 1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2018-11-09	Original

## 2. <u>Summary</u>

## 2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	b mobile HK Limited
Address:	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.
Manufacturer:	b mobile HK Limited
Address:	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.

## 2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Mobile Phone			
Trade Mark:	Bmobile			
Model No.:	AX905			
Listed Model(s):	-			
Power supply:	DC 3.8V			
Device Category:	Portable			
Product stage:	Production unit			
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population	on/Uncontrolled		
IMEI:	35284910099974	1		
Hardware version:	V00			
Software version:	Bmobile_AX905_	OM_LTM_V001		
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x	Width x Thickness):	144 x 71 x 10mm	
Maximum SAR Value				
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mr	n		
	Body: 10m	ım		
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Test location:	PCE	DTS	Simultaneous Tx
	Head:	0.768 W/kg	0.533 W/kg	1.301 W/kg
	Body:	1.160 W/kg	0.155 W/kg	1.233 W/kg
	Hotspot:	1.160 W/kg	0.155 W/kg	1.233 W/kg
GSM				
Support Network:	GSM,GPRS,EGP	RS		
Support Band:	GSM850,PCS190	0		
Modulation Type:	GSM/GPRS/EGP EGPRS:8PSK	RS:GMSK		
GPRS Multislot Class:	12			
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12			
Antenna type:	PIFA			
WCDMA				
Operation Band:	WCDMA Band II,	WCDMA Band V		
Power Class:	Power Class 3			
Modulation Type:	QPSK	QPSK		
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported			
Antenna type:	PIFA			

WIFI 2.4G	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Modulation Type:	DSSS for 802.11b
	OFDM for 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Operation frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel number:	11
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.2+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA
Bluetooth-BLE	
Version:	Supported BT4.2+BLE
Modulation:	GFSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	40
Channel separation:	2MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA
Remark:	· · · ·

1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

2. The Test EUT support two SIM card(SIM1,SIM2),so all the tests are performed at each SIM card (SIM1,SIM2) mode, the datum recorded is the worst case for all the mode at SIM1 Card mode.

## 3. Test Environment

### 3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

### 3.2. Test Facility

#### CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

#### A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

#### IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

#### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### 3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

## 4. Equipments Used during the Test

Tate	Mar fast see	Taxata	del Serial Number	Calibration	
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model		Last Cal.	Last Cal.
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2018/04/25	2019/04/24
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2018/02/26	2019/02/25
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	2018/03/01	2019/02/28
Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2018/09/19	2019/09/18
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMW500	137681	2018/07/11	2019/07/10
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMB100A	175248	2018/08/31	2019/08/30
Power meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52090010	2018/03/22	2019/03/21
Power sensor	Agilent	E9304A	MY52140008	2018/03/22	2019/03/21
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY54470001	2018/03/22	2019/03/21
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	QA1202003	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY46151257	2018/03/22	2019/03/21
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY48220612	2018/03/22	2019/03/21
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

## 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

## 6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

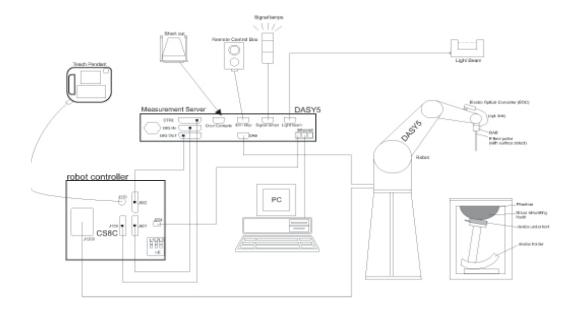
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



## 6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

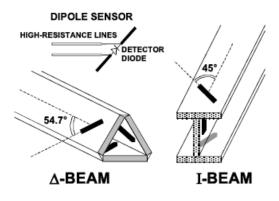
#### • Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.	
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm	R
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones	
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI	

#### • Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



### 6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

### 6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

## 7. SAR Test Procedure

## 7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5$  %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1$ mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^{\circ}$ .)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

#### **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

able 1: Area and Zo				
			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the r			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$	$\leq$ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	ial n, normal to surface graded	$\Delta z_{Z_{com}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq$ 4 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	om(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

### Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

\* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### 7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

#### Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm<sup>2</sup>], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
-	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

 $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$ 

Vi: compensated signal of channel ( i = x, y, z )

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H - field probes : H$$

 $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

Vi:	compensated signal of channel ( $i = x, y, z$ )
• ••	
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel ( $i = x, y, z$ ),
	[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg
- Etot: total field strength in V/m
- σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

## 8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

## 8.1. Head Position

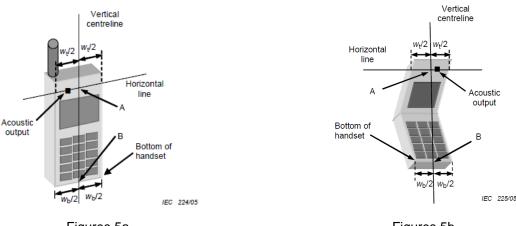
The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

**The vertical centreline** passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B).

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets,

handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



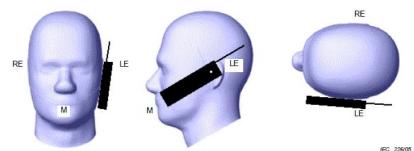
Figures 5a



- Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- W<sub>b</sub> Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

**Cheek position** 

**Tilt position** 



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

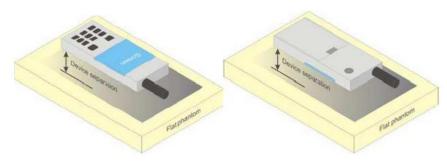
RE ME LE

Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

## 8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

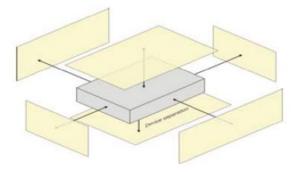
Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  to support compliance.



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

### 8.3. Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

The hotspot mode and body-worn accessory SAR test configurations may overlap for handsets. When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations. This typically applies to the back and front surfaces of a handset when SAR is required for both hotspot mode and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. Depending on the form factor and dimensions of a device, the test separation distance used for hotspot mode SAR measurement is either 10 mm or that used in the body-worn accessory configuration, whichever is less for devices with dimension > 9 cm x 5 cm. For smaller devices with dimensions  $\leq$  9 cm x 5 cm because of a greater potential for next to body use a test separation of  $\leq$  5 mm must be used.



Picture 5 Test positions for Hotspot Mode

## 9. System Check

## 9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Target Frequency	He	ad	E	Body					
(MHz)	٤r	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)					
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97					
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52					
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95					

#### **Check Result:**

	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency		٤r		σ(s/m)		Delta	Limit	Temp	Data	
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)			(°C)	Date	
835	41.50	42.50	0.90	0.93	2.41%	3.56%	±5%	22	2018-10-25	
1900	40.00	41.67	1.40	1.47	4.16%	4.71%	±5%	22	2018-10-29	
2450	39.20	40.96	1.80	1.84	4.48%	2.11%	±5%	22	2018-10-31	

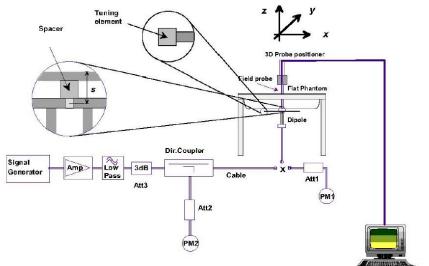
	Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency	cy εr σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta	Lingit	Temp	Data			
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(°C)	Date	
835	55.20	55.40	0.97	0.97	0.36%	-0.41%	±5%	22	2018-10-26	
1900	53.30	53.72	1.52	1.55	0.79%	1.97%	±5%	22	2018-10-30	
2450	52.70	53.03	1.95	2.00	0.63%	2.56%	±5%	22	2018-10-31	

## 9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



System Performance Check Setup

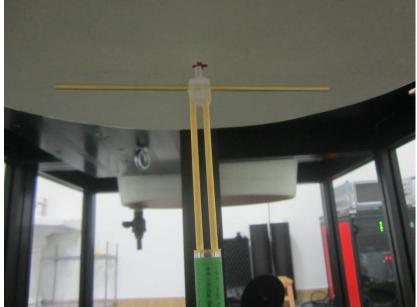


Photo of Dipole Setup

## Check Result:

	Head										
Frequency		1g SAR			10g SAR		Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	Dete
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Linin	(°C)	Date
835	9.51	9.92	2.48	6.15	6.52	1.63	4.31%	6.02%	±10%	22	2018-10-25
1900	40.30	41.60	10.40	21.10	21.68	5.42	3.23%	2.75%	±10%	22	2018-10-29
2450	51.50	50.40	12.60	24.10	23.44	5.86	-2.14%	-2.74%	±10%	22	2018-10-31

	Body										
Frequency	1g SAR				10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp	
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(°C)	Date
835	9.64	10.08	2.52	6.32	6.64	1.66	4.56%	5.06%	±10%	22	2018-10-26
1900	39.80	41.60	10.40	20.90	21.68	5.42	4.52%	3.73%	±10%	22	2018-10-30
2450	49.40	50.00	12.50	23.30	23.32	5.83	1.21%	0.09%	±10%	22	2018-10-31

## Plots of System Performance Check

#### System Performance Check-Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238 Date: 2018-10-25 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.932 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 42.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(10.73, 10.73, 10.73); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

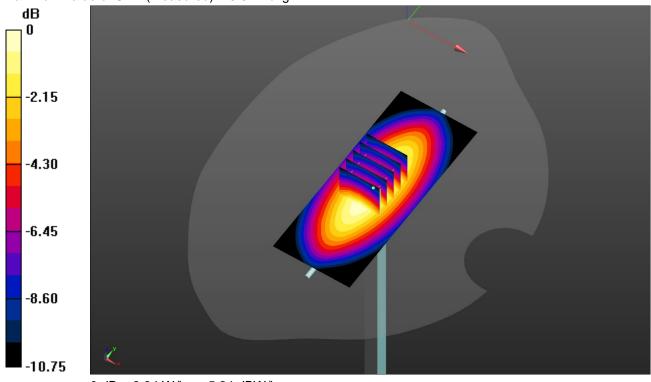
## Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.51 W/kg

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 66.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.78 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.24 dBW/kg

#### System Performance Check-Body 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238 Date: 2018-10-26 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.966 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.403;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(10.5, 10.5, 10.5); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

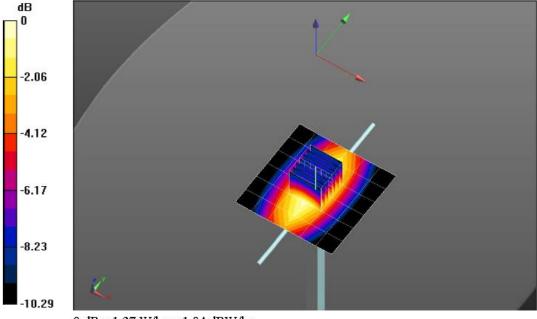
dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



 $0~\mathrm{dB} = 1.27~\mathrm{W/kg} = 1.04~\mathrm{dBW/kg}$ 

#### System Performance Check-Head 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226 Date:2018-10-29 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.466 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.665;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

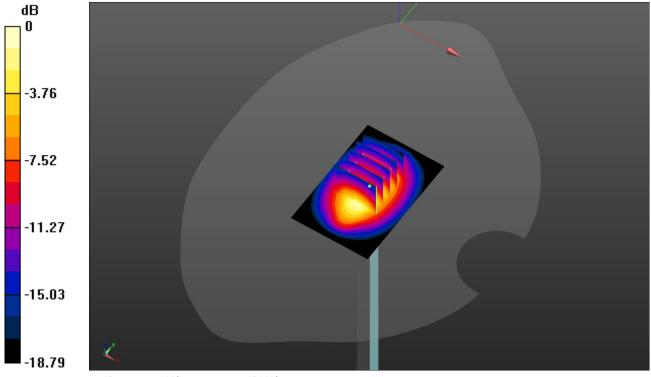
dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



0 dB = 16.1 W/kg = 12.07 dBW/kg

#### System Performance Check-Body 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226 Date:2018-10-30 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.553 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.42, 8.42, 8.42); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

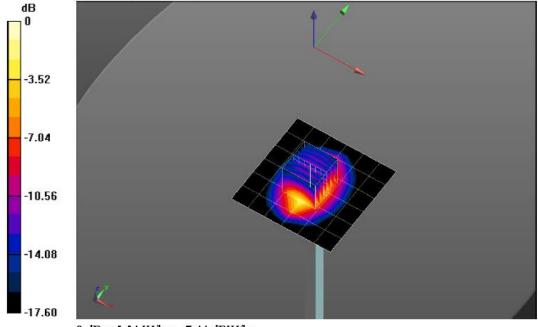
## Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 W/kg

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 5.54 W/kg = 7.44 dBW/kg

#### SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009 Date:2018-10-31 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.838 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.956;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

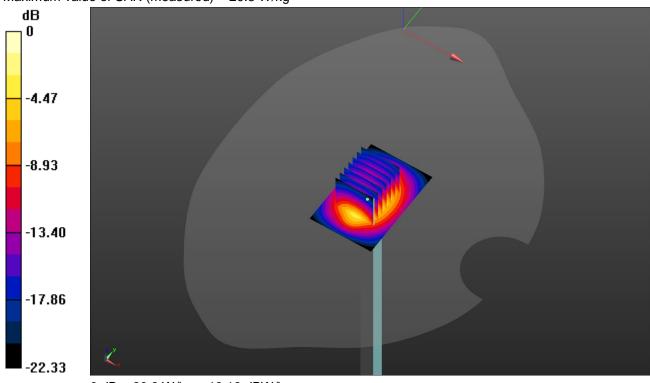
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg

#### SystemPerformanceCheck-Body 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009 Date:2018-10-31 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.001 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.03;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

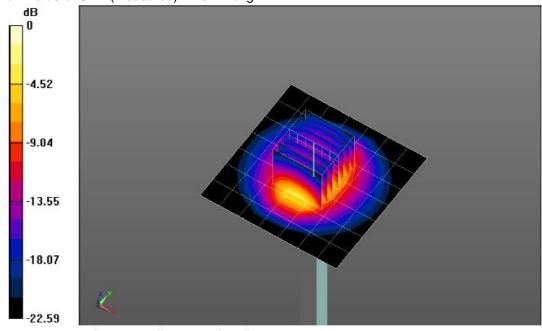
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



0 dB = 7.47 W/kg = 8.73 dBW/kg

## 10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)					
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment				
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0				
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## 11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

### GSM Conducted Power

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (2Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the sourcebased time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (2Tx slots) for PCS1900.

		Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	<b>D</b>	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
Mode:	GSM850	CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401013	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G	SM	34.50	34.58	34.61	-9.03	25.47	25.58	
	1Tx slot	34.42	34.43	34.41	-9.03	25.39	25.40	25.38
GPRS	2Tx slots	33.98	33.96	33.99	-6.02	27.96	27.94	27.97
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	32.19	32.26	31.97	-4.26	27.93	28.00	27.71
	4Tx slots	29.84	29.98	30.05	-3.01	26.83	26.97	27.04
	1Tx slot	28.55	28.41	28.48	-9.03	19.52	19.38	19.45
EGPRS	2Tx slots	28.32	28.28	28.26	-6.02	22.30	22.26	22.24
(8PSK)	3Tx slots	28.16	28.12	28.11	-4.26	23.90	23.86	23.85
	4Tx slots	27.99	27.95	27.88	-3.01	24.98	24.94	24.87
		Burst Av	verage Powe	er (dBm)	<b>D</b>	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
Mode:	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 401013	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G	SM	30.92	31.40	30.42	-9.03	21.89	22.37	21.39
	1Tx slot	30.72	31.19	30.21	-9.03	21.69	22.16	21.18
GPRS	2Tx slots	30.15	30.67	29.57	-6.02	24.13	24.65	23.55
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	28.66	28.78	27.67	-4.26	24.40	24.52	23.41
	4Tx slots	26.67	27.33	25.82	-3.01	23.66	24.32	22.81
	1Tx slot	26.89	27.56	26.57	-9.03	17.86	18.53	17.54
EGPRS	2Tx slots	26.58	27.22	26.32	-6.02	20.56	21.20	20.30
(8PSK)	3Tx slots	26.20	27.09	26.04	-4.26	21.94	22.83	21.78
	4Tx slots	26.06	26.82	25.89	-3.01	23.05	23.81	22.88

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1Tx-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB 2Tx-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB 3Tx-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB 4Tx-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

## WCDMA Conducted Power

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

### HSDPA Setup Configureation:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
  - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
  - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
  - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
  - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

#### Table C.10.1.4: $\beta$ values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βa	βd (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
	1000		J. IAA, AACK	and ANACK = 30/	$p_{hs} = 1$	$p_c$ , and	
	with $\beta_{hr} = 2$	$4/15 * \beta_{-}$					u Acqi - 24/15
Note 3:	$CM = 1$ for $\beta$ DPCCH the I	/βd =12/15, β	on the relation	For all other con tive CM difference releases.			H and HS-

#### **Setup Configuration**

### **HSUPA Setup Configureation:**

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta$ c and  $\beta$ d) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
  - v. Set UE Target power
  - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.11.1.3:	β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH
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Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	β <sub>c</sub> /β <sub>d</sub>	βнs (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI}$ = 30/15 with $\beta_{kc}$ = 30/15 * $\beta_c$ .													
Note 2	Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d$ =12/15, $\beta_{ns}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.												

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ . Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

		N	CDMA Band	II	N	CDMA Band	V	
		Condu	ucted Power	(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)			
Mode		CH9262	CH9400	CH9538	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	
		1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.6	846.6	
AMR 2	12.2K	24.76	24.36	24.10	24.93	24.96	24.83	
RMC <sup>2</sup>	12.2K	24.83	24.67	24.41	25.17	25.20	25.07	
	Subtest-1	23.71	23.33	23.04	23.95	23.98	23.84	
HSDPA	Subtest-2	23.22	22.88	22.55	23.48	23.47	23.33	
NOUPA	Subtest-3	23.25	22.89	22.57	23.49	23.48	23.34	
	Subtest-4	23.22	22.88	22.51	23.47	23.46	23.31	
	Subtest-1	21.76	21.47	21.27	22.04	22.10	21.97	
	Subtest-2	22.25	22.00	21.75	22.49	22.56	22.46	
HSUPA	Subtest-3	22.76	22.52	22.19	23.01	22.04	22.93	
	Subtest-4	21.83	21.64	21.26	22.10	22.11	21.92	
	Subtest-5	23.68	23.54	23.12	23.97	24.01	23.94	

## WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

		V	/IFI 2.4G	
Mode	Channel	el Frequency (MHz) Conducted Peak Pow (dBm)		Conducted Average Power (dBm)
	1	2412	11.59	9.65
802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	11.74	10.25
Thibp3	11	2462	11.77	10.07
	1	2412	12.87	11.19
802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	13.85	11.23
01010003	11	2462	13.46	11.80
802.11n	1	2412	13.08	11.30
(HT20)	6	2437	14.58	11.77
MCS0	11	2462	13.20	11.86
802.11n	3	2422	11.61	11.24
(HT40)	6	2437	12.23	10.98
MCS0	9	2452	11.48	10.93

Note: The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

### **Bluetooth Conducted Power**

	Bluetooth									
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)							
	0	2402	-1.67							
GFSK	39	2441	-1.45							
	78	2480	-2.76							
	0	2402	-1.76							
π/4QPSK	39	2441	-1.50							
	78	2480	-2.79							
	0	2402	-1.70							
8DPSK	39	2441	-1.46							
	78	2480	-2.70							
	0	2402	-1.84							
BLE	19	2440	-1.80							
	39	2480	-3.16							

# 12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

GSM								
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)							
Mode	GSM850	PCS1900						
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	35.00	31.50						
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	34.50	31.50						
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	34.00	31.00						
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	32.50	29.00						
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	30.50	27.50						
EGPRS (8PSK, 1Tx Slot)	29.00	28.00						
EGPRS (8PSK, 2Tx Slot)	28.50	27.50						
EGPRS (8PSK, 3Tx Slot)	28.50	27.50						
EGPRS (8PSK, 4Tx Slot)	28.00	27.00						

	WCDMA							
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)							
Mode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V						
AMR 12.2Kbps	25.00	25.00						
RMC 12.2Kbps	25.00	25.50						
HSDPA Subtest-1	24.00	24.00						
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.50	23.50						
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.50	23.50						
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.50	23.50						
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	22.50						
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.50	23.00						
HSUPA Subtest-3	23.00	23.50						
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	22.50						
HSUPA Subtest-5	24.00	24.20						

	WIFI 2.4G							
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Burst Average Power							
802.11b	10.50							
802.11g	12.00							
802.11n(HT20)	12.00							
802.11n(HT40)	11.50							

	Bluetooth							
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)							
GFSK	-1.00							
π/4QPSK	-1.50							
8DPSK	-1.00							
BLE	-1.50							

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≦50mm are determined by:

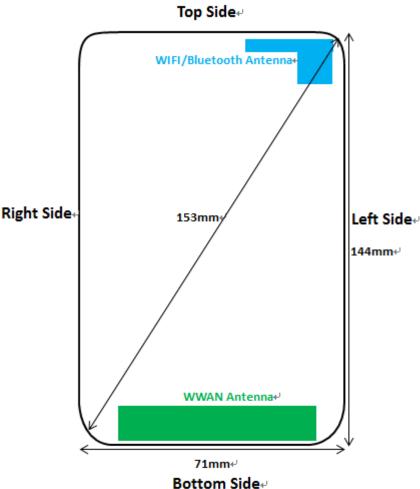
[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

Band/Mode	Frequency	Desition	Tune-up	Power	Separation Distance	Exclusion
	(GHz)	Position	dBm	mW	(mm)	Thresholds
Dluctooth	Division of the		1.00	0.70	0	0.2
Bluetooth	2.45	Body	-1.00	0.79	10	0.1

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

## 13. Antenna Location



.....

**Rear View**+

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge(mm)									
Antenna	Antenna Rear Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left side								
WWAN	2 4		125	2	7	2			
WIFI/BT	IFI/BT 2 4 2 132 41 2								

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode									
Antenna Rear Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left side									
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes			
WIFI/BT Yes Yes Yes No No Yes									

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

## 14. SAR Measurement Results

## Head SAR

					GSM850	)				
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)		Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.02	0.627	0.663	-
	Chicon	251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-0.02	0.480	0.507	-
GPRS		251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
(3Tx slot)		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
,	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.04	0.727	0.768	1
	Chicon	251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.01	0.550	0.582	-
		251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-

	PCS1900										
	Test	Fre	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot	
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)	No.	
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-	
	Left- Cheek	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.11	0.299	0.364	-	
	Check	810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-	
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-	
	Left-Tilt	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.08	0.241	0.292	-	
GPRS		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-	
(2Tx slot)		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-	
,	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.08	0.246	0.300	3	
	Chook	810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-	
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-	
	Right-Tilt	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	0.05	0.194	0.235	-	
		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

	WCDMA Band II										
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot	
	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	•	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)	No.	
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-	
	Left- Cheek	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	-0.15	0.330	0.356	5	
Oncerk	Chicon	9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-	
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-	
	Left-Tilt	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	-0.13	0.271	0.293	-	
RMC 12.2Kb		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-	
12.2KD		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-	
	Right- Cheek	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.18	0.221	0.238	-	
		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-	
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-	
	Right-Tilt	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.06	0.177	0.191	-	
		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-	

	WCDMA Band V										
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Plot	
Mode Position		СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.	
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-	
	Left- Cheek	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.13	0.430	0.461	-	
Chook	Check	4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-	
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-	
	Left-Tilt	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.07	0.346	0.371	-	
RMC 12.2K		4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-	
bps		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-	
	Right- Cheek	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.17	0.482	0.516	7	
	Chook	4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-	
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-	
	Right-Tilt	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	-0.07	0.379	0.406	-	
		4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

	WIFI 2.4G													
	Test	Fre	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot				
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.				
		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
	Left- Cheek	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.15	0.316	0.335	-				
Спеек	11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-					
	Left-Tilt	1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
		6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	0.20	0.268	0.284	-				
802.11 b		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-				
1Mbps		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
•	Right- Cheek	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.11	0.503	0.533	9				
	eneen	11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-				
		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
	Right-Tilt	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.11	0.422	0.447	-				
		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-				

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for head is "LeftCheek", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

2. When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg,the 802.11g/n is not required.

	WIFI 2.4G- Scaled Reported SAR												
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency	Actual duty	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR						
woue	Test Position	СН	MHz	factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)						
	Left-Cheek	6	2437	100%	100%	0.335	0.335						
802.11b	Left-Tilt	6	2437	100%	100%	0.284	0.284						
1Mbps	Right-Cheek	6	2437	100%	100%	0.533	0.533						
	Right-Tilt	6	2437	100%	100%	0.447	0.447						

Note:

1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

### Body SAR

	GSM850												
	·	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune		Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.			
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-			
	Front	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.08	0.673	0.711	-			
GPRS		251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-			
(3Tx slot)		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-0.06	1.080	1.160	2			
	Rear	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-0.16	1.020	1.078	-			
		251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-0.05	1.020	1.152	-			

	PCS1900												
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.			
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22				-			
	Front	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	0.09	0.375	0.456	-			
GPRS		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-			
(2Tx slot)		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-			
	Rear	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.12	0.593	0.721	4			
		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-			

	WCDMA Band II													
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.				
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	factor 1.04	-	- (W/Rg)	- (W/Rg)	-				
	Front Rear	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.05	0.467	0.504	-				
RMC		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-				
12.2Kbps		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-				
		9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	-0.12	0.656	0.708	6				
		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-				

WCDMA Band V												
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Plot		
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.		
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-		
	Front	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.03	0.362	0.387	-		
RMC		4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-		
12.2Kbps		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-		
	Rear	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.08	0.587	0.629	8		
	_	4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-		

Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

	WIFI 2.4G													
	<b>-</b> -	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune		Measured	Report	Plot				
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.				
		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
	Front	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.13	0.099	0.105	-				
802.11b		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-				
1Mbps		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-				
		6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	0.09	0.146	0.155	10				
		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-				

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Rear", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

	WIFI 2.4G- Scaled Reported SAR											
Mode	Test Position	Fre	quency			Reported SAR	Scaled					
woue	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)					
802.11b	Front	6	2437	100%	100%	0.105	0.105					
1Mbps         Rear         6         2437         100%         100%         0.155         0.155												

Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

### Hotspot SAR

	Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antenna	Rear	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side					
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes					
WIFI/BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes					

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

	GSM850											
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.		
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-	-	-	-		
	Front	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.08	0.673	0.711	-		
	-	251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-	-	-	-		
		128	824.2	32.19	32.50	1.07	-0.06	1.080	1.160	2		
GPRS	Rear	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-0.16	1.020	1.078	-		
(3Tx slot)		251	848.8	31.97	32.50	1.13	-0.05	1.020	1.152	-		
,	Left	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	0.09	0.730	0.771	-		
	Right	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-0.06	0.325	0.344	-		
	Тор	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-	-	-	-		
	Bottom	190	836.6	32.26	32.50	1.06	-0.06	0.694	0.734	-		

	PCS1900												
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.			
		= 10	1050.0			factor		(W/Rg)	(W/Kg)				
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-			
	Front	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	0.09	0.375	0.456	-			
		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-			
		512	1850.2	30.15	31.00	1.22	-	-	-	-			
GPRS	Rear	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.12	0.593	0.721	4			
(2Tx slot)		810	1909.8	29.57	31.00	1.39	-	-	-	-			
,	Left	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	0.05	0.358	0.387	-			
	Right	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	0.03	0.197	0.212	-			
	Тор	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-	-	-	-			
	Bottom	661	1880.0	30.67	31.00	1.08	-0.12	0.372	0.402	-			

Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

#### Report No: TRE18100200

	WCDMA Band II													
	<b>-</b>	Freq	uency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune	Tune	_	Measured	Report	Dist				
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz		up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.				
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-				
	Front	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.05	0.467	0.504	-				
		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-				
		9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	1.04	-	-	-	-				
RMC	Rear	9400	1880.0	24.67	25.00	1.08	-0.12	0.656	0.708	6				
12.2Kbps		9538	1907.6	24.41	25.00	1.15	-	-	-	-				
	Left	9262	1852.4	24.67	25.00	1.08	-0.06	0.446	0.482	-				
	Right	9262	1852.4	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.13	0.245	0.264	-				
	Тор	9262	1852.4	24.67	25.00	1.08	-	-	-	-				
	Bottom	9262	1852.4	24.67	25.00	1.08	0.04	0.432	0.466	-				

	WCDMA Band V									
	<b>-</b> ,	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	_	Measured	Report	Diet
IVIODE	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.03	0.362	0.387	-
		4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	25.17	25.50	1.08	-	-	-	-
RMC	Rear	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.08	0.587	0.629	8
12.2Kbps		4233	846.6	25.07	25.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	-0.06	0.357	0.382	-
	Right	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.10	0.219	0.235	-
	Тор	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	4183	836.6	25.20	25.50	1.07	0.04	0.356	0.381	-

Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

	WIFI 2.4G									
Mode	Mode Test		uency	Conducted Power	Tune up limit	Tune up	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot
	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.
		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.13	0.099	0.105	-
		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
		1	2412	9.65	10.50	1.22	-	-	-	-
802.11b	Rear	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	0.09	0.146	0.155	10
1Mbps		11	2462	10.07	10.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	0.07	0.122	0.129	-
	Right	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-	-	-	-
	Тор	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-0.03	0.096	0.102	-
	Bottom	6	2437	10.25	10.50	1.06	-	-	-	-

Note:

1. According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Rear", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

 When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. the 802.11g/n is not required

	WIFI 2.4G- Scaled Reported SAR								
Mode Test Position	Tost Position	Frequency		Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled		
	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty lactor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)		
	Front	6	2437	100%	100%	0.105	0.105		
802.11b	Back	6	2437	100%	100%	0.155	0.155		
1Mbps	Left	6	2437	100%	100%	0.129	0.129		
	Тор	6	2437	100%	100%	0.102	0.102		

Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

## 15. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

- Test		Frequency		Highest Measured	First Repeated		Second Repeated	
Band	Position	СН	MHz	SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
GPRS850 2Tx slots	Rear	128	824.2	1.08	1.03	1.05	N/A	N/A

## 16. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

General note:

1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.

2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.

3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position

4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below

a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [√f(GHz)/x]W/kg for test separation distances ≤50mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion

c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Head	Body-worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm	10mm
-1.00 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.033	0.017

#### Maximum reported SAR value for Head

	WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS								
10/10/01	N Rond	Exposure	Max SAI	Summed SAR					
VVVA	WWAN Band		WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)				
		Left Cheek	0.663	0.335	0.998				
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.507	0.284	0.791				
	GSIMOSU	Right Cheek	0.768	0.533	1.301				
GSM		Right Tilted	0.582	0.447	1.029				
GOIN		Left Cheek	0.364	0.335	0.699				
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.292	0.284	0.576				
		Right Cheek	0.300	0.533	0.833				
		Right Tilted	0.235	0.447	0.682				
		Left Cheek	0.356	0.335	0.691				
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.293	0.284	0.577				
	Dallu II	Right Cheek	0.238	0.533	0.771				
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.191	0.447	0.638				
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.461	0.335	0.796				
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.371	0.284	0.655				
		Right Cheek	0.516	0.533	1.049				
		Right Tilted	0.406	0.447	0.853				

	WWAN PCE + Bluetooth								
	WWAN Band		Max SAF	Summed SAR					
VVVA	N Band	Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)				
		Left Cheek	0.663	0.033	0.696				
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.507	0.033	0.540				
	GSIMODU	Right Cheek	0.768	0.033	0.801				
GSM		Right Tilted	0.582	0.033	0.615				
GSIN		Left Cheek	0.364	0.033	0.397				
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.292	0.033	0.325				
		Right Cheek	0.300	0.033	0.333				
		Right Tilted	0.235	0.033	0.268				
		Left Cheek	0.356	0.033	0.389				
	Dand II	Left Tilted	0.293	0.033	0.326				
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.238	0.033	0.271				
		Right Tilted	0.191	0.033	0.224				
WCDMA		Left Cheek	0.461	0.033	0.494				
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.371	0.033	0.404				
		Right Cheek	0.516	0.033	0.549				
		Right Tilted	0.406	0.033	0.439				

### Maximum reported SAR value for Body

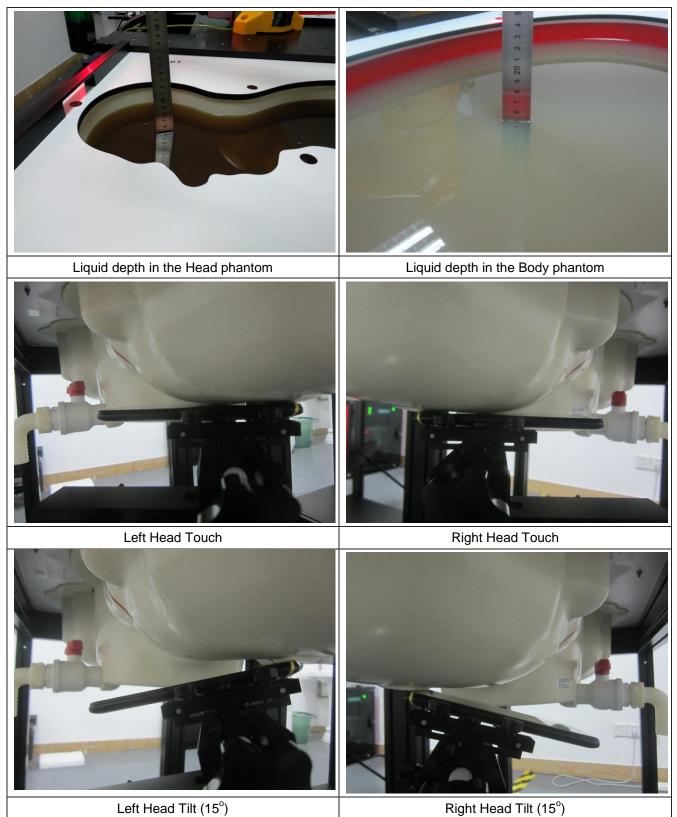
	WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS							
	N Pond	Exposure	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR			
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)			
	GSM850	Front	0.711	0.105	0.816			
GSM	GSIM050	Rear	1.078	0.155	1.233			
GSIM	D001000	Front	0.456	0.105	0.561			
	PCS1900	Rear	0.721	0.155	0.876			
	Band II	Front	0.504	0.105	0.609			
	Danu II	Rear	0.708	0.155	0.863			
WCDMA		Front	0.387	0.105	0.492			
	Band V	Rear	0.629	0.155	0.784			

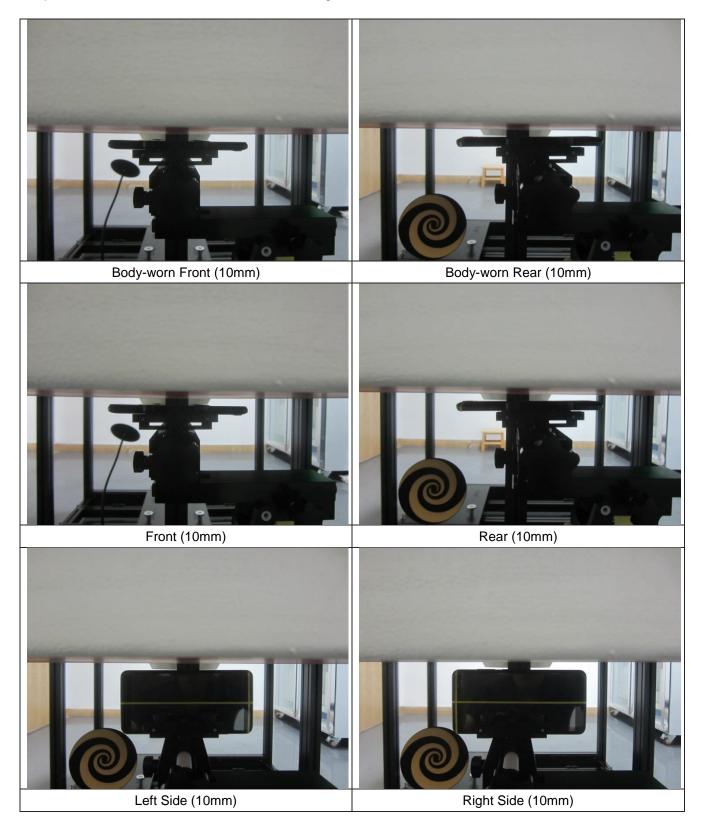
	WWAN PCE + Bluetooth							
10/10/0			Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR			
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)			
	GSM850	Front	0.711	0.017	0.728			
GSM	6310000	Rear	1.078	0.017	1.095			
GSIM	D004000	Front	0.456	0.017	0.473			
	PCS1900	Rear	0.721	0.017	0.738			
	Band II	Front	0.504	0.017	0.521			
WCDMA	Dariu II	Rear	0.708	0.017	0.725			
		Front	0.387	0.017	0.404			
	Band V	Rear	0.629	0.017	0.646			

### Maximum reported SAR value for Hotspot mode

WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS								
10/0/0	N Band	Exposure Position	Max S/	AR (W/kg)	Summed SAR			
VVVA			WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)			
		Front	0.711	0.105	0.816			
		Rear	1.078	0.155	1.233			
	GSM850	Left side	0.771	0.129	0.900			
	6310000	Right side	0.344	-	0.344			
		Top side	-	0.102	0.102			
GSM		Bottom side	0.734	-	0.734			
GSIM		Front	0.456	0.105	0.561			
		Rear	0.721	0.155	0.876			
	PCS1900	Left side	0.387	0.129	0.516			
		Right side	0.212	-	0.212			
		Top side	-	0.102	0.102			
		Bottom side	0.402	-	0.402			
		Front	0.504	0.105	0.609			
		Rear	0.708	0.155	0.863			
	Band II	Left side	0.482	0.129	0.611			
	Danu II	Right side	0.264	-	0.264			
		Top side	-	0.102	0.102			
WCDMA		Bottom side	0.466	-	0.466			
VVCDIVIA		Front	0.387	0.105	0.492			
		Rear	0.629	0.155	0.784			
	Band V	Left side	0.382	0.129	0.511			
		Right side	0.235	-	0.235			
		Top side	-	0.102	0.102			
		Bottom side	0.381	-	0.381			

# 17. TestSetup Photos







# 18. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1810019901

-----End of Report-----