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## **TEST REPORT**

Report Reference No.....:: TRE18010239 R/C..... 16101

FCC ID.....: ZSW-30-063

Applicant's name.....: b mobile HK Limited

Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Address.....:

Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.

Manufacturer....: b mobile HK Limited

Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Address....:

Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.

Test item description .....: **Mobile Phone** 

Trade Mark .....: **Bmobile** 

Model/Type reference....: AX925

Listed Model(s) .....:

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard ....::

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999** 

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample.....: Feb.01, 2018

Date of testing..... Feb.02, 2018 - Feb.27, 2018

Date of issue....: Feb.28, 2018

Result.....: **PASS** 

Testing Laboratory Name .....:

Compiled by

( position+printedname+signature)...: File administrators: Charley Wu

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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## 1. Test Standards and Report version

#### 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

<u>KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01:</u> SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

#### 1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
NA	Feb.28, 2018	Original

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## 2. **Summary**

## 2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	b mobile HK Limited
Address:	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.
Manufacturer:	b mobile HK Limited
Address:	Flat 18; 14/F Block 1; Golden Industrial Building;16-26 Kwai Tak Street; Kwai Chung; New Territories; Hong Kong.

## 2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Mobile Phone	Mobile Phone							
Trade Mark:	Bmobile	Bmobile							
Model No.:	AX925	AX925							
Listed Model(s):	-	-							
Power supply:	DC 3.8V								
Device Category:	Portable								
Product stage:	Production unit								
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population	n / Uncontrolled							
IMEI:	356038070002381								
Device Class:	В								
Hardware version:	ZH193-MB-V0.1								
Software version:	SW01								
Maximum SAR Value									
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm	1							
	Body: 10mr	m							
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Test location:	PCE	DTS	Simultaneous TX					
	Head:	0.151 W/Kg	0.018 W/Kg	0.168 W/Kg					
	Body:	0.726 W/Kg	0.047 W/Kg	0.773 W/Kg					
	Hotspot:	0.726 W/Kg	0.047 W/Kg	0.773 W/Kg					
GSM									
Support Network:	GSM, GPRS								
Support Band:	GSM850, PCS190	0							
Modulation:	GSM/GPRS/EGPR	RS: GMSK							
	EGPRS: 8PSK								
Transmit Frequency:	GSM850: 824.20MHz-848.80MHz PCS1900: 1850.20MHz-1909.80MHz								
Receive Frequency:	GSM850: 869.20MHz-893.80MHz PCS1900: 1930.20MHz-1989.80MHz								
GPRS Class:	12								
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna								

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WCDMA	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II and FDD Band V
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modilation Type:	QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/HSUPA/HSDPA
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
WIFI	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Modulation:	DSSS for 802.11b OFDM for 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Operation frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel number:	11
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.0+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
Bluetooth-BLE	
Version:	Supported BT4.0+BLE
Modulation:	GFSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	40
Channel separation:	2MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna

#### Remark:

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

The Test EUT support two SIM card(SIM1,SIM2),so all the tests are performed at each SIM card (SIM1,SIM2) mode, the datum recorded is the worst case for all the mode at SIM1 Card mode.

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## 3. Test Environment

### 3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

### 3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

#### A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

#### IC-Registration No.:5377B

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No.: 5377B

#### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

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#### 3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

## 4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calibration		
Test Equipment	st Equipment Manufacturer Type/Model Seri		Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval	
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2017/08/15	1	
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3842	2017/08/15	1	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2017/10/27	3	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2017/10/26	3	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2017/10/26	3	
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1038	2016/08/25	3	
Network analyzer	Agilent	N9923A	MY51491493	2017/09/05	1	
Power meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52090010	2017/03/23	1	
Power sensor	Agilent	E9304A	MY52140008	2017/03/23	1	
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY54470001	2017/06/02	1	
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	175248	2017/9/02	1	
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2017/10/21	1	
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY46151257	2017/03/23	1	
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY48220612	2017/03/23	1	
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	QA1202003	2017/11/27	1	

#### Note:

- 1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.
- 2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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## 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System         1         Probe calibration         B         6.0%         N         1         1         1         6.0%         6.0%         ∞										
11	Axial		6.0%					6.0%	6.0%	
2	isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	8
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Samp										
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	8
16	Device holder uncertainty	Α	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
Phantom a				I					1	
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	80
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
	standard uncertainty	$u_c = 1$	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	8
	ided uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u <sub>e</sub>	$u_c = 2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	8

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System Check Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	00
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	√3	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
System va	lidation source-dipole				•		•	•	•	
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	А	1.58%	N	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	∞
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	Α	1.35%	N	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	80
17	Input power and SAR drift	В	4.00%	R	√3	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Phantom a										
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	00
Combined	standard uncertainty	$u_c = 1$	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	80
	nded uncertainty ace interval of 95 %)	$u_{\epsilon}$	$u_c = 2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	∞

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## 6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

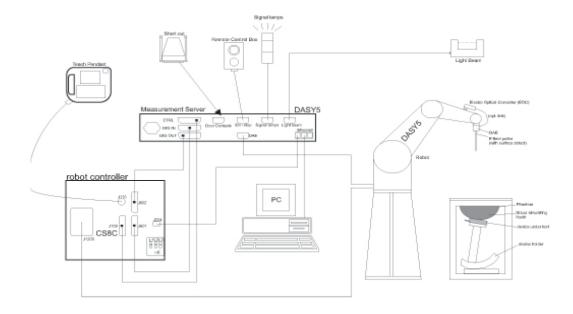
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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#### 6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

#### Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.3$  dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

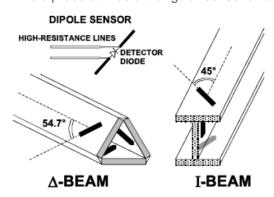
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



#### Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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#### 6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

#### 6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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## 7. SAR Test Procedure

#### 7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5$  %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm$  0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm$  30°.)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### **Zoom Scan**

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

#### **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan s	patial resol	lution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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### 7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

#### **Data Storage**

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

> Conversion factor: ConvFi Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency:

Crest factor: cf

Media parameters: Conductivity: σ

Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) diode compression point (DASY parameter) dcpi:

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated: 
$$E-\text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – field  
probes : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi: Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij:

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No: TRE18010239 Page: 16 of 61 Issued: 2018-02-28

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. 
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

total field strength in V/m Etot:

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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## 8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

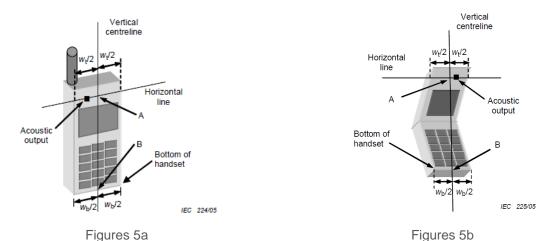
#### 8.1. Head Position

The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

**The vertical centreline** passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B).

**The horizontal line** is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets, handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



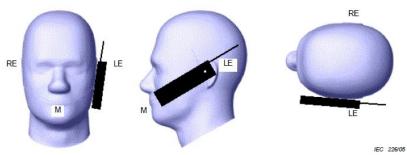
Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

W<sub>b</sub> Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

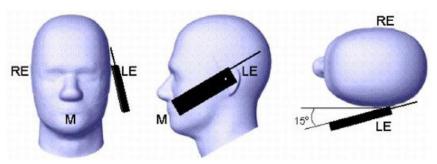
B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

#### **Cheek position**



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

#### Tilt position



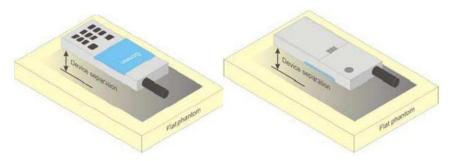
Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

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#### 8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

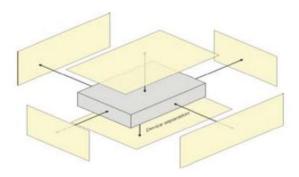
Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 10 mm to support compliance



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

#### 8.3. Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

The hotspot mode and body-worn accessory SAR test configurations may overlap for handsets. When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations. This typically applies to the back and front surfaces of a handset when SAR is required for both hotspot mode and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. Depending on the form factor and dimensions of a device, the test separation distance used for hotspot mode SAR measurement is either 10 mm or that used in the body-worn accessory configuration, whichever is less for devices with dimension > 9 cm x 5 cm. For smaller devices with dimensions  $\leq$  9 cm x 5 cm because of a greater potential for next to body use a test separation of  $\leq$  5 mm must be used.



Picture 5 Test positions for Hotspot Mode

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## 9. System Check

### 9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)		
For Head										
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40		
2450	55	0	0	0	0	45	1.8	39.2		
				For Bo	dy					
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
1800.1900.2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7		

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Target Frequency	He	ead	Body						
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)					
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97					
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52					
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95					

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#### **Check Result:**

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid								
Frequency	Description	arameters	Temp					
(MHz)	Description	εr	σ(s/m)	°C				
025	Recommended result ±5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.90 0.86 to 0.95	/				
835	Measurement value 2018-02-09	41.62	0.92	22				
	Recommended result ±5% window	40.0 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	/				
1900	Measurement value 2018-02-11	40.05	1.42	22				
0.450	Recommended result ±5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	/				
2450	Measurement value 2018-02-12	39.11	1.79	22				

	Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid								
Frequency	Description	DielectricPa	arameters	Temp					
(MHz)	Description	εr	σ(s/m)	°C					
925	Recommended result ±5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	/					
835	Measurement value 2018-02-09	55.15	0.96	22					
1000	Recommended result ±5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	/					
1900	Measurement value 2018-02-11	53.12	1.53	22					
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	/					
2450	Measurement value 2018-02-12	52.52	1.94	22					

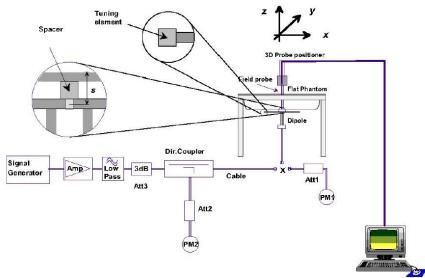
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### 9.2. SAR System Check

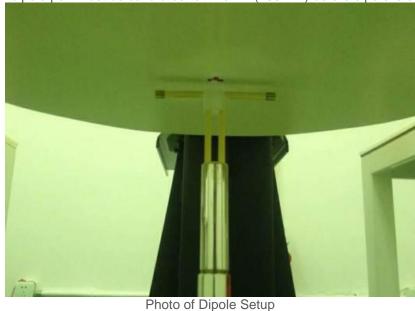
The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.



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#### **Check Result:**

Check Resul	L			
		Head		
Frequency	Description	SAR(\	W/kg)	Temp
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	$^{\circ}$
025	Recommended result ±10% window	2.30 2.07 - 2.53	1.50 1.35 - 1.65	/
835	Measurement value 2018-02-09	2.34	1.52	22
	Recommended result ±10% window	10.10 9.09 – 11.11	5.34 4.81 - 5.87	/
1900	Measurement value 2018-02-11	9.72	5.16	22
	Recommended result ±10% window	13.10 11.79 - 14.41	6.17 5.55 - 6.79	/
2450	Measurement value 2018-02-12	12.40	5.80	22

		Body		
Frequency	Description	SAR(V	V/kg)	Temp
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
925	Recommended result ±10% window	2.43 2.19 - 2.67	1.61 1.45 - 1.77	/
835	Measurement value 2018-02-09	2.47	1.59	22
1000	Recommended result ±10% window	10.20 9.18 – 11.22	5.47 4.92 – 6.02	/
1900	Measurement value 2018-02-11	10.3	5.34	22
2450	Recommended result ±10% window	13.10 11.79 -14.41	6.11 5.50 -6.72	/
2450	Measurement value 2018-02-12	12.5	5.76	22

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#### System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 41.62$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

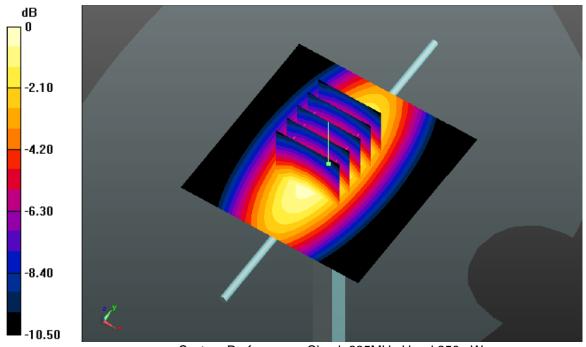
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.834 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.865 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.286 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.825 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Head 250mW

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#### System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

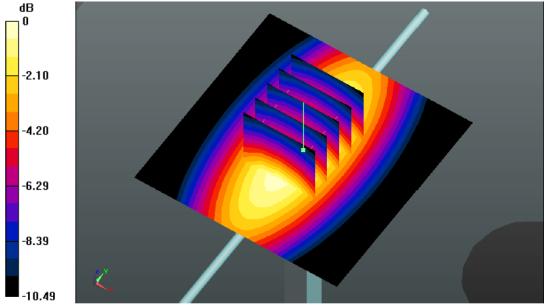
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.888 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.236 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.871 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW

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#### System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42 \text{S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 40.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

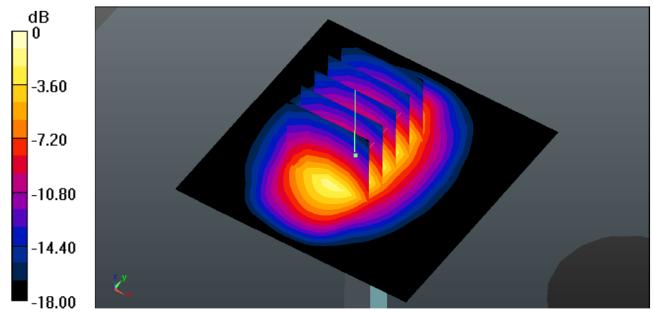
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.61 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.34 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.44 W/kg



System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 250mW

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#### System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53 \text{S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

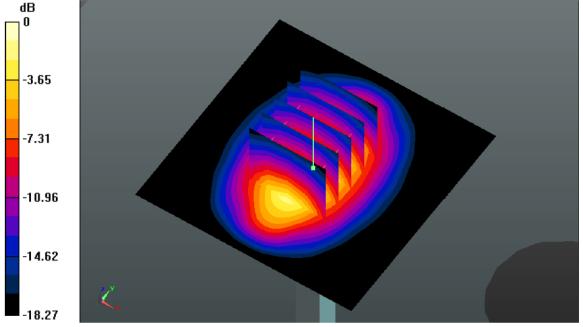
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.187 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.027 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.09 W/kg



System Performance Check 1900MHz Body250mW

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#### System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date: 2018-02-12

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79 \text{S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 39.11$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

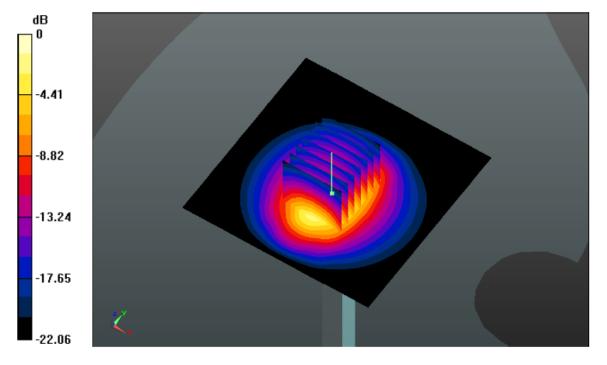
Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.313 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.314 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.703 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.8 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.871 W/kg



System Performance Check 2450MHz Head250mW

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#### System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date: 2018-02-12

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94 \text{S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 52.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x61x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

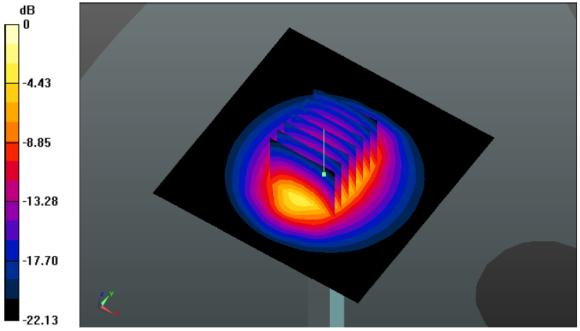
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.266 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.170 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.174 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.27W/kg



System Performance Check 2450MHz Body250mW

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## 10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	Limit (\	Limit (W/kg)				
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment				
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0				
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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## 11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

#### **GSM Conducted Power**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.

		Condu	icted Power	(dBm)	<b>D.</b>	Avera	ager Power (	(dBm)
Mode:	Mode: GSM850		CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401013	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G:	SM	32.35	32.36	32.43	-9.03	23.32	23.33	23.40
	1TXslot	32.36	32.32	32.29	-9.03	23.33	23.29	23.26
GPRS	2TXslots	31.90	31.94	31.77	-6.02	25.88	25.92	25.75
(GMSK)	3TXslots	30.22	30.34	30.51	-4.26	25.96	26.08	26.25
	4TXslots	29.12	29.14	29.27	-3.01	26.11	26.13	26.26
	1TXslot	27.00	26.87	26.80	-9.03	17.97	17.84	17.77
EGPRS	2TXslots	27.05	26.91	26.86	-6.02	21.03	20.89	20.84
(8PSK)	3TXslots	27.01	26.86	26.81	-4.26	22.75	22.60	22.55
	4TXslots	26.93	26.78	26.73	-3.01	23.92	23.77	23.72
		Condu	Conducted Power (dBm)			Averager Power (dBm)		
Mode: F	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 401010	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G:	SM	30.35	30.07	30.08	-9.03	21.32	21.04	21.05
	1TXslot	30.16	29.88	29.86	-9.03	21.13	20.85	20.83
GPRS	2TXslots	29.62	29.32	29.23	-6.02	23.60	23.30	23.21
(GMSK)	3TXslots	27.71	27.85	27.60	-4.26	23.45	23.59	23.34
	4TXslots	26.77	26.62	26.57	-3.01	23.76	23.61	23.56
	1TXslot	26.50	26.22	26.17	-9.03	17.47	17.19	17.14
EGPRS	2TXslots	26.57	26.28	26.25	-6.02	20.55	20.26	20.23
(8PSK)	3TXslots	26.46	26.19	26.17	-4.26	22.20	21.93	21.91
	4TXslots	26.36	26.07	26.04	-3.01	23.35	23.06	23.03

#### Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

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#### **WCDMA Conducted Power**

- The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configureation:**

- The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
  - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
  - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
  - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
  - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### **HSUPA Setup Configureation:**

- The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
  - v. Set UE Target power
  - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

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Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β <sub>c</sub> /β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>H</sub> s (Note1)	βες	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{ks}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_{\text{c}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$  =12/15,  $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{c}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### **General Note:**

- Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

			CDMA Band	٧	V	CDMA Band	II
			ucted Power	(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)		
Mod	de	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 1	2.2K	24.57	24.62	24.28	24.45	24.30	24.31
RMC 1	12.2K	24.60	24.65	24.31	24.53	24.33	24.33
	Subtest-1	23.58	23.66	23.29	23.41	23.17	23.00
HSDPA	Subtest-2	23.10	23.14	22.80	22.89	22.65	22.62
ПООРА	Subtest-3	23.11	23.18	22.84	22.91	22.71	22.59
	Subtest-4	23.08	23.16	22.82	22.91	22.69	22.56
	Subtest-1	20.68	20.77	20.55	20.45	20.39	20.35
	Subtest-2	21.64	21.72	21.43	21.41	21.33	21.23
HSUPA	Subtest-3	21.73	21.74	21.49	21.44	21.31	21.23
	Subtest-4	20.77	20.83	20.58	20.48	20.38	20.31
	Subtest-5	21.68	21.70	21.45	21.44	21.24	21.24

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#### **WLAN Conducted Power**

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

	WIFI							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Data rate			
	1	2412	17.77	15.16	1 Mbps			
802.11b	6	2437	18.30	15.62	1 Mbps			
	11	2462	18.27	15.57	1 Mbps			
	1	2412	15.06	11.80	6 Mbps			
802.11g	6	2437	15.50	12.11	6 Mbps			
	11	2462	15.72	12.30	6 Mbps			
	1	2412	14.13	10.77	6.5 Mbps			
802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	14.66	11.16	6.5 Mbps			
	11	2462	14.96	11.39	6.5 Mbps			
	03	2422	13.31	10.13	13.5 Mbps			
802.11n(HT40)	06	2437	13.63	10.38	13.5 Mbps			
	09	2452	13.85	10.54	13.5 Mbps			

Note: The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

#### **Bluetooth Conducted Power**

	Bluetooth								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)						
	0	2402	2.15						
GFSK	39	2441	1.91						
	78	2480	2.24						
	0	2402	1.94						
π/4QPSK	39	2441	1.74						
	78	2480	2.06						
	0	2402	1.99						
8DPSK	39	2441	1.83						
	78	2480	2.16						
	0	2402	-5.23						
BLE	19	2440	-5.44						
	39	2480	-5.90						

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# 12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

	GSM	
Mode	Maximum To	une-up (dBm)
Wode	GSM850	PCS1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	32.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	32.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	32.00	30.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	31.00	28.00
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	29.50	27.00
EGPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	27.00	26.50
EGPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	27.50	27.00
EGPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	27.50	26.50
EGPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	27.00	26.50

WCDMA					
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)				
iviode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II			
AMR 12.2Kbps	25.00	25.00			
RMC 12.2Kbps	25.00	25.00			
HSDPA Subtest-1	24.00	23.50			
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.50	23.00			
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.50	23.00			
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.50	23.00			
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.50			
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.50			
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.50			
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.50			
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	21.50			

WLAN						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Peak Power	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Burst Average Power				
802.11b	18.50	16.00				
802.11g	802.11g 16.00					
802.11n(HT20)	15.00	11.50				
802.11n(HT40)	14.00	11.00				

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Bluetooth						
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)			
	0	2402				
GFSK	39	2441	2.50			
	78	2480				
	0	2402				
π/4QPSK	39	2441	2.50			
	78	2480				
	0	2402				
8DPSK	39	2441	2.50			
	78	2480				
	0	2402				
BLE	19	2440	-5.00			
	39	2480				

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

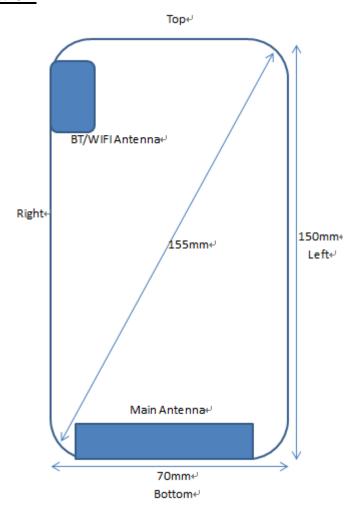
Type	Tune up power		SAR Exclusion Threshold Power (mW)		SAR Exclusion	
	dBm	mW	Head	Body	Head	Body
Bluetooth	2.50	1.78	9.6	19.2	Yes	Yes

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

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## 13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge(mm)						
Antenna Back Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left s						Left side
Main	3	5	135	5	5	10
WIFI/BT	3	5	5	120	57	5

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antenna Back Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left side						Left side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WIFI / BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

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# 14. SAR Measurement Results

### **Head SAR**

					GSM850					
	<b>+</b> .	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	1	Measured	Report	<b>T</b> .
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	1 044	128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-		-	-
	Left- Cheek	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.18	0.105	0.114	H1
	Cileek	251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
0000	Left-Tilt	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	0.20	0.080	0.087	-
GPRS (4Tx		251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-
slot)	D:1-4	128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
Sioty	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	0.08	0.097	0.106	-
	Cileek	251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-
	D:ab4	128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Right- Tilt	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.10	0.078	0.084	-
	1111	251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900	)				
Mode	Test Position	Free CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	1 -44	512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	0.12	0.072	0.079	H2
	OHEEK	810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
0000	Left-Tilt	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	0.09	0.054	0.058	-
GPRS (4Tx		810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
slot)	D:l-4	512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
3101)	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.06	0.066	0.072	-
	CHECK	810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	D:l-4	512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Right- Tilt	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.08	0.050	0.055	-
	1111	810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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				wc	DMA Bai	nd V				
Mode	Test Position	Fred CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.19	0.093	0.101	Н3
	Crieek	4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
D140	Left-Tilt	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.16	0.076	0.083	-
RMC 12.2K		4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
bps	D:l-4	4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
БРЗ	Right- Cheek	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.26	0.089	0.096	-
	Cileek	4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
	D:ab4	4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	1
	Right- Tilt	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	-0.08	0.075	0.081	
	1111	4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-

				wo	DMA Ba	nd II				
Mode	Test Position	CH	quency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	1 -44	9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	0.12	0.129	0.151	H4
	Clieck	9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
D140	Left-Tilt	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	0.07	0.104	0.121	-
RMC 12.2K		9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
bps	D:l- t	9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
БРЗ	Right- Cheek	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.16	0.125	0.145	-
	Officer	9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
	D: ada 4	9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Right- Tilt	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.06	0.098	0.114	-
	1111	9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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					WLAN					
	Toot	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Davisa	Measured	Report	Toot
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	1 -44	01	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	ı	-	-
	Left- Cheek	06	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	-0.09	0.016	0.017	H5
	Officer	11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	ı	-	-
		01	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
802.1	Left-Tilt	06	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	0.12	0.014	0.015	-
1b		11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
1Mbp	Distri	01	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
S	Right- Cheek	06	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	0.05	0.015	0.017	-
	Officer	11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Diale4	01	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Right- Tilt	06	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	-0.06	0.013	0.015	-
	i iit	11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-		-	-

#### Note:

- According to the above table, the initial test position for head is "LeftCheek", and its reported SAR is≤
  0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because
  the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration
  is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.
- 2. When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg,the 802.11g/n is not required.

			WLAN- Sca	aled Reported SA	R		
Mode	Test Position	Fre	quency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled
iviode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
	Left-Cheek	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.017	0.018
802.11b	Left-Tilt	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.015	0.015
1Mbps	Right-Cheek	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.017	0.017
	Right-Tilt	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.015	0.015

#### Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 98.23% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

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### **Body SAR**

					GSM850					
	<b>+</b> .	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune		Measured	Report	+
Mode	Mode Test Position		MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Front	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	0.07	0.304	0.331	-
GPRS (4Tx		251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-
slot)		128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
0.01,	Back	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.14	0.461	0.501	B1
		251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900					
	T4	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	D	Measured	Report	T
Mode	Position CI		MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-		-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.10	0.171	0.187	-
GPRS (4Tx		810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	1	ı	-	-
slot)		512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
0.01)	Back	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	0.14	0.262	0.286	B2
		810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-

				WCD	MA Band	V k				
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.03	0.294	0.319	-
RMC		4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Back	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	-0.07	0.413	0.448	В3
		4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-

				WCD	MA Band	ll k				
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Front	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.04	0.427	0.498	-
RMC		9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps		9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	1	-	-	-
	Back	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.10	0.622	0.726	B4
		9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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					WLAN					
	T4	Fred	luency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	T4
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		1	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	ı
	Front	6	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	-0.19	0.029	0.031	1
802.11b		11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
1Mbps		1	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	ı
	Back	6	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	0.13	0.042	0.046	B5
		11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-

#### Note:

According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is  $\leq 0.4$ W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is  $\leq 0.8$ W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

			WLAN- Sca	aled Reported SA	R		
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR
iviode	Test Fosition	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)
802.11b	Front	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.031	0.032
1Mbps	Back	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.046	0.047

#### Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 98.23% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

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#### **Hotspot SAR**

	Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode								
Antenna	Antenna Back Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left side								
WWAN	WWAN Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes								
WIFI / BT Yes Yes No Yes No									

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

					GSM85	0				
Mada	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz		up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Plot
		128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09				-
	Front	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	0.07	0.304	0.331	-
		251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	1	-	-	-
		128	824.2	29.12	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
GPRS	Back	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.14	0.461	0.501	B1
(4Tx slot)		251	848.8	29.27	29.50	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Left	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	0.08	0.049	0.054	-
	Right	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.05	0.337	0.367	-
	Тор	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	190	836.6	29.14	29.50	1.09	-0.19	0.314	0.341	-

	PCS1900										
	Toot	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dower	Measured	Report	Toot	
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot	
		512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	ı	•	-	-	
	Front	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.10	0.171	0.187	1	
		810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-	
		512	1850.2	26.77	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-	
GPRS	Back	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	0.14	0.262	0.286	B2	
(4Tx slot)		810	1909.8	26.57	27.00	1.10	-	-	-	-	
,	Left	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.06	0.061	0.067	-	
	Right	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-0.04	0.229	0.250	-	
	Тор	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	-			-	
N	Bottom	661	1880.0	26.62	27.00	1.09	0.15	0.180	0.197	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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				WCI	OMA Ban	d V				
	T	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	
	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.03	0.294	0.319	-
		4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	24.60	25.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
RMC	Back	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	-0.07	0.413	0.448	В3
12.2Kbps		4233	846.6	24.31	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
	Left	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	-0.10	0.085	0.093	-
	Right	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.07	0.154	0.167	-
	Тор	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	4183	836.6	24.65	25.00	1.08	0.02	0.272	0.295	-

				WCE	MA Ban	d II				
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	T4
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
	9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-	
	Front	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.04	0.427	0.498	-
		9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	24.53	25.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.10	0.622	0.726	B4
12.2Kbps		9538	1907.6	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
	Left	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	0.07	0.103	0.120	-
	Right	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.13	0.459	0.535	-
	Тор	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	9400	1880.0	24.33	25.00	1.17	-0.05	0.377	0.440	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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					WLAN					
	Test	Fred	luency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz		up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
	1	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	1	-	-	-	
	Front	6	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	-0.19	0.029	0.031	-
		11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
		1	2412	15.16	16.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
802.11b	Back	6	2437	15.62	16.00	1.09	0.13	0.042	0.046	B5
1Mbps		11	2462	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left	6	2437	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Right	6	2437	15.57	16.00	1.10	-0.11	0.026	0.029	-
	Тор	6	2437	15.57	16.00	1.10	-0.04	0.025	0.027	-
	Bottom	6	2437	15.57	16.00	1.10	-	-	-	-

#### Note:

- 1. According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.
- 2. When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. the 802.11g/n is not required

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled			
ivioue	Test Position	CH	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)			
	Front	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.031	0.032			
802.11b	Back	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.046	0.047			
1Mbps	Right	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.029	0.030			
	Тор	6	2437	98.23%	100%	0.027	0.028			

#### Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 98.23% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

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#### **SAR Test Data Plots**

Test mode: GSM850-GPRS 4TS Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H1

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.89 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41.478;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

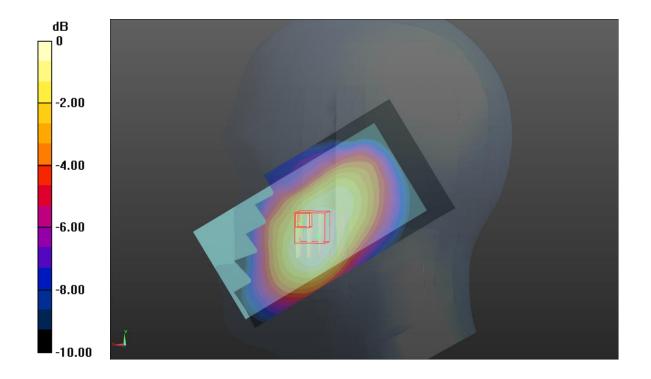
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.003 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 W/kg



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Test mode: PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H2

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.74$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (61x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

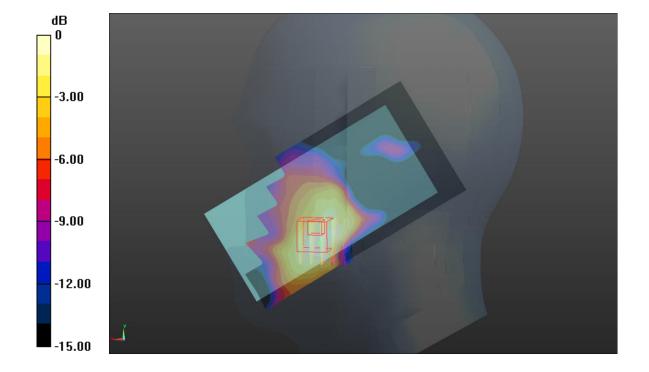
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.116 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.237 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.104 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0859 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band V Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H3

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.89 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.478;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

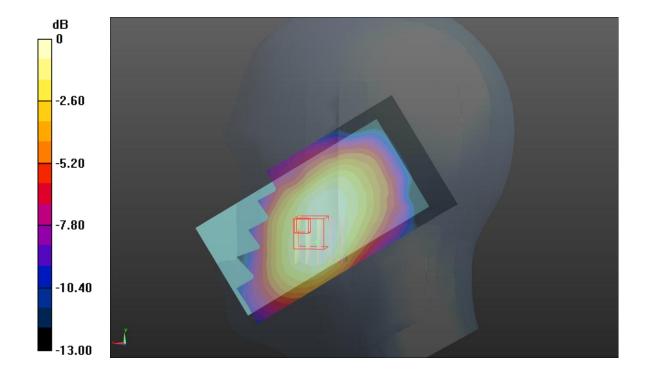
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.930 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band II Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H4

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

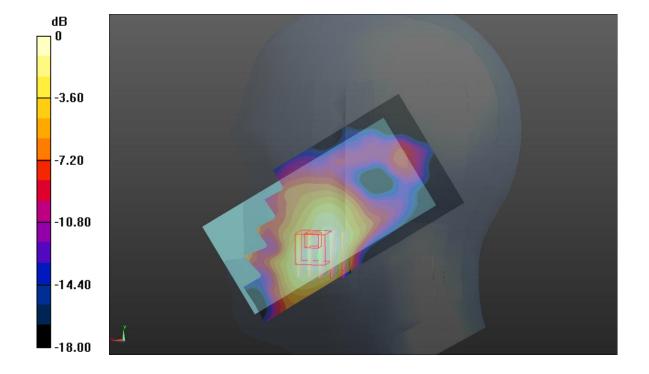
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.203 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.176 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.129 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 W/kg



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Test mode: WLAN 802.11b Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H5

Date: 2018-02-12

Communication System: wifi; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

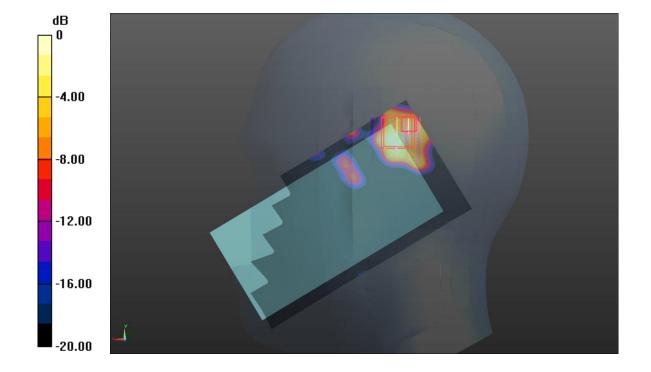
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0655 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.270 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.052 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00437 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg



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Test mode: GSM850 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B1

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.858$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY 5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

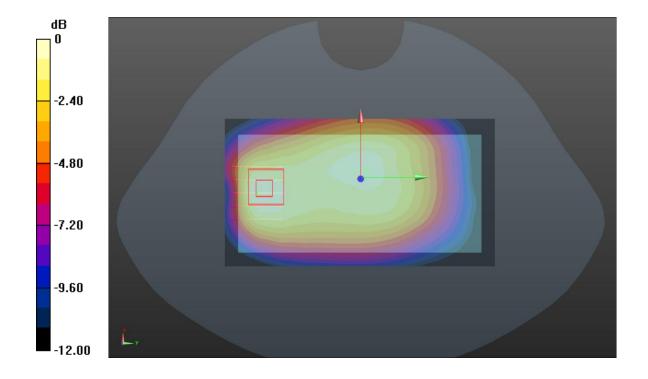
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.697 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.951 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.739 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.461 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 W/kg



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Test mode: PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B2

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.14$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

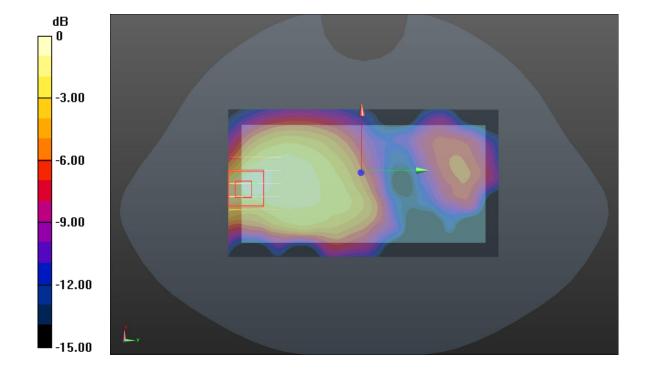
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.421 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.445 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.373 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band V Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: **B**3

Date: 2018-02-09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.858;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.522 W/kg

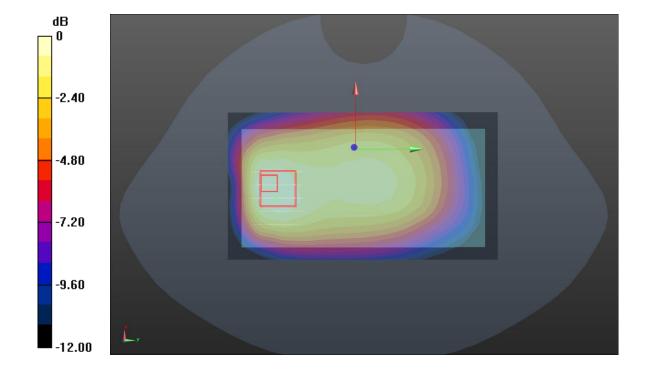
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.697 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.699 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.581 W/kg



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Test mode: WCDMA Band II Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B4

Date: 2018-02-11

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

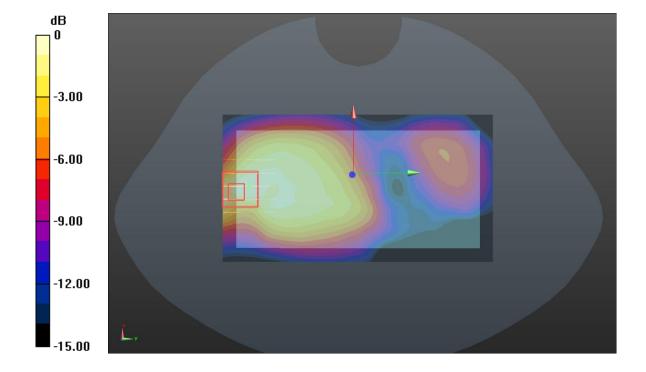
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.869 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.955 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.067 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.877 W/kg



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Test mode: WLAN 802.11b Test Position: Body- worn Rear Side Test Plot: B5

Date: 2018-02-12

Communication System: wifi; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3842; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

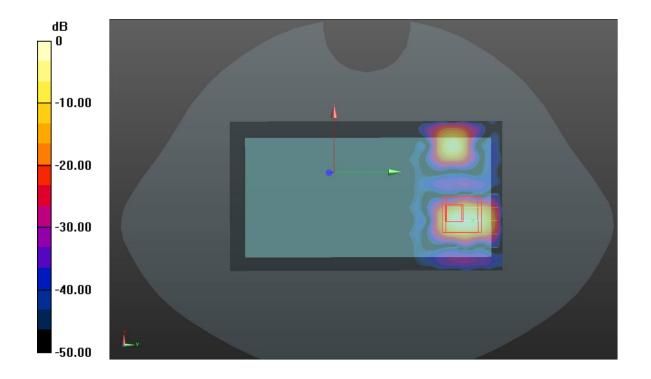
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.103 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.126 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg



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### 15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

#### General note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
  - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50$ mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
  - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Head	Body worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm	10mm
2.50	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.074	0.037

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# Maximum reported SAR value for Head

	WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS										
10/10/01	N Dand	Exposure	Max SAI	Summed SAR							
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)						
		Left Cheek	0.114	0.018	0.132						
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.087	0.015	0.102						
	GSIVIOSU	Right Cheek	0.106	0.017	0.123						
GSM		Right Tilted	0.084	0.015	0.099						
GSIVI		Left Cheek	0.079	0.018	0.096						
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.058	0.015	0.074						
		Right Cheek	0.072	0.017	0.089						
		Right Tilted	0.055	0.015	0.070						
		Left Cheek	0.101	0.018	0.119						
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.083	0.015	0.098						
	Dallu V	Right Cheek	0.096	0.017	0.113						
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.081	0.015	0.096						
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.151	0.018	0.168						
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.121	0.015	0.136						
	Dailu II	Right Cheek	0.145	0.017	0.162						
		Right Tilted	0.114	0.015	0.129						

	WWAN PCE + Bluetooth										
10/10/01	N Dand	Exposure	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR						
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)						
		Left Cheek	0.114	0.074	0.188						
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.087	0.074	0.161						
	GSIVIOSU	Right Cheek	0.106	0.074	0.180						
GSM		Right Tilted	0.084	0.074	0.159						
GSIVI		Left Cheek	0.079	0.074	0.153						
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.058	0.074	0.133						
		Right Cheek	0.072	0.074	0.146						
		Right Tilted	0.055	0.074	0.129						
		Left Cheek	0.101	0.074	0.175						
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.083	0.074	0.157						
	Dallu V	Right Cheek	0.096	0.074	0.170						
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.081	0.074	0.155						
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.151	0.074	0.225						
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.121	0.074	0.195						
	Dailu II	Right Cheek	0.145	0.074	0.220						
		Right Tilted	0.114	0.074	0.189						

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# Maximum reported SAR value for Body

WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS									
10/10/0	N Pand	Exposure	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR				
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)				
	GSM850	Front	0.331	0.032	0.362				
GSM	GSIVIOSO	Back	0.501	0.047	0.548				
GSIVI	PCS1900	Front	0.187	0.032	0.218				
	PC31900	Back	0.286	0.047	0.333				
	Band V	Front	0.319	0.032	0.350				
WCDMA	Danu V	Back	0.448	0.047	0.494				
	Band II	Front	0.498	0.032	0.530				
	Ballu II	Back	0.726	0.047	0.773				

		WWAN PCE +	Bluetooth		
WWAN Band		Exposure	Max SAF	Summed SAR	
		Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
	GSM850		0.331	0.037	0.368
0014	GSIVIOSU	Back	0.501	0.037	0.538
GSM	PCS1900	Front	0.187	0.037	0.224
		Back	0.286	0.037	0.323
	Dond \/	Front	0.319	0.037	0.356
WCDMA	Band V	Back	0.448	0.037	0.485
	Dond II	Front	0.498	0.037	0.535
	Band II	Back	0.726	0.037	0.763

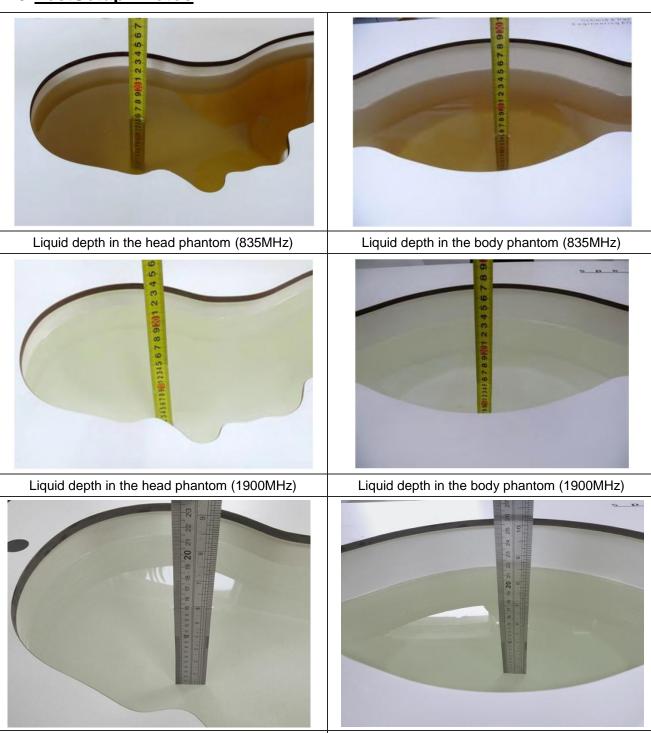
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# Maximum reported SAR value for Hotspot mode

		WWAN PCE +	WLAN DTS		
10000	N Dand	Exposure	Max S	AR (W/kg)	Summed SAR
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)
		Front	0.331	0.032	0.362
		Back	0.501	0.047	0.548
	GSM850	Left side	0.054	-	0.054
	GSIVIOSU	Right side	0.367	0.030	0.396
		Top side	-	0.028	0.028
GSM		Bottom side	0.341	-	0.341
GSIVI	PCS1900	Front	0.187	0.032	0.218
		Back	0.286	0.047	0.333
		Left side	0.067	-	0.067
		Right side	0.250	0.030	0.279
		Top side	-	0.028	0.028
		Bottom side	0.197	-	0.197
		Front	0.319	0.032	0.350
		Back	0.448	0.047	0.494
	Band V	Left side	0.093	-	0.093
	Danu v	Right side	0.167	0.030	0.197
		Top side	ı	0.028	0.028
WCDMA		Bottom side	0.295	-	0.295
WODIVIA		Front	0.498	0.032	0.530
		Back	0.726	0.047	0.773
	Band II	Left side	0.120	-	0.120
	Dallu II	Right side	0.535	0.030	0.565
		Top side	-	0.028	0.028
		Bottom side	0.440	-	0.440

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# 16. TestSetup Photos

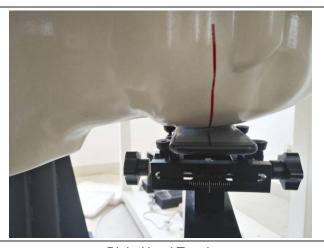


Liquid depth in the head phantom (2450MHz)

Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)



Left Head Touch



Right Head Touch



Left Head Tilt (15°)



Right Head Tilt (15°)



Body-worn Front Side (10mm)



Body-worn Rear Side (10mm)

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S. D. C. S. Trent SAM Present Co. S. N. 1990

Front Side (10mm)

Rear Side (10mm)



Left Side (10mm)



Right Side (10mm)



Top Side (10mm)



Bottom Side (10mm)

# 17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1801023801

-----End of Report-----

#### 1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate



Client :

CIQ(Shenzhen)

Certificate No: Z17-97109

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1315

Http://www.chinattl.cn

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

August 15, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) °C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID# **Primary Standards** Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Process Calibrator 753 1971018 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05859) June-18

Calibrated by:

Function Name

Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: August 16, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z17-97109

Page 1 of 3



 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209

 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

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 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 Http://www.chinattl.cn

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 µV, full range = -100...+300 m'

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec -100...+300 mV -1.....+3mV

Calibration Factors	х	Υ	Z	
High Range	405.175 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.013 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.971 ± 0.15% (k=2)	
Low Range	3.99087 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98644 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98913 ± 0.7% (k=2)	

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	20.5° ± 1 °
---	-------------

Certificate No: Z17-97109

#### 1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate



 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209

 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 <a href="http://www.chinattl.cn"><u>Http://www.chinattl.cn</u></a>

Certificate No: Z17-97110 CIQ(Shenzhen) Client

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

August 15, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)	Jun-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)	Jun-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)	Jun-18
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)	Dec -17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858)	Jun-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan -18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	ATTO
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	根花
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	200
			· · · ·

Issued: August 16, 2017

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

 DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

• ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.

 Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

 Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3842

Calibrated: August 15, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3842

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.34	0.53	0.42	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.3	102.6	101.2	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.4	±2.1%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		176.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		153.3	7

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3842

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.15	9.15	9.15	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.23	1.09	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.20	1.19	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.32	1.16	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.40	0.93	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3842

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.31	9.31	9.31	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.02	9.02	9.02	0.24	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.23	1.12	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.22	1.21	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.42	1.04	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.42	1.01	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

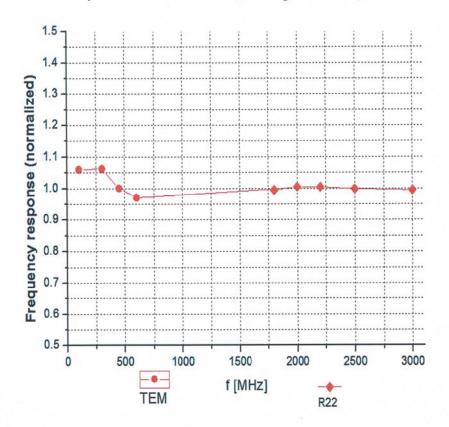
F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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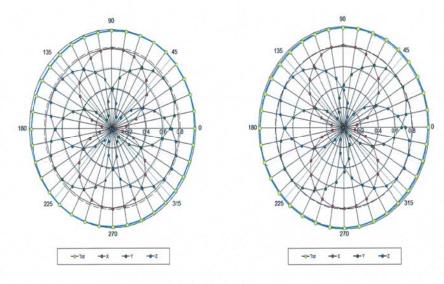


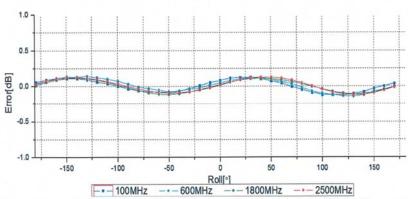
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# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

# f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

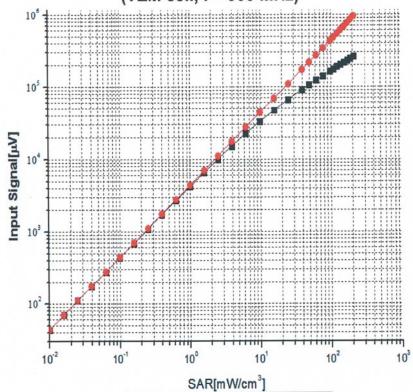
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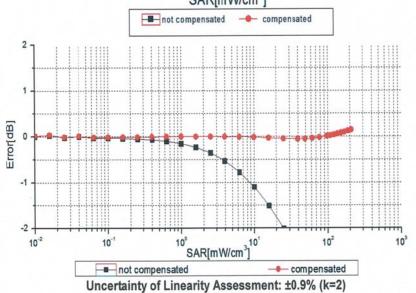
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





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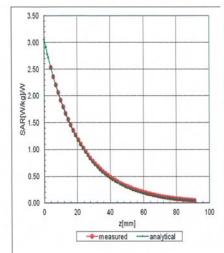


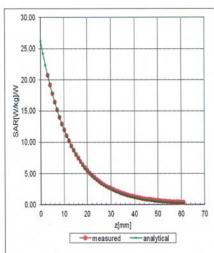
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### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

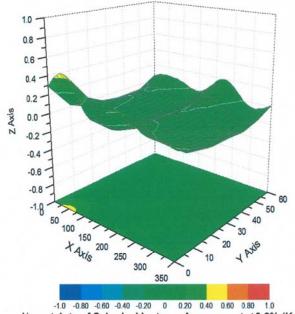
#### f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

#### f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)





# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (K=2)

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3842

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	67.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm