

# Appendix 5 RF Exposure Information



## Maximum transmitter power:

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Maximum peak output power (dBuV/m) | Output power (mW) |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2405               | 92.17                              | 0.4944            |
| 2445               | 93.87                              | 0.7313            |
| 2475               | 92.68                              | 0.5561            |

# According to KDB 447498 D01:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,<sub>24</sub> where

- $\bullet$  f<sub>(GHz)</sub> is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation25
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

## Result:

 $(8.09/5)^*\sqrt{2.402} = 0.1534 < 3.0$ 

 $(8.34/5)^*\sqrt{2.441} = 0.2287 < 3.0$ 

 $(8.28/5)^*\sqrt{2.480} = 0.1750 < 3.0$ 

#### Conclusion:

No SAR is required.