Bluetooth 4.0 (Low Energy)

FCC / IC Test Report

FOR:
Verizon Telematics

Model Number: AT-255

Product Description:
GPS Navigation Device with 3G and Bluetooth

FCC ID: ZOQAT-255
IC Certification Number: 9734A-AT255

47 CFR Part 15.247 for DTS
IC RSS-210 Issue 8 & RSS-Gen Issue 3

TEST REPORT #: EMC_VERIT-005-14001_AT_255_FCC_15_247_BT_LE
DATE: 2014-11-22

ACCREDITED
TESTING LABORATORY
Certificate #2135.01

Bluetooth Qualification Test Facility (BQTF)

CTIA Authorized Test Lab
LAB CODE 20020328-00

FCC listed
A2LA Accredited

IC recognized # 3462B

***CETECOM* Inc.**
411 Dixon Landing Road ◆ Milpitas, CA 95035 ◆ U.S.A.
Phone: + 1 (408) 586 6200 ◆ Fax: + 1 (408) 586 6299 ◆ E-mail: info@cetecomusa.com ◆ http://www.cetecom.com
CETECOM Inc. is a Delaware Corporation with Corporation number: 2113686

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1 Assessment

The following device was evaluated against the applicable criteria specified in FCC rules Parts 15.247 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations and IC standard RSS-210 issue 8, Annex 8 and no deviations were ascertained during the course of the tests performed.

Company	Description	Model #
Verizon Telematics	GPS Navigation Device with 3G and Bluetooth	AT-255

Responsible for Testing Laboratory:

Date	Section	Name	Signature
2014-11-22	Compliance	Franz Engert (Compliance Manager)	

Responsible for the Report:

Date	Section	Name	Signature
2014-11-22	Compliance	James Donnellan (EMC Engineer)	James Donnellan Digitally signed by James Donnellan DN: cn=James Donnellan, c=US, o=Cetecom Inc., ou=Compliance, email=james.donnellan@cetecom.com Date: 2014.11.25 17:42:55 -08'00'

2 Administrative Data

2.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory Issuing the Test Report

Company Name:	CETECOM Inc.
Department:	Compliance
Address:	411 Dixon Landing Road Milpitas, CA 95035 U.S.A.
Telephone:	+1 (408) 586 6200
Fax:	+1 (408) 586 6299
Test Lab Manager:	Franz Engert
Test Engineer:	James Donnellan

2.2 Identification of the Client

Applicant's Name:	Verizon Telematics, Inc.
Street Address:	2002 Summit Blvd., Suite 1800
City/Zip Code	Atlanta, GA / 30319
Country	USA
Contact Person:	Bryant Elliot
Phone No.	404-573-5848
Fax:	---
e-mail:	Bryant.elliot@verizon.com

2.3 Identification of the Manufacturer

Manufacturer's Name:	Same as above.
Manufacturers Address:	
City/Zip Code	
Country	

2.4 Testing Period.

07/11/2014 – 11/18/2014

3 Equipment under Test (EUT)

3.1 Details of the Equipment under Test

Marketing Name:	in-Drive Communicator
Model Number	AT-255
HW Version	01 A0
FCC-ID :	9734A-AT255
IC Certification Number:	9734A-AT255
Product Description:	GPS Navigation Device with 3G and Bluetooth
Technology / Type(s) of Modulation:	Bluetooth v4.0, LE, using FHSS with GFSK.
Operating Frequency Range (MHz) / Channels:	Nominal band: 2400 – 2483.5; Center to center: 2402(ch 0) – 2480(ch 39), 40 channels
Antenna Information:	BT Ceramic Chip Antenna; Internal antenna Max (Peak) Gain = 0.4 dBi
Max. Output Powers:	**Measured Conducted Output Power:** GFSK: 5.56 dBm **Calculated Radiated Output Power (EIRP):** GFSK: 5.96 dBm
Rated Operating Voltage Range:	+6 to +24Vdc
Rated Operating Temperature Range:	-40 °C to +85 °C
Test Sample Status:	Production.
Other Radios included:	1. 2G/3G cellular transceiver module Sierra Wireless SL8080T 2. GPS Receiver

3.2 Identification of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT #	Serial Number	HW Version	SW Version	Notes
1	352083060000007	A0	1.0.0	Radiated Unit
2	352083060375250	A0	1.0.0	Conducted Unit

3.3 Identification of Support Test Equipment

STE #	Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
1	N/A	---	---	---

3.4 Other EUT Notes

The EUT was set in Bluetooth Test mode using the scripts provided by the customer to set different channels as required for testing.

4 Subject Of Investigation

The objective of the measurements done by Cetecom Inc. was to measure the performance of the EUT as specified by requirements listed in FCC rules Part 15.247 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Radio Standard Specification RSS-210 Issue 8, Annex 8 of Industry Canada.

This test report is to support a request for new equipment authorization under the FCC ID **ZOQAT-255.** All testing was performed on the product referred to in Section 3 as EUT.

During the testing process the EUT was tested on low, mid and high channels for the supported mode of operation. For radiated measurements, all data in this report shows the worst case between horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations and for all orientations of the EUT.

5 Summary of Measurement Results

Test Specification	Test Case	Temperature and Voltage Conditions	Mode	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Result
§15.247(e) RSS210 A8.2(b)	Power Spectral Density	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	■	☐	☐	☐	Complies
§15.247(a)(1) RSS210 A8.2(a)	Emission Bandwidth	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	■	☐	☐	☐	Complies
§15.247(b)(1) RSS210 A8.4(4)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power and EIRP	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	■	☐	☐	☐	Complies
§15.247(d) RSS210 A8.5	Band edge compliance	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	■	☐	☐	☐	Complies
§15.247(d) §15.209 RSS210 A8.5	TX Spurious emissions-Conducted	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	☐	☐	☐	■	1
§15.247(d) §15.209 RSS210 A8.5 RSS-Gen 7.2.2	TX Spurious emissions-Radiated	Nominal	802.15 (LE)	■	☐	☐	☐	Complies

Note: NA= Not Applicable; NP= Not Performed.

1. Conducted spurious emissions test against non-restricted band limits is NOT PERFORMED since radiated spurious emissions against more stringent restricted band limits over the complete measurement range (9kHz to 26GHz) is passed.

6 Measurements

6.1 Radiated Measurement Procedure

ANSI C63.4 (2009) Section 8.3.1.1: Exploratory radiated emission measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. At near distances, for EUTs of comparably small size, it is relatively easy to determine the spectrum signature of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. A shielded room may be used for exploratory testing, but may have anomalies that can lead to significant errors in amplitude measurements.

Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of testing. It is recommended that either a headset or loudspeaker be connected as an aid in detecting ambient signals and finding frequencies of significant emission from the EUT when the exploratory and final testing is performed in an OATS with strong ambient signals. Caution should be taken if either antenna height between 1 and 4 meters or EUT azimuth is not fully explored. Not fully exploring these parameters during exploratory testing may require complete testing at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is conducted.

The EUT should be set up in its typical configuration and arrangement, and operated in its various modes. For tabletop systems, cables or wires should be manipulated within the range of likely arrangements. For floor-standing equipment, the cables or wires should be located in the same manner as the user would install them and no further manipulation is made. For combination EUTs, the tabletop and floor-standing portions of the EUT shall follow the procedures for their respective setups and cable manipulation. If the manner of cable installation is not known, or if it changes with each installation, cables or wires for floor-standing equipment shall be manipulated to the extent possible to produce the maximum level of emissions.

For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum shall be monitored. Variations in antenna height between 1 and 4 m, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement (each variable within bounds specified elsewhere) shall be explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. A step-by-step technique for determining this emission can be found in Annex C.

When measuring emissions above 1 GHz, the frequencies of maximum emission shall be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT and by moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It will be advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions above 1 GHz. If the EUT is a device with dimensions approximately equal to that of the measurement antenna beamwidth, the measurement antenna shall be aligned with the EUT.

ANSI C63.4 (2009) Section 8.3.1.2: Final radiated emission measurements

Based on the measurement results in 8.3.1.1, the one EUT, cable and wire arrangement, and mode of operation that produces the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement. The final measurement is then performed on a site meeting the requirements of 5.3, 5.4, or 5.5 as appropriate without variation of the EUT arrangement or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emission shall be remaximized at the final test location before final radiated emissions measurements are performed. However, antenna height and polarity and EUT azimuth are to be varied. In addition, the full frequency spectrum (for the range to be checked for meeting compliance) shall be investigated.

This investigation is performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1 m and 4 m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. During the full frequency spectrum investigation, particular focus should be made on those frequencies found in exploratory testing that were used to find the final test configuration, mode of operation, and arrangement (associated with achieving the least margin with respect to the limit). This full spectrum test constitutes the compliance measurement.

For measurements above 1 GHz, use the cable, EUT arrangement, and mode of operation determined in the exploratory testing to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the antenna in the "cone of radiation" from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the EUT's size and mounting height, but the antenna should be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. If the transmission line for the measurement antenna restricts its range of height and polarization, the steps needed to ensure the correct measurement of the maximum emissions, shall be described in detail in the report of measurements. Data collected shall satisfy the report requirements of Clause 10.

NOTES

1— Where limits are specified by agencies for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detection, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
2—Use of waveguide and flexible waveguide may be necessary at frequencies above 10 GHz to achieve usable signal-to noise ratios at required measurement distances. If so, it may be necessary to restrict the height search of the antenna, and special care should be taken to ensure that maximum emissions are correctly measured.
3—All presently known devices causing emissions above 10 GHz are physically small compared with the beam-widths of typical horn antennas used for EMC measurements. For such EUTs and frequencies, it may be preferable to vary the height and polarization of the EUT instead of the receiving antenna to maximize the measured emissions.

Radiated Measurement Uncertainty: ±3dB

6.1.1 Sample Calculations for Radiated Measurements

Measurements from the Spectrum Analyzer/ Receiver are used to calculate the Field Strength, taking into account the following parameters:

1. Measured reading in dBµV
2. Cable Loss between the receiving antenna and SA in dB and
3. Antenna Factor in dB/m

FS (dBµV/m) = Measured Value on SA (dBµV)+ Cable Loss (dB)+ Antenna Factor (dB/m)
Eg:

Frequency (MHz)	Measured SA (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor Correction (dB)	Field Strength Result (dBµV/m)
1000	80.5	3.5	14	98.0

All radiated measurement plots in this report are taken from a test SW that calculates the Field Strength based on the above equation.

6.2 Conducted Emissions Procedure

ANSI C63.10 (2009) Section 6.2.5: Final AC Power-Line Conducted Emission Measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT performed in 6.2.4, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

If the EUT uses a detachable antenna, these measurements shall be made with a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals; otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended. When measuring the ac conducted emissions from a device that operates between 150 kHz and 30 MHz a non-detachable antenna may be replaced with a dummy load for the measurements within the fundamental emission band of the transmitter, but only for those measurements.

Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of the power cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuring or regulatory agency. Diagram or photograph the test setup that was used. See Clause 8 for full reporting requirements.

Section 6.2.5: Measurement requirements

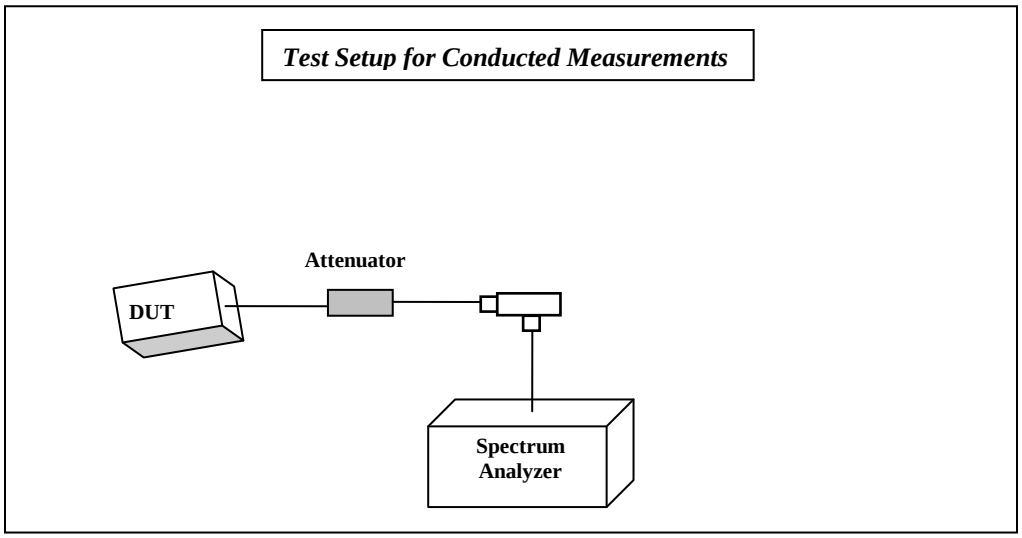
The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, vertical conducting plane, if used, shall be bonded together.

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument, or where permitted or required, the emission currents on the power line sensed by a current probe. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer, and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements, using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having a 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

Measurement Uncertainty: ±3.0dB

6.3 RF Conducted Measurement Procedure

Measurement according to FCC KDB 558074 D01V03 R02: June-2014 (DTS Measurement Guidance)



1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram.
2. Adjust the settings by entering test commands for TX/RX mode on/off, changing channels, modulations and data rates.
3. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channels.

Measurement Uncertainty: ±0.5dB

7 Measurement Data

7.1 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power and EIRP

7.1.1 Limits:

FCC §15.247 (b)(1): 1W
IC RSS-210 issue 8, annex 8.4(2): 1W
EIRP:
IC RSS-210 issue 8, annex 8.4(2): 4W
(RSS-GEN: Antenna is only added to conducted value if it is >10dBm)

7.1.2 Test Conditions:

Tnom: 23°C; Vnom: 12V

7.1.3 Test Procedure

Measurement according to FCC KDB 558074 D01 v03 R02 section 9.1.1

Peak Conducted Output Power
RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth of the emission being measured
VBW ≥ 3x RBW
Span ≥ 3 x RBW Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
Use the marker-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

7.1.4 Test Data

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)			
Mode	**Frequency (MHz)**		
	2402 Channel 0	**2440 Channel 18**	**2480 Channel 39**
802.15 (BTLE)	3.25	4.52	5.56

Declared Antenna Gain in the 2.4GHz band: is 0.4 dBi

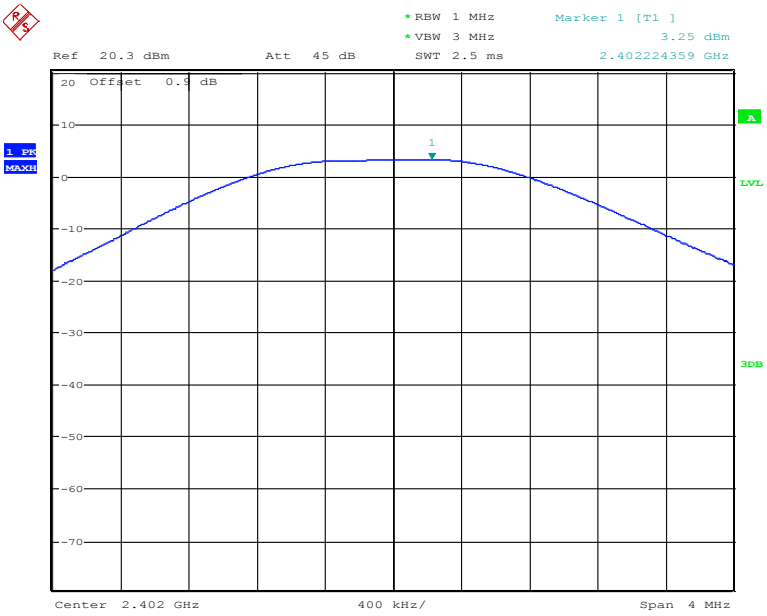
EIRP = Calculated Maximum Peak Output Power + 0.4dBi			
Mode	**Frequency (MHz)**		
	2402 Channel 0	**2440 Channel 18**	**2480 Channel 39**
802.15 (BTLE)	3.65	4.92	5.96

7.1.5 Measurement Result

Pass.

7.1.6 Conducted Output Power Plots

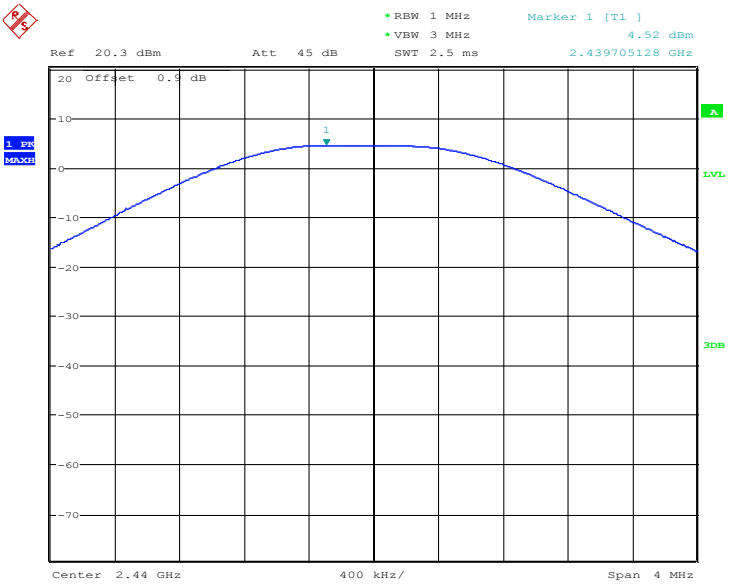
Conducted Power for Low Channel.



low

Date: 12.SEP.2014 18:19:05

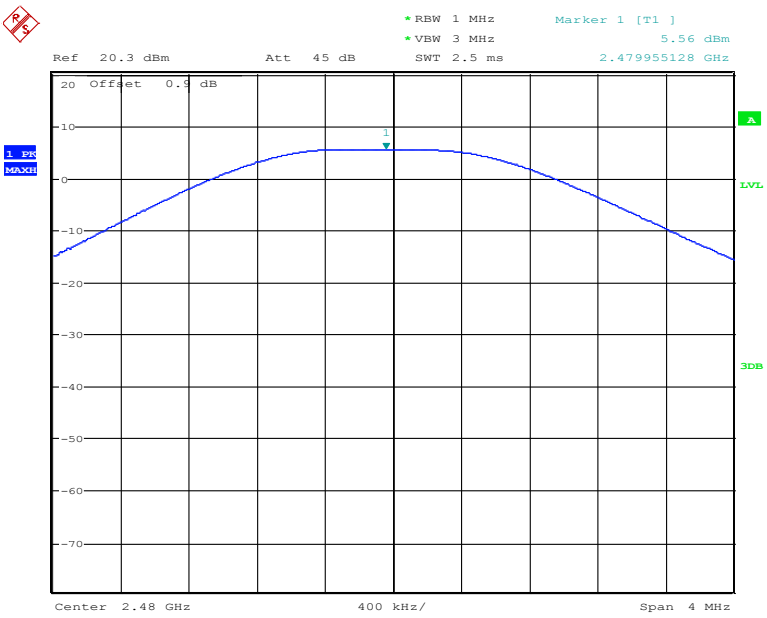
Conducted Power for Mid Channel



low

Date: 12.SEP.2014 18:13:18

Conducted Power for High Channel



low

Date: 12.SEP.2014 18:03:06

7.2 Band Edge Compliance – at restricted and non-restricted band edges

7.2.1 Limits:

§15.209/15.205/15.247 (d) & RSS-Gen 7.2.2/ 7.2.5, RSS-210 8.5

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
[1]0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	([2])
13.36 - 13.41			

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

7.2.2 Test Conditions:

Tnom: 21°C; Vnom: 12 V

7.2.3 Measurement Procedure:

Measurement according to FCC KDB 558074 D01 v03r02 section 11.1(a)

If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as Described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

Emission level measurement
a)Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
b)Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
c)Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
d)Detector = peak.
e)Sweep time = auto couple.
f)Trace mode = max hold.
g)Allow trace to fully stabilize.
h)Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b).

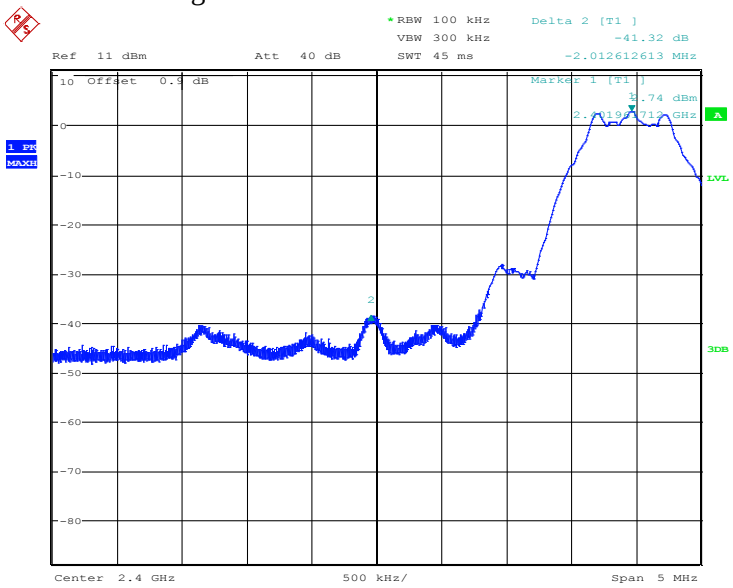
Also made peak power measurement based on 12.2.4 procedure and – where required - average power measurements based on 12.2.5.2 of KDB 558074 D01 v03r02

7.2.4 Measurement Result

Pass.

7.2.5 Test Data/plots:

Lower Band Edge 2400 MHz - Non Restricted Limits – Peak Measurement



low

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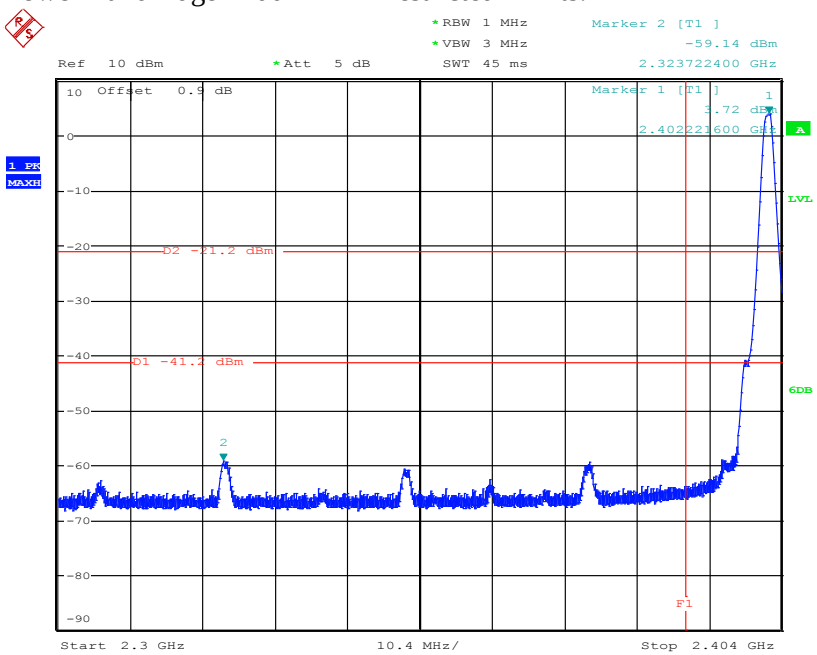
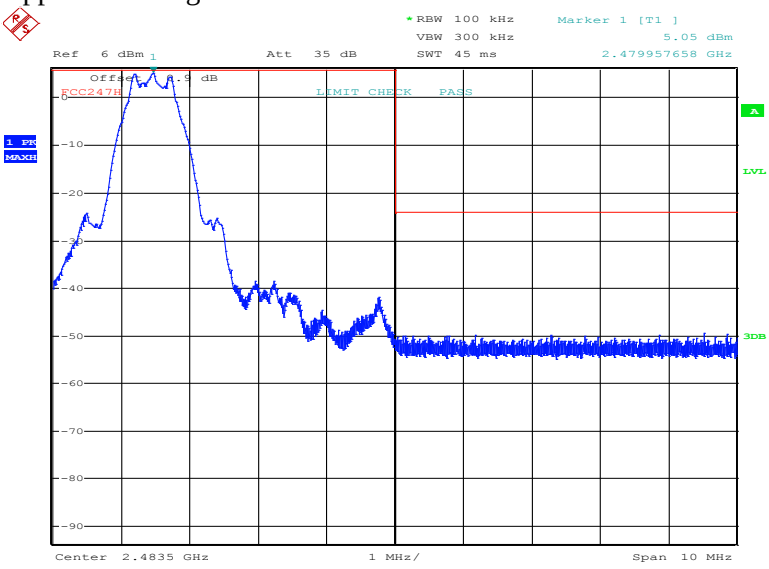
Lower Band Edge 2400 MHz - Restricted Limits.



Date: 18.NOV.2014 18:16:47

Upper Band Edge 2483.5 MHz - Non Restricted Limits – Peak Measurement



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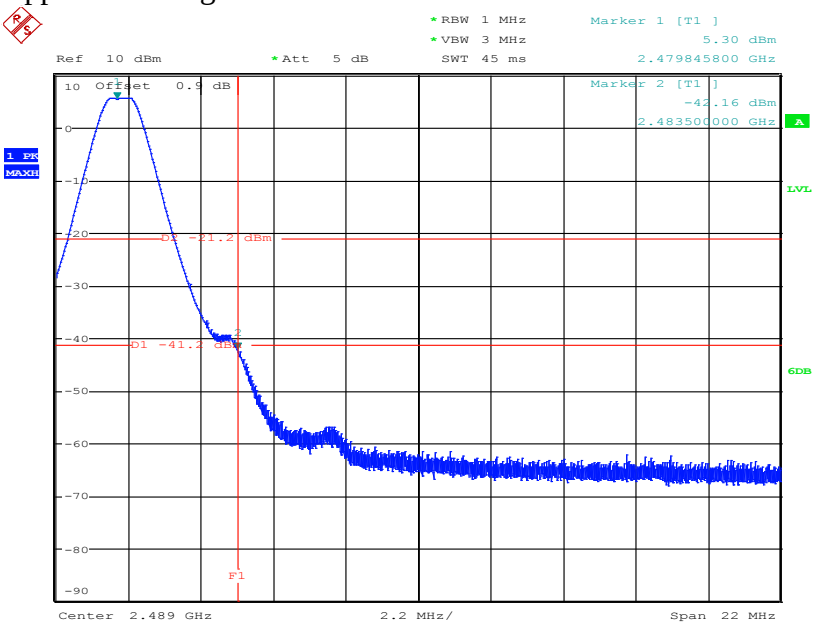
Date: 15.SEP.2014 15:57:52

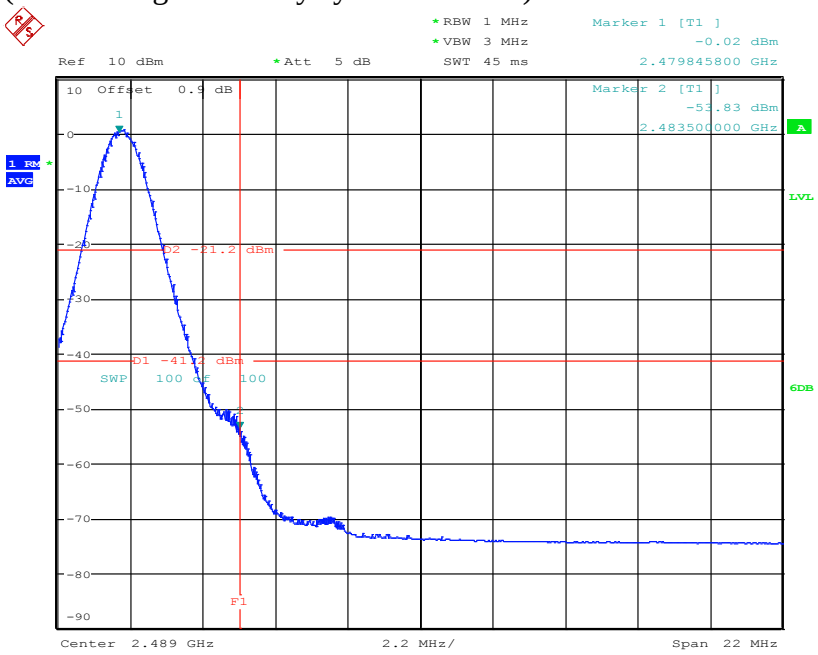
Upper Band Edge 2483.5 MHz - Restricted Limits – Peak Measurement



Date: 18.NOV.2014 18:07:37

Adding the minimum antenna gain of 2 dBi (-0.4dB*) to the reading at the band edge the peak results is higher than the average limit, calling for additional average measurement as documented below. (*the actual rated antenna gain of 0.4 dBi was accounted for already in the analyzer offset)

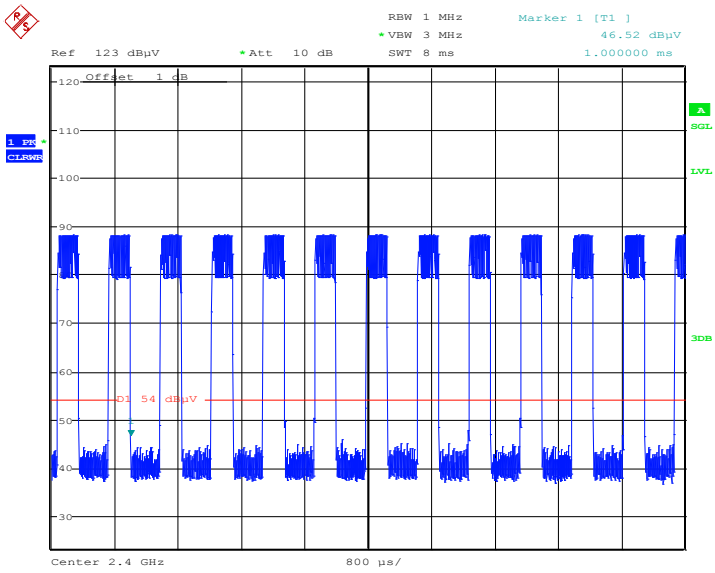
Upper Band Edge 2483.5 MHz - Restricted Limits - Average Measurement
(trace average with duty cycle correction)



Date: 18.NOV.2014 18:03:20

With the average reading of -53.83 dBm at the band edge and taking into account a duty cycle correction of +3.77 dB (see below) and a minimum antenna gain of +2dBi (-0.4dB*) the resulting margin to the restricted band average limit of -41.2 dBm is: (-53.83 + 3.77 + 1.6) – (- 41.2) dB = 7.3 dB. (*the actual rated antenna gain of 0.4 dBi was accounted for already in the Analyzer offset)

The Duty Cycle was measured by selecting 10000 points from the plot below of the Bluetooth signal and calculating the duty cycle on a spreadsheet. The measurements and plot indicated a stable 42% Duty cycle. The resulting duty cycle (dc) correction factor is: 10log(1/dc) = 3.77 dB.



Date: 14.NOV.2014 13:37:05

Occupied Bandwidth (6dB and 99% Bandwidth)

7.2.6 Limits:

7.2.6.1 §15.247 (a)(2) and KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v03 R02

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2.7 Test Conditions:

Tnom: 22 °C; Vnom: 12 V

7.2.8 Test Procedure

Measurement according to FCC KDB 558074 D01 v03 R02 section 8.1

For 6 dB bandwidth:
Spectrum Analyzer settings:
Span= Wide enough to capture the entire emission bandwidth
RBW= 100 KHz
VBW≥ 3xRBW
Detector: Peak-
Sweep Time: Auto
Trace = Max Hold
Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the peak level measured in the fundamental emission.

For 99% bandwidth:
Use the occupied bandwidth in the measurement function of the spectrum analyzer with power bandwidth setting at 99%

7.2.9 Test Data Results:

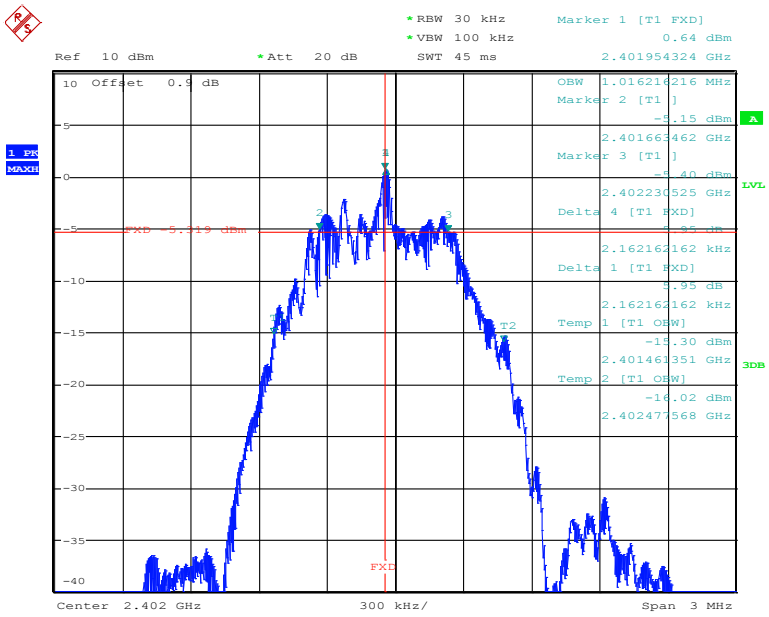
2.4 GHz Band Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)					
2404 Channel 0		2442 Channel 18		2478 Channel 39	
6dB (KHz)	99% (MHz)	6dB (KHz)	99% (MHz)	6dB (KHz)	99% (MHz)
567	1.01	613	1.01	665	1.01

7.2.10 Measurement Result

Pass.

7.2.11 Channel Occupied Bandwidth Plots

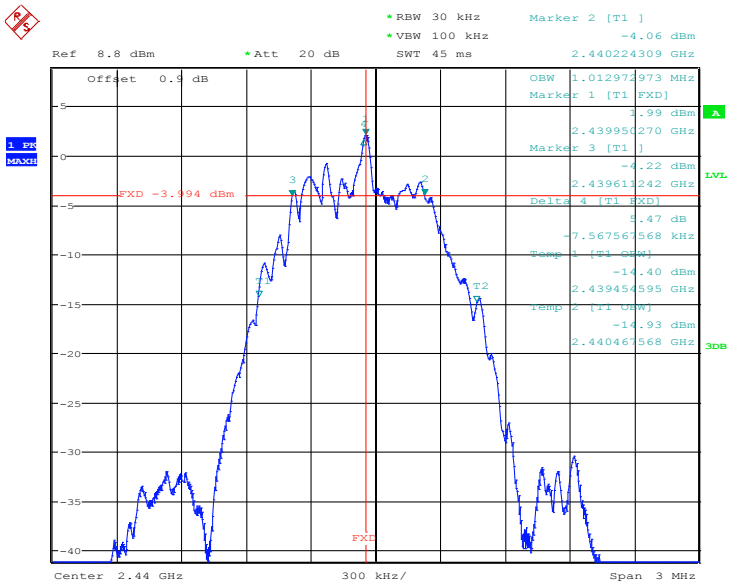
OBW Low Channel



low

Date: 16.SEP.2014 09:59:04

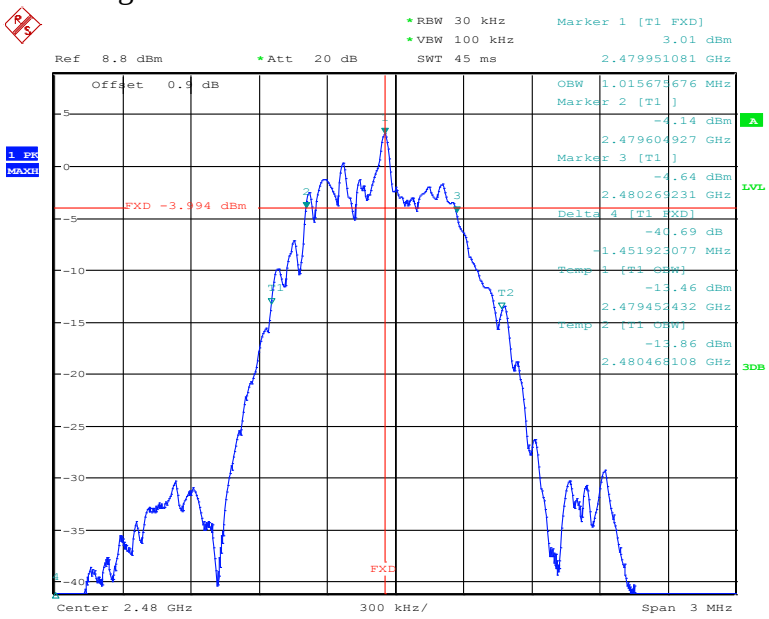
OBW Mid Channel



low

Date: 15.SEP.2014 19:00:20

OBW High Channel



low

Date: 15.SEP.2014 19:16:51

7.3 Power Spectral Density

7.3.1 Limits:

§ 15.247 (e) & RSS-210 A8.2 (b)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

7.3.2 Test Conditions:

Tnom: 21°C; Vnom: 12 V

7.3.3 Measurement procedure

Measurement according to FCC KDB 558074 D01 V03R02 section 10.2

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 x the DTS BW
3. Set the RBW=3 kHz, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW and sweep time = auto.
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Detector = Peak
6. Allow trace to fully stabilize and use peak marker function to determine the highest level as the PSD.

7.3.4 Test Data Results: 2.4

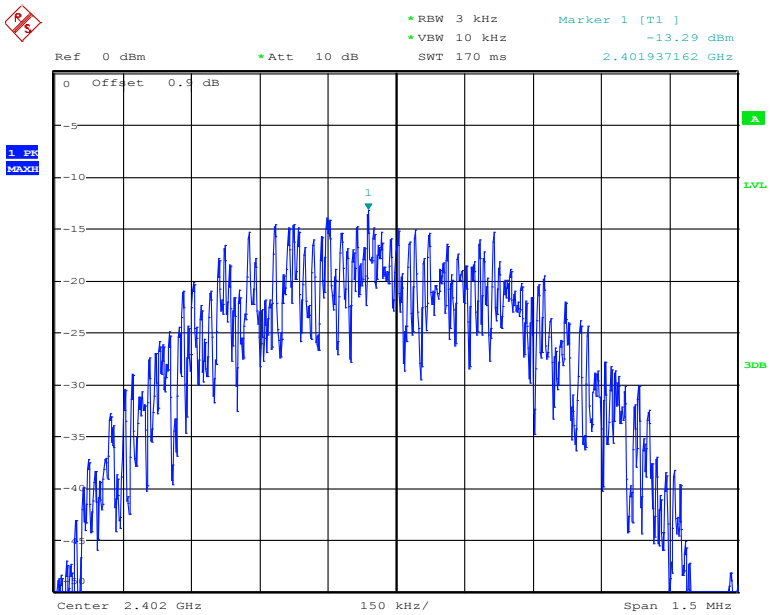
Power Spectral Density in dBm		
2402 Channel 0	**2440 Channel 18**	**2480 Channel 39**
-13.29	-12.01	-10.96

7.3.5 Measurement Result

Pass.

7.3.6 Measurement Plots:

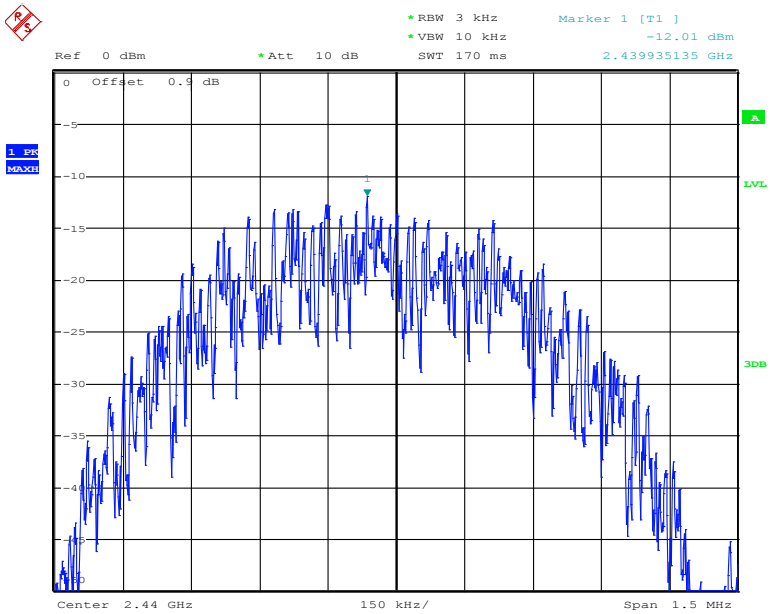
PSD Low channel



low

Date: 16.SEP.2014 10:07:05

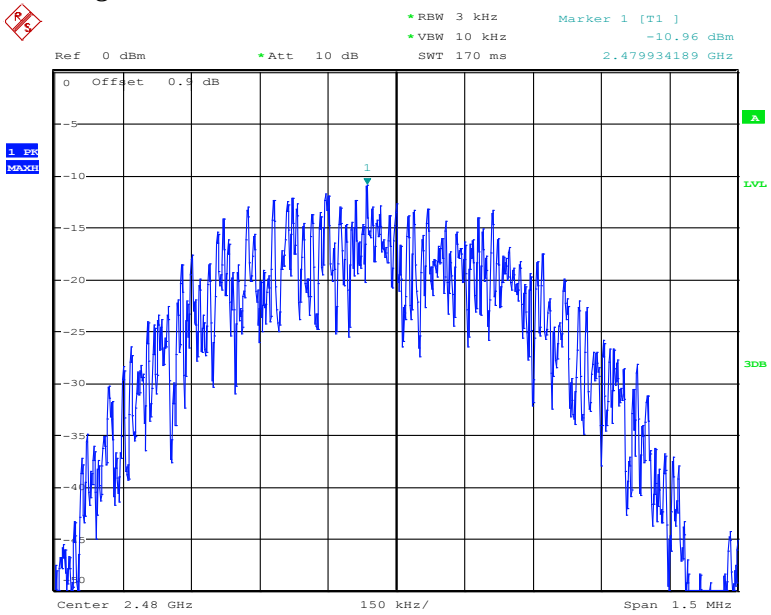
PSD Mid channel



low

Date: 16.SEP.2014 10:26:56

PSD High channel



low

Date: 16.SEP.2014 10:30:41

7.4 Radiated Transmitter Spurious Emissions - Restricted Band Limits

7.4.1 Limits:

§15.209/15.205/15.247 & RSS-Gen 7.2.2/ 7.2.5, RSS-210 A8.5

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
[1]0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	([2])
13.36 - 13.41			

Table 1:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)
30–88	100 (40dBµV/m)
88–216	150 (43.5 dBµV/m)
216–960	200 (46 dBµV/m)
Above 960	500 (54 dBµV/m)

Table 2:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705–30.0	30	30

7.4.2 Test Conditions:

Tnom: 23 °C; Vnom: 12 V
Test mode: *Modulation:* GFSK

7.4.3 Measurement procedure:

Measurement according to ANSI C63.4:2009 (also refer to section 6.1 in this test report)

7.4.4 Test Result:

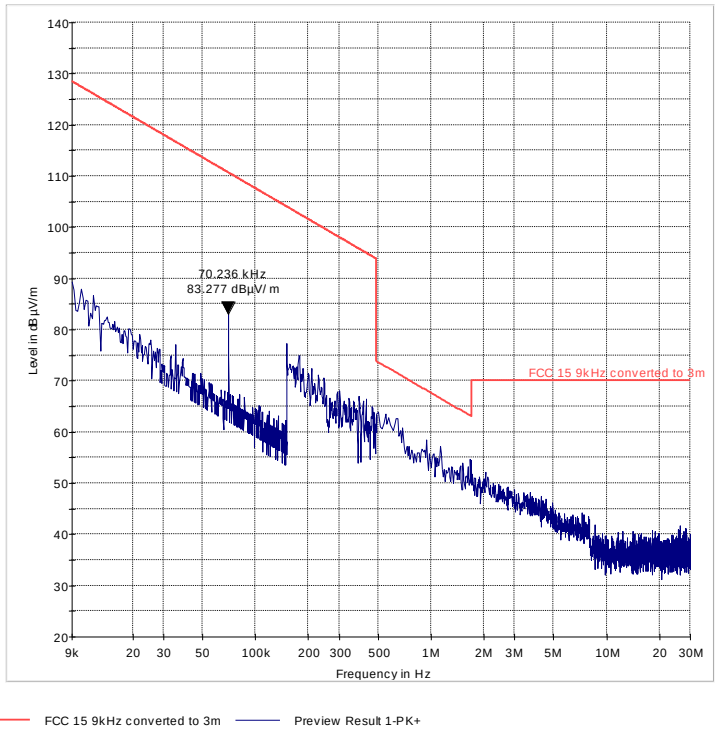
Plots reported here represent the worst case emissions for horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations and for three orientations of the EUT.

7.4.5 Measurement Result

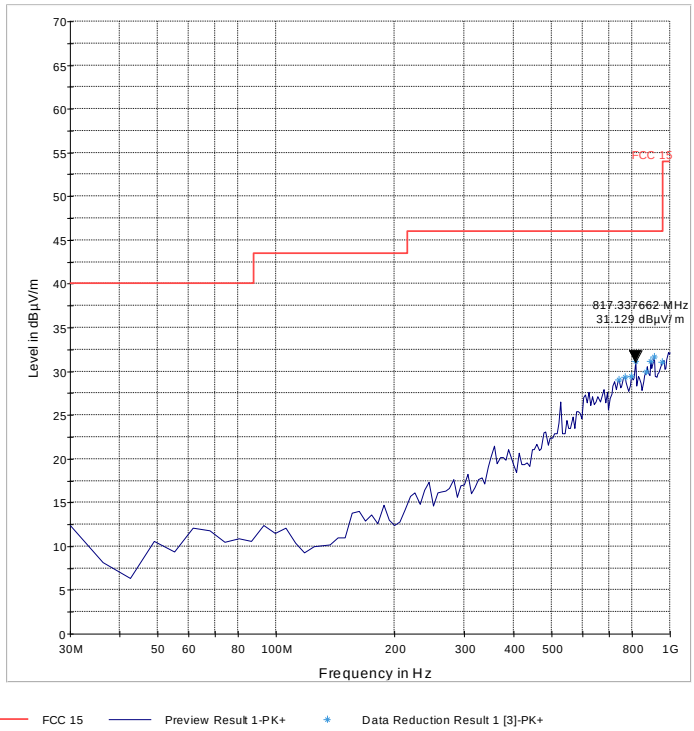
Pass.

7.4.6 Test Data Result:

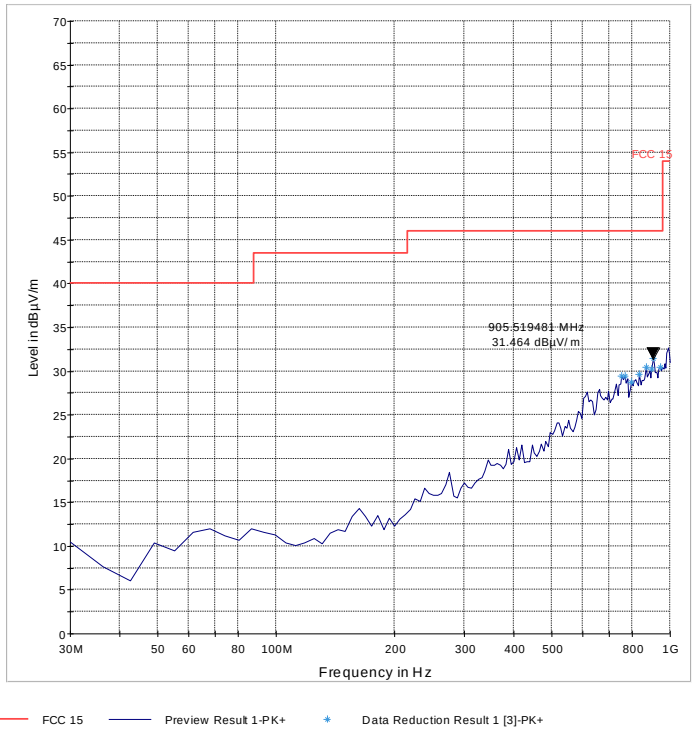
9KHz - 30MHz Mid Channel



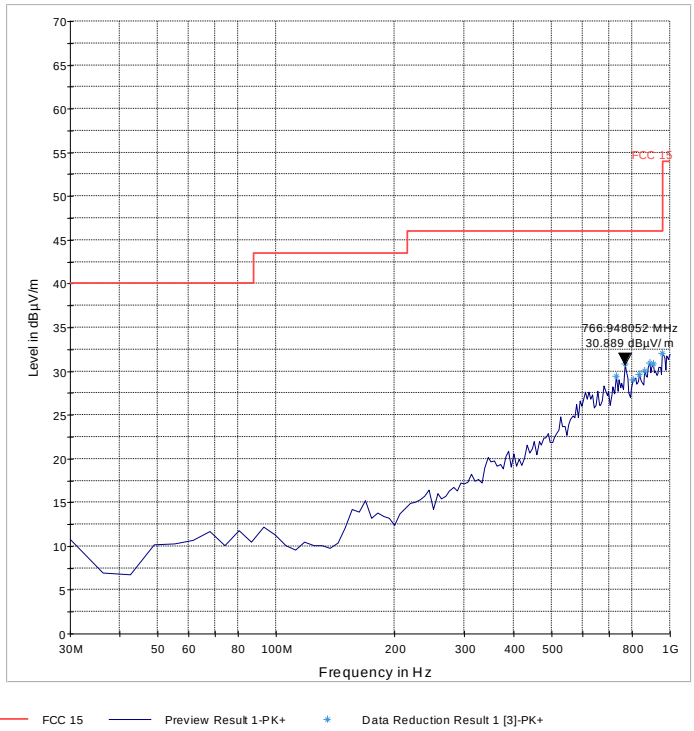
30MHz-1Ghz Low Channel



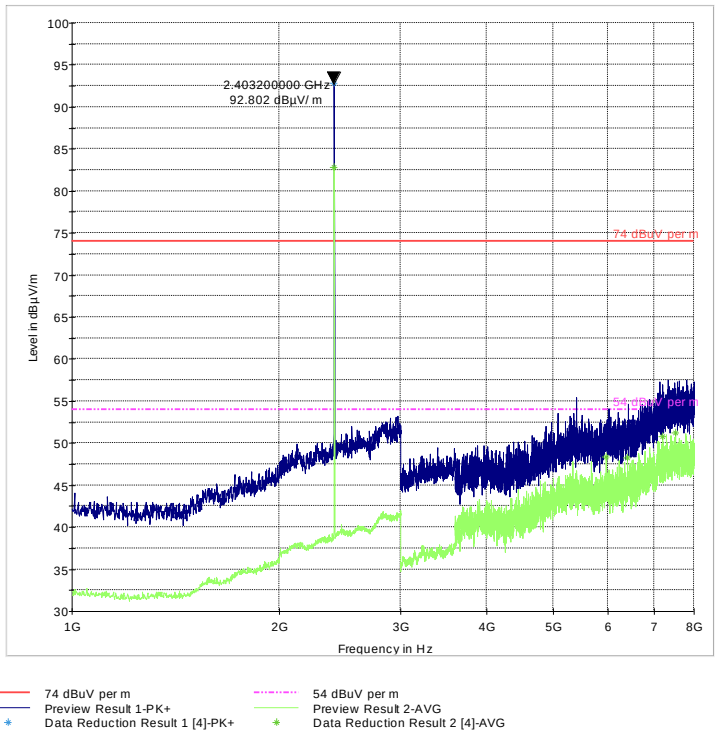
30MHz-1Ghz Mid Channel



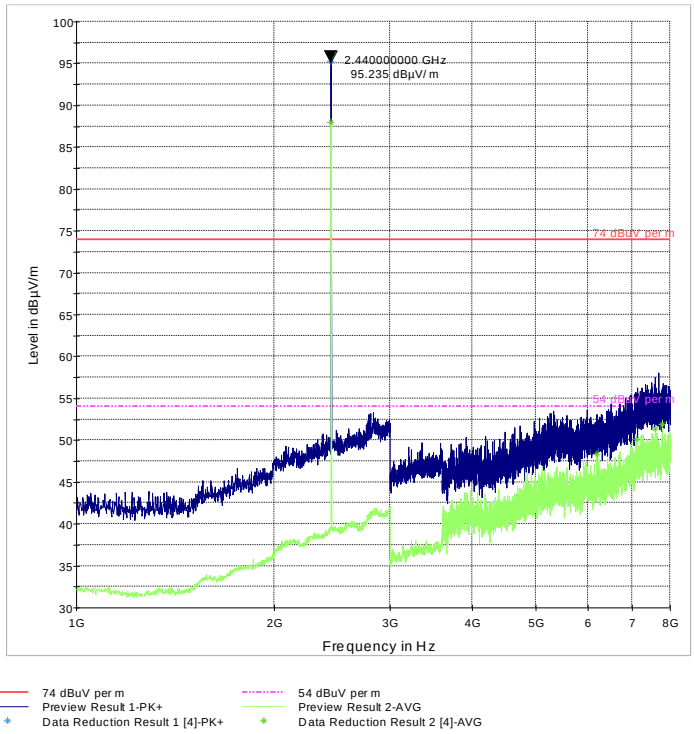
30MHz-1Ghz High Channel



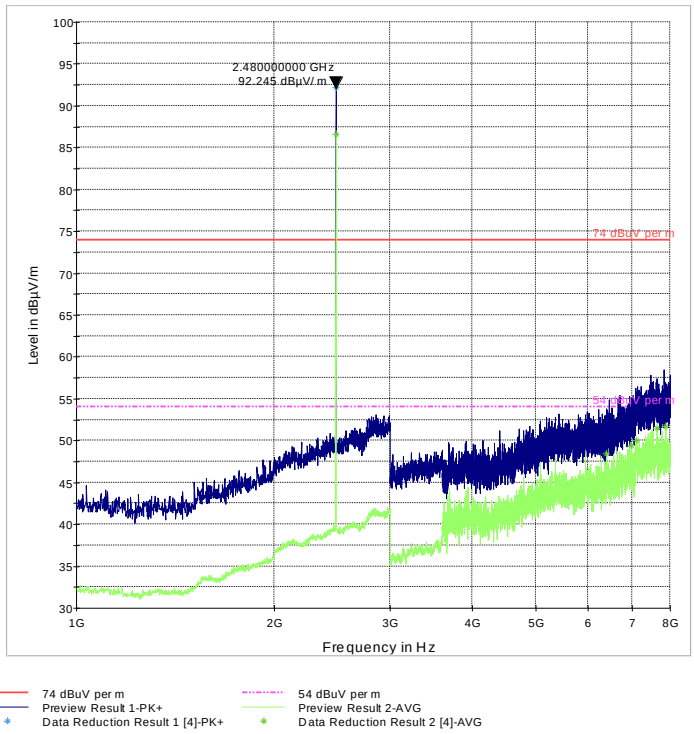
1-8GHz Low Channel



1-8GHz Mid Channel



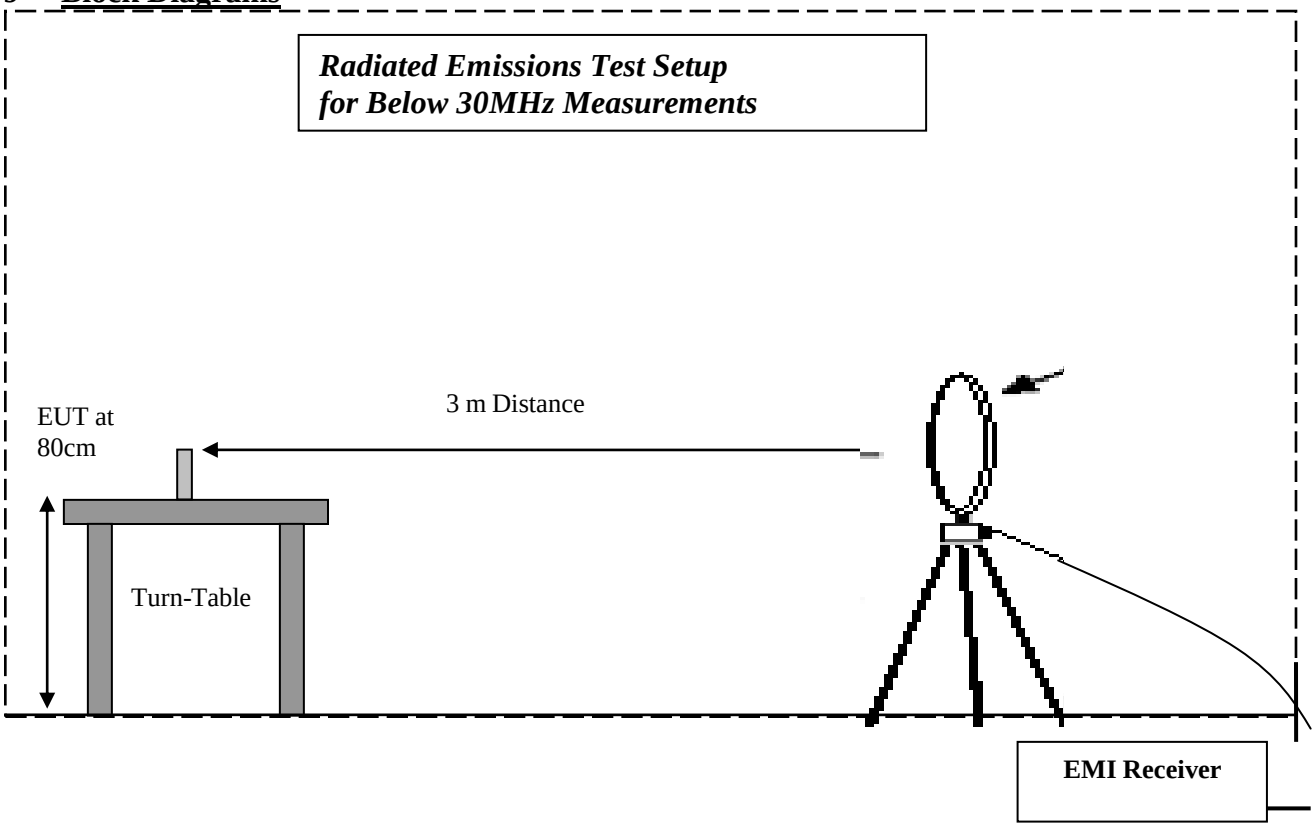
1-8GHz High Channel

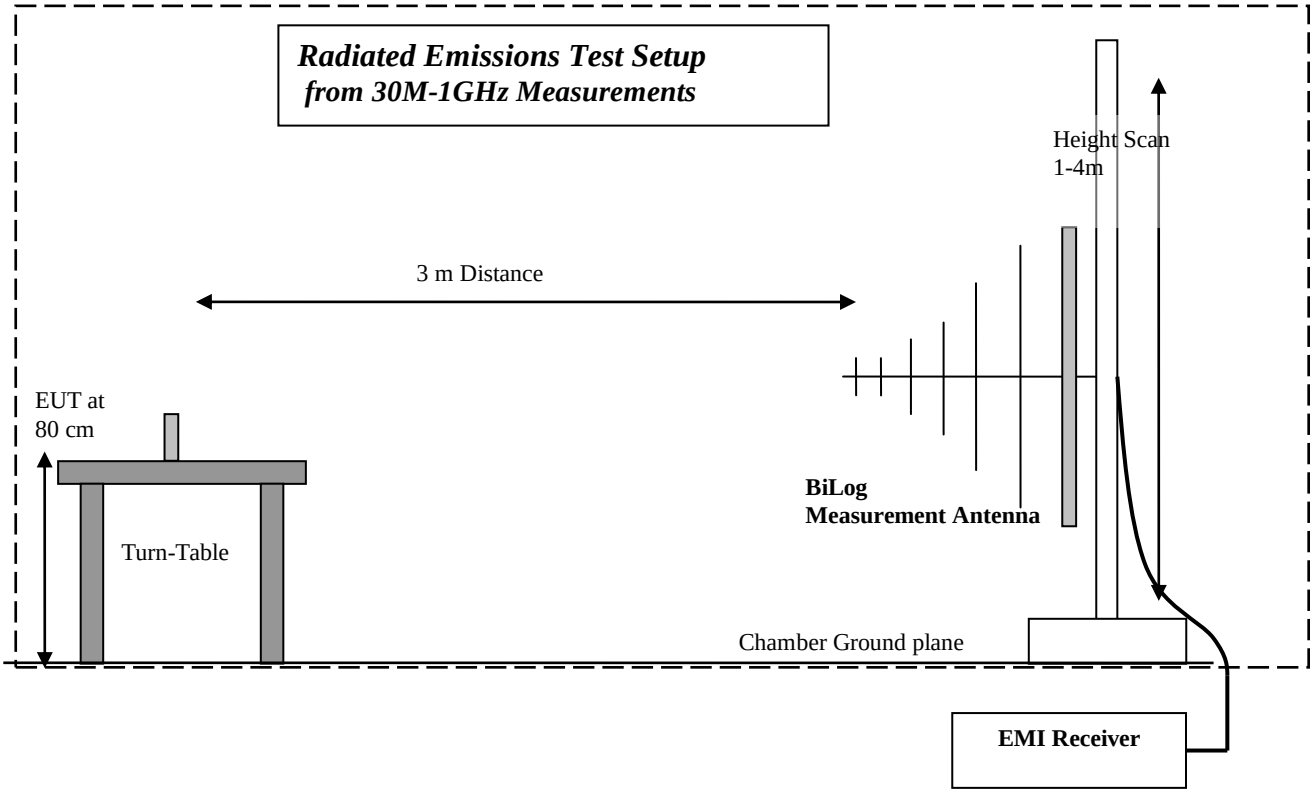


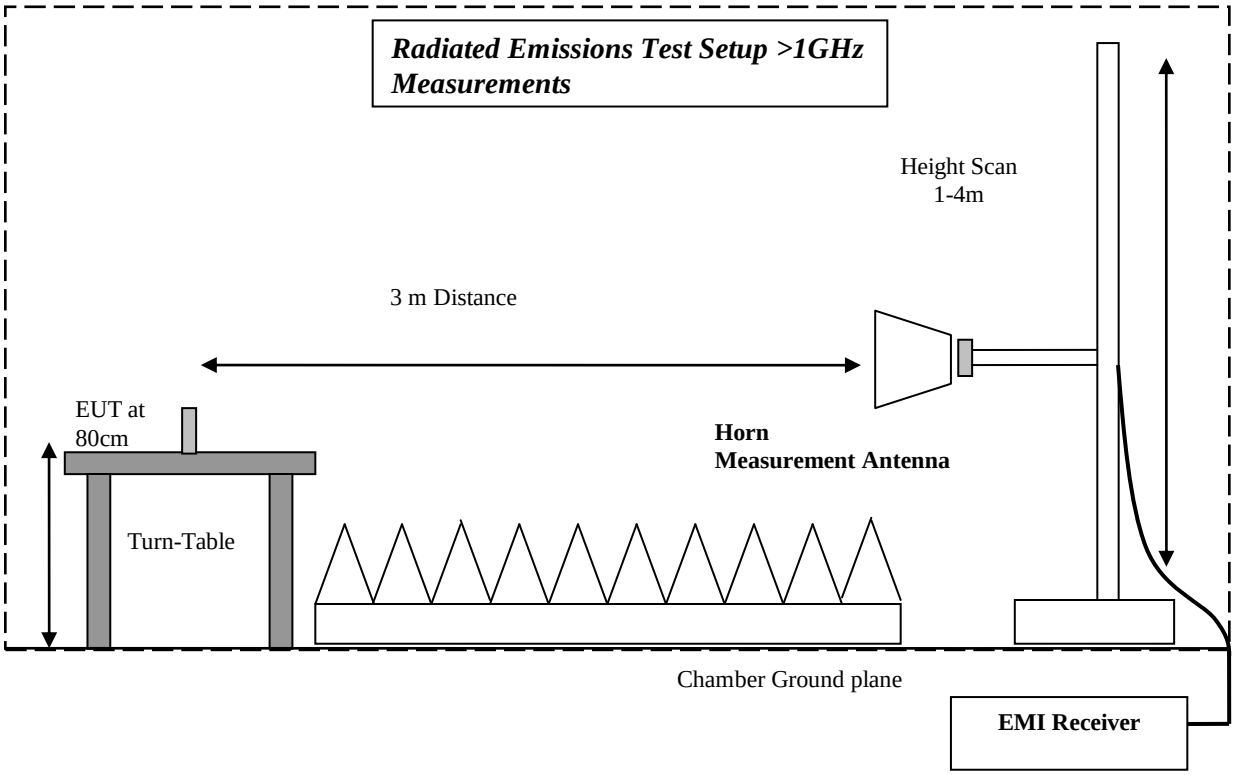
8 Test Equipment and Ancillaries used for tests

No.	Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Type/model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Cal Interval
	Turn table	EMCO	2075	N/A	N/A	N/A
	MAPS Position Controller	ETS Lindgren	2092	0004-1510	N/A	N/A
	Antenna Mast	EMCO	2075	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Relay Switch Unit	Rohde&Schwarz	RSU	338964/001	N/A	N/A
	EMI Receiver/Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	ESU 40	100251	Sept 2013	2 Year
	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSU	200302	Jun 2013	2 Years
	1500MHz HP Filter	Filtek	HP12/1700	14c48	N/A	N/A
	2800 MHZ HP Filter	Filtek	HP12/2800	14C47	N/A	N/A
	Pre-Amplifier	Miteq	JS40010260	340125	N/A	N/A
	Binconilog Antenna	EMCO	3141	0005-1186	Apr 2012	3 Years
	Binconilog Antenna	ETS	3149	J000123908	Feb 2012	3 years
	Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	35114	Mar 2012	3 Years
	LISN	Rohde and Schwarz	ESV 216	101129	Mar 2013	2 years
Ancillary equipment						
	DC Power Supply	HP	E3610A	KR83023316	N/A	N/A
	Communication Antenna	IBP5-900/1940	Kathrein	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Signal Generator	Agilent	83712B	US37101255	N/A	N/A
	Power Splitter	Agilent	11667B	52565	N/A	N/A
	Temp Hum Logger	TM325	Dickson	5285354	Apr 2014	1 Year

9 Block Diagrams






Radiated Emissions Test Setup >1GHz Measurements
Height Scan
1-4m
3 m Distance
EUT at
80cm
Horn
Measurement Antenna
Turn-Table
Chamber Ground plane
EMI Receiver

10 Revision History

Date	Report Name	Changes	Prepared by
2014-09-30	EMC_VERIT-005-14001_AT_255_FCC_15_247_BT_LE	Initial Release	James Donnellan
2014-11-22	EMC_VERIT-005-14001_AT_255_FCC_15_247_BT_LE	1st Formal Release	James Donnellan