

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc. 1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 United States Date of Testing: 10/02/2017 - 10/03/2017 Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA **Test Report Serial No.:**

1M1710020259-10.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFX210MA

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A. INC.

Scope of Test: RF Emissions Testing
Application Type: Class II Permissive Change

FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §20.19(b)
HAC Standard: ANSI C63.19-2011

285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05

285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP v03

DUT Type: Portable Handset **Model:** LM-X210MA

Additional Model(s): LMX210MA, X210MA, LM-X210TA, LMX210TA, X210TA, LM-

X210TAT, LMX210TAT, X210TAT

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 71355] Class II Permissive Change(s): See FCC Change Document

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C63.19-2011 HAC Category: M3 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2011 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested. North America bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.







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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. DUT DESCRIPTION



FCC ID: ZNFX210MA

Manufacturer: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc.

1000 Sylvan Avenue

Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632

United States

Model: LM-X210MA

Additional Model(s): LMX210MA, X210MA, LM-X210TA, LMX210TA, X210TA, X210TA, X210TAT, X210TAT,

LM-X210TAT, LMX210TAT, X210TAT

Serial Number: 71355

Antenna Configurations: Internal Antenna

HAC Test Configurations: GSM 850, 128, 190, 251, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

GSM 1900, 512, 661, 810, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

DUT Type: Portable Handset

Table 2-1: ZNFX210MA HAC Air Interfaces

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Voice over Digital Transport OTT Capability	Additional GSM Power Reduction
	850	VO	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	N/A	No
GSM	1900	VO	163	res. Wiri of Bi	N/A	NO
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	No
	850					
LINATC	1700	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	N/A	N/A
UMTS 1900	1900					
	HSPA	DT	No	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	N/A
	700 (B12)		No ^{1 2}	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	N/A
	850 (B5)					
LTE (FDD)	1700 (B66)	VD				
	1700 (B4)					
	1900 (B2)					
	2450					
	5200				Yes	
WIFI	5300	VD	No ^{1 2}	Yes: GSM, UMTS, or LTE		N/A
	5500					
	5800					
ВТ	2450	DT	No	Yes: GSM, UMTS, or LTE	N/A	N/A

Type Transport

Notes:

VO = Voice Only

1. Evaluated for MIF and low-power exemption.

DT = Digital Data - Not intended for CMRS Service 2. No associated T-coil measurement has been made in accordance with the guidance issued by VD = CMRS and Data Transport OET in KDB publication 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP.

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I. Power Reduction for WIFI

This device uses an independent fixed level power reduction mechanism for 2.4GHz and 5GHz 20MHz WIFI operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios. Reduced powers were used to evaluate for low-power exemption in Section 9.II for WIFI. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.

II. LTE Band Selection

This device supports the following pair of LTE bands with similar frequencies: LTE B4 & B66. This pair of LTE bands has the same target power and shares the same transmission path. Since the supported frequency span for the smaller LTE band is completely covered by the larger LTE band, only the larger LTE band (LTE B66) was evaluated for hearing-aid compliance.

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3. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters		
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)		
	f < 960 MHz		
M1	50 to 55		
M2	45 to 50		
M3	40 to 45		
M4	< 40		
	f > 960 MHz		
M1	40 to 45		
M2	35 to 40		
M3	30 to 35		
M4	< 30		
Table 3-1 WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011			

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SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS 4.

ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) Directivity

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



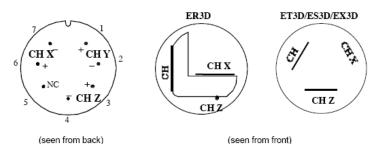
Figure 4-1 E-field Free-space Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

The electric field probes have an irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

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Instrumentation Chain

Equation 1

Conversion of Connector Voltage u, to E-Field E,

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

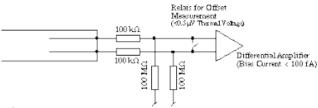
whereby

Eı: electric field in V/m

voltage of channel i at the connector in µV Ui. sensitivity of channel i in µV/(V/m)2 Norm: ConvF: enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air) DCP: diode compression point in µV

Conditions of Calibration

CF.



- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm; and DCP
- larger bias currents will cause higher offset

Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below). Frequency Response of E-Field

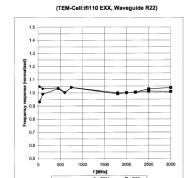


Figure 4-2 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

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SPEAG Robotic System

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel CORE i7 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 4-3 SPEAG Robotic System

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the computer with operating system and RF Measurement Software DASY5 v52.8 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

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System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

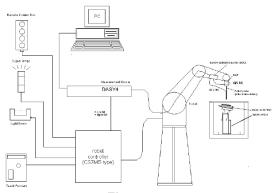


Figure 4-4SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY5 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{with} & V_i & = \text{compensated signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & U_i & = \text{input signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & cf & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \\ & dcp_i & = \text{diode compression point} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \end{array}$

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

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5. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

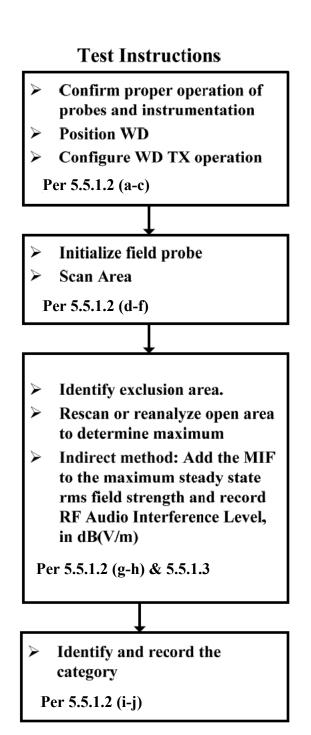


Figure 5-1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

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Test Setup

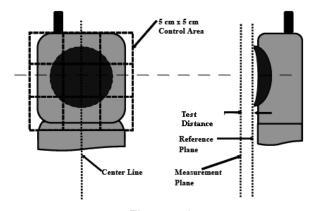


Figure 5-2
E-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

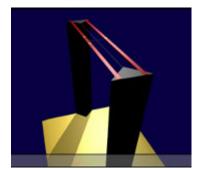


Figure 5-3 HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the HAC test and drift measurements were repeated.

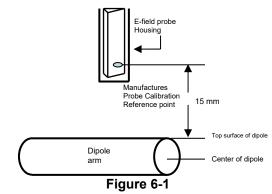
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6. SYSTEM CHECK

I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 15 mm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device [e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (20dBm) RMS] after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned, and the average peak value was recorded.

Measurement of CW

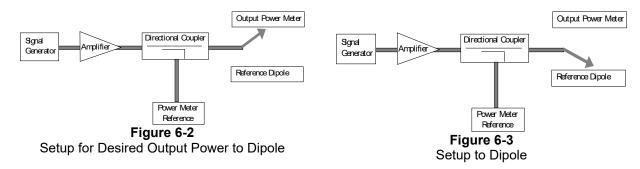
Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

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RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.



Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 6-3.

The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis

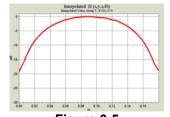
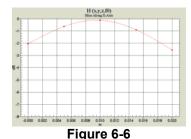


Figure 6-5 2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

Frequency (MHz)	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation
835	2353	859	1082	20.0	112.4	106.8	5.2%
1880	2333	009	1064	20.0	93.5	89.6	4.4%

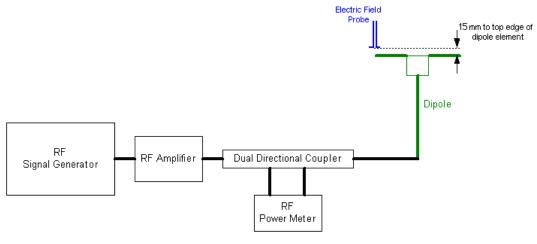


Figure 6-8 System Check Setup

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MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR 7.

I. Measuring Modulation Interference Factors

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- a. Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- b. Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- e. Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB (20 × log[(step e)/(step b)]).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA), Type No: SE UMS 170 CB, Serial No.: 1010:

- 1. The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2. The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3. Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the AIA, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the AIA's built-in antenna.
- 4. The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

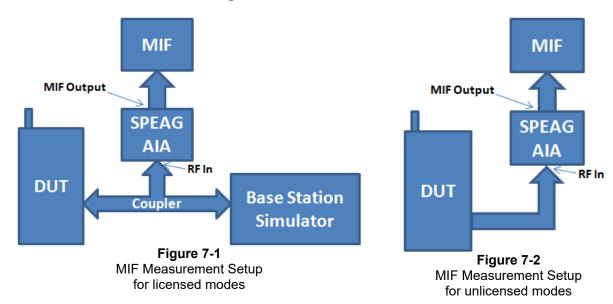
The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] = 20 * log[Raw Field Value (V/m)] + MIF (dB)

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

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II. MIF Measurement Block Diagrams



III. Measured Modulation Interference Factors:

Table 7-1GSM Modulation Interference Factors¹

		GSM850			GSM1900	
Mode	128	190	251	512	661	810
GSM	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.56	3.56	3.56

Table 7-2UMTS Modulation Interference Factors¹

Mode		UMTS V			UMTS IV				UMTS II	
		4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
UMTS	12.2 kbps RMC	-28.48	-28.51	-28.49	-23.16	-23.80	-22.94	-21.95	-20.16	-20.50
OWITS	12.2 kbps AMR	-25.52	-24.97	-25.08	-25.28	-24.82	-25.58	-25.07	-25.39	-25.00

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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Table 7-3 LTE FDD Modulation Interference Factors^{1,3}

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.92
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	0	-10.64
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.40
2	1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.02
12	707.5	23095	10	QPSK	1	0	-13.32
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	25	-10.13
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	49	-10.13
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	25	0	-16.24
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	50	0	-15.80
12	707.5	23095	5	16QAM	1	0	-9.67
12	707.5	23095	3	16QAM	1	0	-9.84
12	707.5	23095	1.4	16QAM	1	0	-10.67
12	701.5	23035	5	16QAM	1	0	-9.83
12	713.5	23155	5	16QAM	1	0	-10.87

Table 7-4 802.11b (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11b MIF Measurements [dB]				
Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]				
	1	2	5.5	11	
802.11b	-15.87 -15.64 -12.04 -12.11				

Table 7-5 802.11g (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]							
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]						
	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 48 54						
802.11g	-14.11	-14.11 -13.60 -13.13 -12.46 -11.89 -11.61 -11.84 -12.10						

Table 7-6 802.11n (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]							
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]						
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65						
802.11n	-14.04	-12.64	-12.22	-11.70	-11.59	-11.89	-12.19	-12.40

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

³ Note: All FDD LTE bands were found to have substantially similar MIF values given similar RB, BW, and modulation configurations.

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² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

Table 7-7 802.11a (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		802.11a MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]						
	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 48 54						
802.11a	-14.00	-14.00 -13.55 -13.13 -12.50 -11.97 -11.52 -11.86 -12.04						

Table 7-8

802.11n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]						
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65						
802.11n	-13.72	13.72 -12.79 -12.29 -11.85 -11.64 -11.81 -12.04 -12.39						

Table 7-9

802.11n (5GHz. 40MHz BW. SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]							
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]						
	13.5	13.5 27 40.5 54 81 108 121.5 135						
802.11n	-12.73	-11.54	-10.92	-10.94	-11.30	-12.11	-12.70	-12.96

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

8. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

I. Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for HAC Testing

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing HAC and are recommended for evaluating HAC. Measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator.

II. HAC Measurement Conditions

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels for all applicable air interfaces. See Table 8-1 for air interface specific settings of transmit power parameters.

Table 8-1
Power Control Parameters and Settings by Air Interface

Air Interface:	Parameter Name:	Parameter Set To:
GSM	PCL	GSM850: "5"; GSM1900: "0"
UMTS	TPC	"All 1's"
LTE	TPC	"Max Power"
WIFI	Mfr Configured	Mfr Specified

III. Setup Used to Measure RF Conducted Powers

Power measurements for licensed modes were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power. Power measurements for unlicensed modes were performed using a power meter and power sensor.



Figure 8-1
Power Measurement Setup for licensed modes

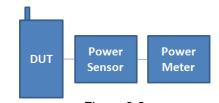


Figure 8-2
Power Measurement Setup for unlicensed modes

IV. GSM Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)
	128	33.68
GSM 850	190	33.63
	251	33.57
	512	30.64
GSM 1900	661	30.55
	810	30.64

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V. UMTS Conducted Powers

Mode	Cellular Band [dBm]			AWS Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]		
	4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
12.2 kbps RMC	24.45	24.22	24.31	24.65	24.54	24.65	24.68	24.63	24.64
12.2 kbps AMR	24.36	24.23	24.35	24.66	24.56	24.62	24.51	24.67	24.62

VI. LTE Conducted Powers

a. LTE Band 12

Table 8-2
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

	(: • :					
			LTE Band 12 10 MHz Bandwidth			
			Mid Channel			
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23095 (707.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
			Conducted Power [dBm]			
	1	0	24.22		0	
QPSK	1	25	24.58	0	0	
	1	49	24.28		0	
	25	0	23.51		1	
	25	12	23.41	0-1	1	
	25	25	23.44	0-1	1	
	50	0	23.41		1	
	1	0	23.25		1	
	1	25	23.36	0-1	1	
	1	49	23.40		1	
16QAM	25	0	22.60		2	
	25	12	22.53	0-2	2	
	25	25	22.59	0-2	2	
ĺ	50	0	22.39		2	

Note: Since LTE Band 12 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

Table 8-3 LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 12 5 MHz Bandwidth										
Modulation	RB Size	RB Size	RB Size	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 23035 (701.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 23095 (707.5 MHz)	High Channel 23155 (713.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
			C	Conducted Power [dBm	i]						
	1	0	24.54	24.30	24.28		0				
	1	12	24.29	24.41	24.24	0	0				
	1	24	24.51	24.36	24.29	1	0				
QPSK	12	0	23.36	23.42	23.34	0-1	1				
	12	6	23.41	23.47	23.55		1				
	12	13	23.48	23.41	23.40		1				
	25	0	23.35	23.24	23.32	1	1				
	1	0	23.18	23.66	23.18		1				
	1	12	23.40	23.59	23.53	0-1	1				
	1	24	23.33	23.62	23.36		1				
16QAM	12	0	22.31	22.64	22.39		2				
	12	6	22.56	22.63	22.24	0-2	2				
	12	13	22.54	22.58	22.29		2				
	25	0	22.54	22.48	22.42	1	2				

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Table 8-4
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth										
	LTE Band 12 3 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23025	23095	23165	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
			(700.5 MHz)	(707.5 MHz)	(714.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]				
			Conducted Power [dBm]							
	1	0	24.37	24.44	24.38		0			
	1	7	24.42	24.53	24.37	0	0			
	1	14	24.44	24.37	24.31		0			
QPSK	8	0	23.42	23.38	23.31	0-1	1			
	8	4	23.61	23.22	23.52		1			
	8	7	23.39	23.38	23.45		1			
	15	0	23.42	23.43	23.35		1			
	1	0	23.61	23.62	23.64		1			
	1	7	23.57	23.41	23.68	0-1	1			
	1	14	23.60	23.68	23.69		1			
16QAM	8	0	22.45	22.50	22.53		2			
	8	4	22.68	22.62	22.39	0-2	2			
	8	7	22.46	22.55	22.45	U-2	2			
	15	0	22.66	22.66	22.38	1	2			

Table 8-5
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 12 1.4 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017 (699.7 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23173 (715.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
	1	0	24.41	24.33	24.22		0
	1	2	24.55	24.24	24.30	0	0
•	1	5	24.23	24.32	24.18		0
QPSK	3	0	24.46	24.34	24.21		0
	3	2	24.16	24.33	24.31		0
	3	3	24.63	24.44	24.41	1	0
	6	0	23.41	23.43	23.24	0-1	1
	1	0	23.70	23.39	23.40		1
	1	2	23.60	23.53	23.50		1
	1	5	23.67	23.34	23.24	0-1	1
16QAM	3	0	23.70	23.61	23.68	0-1	1
	3	2	23.60	23.45	23.47	1	1
	3	3	23.48	23.55	23.70		1
•	6	0	22.32	22.47	22.23	0-2	2

b. LTE Band 5

Table 8-6 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 5 (Cell) 10 MHz Bandwidth										
			Mid Channel								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20525 (836.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]						
Woddiation	ND OILC	IND OHSEL	Conducted Power	3GPP [dB]	iiii K [dD]						
			[dBm]								
	1	0	24.27		0						
QPSK	1	25	24.25	0	0						
	1	49	24.48		0						
	25	0	23.56		1						
	25	12	23.52	0-1	1						
	25	25	23.52	0-1	1						
	50	0	23.44		1						
	1	0	23.60		1						
	1	25	23.60	0-1	1						
	1	49	23.68		1						
16QAM	25	0	22.57		2						
	25	12	22.62	0-2	2						
	25	25	22.69	0-2	2						
	50	0	22.50		2						

Note: Since LTE Band 5 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

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Table 8-7
LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

		L Dana	0 (000.0111112)	Conducted	OWCIO CIMII	z Banawiatn				
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)						
5 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425	20525	20625	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
Modulation	KD SIZE	KB Oliset	(826.5 MHz)	(836.5 MHz)	(846.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	WPK [UD]			
			(Conducted Power [dBm]					
	1	0	24.52	24.30	24.37		0			
	1	12	24.50	24.18	24.35	0	0			
QPSK	1	24	24.46	24.32	24.53	1	0			
	12	0	23.51	23.62	23.70	0-1	1			
	12	6	23.42	23.55	23.62		1			
	12	13	23.50	23.52	23.62		1			
	25	0	23.47	23.58	23.52		1			
	1	0	23.45	23.50	23.46		1			
	1	12	23.55	23.31	23.63	0-1	1			
	1	24	23.48	23.29	23.68	1	1			
16QAM	12	0	22.66	22.66	22.29		2			
	12	6	22.63	22.62	22.48	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.64	22.49	22.28	0-2	2			
	25	0	22.41	22.56	22.42		2			

Table 8-8 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth										
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)										
3 MHz Bandwidth											
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm]						
1	1	0	24.44	24.52	24.55		0				
	1	7	24.40	24.56	24.47	0	0				
	1	14	24.38	24.41	24.59		0				
QPSK	8	0	23.41	23.67	23.32		1				
	8	4	23.47	23.52	23.48	0-1	1				
	8	7	23.34	23.36	23.47		1				
	15	0	23.29	23.50	23.35		1				
	1	0	23.60	23.21	23.68		1				
	1	7	23.65	23.32	23.54	0-1	1				
	1	14	23.53	23.31	23.59		1				
16QAM	8	0	22.50	22.59	22.52		2				
	8	4	22.63	22.64	22.66	0-2	2				
	8	7	22.67	22.64	22.65	U-2	2				
	15	0	22.55	22.44	22.70		2				

Table 8-9
LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

ETE Balla o (cociolinitz) contaction in thiniz Ballawia.											
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)							
	1.4 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20407 (824.7 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20643 (848.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
1	1	0	24.54	24.34	24.47		0				
	1	2	24.39	24.40	24.37		0				
	1	5	24.52	24.33	24.46	0	0				
QPSK	3	0	24.28	24.59	24.59		0				
	3	2	24.43	24.60	24.53		0				
	3	3	24.44	24.45	24.60		0				
	6	0	23.50	23.59	23.42	0-1	1				
	1	0	23.40	23.34	23.42		1				
	1	2	23.67	23.33	23.66		1				
	1	5	23.70	23.36	23.58	0.4	1				
16QAM	3	0	23.60	23.50	23.67	0-1	1				
	3	2	23.51	23.66	23.67	1	1				
	3	3	23.65	23.62	23.42	1	1				
	6	0	22.55	22.42	22.52	0-2	2				

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c. LTE Band 66

Table 8-10 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth

		Duna CC	(Conducted i		nz Banawiati	
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)			
				20 MHz Bandwidth	•	•	
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132072 (1720.0 MHz)	132322 (1745.0 MHz)	132572 (1770.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.56	24.62	24.70		0
	1	50	24.29	24.44	24.35	0	0
	1	99	24.46	24.35	24.44		0
QPSK	50	0	23.31	23.20	23.40	0-1	1
	50	25	23.46	23.44	23.45		1
	50	50	23.43	23.54	23.65		1
	100	0	23.49	23.63	23.36		1
	1	0	23.60	23.58	23.46		1
	1	50	23.49	23.54	23.57	0-1	1
	1	99	23.54	23.48	23.64		1
16QAM	50	0	22.55	22.70	22.70		2
	50	25	22.57	22.50	22.52	0.2	2
	50	50	22.58	22.54	22.51	0-2	2
	100	0	22.57	22.50	22.49		2

Table 8-11 I TF Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 15MHz Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)							
				15 MHz Bandwidth	1						
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132047 (1717.5 MHz)	132322 (1745.0 MHz)	132597 (1772.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.40	24.48	24.52		0				
	1	36	24.49	24.52	24.61	0	0				
	1	74	24.30	24.61	24.35		0				
QPSK	36	0	23.45	23.59	23.48	0-1	1				
	36	18	23.46	23.51	23.58		1				
	36	37	23.48	23.24	23.45		1				
	75	0	23.58	23.57	23.50		1				
	1	0	23.53	23.50	23.56		1				
	1	36	23.66	23.62	23.55	0-1	1				
	1	74	23.61	23.35	23.52		1				
16QAM	36	0	22.59	22.49	22.60		2				
	36	18	22.50	22.60	22.49	0-2	2				
	36	37	22.34	22.53	22.49	0-2	2				
	75	0	22.51	22.61	22.60		2				

Table 8-12 LTF Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 10MHz Bandwidth

	LIE	Danu oo	(1745.UNITZ)		owers - Tulvi	HZ Bandwidth	
				LTE Band 66 (AWS) 10 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132022 (1715.0 MHz)	132322 (1745.0 MHz)	132622 (1775.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.50	24.51	24.58		0
	1	25	24.57	24.60	24.47	0	0
	1	49	24.70	24.55	24.57		0
QPSK	25	0	23.57	23.44	23.57		1
	25	12	23.60	23.53	23.50	0-1	1
	25	25	23.57	23.50	23.56		1
	50	0	23.60	23.57	23.52		1
	1	0	23.55	23.39	23.56		1
	1	25	23.37	23.44	23.54	0-1	1
	1	49	23.34	23.45	23.48		1
16QAM	25	0	22.62	22.33	22.56		2
	25	12	22.69	22.62	22.67	0-2	2
	25	25	22.65	22.57	22.65	U-2	2
	50	0	22.56	22.60	22.65		2

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Table 8-13 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LIE Balid 66 (1745.0MHz) Colladeted Powers - 5MHz Balidwidth										
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)							
			I am Ohaanal	5 MHz Bandwidth	Himb Observat						
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	_					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	131997 (1712.5 MHz)	132322 (1745.0 MHz)	132647 (1777.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.32	24.37	24.35		0				
[1	12	24.40	24.50	24.39	0	0				
	1	24	24.40	24.63	24.48	1	0				
QPSK	12	0	23.60	23.50	23.50		1				
	12	6	23.62	23.70	23.51	0-1	1				
	12	13	23.62	23.41	23.45		1				
	25	0	23.60	23.63	23.64	1	1				
	1	0	23.59	23.41	23.58		1				
	1	12	23.53	23.63	23.60	0-1	1				
	1	24	23.38	23.62	23.41	1	1				
16QAM	12	0	22.70	22.58	22.65		2				
	12	6	22.61	22.42	22.69	0-2	2				
	12	13	22.47	22.68	22.68		2				
ľ	25	0	22.67	22.70	22.36	1	2				

Table 8-14 LTE Band 66 (1745 0MHz) Conducted Powers - 3MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)							
				3 MHz Bandwidth		1					
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	131987 (1711.5 MHz)	132322 (1745.0 MHz)	132657 (1778.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
				Conducted Power [dBm	n]	1					
	1	0	24.43	24.53	24.39		0				
	1	7	24.67	24.41	24.65	0	0				
	1	14	24.41	24.62	24.50		0				
QPSK	8	0	23.57	23.68	23.45		1				
	8	4	23.49	23.48	23.52	0-1	1				
	8	7	23.63	23.54	23.56		1				
	15	0	23.70	23.61	23.64		1				
	1	0	23.68	23.60	23.63		1				
	1	7	23.61	23.50	23.57	0-1	1				
	1	14	23.66	23.65	23.59		1				
16QAM	8	0	22.46	22.49	22.62		2				
	8	4	22.61	22.58	22.58	0-2	2				
	8	7	22.44	22.50	22.50	0-2	2				
	15	0	22.56	22.54	22.64	1	2				

Table 8-15 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 1.4MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Fowers - 1.4MHz Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)							
				1.4 MHz Bandwidth		1					
			Low Channel	Low-Mid Channel	Mid-High						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	131979	132322	132665	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]				
			(1710.7 MHz)	(1745.0 MHz)	(1779.3 MHz)	3GPP [dB]					
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.56	24.51	24.49		0				
	1	2	24.45	24.57	24.70		0				
	1	5	24.52	24.58	24.45	0	0				
QPSK	3	0	24.69	24.58	24.54		0				
	3	2	24.52	24.66	24.55		0				
	3	3	24.49	24.60	24.42		0				
	6	0	23.70	23.60	23.69	0-1	1				
	1	0	23.66	23.41	23.44		1				
	1	2	23.51	23.60	23.20	1	1				
	1	5	23.32	23.32	23.32	0-1	1				
16QAM	3	0	23.50	23.70	23.59	0-1	1				
	3	2	23.48	23.57	23.50]	1				
	3	3	23.66	23.65	23.67		1				
	6	0	22.57	22.61	22.68	0-2	2				

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d. LTE Band 2

Table 8-16 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 20MHz Bandwidth

			,	LTE Band 2 (DCC)		iz Banawiath	
				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 20 MHz Bandwidth			
			Law Channal	Mid Channel	High Channel		
			Low Channel		<u> </u>		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700 (1860.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19100 (1900.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	n]		
	1	0	24.42	24.51	24.24		0
	1	50	24.61	24.42	24.60	0	0
	1	99	24.61	24.28	24.47		0
QPSK	50	0	23.42	23.51	23.50	0-1	1
	50	25	23.64	23.52	23.42		1
	50	50	23.34	23.57	23.41		1
	100	0	23.54	23.42	23.52		1
	1	0	23.20	23.52	23.51		1
	1	50	23.28	23.65	23.43	0-1	1
	1	99	23.32	23.59	23.58		1
16QAM	50	0	22.67	22.49	22.59		2
	50	25	22.60	22.34	22.44	0-2	2
	50	50	22.55	22.44	22.58	0-2	2
	100	0	22.52	22.53	22.50		2

Table 8-17 LTF Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 2 (1660.0MH2) Conducted Powers - 15MH2 Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)							
				15 MHz Bandwidth							
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.26	24.28	24.34		0				
	1	36	24.48	24.59	24.41	0	0				
	1	74	24.21	24.51	24.52		0				
QPSK	36	0	23.58	23.54	23.30		1				
	36	18	23.60	23.50	23.57	0-1	1				
	36	37	23.60	23.37	23.53		1				
	75	0	23.45	23.53	23.60		1				
	1	0	23.30	23.55	23.50		1				
	1	36	23.57	23.50	23.57	0-1	1				
	1	74	23.61	23.50	23.56		1				
16QAM	36	0	22.63	22.44	22.57		2				
	36	18	22.63	22.64	22.51	0.2	2				
	36	37	22.55	22.51	22.47	0-2	2				
	75	0	22.45	22.47	22.57		2				

Table 8-18 LTE Band 2 (1880 0MHz) Conducted Powers - 10MHz Bandwidth

	LIE Band 2 (1880.UMHZ) Conducted Powers – 10MHZ Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 10 MHz Bandwidth							
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.56	24.29	24.28		0				
	1	25	24.47	24.27	24.49	0	0				
	1	49	24.34	24.41	24.64		0				
QPSK	25	0	23.69	23.51	23.58		1				
	25	12	23.43	23.64	23.35	0-1	1				
	25	25	23.61	23.44	23.26		1				
	50	0	23.55	23.49	23.60		1				
	1	0	23.66	23.65	23.45		1				
	1	25	23.60	23.40	23.30	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.46	23.56	23.33		1				
16QAM	25	0	22.57	22.66	22.60		2				
	25	12	22.64	22.61	22.68	0.2	2				
	25	25	22.50	22.46	22.55	0-2	2				
	50	0	22.53	22.43	22.64		2				

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Table 8-19 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 5MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Ballu 2 (1000.0WIR2) Colladete Powers - SWIR2 Balluwidti									
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)						
	5 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.30	24.37	24.38		0			
	1	12	24.35	24.20	24.50	0	0			
	1	24	24.20	24.33	24.54		0			
QPSK	12	0	23.31	23.64	23.58		1			
	12	6	23.50	23.50	23.52	0-1	1			
	12	13	23.38	23.57	23.49	0-1	1			
	25	0	23.37	23.52	23.60		1			
	1	0	23.11	23.45	23.40		1			
	1	12	23.30	23.32	23.29	0-1	1			
	1	24	23.40	23.40	23.35		1			
16QAM	12	0	22.55	22.67	22.63		2			
	12	6	22.42	22.53	22.54	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.45	22.46	22.42	0-2	2			
	25	0	22.44	22.54	22.70		2			

Table 8-20 LTE Band 2 (1880 0MHz) Conducted Powers - 3MHz Bandwidth

	LIE Band 2 (1000.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth									
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)						
	3 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18615 (1851.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19185 (1908.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.37	24.42	24.32		0			
	1	7	24.36	24.44	24.28	0	0			
	1	14	24.34	24.51	24.48		0			
QPSK	8	0	23.47	23.37	23.41		1			
	8	4	23.44	23.35	23.43	0-1	1			
	8	7	23.46	23.32	23.38	0-1	1			
	15	0	23.50	23.48	23.48		1			
	1	0	23.60	23.60	23.69		1			
	1	7	23.70	23.62	23.61	0-1	1			
	1	14	23.62	23.65	23.42		1			
16QAM	8	0	22.41	22.62	22.66		2			
	8	4	22.42	22.67	22.54	0-2	2			
	8	7	22.50	22.55	22.70	0-2	2			
	15	0	22.52	22.48	22.61		2			

Table 8-21 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

	LIE Baild 2 (1000.0MH2) Colladeted Fowers - 1.4MH2 Baildwidth									
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)						
	1.4 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18607	18900	19193	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
		12 0	(1850.7 MHz)	(1880.0 MHz)	(1909.3 MHz)	3GPP [dB]				
	1	0	24.44	24.37	24.37		0			
	1	2	24.63	24.34	24.39		0			
	1	5	24.52	24.24	24.54	0 [0			
QPSK	3	0	24.36	24.42	24.48		0			
	3	2	24.61	24.31	24.45	1	0			
	3	3	24.45	24.44	24.65	1	0			
	6	0	23.44	23.55	23.53	0-1	1			
	1	0	23.40	23.58	23.25		1			
	1	2	23.39	23.66	23.39	1	1			
	1	5	23.44	23.51	23.58	0-1	1			
16QAM	3	0	23.49	23.68	23.56	1 0-1	1			
	3	2	23.39	23.50	23.45	1	1			
	3	3	23.27	23.47	23.65	1	1			
ı	6	0	22.45	22.65	22.62	0-2	2			

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VII. WIFI Conducted Powers

Table 8-22 IEEE 802.11b/g/n (2.4GHz, SISO) Reduced Average RF Power¹

	2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]							
Freg [MHz]	Channel	IEEE 1	IEEE Transmission Mode					
ried [MHZ]	Chamilei	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n				
2412	1	16.33	14.95	14.94				
2417	2	15.70	15.41	15.27				
2437	6	15.73	15.06	15.07				
2457	10	15.91	15.46	15.36				
2462	11	16.11	13.14	13.06				

Table 8-23 IEEE 802.11a/n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Reduced Average RF Power¹

5GHz (20MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode					
		802.11a	802.11n				
5180	36	9.56	9.61				
5200	40	13.25	13.15				
5220	44	12.60	12.60				
5240	48	13.00	13.38				
5260	52	13.13	13.10				
5280	56	12.90	12.95				
5300	60	12.72	12.69				
5320	64	9.58	9.64				
5500	100	9.85	9.78				
5580	116	13.04	12.97				
5660	132	12.75	12.66				
5700	140	12.85	12.80				
5745	149	12.55	12.65				
5785	157	12.87	12.80				
5825	165	9.81	9.74				

Table 8-24 IEEE 802.11n (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SISO) Average RF Power

5GHz (40MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode					
		802.11n					
5190	38	11.21					
5230	46	10.63					
5270	54	10.25					
5310	62	7.93					
5510	102	8.43					
5550	110	10.08					
5670	134	9.60					
5755	151	9.75					
5795	159	8.58					

¹ Note: This device utilizes independent power reduction mechanisms for the WIFI transmitter in all WIFI modes for held-to-ear scenarios.

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JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED 9.

I. Analysis of RF Air Interface Technologies

- a. According to the April 2013 TCB workshop slides. OTT data services are outside the current definition of a managed CMRS service and are currently not required to be evaluated.
- b. No associated T-coil measurements for VoLTE or VoIP over WIFI CMRS have been made in accordance with the guidance issued by OET in KDB publication 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP.
- c. An analysis was performed, following the guidance of §4.3 and §4.4 of the ANSI standard, of the RF air interface technologies being evaluated. The factors that will affect the RF interference potential were evaluated, and the worst case operating modes were identified and used in the evaluation. A WD's interference potential is a function both of the WD's average near-field field strength and of the signal's audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics. Per §4.4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing specified in Clause 5 of the ANSI standard. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17dBm for all of its operating modes. RF air interface technologies exempted from testing in this manner are automatically assigned an M4 rating to be used in determining the overall rating for the WD.

The worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated below to determine the testing requirements for this device.

II. Individual Mode Evaluations

Table 9-1 Max Power + MIF calculations for Low Power Exemptions

Max 1 ever 1 mil carcalatione for Lett 1 ever Exemptione								
Air Interface	Maximum Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Total (Power + MIF, dB)	C63.19 Testing Required				
GSM850	24.65*	3.55	28.20	Yes				
GSM1900	21.61*	3.56	25.17	Yes				
UMTS - RMC	24.68	-20.16	4.52	No				
UMTS - AMR	24.67	-24.82	-0.15	No				
LTE - FDD	24.70	-9.67	15.03	No				
2.4GHz WIFI	16.33	-11.59	4.74	No				
5GHz WIFI	13.38	-10.92	2.46	No				

^{*} Note: ANSI C63.19-2011 Sec. 4.4 Footnote 20 indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

III. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required only for GSM voice modes. All other air interfaces are exempt.

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OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY 10.

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I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 10-1 HAC Data Summary for E-field

				HAC D	ala Sulli	illaly lui	E-IIEIU				
Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-Field Emissi	ons										
	128	Acoustic	33.68	53.55	34.58	3.55	38.13	45.00	-6.87	M4	none
GSM850	190	Acoustic	33.63	48.85	33.78	3.55	37.33	45.00	-7.67	M4	none
	251	Acoustic	33.57	43.62	32.79	3.55	36.34	45.00	-8.66	M4	none
	512	Acoustic	30.64	28.73	29.17	3.56	32.73	35.00	-2.27	М3	none
GSM1900	661	Acoustic	30.55	27.47	28.78	3.56	32.34	35.00	-2.66	М3	none
GSIVI 1900	810	Acoustic	30.64	25.39	28.09	3.56	31.65	35.00	-3.35	М3	none
	512	T-Coil	30.64	28.73	29.17	3.56	32.73	35.00	-2.27	M3	none

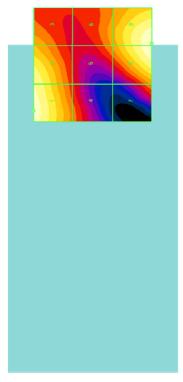


Figure 10-1Sample E-field Scan Overlay (See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

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II. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 10-2
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
Probe Rotation	Probe Rotation at Worst-Case									
GSM1900	512	Acoustic	29.87	29.50	3.56	33.06	35.00	-1.94	М3	none

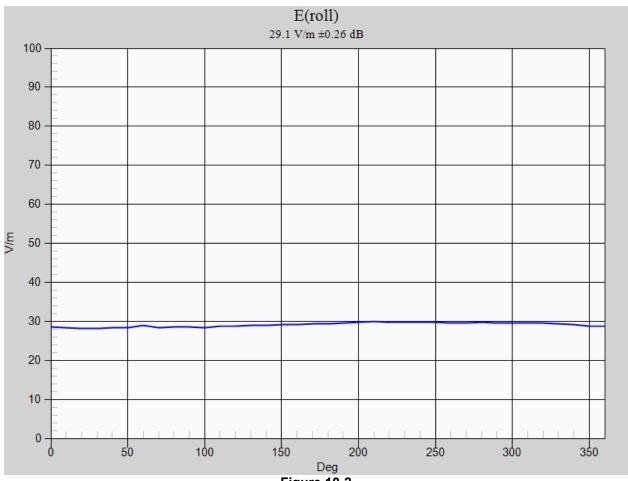


Figure 10-2
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

^{*} Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 10-1 denoted by the green square markers.

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11. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 11-1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	MY47420603
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	N/A	CBT*	N/A	433978
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	10/17/2016	Annual	10/17/2017	1138001
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	2/10/2017	Annual	2/10/2018	1207364
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	2/10/2017	Annual	2/10/2018	1339018
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	1349503
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	1349509
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1226
Pasternack	NC-100	Torque Wrench	11/6/2015	Biennial	11/6/2017	N/A
Pasternack	PE2237-20	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	4/11/2017	Annual	4/11/2018	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	3/29/2017	Annual	3/29/2018	128633
SPEAG	ER3DV6	E-field Probe	1/16/2017	Annual	1/16/2018	2353
SPEAG	CD835V3	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	5/10/2016	Biennial	5/10/2018	1082
SPEAG	CD1880V3	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	5/12/2016	Biennial	5/12/2018	1064
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/17/2017	Annual	5/17/2018	859
SPEAG	AIA	Audio Interference Analzyer	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1010

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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12. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 12-1 Uncertainty Estimation Table

	WII CICSS C	ommunication Uncert	ainty Estima		asui cinelli		
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Ci (E)	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments
Measurement System	•					•	
RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.50	* Refl. < -20 dB
Field Probe Calibration	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21	
Field Probe Isotropy	0.01	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01	
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.14	
Field Probe Linearity	0.013	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01	
Modulation Interference Factor	0.20	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	Applicable for M-rating testing
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.12	*
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Resolution to 2mm error	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21	
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.02	*
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.02	*
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
System Repeatability (Field x 2=power)	0.17	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.17	*
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning Vertical	0.2	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	*
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)						0.66	16.3%
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]					1.31	32.6%	
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]	on Field					0.66	16.3%

Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
 equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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13. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

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Date: 10/02/2017



DUT: CD835V3 - SN1082

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/16/2017;
- · Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 05/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

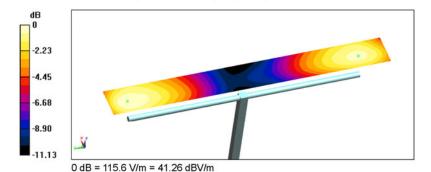
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 121.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 112.4 V/m



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Date: 10/02/2017



DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1064

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/16/2017;
- · Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 05/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

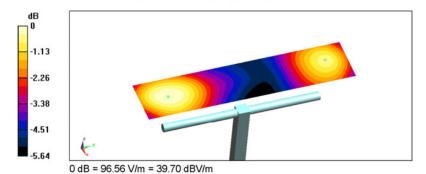
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 93.5 V/m



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Date: 10/03/2017



DUT: ZNFX210MA

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 71355 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

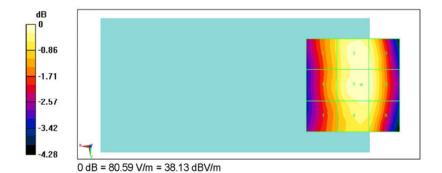
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 05/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

GSM850 Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 67.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Applied MIF = 3.55 dB
RF audio interference level = 38.13 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
37.4 dBV/m	38.04 dBV/m	37.96 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
37.38 dBV/m	38.13 dBV/m	38.05 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
37.12 dBV/m	37.91 dBV/m	37.83 dBV/m



PCTEST 2017

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Date: 10/03/2017



DUT: ZNFX210MA

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 71355 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

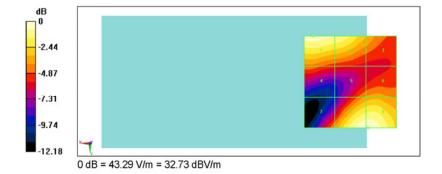
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 05/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

GSM1900 Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 13.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Applied MIF = 3.56 dB
RF audio interference level = 32.73 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
32.49 dBV/m	31.93 dBV/m	29.56 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
28.38 dBV/m	28.9 dBV/m	29.27 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
28.91 dBV/m	32.71 dBV/m	32.73 dBV/m



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14. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	INCLUSION CARDATON, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilatoral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 16, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

2/2/2017

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	14-Oct-16 (No. ER3-2328_Oct16)	Oct-17
DAE4	SN: 789	11-Nov-16 (No. DAE4-789_Nov16)	Nov-17
Secondary Standards	ID _	Check Dale (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:

Name Johannes Kurikka Function

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Laboratory Technician

Issued: January 16, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan17

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

DCP CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization φ Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on
 the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open wavequide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2353

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 8, 2005 January 16, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 -- SN:2353 January 16, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²)	1.49	1.68	1.78	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.3	98.2	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	210.4	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		207.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		201.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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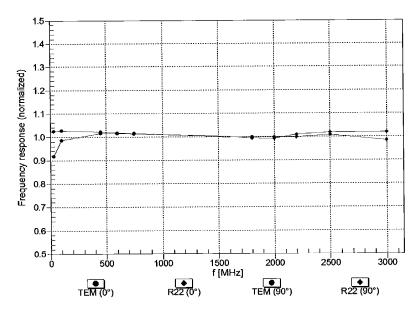
FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

January 16, 2017 ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,0° f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

1355
186

02 04 06 08

Tot X

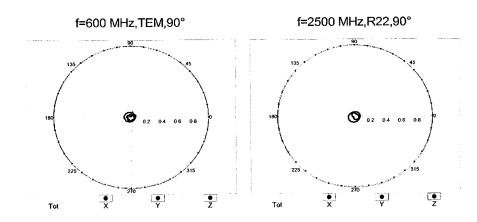
Tot X

Tot X

Tot X

Tot X

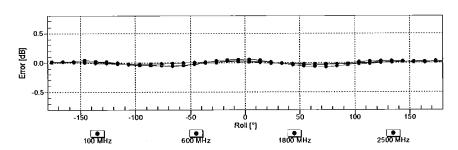
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 90°



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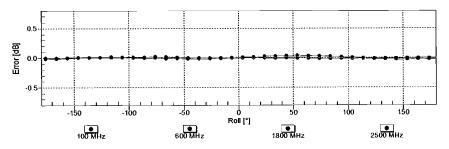
FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	PCTEST'	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

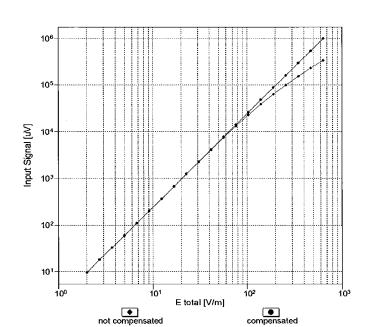
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan17

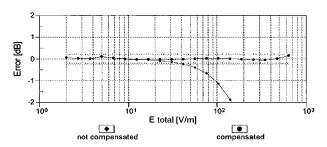
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ER3DV6 -- SN:2353 January 16, 2017

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

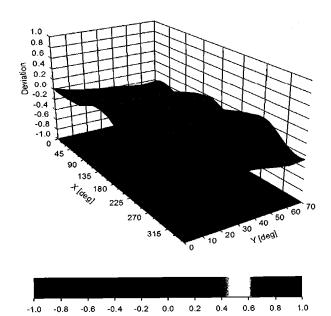
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FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan17

FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	23.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan17 Page 10 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	PCTEST INCINCTURE LABORTORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082_May16

Object	CD835V3 - SN:	1082			
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air 05/15/2				
Calibration date:	May 10, 2016		05/25/201		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical uniprobability are given on the following pages and y are given on the following pages and y actility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C	d are part of the certificate.		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	0-1-11-10-11-11		
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17 Apr-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)			
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02269)	Apr-17		
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17		
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Apr-17		
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	and the second s	Dec-16		
DAE4	SN: 781	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Dec-16 Sep-16		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check		
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17		
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Jeh		
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	lelet		
Approved by:					

FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	PETEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

ANSI-C63.19-2011 [1]

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	106.1 V/m = 40.51 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.4 dB	44.5 Ω - 13.4 jΩ
835 MHz	26.3 dB	50.0 Ω + 4.9 jΩ
900 MHz	16.4 dB	57.4 Ω - 14.7 jΩ
950 MHz	21.9 dB	43.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
960 MHz	17.2 dB	47.9 Ω + 13.5 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

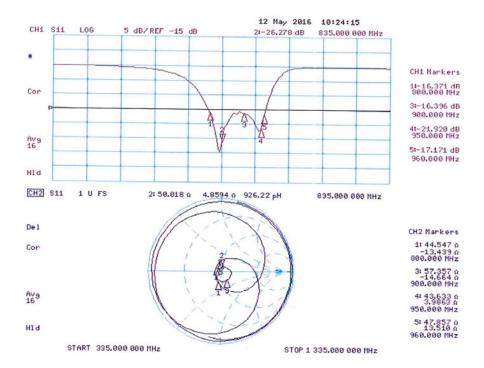
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1082

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

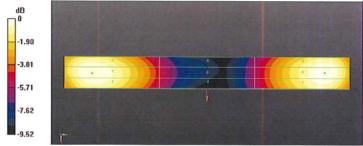
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 109.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.63 dBV/m Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 40.52 dBV/m		Grid 3 M3 40.46 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4 35.69 dBV/m	Carlot Sharing Control of Control	Grid 6 M4 35.62 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3 40.38 dBV/m	Grid 8 M3 40.51 dBV/m	



0 dB = 107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

PC Test

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064_May16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1064 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air Calibration date: May 12, 2016 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289) Apr-17

Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) Apr-17 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) Apr-17 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) Apr-17 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) Apr-17 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) Dec-16 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) DAE4 SN: 781 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Sep-16 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter Agilent 4419B SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP E4412A SN: US38485102 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 832283/011 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-17 Network Analyzer HP 8753E SN: US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-16 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: May 12, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

 ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASYS Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96.1 V/m = 39.66 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.3 V/m = 39.58 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	95.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.2 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.0 V/m = 38.89 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Nominal Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance 49.6 Ω + 6.3 jΩ	
1730 MHz	24.0 dB		
1880 MHz	19.8 dB	49.5 Ω + 10.2 jΩ	
1900 MHz	20.4 dB	52.9 Ω + 9.4 jΩ	
1950 MHz	26.8 dB	54.4 Ω + 1.8 jΩ	
2000 MHz	22.7 dB	$43.2 \Omega + 0.8 j\Omega$	

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

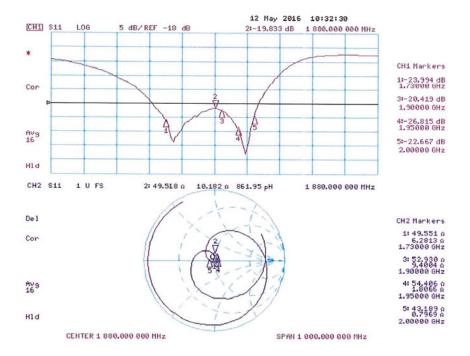
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 39.20 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.04 dBV/m		Grid 3 M2 39.08 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.76 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 36.86 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.75 dBV/m
	Grid 8 M2 38.89 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.8 dBV/m

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FCC ID: ZNFX210MA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

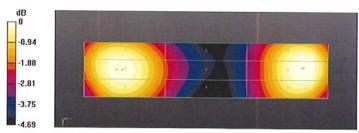
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.66 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M2 39.58 dBV/m	
Grid 5 M2 37.56 dBV/m	
Grid 8 M2 39.66 dBV/m	



0 dB = 91.23 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m

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15. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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16. REFERENCES

- ANSI/IEEE C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids.", New York, NY, IEEE, May 2011
- 2. FCC Office of Engineering and Technology KDB, "285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05," September 13, 2017
- FCC Office of Engineering and Technology KDB, "285076 D02 T-Coil Testing for CMRS IP v03," September 13, 2017
- 4. FCC Public Notice DA 06-1215, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and Office of Engineering and Technology Clarify Use of Revised Wireless Phone Hearing Aid Compatibility Standard, June 6, 2006
- 5. FCC 3G Review Guidance, Laboratory Division OET FCC, May/June 2006
- 6. Berger, H. S., "Compatibility Between Hearing Aids and Wireless Devices," Electronic Industries Forum, Boston, MA, May, 1997
- 7. Berger, H. S., "Hearing Aid and Cellular Phone Compatibility: Working Toward Solutions," Wireless Telephones and Hearing Aids: New Challenges for Audiology, Gallaudet University, Washington, D.C., May, 1997 (To be reprinted in the American Journal of Audiology).
- 8. Berger, H. S., "Hearing Aid Compatibility with Wireless Communications Devices, "IEEE International Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility, Austin, TX, August, 1997.
- 9. Bronaugh, E. L., "Simplifying EMI Immunity (Susceptibility) Tests in TEM Cells," in the 1990 IEEE International Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility Symposium Record, Washington, D.C., August 1990, pp. 488-491
- 10. Byme, D. and Dillon, H., The National Acoustics Laboratory (NAL) New Procedure for Selecting the Gain and Frequency Response of a Hearing Aid, Ear and Hearing 7:257-265, 1986.
- Crawford, M. L., "Measurement of Electromagnetic Radiation from Electronic Equipment using TEM Transmission Cells, "U.S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards, NBSIR 73-306, Feb. 1973.
- 12. Crawford, M. L., and Workman, J. L., "Using a TEM Cell for EMC Measurements of Electronic Equipment," U.S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards. Technical Note 1013, July 1981.
- 13. Decker, W. F., Crawford, M. L., and Wilson, W. A., "Construction of a Large Transverse Electromagnetic Cell", U.S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards, Technical Note 1011, Feb. 1979.
- 14. EHIMA GSM Project, Development phase, Project Report (1st part) Revision A. Technical-Audiological Laboratory and Telecom Denmark, October 1993.

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