

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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# **HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY**

**Applicant Name:** 

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc. 1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 **United States** 

**Date of Testing:** 11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017 **Test Site/Location:** PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

**Test Report Serial No.:** 1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A. INC.

RF Emissions Testing Scope of Test:

Application Type: Certification CFR §20.19(b) FCC Rule Part(s): ANSI C63.19-2011 **HAC Standard:** 

285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05

285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP v03

**DUT Type:** Portable Handset Model: LM-X210APM

Additional Model(s): LMX210APM, X210APM, LM-X210CM, LM-X210CMR, LMX210CM,

LMX210CMR, X210CM, X210CMR

**Test Device Serial No.:** Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 00673]

C63.19-2011 HAC Category: M3 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2011 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested. North America bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Randy Ortanez President





FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogg 1 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 1 of 66

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.	DUT DESCRIPTION	4
3.	ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES	5
4.	SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	6
5.	TEST PROCEDURE	11
6.	SYSTEM CHECK	13
7.	MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR	16
8.	RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS	19
9.	JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED	28
10.	OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY	29
11.	EQUIPMENT LIST	31
12.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	32
13.	TEST DATA	33
14.	CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	38
15.	CONCLUSION	61
16.	REFERENCES	62
17.	TEST PHOTOGRAPHS	64

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 2 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 2 01 00

# 1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

# **Compatibility Tests Involved:**

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 3 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 3 of 66

#### **DUT DESCRIPTION** 2.



FCC ID: ZNFX210APM

Manufacturer: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc.

1000 Sylvan Avenue

Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632

**United States** 

Model: LM-X210APM

Additional Model(s): LMX210APM, X210APM, LM-X210CM, LM-X210CMR,

LMX210CM, LMX210CMR, X210CM, X210CMR

Serial Number: 00673

Antenna Configurations: Internal Antenna

**HAC Test Configurations:** GSM 850, 128, 190, 251, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

GSM 1900, 512, 661, 810, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

DUT Type: Portable Handset

Table 2-1: 7NFX210APM HAC Air Interfaces

-	Table 2-1: ZNFX210APM HAC Air Interfaces					
Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Name of Voice Service	
	850	V0	Vas	Vac. MUEL or DT	CMDC Voice	
GSM	1900	VO	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	CMRS Voice	
	GPRS/EDGE	VD	No <sup>1</sup>	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo	
	850					
UMTS	1700	VD	No <sup>1</sup>	Yes: WIFI or BT	CMRS Voice	
UIVITS	1900					
	HSPA	VD	No <sup>1</sup>	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo	
	700 (B12)	VD	No <sup>1</sup>	Yes: WIFI or BT		
LTE (FDD)	850 (B5)				VoLTE	
LIE (FDD)	1700 (B4)				Google Duo	
	1900 (B2)					
WIFI	2450	VD	No <sup>1</sup>	Yes: GSM, UMTS, or LTE	VoWIFI Google Duo	
ВТ	2450	DT	No	Yes: GSM, UMTS, or LTE	N/A	
Type Transport  VO = Voice Only  DT = Digital Data - Not intended for CMRS Service VD = CMRS and IP Voice over Data Transport  Notes:  1. Evaluated for MIF and low-power exemption.						

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 4 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 4 01 00

# 3. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

# I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters		
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)		
f < 960 MHz			
M1	50 to 55		
M2	45 to 50		
M3	40 to 45		
M4	< 40		
	f > 960 MHz		
M1	40 to 45		
M2	35 to 40		
M3	30 to 35		
M4	< 30		
Table 3-1 WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011			

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo F of CC
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 5 of 66

# 4. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

## **ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description**

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$  in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



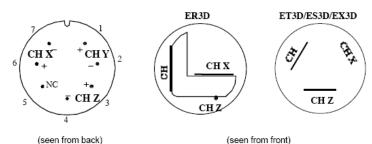
Figure 4-1 E-field Free-space Probe

#### **Probe Tip Description**

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

The electric field probes have an irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

#### Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 6 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage o oi oo

#### **Instrumentation Chain**

#### **Equation 1**

# Conversion of Connector Voltage u, to E-Field E,

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

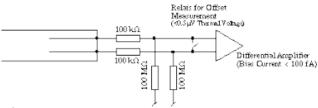
E<sub>i</sub>: electric field in V/m

 $u_i$ : voltage of channel i at the connector in  $\mu V$ Norm<sub>i</sub>: sensitivity of channel i in  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air)

DCP: diode compression point in  $\mu V$ 

CF: signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

#### **Conditions of Calibration**

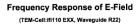


Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm, and DCP
- · larger bias currents will cause higher offset

### **Probe Response to Frequency**

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).



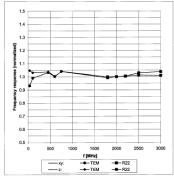


Figure 4-2 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Daga 7 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 7 of 66

#### **SPEAG Robotic System**

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel CORE i7 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



**Figure 4-3** SPEAG Robotic System

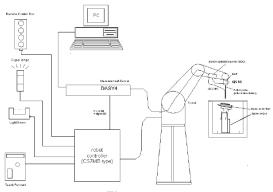
#### **System Hardware**

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the computer with operating system and RF Measurement Software DASY5 v52.8 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Daga Caf 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 8 of 66

#### **System Electronics**

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



**Figure 4-4**SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

#### **DASY5 Instrumentation Chain**

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{with} & V_i & = \text{compensated signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & U_i & = \text{input signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & cf & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \\ & dcp_i & = \text{diode compression point} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \end{array}$ 

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 9 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 9 01 00

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i  $Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel i

(i = x, y, z)(i = x, v, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

= sensitivity enhancement in solution

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 10 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 10 of 66

# 5. TEST PROCEDURE

#### I. RF EMISSIONS

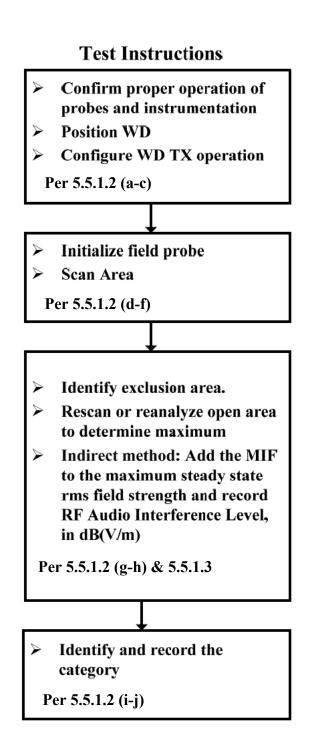


Figure 5-1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

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FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST:	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 11 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 11 01 00

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# **Test Setup**

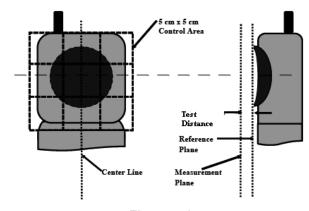


Figure 5-2
E-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

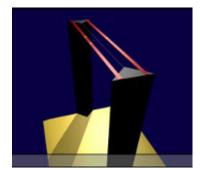


Figure 5-3 HAC Phantom

#### **RF Emissions Test Procedure:**

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the HAC test and drift measurements were repeated.

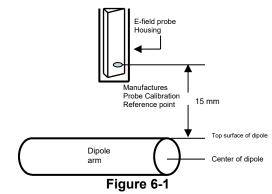
FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST*	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 12 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 12 01 00

# 6. SYSTEM CHECK

# I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 15 mm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device [e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (20dBm) RMS] after adjustment for any mismatch.

## II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned, and the average peak value was recorded.

#### Measurement of CW

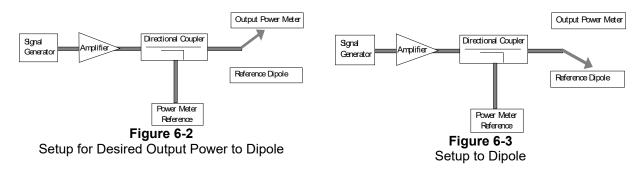
Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENTAL HARMAN AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 12 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 13 of 66

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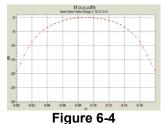
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RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.



Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 6-3.

The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis

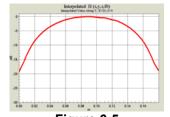
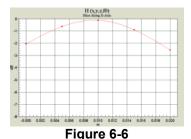


Figure 6-5
2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PETEST*	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 14 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 14 01 00

# **III. System Check Results**

# **Validation Results**

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation
11/6/2017	835	2353	859	1082	20.0	111.6	106.8	4.5%
11/0/2017	1880	2353	859	1064	20.0	95.3	89.6	6.4%

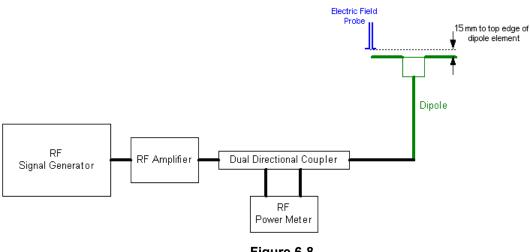


Figure 6-8 System Check Setup

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Daga 15 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 15 of 66

# 7. MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR

# I. Measuring Modulation Interference Factors

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- a. Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- b. Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- c. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- d. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- e. Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- f. The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB (20 × log[(step e)/(step b)]).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA), Type No: SE UMS 170 CB, Serial No.: 1010:

- 1. The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2. The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3. Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the AIA, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the AIA's built-in antenna.
- 4. The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- 5. Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

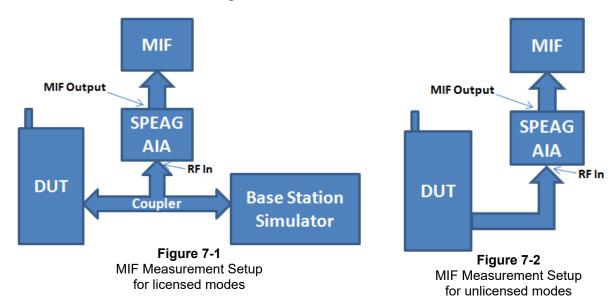
The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

#### Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] = 20 \* log[Raw Field Value (V/m)] + MIF (dB)

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST*	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 16 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 10 01 00

# II. MIF Measurement Block Diagrams



# **III. Measured Modulation Interference Factors:**

**Table 7-1**GSM Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1</sup>

Mode			GSM850		GSM1900			
		128	190	251	512	661	810	
GSM	Voice	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.53	3.52	3.52	
GSIVI	EDGE	3.73	3.76	3.73	3.71	3.74	3.76	

**Table 7-2**UMTS Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1</sup>

	OWTO Wooddation interference ractors									
M	ode	UMTS V		UMTS IV			UMTS II			
IVI	oue	4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
	12.2 kbps RMC	-25.53	-25.23	-25.16	-25.01	-24.75	-24.54	-24.91	-25.40	-25.07
UMTS	12.2 kbps AMR	-15.16	-15.45	-15.22	-14.61	-14.74	-14.78	-15.26	-14.92	-15.06
	HSUPA Subtest 1	-24.11	-23.74	-23.71	-23.09	-23.01	-22.83	-23.23	-23.89	-23.23

<sup>1</sup> Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 17 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 17 of 66

Table 7-3 LTE FDD Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1,3,4</sup>

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.80
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.75
4	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	0	-9.93
2	1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	0	-9.88
5	836.5	20525	10	QPSK	1	0	-14.12
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	25	-9.86
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	49	-9.73
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	25	0	-15.47
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	50	0	-16.97
5	836.5	20525	5	16QAM	1	24	-9.82
5	836.5	20525	3	16QAM	1	14	-9.79
5	836.5	20525	1.4	16QAM	1	5	-9.84

Table 7-4 802.11b (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1,2</sup>

Ų	22.11b (2.40112, 0100) Modulation interference ractors								
		802.11b MIF Measurements [dB]							
	Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]							
		1	2	5.5	11				
	802.11b	-16.03	-15.57	-12.14	-11.91				

Table 7-5 802 11g (2 4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1,2</sup>

		802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]									
	Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
١		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54		
	802.11g	-14.39 -13.81 -13.34 -12.64 -12.12 -11.74 -12.01 -12.23									

Table 7-6 802.11n (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors<sup>1,2</sup>

	802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65		
802.11n	-14.37	-14.37 -13.14 -12.69 -12.33 -12.12 -12.24 -12.42 -12.75								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note: Note: Since LTE Band 5 at 10 MHz bandwidth is the overall worst case LTE MIF and does not support 3 nonoverlapping channels, MIF measurements were made only on the middle channel.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager	
Filename: Test Dates:		DUT Type:		Dags 10 of 66	
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 18 of 66	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Note: All FDD LTE bands were found to have substantially similar MIF values given similar RB, BW, and modulation configurations.

# 8. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

# I. Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for HAC Testing

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing HAC and are recommended for evaluating HAC. Measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator.

#### II. HAC Measurement Conditions

#### **Output Power Verification**

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels for all applicable air interfaces. See Table 8-1 for air interface specific settings of transmit power parameters.

Table 8-1
Power Control Parameters and Settings by Air Interface

Air Interfac	e: Parar	meter Name:		Parameter Set To:		
GSM		PCL		GSM850: "5"; GSM1900: "0"		
UMTS		TPC		"All 1's"		
LTE		TPC		"Max Power"		
WIFI	Mfr	Mfr Configured		Mfr Specified		

# III. Setup Used to Measure RF Conducted Powers

Power measurements for licensed modes were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power. Power measurements for unlicensed modes were performed using a power meter and power sensor.



Figure 8-1
Power Measurement Setup for licensed modes

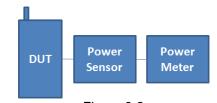


Figure 8-2
Power Measurement Setup for unlicensed modes

#### IV. GSM Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	
	128	33.18	26.41	
GSM 850	190	33.10	26.35	
	251	33.01	26.34	
	512	29.97	25.69	
GSM 1900	661	30.01	25.70	
	810	30.04	25.68	

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST H.	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 19 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 19 01 00

# V. UMTS Conducted Powers

Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]		AWS Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			
	Sublest	4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.48	24.56	24.48	24.16	24.10	24.10	24.46	24.43	24.41
VVCDIVIA	12.2 kbps AMR	24.32	24.45	24.47	24.15	24.15	24.17	24.38	24.47	24.46
HSUPA	Subtest 1	24.41	24.42	24.47	24.11	24.12	24.12	24.35	24.44	24.46

#### **VI. LTE Conducted Powers**

# a. LTE Band 12

Table 8-2 LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

	(	<del> </del>	<del>oonaactea i</del>	011010 1011	IIIL Ballawia
			LTE Band 12 10 MHz Bandwidth		
			Mid Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23095 (707.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	24.35		0
	1	25	24.55	0	0
	1	49	24.41		0
QPSK	25	0	23.68		1
	25	12	23.62	0-1	1
	25	25	23.48		1
	50	0	23.61		1
	1	0	23.47		1
	1	25	23.55	0-1	1
	1	49	23.67		1
16QAM	25	0	22.67		2
	25	12	22.69	0-2	2
	25	25	22.44	] 0-2	2
	50	0	22.65		2

Note: Since LTE Band 12 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

Table 8-3
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

		Janu 12	(101.3WI112)		TOWEIS - SIN	Inz Balluwiu	ui			
				LTE Band 12						
5 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23035	23095	23155	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
		112 011001	(701.5 MHz)	(707.5 MHz)	(713.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]				
			(	Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.60	24.55	24.61		0			
	1	12	24.63	24.40	24.37	0	0			
İ	1	24	24.37	24.27	24.20		0			
QPSK	12	0	23.50	23.64	23.47		1			
	12	6	23.64	23.63	23.50	0-1	1			
	12	13	23.47	23.50	23.44		1			
	25	0	23.50	23.63	23.46		1			
	1	0	23.35	23.26	23.23		1			
İ	1	12	23.26	23.24	23.30	0-1	1			
İ	1	24	23.27	23.21	23.27		1			
16QAM	12	0	22.35	22.41	22.38		2			
ĺ	12	6	22.46	22.59	22.38	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.63	22.50	22.45	0-2	2			
	25	0	22.50	22.45	22.37		2			

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST:	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename: Test Dates:		DUT Type:		Page 20 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		F age 20 01 00

Table 8-4
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

		<u> </u>	(10110111112)	Conducted	011010 011	IIIE Ballawia	···				
				LTE Band 12							
	3 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Size	RB Offset	23025 (700.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23165 (714.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.31	24.54	24.50	0	0				
	1	7	24.50	24.64	24.67		0				
	1	14	24.23	24.29	24.29		0				
QPSK	8	0	23.63	23.55	23.53	0-1	1				
	8	4	23.51	23.59	23.49		1				
	8	7	23.54	23.61	23.59		1				
	15	0	23.53	23.64	23.59		1				
	1	0	23.36	23.64	23.66		1				
	1	7	23.60	23.70	23.42	0-1	1				
	1	14	23.26	23.29	23.66		1				
16QAM	8	0	22.31	22.69	22.49		2				
	8	4	22.28	22.50	22.46	0-2	2				
	8	7	22.64	22.63	22.56		2				
	15	0	22.51	22.65	22.61	1	2				

Table 8-5
LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

LTL Band 12 (707.5Witz) Conducted Fowers - 1.4Witz Bandwidth										
	LTE Band 12									
1.4 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017	23095	23173	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
			(699.7 MHz)		3GPP [dB]					
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.38	24.54	24.37		0			
	1	2	24.65	24.61	24.50	0	0			
	1	5	24.61	24.57	24.43		0			
QPSK	3	0	24.53	24.48	24.46		0			
	3	2	24.56	24.49	24.34		0			
	3	3	24.48	24.53	24.46		0			
	6	0	23.57	23.54	23.63	0-1	1			
	1	0	23.56	23.50	23.26		1			
	1	2	23.64	23.63	23.66		1			
	1	5	23.26	23.47	23.21	0.1	1			
16QAM	3	0	23.48	23.63	23.55	- 0-1 - -	1			
	3	2	23.64	23.65	23.66		1			
	3	3	23.57	23.69	23.25		1			
	6	0	22.64	22.62	22.60	0-2	2			

# b. LTE Band 5

Table 8-6
LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

	<del>. • (•••</del> .	<del></del>		<del></del>	· · = = = = · · · · · · · · ·				
	LTE Band 5 (Cell) 10 MHz Bandwidth								
			Mid Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20525 (836.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.23		0				
	1	25	24.52	0	0				
	1	49	24.34		0				
QPSK	25	0	23.51		1				
	25	12	23.37	0-1	1				
	25	25	23.38	0-1	1				
	50	0	23.43		1				
	1	0	23.52		1				
	1	25	23.44	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.66		1				
16QAM	25	0	22.42		2				
	25	12	22.48	0-2	2				
	25	25	22.36	] 0-2	2				
	50	0	22.50		2				

Note: Since LTE Band 5 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PETEST. INCINCTURE LABORATORS, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 21 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 21 01 00

Table 8-7 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 5 (636.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth									
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)									
	5 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425 (826.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20625 (846.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.40	24.36	24.20	0	0			
	1	12	24.47	24.52	24.52		0			
	1	24	24.47	24.40	24.27		0			
QPSK	12	0	23.31	23.33	23.35		1			
	12	6	23.21	23.38	23.43	0-1	1			
	12	13	23.35	23.45	23.49		1			
	25	0	23.29	23.34	23.32		1			
	1	0	23.27	23.39	23.22		1			
	1	12	23.38	23.28	23.27	0-1	1			
	1	24	23.22	23.25	23.22		1			
16QAM	12	0	22.30	22.21	22.29		2			
	12	6	22.48	22.36	22.40	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.36	22.39	22.20	U-2	2			
	25	0	22.51	22.40	22.28		2			

Table 8-8 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers - 3MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 5 (636.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth									
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)									
3 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.38	24.42	24.44	0	0			
	1	7	24.39	24.45	24.43		0			
	1	14	24.34	24.21	24.39		0			
QPSK	8	0	23.24	23.28	23.39		1			
	8	4	23.33	23.22	23.35	0-1	1			
	8	7	23.38	23.34	23.48		1			
	15	0	23.26	23.38	23.36		1			
	1	0	23.22	23.50	23.63		1			
	1	7	23.36	23.47	23.27	0-1	1			
	1	14	23.56	23.67	23.21	1	1			
16QAM	8	0	22.22	22.23	22.39		2			
	8	4	22.38	22.30	22.23	0.2	2			
	8	7	22.32	22.45	22.29	0-2	2			
	15	0	22.31	22.33	22.38	1	2			

Table 8-9 LTE Band 5 (836 5MHz) Conducted Powers - 1 4MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (636.5MHZ) Conducted Powers - 1.4MHZ Bandwidth										
	LTE Band 5 (Cell) 1.4 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20407 (824.7 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20643 (848.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.49	24.38	24.30		0			
	1	2	24.41	24.43	24.39	0	0			
	1	5	24.56	24.37	24.37		0			
QPSK	3	0	24.32	24.39	24.45		0			
	3	2	24.49	24.37	24.42		0			
	3	3	24.38	24.33	24.36		0			
	6	0	23.32	23.32	23.39	0-1	1			
	1	0	23.33	23.36	23.30		1			
	1	2	23.43	23.52	23.46		1			
	1	5	23.56	23.34	23.38	0-1	1			
16QAM	3	0	23.30	23.33	23.26	0-1	1			
	3	2	23.42	23.70	23.68	-	1			
	3	3	23.36	23.29	23.49		1			
	6	0	22.44	22.42	22.44	0-2	2			

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST*	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 22 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 22 01 00

# c. LTE Band 4

Table 8-10 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 20 MHz Bandwidth								
			Mid Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	e RB Offset	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
			Conducted Power [dBm]	557. [45]				
	1	0	23.79		0			
QPSK	1	50	23.86	0	0			
	1	99	24.14		0			
	50	0	22.89		1			
	50	25	22.83	0-1	1			
	50	50	22.95	0-1	1			
	100	0	22.87		1			
	1	0	22.97		1			
	1	50	23.15	0-1	1			
	1	99	22.72		1			
16QAM	50	0	21.80		2			
	50	25	21.95	0-2	2			
	50	50	22.06	0-2	2			
n l	100	0	22.08		2			

Note: Since LTE Band 4 at 20MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

Table 8-11 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 4 (AWS) 15 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20025 (1717.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20325 (1747.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	23.70	24.05	24.18	0	0			
	1	36	23.85	24.19	24.07		0			
	1	74	23.94	23.93	23.94		0			
QPSK	36	0	22.77	22.72	22.91	0-1	1			
	36	18	22.84	22.84	22.92		1			
	36	37	22.83	22.85	22.82		1			
	75	0	22.80	22.84	22.88		1			
	1	0	23.13	23.02	23.14		1			
	1	36	23.17	23.09	23.17	0-1	1			
	1	74	23.19	22.85	22.74		1			
16QAM	36	0	21.75	21.81	22.00		2			
	36	18	21.89	21.93	21.92	0-2	2			
	36	37	21.86	21.99	21.98	0-2	2			
	75	0	21.88	22.04	21.92		2			

Table 8-12 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

ETE Band + (1732.3Witz) Conducted Towers - Towniz Bandwidth									
				LTE Band 4 (AWS)					
10 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel				
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20000	20175	20350	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]		
modulation		112 011001	(1715.0 MHz)	(1732.5 MHz)	(1750.0 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	MIFIX [GD]		
			(	Conducted Power [dBm	1]				
	1	0	23.84	23.99	24.10	0	0		
	1	25	23.90	24.01	24.11		0		
	1	49	23.85	23.81	24.04		0		
QPSK	25	0	22.87	22.90	22.84	0-1	1		
	25	12	22.74	22.87	22.88		1		
	25	25	22.85	22.92	22.77		1		
	50	0	22.84	22.84	22.78		1		
	1	0	23.17	23.00	23.14		1		
	1	25	22.92	23.01	22.84	0-1	1		
	1	49	22.74	23.05	23.11		1		
16QAM	25	0	21.81	21.91	21.91		2		
	25	12	21.98	21.96	22.03	0-2	2		
	25	25	21.98	21.93	21.76	0-2	2		
	50	0	21.77	21.81	21.77		2		

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPOR		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 22 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 23 of 66

Table 8-13 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

LTE Baild 4 (1732.5MHz) Colludated Fowers - 5MHz Baildwidth										
	LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz Bandwidth									
	Low Channel Mid Channel High Channel									
						MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]				
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)		MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	23.80	23.77	23.70	0	0			
	1	12	23.73	23.72	24.02		0			
	1	24	23.90	23.80	23.96		0			
QPSK	12	0	22.84	22.92	22.74		1			
	12	6	22.80	22.90	22.81	0-1	1			
	12	13	22.83	22.85	22.85		1			
	25	0	22.75	22.88	22.77		1			
	1	0	22.90	22.87	22.71		1			
	1	12	22.75	22.93	22.79	0-1	1			
	1	24	22.76	22.85	22.89		1			
16QAM	12	0	21.70	21.82	21.75		2			
	12	6	21.79	21.83	21.94	0-2	2			
	12	13	21.89	21.80	21.81	U-2	2			
	25	0	21.80	21.98	21.83		2			

Table 8-14 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (1732.5Winz) Conducted Powers – 5Winz Bandwidth											
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)										
				3 MHz Bandwidth		1					
						Low Channel Mid Channel High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19965	20175	20385	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(1711.5 MHz)	(1732.5 MHz)	(1753.5 MHz)		[]				
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.08	24.09	23.72		0				
	1	7	23.81	24.16	23.76	0	0				
	1	14	23.88	23.79	23.79		0				
QPSK	8	0	22.76	22.79	22.75		1				
	8	4	22.80	22.77	22.72	0-1	1				
	8	7	22.76	23.01	22.86		1				
	15	0	22.78	22.92	22.77		1				
	1	0	22.75	23.07	22.77		1				
	1	7	22.73	23.12	22.89	0-1	1				
	1	14	22.79	23.11	22.72		1				
16QAM	8	0	21.75	21.92	21.74		2				
	8	4	21.89	21.76	22.20	0-2	2				
	8	7	21.91	21.99	21.76	U-2	2				
	15	0	21.90	21.86	21.81		2				

Table 8-15 LTE Band 4 (1732.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

				onauotoa i		WITTE Ballawia	
				LTE Band 4 (AWS)			
				1.4 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(	Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.20	23.80	24.11		0
	1	2	24.18	24.03	23.92		0
	1	5	23.93	23.99	23.97	0	0
QPSK	3	0	23.98	24.05	23.94		0
	3	2	24.16	24.08	24.04		0
	3	3	24.03	23.87	23.92		0
	6	0	22.97	22.72	22.94	0-1	1
	1	0	22.99	23.09	23.13		1
	1	2	22.87	22.96	22.90		1
	1	5	22.70	22.86	22.71	0-1	1
16QAM	3	0	22.95	22.80	23.02	U-1	1
l	3	2	22.76	22.82	22.82		1
	3	3	22.83	22.87	23.03		1
	6	0	22.01	22.01	21.77	0-2	2

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 24 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 24 of 66

# d. LTE Band 2

Table 8-16
LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth

LIL Balla 2 (1000.0Miliz) Colladeted Fowers – 20Miliz Ballawidth											
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)										
20 MHz Bandwidth											
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700	18900	19100	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]				
Wodulation	ND SIZE	ND Oliset	(1860.0 MHz)	(1880.0 MHz)	(1900.0 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	MFK [GD]				
			(	Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.43	24.47	24.41	0	0				
	1	50	24.53	24.58	24.50		0				
	1	99	24.46	24.57	24.50		0				
QPSK	50	0	23.59	23.41	23.52	0-1	1				
	50	25	23.49	23.45	23.48		1				
	50	50	23.40	23.48	23.50		1				
	100	0	23.47	23.45	23.53		1				
	1	0	23.58	23.22	23.27		1				
	1	50	23.38	23.54	23.59	0-1	1				
	1	99	23.24	23.22	23.22		1				
16QAM	50	0	22.50	22.36	22.55		2				
	50	25	22.34	22.54	22.51	0-2	2				
	50	50	22.47	22.57	22.56	J 0-2	2				
	100	0	22.43	22.42	22.55		2				

Table 8-17 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth

		una z ( i	000.0141112)		01101	ni iz Banawia	(11
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)			
				15 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(	Conducted Power [dBn	n]		
	1	0	24.66	24.60	24.70		0
	1	36	24.33	24.26	24.48	0	0
	1	74	24.40	24.46	24.59		0
QPSK	36	0	23.59	23.42	23.45		1
	36	18	23.49	23.41	23.53	0-1	1
	36	37	23.44	23.48	23.45		1
	75	0	23.52	23.47	23.56		1
	1	0	23.69	23.37	23.63		1
	1	36	23.65	23.27	23.66	0-1	1
	1	74	23.67	23.64	23.47	1	1
16QAM	36	0	22.49	22.24	22.57		2
	36	18	22.67	22.38	22.50	0.0	2
	36	37	22.26	22.58	22.53	0-2	2
	75	0	22.54	22.48	22.60		2

Table 8-18 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 10 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm	i]		
	1	0	24.63	24.42	24.61		0
	1	25	24.65	24.65	24.65	0	0
	1	49	24.59	24.49	24.47		0
QPSK	25	0	23.70	23.40	23.53		1
	25	12	23.65	23.36	23.43	0-1	1
	25	25	23.63	23.38	23.52		1
	50	0	23.48	23.39	23.45		1
	1	0	23.66	23.26	23.34		1
	1	25	23.59	23.41	23.32	0-1	1
	1	49	23.66	23.54	23.69		1
16QAM	25	0	22.63	22.48	22.57		2
	25	12	22.69	22.68	22.50	0-2	2
	25	25	22.65	22.69	22.56	<b>1</b> 0-2	2
	50	0	22.46	22.33	22.54	1	2

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dago OF of CC
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 25 of 66

Table 8-19
LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LIL Band 2 (1000.0Miliz) Conducted Fowers - SMITZ Bandwidth										
	LTE Band 2 (PCS) 5 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]	1					
	1	0	24.68	24.26	24.44		0				
	1	12	24.65	24.39	24.50	0	0				
	1	24	24.39	24.28	24.48		0				
QPSK	12	0	23.66	23.37	23.42	0-1	1				
	12	6	23.65	23.44	23.55		1				
	12	13	23.62	23.46	23.48		1				
	25	0	23.64	23.38	23.47		1				
	1	0	23.21	23.23	23.28		1				
	1	12	23.55	23.66	23.27	0-1	1				
	1	24	23.24	23.20	23.24		1				
16QAM	12	0	22.42	22.30	22.42		2				
	12	6	22.60	22.42	22.61	0-2	2				
	12	13	22.44	22.46	22.59	1 0-2	2				
ĺ	25	0	22.62	22.37	22.48	1	2				

Table 8-20 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

		Juliu &	1000.0141112)		OWCIS ON	112 Danawia	611
				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 3 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18615 (1851.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19185 (1908.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.61	24.46	24.48		0
	1	7	24.70	24.23	24.64	0	0
	1	14	24.69	24.51	24.59		0
QPSK	8	0	23.69	23.44	23.55		1
	8	4	23.64	23.54	23.41	0-1	1
	8	7	23.57	23.59	23.44		1
	15	0	23.70	23.44	23.50		1
	1	0	23.49	23.43	23.62		1
	1	7	23.66	23.61	23.25	0-1	1
	1	14	23.48	23.20	23.69		1
16QAM	8	0	22.33	22.36	22.41		2
	8	4	22.69	22.48	22.65	0.0	2
	8	7	22.37	22.26	22.30	0-2	2
	15	0	22.64	22.45	22.62	1	2

Table 8-21 LTE Band 2 (1880.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

LIE Baild 2 (1000.0MH2) Colladated Fowers - 1.4MH2 Baildwidth										
				LTE Band 2 (PCS)						
		1	I Ob I	1.4 MHz Bandwidth	Illiah Ohaaaa					
Modulation RB Size			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel 19193 (1909.3 MHz)					
	RB Size	RB Offset	18607 (1850.7 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)		MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
	1	0	24.60	24.29	24.61		0			
	1	2	24.58	24.33	24.68		0			
	1	5	24.62	24.32	24.51	] 。 [	0			
QPSK	3	0	24.56	24.38	24.60	1 "	0			
	3	2	24.60	24.43	24.60	-	0			
	3	3	24.67	24.49	24.56		0			
	6	0	23.62	23.40	23.58	0-1	1			
	1	0	23.69	23.31	23.47		1			
	1	2	23.25	23.68	23.35	1	1			
•	1	5	23.37	23.27	23.22	1 ,,	1			
16QAM	3	0	23.69	23.45	23.70	0-1	1			
ľ	3	2	23.63	23.68	23.67	-	1			
ľ	3	3	23.30	23.52	23.21		1			
Ì	6	0	22.65	22.63	22.66	0-2	2			

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST*	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 26 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 20 01 00

# VII. WIFI Conducted Powers

Table 8-22 IEEE 802.11b/g/n (2.4GHz, SISO) Average RF Power

	2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]								
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE 1	<b>Fransmission</b>	Mode					
r req [wiriz]	Chamilei	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n					
2412	1	15.17	8.73	6.71					
2417	2	15.02	12.05	11.09					
2437	6	15.51	12.31	11.02					
2457	10	15.59	12.18	10.99					
2462	11	15.57	7.54	6.45					

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENTIAL HARDEN CONTROL INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogg 07 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 27 of 66

# 9. JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED

# I. Analysis of RF Air Interface Technologies

An analysis was performed, following the guidance of §4.3 and §4.4 of the ANSI standard, of the RF air interface technologies being evaluated. The factors that will affect the RF interference potential were evaluated, and the worst case operating modes were identified and used in the evaluation. A WD's interference potential is a function both of the WD's average near-field field strength and of the signal's audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics. Per §4.4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing specified in Clause 5 of the ANSI standard. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17dBm for all of its operating modes. RF air interface technologies exempted from testing in this manner are automatically assigned an M4 rating to be used in determining the overall rating for the WD.

The worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated below to determine the testing requirements for this device.

# II. Individual Mode Evaluations

Table 9-1

Max Power + MIF calculations for Low Power Exemptions

Max 1 cital 1 mil calculations for 2011 1 cital Exemptions						
Air Interface	Maximum Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Total (Power + MIF, dB)	C63.19 Testing Required		
GSM850	24.15*	3.55	27.70	Yes		
GSM1900	21.01*	3.53	24.54	Yes		
EDGE850	17.38*	3.76	21.14	Yes**		
EDGE1900	16.67*	3.76	20.43	Yes**		
UMTS - RMC	24.56	-24.54	0.02	No		
UMTS - AMR	24.47	-14.61	9.86	No		
UMTS - HSUPA	24.47	-22.83	1.64	No		
LTE - FDD	24.70	-9.73	14.97	No		
2.4GHz WIFI	15.59	-11.74	3.85	No		

<sup>\*</sup> Note: ANSI C63.19-2011 Sec. 4.4 Footnote 20 indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

# **III. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions**

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required only for GSM voice modes. All other air interfaces are exempt.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 28 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 20 01 00

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: Note: EDGE data modes were considered but not tested as GSM voice modes were found to be the worst-case modes for the GSM air interface.

# 10. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

FCC ID:	ZNFX210APM
S/N:	00673

# I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 10-1
HAC Data Summary for GSM E-field

TIAO Data Gaillinary for Colli E-field											
Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-Field Emissi	ons										
	128	Acoustic	33.18	53.68	34.60	3.55	38.15	45.00	-6.85	M4	none
GSM850	190	Acoustic	33.10	51.26	34.19	3.55	37.74	45.00	-7.26	M4	none
	251	Acoustic	33.01	48.48	33.71	3.55	37.26	45.00	-7.74	M4	none
	512	Acoustic	29.97	24.66	27.84	3.53	31.37	35.00	-3.63	М3	none
GSM1900	661	Acoustic	30.01	25.48	28.12	3.52	31.64	35.00	-3.36	М3	none
GSW1900	810	Acoustic	30.04	21.96	26.83	3.52	30.35	35.00	-4.65	М3	none
	661	T-Coil	30.01	25.48	28.12	3.52	31.64	35.00	-3.36	М3	none

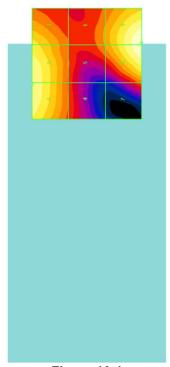


Figure 10-1
Sample E-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 29 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 29 01 00

FCC ID:	ZNFX210APM
S/N:	00673

# II. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 10-2
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

	1 can reading 500 1 1000 Rotation at Azimuth axis										
Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5	
Probe Rotatio	Probe Rotation at Worst-Case										
GSM1900	661	Acoustic	26.65	28.51	3.52	32.03	35.00	-2.97	М3	none	

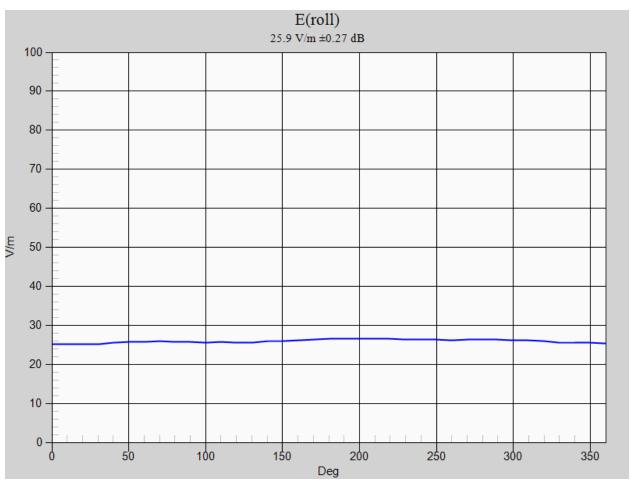


Figure 10-2
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 10-1 denoted by the green square markers.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 30 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 30 01 00

# 11. EQUIPMENT LIST

# **Table 11-1** Equipment List

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/24/2017	Biennial	3/24/2019	MY42082385
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	3/24/2017	Annual	3/24/2018	US40053896
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	2/28/2017	Annual	2/28/2018	MY47420800
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	5/31/2017	Annual	5/31/2018	GB43304278
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	N/A	CBT*	N/A	433978
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	4/20/2017	Annual	4/20/2018	1306009
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	2/10/2017	Annual	2/10/2018	1207364
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	2/10/2017	Annual	2/10/2018	1339018
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/7/2017	Annual	6/7/2018	1244512
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/7/2017	Annual	6/7/2018	1248508
Anritsu	MT8821C	Radio Communication Analyzer	8/15/2017	Annual	8/15/2018	6200901190
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1226
Pasternack	PE2237-20	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	N/A	N/A	N/A	107826
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	9/1/2016	Biennial	9/1/2018	21053
SPEAG	AIA	Audio Interference Analzyer	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1010
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/17/2017	Annual	5/17/2018	859
SPEAG	CD1880V3	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	5/12/2016	Biennial	5/12/2018	1064
SPEAG	CD835V3	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	5/10/2016	Biennial	5/10/2018	1082
SPEAG	ER3DV6	Freespace E-field Probe	1/16/2017	Annual	1/16/2018	2353

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

\*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dog 21 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 31 of 66

# 12. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

# Table 12-1 Uncertainty Estimation Table

Wireless Communications Device Near-Field Measurement									
		Uncert	ainty Estima	ation					
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Ci (E)	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments		
Measurement System	•		-			-	-		
RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.50	* Refl. < -20 dB		
Field Probe Calibration	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21			
Field Probe Isotropy	0.01	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01			
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.14			
Field Probe Linearity	0.013	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01			
Modulation Interference Factor	0.20	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	Applicable for M-rating testing		
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.06	*		
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.12	*		
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.03	*		
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*		
Resolution to 2mm error	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21			
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*		
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.02	*		
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*		
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.02	*		
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*		
System Repeatability (Field x 2=power)	0.17	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.17	*		
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning Vertical	0.2	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	*		
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*		
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*		
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12			
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)						0.66	16.3%		
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]						1.31	32.6%		
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence] on Field						0.66	16.3%		

#### Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
  equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
  and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. \* Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 32 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 32 01 00

# 13. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager	
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo 22 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 33 of 66



# **DUT: CD835V3 - SN1082**

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

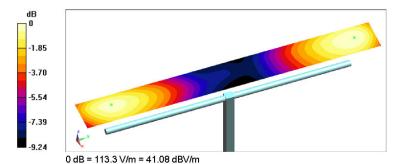
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

#### 835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 120.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 111.6 V/m



#### PCTEST 2017

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 34 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 34 01 00



#### **DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1064**

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

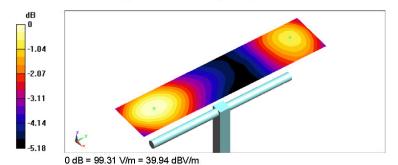
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI 063.19-2011)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

#### 1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 161.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 95.3 V/m



#### PCTEST 2017

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 35 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 35 01 00

Date: 11/12/2017



#### **DUT: ZNFX210APM**

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 00673 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

#### Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

#### GSM850 Low Channel / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 61.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

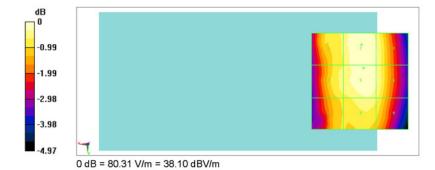
Applied MIF = 3.55 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.15 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
37.53 dBV/m	38.15 dBV/m	37.82 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 M4
37.61 dBV/m	38.08 dBV/m	37.82 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
37.29 dBV/m	37.75 dBV/m	37.55 dBV/m



#### PCTEST 2017

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 36 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 30 01 00

Date: 11/12/2017



### **DUT: ZNFX210APM**

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 00673 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

#### Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI 063.19-2011)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

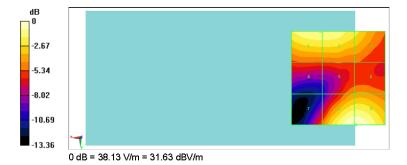
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/16/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/17/2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

### GSM1900 Mid Channel / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 12.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Applied MIF = 3.52 dB
RF audio interference level = 31.64 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
30.77 dBV/m	30.77 dBV/m	29.41 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 M4
26.28 dBV/m	27.36 dBV/m	27.55 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
26.9 dBV/m	31.63 dBV/m	31.64 dBV/m



#### PCTEST 2017

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 37 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 37 01 00

# 14. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCLUSIVE LABORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo 29 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 38 of 66

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

Client

Object

PC Test

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 16, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

2/2/2011

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	14-Oct-16 (No. ER3-2328_Oct16)	Oct-17
DAE4	SN: 789	11-Nov-16 (No. DAE4-789_Nov16)	Nov-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:

Name Johannes Kurikka Function Laboratory Technician Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 16, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

Page 1 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 20 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 39 of 66

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

DCP CF

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D

Polarization  $\phi$ 

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta$  = 0 for XY sensors and  $\vartheta$  = 90 for Z sensor (f  $\leq$  900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open wavequide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2353 Jan17

Page 2 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENT HA	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dags 40 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 40 of 66

ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2353

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 8, 2005 January 16, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

Page 3 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENTAL HARMAN	MAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogg 41 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 41 of 66

ER3DV6 -- SN:2353 January 16, 2017

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> )	1.49	1.68	1.78	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.3	98.2	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	210.4	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		207.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		201.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

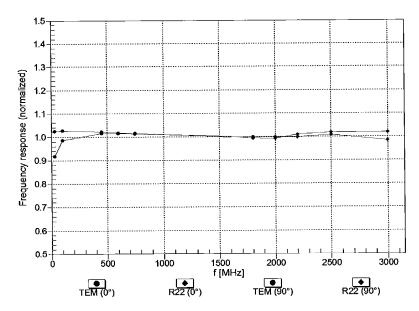
Page 4 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCIDENTAL HARMAN	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogg 40 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 42 of 66

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

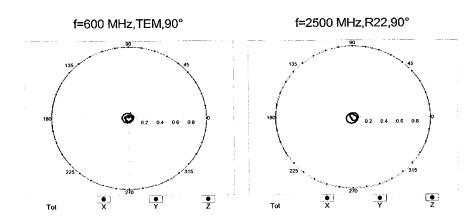
Page 5 of 10 Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

Approved by: FCC ID: ZNFX210APM HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT LG LG Quality Manager DUT Type: Filename: **Test Dates:** Page 43 of 66 1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF 11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017 Portable Handset

ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

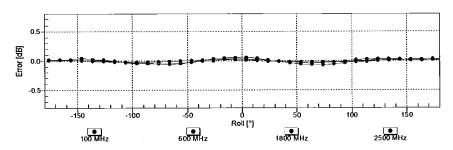
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta$ = 90°



Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17 Page 6 of 10

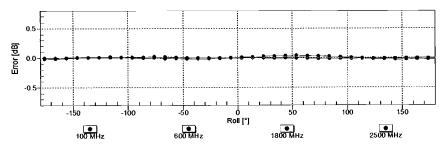
FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 44 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 44 01 00

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

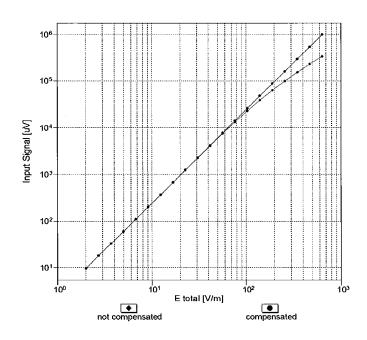
Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17

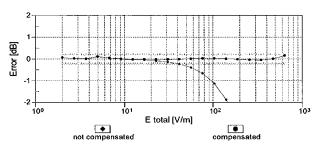
Page 7 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PCTEST:	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogg 45 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 45 of 66

ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 16, 2017

### Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

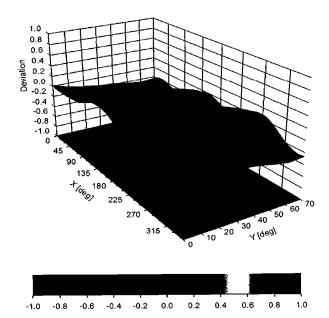
Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17 Page 8 of 10

 FIGURE
 Test Dates:
 DUT Type:
 Portable Handset
 Page 46 of 66

ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 16, 2017

# Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17 Page 9 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PETEST* LINEITED LADORTOR, INC.	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	<b>(L)</b>	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 47 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage 47 01 00

ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 16, 2017

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	23.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Certificate No: ER3-2353\_Jan17 Page 10 of 10

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dog 40 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 48 of 66

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **PC Test** 

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082\_May16

Object	CD835V3 - SN:	1082	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proce	edure for dipoles in air	05/15/201
Calibration date:	May 10, 2016		03/2/201
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical uniprobability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336		Apr-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Dec-16 Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in bases)	0.1.11.10
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17 In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Helh
Calibrated by:			
Calibrated by:  Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	10011
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Jel at

Page 1 of 5

Approved by: FCC ID: ZNFX210APM HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT LG LG Quality Manager Filename: **Test Dates: DUT Type:** Page 49 of 66 1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF 11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017 Portable Handset

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082\_May16

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

ANSI-C63.19-2011 [1]

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082 May16	Page 2 of 5	

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Daga EO of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 50 of 66

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

### Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	106.1 V/m = 40.51 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
800 MHz	16.4 dB	44.5 Ω - 13.4 jΩ	
835 MHz	26.3 dB	50.0 Ω + 4.9 jΩ	
900 MHz	16.4 dB	57.4 Ω - 14.7 jΩ	
950 MHz	21.9 dB	43.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ	
960 MHz	17.2 dB	47.9 Ω + 13.5 jΩ	

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

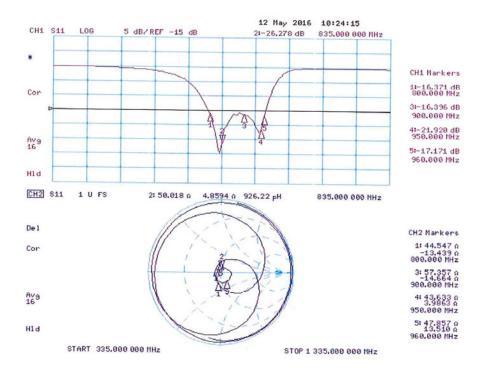
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082\_May16

Page 3 of 5

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo E1 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 51 of 66

### Impedance Measurement Plot



Certificate No: CD835V3-1082\_May16

Page 4 of 5

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 52 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 32 01 00

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1082

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

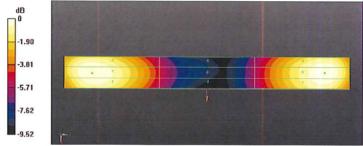
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 109.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.63 dBV/m Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M3 40.63 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.46 dBV/m
 Grid 5 M4 35.78 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 35.62 dBV/m
Grid 8 M3 40.51 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.37 dBV/m



0 dB = 107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082\_May16

Page 5 of 5

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PETEST TREEMEDING CARDATON, INC.	IAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 53 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 33 01 00

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Issued: May 12, 2016

Client

Object

**PC Test** 

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

201/25/2016

Calibration date:

May 12, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	L-M/-
			1-19-
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Elle

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 1 of 7

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 54 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 34 01 00

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

 ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASYS Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16 Page 2 of 7

 FCC ID: ZNFX210APM
 HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT
 Approved by: Quality Manager

 Filename:
 Test Dates:
 DUT Type:

 1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF
 11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017
 Portable Handset

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96.1 V/m = 39.66 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.3 V/m = 39.58 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	95.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

#### Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.2 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.0 V/m = 38.89 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 3 of 7

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Daga EC of CC
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 56 of 66

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

#### **Nominal Frequencies**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
1730 MHz	24.0 dB	49.6 Ω + 6.3 jΩ	
1880 MHz	19.8 dB	49.5 Ω + 10.2 jΩ	
1900 MHz	20.4 dB	52.9 Ω + 9.4 jΩ	
1950 MHz	26.8 dB	54.4 Ω + 1.8 jΩ	
2000 MHz	22.7 dB	43.2 Ω + 0.8 jΩ	

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

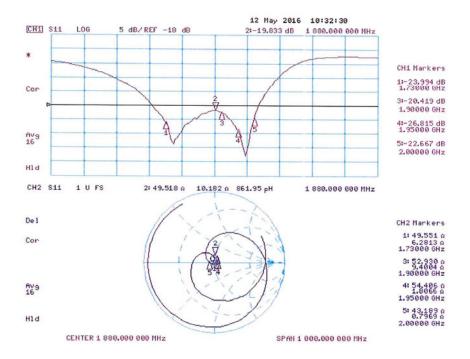
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 4 of 7

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	INCLUSION CANDING THE	C (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 57 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 37 01 00

#### Impedance Measurement Plot



Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 5 of 7

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	PETEST HA	AC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo 59 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 58 of 66

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma=0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r=1$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 39.20 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.04 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 39.08 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.76 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.75 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.68 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.8 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 6 of 7

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 59 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 39 01 00

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

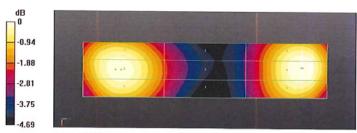
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.66 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M2 39.58 dBV/m	
Grid 5 M2 37.56 dBV/m	
Grid 8 <b>M2</b> 39.66 dBV/m	



0 dB = 91.23 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064\_May16

Page 7 of 7

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 60 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		rage ou oi oo

### 15. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		<b>(</b> LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Dogo 61 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Page 61 of 66

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- 2. FCC Office of Engineering and Technology KDB, "285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05," September 13. 2017
- FCC Office of Engineering and Technology KDB, "285076 D02 T-Coil Testing for CMRS IP v03," September 13, 2017
- 4. FCC Public Notice DA 06-1215, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau and Office of Engineering and Technology Clarify Use of Revised Wireless Phone Hearing Aid Compatibility Standard, June 6, 2006
- 5. FCC 3G Review Guidance, Laboratory Division OET FCC, May/June 2006
- 6. Berger, H. S., "Compatibility Between Hearing Aids and Wireless Devices," Electronic Industries Forum, Boston, MA, May, 1997
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- 12. Crawford, M. L., and Workman, J. L., "Using a TEM Cell for EMC Measurements of Electronic Equipment," U.S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards. Technical Note 1013, July 1981.
- 13. Decker, W. F., Crawford, M. L., and Wilson, W. A., "Construction of a Large Transverse Electromagnetic Cell", U.S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards, Technical Note 1011, Feb. 1979.
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FCC ID: ZNFX210APM	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 62 of 66
1M1711080290-07-R2.ZNF	11/06/2017 - 11/12/2017	Portable Handset		Fage 02 01 00

- 15. EHIMA GSM Project, Development phase, Part II Project Report. Technical-Audiological Laboratory and Telecom Denmark, June 1994.
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