

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013

For

GSM/WCDMA/LTE + BLUETOOTH & WLAN b/g/n + NFC Watch

FCC ID: ZNFW200A Model Name: LG-W200A, LGW200A, W200A

> Report Number: 15I21604-S1V2 Issue Date: 10/1/2015

> > Prepared for

LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM USA, INC. 1000 SYLVAN AVENUE ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY 07632, USA

Prepared by

UL VERIFICATION SERVICES INC. 47173 BENICIA STREET FREMONT, CA 94538, U.S.A.

TEL: (510) 771-1000 FAX: (510) 661-0888



Revision History

Rev.	Date	Revisions Revised By	
V1	9/28/2015	Initial Issue	
V2	10/1/2015	Report revised: 1. Added Section 6.4. 2. Appendix A: Updated	Kenneth Mak

Table of Contents

1.	Attestation of Test Results	5
2.	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures	6
3.	Facilities and Accreditation	6
4.	SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment	7
4.1.		
4.2.	SAR Scan Procedures	8
4.3.	Test Equipment	10
5.	Measurement Uncertainty	11
6.	Device Under Test (DUT) Information	12
6.1.	. DUT Description	12
6.2.	. Wireless Technologies	12
6.3.	Nominal and Maximum Output Power	13
6.4.	Antenna Dimensions and Separation Distances	13
6.5.	General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	14
7.	RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)	14
8.	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	15
8.1.	. Dielectric Property Measurements	15
8.2.	. System Check	17
9.	Conducted Output Power Measurements	19
9.1.	. GSM	19
9.2.	. W-CDMA	20
9.3.	. LTE	24
9.4.	. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)	29
9.5.	. Bluetooth	29
10.	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	30
10.	1. GSM850	32
10.2	2. GSM1900	32
10.3	3. W-CDMA Band II	32
10.4	4. W-CDMA Band V	32
10.	5. LTE Band 2 (20MHz Bandwidth)	32
10.6	6. LTE Band 5 (10MHz Bandwidth)	33
10.7	7. Wi-Fi (DTS Band)	33
10.8	8. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR	34
	Page 3 of 37	

11.	SAR Measurement Variability	35
12.	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis	36
12	2.1. Sum of the SAR for WWAN & Wi-Fi & BT (Extremity)	36
12	2.2. Sum of the SAR for WWAN & Wi-Fi & BT (Next-to-Mouth)	36
Appe	endixes	37
15	5l21604-S1V2 SAR_App A Photos (STC_180days)	37
15	5l21604-S1V1 SAR_App B System Check Plots	37
15	5l21604-S1V1 SAR_App C Highest Test Plots	37
15	5l21604-S1V1 SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients	37
15	5l21604-S1V1 SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certs	37
15	5l21604-S1V1 SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certs	37

1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name		LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM USA, INC.			
FCC ID		ZNFW200A			
Model Name		LG-W200A, LGW200	A, W200A		
Applicable Standards		FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013			
		SAR Lin	nits (W/Kg)		
Exposure Category		Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)		Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)	
General population / Uncontrolled exposure		1.6		4.0	
		The Highest Re	ported SAR (W/kg)	
RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class			
Kr Exposure (Conditions	Licensed	DTS	U-NII	DSS (BT)
Extremity		2.875	0.319		
Next-to-Mouth		0.510	0.090		
Simultaneous	Extremity	3.194		- N/A -	
TX	Next-to-Mouth	0.600			
Date Tested		8/27/2015 to 9/1/2015			
Test Results		Pass			

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:
Bolly Razeni	Zay -
Bobby Bayani	Ray Su
Senior Engineer	Laboratory Engineer
UL Verification Services Inc.	UL Verification Services Inc.

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
- 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

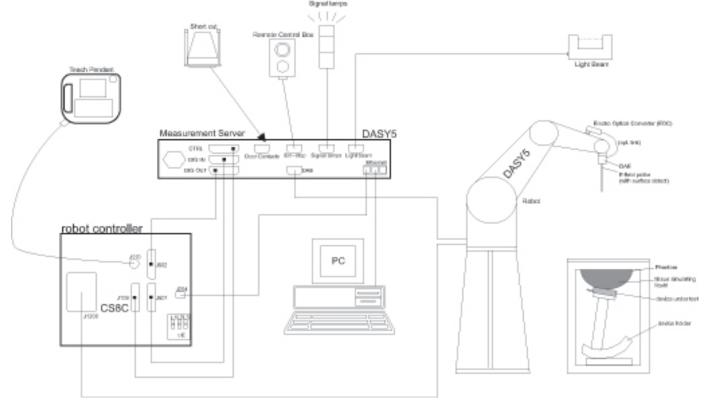
47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0.

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- · Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid Δt	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E753ES	MY40000980	4/17/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1087	11/11/2015
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	N/A
Thermometer	Control Company	Traceable	122529162	10/8/2015

System Check

System Check				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01155	3/18/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U16345	6/15/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U12345	7/31/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	1926A27048	8/3/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A76223	9/3/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A
DC Power Supply	BK PRECISION	1611	215-02292	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab A)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3901	1/27/2016
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3751	11/14/2015
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab A)	SPEAG	DAE4	1357	2/20/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	DAE4	1360	3/12/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	11/13/2015
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d140	4/14/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	899	3/13/2016
Thermometer (SAR Lab A)	EXTECH	445703	CCS-206	3/19/2016
Thermometer (SAR Lab B)	EXTECH	445703	CCS-249	9/18/2015

Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY53060002	4/7/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY53260011	6/1/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY52260009	12/12/2015
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMW500	135390	4/6/2016
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMW500	124594	10/15/2015
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMU200	838114	8/14/2016

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

Intended Use	This device should be restricted to wrist-worn and no other operation configuration should be used			
Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width):54.1 mm x 44.7 mm			
	Overall Diagonal: 44 mm			
	Display Diagonal: 37 mm			
Back Cover	The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.			
Battery Options	The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.			
Wireless Router (Hotspot)	Wi-Fi Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other Wi-Fi-enabled devices.			
	☐ Mobile Hotspot (Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz)			
Wi-Fi Direct	Wi-Fi Direct enabled devices transfer data directly between each other			
	☐ Wi-Fi Direct (Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz)			

6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Oper	ating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing		
GSM	Does this o	device support DTM (Dual T	GPRS Multi-Slot Class: □ Class 8 - 1 Up, 4 Down ☑ Class 10 - 2 Up, 4 Down □ Class 12 - 4 Up, 4 Down □ Class 33 - 4 Up, 5 Down d GSM service (voice, SMS), using ransfer Mode)? □ Yes □ No GSM call, automatically resumed a			
W-CDMA (UMTS)	Band II Band V	UMTS Rel. 99 (Voice & Da HSDPA (Rel. 5) HSUPA (Rel. 6) HSPA+ (Rel. 7)	100%			
LTE	FDD Band 2 FDD Band 5	☐ Rel. 10 Carrier Aggrega	QPSK			
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n (HT20)		100%		
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 4.1 LE	·	77.5% (DH5)		

6.3. Nominal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 sec.4.1.(3) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit

Upper limit (dB):	-1.5 ~ 0.5	Max. R	F Outpu	t Pow er	(dBm)		
RF Air interface	Mode	Torgot	Max. t	ax. tune-up tolerance lim Burst Frame			
RF All interrace	Mode	Target	Bu	rst	Frame		
	Voice (1 slot)	32.7	33	.2	24.2		
	GPRS 1 slot	32.7	33	.2	24.2		
GSM850	GPRS 2 slots	30.7	31	.2	25.2		
	EGPRS 1 slot	27.2	27	.7	18.7		
	EGPRS 2 slots	27.2	27	.7	21.7		
	Voice (1 slot)	29.2	29	.7	20.7		
	GPRS 1 slot	29.2	29	.7	20.7		
GSM1900	GPRS 2 slots	27.2	27	.7	21.7		
	EGPRS 1 slot	26.2	26	.7	17.7		
	EGPRS 2 slots	26.2	26	.7	20.7		
Upper limit (dB):	-1.5 ~ 0.5	Max. R	F Outpu	t Pow e	r (dBm)		
RF Air interface	Mode	Target			ix. tune-up erance limit		
	R99	22.7			23.2		
W-CDMA Band V	HSDPA	22.7			23.2		
Danu v	HSUPA	22.7			23.2		
	R99	21.9			22.4		
W-CDMA Band II	HSDPA	21.9			22.4		
Danu II	HSUPA	21.9			22.4		
1.TE D. 1.0	QPSK	21.2			21.7		
LTE Band 2	16QAM	20.2			20.7		
1.75.0	QPSK	23.2			23.7		
LTE Band 5	16QAM	22.2			22.7		
Upper limit (dB):	1.0	Max. R	RF Outpu	it Pow e	r (dBm)		
RF Air interface	Mode	Target			ax. tune-up erance limit		
	802.11b	16.5			17.5		
WiFi 2.4 GHz	802.11g	12.5			13.5		
	802.11n HT20 11.5			12.5			
Upper limit (dB):	1.0	I.0 Max. RF Output Pow er (dBm		(dBm)			
RF Air interface	Mode	Target			x. tune-up rance limit		
Bluetooth 10.0 11.0					11.0		
Blueto	ooth LE	8.5			9.5		

6.4. Antenna Dimensions and Separation Distances

Refer to separate filing document.

6.5. General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Item	Description								
Frequency range, Channel Bandwidth,			F	requen	cy range:	: 1850 - 191	10 MHz		
Numbers and Frequencies	Band 2				Channel I	Bandwidth			
·		20 MHz	15 MHz	1	0 MHz	5 MHz	3	MHz	1.4 MHz
	Low	18700/	18675/	1	8650/	18625/	18	3615/	18607/
		1860	1857.5		1855	1852.5		351.5	1850.7
	Mid	18900/	18900/		8900/	18900/		3900/	18900/
		1880	1880	_	1880	1880		880	1880
	High	19100/	19125/		9150/	19175/		9185/	19193/
		1900	1902.5		1905	1907.5		908.5	1909.3
						e: 824 - 849	MHZ		
	Band 5					Bandwidth			
		20 MHz	15 MHz	1	0 MHz	5 MHz		MHz	1.4 MHz
	Low					20425/		0415/	20407/
	201				0505/	826.5		25.5	824.7
	Mid				20525/	20525/ 836.5		0525/ 36.5	20525/
	High			•	836.5	20625/		0635/	836.5 20643/
	nign					846.5		47.5	848.3
LTE transmitter and antenna	I TE has one	e (1) TX/RX ar	tennas and	one (1)	RX anter			111.0	0.0.0
implementation		endix A for m		(1)					
<u> </u>									
Maximum power reduction (MPR)	Та	ble 6.2.3-1: Ma	ximum Pow	er Redu	uction (MI	PR) for Pow	er Class	3	
	Modulatio	on Cha	nnel bandwid	ith / Trai	nsmission	bandwidth (RB)	MPR (d	В)
		1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	+	
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
	QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
	16 QAM		≤ 4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤1	
	16 QAM	>5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	
	MPR Built-in by design								
	A-MPR (add	litional MPR) v	vas disabled	during	SAR test	ing			
Power reduction	No	,							
Spectrum plots for RB configurations	A properly c	onfigured base	station sim	ulator v	was used	for the SAF	R and pov	wer meas	urements;
		ectrum plots f					•		
	SAR report.					3.			
	Critic Topolit.								

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

A non-standard setup was used for SAR testing based on guidance from the FCC. The operational description contains additional information.

Wireless technologies	RF Exposure Conditions	DUT-to-User Separation	Test Position	Antenna-to- edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
WWAN	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	0	Rear	N/A	Yes	
	Next to Mouth	10	Front	N/A	Yes	
WLAN	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	0	Rear	N/A	Yes	
	Next to Mouth	10	Front	N/A	Yes	

The neck region of the SAM phantom was chosen for wrist-worn extremity SAR testing in accordance with KDB 447498 §6.2.

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Н	lead	Boo	dy
raiget Frequency (MHZ)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

SAR Lab A

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Head 1900	e'	38.3700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.37	40.00	-4.08	5
	Tieau 1900	e"	13.7900	Conductivity (σ):	1.46	1.40	4.06	5
8/27/2015	Head 1850	e'	38.5700	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.57	40.00	-3.58	5
0/21/2013	Tieau 1650	e"	13.7400	Conductivity (σ):	1.41	1.40	0.96	5
	Head 1910	e'	38.3400	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	38.34	40.00	-4.15	5
	Tieau 1910	e"	13.7800	Conductivity (σ):	1.46	1.40	4.53	5
	Body 1900	e'	52.4900	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.49	53.30	-1.52	5
	Body 1900	e"	15.0100	Conductivity (σ):	1.59	1.52	4.33	5
8/27/2015	Body 1850	e'	52.6500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.65	53.30	-1.22	5
0/21/2013	Body 1830	e"	15.0100	Conductivity (σ):	1.54	1.52	1.58	5
	Body 1910	e'	52.4900	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.49	53.30	-1.52	5
	Body 1910	e"	15.0100	Conductivity (σ):	1.59	1.52	4.87	5
	Body 2450	e'	54.2800	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.28	52.70	3.00	5
	Body 2450	e"	14.8900	Conductivity (σ):	2.03	1.95	4.02	5
8/28/2015	Body 2410	e'	54.3900	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.39	52.76	3.09	5
0/20/2013	Body 2410	e"	14.7800	Conductivity (σ):	1.98	1.91	3.83	5
	Body 2475	e'	54.2000	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.20	52.67	2.91	5
	Bouy 2475	e"	14.9300	Conductivity (σ):	2.05	1.99	3.50	5
	Head 2450	e'	37.8100	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	37.81	39.20	-3.55	5
	Head 2450	e"	13.0800	Conductivity (σ):	1.78	1.80	-1.01	5
8/31/2015	Head 2410	e'	37.9800	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	37.98	39.28	-3.31	5
0/31/2015	Tieau 2410	e"	13.0000	Conductivity (σ):	1.74	1.76	-1.04	5
	Hood 2475	e'	37.7300	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	37.73	39.17	-3.67	5
	Head 2475	e"	13.1300	Conductivity (σ):	1.81	1.83	-1.10	5

SAR Lab B

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Head 835	e'	40.2300	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	40.23	41.50	-3.06	5
	Flead 655	e"	19.6100	Conductivity (σ):	0.91	0.90	1.16	5
8/31/2015	8/31/2015 Head 820	e'	40.4000	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	40.40	41.60	-2.89	5
0/31/2013	Flead 620	e"	19.6600	Conductivity (σ):	0.90	0.90	-0.23	5
	Head 850	e'	40.0300	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	40.03	41.50	-3.54	5
	Head 650	e"	19.5900	Conductivity (σ):	0.93	0.92	1.19	5
	Body 835	e'	53.0400	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.04	55.20	-3.91	5
	Body 633	e"	21.5600	Conductivity (σ):	1.00	0.97	3.20	5
9/21/2015	Rody 920	e'	53.1500	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.15	55.28	-3.85	5
0/31/2013	8/31/2015 Body 820	e"	21.6400	Conductivity (σ):	0.99	0.97	1.88	5
	Body 850	e'	52.9100	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.91	55.16	-4.07	5
	Body 650	e"	21.4200	Conductivity (σ):	1.01	0.99	2.56	5

8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center
 marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the
 phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole
 center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	From (MIII)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)			
System Dipole	Serial No.	Cai. Date	Freq. (MHz)	1g/10g	Head	Body	
D835V2	4d002	11/13/2014	835	1g	9.23	9.33	
D635V2	D635 V 2 40002		633	10g	5.99	6.12	
D1900V2	5d140	4/14/2015	1900	1g	39.9	39.9	
D1900 V Z	30140	4/14/2013	1900	10g	20.8	21.3	
D2450\/2	D2450V2 899		2450	1g	51.6	48.8	
D2430 V 2			2430	10g	23.9	22.7	

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

SAR Lab A

	System	Dipole	T.S.		Measured	d Results	Townst	Delte	Diet	
Date Tested	Туре	Serial #	Liquid		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.	
8/27/2015	D1900V2	5d140	Head	1g	4.00	40.0	39.90	0.25		
0/21/2015	D1900V2	50140	пеац	10g	2.05	20.5	20.80	-1.44		
8/27/2015	D1900V2	E-14.40	5d140	Body	1g	4.13	41.3	39.90	3.51	1,2
0/2//2013	D1900V2	50140	Бойу	10g	2.12	21.2	21.30	-0.47	1,2	
8/28/2015	D2450V2	899	Body	1g	5.18	51.8	48.80	6.15	3,4	
0/20/2013	D2450V2	099	Бойу	10g	2.38	23.8	22.70	4.85	3,4	
8/31/2015	D2450V2	899	Head	1g	5.14	51.4	51.60	-0.39		
0/31/2013	D2430V2	099	rieau	10g	2.37	23.7	23.90	-0.84		

SAR Lab B

	System Dipole		Τ.Ο		Measured	Measured Results		D-#-	Dist
Date Tested	Туре	Serial #	T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W	Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
8/31/2015	5 04/14/02 4d002	4d002	Head -	1g	0.964	9.64	9.23	4.44	
0/31/2013	04/14/02	4002		10g	0.629	6.29	5.99	5.01	
8/31/2015	04/14/02	4d002	Body	1g	1.01	10.1	9.33	8.25	5,6
0/31/2013	04/14/02	04/14/02 4d002		10g	0.665	6.65	6.12	8.66	5,0

9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

9.1. GSM

Per KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures:

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

GSM850 Measured Results

		Coding	Time		Freq.	Max	. Pwr
Band	Mode	Scheme	Slots	Ch No.	(MHz)	Burst (dBm)	Frame (dBm)
	GSM			128	824.2	33.1	24.1
	(Voice)	CS1	1	190	836.6	33.2	24.2
	(Volice)			251	848.8	33.2	24.2
				128	824.2	33.1	24.1
		CS1	2	190	836.6	33.2	24.2
	GPRS			251	848.8	33.2	24.2
	(GMSK)			128	824.2	31.0	25.0
850				190	836.6	31.0	25.0
				251	848.8	31.0	25.0
				128	824.2	27.7	18.7
			1	190	836.6	27.7	18.7
	EGPRS	MCS5		251	848.8	27.6	18.6
	(8PSK)	WICGS		128	824.2	27.4	21.4
			2	190	836.6	27.4	21.4
				251	848.8	27.4	21.4

Notes:

The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Next-to-Mouth: GMSK Voice Mode
- Extremity: GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots was used for testing, based on the output power measurements above.
- SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode

GSM1900 Measured Results

		Coding	Time		Freq.	Max	Pwr
Band	Mode	Scheme	Slots	Ch No.	(MHz)	Burst (dBm)	Frame (dBm)
	CCM			512	1850.2	29.7	20.7
	GSM (Voice)	CS1	1	661	1880.0	29.6	20.6
	(*0.00)			810	1909.8	29.7	20.7
				512	1850.2	29.7	20.7
			1	661	1880.0	29.6	20.6
	GPRS	CS1		810	1909.8	29.7	20.7
	(GMSK)	001	2	512	1850.2	27.7	21.7
1900				661	1880.0	27.6	21.6
				810	1909.8	27.7	21.7
				512	1850.2	26.6	17.6
			1	661	1880.0	26.5	17.5
	EGPRS	MCS5		810	1909.8	26.5	17.5
	(8PSK)	WICGS		512	1850.2	26.4	20.4
			2	661	1880.0	26.4	20.4
			•	810	1909.8	26.4	20.4

Notes:

The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Next-to-Mouth: GMSK Voice Mode
- Extremity: GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots was used for testing, based on the output power measurements above
- SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode

Page 19 of 37

9.2. W-CDMA

Release 99 Setup Procedures used to establish the test signals

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The DUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

Mode	Subtest	Rel99
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 2
WCDMA General Settings	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
WCDIMA General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc/βd	8/15

HSDPA Setup Procedures used to establish the test signals

The following 4 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 5 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subtest	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1					
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC					
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set 1					
W-CDMA	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2					
General	βс	2/15	11/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
Settings	Bd (SF)	64					
	βc/βd	2/15	11/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR (dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	D _{ACK}	8					
	D _{NAK}	8					
HSDPA	DCQI	8					
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3					
Settings	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms					
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2			•		
	Ahs=βhs/βc	30/15					

HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA) Setup Procedures used to establish the test signals

The following 5 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of

these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	HSPA								
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	5				
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1								
	Rel99 RMC	12.2 kbps RM	12.2 kbps RMC							
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set 1								
	HSUPA Test	HSPA								
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2				Algorithm 1				
WCDMA	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15				
General	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0				
Settings	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15				
	βc/βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	15/1				
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15				
	βed	1309/225	94/75	47/15	56/75	47/15				
	CM (dB)	1	3	2	8 5 7 0 0 0 0 15 17 2 92 71 8 482.8 205.8 3 2 18 18 18 17 27 27 27 27	1				
	MPR (dB)	0	2	1		0				
	DACK	8	•	1	•	0				
	DNAK	8	0							
HSDPA	DCQI	8				0				
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor									
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4) 4ms									
_	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4) 2									
	Ahs = βhs/βc	30/15								
		6	8	8	5	7				
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0				
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21				
	ETFCI (from 34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81				
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9				
	Reference E-TFCIs	5	5	2	5	1				
	Reference E-TFCI	11	11	11	11	67				
HSUPA	Reference E-TFCI PO	4	4	4	4	18				
Specific	Reference E-TFCI	67	67	92	67	67				
Settings	Reference E-TFCI PO	18	18	18	18	18				
•	Reference E-TFCI	71	71	71	71	71				
	Reference E-TFCI PO	23	23	23	23	23				
	Reference E-TFCI	75	75	75	75	75				
	Reference E-TFCI PO	26	26	26		26				
	Reference E-TFCI	81	81	81	81	81				
	Reference E-TFCI PO	27	27			27				
	Maximum Channelization Codes	2xSF2	•	•		SF4				

<u>HSPA+</u>

Since 16QAM is not used for uplink, the uplink Category and release is same as HSUPA, i.e., Rel. 7 Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured.

W-CDMA Band II Measured Results

Band		Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	MPR (dB)	Max. Pwr (dBm)
			9262	1852.4	N/A	22.3
	Rel 99	RMC, 12.2 kbps	9400	1880.0	N/A	22.4
			9538	1907.6	N/A	22.3
			9262	1852.4	0	22.2
		Subtest 1	9400	1880.0	0	22.4
			9538	1907.6	0	22.2
			9262	1852.4	0	22.2
		Subtest 2	9400	1880.0	0	22.3
	HSDPA		9538	1907.6	0	22.3
	HSDPA		9262	1852.4	0.5	21.7
		Subtest 3	9400	1880.0	0.5	21.9
			9538	1907.6	0.5	21.9
			9262	1852.4	0.5	21.8
		Subtest 4	9400	1880.0	0.5	21.9
W-CDMA			9538	1907.6	0.5	21.8
Band II		Subtest 1	9262	1852.4	0	22.1
			9400	1880.0	0	22.1
			9538	1907.6	0	22.0
			9262	1852.4	2	20.4
		Subtest 2	9400	1880.0	2	20.4
			9538	1907.6	2	20.4
			9262	1852.4	1	21.2
	HSUPA	Subtest 3	9400	1880.0	1	21.4
			9538	1907.6	1	21.2
			9262	1852.4	2	20.4
		Subtest 4	9400	1880.0	2	20.4
			9538	1907.6	2	20.4
			9262	1852.4	0	22.1
		Subtest 5	9400	1880.0	0	22.4
			9538	1907.6	0	22.3

W-CDMA Band V Measured Results

Band		Mode	UL Ch No.	Freq.	MPR	Max. Pw r
		T T	4400	(MHz)	(dB)	(dBm)
	D 100	DMO 40 011	4132	826.4	N/A	22.9
	Rel 99	RMC, 12.2 kbps	4183	836.6	N/A	23.0
:			4233	846.6	N/A	23.0
			4132	826.4	0	23.0
		Subtest 1	4183	836.6	0	23.1
			4233	846.6	0	23.1
			4132	826.4	0	23.1
		Subtest 2	4183	836.6	0	23.1
	HSDPA		4233	846.6	0	23.1
	IBDEA		4132	826.4	0.5	22.6
		Subtest 3	4183	836.6	0.5	22.6
			4233	846.6	0.5	22.6
			4132	826.4	0.5	22.6
		Subtest 4	4183	836.6	0.5	22.6
W-CDMA			4233	846.6	0.5	22.6
Band V			4132	826.4	0	23.0
		Subtest 1	4183	836.6	0	22.8
			4233	846.6	0	22.8
			4132	826.4	2	21.2
		Subtest 2	4183	836.6	2	21.2
			4233	846.6	2	21.2
			4132	826.4	1	22.2
	HSUPA	Subtest 3	4183	836.6	1	22.2
			4233	846.6	1	22.2
			4132	826.4	2	21.2
		Subtest 4	4183	836.6	2	21.2
			4233	846.6	2	21.2
			4132	826.4	0	22.8
		Subtest 5	4183	836.6	0	23.0
			4233	846.6	0	22.8

9.3. LTE

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)										
,	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz						
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1					
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1					
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2					

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
			3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
110_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS 07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
143_07	6.6.3.3.2	13	10	1able 0.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS 09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤1
	0.0.0.0.4			> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	231	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-
Note 1: A	pplies to the lower l	block of Band 23, i.e	a carrier place	d in the 2000-20	10 MHz region.

LTE Band 2 Measured Results

LTE Ban	BW		RB	RB	Target	Ma	ax. Avg Pwr (dB	sm)
Band	(MHz)	Mode	Allocation	offset	MPR	1860 MHz	1880 MHz	1900 MHz
	, , ,		1	0	0	21.7	21.6	21.7
			1	50	0	21.7	21.7	21.6
		QPSK	1	99	0	21.6	21.7	21.7
			50	0	1	20.6	20.6	20.5
			50	25	1	20.6	20.6	20.5
			50	50	1	20.5	20.6	20.5
LTE	00		100	0	1	20.6	20.6	20.5
Band 2	20		1	0	1	20.5	20.4	20.7
			1	50	1	20.4	20.5	20.7
			1	99	1	20.5	20.5	20.7
		16QAM	50	0	2	19.6	19.6	19.5
			50	25	2	19.6	19.6	19.5
			50	50	2	19.5	19.6	19.5
			100	0	2	19.6	19.5	19.5
Band	BW	Mode	RB	RB	Target	Ma	ax. Avg Pwr (dB	lm)
Danu	(MHz)	Mode	Allocation	offset	MPR	1857.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1902.5 MHz
			1	0	0	21.7	21.6	21.6
		QPSK	1	36	0	21.7	21.6	21.6
			1	74	0	21.5	21.6	21.7
			36	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7
			36	18	1	20.7	20.7	20.7
			36	37	1	20.7	20.7	20.7
LTE	15		75	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7
Band 2	.0	16QAM	1	0	1	20.7	20.5	20.5
			1	36	1	20.7	20.5	20.5
			1	74	1	20.7	20.5	20.7
			36	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7
			36	18	2	19.7	19.7	19.7
			36	37	2	19.7	19.7	19.7
			75	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7
Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	1855 MHz	ax. Avg Pwr (dB 1880 MHz	1905 MHz
	, ,		1	0	0	21.7	21.6	21.6
			1	25	0	21.7	21.6	21.6
			1	49	0	21.7	21.6	21.7
		QPSK	25	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.6
			25	12	1	20.7	20.6	20.6
			25	25	1	20.7	20.7	20.7
LTE	1 1()		50	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.6
Band 2			1	0	1	20.7	20.5	20.5
			1	25	1	20.7	20.5	20.5
			1	49	1	20.7	20.5	20.6
		16QAM	25	0	2	19.7	19.6	19.7
					_			•
			25	12	2	19.7	19.6	19.7
			25 25	12 25	2	19.7 19.7	19.6 19.6	19.7 19.7

LTE Band 2 Measured Results (continued)											
Band	BW	Mode	RB	RB	Target		x. Avg Pwr (dB	Bm)			
Dana	(MHz)	Wiodo	Allocation	offset	MPR	1852.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1907.5 MHz			
			1	0	0	21.7	21.7	21.5			
		QPSK	1	12	0	21.7	21.6	21.6			
			1	24	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
			12	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
			12	6	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
			12	11	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
LTE	5		25	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
Band 2			1	0	1	20.5	20.5	20.6			
			1	12	1	20.6	20.5	20.7			
			1	24	1	20.6	20.5	20.7			
		16QAM	12	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			12	6	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			12	11	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			25	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Allocation	RB offset	Target MPR	Ma 1851.5 MHz	x. Avg Pwr (dB				
	(1411 12)						1880 MHz	1908.5 MHz			
			1	0	0	21.7 21.7	21.7 21.7	21.7 21.7			
		QPSK	1	7	0						
			8	14 0	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
				4	1		20.7	20.7			
			8	7	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
LTE			15	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
LTE Band 2	3	16QAM	1	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
24.14.2			1	7	1	20.7	20.5	20.6			
			1	14	1	20.7	20.6	20.6			
			8	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			8	4	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			8	7	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			
			15	0	2	19.7	19.6	19.7			
	BW		RB	RB	Target		x. Avg Pwr (dB				
Band	(MHz)	Mode	Allocation	offset	MPR	1850.7 MHz		1909.3 MHz			
			1	0	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
			1	2	0	21.7	21.6	21.7			
			1	5	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
		QPSK	3	0	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
			3	1	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
			3	2	0	21.7	21.7	21.7			
LTE	1 1		6	0	1	20.7	20.7	20.7			
Band 2	1.4		1	0	1	20.7	20.6	20.5			
			1	2	1	20.7	20.6	20.6			
			1	5	1	20.7	20.5	20.6			
		16QAM	3	0	1	20.6	20.5	20.7			
			3	1	1	20.5	20.5	20.7			
			3	2	1	20.5	20.5	20.7			
			6	0	2	19.7	19.7	19.7			

LTE Band 5 Measured Results

Band	BW	sured R Mode	RB	RB	Target	М	ax. Avg Pwr (dBr	m)
Band	(MHz)	Iviode	Allocation	offset	MPR	829 MHz	836.5 MHz	844 MHz
			1	0	0		23.6	
			1	25	0		23.6	
			1	49	0		23.6	
		QPSK	25	0	1		22.6	
			25	12	1		22.6	
			25	25	1		22.6	
LTE	10		50	0	1		22.7	
Band 5	10		1	0	1		22.7	
			1	25	1		22.7	
			1	49	1		22.7	
		16QAM	25	0	2		21.6	
			25	12	2		21.6	
			25	25	2		21.6	
			50	0	2		21.6	
Band	BW	Mode	RB	RB	Target	M	ax. Avg Pwr (dBr	n)
Danu	(MHz)	Mode	Allocation	offset	MPR	826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz
			1	0	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
		QPSK	1	12	0	23.5	23.6	23.5
			1	24	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			12	0	1	22.6	22.7	22.7
			12	6	1	22.6	22.7	22.7
			12	11	1	22.6	22.7	22.7
LTE	5		25	0	1	22.7	22.7	22.7
Band 5	3		1	0	1	22.6	22.5	22.6
			1	12	1	22.5	22.5	22.7
			1	24	1	22.5	22.5	22.7
		16QAM	12	0	2	21.6	21.6	21.6
			12	6	2	21.5	21.6	21.6
			12	11	2	21.6	21.6	21.6
			25	0	2	21.6	21.7	21.6
Band	BW	Mode	RB	RB	Target	М	ax. Avg Pwr (dBr	n)
Dana	(MHz)	Wodo	Allocation	offset	MPR	825.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	847.5 MHz
			1	0	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			1	7	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			1	14	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
		QPSK	8	0	1	22.5	22.7	22.6
			8	4	1	22.5	22.6	22.6
			8	7	1	22.6	22.6	22.6
LTE	3		15	0	1	22.6	22.7	22.6
Band 5	3 —		1	0	1	22.7	22.6	22.5
			1	7	1	22.7	22.6	22.5
			1	14	1	22.7	22.6	22.5
		16QAM	8	0	2	21.5	21.7	21.5
			8	4	2	21.6	21.6	21.5
		ſ	8	7	2	21.6	21.7	21.5
				-	_	_	=	

LTE Band 5 Measured Results (continued)

Band	BW	Mode	RB	RB	Target	Max. Avg Pwr (dBm)		
Dariu	(MHz)	Mode	Allocation	offset	MPR	824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz
			1	0	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			1	2	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			1	5	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
		QPSK	3	0	0	23.7	23.6	23.6
			3	1	0	23.6	23.6	23.6
			3	2	0	23.7	23.7	23.7
LTE	1.4		6	0	1	22.7	22.7	22.7
Band 5	1.4		1	0	1	22.7	22.6	22.6
			1	2	1	22.7	22.6	22.6
			1	5	1	22.7	22.6	22.6
		16QAM	3	0	1	22.5	22.7	22.7
			3	1	1	22.6	22.7	22.7
			3	2	1	22.5	22.7	22.7
			6	0	2	21.7	21.7	21.7

9.4. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)

Measured Results

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Max Output Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)	Note(s)
			1	2412	16.5			
	802.11b	1 Mbps	6	2437	17.0	17.5	Yes	
			11	2462	16.0			
			1	2412			No	
2.4	802.11g	6 Mbps	6	2437	Not Required	13.5		1
			11	2462				
	202.44		1	2412	Not Required			
	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	6	2437		12.5	No	1
	(11120)		11	2462				

Note(s)

9.5. Bluetooth

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is 11.00 dBm from the rated nominal maximum output power. This power level qualifies for exclusion of SAR testing.

^{1.} Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11g/n HT20 channels when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2/3$ W/kg,1-g and 10-g respectively, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:

SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:

- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- When the reported SAR is > 0.8/2 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.
- Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the
 Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8/2 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g
 respectively. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation
 < 1.45/3.625 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively.
- Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45/3.625 W/Kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of QPSK.
- Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is <
 1.45/3.625 W/Kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.
- For LTE bands that do not support at least three non-overlapping channels in certain channel bandwidths, test the available
 non-overlapping channels instead. When a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth
 configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing; therefore, the
 requirement for H, M and L channels may not fully apply.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the <u>initial test position(s)</u> by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The <u>initial test position(s)</u> is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the <u>reported SAR</u> for the <u>initial test position</u> is:

- ≤ 0.4/1 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that
 exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and
 OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4/1 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 0.8/2 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8/2 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 1.2/3 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2/3 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has
 the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤
 1.2/3 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required;
 otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

To determine the <u>initial test position</u>, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the <u>Maximum Value of SAR</u> (measured). The position that produced the highest <u>Maximum Value of SAR</u> is considered the worst case position; thus used as the <u>initial test position</u>.

10.1. GSM850

RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Extremity	Voice	0	Neck	190	836.6	33.2	33.2			1.190	1.190	
Latienity	GPRS 2 Slots	0	Neck	190	836.6	31.2	31.0			1.660	1.738	1
Nex-toMouth	Voice	10	Flat	190	836.6	33.2	33.2	0.144	0.144			
Nex-tolviouti1	GPRS 2 Slots	10	Flat	190	836.6	31.2	31.0	0.190	0.199			2

10.2. GSM1900

RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Extremity	Voice	0	Neck	661	1880.0	29.7	29.6			1.060	1.085	
Latiening	GPRS 2 Slots	0	Neck	661	1880.0	27.7	27.6			1.470	1.504	3
Next-to-Mouth	Voice	10	Flat	661	1880.0	29.7	29.6	0.256	0.262			
INGAL-IO-INIOUIII	GPRS 2 Slots	10	Flat	661	1880.0	27.7	27.6	0.309	0.316			4

10.3. W-CDMA Band II

RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
				9262	1852.4	22.4	22.3			2.810	2.875	5
Extremity	Rel 99 RMC	0	Neck	9400	1880.0	22.4	22.4			2.830	2.856	
				9538	1907.6	22.4	22.3			2.640	2.733	
Next-to-Mouth	Rel 99 RMC	10	Flat	9400	1880.0	22.4	22.4	0.510	0.510			6

10.4. W-CDMA Band V

RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Extremity	Rel 99 RMC	0	Neck	4183	836.6	23.2	23.0			1.220	1.277	7
Next-to-Mouth	Rel 99 RMC	10	Flat	4183	836.6	23.2	23.0	0.169	0.177			8

10.5. LTE Band 2 (20MHz Bandwidth)

RF Exposure		Dist.	Test		Frea.	RB	RB	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Allocation	offest	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Extremity	QPSK	0	Neck	18900	1880.0	1	49	21.7	21.7			1.910	1.910	9
Littlefflity	QFSK	U	Neck	10900	1000.0	50	24	20.7	20.6			1.550	1.586	
Next-to-Mouth	OBSK	10	Flat	18900	1880.0	1	49	21.7	21.7	0.344	0.344			10
Next-to-Wouth	QFSK	10	i iat	10900	1000.0	50	24	20.7	20.6	0.272	0.278			

10.6. LTE Band 5 (10MHz Bandwidth)

RF Exposure		Dist.	Test		Freg.	RB	RB	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Allocation	offest	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Extremity	QPSK	0	Neck	20525	836.5	1	25	23.7	23.6			1.660	1.699	11
Littlemity	QFSK	U	Neck	20323	030.3	25	25	22.7	22.6			1.240	1.269	
Next-to-Mouth	OBSK	10	Flat	20525	836.5	1	25	23.7	23.6	0.160	0.164			12
INGXI-IO-MOUIT	QF SK	10	i idl	20323	030.3	25	25	22.7	22.6	0.135	0.138			

10.7. Wi-Fi (DTS Band)

Frequency		RF Exposure	Dist.			Freq.	Area Scan	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)		Plot
Band	Mode	•	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Max. SAR (W/kg)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	Notes	No.
2.4GHz	802.11b	Extremity	0	Neck	6	2437.0	N/A	17.5	17.0			0.284	0.319	1	13
2.46П2	1 Mbps	Next-to-Mouth	10	Flat	6	2437.0	N/A	17.5	17.0	0.080	0.090			1	14

10.8. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0, for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f_(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f_(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
 - where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Extremity

Max. tune-up	tolerance limit	Min. test	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Configuration	Estimated 10-g SAR
(dBm)	(mW)	separation distance (mm)	(GHZ)	Result*	Corniguration	(W/kg)
11.0	13	5	2.480	4.1	Neck	0.218

Conclusion:

Next-to-Mouth

Max. tune-up	tolerance limit	Min. test separation	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Configuration	Estimated 1-g SAR
(dBm)	(mW)	distance (mm)	(GHZ)	Result*	Corniguration	(W/kg)
11.0	13	10	2.480	2.0	Flat	0.273

Conclusion:

Page 34 of 37

^{*:} The computed value is ≤ 7.5; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

^{*:} The computed value is ≤ 3; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <1.6 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Extremity

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
	GSM 850	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	1.66	N/A	N/A
850	WCDMA Band V	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	1.22	N/A	N/A
	LTE Band 5	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	1.66	N/A	N/A
	GSM 1900	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	1.47	N/A	N/A
1900	WCDMA Band II	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	Yes	2.83	2.81	1.01
	LTE Band 2	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	1.91	N/A	N/A
2400	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Extremity (Hand/Wrist/Ankle)	Neck	No	0.284	N/A	N/A

Note(s)

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 3 W/kg.

Next-to-Mouth

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
	GSM 850	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.190	N/A	N/A
850	WCDMA Band V	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.169	N/A	N/A
	LTE Band 5	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.160	N/A	N/A
	GSM 1900	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.309	N/A	N/A
1900	WCDMA Band II	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.510	N/A	N/A
	LTE Band 2	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.344	N/A	N/A
2400	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.080	N/A	N/A

Note(s):

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 W/kg.

12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Condition

Item		Capabl	e Transmit Configurations	
1	GSM(Voice)	+	DTS	
2	GSM(Voice)	+	ВТ	
3	GSM(GPRS/EDGE)	+	DTS	
4	GSM(GPRS/EDGE)	+	ВТ	
5	W-CDMA	+	DTS	
6	W-CDMA	+	ВТ	
7	LTE	+	DTS	
8	LTE	+	ВТ	
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 GSM(Voice) 2 GSM(Voice) 3 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) 4 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) 5 W-CDMA 6 W-CDMA 7 LTE	1 GSM(Voice) + 2 GSM(Voice) + 3 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) + 4 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) + 5 W-CDMA + 6 W-CDMA + 7 LTE +	1 GSM(Voice) + DTS 2 GSM(Voice) + BT 3 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) + DTS 4 GSM(GPRS/EDGE) + BT 5 W-CDMA + DTS 6 W-CDMA + BT 7 LTE + DTS

Notes:

- 1. VolP is supported in GPRS/EDGE, W-CDMA, and LTE.
- 2. DTS Radio cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.

12.1. Sum of the SAR for WWAN & Wi-Fi & BT (Extremity)

RF Exposure conditions	① WWAN	② DTS	③ BT	① +② WWAN +DTS		1 + 3 WWAN + B T	
				∑ 10-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/No)	∑ 10-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/ No)
Extremity	2.875	0.319	0.218	3.194	No	3.093	No

12.2. Sum of the SAR for WWAN & Wi-Fi & BT (Next-to-Mouth)

RF Exposure conditions	① WWAN	② DTS	③ BT	① +② WWAN +DTS		1 + 3 WWAN +BT	
				∑1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/No)	∑1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/ No)
Next-to- Mouth	0.510	0.090	0.273	0.600	No	0.783	No

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6/4.0 W/kg, 1-g and 10-g respectively, or the SPLSR is ≤ 0.04 for 1-g and ≤ 0.10 for 10-g for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

15I21604-S1V2 SAR_App A Photos (STC_180days)

15I21604-S1V1 SAR_App B System Check Plots

15I21604-S1V1 SAR_App C Highest Test Plots

15I21604-S1V1 SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients

15I21604-S1V1 SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certs

15I21604-S1V1 SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certs

END OF REPORT