

## SAR EVALUATION REPORT CLASS II PERMISSIVE CHANGE

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013

For WALKIE-TALKIE ACCESSORY

FCC ID: ZNFVC110 Model Name: GVC200WTH Model Number(s): LG-VC110, LGVC110, VC110, LG-VC110B, LGVC110B, VC110B

> Report Number: 16l22628-S1V4 Issue Date: 2/15/2016

Prepared for LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC. 1000 SYLVAN AVENUE ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY 07632

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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

## **Revision History**

	•		
Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	1/26/2016	Initial Issue	
V2	2/2/2016	Section 10: Updated Body-worn Test Distance	Devin Chang
V3	2/10/2016	Section 7: Removed statement	Coltyce Sanders
V4	2/15/2016	Updated Model Name Appendix A: Updated Antenna Distance and Location Diagram	Coltyce Sanders

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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name		LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.				
FCC ID		ZNFVC110				
Model Name		GVC200WTH				
Model Number(	s)	LG-VC110, LGVC11	0, VC110, LG-VC1	10B, LGVC110B, VC	110B	
Applicable Standards		FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013				
		SAR Li	mits (W/Kg)			
Exposure	e Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)				
General population / Uncontrolled exposure		1.6				
		The Highest R	eported SAR (W/kg	g)		
RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class				
		Licensed	DTS	U-NII	DSS (BT)	
Body-worn		0.658	N1/A		N/A	
Next To Mouth		0.534	N/A	N1/A	IN/A	
Simultaneous	Body-worn	0.994	0.867	– N/A	0.994	
Tx	Next To Mouth	0.701	0.639		0.701	
Date Tested		1/10/2016 to 1/12/2016				
Test Results		Pass				

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note:** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:
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Devin Chang	AJ Newcomer
Senior Engineer	Laboratory Technician
UL Verification Services Inc.	UL Verification Services Inc.

# 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- $\circ$   $\,$  865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  $\,$
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
- o 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

# 3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

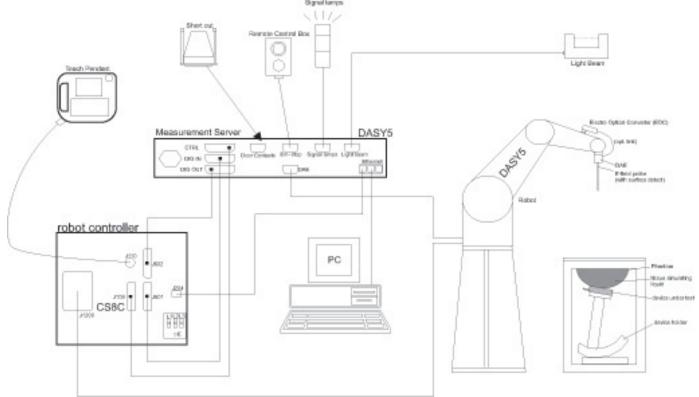
UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by <u>NVLAP</u>, Laboratory Code 200065-0.

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# 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

## 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

#### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^\circ\pm1^\circ$	
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

#### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq$ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1): \mbox{ between } \\ 1^{st} \mbox{ two points closest } \\ to \mbox{ phantom surface } \end{array} \\ \\ \begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(n > 1): \\ \mbox{ between subsequent } \\ points \end{array} \end{array}$	1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest	$\leq$ 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\le 3$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\le 2.5$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\le 2$ mm
		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		$\geq$ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

#### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

#### Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

# 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40001647	7/28/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1103	2/17/2016
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	2/17/2016
Thermometer	Control Company	Traceable	140493798	8/4/2016

#### System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01155	3/18/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U16345	6/15/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U12345	7/31/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	1926A27048	8/3/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A76223	9/3/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A
DC Power Supply	BK PRECISION	1611	215-02292	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7356	4/22/2016
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab 3)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3749	1/26/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	DAE3	500	5/22/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab 3)	SPEAG	DAE4	1434	4/16/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d142	9/23/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d163	9/21/2016
Thermometer (SAR Lab 1)	EXTECH	445703	CCS-205	3/20/2016
Thermometer (SAR Lab 3)	EXTECH	445703	CCS-237	6/5/2016

#### **Other**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Base Station Simulator	R & S	CMU200	838114	8/14/2016

# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

# 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

# 6.1. DUT Description

	Overall (Length x Width): 124 mm x 47mm						
Device Dimension	Overall Diagonal: 126mm						
	Display Diagonal: 45 mm						
Back Cover	The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.						
Battery Options	The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.						
Wireless Router (Hotspot)	NOT SUPPORTED						
Wi-Fi Direct	NOT SUPPORTED						
Test sample information	N/A						

# 6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
CDMA (CDMA2000)	BC0 BC1	1xRTT (Voice & Data)	100%
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g	100%
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 4.0 LE	77.5% (DH5)

## 6.3. Nominal and Maximum Output Power

Upper limit (dB):	-1.5 ~ 0.5	Max. RF Outpu	t Pow er (dBm)			
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit			
CDMA BC0	1xRTT	23.7	24.2			
CDMA BC1	1xRTT	21.2	21.7			
Upper limit (dB):	1.0	Max. RF Output Pow er (dBm)				
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit			
WiFi 2.4 GHz	802.11b	6.0	7.0			
	802.11g	5.0	6.0			
Blue	etooth	8.0	9.0			
Blueto	ooth LE	7.0	8.0			

# 7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Refer to "SAR Photos and Ant locations" Appendix for the specific details of the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge(s) distances.

Wireless	RF Exposure	DUT-to-User	Test	Antenna-to-	SAR
technologies	Conditions	Separation	Position	edge/surface	Required
WLAN	Body-worn	0	Flat	N/A	Yes
	Next to Mouth	10	Flat	N/A	Yes

# 8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

## 8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 - 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	ł	lead	Body		
raiget requency (initz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07	
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18	
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30	
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42	
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53	
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65	
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77	
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

### IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

### **Dielectric Property Measurements Results:**

#### SAR Lab 1

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Head 835	e'	41.9500	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	41.95	41.50	1.08	5
	Tieau 000	e"	19.8900	Conductivity (σ):	0.92	0.90	2.61	5
1/11/2016	Head 820	e'	42.1300	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	42.13	41.60	1.27	5
	Head 020	e"	19.8500	Conductivity (o):	0.91	0.90	0.73	5
	Head 850	e'	41.7800	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	41.78	41.50	0.67	5
		e"	19.8600	Conductivity (σ):	0.94	0.92	2.58	5
	Body 835	e'	54.0200	Relative Permittivity (c <sub>r</sub> ):	54.02	55.20	-2.14	5
	Body 000	e"	21.8800	Conductivity (o):	1.02	0.97	4.73	5
1/11/2016	Body 820	e'	54.2100	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	54.21	55.28	-1.93	5
1/11/2010	B00y 020	e"	21.9200	Conductivity (σ):	1.00	0.97	3.20	5
	Body 850	e'	53.9100	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	53.91	55.16	-2.26	5
	Body 000	e"	21.8300	Conductivity (o):	1.03	0.99	4.52	5

### SAR Lab 3

Date	Freq. (MHz)		Liq	uid Parameters	Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)
	Head 1900	e'	39.0200	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	39.02	40.00	-2.45	5
	Head 1900	e"	13.3900	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.41	1.40	1.04	5
1/10/2016	Head 1850	e'	39.3100	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	39.31	40.00	-1.72	5
1/10/2010	Head 1050	e"	13.2500	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.36	1.40	-2.64	5
	Head 1910	e'	38.9900	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	38.99	40.00	-2.53	5
		e"	13.4700	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.43	1.40	2.18	5
	Body 1900	e'	51.9600	Relative Permittivity (c <sub>r</sub> ):	51.96	53.30	-2.51	5
	Dody 1900	e"	14.6500	Conductivity (o):	1.55	1.52	1.82	5
1/10/2016	Body 1850	e'	52.1600	Relative Permittivity ( $\varepsilon_r$ ):	52.16	53.30	-2.14	5
1/10/2010	body 1000	e"	14.4100	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.48	1.52	-2.48	5
	Body 1910	e'	51.9200	Relative Permittivity (c <sub>r</sub> ):	51.92	53.30	-2.59	5
	Dody 1910	e"	14.6600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.56	1.52	2.43	5

## 8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

#### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
   For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 for 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
- For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

					Measured Results for 1g SAR				Measured Results for 10g SAR				
SAR Room	Date	Tissue Type	Dipole Type _Serial #	Dipole Cal. Due Data	Zoom Scan to 100 mW		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Zoom Scan to 100 mW		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
1	1/11/2016	Head	D835V2 SN:4d142	9/23/2016	0.90	8.98	9.27	-3.13	0.59	5.86	6.01	-2.50	1,2
1	1/11/2016	Body	D835V2 SN:4d142	9/23/2016	0.92	9.18	9.41	-2.44	0.60	6.03	6.18	-2.43	
3	1/10/2016	Head	D1900V2 SN:5d163	9/21/2016	4.11	41.10	40.10	2.49	2.12	21.20	21.00	0.95	
3	1/10/2016	Body	D1900V2 SN:5d163	9/21/2016	3.89	38.90	39.90	-2.51	2.05	20.50	21.00	-2.38	3,4

# 9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

## 9.1. CDMA

### **CDMA BC0 Measured Results**

Band		Mode	Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Pwr (dBm)
			1013	824.70	24.2
		RC1 SO55 (Loopback)	384	836.52	24.2
	(LOOPDack)	777	848.31	24.2	
		RC3 SO55	1013	824.70	23.9
BC 0	1xRTT		384	836.52	24.0
		(Loopback)	777	848.31	24.2
		<b>D</b> 00 0000	1013	824.70	24.1
		RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH)	384	836.52	24.0
			777	848.31	23.8

### CDMA BC1 Measured Results

Band		Mode	Ch No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Pwr (dBm)
			25	1851.25	21.2
	(Loopback)	RC1 SO55	600	1880.00	21.2
		(LOOPDack)	1175	1908.75	21.2
		RC3 SO55 (Loopback)	25	1851.25	21.2
BC 1	1xRTT		600	1880.00	21.2
		(LOOPDack)	1175	1908.75	21.2
		<b>DO2 0000</b>	25	1851.25	21.1
		RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH)	600	1880.00	21.2
			1175	1908.75	21.2

## 9.2. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is 7.00 dBm. This power level qualifies for exclusion of SAR testing. Please refer to Section 10.3 for further details.

## 9.3. Bluetooth

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is 9.00 dBm. This power level qualifies for exclusion of SAR testing. Please refer to Section 10.3 for further details.

# 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

#### SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

#### KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

#### KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

## 10.1. CDMA BC0

RF Exposure		Dist	Dist.		Freg.	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Body-worn	1xRTT (RC3 SO32)	0	Flat	384	836.5	24.2	24.0	0.628	0.658	1
Next - to - Mouth	1xRTT (RC3 SO55)	10	Flat	384	836.5	24.2	24.2	0.534	0.534	2

## 10.2. CDMA BC1

RF Exposure		Dist.			Freq.	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
Conditions	Mode	(mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	No.
Body-worn	1xRTT (RC3 SO32)	0	Flat	600	1880.0	21.7	21.2	0.524	0.588	3
Next - to - Mouth	1xRTT (RC3 SO55)	10	Flat	600	1880.0	21.7	21.2	0.292	0.328	4

## 10.3. Wi-Fi (DTS Band) and Bluetooth

### Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f}(GHz)$ ]  $\leq$  3.0, for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f<sub>(GHz)</sub> is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f<sub>(GHz)</sub>/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
  - where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

#### **Body-worn:**

#### WLAN

Max. tune-up	Max. tune-up tolerance limit		Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Position	Estimated 1-g SAR	
(dBm)	(mW)	separation distance (mm)	× ,	Result*	TOSIGOT	(W/kg)	
7.0	5	5	2.462	1.6	Flat	0.209	

#### **Conclusion:**

\*: The computed value is < 3; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

#### Bluetooth

Max. tune-up	tolerance limit	Min. test separation	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Position	Estimated 1-g SAR	
(dBm)	(mW)	distance (mm)	· · · ·	Result*		(W/kg)	
9.0	8	5	2.480	2.5	Flat	0.336	

#### **Conclusion:**

\*: The computed value is < 3; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

## Next to Mouth:

### WLAN

Max. tune-up	x. tune-up tolerance limit		Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Position	Estimated 1-g SAR	
(dBm)	(mW)	separation distance (mm)	- ( )	Result*	rookon	(W/kg)	
7.0	5	10	2.462	0.8	Flat	0.105	

### **Conclusion:**

\*: The computed value is  $\leq$  3; therefore, Wi-Fi 2.4GHz qualifies for Next to Mouth SAR test exclusion.

### Bluetooth

Max. tune-up	tolerance limit	Min. test separation	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion	Test Position	Estimated 1-g SAR	
(dBm)	(mW)	distance (mm)	```	Result*		(W/kg)	
9.0	8	10	2.462	1.3	Flat	0.167	

#### **Conclusion:**

\*: The computed value is  $\leq$  3; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Next to Mouth SAR test exclusion.

# 11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)
850	CDMA BC0	Body-worn	Flat	No	0.628
1900	CDMA BC1	Next to Mouth	Flat	No	0.524
Noto(c):					

#### Note(s):

Repeated Measurement is not required since the SAR for the original measurement is not > 0.8 W/kg.

# 12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

## **Simultaneous Transmission Condition**

RF Exposure Condition	ltem	Capable Tra	ansmit Con	figurations			
Next to Mouth	1	CDMA	+	DTS			
Rody, worp	2	CDMA	+	DTS			
Body-w orn	3	CDMA	+	BT			
Notes:	Notes:						
1. CDMA (BC0/BC1) on	1. CDMA (BC0/BC1) only.						
2. Wi-Fi Hotspot and Wi-Fi Direct is not supported.							
3. VolP is not supported.							
4. Bluetooth and Wi-Fi d	can not	transmit simultabeo	usly				

# 12.1. Sum of the SAR for WWAN & Wi-Fi & BT

RF Exposure conditions		① WWAN	② DTS	0	① + ② WWAN + DTS		① + ③ WWAN + BT	
				③ BT	∑1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/No)	∑1-g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/ No)
Body-w orn	Flat	0.658	0.209	0.336	0.867	No	0.994	No
Next To Mouth	Flat	0.534	0.105	0.167	0.639	No	0.701	No

### **Conclusion:**

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6.

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## **Appendixes**

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

16I22628-S1V2 SAR\_App A Photos & Ant. Locations

16I22628-S1V1 SAR\_App B System Check Plots

16I22628-S1V1 SAR\_App C Highest Test Plots

16I22628-S1V1 SAR\_App D Tissue Ingredients

16I22628-S1V1 SAR\_App E Probe Cal. Certs

16I22628-S1V1 SAR\_App F Dipole Cal. Certs

**END OF REPORT**