

# FCC/IC UNII REPORT

## FCC/IC Class II Permissive Change

**Applicant Name:**  
LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

**Address:**  
1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ  
07632

**Date of Issue:**  
April 25, 2016  
**Test Site/Location:**  
HCT CO., LTD., 74,Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,Majang-myeo,Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA  
**Report No.:** HCT-R-1604-F046-1  
**HCT FRN:** 0005866421  
**IC Recognition No.:** 5944A-5

<b>FCC ID</b>	<b>: ZNFV400</b>
<b>IC</b>	<b>: 2703C-V400</b>
<b>APPLICANT</b>	<b>: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.</b>

**Model(s):** LG-V400  
**EUT Type:** 2.4/5GHz BT/WiFi Tablet  
**Modulation type:** OFDM  
**FCC Classification:** Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(UNII)  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part 15.407  
**IC Rule Part(s):** RSS-247 Issue 1 (May 2015), RSS-GEN Issue 4(November 2014)

Band	Mode	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (W)
UNII3	802.11a	20	5745 – 5825	8.15	0.0065
	802.11n	20	5745 – 5825	7.37	0.0055
	802.11n	40	5755 – 5795	7.21	0.0053

**Engineering Statement:**

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)



**Report prepared by**  
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**Test Engineer of RF Team**



**Approved by**  
: **Jong Seok Lee**  
**Manager of RF Team**

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## Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1604-F046	April 08, 2016	- First Approval Report
HCT-R-1604-F046-1	April 25, 2016	- Revised the antenna specification on page 4.

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

**Applicant:** LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.  
**Address:** 1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632  
**FCC ID:** ZNFV400  
**IC:** 2703C-V400  
**EUT Type:** **2.4/5GHz BT/WiFi Tablet**  
**Model (s):** LG-V400  
**Date(s) of Tests:** March 16, 2016 ~ March 30, 2016  
**Place of Tests:** HCT Co., Ltd.  
 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Model</b>	LG-V400	
<b>EUT Type</b>	2.4/5GHz BT/WiFi Tablet	
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 3.8 V	
<b>Battery Information</b>	Model: BL-T14 Type: Li-ion Battery	
<b>Frequency Range</b>	TX_20 MHz BW:	5745 MHz - 5825 MHz (UNII 3)
	40 MHz BW:	5755 MHz - 5795 MHz (UNII 3)
	RX_20 MHz BW:	5745 MHz - 5825 MHz (UNII 3)
	40 MHz BW:	5755 MHz - 5795 MHz (UNII 3)
<b>Modulation Type</b>	OFDM(802.11a, 802.11n)	
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	Manufacturer: Ace Technology Z Antenna type: Planar Inverted F ANTENNA Peak Gain : 0.29 dBi	

### **3. TEST METHODOLOGY**

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r01 dated January 08, 2016 entitled “ Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E” and the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) were used in the measurement. For 802.11ac, KDB644545 D03 v01 dated August 14, 2014

#### **3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION**

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### **3.2 EUT EXERCISE**

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

#### **3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES**

##### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

##### **Conducted Antenna Terminal**

See Section from 8.1 to 8.4.(KDB 789033)

#### **3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES**

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

## 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version: 2006).

## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661)

### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203, §15.407, RSS-GEN 7.1.2

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\* The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407, RSS-GEN 7.1.2

## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4:2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	6.07

## 8. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

### 8.1 FCC Part

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power,	§15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW (5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§15.407(a)(1), (5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§15.407(g)	N/A		N/A
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	§15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		N/A
Undesirable Emissions	§15.407(b)(1), (2), (3)	<-27 dBm/ MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) <-17 dBm/MHz EIRP within 5715-5725 MHz and 5850-5860 MHz, <-27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside 5715-5850 MHz(UNII3)	RADIATED	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	§15.205, 5.407(b)(1), (5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS



**8.2 IC Part**

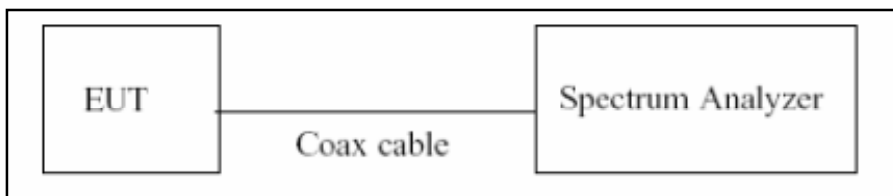
Test Description	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
99% Bandwidth(IC)	RSS-GEN, 6.6	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1)	> 500 kHz (5725~5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power,	RSS-247, 6.2	< 250 mW or 11+10 log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5470-5600, 5650-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1)	<1 W (5725-5850 MHz)		
Maximum e.i.r.p	RSS-247, 6.2	< 200 mW or 10+10 log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5150-5250 MHz) < 1 W or 17+10 log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 1 W or 17+10 log <sub>10</sub> (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		
Power Spectral Density	RSS-247 6.2	<10 dBm/ MHz(e.i.r.p.) (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/MHz(Conducted) (5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5600 MHz, 5650-5725 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1)	<30 dBm/500 kHz(Conducted) (5725-5850 MHz)		
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	RSS-GEN, 8.8	RSS-GEN section 8.8 table 3		NA
Undesirable Emissions	RSS-247, 6.2.1.2)	OBW does not fall within 5250~5350 MHz (5150~5350 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2	<-27 dBm/ MHz EIRP (5150-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz)		
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.2)	<-17 dBm/MHz EIRP within 5715-5725 MHz and 5850-5860 MHz, <-27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside 5715-5860 MHz (5725~5850 MHz)		
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	RSS-GEN, 8.9	RSS-GEN section 8.9 table 4, 5 section 8.10 table 6	RADIATED	PASS
	RSS-GEN, 8.10			
Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-GEN, 5 RSS-GEN, 7.1.2	RSS-GEN section 7.1.2 table 2	PASS	

## 9. TEST RESULT

### 9.1 DUTY CYCLE

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver ,if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq EBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ , where  $T$  is defined in section B)1)a), and the number of sweep points across duration  $T$  exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We tested according to the zero-span measurement method, (B.2 in KDB 789033 D02, issued 01/08/2016)

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz. The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 6.25$  microseconds. ( $50/6.25 = 8$ )

The zero-span method was used because all measured  $T$  data are  $> 6.25$  microseconds and both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$ .

1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ( $\geq$  RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep  $> 100$
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on} / T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

■ **Duty Cycle Factor**

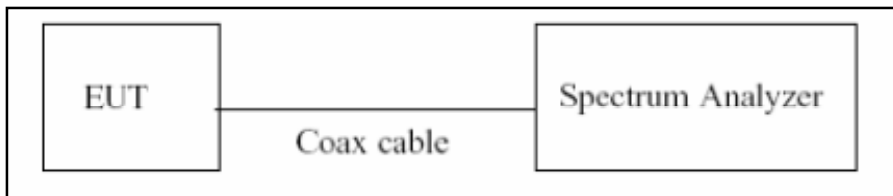
Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>total</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)
802.11a	6	2.026	2.124	0.95386064	0.205
	9	1.356	1.454	0.93259972	0.303
	12	1.025	1.122	0.91354724	0.393
	18	0.693	0.791	0.87610619	0.574
	24	0.524	0.622	0.84244373	0.745
	36	0.356	0.454	0.78414097	1.056
	48	0.272	0.370	0.73513514	1.336
	54	0.244	0.342	0.71345029	1.466
802.11n_20 MHz BW	MCS 0	1.883	1.981	0.95053004	0.220
	MCS 1	0.949	1.047	0.90639924	0.427
	MCS 2	0.640	0.738	0.86720867	0.619
	MCS 3	0.489	0.585	0.83589744	0.778
	MCS 4	0.336	0.435	0.77241379	1.121
	MCS 5	0.255	0.354	0.72033898	1.425
	MCS 6	0.231	0.330	0.70000000	1.549
	MCS 7	0.213	0.309	0.68932039	1.616
802.11n_40 MHz BW	MCS 0	0.921	1.020	0.90294118	0.443
	MCS 1	0.474	0.573	0.82722513	0.824
	MCS 2	0.324	0.423	0.76595745	1.158
	MCS 3	0.246	0.345	0.71304348	1.469
	MCS 4	0.176	0.274	0.64233577	1.922
	MCS 5	0.136	0.234	0.58119658	2.357
	MCS 6	0.124	0.223	0.55605381	2.549
	MCS 7	0.116	0.214	0.54205607	2.660

## 9.2 EMISSION BANDWIDTH AND MINIMUM EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

The bandwidth at 26 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating at its maximum power control level, as defined in KDB 789033 D02(issued 01/08/2016), at the appropriate frequencies. The spectrum analyzer's bandwidth measurement function is configured to measure the 26 dB bandwidth.

The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



### ■ TEST PROCEDURE (26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to ( C.1 in KDB 789033 D02, issued 01/08/2016)

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Note : We tested 26 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 26 dB.

**■ TEST PROCEDURE (for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, 6 dB Bandwidth)**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to( C.2 in KDB 789033 D02, issued 01/08/2016)

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. VBW  $\geq$  3\*RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note : We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.

■ TEST RESULTS for 802.11a/n\_20 MHz BW\_40 MHz BW

Conducted 26 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11a

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	21.96	N/A	Pass
5785	157	21.82	N/A	Pass
5825	165	22.03	N/A	Pass

Conducted 26 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_20MHz BW

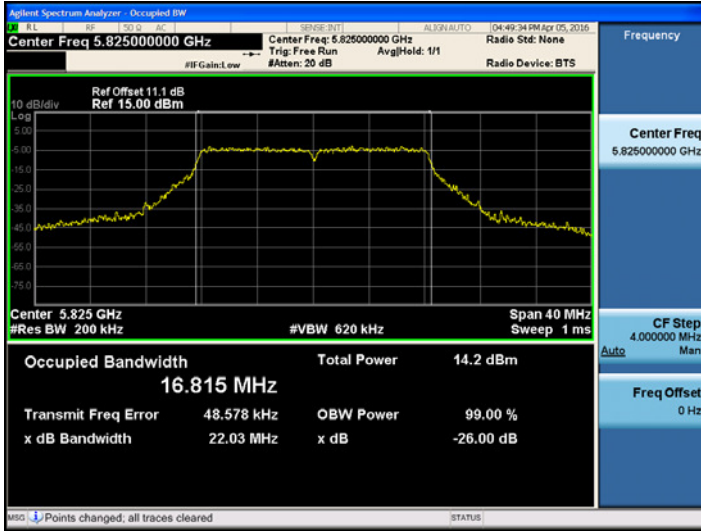
802.11n Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	22.01	N/A	Pass
5785	157	21.97	N/A	Pass
5825	165	21.80	N/A	Pass

Conducted 26 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_40MHz BW

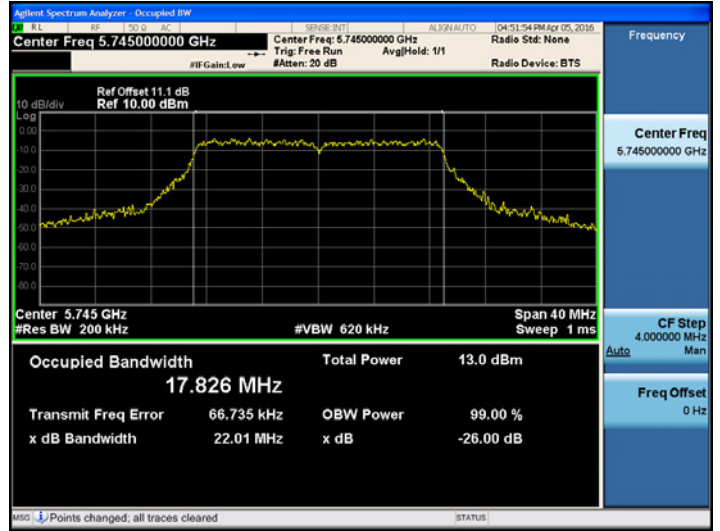
802.11n Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	43.68	N/A	Pass
5795	159	42.24	N/A	Pass

□ TEST Plot for 802.11a/n\_20 MHz BW\_40 MHz BW

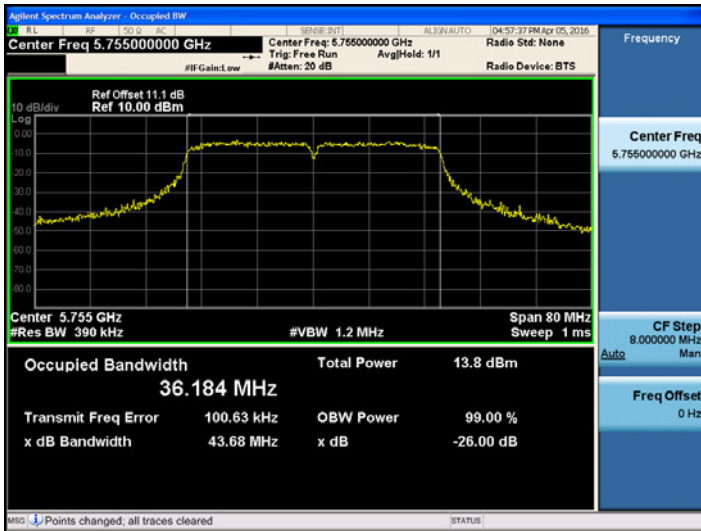
802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 165)



802.11n\_20MHz UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 149)



802.11n\_40MHz UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)



Note : In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

**Conducted 6 dB Bandwidth**

**TEST RESULTS for 802.11a/n\_20MHz BW**

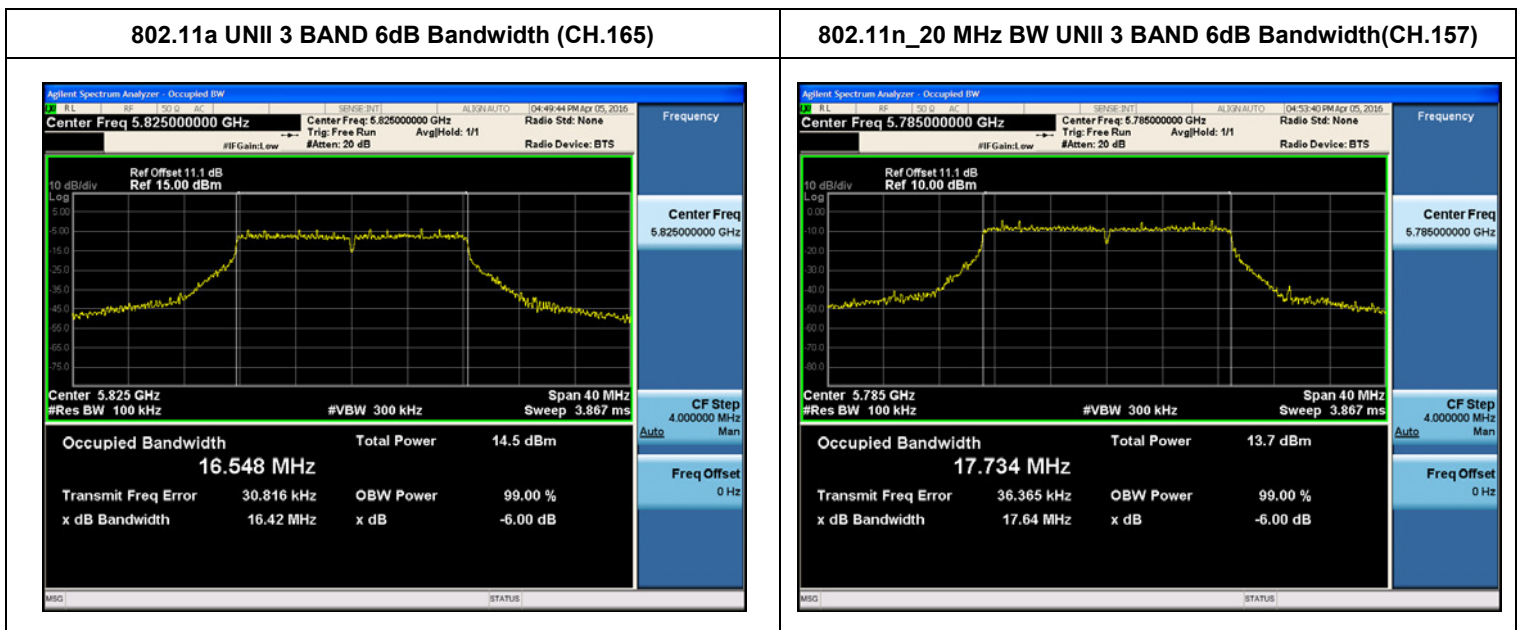
**Conducted 6 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11a**

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	16.41	0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.40	0.5	Pass
5825	165	16.42	0.5	Pass

**Conducted 6 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_20MHz BW**

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	17.63	0.5	Pass
5785	157	17.64	0.5	Pass
5825	165	17.64	0.5	Pass

**TEST Plot for 802.11a/n\_20MHz BW**



**Note : In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.**

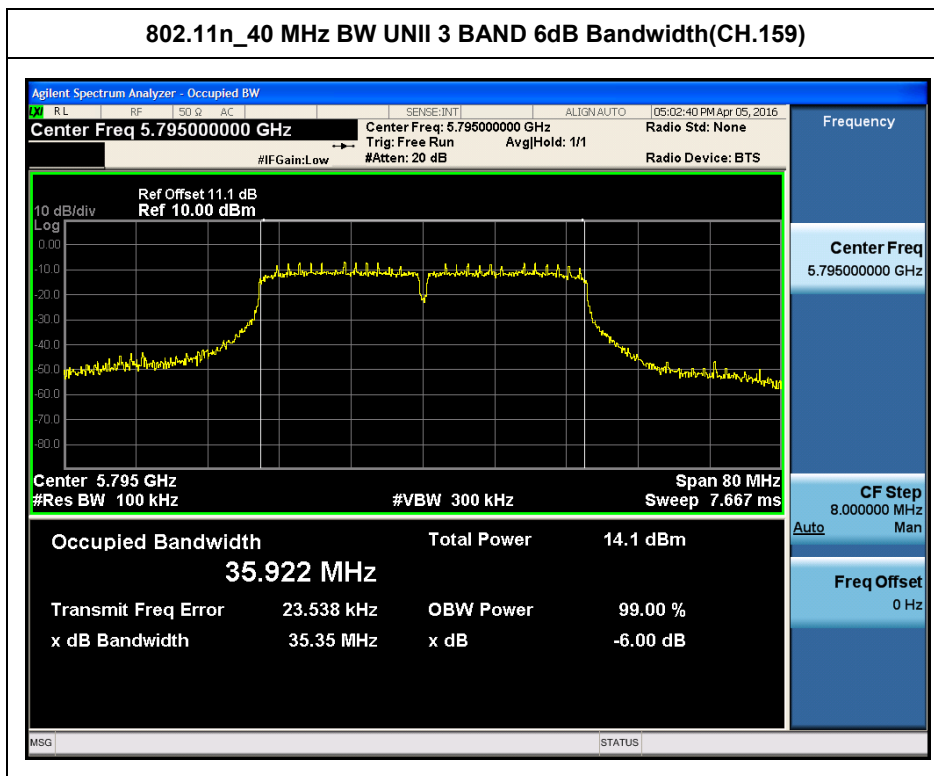


■ TEST RESULTS for 802.11n\_40MHz BW

Conducted 6 dB Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_40MHz BW

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	34.81	0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.35	0.5	Pass

■ TEST Plot for 802.11n\_40MHz BW



Note : In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

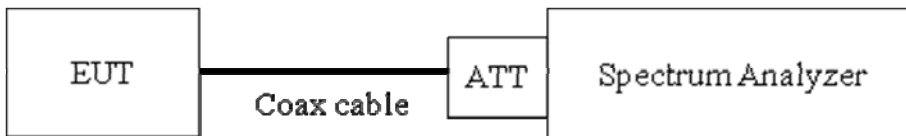
### 9.3 99% BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

#### limit

None; for IC reporting purposes only

The 99 % bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits(for IC).

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to as close to 1% of the selected span. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RBW = 1% of the total span

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

**TEST RESULTS for 802.11a/n\_20MHz BW**

Conducted 99% Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11a

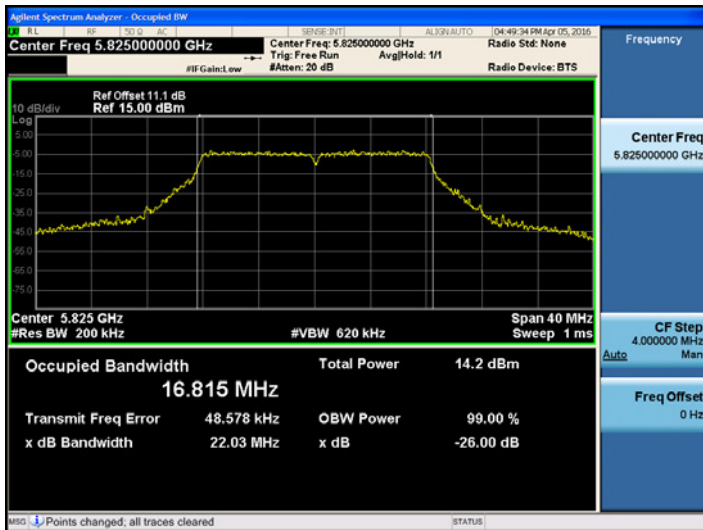
802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	16.733
5785	157	16.755
5825	165	16.815

Conducted 99% Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_20MHz

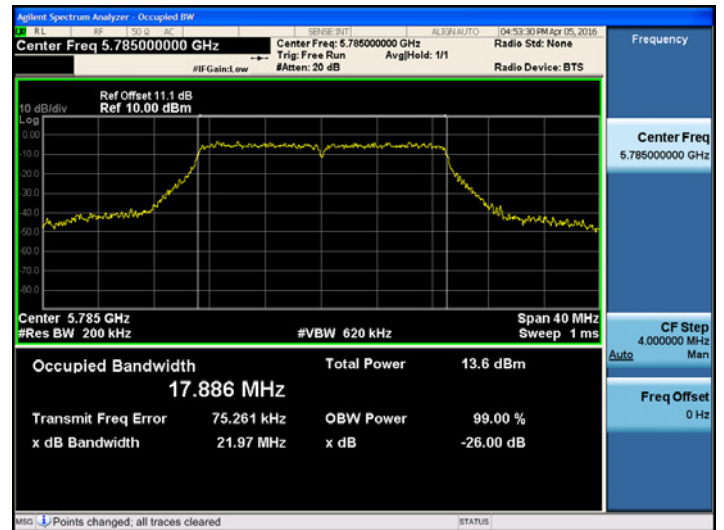
802.11n Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	17.826
5785	157	17.886
5825	165	17.862

**TEST Plot for 802.11a/n\_20MHz BW**

802.11a UNII 3 BAND 99% Bandwidth



802.11n\_20MHz UNII 3 BAND 99% Bandwidth

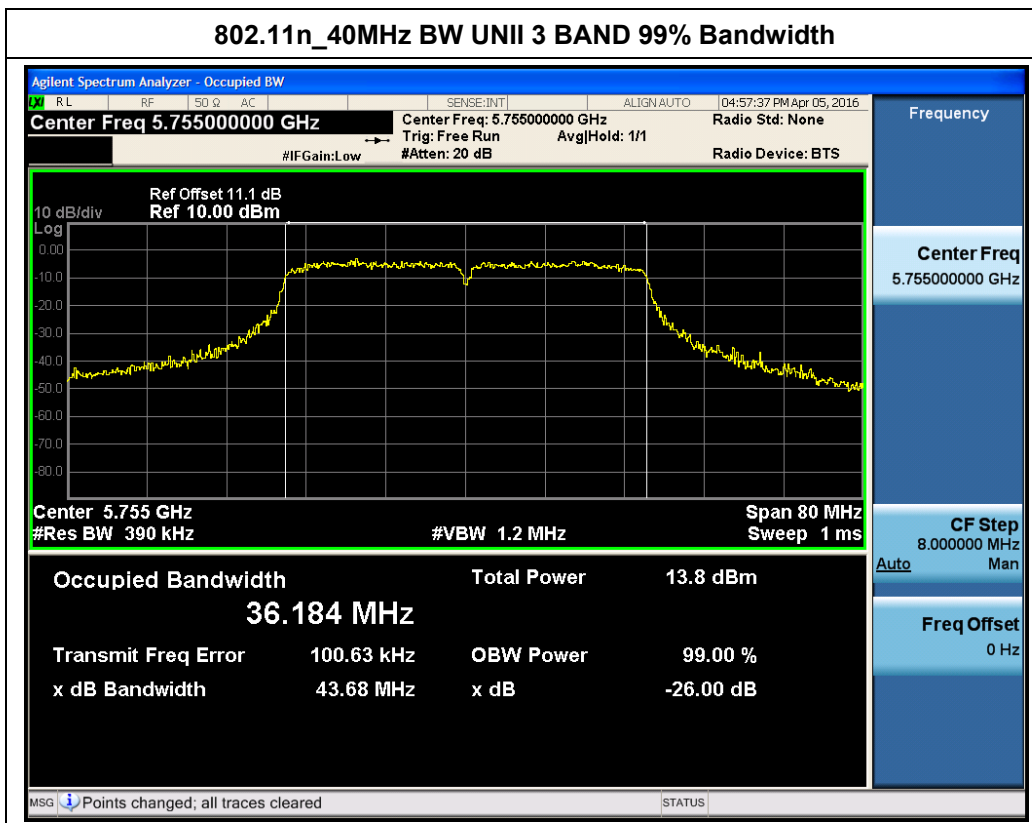


■ TEST RESULTS for 802.11n\_40MHz BW

Conducted 99% Bandwidth Measurements for 802.11n\_40 MHz BW

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5755	151	36.184
5795	159	36.156

■ TEST Plot for 802.11n\_40MHz BW



**9.3 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT**

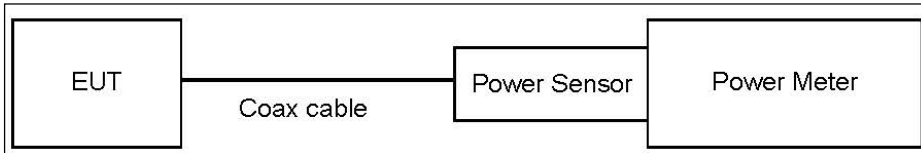
**Test Requirements and limit, §15.407(a)(1) / RSS-247, 6.2**

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Power meter or Spectrum Analyzer .Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

■ **Limit**

Band	Mode	Limit (dBm)
UNII 3	802.11a,n,ac	30.00

■ **TEST CONFIGURATION(20 MHz BW)**



■ **TEST PROCEDURE(20 MHz BW)**

- Average Power (Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033, issued 01/08/2016).
  1. Measure the duty cycle.
  2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
  3. Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

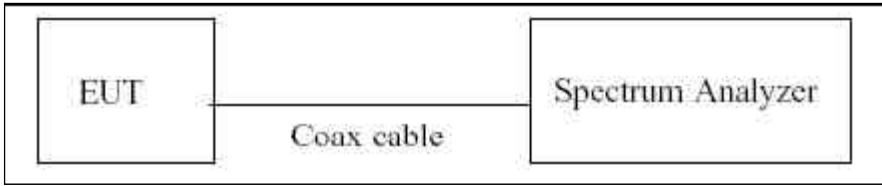
Note :

- 1. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1, 2A, 2C, 3	11.1

(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

■ **TEST CONFIGURATION(40 MHz BW)**



■ **TEST PROCEDURE(40 MHz BW)**

▪ Average Power

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function. We tested according to Method SA-2 in KDB 789033(issued 01/08/2016).

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2\*span/RBW.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

■ **Sample Calculation (Conducted)**

Output Power = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor

■ **Sample Calculation (EIRP)**

Output Power = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor + Ant gain

Note: 1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1, 2A, 2C, 3	11.1

(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

**802.11a \_20MHz BW (UNII 3)**

**■ TEST RESULTS**

**Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11a\_20M BW Mode: 5745~5825)**

802.11a (20MHz) Mode		Rate (Mbps)	Measured Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5745	149	6	7.87	0.21	8.08	30
		9	7.53	0.30	7.83	30
		12	7.43	0.39	7.82	30
		18	7.16	0.57	7.73	30
		24	6.91	0.74	7.65	30
		36	6.59	1.06	7.65	30
		48	6.35	1.34	7.69	30
		54	6.05	1.47	7.52	30
5785	157	6	7.90	0.21	8.11	30
		9	7.79	0.30	8.09	30
		12	7.70	0.39	8.09	30
		18	7.56	0.57	8.13	30
		24	7.41	0.74	8.15	30
		36	6.92	1.06	7.98	30
		48	6.68	1.34	8.02	30
		54	6.56	1.47	8.03	30
5825	165	6	7.62	0.21	7.83	30
		9	7.53	0.30	7.83	30
		12	7.28	0.39	7.67	30
		18	7.16	0.57	7.73	30
		24	6.95	0.74	7.69	30
		36	6.69	1.06	7.75	30
		48	6.20	1.34	7.54	30
		54	6.05	1.47	7.52	30

802.11n\_20MHz BW (UNII 3)

■ TEST RESULTS

Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11n\_20M BW Mode: 5745~5825)

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		MCS Index	Measured Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5745	149	0	6.50	0.22	6.72	30
		1	6.09	0.43	6.52	30
		2	5.97	0.62	6.59	30
		3	5.71	0.78	6.49	30
		4	5.28	1.12	6.40	30
		5	5.04	1.42	6.46	30
		6	4.82	1.55	6.37	30
		7	4.64	1.62	6.26	30
5785	157	0	7.15	0.22	7.37	30
		1	6.82	0.43	7.25	30
		2	6.55	0.62	7.17	30
		3	6.31	0.78	7.09	30
		4	6.00	1.12	7.12	30
		5	5.56	1.42	6.98	30
		6	5.44	1.55	6.99	30
		7	5.32	1.62	6.94	30
5825	165	0	6.58	0.22	6.80	30
		1	6.18	0.43	6.61	30
		2	6.07	0.62	6.69	30
		3	5.87	0.78	6.65	30
		4	5.60	1.12	6.72	30
		5	5.12	1.42	6.54	30
		6	5.00	1.55	6.55	30
		7	4.90	1.62	6.52	30



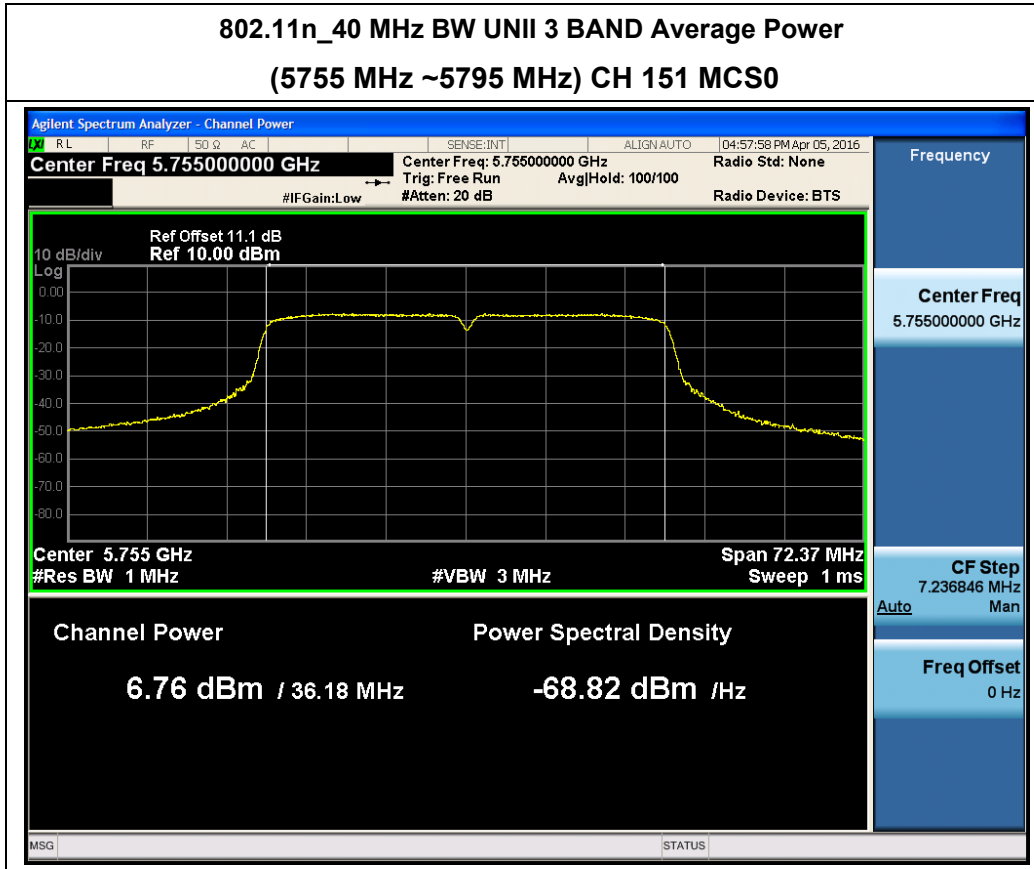
**802.11n\_40MHz BW (UNII 3)**

**■ TEST RESULTS**

**Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11n\_40M BW Mode: 5755~5795)**

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		MCS Index	Measured Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5755	151	0	6.76	0.44	7.21	30
		1	6.25	0.82	7.08	30
		2	5.97	1.16	7.13	30
		3	5.67	1.47	7.14	30
		4	5.03	1.92	6.96	30
		5	4.46	2.36	6.82	30
		6	4.31	2.55	6.86	30
		7	4.19	2.66	6.85	30
5795	159	0	6.50	0.44	6.95	30
		1	6.12	0.82	6.95	30
		2	5.56	1.16	6.72	30
		3	5.30	1.47	6.77	30
		4	4.67	1.92	6.59	30
		5	4.11	2.36	6.46	30
		6	3.91	2.55	6.46	30
		7	3.82	2.66	6.48	30

■ TEST Plot for 802.11n\_40MHz BW



## 9.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. The maximum permissible peak power spectral density is 30 dBm/500 kHz for UNII 3.

### ■ Limit(CDD)

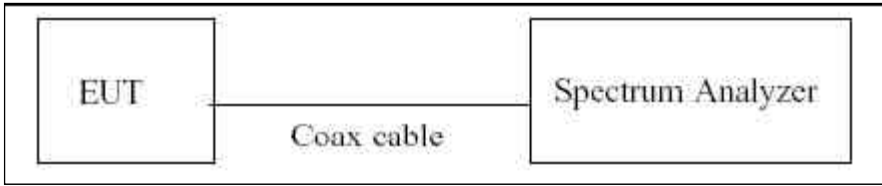
#### Power Spectral Density

Band	Mode	Limit
UNII 3	802.11a,n,ac	30 dBm/500 kHz

Note :

1. The limits of conducted power spectral density were applied the antenna gain. Therefore, if conducted power is pass, e.i.r.p. is also pass. So, we attached only conducted power spectral density table.

■ **TEST CONFIGURATION**



■ **TEST PROCEDURE**

We tested according to Method in KDB 789033(issued 01/08/2016).

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW ≥ 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2\*span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

■ **Sample Calculation**

PSD = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor

Output Power = 5 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB + 0.21 dB = 16.01 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 5.2 GHz, 5.3 GHz and 5.6 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1, 2A , 2C, 3	11.1

(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

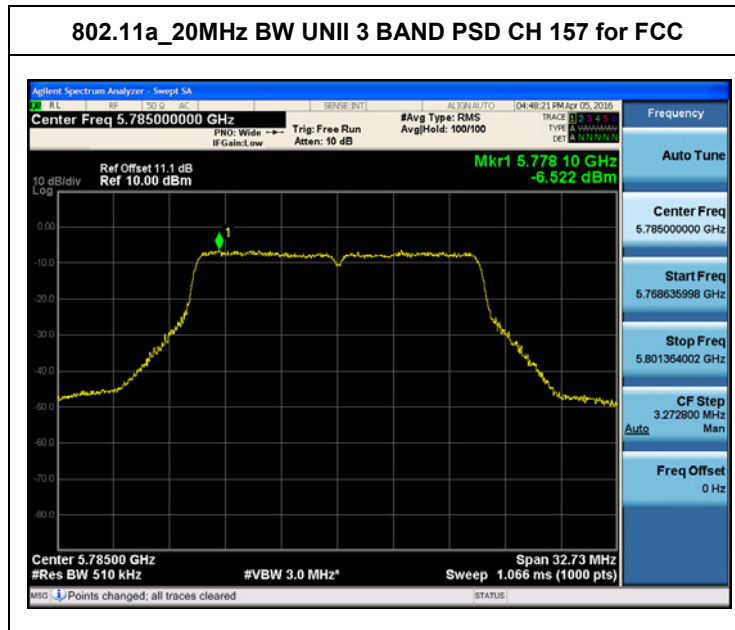
■ 802.11a\_20MHz BW

■ TEST RESULTS

Conducted Power Density Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Test Result					
		Mode	Measured Power Density (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power Density(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor	Limit (dBm)	Pass/Fail
5745	149	802.11a	-6.326	0.205	-6.121	30	Pass
5785	157		-6.522	0.745	-5.777		Pass
5825	165		-6.425	0.303	-6.122		Pass

■ TEST Plot for 802.11a 20MHz BW



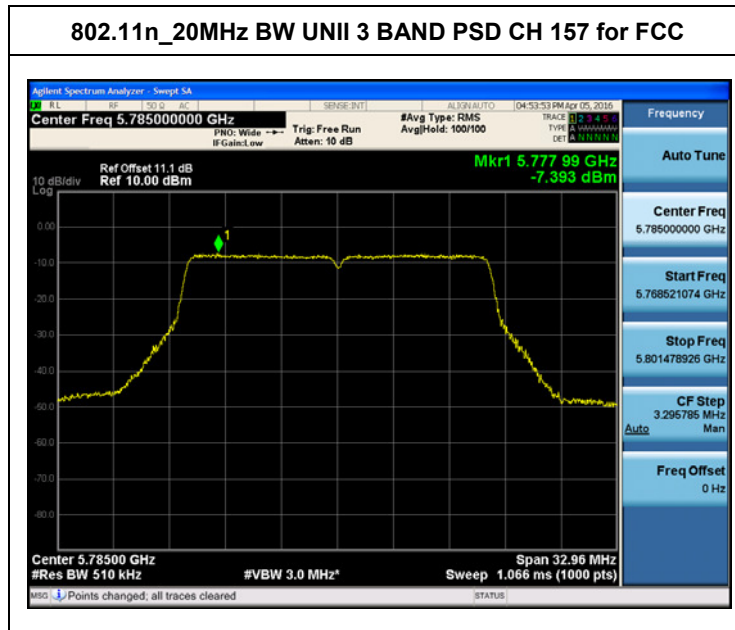
■ 802.11n\_20MHz BW

■ TEST RESULTS

Conducted Power Density Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Test Result					
		Mode	Measured Power Density (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power Density(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor	Limit (dBm)	Pass/Fail
5745	149	802.11n	-8.125	0.220	-7.905	30	Pass
5785	157		-7.393	0.220	-7.173		Pass
5825	165		-7.431	0.220	-7.211		Pass

■ TEST Plot for 802.11n 20MHz BW



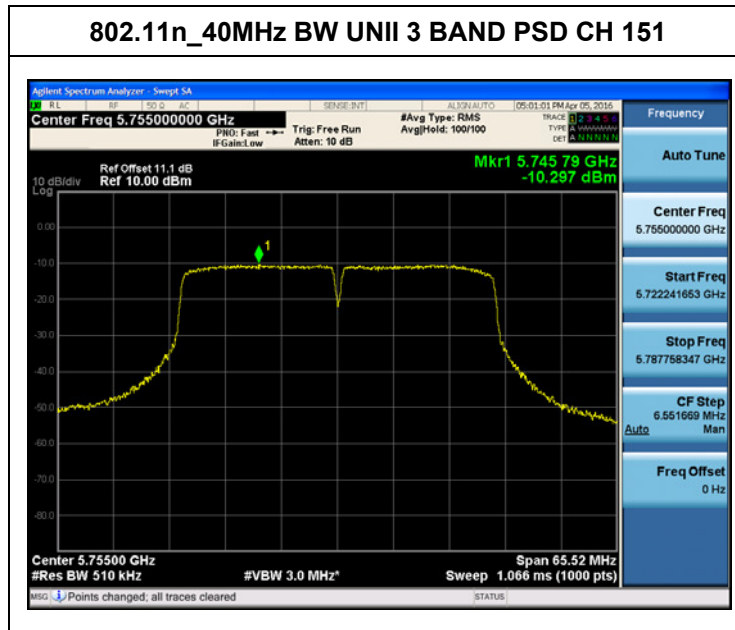
■ 802.11n\_40MHz BW

■ TEST RESULTS

Conducted Power Density Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Test Result					
		Mode	Measured Power Density (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Measured Power Density(dBm) + Duty Cycle Factor	Limit (dBm)	Pass/Fail
5755	151	802.11n	-10.297	0.443	-9.854	30	Pass
5795	159		-10.974	0.824	-10.150		Pass

■ TEST Plot for 802.11n 40MHz BW



### 9.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY.

The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.

#### 20 MHz BW

OPERATING BAND: UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY: 5,745,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL: 149  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.70 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	3.8	+20(Ref)	5745033.25	33.25
100%		-30	5745015.64	15.64
100%		-20	5745018.09	18.09
100%		-10	5745020.77	20.77
100%		0	5745024.59	24.59
100%		+10	5745028.48	28.48
100%		+30	5745037.65	37.65
100%		+40	5745040.64	40.64
100%		+50	5745046.15	46.15
115%		4.37	+20	5745032.64
Batt. Endpoint	3.23	+20	5745031.62	31.62

**Note:**

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.



**40 MHz BW**

OPERATING BAND: UNII Band 3  
 OPERATING FREQUENCY: 5,755,000,000 Hz  
 CHANNEL: 151  
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.70 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	3.8	+20(Ref)	5755031.12	31.12
100%		-30	5755012.66	12.66
100%		-20	5755018.69	18.69
100%		-10	5755024.59	24.59
100%		0	5755027.61	27.61
100%		+10	5755029.33	29.33
100%		+30	5755034.15	34.15
100%		+40	5755038.94	38.94
100%		+50	5755042.16	42.16
115%	4.37	+20	5755033.61	33.61
Batt. Endpoint	3.23	+20	5755029.67	29.67

**Note:**

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

**9.6 RADIATED MEASUREMENT**

**9.6.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.**

**Test Requirements and limit, §15.205, §15.209, §15.407**

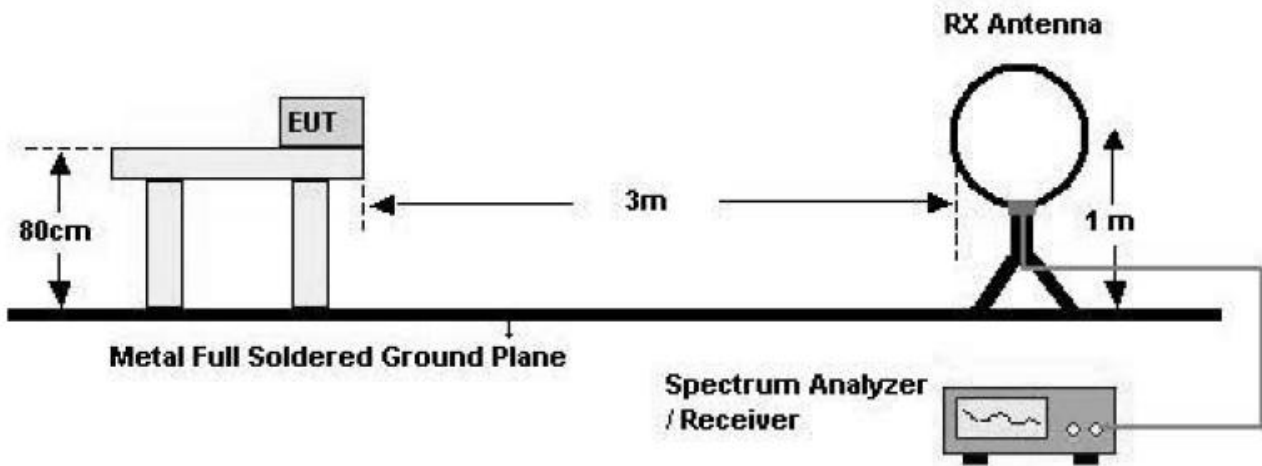
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**■ §15.407, KDB 789033 D02**

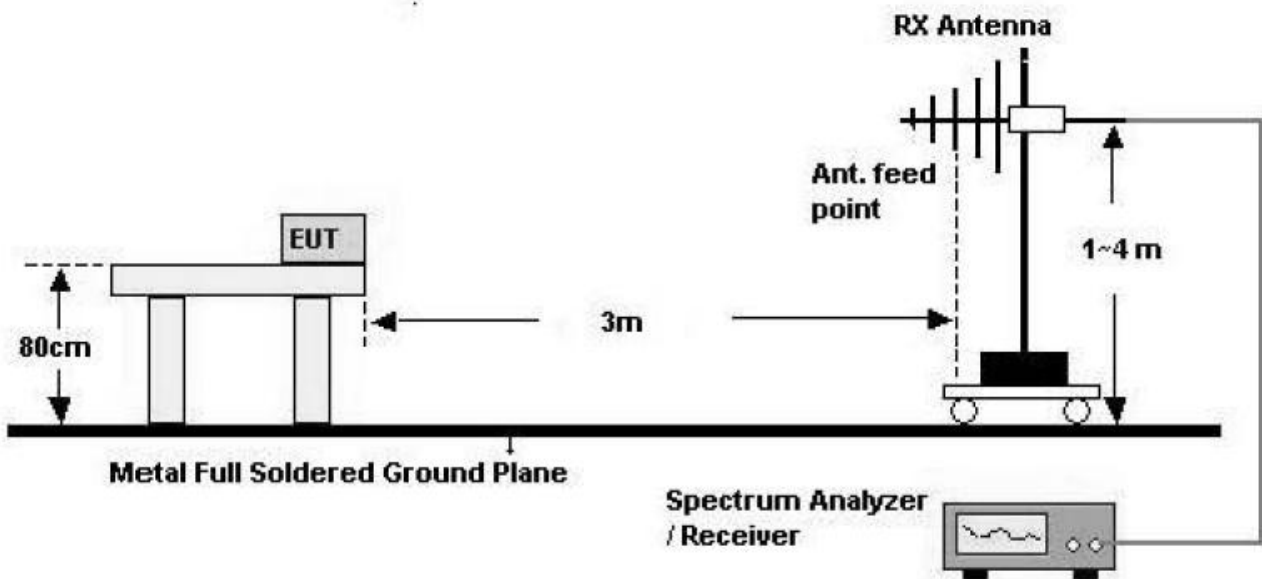
All harmonics that do not lie in a restricted band are subject to a peak limit of -27 dBm/MHz. At a distance of 3 meters the field strength limit in dBµV/m can be determined by adding a “conversion” factor of 95.2 dB to the EIRP limit of -27 dBm/MHz to obtain the limit for out of band spurious emissions of 68.2 dBµV/m. Especially, for transmitter operating in the 5725 Mhz – 5850 MHz : all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequency 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

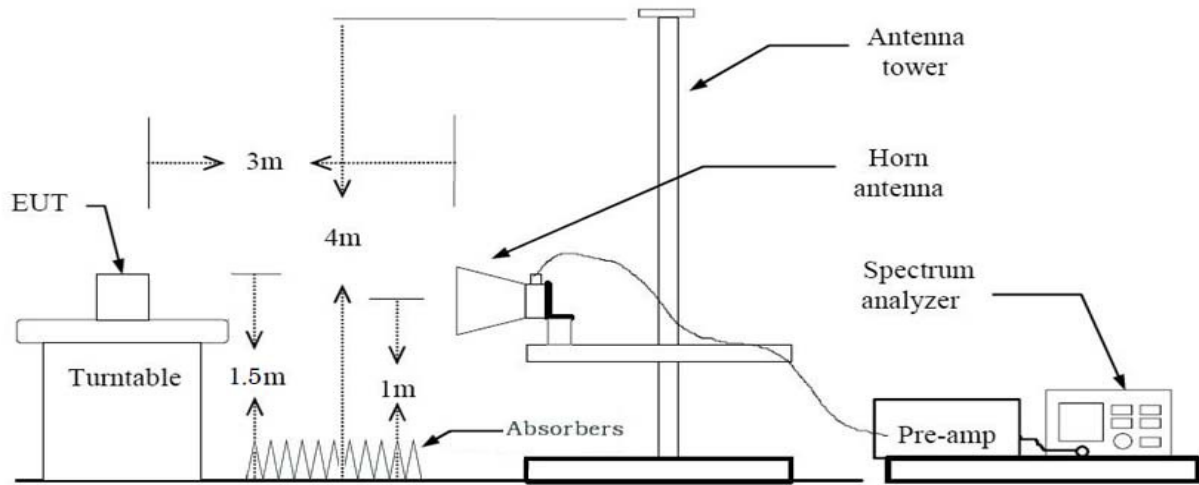
### Test Configuration

#### Below 30 MHz



#### 30 MHz - 1 GHz



**Above 1 GHz****TEST PROCEDURE USED**

ANSI C63.10:2013

Method G)5) in KDB 789033, issued 01/08/2016 (Peak)

Method G)6)d) in KDB 789033, issued 01/08/2016 (Average)

**. Spectrum setting:**

- Peak.

1. RBW = 1 MHz

2. VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz

3. Detector = Peak

4. Sweep Time = auto

5. Trace mode = max hold

6. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

7. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately  $1/x$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.

- Average ( Method VB :Averaging using reduced video bandwidth)

1. RBW = 1 MHz

2. VBW

2.1. If the EUT is configured to transmit with duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent, set  $VBW \leq RBW/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.2.2. If the EUT duty cycle is  $<$  98 percent, set  $VBW \geq 1/T$ , where  $T$  is the minimum transmission duration.

3. The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.

4. Detector = Peak.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.

**Note :**

1. We used the Method VB for 802.11a/n\_20, n\_40 mode to perform the average field strength measurements.
2. The actual setting value of VBW for 802.11a/n\_20, n\_40

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>total</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	VBW(1/T) (Hz)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
<b>a</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2.026</b>	<b>2.124</b>	<b>95.39</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>1000</b>
<b>n_20</b>	<b>MCS 0</b>	<b>1.883</b>	<b>1.981</b>	<b>95.05</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>1000</b>
<b>n_40</b>	<b>MCS 0</b>	<b>0.921</b>	<b>1.020</b>	<b>90.29</b>	<b>1086</b>	<b>3000</b>

**TEST RESULTS**

**9 kHz – 30MHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB $\mu$ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 30MHz.
2. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
3. Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB)
4. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
5. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

**TEST RESULTS**

**Below 1 GHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB $\mu$ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1 GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

**Above 1 GHz**

Band :	UNII 3
Operation Mode:	802.11 a_20 MHz BW
Transfer Rate:	6 Mbps
Operating Frequency	5745MHz
Channel No.	149 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11490	63.68	-5.43	V	58.25	73.98	15.73	PK
11490	49.19	-5.43	V	43.76	53.98	10.22	AV
17235	62.51	-1.30	V	61.21	68.20	6.99	PK
11490	63.35	-5.43	H	57.92	73.98	16.06	PK
11490	49.14	-5.43	H	43.71	53.98	10.27	AV
17235	62.37	-1.30	H	61.07	68.20	7.13	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11a. Worst case is 6 Mbps in 802.11a.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 a\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer Rate: 6 Mbps  
 Operating Frequency 5785 MHz  
 Channel No. 157 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11570	62.80	-5.41	V	57.39	73.98	16.59	PK
11570	49.11	-5.41	V	43.70	53.98	10.28	AV
17355	62.07	-0.40	V	61.67	68.20	6.53	PK
11570	62.63	-5.41	H	57.22	73.98	16.76	PK
11570	49.08	-5.41	H	43.67	53.98	10.31	AV
17355	62.02	-0.40	H	61.62	68.20	6.58	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11a. Worst case is 6 Mbps in 802.11a.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 a\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer Rate: 6 Mbps  
 Operating Frequency 5825 MHz  
 Channel No. 165 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11650	63.46	-5.43	V	58.03	73.98	15.95	PK
11650	49.61	-5.43	V	44.18	53.98	9.80	AV
17475	62.17	-0.28	V	61.89	68.20	6.31	PK
11650	63.48	-5.43	H	58.05	73.98	15.93	PK
11650	49.52	-5.43	H	44.09	53.98	9.89	AV
17475	62.05	-0.28	H	61.77	68.20	6.43	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11a. Worst case is 6 Mbps in 802.11a.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5745 MHz  
 Channel No. 149 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11490	63.52	-5.43	V	58.09	73.98	15.89	PK
11490	49.14	-5.43	V	43.71	53.98	10.27	AV
17235	62.44	-1.30	V	61.14	68.20	7.06	PK
11490	63.26	-5.43	H	57.83	73.98	16.15	PK
11490	49.05	-5.43	H	43.62	53.98	10.36	AV
17235	62.49	-1.30	H	61.19	68.20	7.01	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW. Worst case is MCS 0 in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5785 MHz  
 Channel No. 157 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11570	62.94	-5.41	V	57.53	73.98	16.45	PK
11570	49.06	-5.41	V	43.65	53.98	10.33	AV
17355	62.25	-0.40	V	61.85	68.20	6.35	PK
11570	62.63	-5.41	H	57.22	73.98	16.76	PK
11570	48.98	-5.41	H	43.57	53.98	10.41	AV
17355	62.12	-0.40	H	61.72	68.20	6.48	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW. Worst case is MCS 0 in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5825 MHz  
 Channel No. 165 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11650	63.01	-5.43	V	57.58	73.98	16.40	PK
11650	49.54	-5.43	V	44.11	53.98	9.87	AV
17475	62.71	-0.28	V	62.43	68.20	5.77	PK
11650	62.89	-5.43	H	57.46	73.98	16.52	PK
11650	49.47	-5.43	H	44.04	53.98	9.94	AV
17475	62.46	-0.28	H	62.18	68.20	6.02	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW. Worst case is MCS 0 in 802.11n\_20 MHz BW.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Band : UNII3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11n\_40 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5755 MHz  
 Channel No. 151 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11510	63.12	-5.23	V	57.89	73.98	16.09	PK
11510	50.12	-5.23	V	44.89	53.98	9.09	AV
17265	62.57	-1.12	V	61.45	68.20	6.75	PK
11510	62.78	-5.23	H	57.55	73.98	16.43	PK
11510	50.04	-5.23	H	44.81	53.98	9.17	AV
17265	62.32	-1.12	H	61.20	68.20	7.00	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11n\_40 MHz BW. Worst case is MCS 0 in 802.11n\_40 MHz BW.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11n\_40 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5795 MHz  
 Channel No. 159 Ch

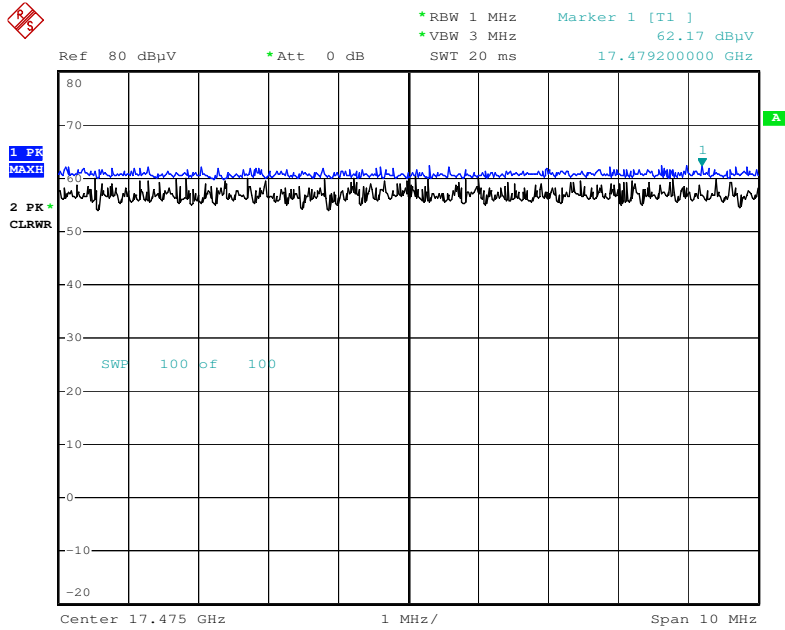
Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	AN.+CL-Amp G. [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
11590	63.08	-5.35	V	57.73	73.98	16.25	PK
11590	50.03	-5.35	V	44.68	53.98	9.30	AV
17385	62.23	-0.10	V	62.13	68.20	6.07	PK
11590	62.86	-5.35	H	57.51	73.98	16.47	PK
11590	49.93	-5.35	H	44.58	53.98	9.40	AV
17385	62.14	-0.10	H	62.04	68.20	6.16	PK

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. We have done all data rate in 802.11n\_40 MHz BW. Worst case is MCS 0 in 802.11n\_40 MHz BW.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

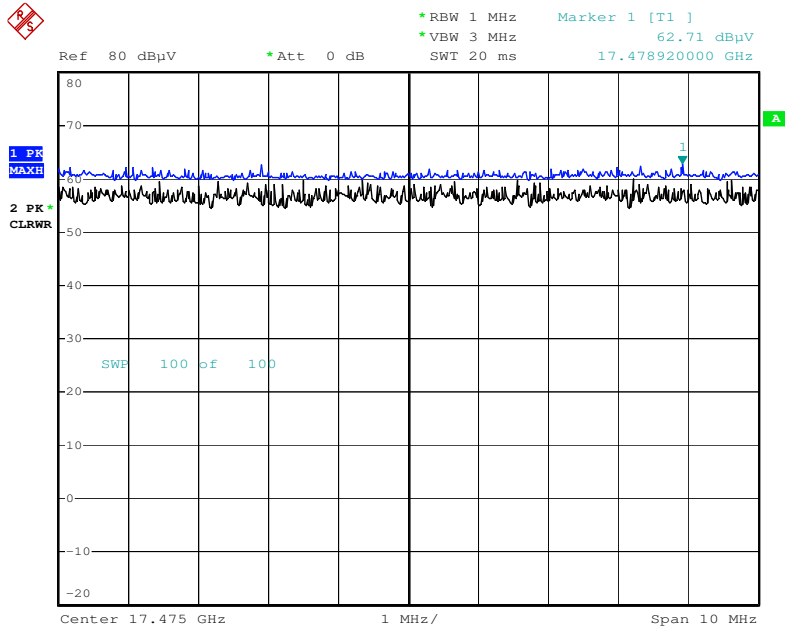
■ **RESULT PLOTS**

**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (802.11a\_20M, Ch.165 3rd Harmonic)**



Date: 22.MAR.2016 11:59:26

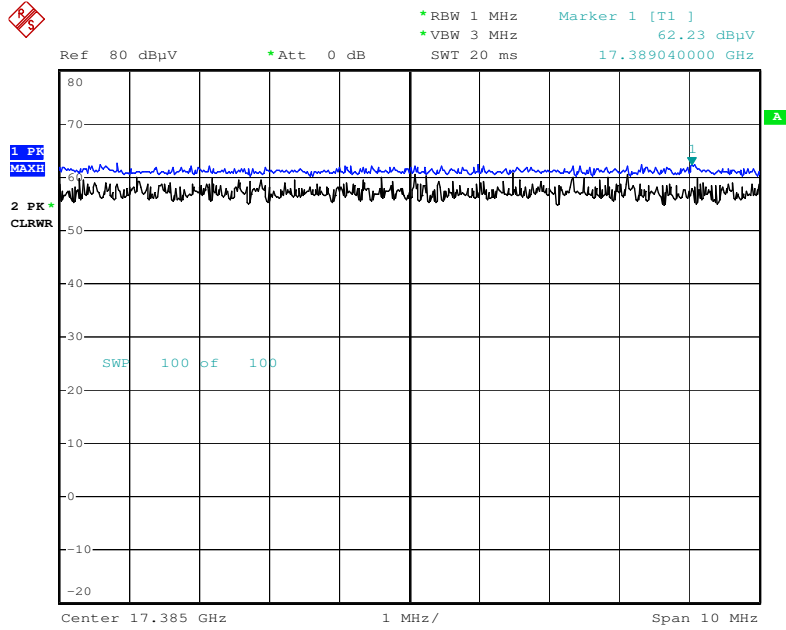
**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (802.11n\_20M, Ch.165 3rd Harmonic)**



Date: 22.MAR.2016 12:00:34



**Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (802.11n\_40M, Ch.159 3rd Harmonic)**



Date: 22.MAR.2016 12:03:11

### 9.6.2 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGE MEASUREMENTS

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (See section 15.205(c)).

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 a\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer Rate: 6 Mbps  
 Operating Frequency 5745MHz  
 Channel No. 149 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5725	53.34	10.70	H	64.04	78.20	14.16	PK
5725	51.85	10.70	V	62.55	78.20	15.65	PK
5715	48.24	10.35	H	58.59	68.20	9.61	PK
5715	47.95	10.35	V	58.30	68.20	9.90	PK

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 a\_20 MHz BW  
 Transfer Rate: 6 Mbps  
 Operating Frequency 5825MHz  
 Channel No. 165 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5850	48.12	11.47	H	59.59	78.20	18.61	PK
5850	47.91	11.47	V	59.38	78.20	18.82	PK
5860	47.98	11.47	H	59.45	68.20	8.75	PK
5860	47.18	11.47	V	58.65	68.20	9.55	PK

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_20MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5745 MHz  
 Channel No. 149 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5725	54.38	10.70	H	65.08	78.20	13.12	PK
5725	52.81	10.70	V	63.51	78.20	14.69	PK
5715	49.40	10.35	H	59.75	68.20	8.45	PK
5715	48.14	10.35	V	58.49	68.20	9.71	PK

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_20MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5825 MHz  
 Channel No. 165 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5850	48.07	11.47	H	59.54	78.20	18.66	PK
5850	48.11	11.47	V	59.58	78.20	18.62	PK
5860	47.69	11.47	H	59.16	68.20	9.04	PK
5860	47.35	11.47	V	58.82	68.20	9.38	PK

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_40 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5755 MHz  
 Channel No. 151 Ch

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5725	54.71	10.70	H	65.41	78.20	12.79	PK
5725	53.77	10.70	V	64.47	78.20	13.73	PK
5715	48.67	10.35	H	59.02	68.20	9.18	PK
5715	48.31	10.35	V	58.66	68.20	9.54	PK

Band : UNII 3  
 Operation Mode: 802.11 n\_40 MHz BW  
 Transfer MCS Index: 0  
 Operating Frequency 5795 MHz  
 Channel No. 159 Ch

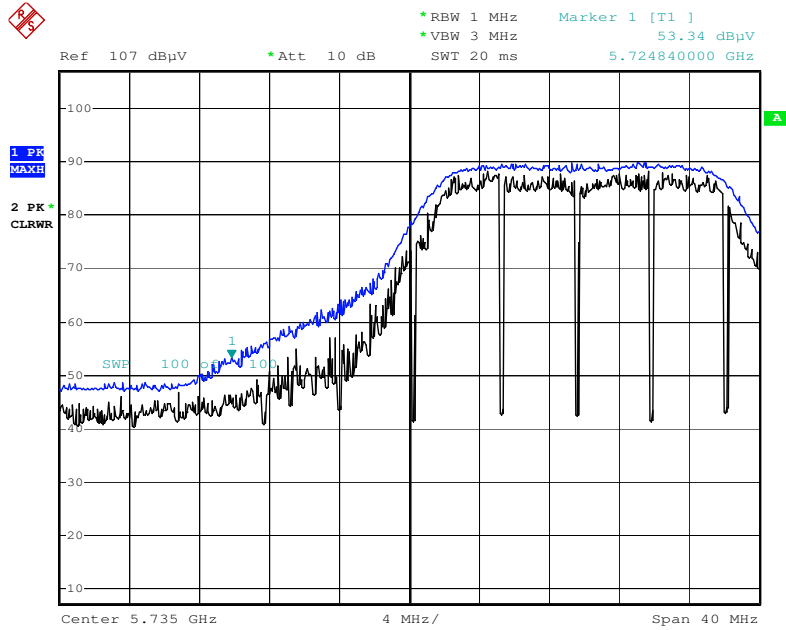
Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	AN.+CL-AMP+ATT [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
5850	47.72	11.47	H	59.19	78.20	19.01	PK
5850	47.68	11.47	V	59.15	78.20	19.05	PK
5860	47.63	11.47	H	59.10	68.20	9.10	PK
5860	47.55	11.47	V	59.02	68.20	9.18	PK

**Notes:**

1. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain + ATT
2. We have done all data rate in 802.11a/n/ac mode test. . Worst case of EUT is lowest data rate in 802.11a/n.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. “\*” is radiated band edge test frequency.(not restricted band emissions)

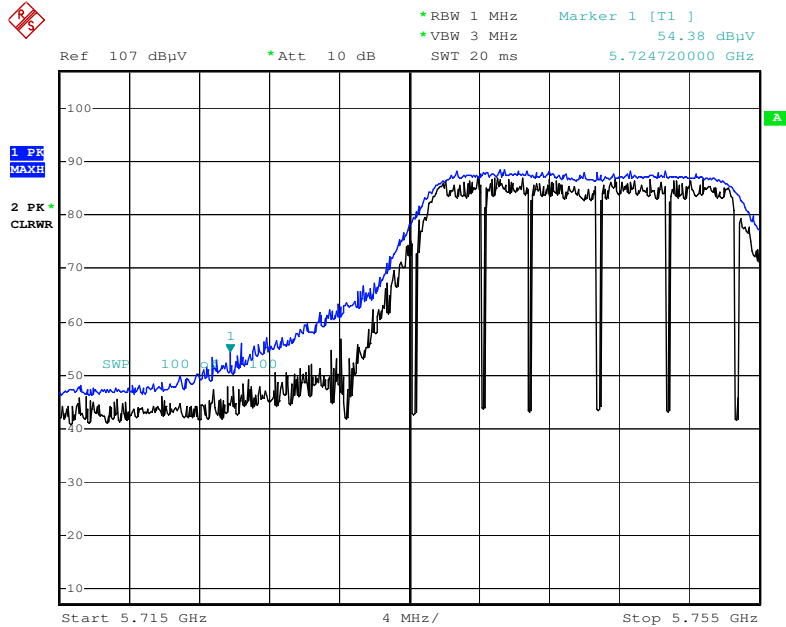
RESULT PLOTS

Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading (802.11a\_20M, Ch.149)



Date: 21.MAR.2016 16:24:55

Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading (802.11n\_20M, Ch.149)



Date: 21.MAR.2016 16:30:39



### 9.6.3 RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

**IC Rule(s)** RSS-GEN  
**Test Requirements:** Blow the table  
**Operating conditions:** Under normal test conditions  
**Method of testing:** Radiated  
  
**S/A. Settings:** F < 1 GHz: RBW: 120 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz (Quasi Peak)  
 F > 1 GHz: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (Peak)  
**Mode of operation:** Receive

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/m at 3 meters)
30 – 88	100
88 - 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

**Operation Mode: Receive:**

30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB $\mu$ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

Above 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB $\mu$ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB $\mu$ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

## 9.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference groundplane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor



▣ RESULT PLOTS

Conducted Emissions (Line 1)

Test

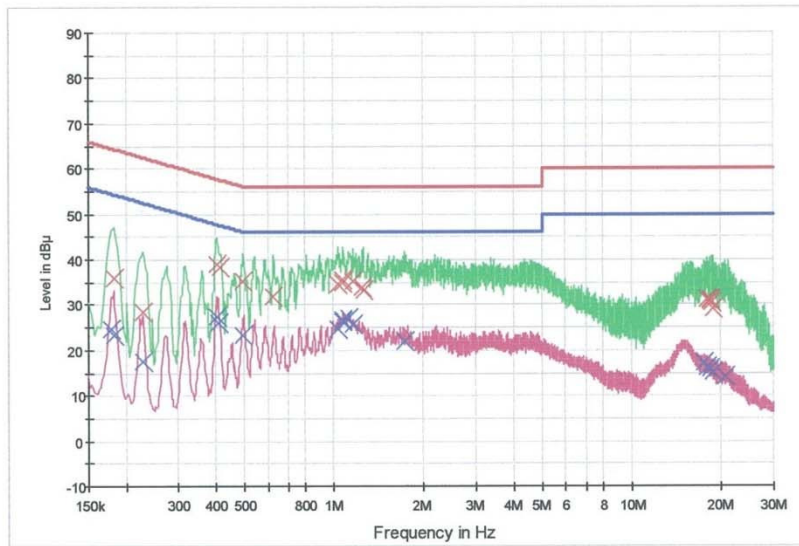
1 / 2

**HCT TEST Report**

**Common Information**

EUT: LG-V400  
 Manufacturer: LG  
 Test Site: SHIELD ROOM  
 Operating Conditions: WLAN MODE \_ 5G

FCC CLASS B



— FCC CLASS B\_QP    — FCC CLASS B\_AV    — Preview Result 1-PK+  
 — Preview Result 2-AVG    × Final Result 1-QPK    × Final Result 2-CAV

**Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.182000	35.8	9.000	Off	N	9.6	28.6	64.4
0.228000	28.6	9.000	Off	N	9.6	33.9	62.5
0.404000	39.1	9.000	Off	N	9.6	18.7	57.8
0.416000	38.3	9.000	Off	N	9.6	19.3	57.5
0.496000	35.1	9.000	Off	N	9.6	20.9	56.1
0.628000	31.8	9.000	Off	N	9.6	24.2	56.0
1.034000	34.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	21.6	56.0
1.072000	34.9	9.000	Off	N	9.7	21.1	56.0
1.076000	35.5	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.5	56.0
1.160000	35.2	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.8	56.0
1.250000	33.8	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.2	56.0
1.258000	33.1	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.9	56.0
18.032000	31.2	9.000	Off	N	10.2	28.8	60.0
18.254000	31.0	9.000	Off	N	10.2	29.0	60.0
18.274000	31.0	9.000	Off	N	10.2	29.0	60.0
18.364000	30.8	9.000	Off	N	10.2	29.2	60.0
18.476000	30.4	9.000	Off	N	10.2	29.6	60.0
18.890000	29.2	9.000	Off	N	10.2	30.8	60.0

**Final Result 2**

2016-03-30

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Test

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Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBμV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.178000	24.6	9.000	Off	N	9.6	30.0	54.6
0.182000	23.4	9.000	Off	N	9.6	31.0	54.4
0.228000	17.6	9.000	Off	N	9.6	34.9	52.5
0.404000	27.4	9.000	Off	N	9.6	20.4	47.8
0.408000	26.1	9.000	Off	N	9.6	21.6	47.7
0.494000	23.4	9.000	Off	N	9.6	22.7	46.1
1.028000	24.7	9.000	Off	N	9.7	21.3	46.0
1.072000	26.3	9.000	Off	N	9.7	19.7	46.0
1.076000	26.7	9.000	Off	N	9.7	19.3	46.0
1.124000	27.2	9.000	Off	N	9.7	18.8	46.0
1.160000	25.8	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.2	46.0
1.734000	22.0	9.000	Off	N	9.7	24.0	46.0
17.606000	17.1	9.000	Off	N	10.2	32.9	50.0
18.032000	16.3	9.000	Off	N	10.2	33.7	50.0
18.254000	16.0	9.000	Off	N	10.2	34.0	50.0
18.274000	16.0	9.000	Off	N	10.2	34.0	50.0
18.808000	15.3	9.000	Off	N	10.2	34.7	50.0
20.548000	14.3	9.000	Off	N	10.3	35.7	50.0

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**Conducted Emissions (Line 2)**

WLAN MODE 5G L1

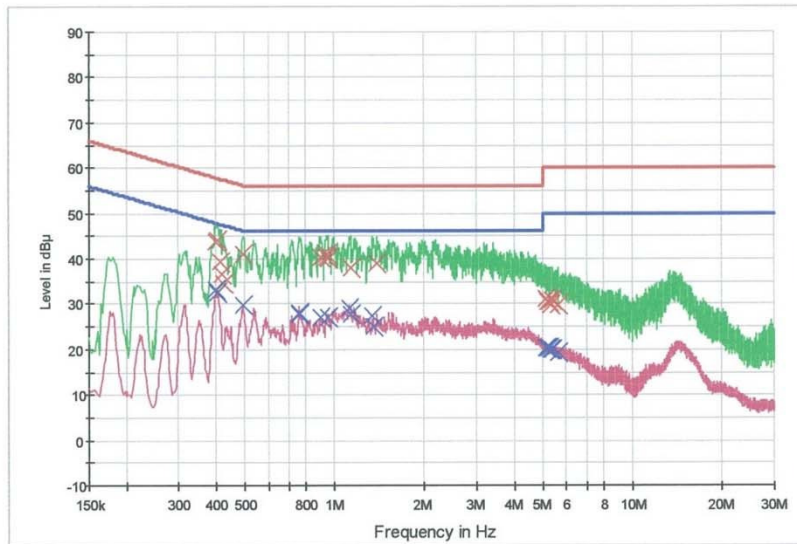
1 / 2

**HCT TEST Report**

**Common Information**

EUT: LG-V400  
 Manufacturer: LG  
 Test Site: SHIELD ROOM  
 Operating Conditions: WLAN MODE\_ 5G

FCC CLASS B



— FCC CLASS B\_QP      — FCC CLASS B\_AV      — Preview Result 1-PK+  
 — Preview Result 2-AVG      × Final Result 1-QPK      × Final Result 2-CAV

**Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.400000	43.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	14.0	57.9
0.406000	44.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	13.8	57.7
0.414000	39.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.2	57.6
0.418000	36.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.8	57.5
0.424000	34.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	22.7	57.4
0.496000	40.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.1	56.1
0.894000	40.4	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.6	56.0
0.938000	41.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	14.9	56.0
0.944000	40.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.7	56.0
0.948000	40.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.9	56.0
1.132000	37.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.2	56.0
1.386000	39.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	17.0	56.0
5.132000	31.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.0	60.0
5.172000	30.5	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.5	60.0
5.222000	30.4	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.6	60.0
5.328000	29.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	30.2	60.0
5.358000	30.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.3	60.0
5.616000	29.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	30.1	60.0

**Final Result 2**

2016-03-30

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WLAN MODE 5G L1

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Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBμV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.402000	33.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	14.5	47.8
0.406000	32.4	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	15.3	47.7
0.492000	29.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	16.5	46.1
0.758000	28.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	17.9	46.0
0.762000	28.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	17.8	46.0
0.766000	27.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.2	46.0
0.894000	26.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.1	46.0
0.950000	27.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.9	46.0
1.120000	29.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	16.8	46.0
1.132000	27.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.1	46.0
1.340000	27.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.7	46.0
1.356000	24.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.1	46.0
5.146000	20.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.7	50.0
5.172000	20.4	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.6	50.0
5.222000	20.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.9	50.0
5.328000	19.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	30.1	50.0
5.358000	20.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	29.9	50.0
5.616000	19.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.9	30.7	50.0

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## 10. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### 10.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Conducted Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	12/28/2015	Annual	100073
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	12/28/2015	Annual	100584
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	06/30/2015	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	11/24/2015	Annual	MY49431210
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	07/09/2015	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A /Power Sensor	03/11/2016	Annual	MY52260025
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/30/2015	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	06/15/2015	Annual	5001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	03/09/2016	Annual	KR75303962
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/21/2015	Annual	07560
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/30/2015	Annual	3116A03621

**10.2 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Radiated Test)**

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160/ TRILOG Antenna	10/10/2014	Biennial	3368
HD	MA240/ Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	556
EMCO	1050/ Turn Table	N/A	N/A	114
HD GmbH	HD 100/ Controller	N/A	N/A	13
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	05/07/2015	Biennial	937
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	04/30/2015	Biennial	BBHA9170124
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	01/15/2016	Annual	839117/011
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/23/2015	Annual	101068-SZ
Wainwright Instrument	WHF3.0/18G-10EF / High Pass Filter	06/29/2015	Annual	8
Wainwright Instrument	WHKX8-6090-7000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	08/05/2015	Annual	5
Wainwright Instrument	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	01/16/2016	Annual	2
Wainwright Instrument	WRCJ2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/14SS / Band Reject Filter	06/15/2015	Annual	1
Rohde & Schwarz	LOOP ANTENNA	02/23/2016	Biennial	1513-175
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / POWER AMP	07/21/2015	Annual	19660
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / POWER AMP	07/21/2015	Annual	22964
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / POWER AMP	07/27/2015	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / POWER AMP	07/21/2015	Annual	22965