

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.3 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSI	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.08 W/kg

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d202_Apr18

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 Ω - 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.0 Ω - 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.209 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 29, 2013





Date: 19.04.2018

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d202

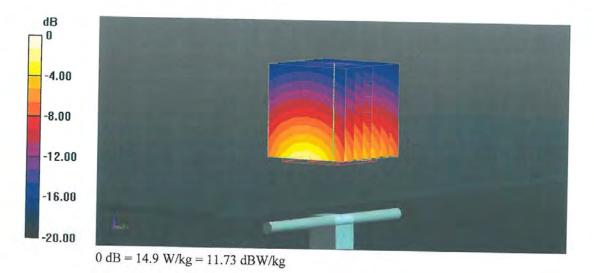
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.3, 8.3, 8.3); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 109.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg

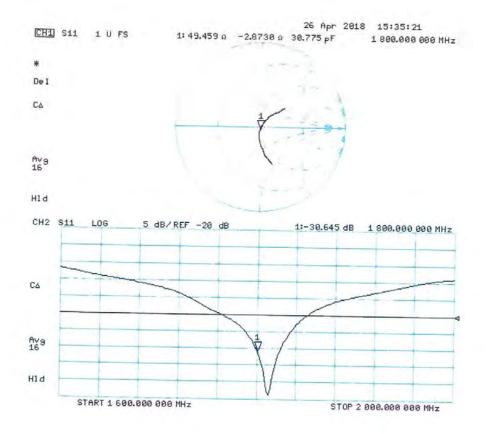


Certificate No: D1800V2-2d202_Apr18

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.04.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d202

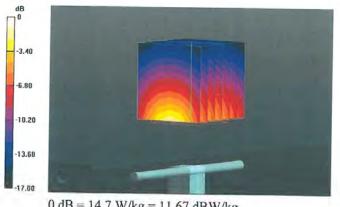
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417) •

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



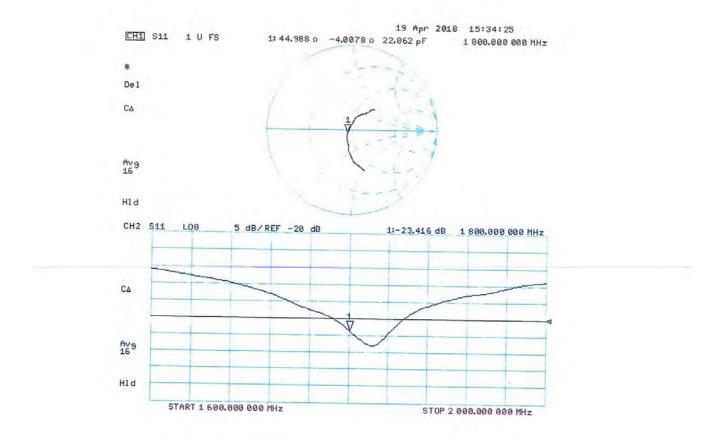
0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d029_Sep17

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Object	D1900V2 - SN:5d029		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proc	edure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 20, 2017		
All calibrations have been condu	ertainties with confidence p	tional standards, which realize the physical un probability are given on the following pages a pry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	IE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
		and a second state back the second state of th	
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17)	May-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349 SN: 601	31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	May-18 Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585 Name	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16) Function	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585 Name	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16) Function	Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d029_Sep17

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
A15 1		5.13 W/kg
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.13 W/Kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.3 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.66 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d029_Sep17



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 Ω + 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 5.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

I	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 17, 2002



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d029

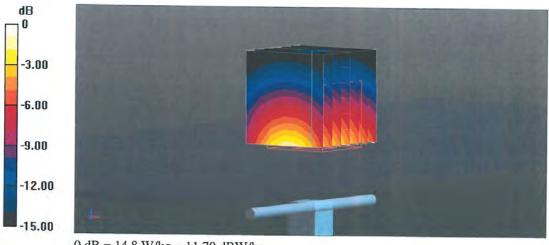
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ϵ_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 106.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg



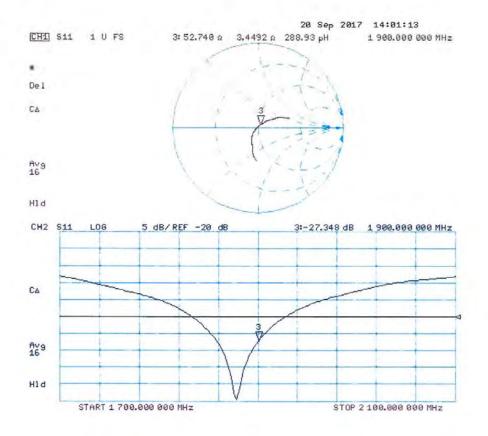
0 dB = 14.8 W/kg = 11.70 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Date: 20.09.2017

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d029

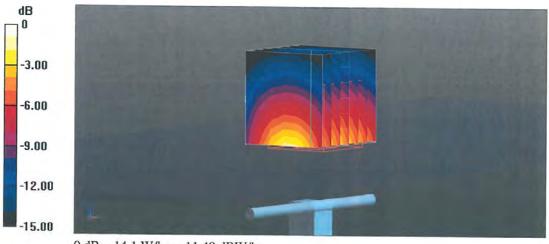
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.47 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



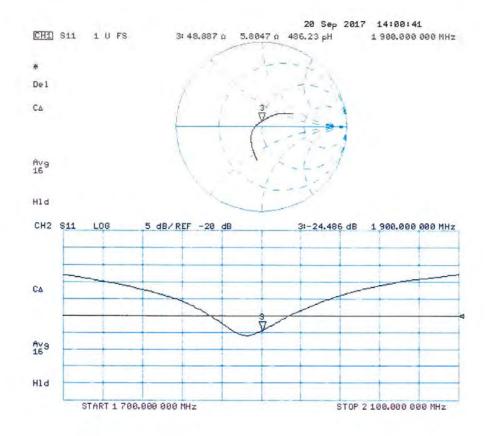
0 dB = 14.1 W/kg = 11.49 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d029_Sep17

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 - Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep17

Object	D2450V2 - SN:72	26	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 19, 2	017	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(d are part of the certificate,
Calibration Equipment used (M&T			
Primary Standards Power meter NRP	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
lower conner NDD 701			
	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18 Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. 217-02529) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. 217-02529) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585 Name	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16) Function	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585 Name	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16) Function	Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-17

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep17

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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

Condition	
250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
normalized to 1W	51.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
appdition	
condition 250 mW input power	6.22 W/ka
	250 mW input power

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.9 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.4 Ω + 6.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 09, 2003



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:726

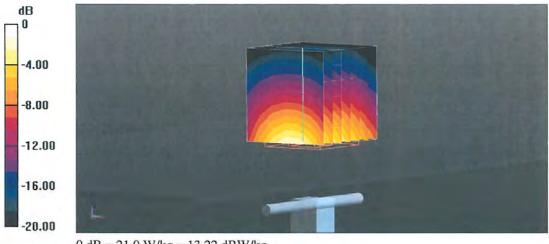
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 110.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg



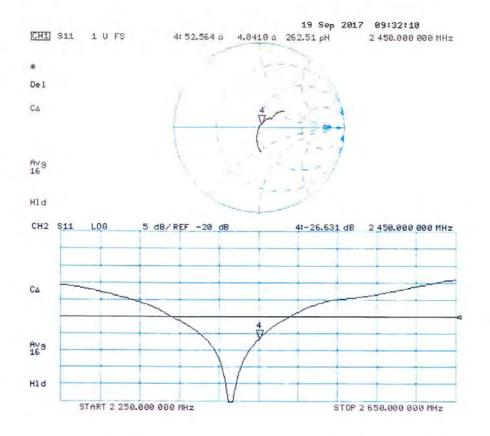
0 dB = 21.0 W/kg = 13.22 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep17

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:726

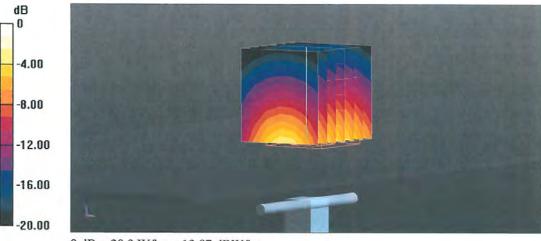
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



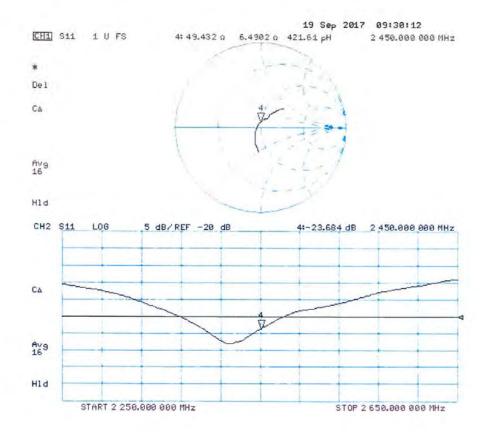
0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zur	rich, Switzerland	BC MEA	C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accred The Swiss Accreditation Serv Multilateral Agreement for the	ice is one of the signator	ries to the EA on certificates	Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client DT&C (Dymsi	lec)	Certific	ate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb18
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	1
Object	D5GHzV2 - SN	1212	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v2 Calibration proc	edure for dipole validation kits	between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	February 15, 20	18	
All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards		ory facility: environment temperature (22 :	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Scheduled Calibration
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
pe-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
aference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-3503_Dec17)	Apr-18
AE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Dec-18 Oct-18
econdary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Sahad dad Oka J
ower meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Scheduled Check
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
wer sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (In house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
twork Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
Terra and	Name	Function	Signature
alibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Ale
oproved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Mahager	
		recirilcal Manager	Kelly
		full without written approval of the labora	Issued: March 21, 2018

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb18

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

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ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

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- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- · Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna . connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52,10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	\$32.10.0
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.4 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)
		22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (K=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.64 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.0 ± 6 %	4.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg

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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	5.16 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		0.10 1110/11 ± 0 %

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg



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Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.5 ± 6 %	5.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		S. T. HING/IN E O /6

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.03 W/kg

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.57 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg	

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Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	5.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAN averaged over 10 cm ⁻ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.10 W/kg

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 3.7 ϳΩ
Return Loss	- 27.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.8 Ω - 0.1 Ω	
Return Loss	- 33.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8 Ω + 1.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.4 Ω + 3.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.2 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω + 3.2 μΩ
Return Loss	- 28.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 3.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω + 3.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB



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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 4.0 ϳΩ
Return Loss	
	- 28.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 4.4 ίΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
	1.191 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still No excession force much here to the second reserve to the second rese

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by		
Manuactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	November 44, 0044	
	November 14, 2014	

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Date: 14.02.2018

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.53$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.84$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.95$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.16$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 72.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 73.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

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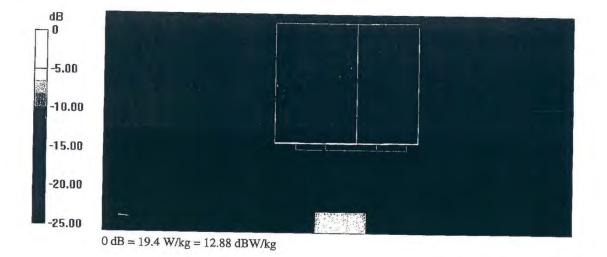


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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 72.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



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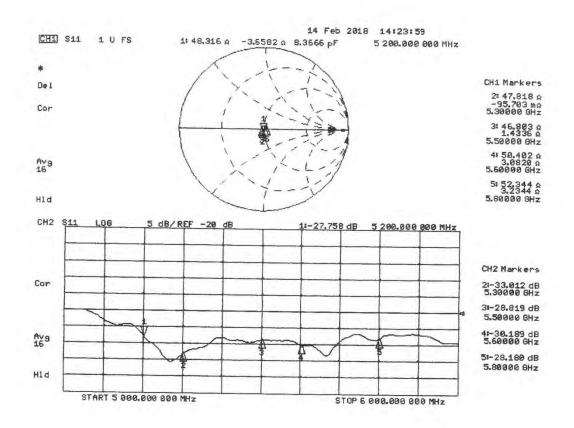
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.41 S/m; ε_r = 47.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.54 S/m; ε_r = 47.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.8 S/m; ε_r = 47; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.95 S/m; ε_r = 46.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.23 S/m; ε_r = 46.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2017, ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

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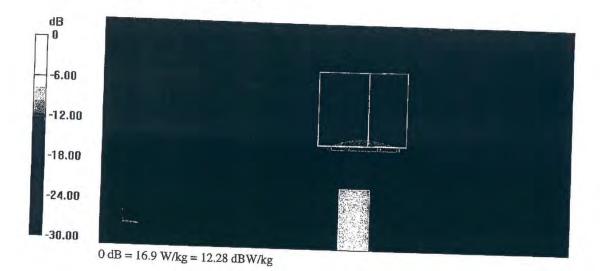


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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 63.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



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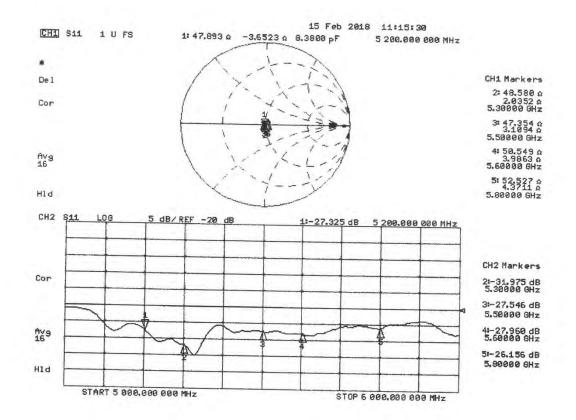
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications



The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue

Table C.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter										
Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	83	5	19	00	24	50	5200 ~ 5800			
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Head Body		Head Body		Body		
Water	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00		
Salt (NaCl)	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-		
Sugar	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-		
HEC	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Bactericide	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-		
DGBE	-	-	44.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-		
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-		
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-		20.00		
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-		
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-		

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose		
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose		
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]				
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether				

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1750					
nem	Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1750					
Туре No	SL AAH 175, SL AAM 175					
Manufacturer	SPEAG					
The item is composed of the following ingredients:						
H ² O	Water, 52 – 75%					
C8H18O3	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48%					
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, < 1.0%					



APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013.Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR	Freq.	Data	Probe	Probe			Droho CAL Doint		PERM.	COND.		CW Validatio	on	мс	D. Validatio	n
System	[MHz]	Date	SN	Туре	Probe CA	Probe CAL. Point		(σ)	Sensi- tivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isortopy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR		
D	835	2018.04.10	3328	ES3DV3	835	Head	41.212	0.876	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A		
D	1800	2018.04.11	3328	ES3DV3	1800	Head	41.115	1.443	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A		
D	1900	2018.04.12	3328	ES3DV3	1900	Head	41.051	1.414	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A		
С	2450	2018.06.21	3866	EX3DV4	2450	Head	38.885	1.764	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS		
С	5200	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5200	Head	35.442	4.715	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5300	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5300	Head	35.216	4.815	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5500	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5500	Head	35.056	5.015	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5600	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5600	Head	34.915	5.212	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5800	2018.06.14	3866	EX3DV4	5800	Head	34.826	5.336	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
D	835	2018.04.10	3328	ES3DV3	835	Body	54.168	0.977	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A		
D	1800	2018.04.11	3328	ES3DV3	1800	Body	52.164	1.524	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A		
D	1900	2018.04.12	3328	ES3DV3	1900	Body	52.006	1.544	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A		
С	2450	2018.06.21	3866	EX3DV4	2450	Body	51.664	2.015	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS		
С	5200	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5200	Body	48.884	5.446	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5300	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5300	Body	48.226	5.516	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5500	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5500	Body	47.886	5.779	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5600	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5600	Body	47.514	5.836	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		
С	5800	2018.06.14	3866	EX3DV4	5800	Body	47.224	6.223	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS		

Table Attachment 3.1 SAR System Validation Summary

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.



APPENDIX E. – Description of Test Equipment

Dt&C

E.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. E.1.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5,A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robotis connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

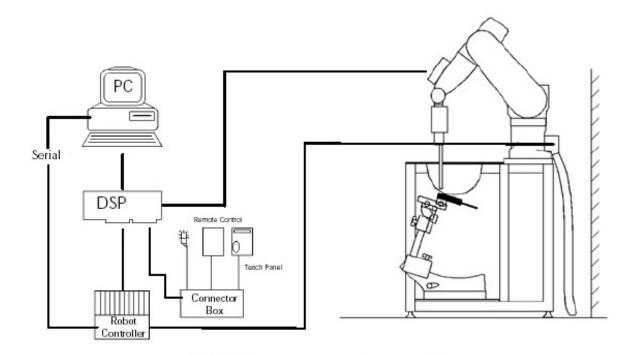


Figure E.1.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.



E.2 Probe Specification

Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 4 GHz/10 MHz to 6 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 750 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz / 750 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2300 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5500 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz				
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz/10 MHz to 6 GHz				
Linearity	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz/30 MHz to 6 GHz)				
Dynamic	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g				
Range	Linearity : ±0.2dB				
Dimensions	Overall length : 337 mm Figure E.2.1 Triangular Probe Configurations				
Tip length	20 mm				
Body diameter	12 mm				
Tip diameter	3.9 mm/2.5 mm				
Distance from pr	obe tip to sensor center 2.0 mm/1.0 mm				
Application	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones				

Figure E.2.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique



The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 and EX3DV4 designed in the classical triangular configuration(see Fig. E.2.1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multitier line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

DAE System



Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

σ

ρ

SAR =
$$C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

where:

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

simulated tissue conductivity,

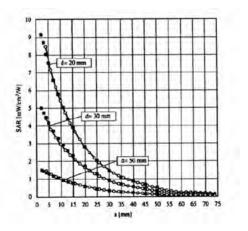
Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

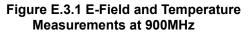
 Δt exposure time (30 seconds), =

С heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), =

 $\Delta T =$ temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;





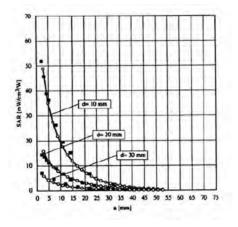


Figure E.3.2 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz

S



E.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

5	with		mpensated signal of channel i	(i=x,y,z)
$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{d^2}{dcp_i}$		cf = ci	put signal of channel i rest factor of exciting field iode compression point	(i=x,y,z) (DASY parameter) (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{i}}{Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
Norm_{i} = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^{2}$ for E-field probes
ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_{i} = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$	with	SAR E _{tot} σ	 = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³
		ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm ⁻

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pur} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
= total electric field strength in V/m



E.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. E.5.1)

SAM Twin Phantom Specification:



Figure E.5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin
	(SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation
	of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom
	region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow
	the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching
	three points with the robot.
	Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as
	Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm
	Width: 500 mm
	Height: adjustable feet

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. E.5.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure E.5.2 Sam Twin Phantom shell



E.6 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To

produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure E.6.1 Mounting Device



E.7 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot Repeatability No. of axis	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL 0.02 mm 6
Data Acquisition Electro	onic (DAE) System
Cell Controller	
Processor Clock Speed	Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz
Operating System	
Data Card	DASY5 PC-Board
Data Converter	
Features	Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic
Software	DASY5
Connecting Lines	Optical downlink for data and status info Optical uplink for commands and clock
PC Interface Card	
Function	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 4
	16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot
	direct emergency stop output for robot
E-Field Probes	
Model	ES3DV3 S/N: 3328/ EX3DV4 S/N: 3866
Construction	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz/10 MHz to 6 GHz
Linearity	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz/30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Phantom	
Phantom	SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)
Shell Material	Composite
Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure E.7.1 DASY5 Test System