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# **TEST REPORT**

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: ZNFPBSC510

Equipment Under Test : Bluetooth Speaker

Model Name : PBS-C510

Variant Model Name : NP7860W, NP7860U, NP7860P, NP7860B, NA8860W,

NA8860U, NA8860P

Applicant : LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.

Manufacturer : EM-TECH

Date of Test(s) : 2015.09.08 ~ 2015.09.15

Date of Issue : 2015.09.23

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By: Date: 2015.09.23

Youngmin Park

Approved By: Date: 2015.09.23

Hyunchae You



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# 1. General Information

# 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

-Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.

Phone No. + 82 31 688 0901 Fax No. : +82 31 688 0921

# 1.2. Details of Applicant

LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc. **Applicant** 

1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States Address

Lee, Jong-Chul Contact Person +1 201 816 2003 Phone No.

# 1.3. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	Bluetooth Speaker
Model Name	PBS-C510
Variant Model Name	NP7860W, NP7860U, NP7860P, NP7860B, NA8860W, NA8860U, NA8860P
Power Supply	DC 3.7 V (Used Li-ion Battery)
Frequency Range	2 402 Mb ~ 2 480 Mb (BT)
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channels (BT)
Antenna Type	Internal type
Antenna Gain	0.66 dBi

# 1.4. Declaration by the manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.



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## 1.5. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

## 1.5.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

# 1.5.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

## 1.5.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

```
02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11,
41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47,
64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55
```

## 1.5.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 Mb.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## 1.5.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a)(1) that the rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



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# 1.6. Information of variant model

Model name	Information
PBS-C510	- Basic model
NP7860W	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV model : White color
NP7860U	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV model : Blue color
NP7860P	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV model : Pink color
NP7860B	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV model : Black color
NA8860W	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV Sales model : White color
NA8860U	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV Sales model : Blue color
NA8860P	- Same to basic model, but it is different below function CAV Sales model : Pink color



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# 1.7. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 13, 2015	Annual	Jul. 13, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Nov. 04, 2014	Annual	Nov. 04, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103100	Jun. 22, 2015	Annual	Jun. 22, 2016
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000142	Dec. 11, 2014	Annual	Dec. 11, 2015
Bluetooth Tester	Anritsu	MT8852B	1219005	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122661	Mar. 16, 2015	Annual	Mar. 16, 2016
Band Reject Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WRCGV2400/2485-2375/2510-6 0/12SS	1	Jun. 08, 2015	Annual	Jun. 08, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	344	Jun. 08, 2015	Annual	Jun. 08, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Mar. 12. 2015	Annual	Mar. 12. 2016
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Mar. 12, 2015	Annual	Mar. 12, 2016
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY50060028	Mar. 23, 2015	Annual	Mar. 23, 2016
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2015	Annual	Aug. 27, 2016
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Apr. 10, 2015	Annual	Apr. 10, 2016
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 07, 2015	Annual	May 07, 2016
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 03, 2015	Annual	Mar. 03, 2016
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB9163	396	Jun. 18, 2015	Biennial	Jun. 18, 2017
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 19, 2015	Biennial	Aug. 19, 2017
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	Dec. 25, 2014	Annual	Dec. 25, 2015
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Dec. 24, 2014	Annual	Dec. 24, 2015
Shield Room	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.



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# 1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD : FCC Part15 subpart C								
Section in FCC 15	Test Item	Result						
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied						
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Complied						
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Output power	Complied						
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied						
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied						
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied						
15.207	Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied						

# 1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (ANSI C63.10-2009) and the guidance provided in DA 00-705 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

#### 1.10. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

#### 1.10.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Directional Coupler(dB) + Cable loss (dB)

#### 1.10.2. Radiation test

Field strength level ( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = Measured level ( $dB\mu V$ ) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) – amplifier gain (dB)

# 1.11. Test report revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501/RF-RTL009132	2015.09.15	Initial
1	F690501/RF-RTL009132-1	2015.09.23	Modified ANSI version



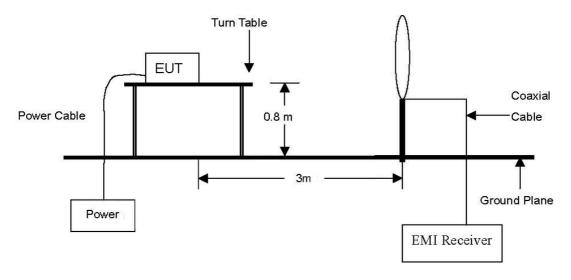
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# 2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

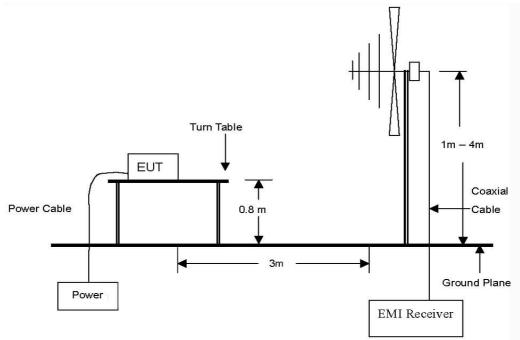
# 2.1. Test Setup

# 2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission below 30  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$  Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30  $\,\text{Mz}$  to 1  $\,\text{GHz}$  Emissions.



The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.

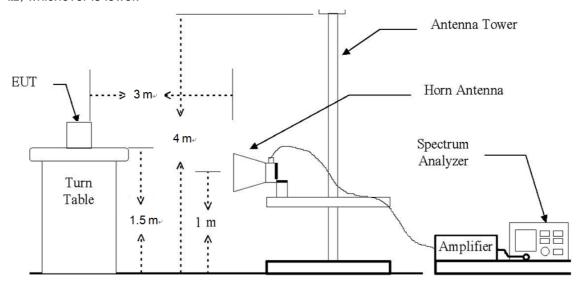
SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory) 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 435-040

http://www.sgsgroup.kr



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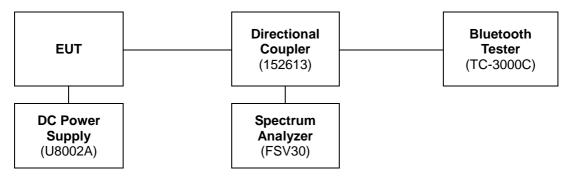
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1  $\times$  to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.





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# 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



## 2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (쌘)	Distance (Meters)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength $(\mu\!N/{ m m})$
0.009 - 0.490	300	20 log (2 400/F(klb))	2 400/F(紀2)
0.490 – 1.705	30	20 log (24 000/F(地))	24 000/F(kHz)
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.54	30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500



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#### 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of DA 00-705 and ANSI C63.10-2009.

#### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1  $\mbox{GHz}$  and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 @b. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 % the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1  $\,\mathrm{GHz}$ , the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



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#### NOTE;

All data rates and modes were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 @.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 Mb for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 № and the video bandwidth is 1/T<sub>on</sub> Hz (Ton = On-time of the Pulsed emission) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 强. VBW = 360  $\rm Hz \geq 1/T_{on} \rm Hz$ , pulse width in seconds ( $T_{on} = 2.90 \rm ms$ ). Refer to the DH5, 3DH5 of Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) test item.
- 4. When Average result is different from peak result over 20 dB (over-averaging), According to 15.35 (c), as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log(duty cycle) has to be used.
- 5. Definition of DUT Axis.

Definition of the test orthogonal plan for EUT was described in the test setup photo. The test orthogonal plan of EUT is **X-axis** during radiation test.

## 2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

## 2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

RBW ≥ 1% of the span

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

# 2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW > RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

## 2.3.3.3. Correction function

For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 26 MHz to 24.8 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



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#### 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

# 2.4.1. Spurious Radiated Emission below 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum from 26 Mb to 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correctio	Correction Factors		Total FCC Li		
Frequency (脈)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Margin (dB)
36.51	33.00	Peak	Н	15.39	-26.85	21.54	40.00	18.46
68.15	37.50	Peak	V	10.76	-26.36	21.90	40.00	18.10
76.76	47.80	Peak	V	9.90	-26.25	31.45	40.00	8.55
277.59	37.00	Peak	V	14.65	-24.13	27.52	46.00	18.48
855.19	37.70	Peak	Н	22.43	-22.91	37.22	46.00	8.78
Above 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remark:

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 础.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in **GFSK/ DH5 / Low channel** as worst case among other modes.
- 3. According to § 15.31(o), the amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.
- 4. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
- 5. The device has a reference clock operating at 26 Mb.



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# 2.4.2. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated.

**Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)** 

A. Low Channel (2 402 贴)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	24.65	Peak	V	27.77	6.48	58.90	74.00	15.10
*2 310.00	15.71	Average	V	27.77	6.48	49.96	54.00	4.04
*2 369.74	26.60	Peak	V	28.18	6.55	61.33	74.00	12.67
*2 360.72	15.74	Average	V	28.11	6.55	50.40	54.00	3.60
*2 390.00	25.01	Peak	V	28.08	6.47	59.56	74.00	14.44
*2 390.00	16.01	Average	V	28.08	6.47	50.56	54.00	3.44

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Li	mit	
Frequency (贴)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Li	mit	
Frequency (飐)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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# C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correctio	Correction Factors		FCC Limit		
Frequency (贴)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.20	Peak	V	28.17	6.65	60.02	74.00	13.98
*2 483.50	15.76	Average	V	28.17	6.65	50.58	54.00	3.42
*2 497.82	27.39	Peak	V	28.29	6.85	62.53	74.00	11.47
*2 486.10	15.80	Average	V	28.20	6.69	50.69	54.00	3.31
*2 500.00	25.34	Peak	V	28.31	6.88	60.53	74.00	13.47
*2 500.00	15.70	Average	V	28.31	6.88	50.89	54.00	3.11

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (贴)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC L	_imit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.74	Peak	V	27.77	6.48	59.99	74.00	14.01
*2 310.00	15.71	Average	V	27.77	6.48	49.96	54.00	4.04
*2 375.46	26.52	Peak	V	28.16	6.55	61.23	74.00	12.77
*2 318.04	15.81	Average	٧	27.85	6.39	50.05	54.00	3.95
*2 390.00	25.68	Peak	V	28.08	6.47	60.23	74.00	13.77
*2 390.00	15.90	Average	V	28.08	6.47	50.45	54.00	3.55

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (飐)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (畑)	Reading (ੴ/W)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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## C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.92	Peak	V	28.17	6.65	60.74	74.00	13.26
*2 483.50	15.75	Average	V	28.17	6.65	50.57	54.00	3.43
*2 492.19	26.52	Peak	V	28.26	6.77	61.55	74.00	12.45
*2 493.66	15.86	Average	V	28.27	6.79	50.92	54.00	3.08
*2 500.03	25.26	Peak	V	28.31	6.88	60.45	74.00	13.55
*2 500.03	15.79	Average	V	28.31	6.88	50.98	54.00	3.02

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (⋴®⊭۷)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dB <i>µ</i> V/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Remarks:

- 1. "\*" means the restricted band.
- 3. According to § 15.31(o), the amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.
- 4. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 5. Band edge measurement (Actual = Reading + AF + CL)
- 6. Radiated spurious emission measurement (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)

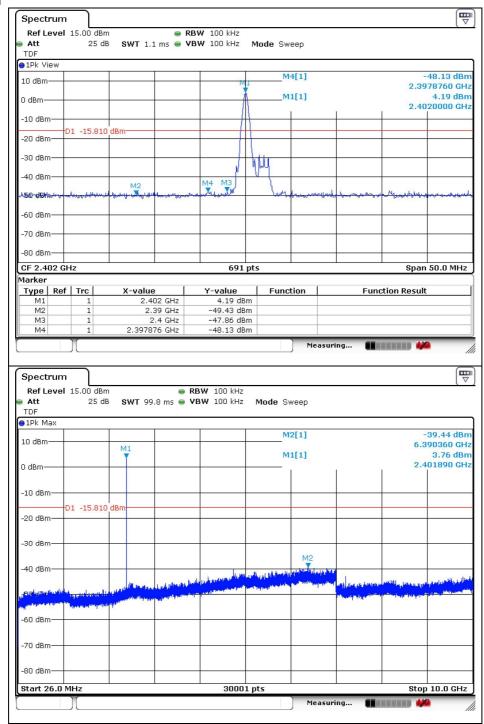


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# 2.4.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

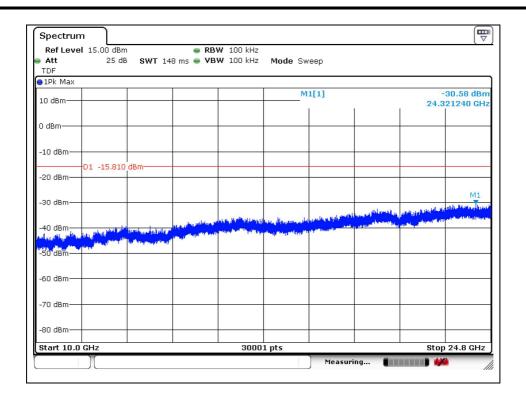
**Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)** 

Low Channel





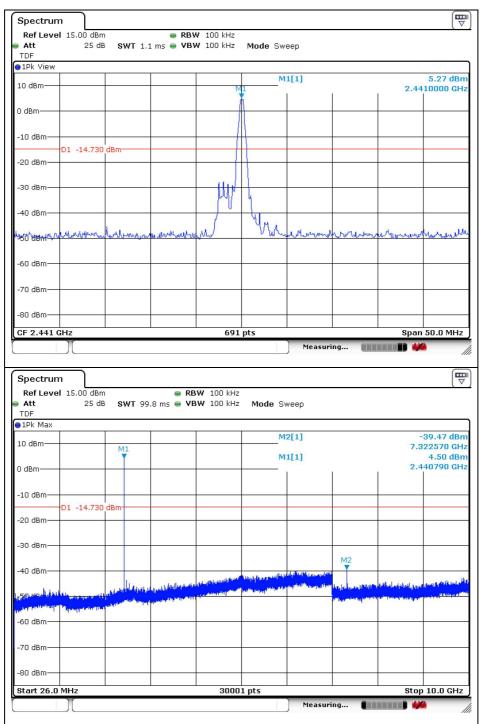
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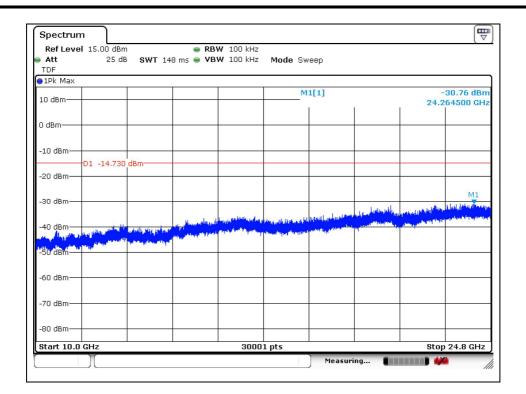
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#### Middle Channel





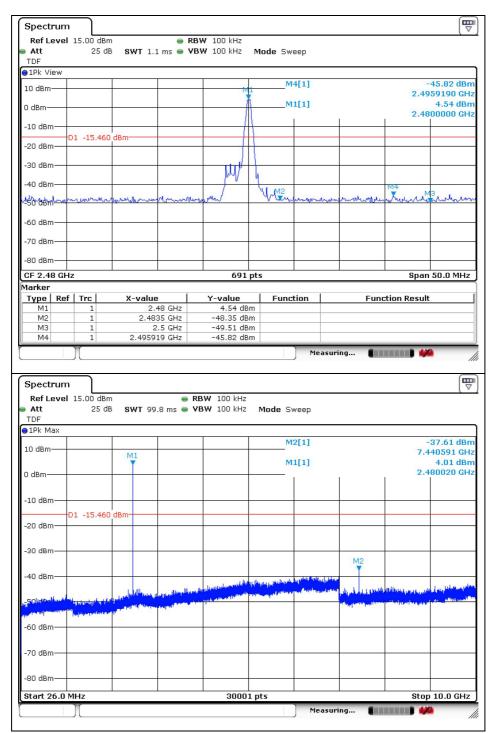
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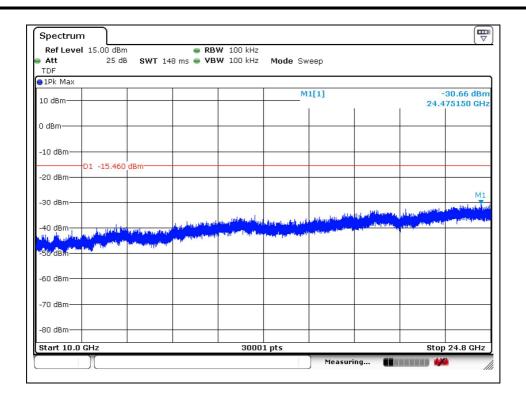
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# High Channel





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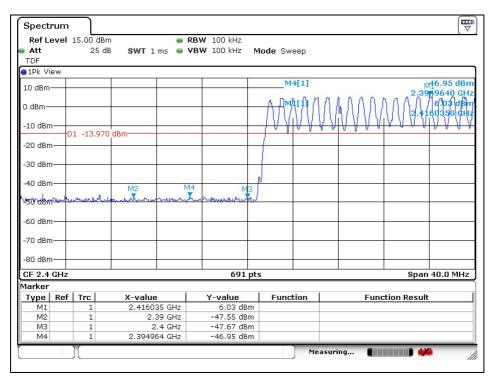




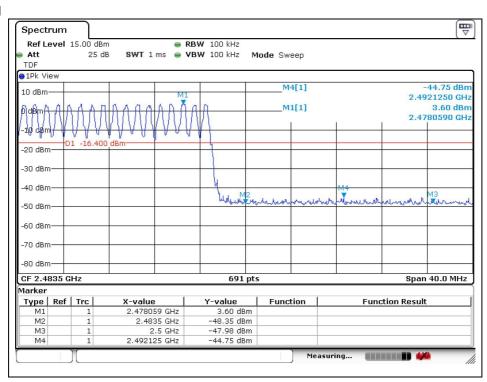
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## Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled

#### Low channel



# High channel

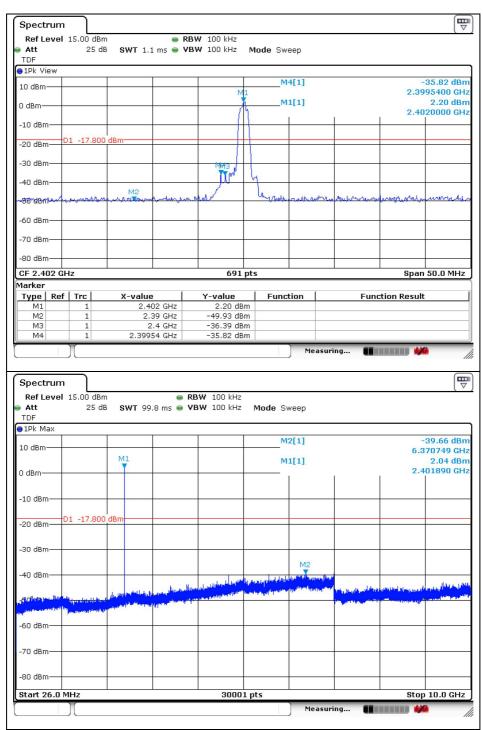




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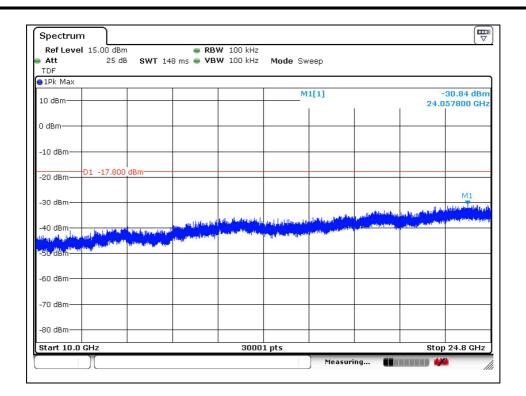
# **Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)**

Low Channel





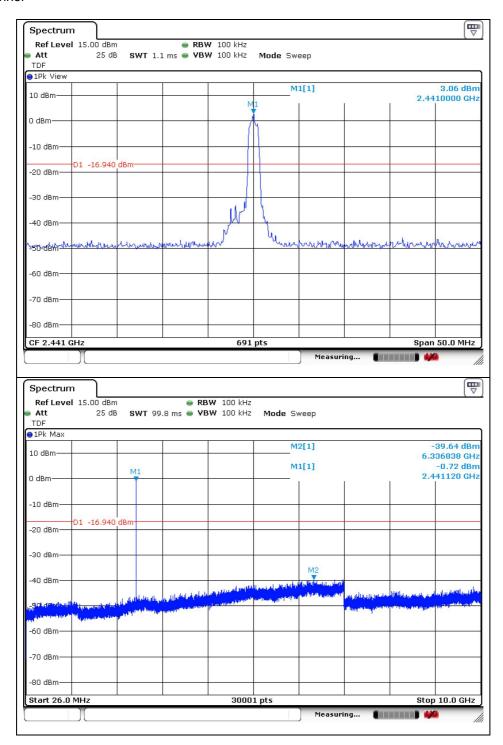
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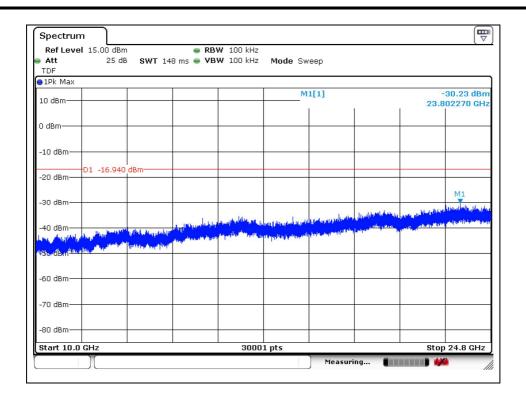
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#### Middle Channel





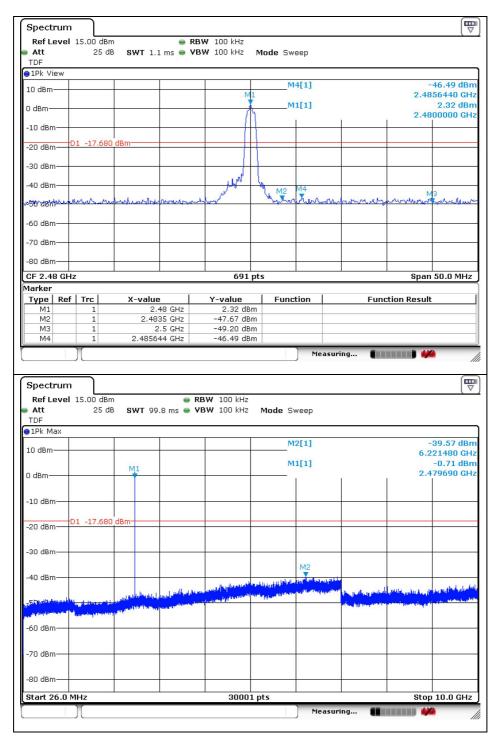
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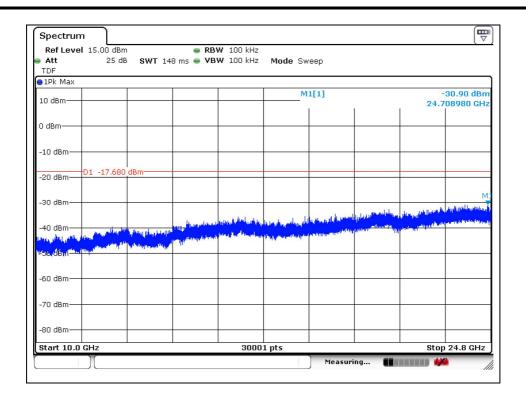
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## High Channel





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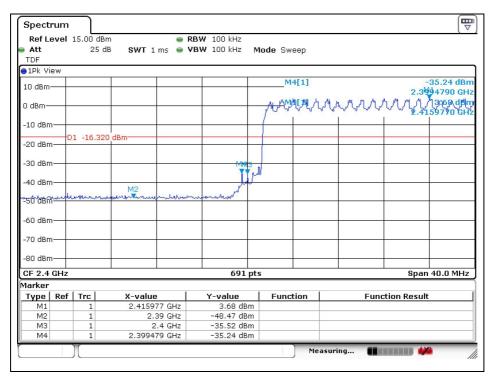




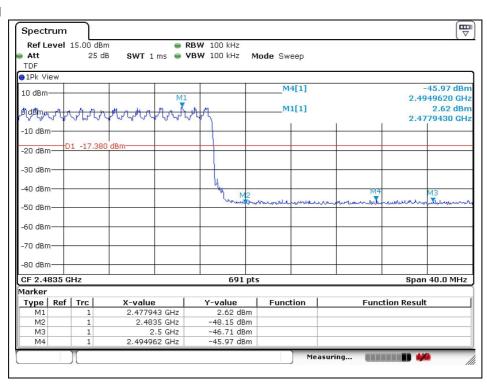
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# Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled

#### Low channel



#### High channel

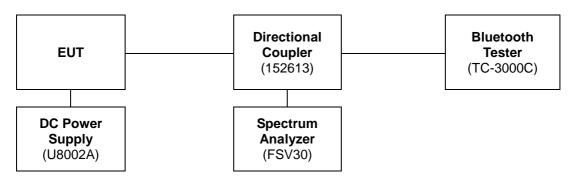




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# 3. 20 dB Bandwidth

## 3.1. Test Setup



## 3.2. **Limit**

Limit: Not Applicable

#### 3.3. Test Procedure

#### 3.3.1. 20 dB Bandwidth

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

The test follows DA 00-705.

The 20 dB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

RBW  $\geq$  1 % of the 20 dB bandwidth

 $VBW \geq RBW$ Sweep = auto

Detector = peak

Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.



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# 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity % R.H. : 47

Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	20 dB Bandwidth (船)	
		Low	2 402	0.964	
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	0.947	
		High	2 480	0.951	
		Low	2 402	1.272	
π/4DQPSK	2 Mbps 3 Mbps	2 Mbps	Middle	2 441	1.259
		High	2 480	1.250	
		Low	2 402	1.272	
8DPSK		Middle	2 441	1.268	
		High	2 480	1.272	

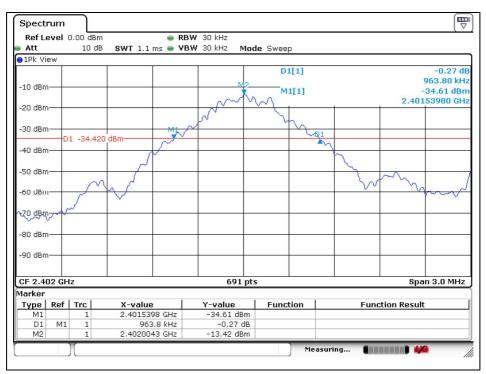


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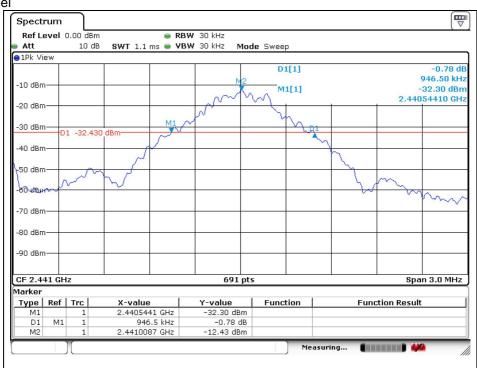
## 20 dB Bandwidth

**Operating Mode: GFSK** 

Low Channel



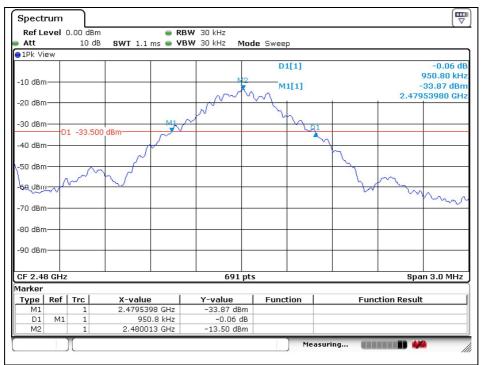
#### Middle Channel





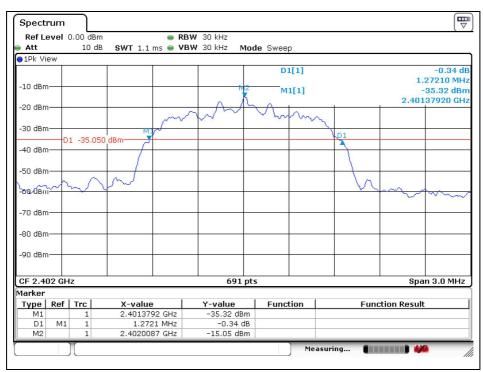
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#### High Channel



# Operating Mode: π/4DQPSK

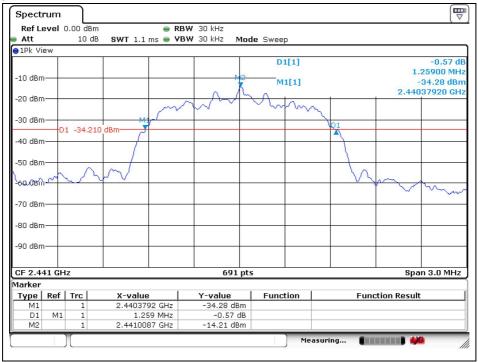
Low Channel



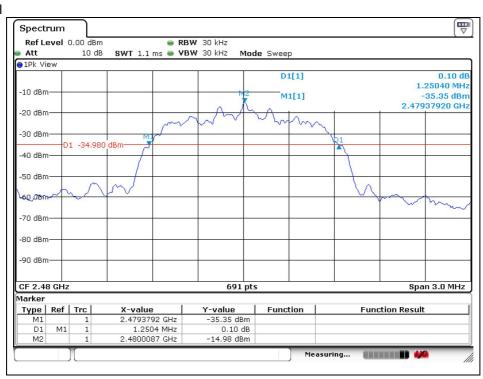


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#### Middle Channel



## High Channel

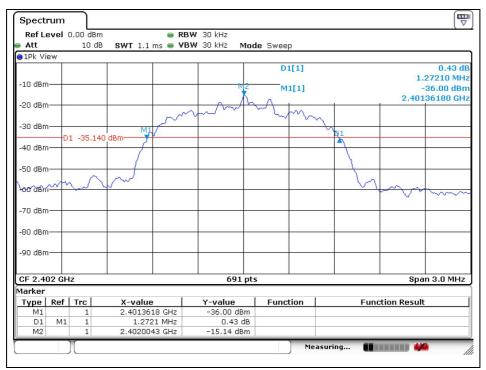




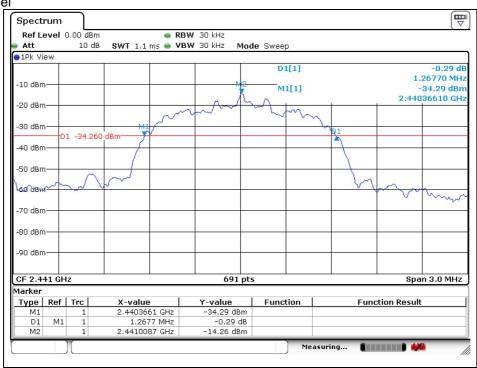
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## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

Low Channel



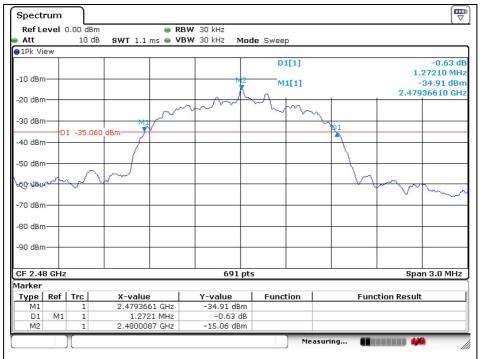
#### Middle Channel





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## High Channel

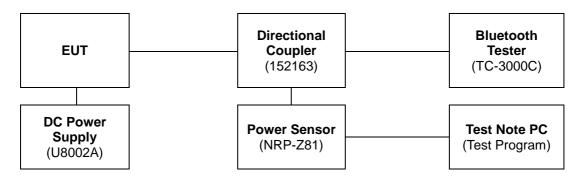




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# 4. Maximum Peak Output power

## 4.1. Test Setup



#### **4.2. Limit**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 klz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 − 2 483.5 Mb employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 − 5 805 Mb band: 1 Watt.

#### 4.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The test follows DA 00-705. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Power sensor.
- 3. Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)
- 4. Measure peak power each channel.



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## 4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	Directional Coupler + Cable offset (dB)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Limit (dB m)
		Low	2 402	15.68	4.51	30.00
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.70	<u>5.42</u>	30.00
		High	2 480	15.71	4.72	(dB m) 30.00
		Low	2 402	15.68	3.58	20.97
π/4DQPSK	2 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.70	<u>4.55</u>	20.97
		High	2 480	15.71	3.81	20.97
		Low	2 402	15.68	4.15	20.97
8DPSK	3 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.70	4.91	20.97
		High	2 480	15.71	4.26	20.97

#### Remark:

<sup>-</sup> In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is 0.125 W.

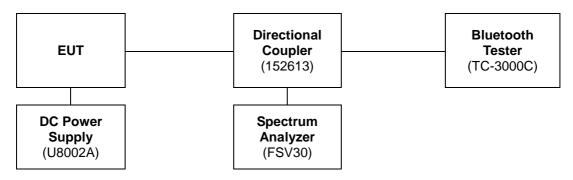
<sup>-</sup> Directional coupler and cable offset were compensated in test program (R&S Power Viewer) before measuring.



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# 5. Carrier Frequency Separation

## 5.1. Test Setup



#### 5.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping system operating in 2 400 − 2 483.5 Mb. Band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 klb or two-third of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

#### 5.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device is operating in hopping mode between 79 channels and also supporting Adaptive Frequency Hopping with hopping between 20 channels. As compared with each operating mode, 79 channels are chosen as a representative for test.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.

RBW ≥ 1 % of the span.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector = peak

Trace = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the between the peaks of the adjacent channels.



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## 5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C % R.H. Relative humidity : 47

Operation Mode	Channel (Middle)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (妣)	Two-third of 20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Bandwidth (妣)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	1 000	631	25
8DPSK	2 441 MHz	1 000	845	25

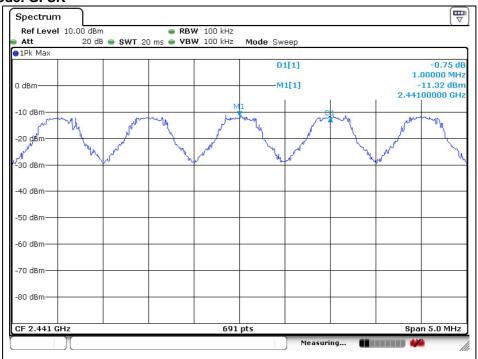
#### Note;

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

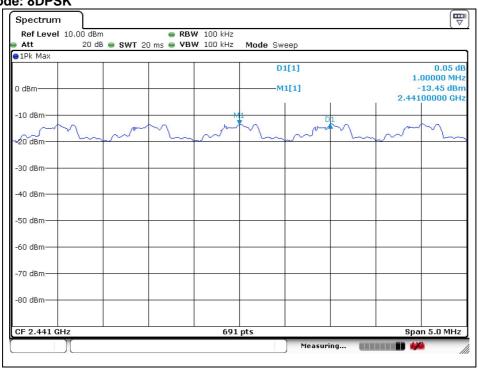


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

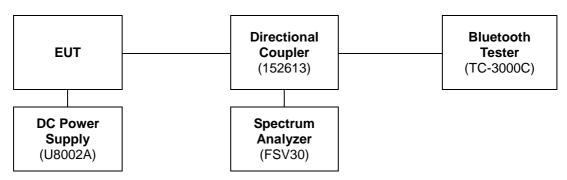




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# 6. Number of Hopping Frequencies

## 6.1. Test Setup



#### 6.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400–2 483.5 № band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

#### 6.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna the port to the Spectrum analyzer
- 3. Set spectrum analyzer Start = 2 400 Mb, Stop = 2 441.5 Mb, Sweep=sweep and Start = 2 441.5 Mb, Stop = 2 483.5 Mb, Sweep = sweep. Detector = peak.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW = 500 klb.
- 5. Max hold, allow the trace to stabilize and count how many channel in the band.



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## 6.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity % R.H. : 47

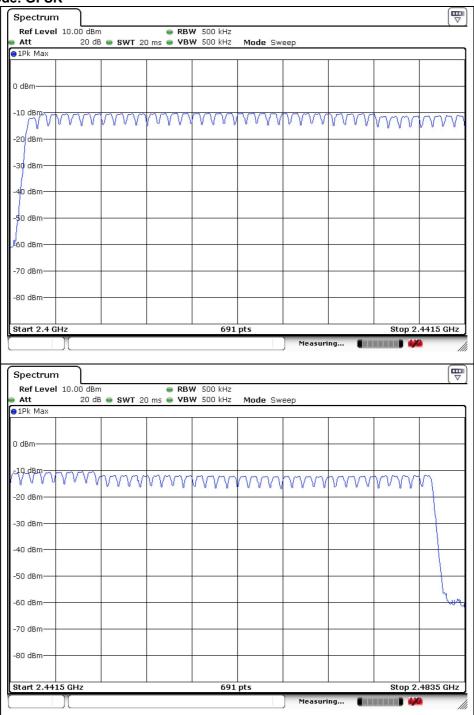
Operation Mode	Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit	
GFSK	79	≥15	
8DPSK	79	≥15	

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.



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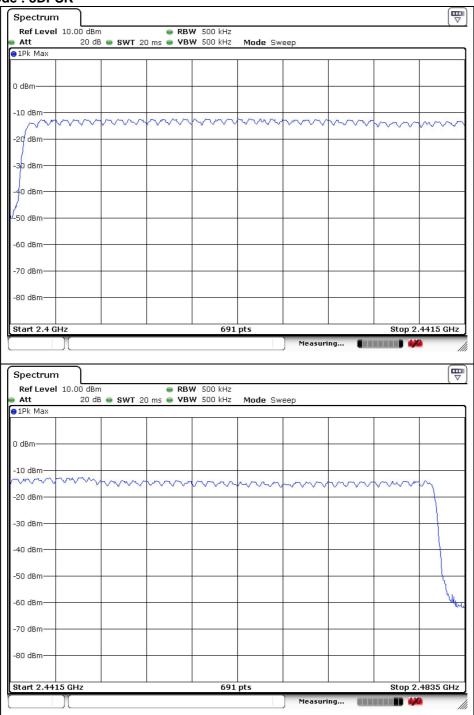
## **Operating Mode: GFSK**





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## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

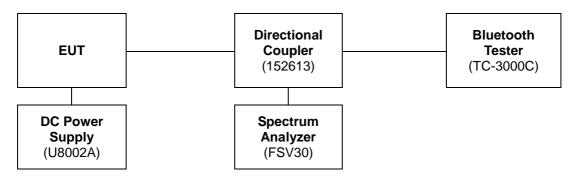




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# 7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### 7.1. Test Set up



#### **7.2. Limit**

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 − 2 483.5 Mb band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

A period time = 0.4 (s) \* 79 = 31.6 (s)

#### \*Adaptive Frequency Hopping

A period time = 0.4 (s) \* 20 = 8 (s)

#### 7.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
- 3. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 4. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5 and 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5. The hopping rate is insisted of 1 600 per second.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation repeat this test for each variation.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.

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http://www.sgsgroup.kr



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## 7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

7.4.1. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mbz	0.38	121.60	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	0.41	131.20	400

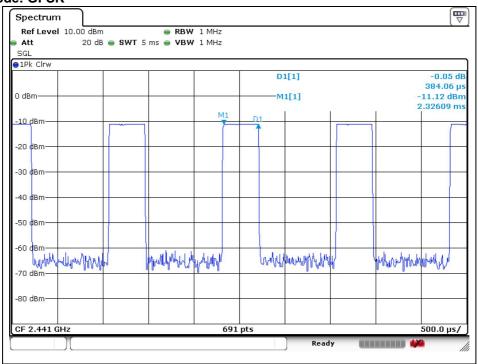
#### Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK,  $0.38 \times \{(1.600 \div 2) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 121.60 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK,  $0.41 \times \{(1600 \div 2) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 131.20 \text{ ms}$ 

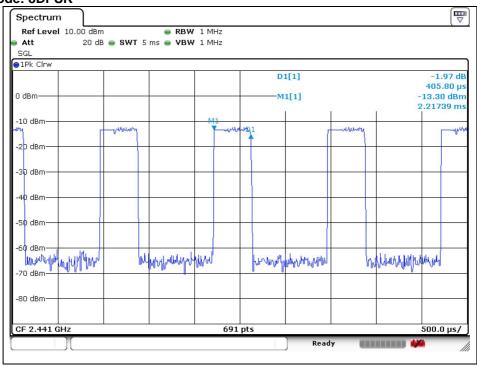


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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# 7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	1.65	264.00	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	1.65	264.00	400

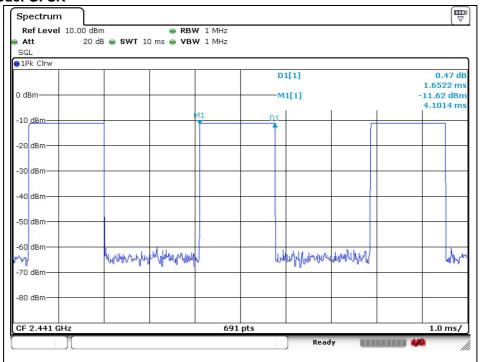
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK,  $1.65 \times \{(1.600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 264.00 \text{ ms}$ 

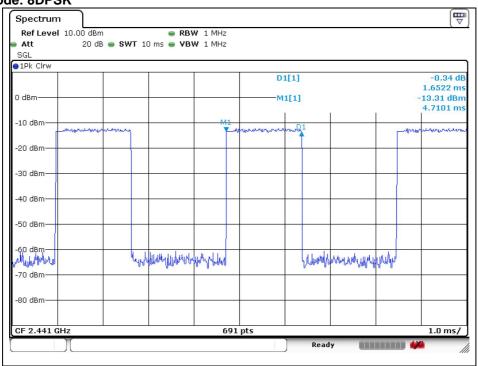


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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# 7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5

Operation Mode	Frequency	Frequency  Dwell Time (ms)  Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)		Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	
GFSK	2 441 Mb	2.87	306.13	400	
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	2.90	309.99	400	

Note:

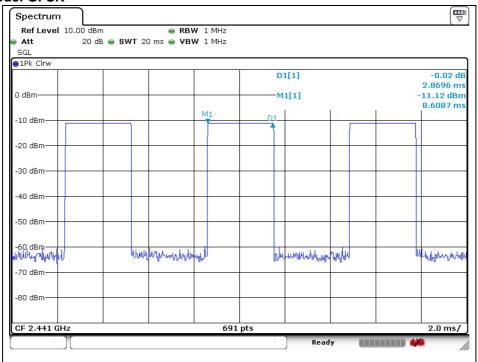
Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

In case of GFSK:  $2.87 \times \{(1.600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 306.13 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK:  $2.90 \times \{(1.600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 309.33 \text{ ms}$ 

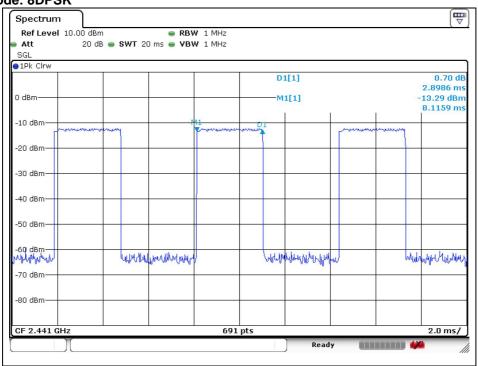


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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# 7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	0.38	60.80	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	0.41	65.60	400

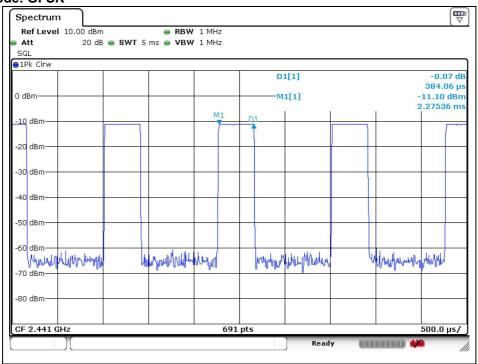
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK,  $0.38 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 60.80$  ms In case of 8DPSK,  $0.41 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 65.60 \text{ ms}$ 

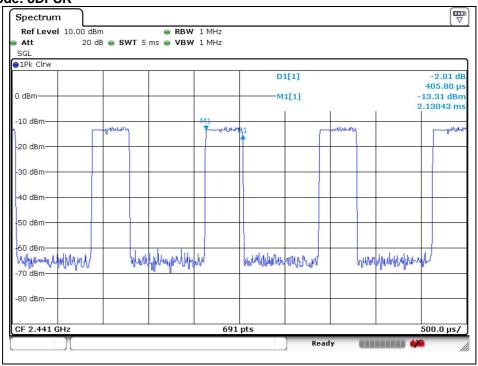


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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## 7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Frequency  Dwell Time (ms)  Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)		Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	
GFSK	2 441 Mb	1.64	131.20	400	
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	1.65	132.00	400	

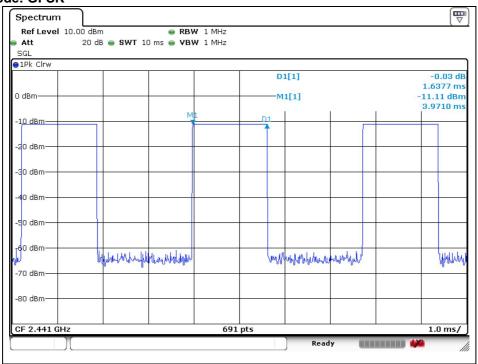
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK, 1.64  $\times$  {(800 ÷ 4) / 20}  $\times$  8 = 131.20 ms In case of 8DPSK,  $1.65 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 132.00 \text{ ms}$ 

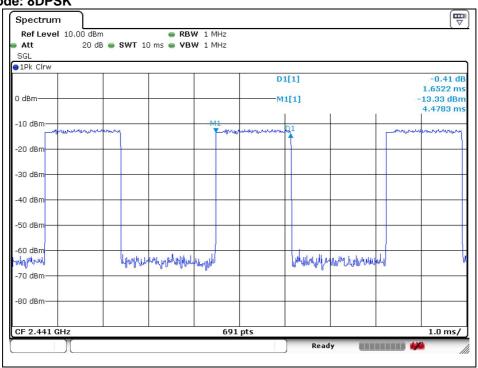


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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# 7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	2.90	154.67	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	2.90	154.67	400

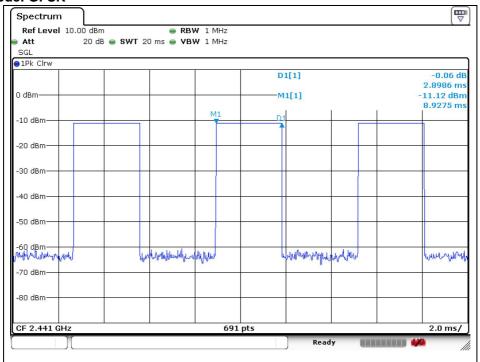
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, 2.90  $\times$  {(800  $\div$  6) / 20}  $\times$  8 = 154.67 ms

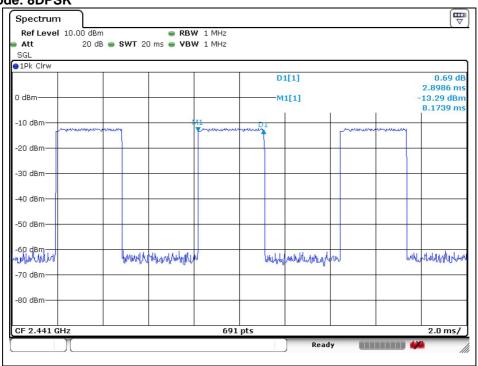


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

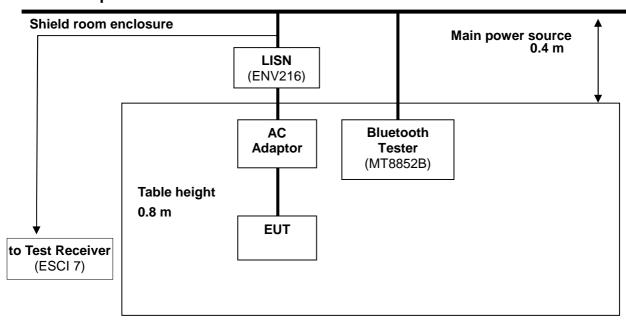




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## 8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

#### 8.1. Test Setup



#### 8.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$  H /50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Eroquency of Emission (Ally)	Conducted limit (dB ៧)				
Frequency of Emission (싼)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*			
0.50 - 5.00	56	46			
5.00 – 30.0	60	50			

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.



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#### 8.3. Test Procedures

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

AC power line conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2009

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) x 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. All connecting cables of EUT were moved to find the maximum emission.



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## 8.4. Test Results (Worst case configuration\_GFSK mode, 1 Mbps, Low channel)

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line.

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H. : 0.15 MHz − 30 MHz Frequency range

Measured Bandwidth : 9 kHz

FREQ.	LEVEL	LEVEL(dB µV)		LIMIT(	dBμV)	MARG	IN(dB)
(MHz)	Quasi Peak	Average	LINE	Quasi Peak	Average	Quasi Peak	Average
0.43	33.40	24.60	N	57.25	47.25	23.85	22.65
0.75	30.90	22.80	N	56.00	46.00	25.10	23.20
2.60	40.00	30.60	N	56.00	46.00	16.00	15.40
3.89	41.30	32.00	N	56.00	46.00	14.70	14.00
9.75	30.80	21.80	N	60.00	50.00	29.20	28.20
19.53	32.20	22.80	N	60.00	50.00	27.80	27.20
0.41	29.60	23.80	Н	57.65	47.65	28.05	23.85
0.78	28.90	23.80	Н	56.00	46.00	27.10	22.20
2.62	33.90	28.00	Н	56.00	46.00	22.10	18.00
4.10	39.00	29.50	Н	56.00	46.00	17.00	16.50
18.84	32.40	20.70	Н	60.00	50.00	27.60	29.30
24.18	21.80	11.00	Н	60.00	50.00	38.20	39.00

#### Note;

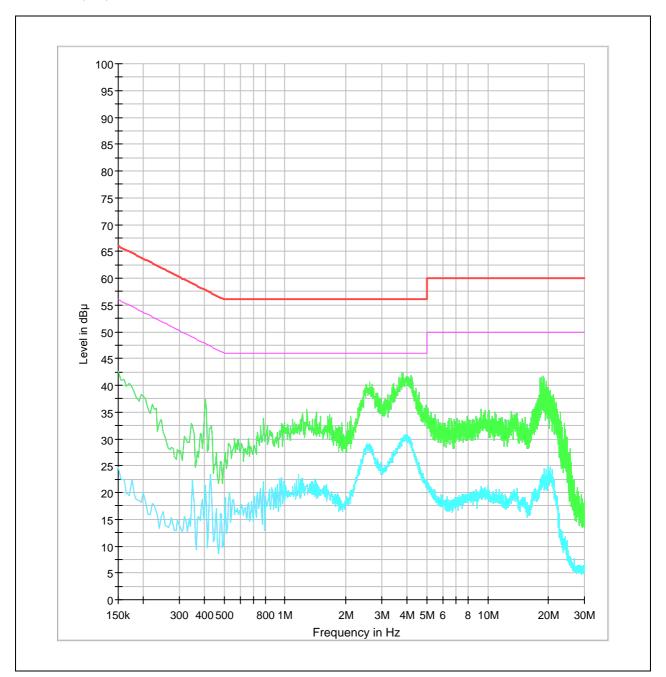
- 1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using GFSK mode, 1 Mbps, Low channel.
- The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 km to 30 km are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR. 3.
- 4. Traces shown in plot are made using a peak detector and average detector
- 5. Deviations to the Specifications: None.



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#### **Plots of Conducted Power line**

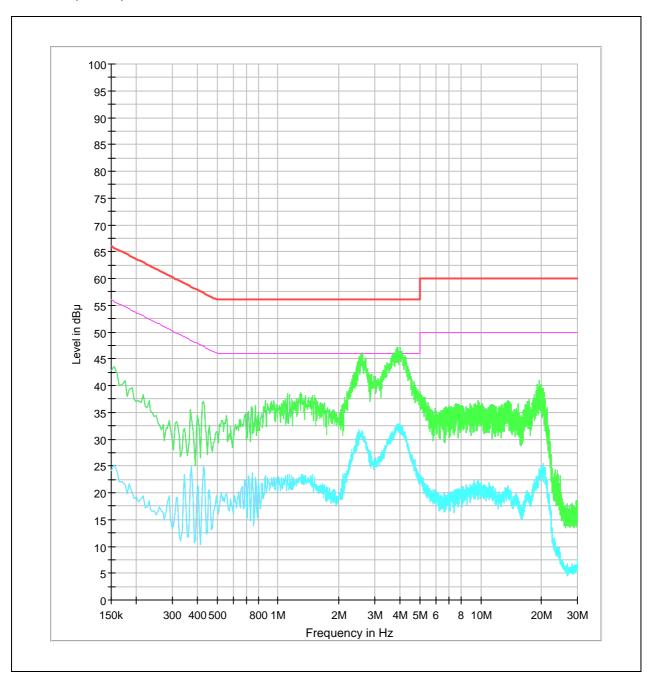
Test mode: (Hot)





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Test mode: (Neutral)





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# 9. Antenna Requirement

## 9.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

#### 9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is internal type with gain of 0.66 dB i.