SAR TEST REPORT

HCT CO., LTD

EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN
FCC ID	ZNFP716
Model	LG-P716
Additional Model	P716,LGP716
Date of Issue	Apr. 16, 2013
Test report No.	HCTA1304FS04
Test Laboratory	**HCT CO., LTD.** 105-1, Jangam-ri, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 467-811 TEL: +82 31 645 6300 FAX: +82 31 645 6401
Applicant	**LG Electronics, MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.** 1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
Testing has been carried out in accordance with	RSS-102 Issue 4; Health Canada Safety Code 6 47CFR §2.1093 FCC OET Bulletin 65(Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 – 1992 IEEE 1528-2003
Test result	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.
Signature	Report prepared by : Yun-Jeang Heo Test Engineer of SAR Part Approved by : Jae-Sang So Manager of SAR Part

Table of Contents

Version

Rev	DATE	DESCRIPTION
	Apr. 09, 2013	First Approval Report
1	Apr. 16, 2013	Page 31 is revised

1. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (d*W*) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (d*m*) contained in a volume element (d*V*) of a given density (*r*). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{\rho\, dv}\right)$$

Figure 2. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m^3)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01, IEEE Standard 1528-2003 & IEEE 1528a-2005 and the following published KDB procedures.

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D02 Guidance for 3GPP R6 and R7 HSPA v02v01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D04 SAR for GSM E GPRS Dual Xfer Mode v01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02(SAR Considerationa for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01

3. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
FCC ID	ZNFP716
Model	LG-P716, P716, LGP716
Trade Name	LG Electronics, MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Application Type	Certification
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM850/GSM1900/WCDMA850/WCDMA1900/802.11b/g/n
Tx Frequency	824.20 - 848.80 MHz (GSM850) /1 850.20 – 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900) 826.4 - 846.6 MHz (WCDMA850) /1 852.4 – 1 907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n)
Rx Frequency	869.20 - 893.80 MHz (GSM850)/ 1 930.20 – 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900) 871.4 - 891.6 MHz (WCDMA850) / 1 932.4 – 1 987.6 MHz (WCDMA1900) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n)
Production Unit or Identical Prototype	Prototype

Max SAR

Band	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Equipment Class	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)		
			Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM850	824.20 - 848.80	PCE	0.227	0.559	0.559
GSM1900	1 850.20 - 1 909.80	PCE	0.334	0.560	0.560
WCDMA850	826.4 - 846.6	PCE	0.218	0.764	0.764
WCDMA1900	1 852.4 – 1 907.6	PCE	0.524	0.843	0.843
802.11b	2 412- 2 462	DTS	0.342	0.158	0.158
Bluetooth	2 402 - 2 480	DSS	-		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01			0.866	1.001	1.001

Date(s) of Tests	Mar. 28, 2013 ~ Apr. 02, 2013
Antenna Type	Integral Antenna
GPRS	Mode Class: B
Key Feature(s)	This device supports Mobile Hotspot.

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.4.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

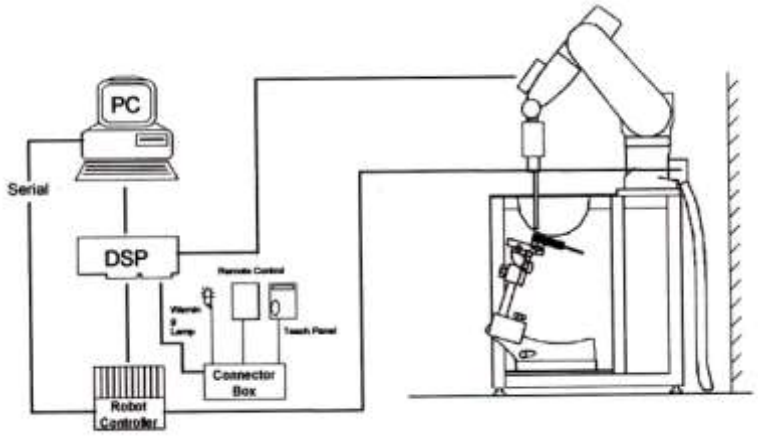


Figure 4.1 HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

4.2 DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

4.2.1 EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air
	Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1810
	Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
	± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz
	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields
	Compliance tests of mobile phones

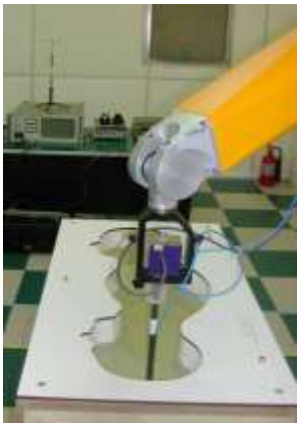


Figure 4.2 Photograph of the probe and the Phantom

Figure 4.3 EX3DV4 E-field Probe

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches a maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.3 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

4.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with an accuracy better than ± 10 %. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the proper procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm^3 for brain tissue)

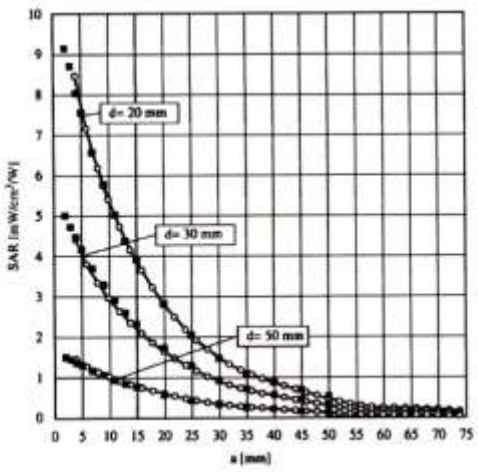


Figure 4.4 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900 MHz

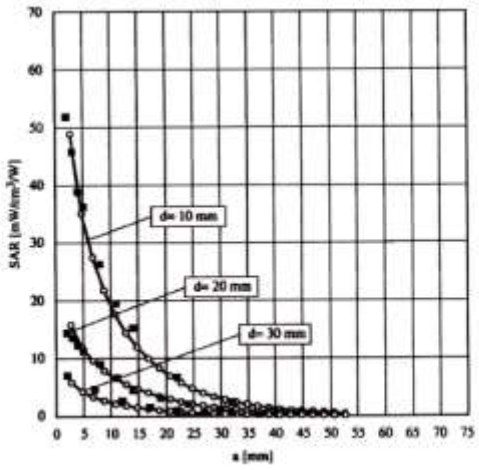


Figure 4.5 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.8 GHz

4.3.2 Data Extrapolation

The DASY4 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
U_i = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
$\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm^2
E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

4.4 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Filling Volume	about 25 L
Dimensions	810 mm x 1 000 mm x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Figure 4.6 SAM Phantom

Triple Modular Phantom consists of tree identical modules which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation. Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids. The MFP V5.1 will be delivered including wooden support only (**non**-standard SPEAG support).
Applicable for system performance check from 700 MHz to 6 GHz (MFP V5.1C) or 800 MHz - 6 GHz (MFP V5.1A) as well as dosimetric evaluations for body-worn operation.

Figure 3.6 MFP V5.1 Triple Modular Phantom

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 9.2 L
Dimensions	830 mm x 500 mm (L x W)

Figure 4.7 SAM Phantom

4.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Phantom V 4.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatable positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations. To produce the Worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

Figure 4.8 Device Holder

4.6 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bacteriacide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)											
	750		835		915		1 900		2 450		5200-5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	41.2	51.7	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	65.52	78.66
Salt (NaCl)	1.4	1.0	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	0.0	0.0
Sugar	57	47.2	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.2	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	17.24	10.67
DGBE	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	0.0
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	10.67

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

Table 4.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

4.7 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90L	F01/5K09A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F99/5A82A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Pavilion t000_puffer	KRJ51201TV	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Light Alignment Sensor	265	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D221340.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	648	Apr. 27, 2012	Annual	Apr. 27, 2013
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3863	Jul. 13, 2012	Annual	Jul. 13, 2013
SPEAG	Verification Dipole D835V2	441	May 16, 2012	Annual	May 16, 2013
SPEAG	Verification Dipole D1900V2	5d032	Jul. 20, 2012	Annual	Jul. 20, 2013
SPEAG	Verification Dipole D2450V2	743	Aug. 23, 2012	Annual	Aug. 23, 2013
Agilent	Power Meter(F) E4419B	MY41291386	Nov. 02, 2012	Annual	Nov. 02, 2013
Agilent	Power Sensor(G) 8481	MY41090870	Nov. 02, 2012	Annual	Nov. 02, 2013
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit 85070C	00721521	CBT		
HP	Dual Directional Coupler 778D	16072	Nov. 02, 2012	Annual	Nov. 02, 2013
HP	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	Feb. 14, 2013	Annual	Feb. 14, 2014
HP	Signal Generator 8664A	3744A02069	Nov. 02, 2012	Annual	Nov. 02, 2013
Hewlett Packard	11636B/Power Divider	11377	Nov. 11. 2012	Annual	Nov. 11. 2013
Agilent	N9020A/ SIGNAL ANALYZER	MY51110020	Jul. 31. 2012	Annual	Jul. 31. 2013
TESCOM	TC-3000C / BLUETOOTH TESTER	3000C000276	Jul. 11, 2012	Annual	Jul. 11, 2013

NOTE:

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.

2. CBT(Calibrating Before Testing). Prior to testing, the dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure(calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit(standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.

5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. The SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

3. Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

   a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
   b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
   c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

4. The SAR value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the evaluation is repeated.

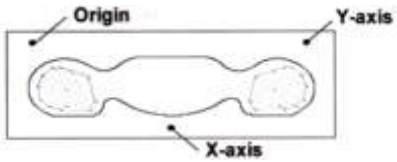


Figure 5.1 SAR Measurement Point in Area Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extend, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the hightest E-field value to determine the averaged SASR-distribution over 10g.

Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01 quoted below

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

6.1 HEAD POSITION

The device was placed in a normal operating position with the Point A on the device, as illustrated in following drawing, aligned with the location of the RE(ERP) on the phantom. With the ear-piece pressed against the head, the vertical center line of the body of the handset was aligned with an imaginary plane consisting of the RE, LE and M. While maintaining these alignments, the body of the handset was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point on the mouth-piece or keypad contacted the cheek. This is a cheek/touch position.
For ear/tilt position, while maintain the device aligned with the BM and FN lines, the device was pivot against ERP back for 15º or until the device antenna touch the phantom. Please refer to IEEE 1528-2003 illustration below.

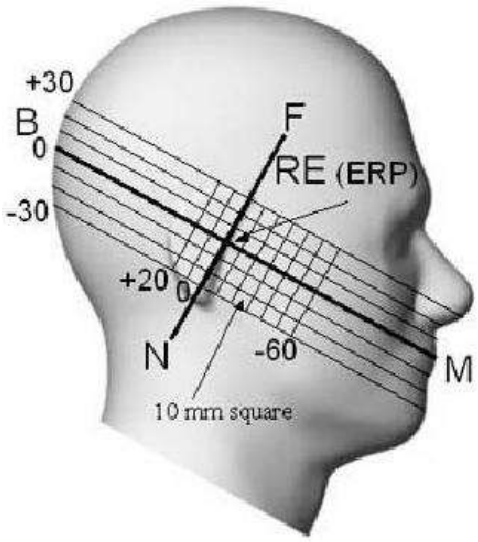


Figure 6.1 Side view of the phantom

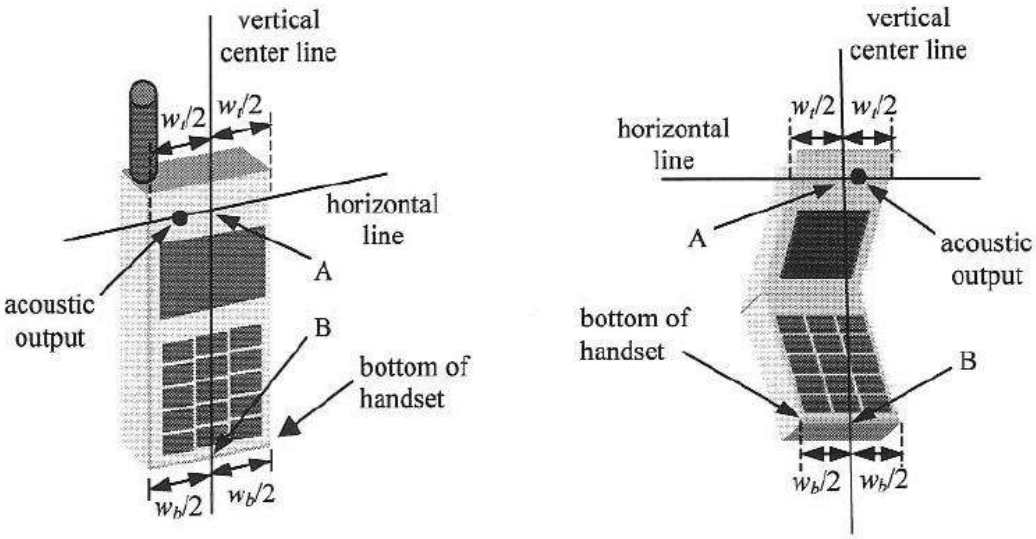


Figure 6.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

6.2 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 1.0 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person’s face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), Including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Tol (± %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	c_i	Standard Uncertainty (± %)	v_{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	6.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
2.Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.90	N	1.00	1	2.90	145
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
3.Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.07	N	1	0.64	1.32	9
Liquid Permitivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permitivity(meas.)	5.02	N	1	0.6	3.01	9
Combind Standard Uncertainty					11.13	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					k=2	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					22.25	

Table 7.1 Uncertainty (800 MHz- 2450 MHz)

8. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 8.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

9. SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KCB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be document to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR System Validation Summary

SAR System #	Probe	probe Type	Probe Calibration Point		Dipole	Date	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
							Measured Permittivity	Measured conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isortopy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	835	441	Dec.20,2012	40.4	0.92	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	1900	5d032	Dec.20,2012	39.8	1.4	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	2450	743	Dec.20,2012	38.1	1.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
1	3863	EX3DV4	Body	835	441	Dec.21,2012	56.9	0.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Body	1900	5d032	Dec.21,2012	51.8	1.54	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Body	2450	743	Dec.21,2012	52.9	1.96	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	Mar. 28, 2013	Head	21.0	εr	41.5	40.5	- 2.41	± 5
				σ	0.90	0.919	+ 2.11	± 5
835	Mar. 29, 2013	Body	21.1	εr	55.2	56.8	+ 2.90	± 5
				σ	0.97	0.985	+ 1.55	± 5
1 900	Mar. 30, 2013	Head	21.2	εr	40.0	40.8	+ 2.00	± 5
				σ	1.40	1.37	- 2.14	± 5
1 900	Mar. 31, 2013	Body	21.1	εr	53.3	52.2	- 2.06	± 5
				σ	1.52	1.56	+ 2.63	± 5
2 450	Apr. 2, 2013	Head	21.2	εr	39.2	38.3	- 2.30	± 5
				σ	1.80	1.83	+ 1.67	± 5
2 450	Apr. 2, 2013	Body	21.2	εr	52.7	53.6	+ 1.71	± 5
				σ	1.95	1.99	+ 2.05	± 5

The Tissue dielectronic parameters were measured prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070C Dielectronic Probe Kit and Agilent Network Analyzer.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at 835 MHz /1 900 MHz/ 2 450 MHz by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Probe (SN)	Dipole (SN)	Liquid	Amb. Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	1 W Target SAR_{1g} (SPEAG) (mW/g)	Measured SAR_{1g} (mW/g)	1 W Normalized SAR_{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	Mar. 28, 2013	3863	441	Head	21.2	21.0	9.43	0.969	9.69	+ 2.76	± 10
835	Mar. 29, 2013	3863		Body	21.3	21.1	9.50	0.985	9.85	+ 3.68	± 10
1 900	Mar. 30, 2013	3863	5d032	Head	21.2	21.0	39.0	3.86	38.6	- 1.03	± 10
1 900	Mar. 31, 2013	3863		Body	21.3	21.1	39.9	4.03	40.3	+ 1.00	± 10
2 450	Apr. 2, 2013	3863	743	Head	21.3	21.1	52.7	5.21	52.1	- 1.14	± 10
2 450	Apr. 2, 2013	3863		Body	21.4	21.2	51.2	5.25	52.5	+ 2.54	± 10

10.3 Test System Verification Procedure

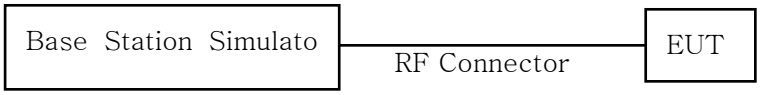
SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)
- Cabling the system, using the Verification kit equipments.
- Generate about 100 mW Input Level from the Signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole Antenna was placed below the Flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

11. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.
The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber.
Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR
SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested
and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement
Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted
Power deviations of more then 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

11.1 GSM

Conducted output power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.



SAR Test for WWAN were performed with a base station simulator Agilent E5515C. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power during all tests. Please refer to the below worst case SAR operation setup.

- GSM voice: Head SAR
- GPRS Multi-slots : Body SAR with GPRS Multi-slot Class12 with CS 1 (GMSK)

Note;

CS1/MCS7 coding scheme was used in GPRS/EDGE output power measurements and SAR Testing, as a condition where GMSK/8PSK modulation was ensured. Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4/ MCS5 – MCS9 settings do not have any impact on the output levels in the GPRS/EDGE modes.

GSM850
Target Power : 33.2 dBm

GSM1900
Target Power : 30.2 dBm

GPRS850
GPRS 1tx : 33.2 dBm
GPRS 2tx : 31.2 dBm
GPRS 3tx : 29.7 dBm
GPRS 4tx : 28.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5dB/ +0.5dB

PCS1900
GPRS 1tx : 30.2 dBm
GPRS 2tx : 27.7 dBm
GPRS 3tx : 26.2 dBm
GPRS 4tx : 24.7 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5dB/ +0.5dB

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM 850	128	33.14	33.15	31.40	29.89	28.40
	190	33.18	33.18	31.39	29.88	28.39
	251	33.14	33.15	31.37	29.85	28.38
GSM 1900	512	30.51	30.52	27.99	26.47	25.04
	661	30.41	30.42	27.88	26.37	24.93
	810	30.40	30.41	27.87	26.36	24.92

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM 850	128	24.11	24.12	25.38	25.63	25.39
	190	24.15	24.15	25.37	25.62	25.38
	251	24.11	24.12	25.35	25.59	25.37
GSM 1900	512	21.48	21.49	21.97	22.21	22.03
	661	21.38	21.39	21.86	22.11	21.92
	810	21.37	21.38	21.85	22.1	21.91

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 9.03 dB

2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 6.02 dB

3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 4.26 dB

4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 3.01 dB

11.2 WCDMA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

11.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3 GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

11.2.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

11.2.3 Body SAR Measurement

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

11.2.4 Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

Sub-Test 1 Setup for Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	CM (dB) (2)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 (3)	15/15 (3)	64	12/15 (3)	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

11.2.5 Handsets with Release 6 HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA)

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75 % of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.1 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP is applicable for head exposure, SAR is not required when the maximum output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body measurement should be used to test for head exposure.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG (4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (3)	15/15 (3)	64	11/15 (3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}: 47/15 β_{ed2}: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (4)	15/15 (4)	64	15/15 (4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

WCDMA850
Target Power : 24.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5dB/ +0.5dB
WCDMA1900
Target Power : 23.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5dB/ +0.5dB

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	Cellular Band [dBm]						MPR Target
		Subtest	4132	Power reduction (dB)	4183	Power reduction (dB)	4233	Power reduction (dB)	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.15		24.33		24.22		-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	24.13		24.32		24.22		-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	24.03	0	24.12	0	24.07	0	0
5		Subtest 2	23.89	-0.14	24.00	-0.12	23.95	-0.12	0
5		Subtest 3	23.42	-0.61	23.51	-0.61	23.51	-0.56	-0.5
5		Subtest 4	23.34	-0.69	23.53	-0.59	23.51	-0.56	-0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	23.14	-0.08	23.66	-0.15	23.8	-0.12	0
6		Subtest 2	22.13	-1.09	22.33	-1.48	22.25	-1.67	-2
6		Subtest 3	22.67	-0.55	22.64	-1.17	22.53	-1.39	-1
6		Subtest 4	22.33	-0.89	22.82	-0.99	22.30	-1.62	-2
6		Subtest 5	23.22	0	23.81	0	23.92	0	0
3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	PCS Band [dBm]						MPR Target
		Subtest	9262	Power reduction (dB)	9400	Power reduction (dB)	9538	Power reduction (dB)	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.20		23.27		23.19		-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.21		23.23		23.18		-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.11	0	23.15	0	23.10	0	0
5		Subtest 2	23.06	-0.05	23.17	0.02	23.04	-0.06	0
5		Subtest 3	22.71	-0.4	22.80	-0.35	22.67	-0.43	-0.5
5		Subtest 4	22.72	-0.39	22.74	-0.41	22.67	-0.43	-0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.47	-0.12	22.87	0	22.98	-0.15	0
6		Subtest 2	21.15	-1.44	21.25	-1.62	21.39	-1.74	-2
6		Subtest 3	21.83	-0.76	21.83	-1.04	22.11	-1.02	-1
6		Subtest 4	21.52	-1.07	21.95	-0.92	22.08	-1.05	-2
6		Subtest 5	22.59	0	22.75	-0.12	23.13	0	0

11.3 WiFi

11.3.1 SAR Testing for 802.11b/g/n modes

General Device Setup

Normal Network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

Frequency Channel Configurations

802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11.802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; Channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz § 15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11,15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels.

These are referred to as the “default test channels”. 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

Mode		GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	"Default Test Channels"			
					§15.247		UNII	
					802.11b	802.11g		
802.11 b/g		2.412	1		√	∇		
		2.437	6	6	√	∇		
		2.462	11		√	∇		
802.11a	UNII	5.18	36				√	
		5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)				*
		5.22	44					*
		5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)			√	
		5.26	52				√	
		5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)				*
		5.30	60					*
		5.32	64				√	
		5.500	100	Unknown				*
		5.520	104				√	
		5.540	108					*
		5.560	112					*
		5.580	116				√	
		5.600	120					*
		5.620	124				√	
		5.640	128					*
		5.660	132					*
		5.680	136				√	
		5.700	140					*
	UNII or §15.247	5.745	149		√		√	
		5.765	153	152 (5.76 GHz)		*		*
		5.785	157		√			*
		5.805	161	160 (5.80 GHz)		*	√	
	§15.247	5.825	165		√			

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

2.4GHz
802.11b : 16 dBm 802.11g : 13 dBm 802.11n : 12 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5dB/ +0.5dB

▣ TEST RESULTS-Average

Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11b Mode)

802.11b Mode		Rate	Measured	Limit
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	(dBm)
2412	1	1 Mbps	15.38	30
		2 Mbps	15.26	30
		5.5 Mbps	15.31	30
		11 Mbps	14.99	30
2437	6	1 Mbps	15.68	30
		2 Mbps	15.66	30
		5.5 Mbps	15.70	30
		11 Mbps	15.56	30
2462	11	1 Mbps	15.64	30
		2 Mbps	15.57	30
		5.5 Mbps	15.68	30
		11 Mbps	15.43	30

Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11g Mode)

802.11g Mode		Rate	Measured	Limit
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	(dBm)
2412	1	6 Mbps	13.09	30
		9 Mbps	12.63	30
		12 Mbps	12.52	30
		18 Mbps	12.41	30
		24 Mbps	12.19	30
		36 Mbps	11.88	30
		48 Mbps	11.41	30
		54 Mbps	10.97	30
2437	6	6 Mbps	12.30	30
		9 Mbps	12.02	30
		12 Mbps	12.04	30
		18 Mbps	11.34	30
		24 Mbps	11.64	30
		36 Mbps	10.90	30
		48 Mbps	10.98	30
		54 Mbps	10.79	30
2462	11	6 Mbps	12.75	30
		9 Mbps	12.00	30
		12 Mbps	12.02	30
		18 Mbps	12.19	30
		24 Mbps	12.14	30
		36 Mbps	11.74	30
		48 Mbps	11.31	30
		54 Mbps	11.29	30

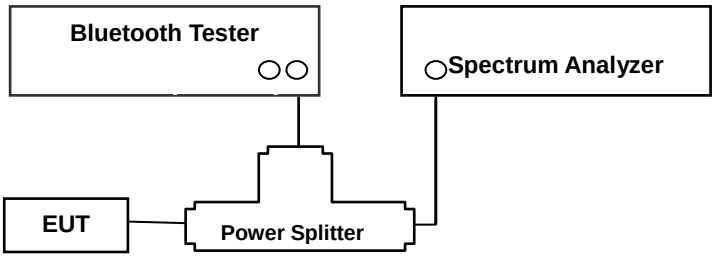
Conducted Output Power Measurements (802.11n Mode)

802.11n Mode		Rate	Measured	Limit
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	(dBm)
2412	1	6.5 Mbps	11.13	30
		13 Mbps	11.12	30
		19.5 Mbps	11.05	30
		26 Mbps	10.66	30
		39 Mbps	10.94	30
		52 Mbps	10.41	30
		58.5 Mbps	9.73	30
		65 Mbps	9.82	30
2437	6	6.5 Mbps	11.05	30
		13 Mbps	11.43	30
		19.5 Mbps	10.84	30
		26 Mbps	10.56	30
		39 Mbps	10.85	30
		52 Mbps	9.92	30
		58.5 Mbps	10.09	30
		65 Mbps	9.98	30
2462	11	6.5 Mbps	10.83	30
		13 Mbps	10.68	30
		19.5 Mbps	10.45	30
		26 Mbps	10.45	30
		39 Mbps	10.23	30
		52 Mbps	9.73	30
		58.5 Mbps	9.32	30
		65 Mbps	9.26	30

Note;
SAR testing was performed according to the FCC KDB 248227.

11.4 Bluetooth Average Power

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the average detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

1. Span = 2 MHz (GFSK) / 5 MHz (π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK)
2. RBW = auto (GFSK) / auto (π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK)
3. VBW = auto (GFSK) / auto (π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK)
4. Sweep = 1 s
5. Packet type= DH5 (GFSK) / 2-DH5 (π/4DQPSK) / 3-DH5 (8DPSK)

Target Power :
GFSK : 4.5 dBm
8DPSK : 3.0 dBm
π /4DQPSK : 3.0 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance: - 1.0dB/ + 1.0dB

Bluetooth Average Conducted output powers

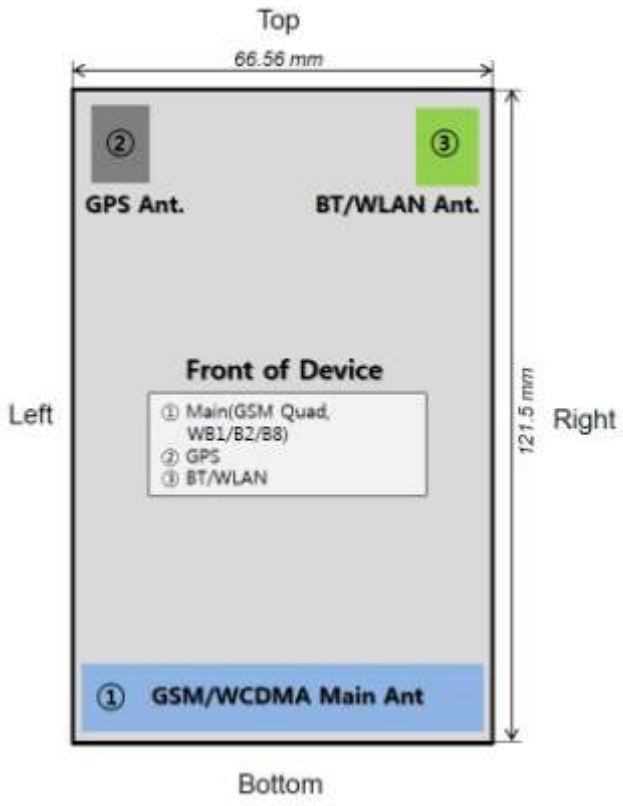
Model	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)		
			GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK
LG-P716	0	2402	3.87	2.30	2.30
	39	2441	5.27	3.66	3.66
	78	2480	4.65	3.03	3.01

12. SAR Test configuration & Antenna Information

12.1 SAR Test configurations

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
850 GPRS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
1900 GPRS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WCDMA850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WCDMA1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

12.2 Antenna and Device Information



[Front side View]

Note;

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, we performed the SAR testing at 1 cm from the top & bottom surfaces and also from side edges with a transmitting antenna ≤ 2.5 cm from an edge.

※ Please see the LG-716_Antenna_Distance file for further information.

13. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

13.1 Measurement Results (GSM850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM850	33.18	0.129	Standard	Left Ear	0.153	0.172	1
			33.18	0.059	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.121	0.136	2
			33.18	-0.044	Standard	Right Ear	0.147	0.166	3
			33.18	0.101	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.098	0.110	4
836.6	190 (Mid)	Voip GPRS3Tx	29.88	0.084	Standard	Left Ear	0.211	0.227	5
			29.88	0.053	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.165	0.178	6
			29.88	0.112	Standard	Right Ear	0.203	0.219	7
			29.88	-0.019	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.130	0.140	8
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].

2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.

4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.

5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.

6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator

7 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.

8 For Head SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class12 with 3uplink slots for GSM850 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
According to the KDB 941225 D03 SAR test reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE, the maximum output power configuration were chosen for SAR testing.

13.2 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	GSM1900	30.41	-0.187	Standard	Left Ear	0.245	0.262	9
			30.41	0.055	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.137	0.146	10
			30.41	0.018	Standard	Right Ear	0.165	0.176	11
			30.41	0.025	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.124	0.133	12
1 880.0	661 (Mid)	Voip GPRS3Tx	26.37	-0.023	Standard	Left Ear	0.310	0.334	13
			26.37	0.103	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.173	0.187	14
			26.37	0.036	Standard	Right Ear	0.193	0.208	15
			26.37	0.129	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.143	0.154	16

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit **Spatial Peak** **Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population**	**Head** **1.6 W/kg (mW/g)** Averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].

2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.

4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.

5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.

6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator

7 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.

8 For Head SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class12 with 3uplink slots for GSM1900 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
According to the KDB 941225 D03 SAR test reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE, the maximum output power configuration were chosen for SAR testing.

13.3 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	24.33	0.064	Standard	Left Ear	0.200	0.218	17
			24.33	0.172	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.159	0.173	18
			24.33	-0.177	Standard	Right Ear	0.193	0.210	19
			24.33	-0.101	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.136	0.148	20
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
7 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
8 WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSPA Inactive.

13.4 Measurement Results (WCDMA1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	-0.022	Standard	Left Ear	0.475	0.524	21
			23.27	-0.057	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	0.250	0.276	22
			23.27	0.002	Standard	Right Ear	0.288	0.318	23
			23.27	0.028	Standard	Right Tilt 15°	0.219	0.242	24
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
7 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
8 WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSPA Inactive.

13.5 Measurement Results (802.11b/g/n Head)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Data Rate	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel									
2 437	6 (Mid)	802.11b	15.68	0.028	Standard	Left Ear	1Mbps	0.283	0.342	25
			15.68	-0.191	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	1Mbps	0.148	0.179	26
			15.68	-0.196	Standard	Right Ear	1Mbps	0.137	0.165	27
			15.68	0.104	Standard	Right Tilt 15	1Mbps	0.094	0.114	28
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☒ Manual Test cord ☐ Base Station Simulator
7 IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.
8 For 2.4GHz WLAN, Highest average power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation based on KDB 248227. Other channels are not necessary because 1g-average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg and peak SAR < 1.6W/Kg per KDB 248227.

13.6 Measurement Results (GSM850 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	29.88	0.010	Rear	1.0 cm	0.519	0.559	29
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	29.88	0.021	Front	1.0 cm	0.277	0.298	30
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	29.88	0.039	Left	1.0 cm	0.284	0.306	31
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	29.88	0.076	Right	1.0 cm	0.413	0.445	32
836.6	190 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	29.88	0.024	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.086	0.093	33
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram**			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].

2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.

4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.

5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.

6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator

7 Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster

8 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.

9 For body SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class12 with 3uplink slots for GSM850 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
According to the KDB 941225 D03 SAR test reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE, the maximum output power configuration were chosen for Body SAR testing.

13.7 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
1 880	661 (Mid)	GPRS 3Tx	26.37	0.120	Rear	1.0 cm	0.519	0.560	34
			26.37	0.108	Front	1.0 cm	0.372	0.401	35
			26.37	0.017	Left	1.0 cm	0.176	0.190	36
			26.37	0.111	Right	1.0 cm	0.096	0.104	37
			26.37	0.077	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.222	0.240	38
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
7 Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
8 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
9 For body SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class12 with 3uplink slots for GSM1900 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
According to the KDB 941225 D03 SAR test reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE, the maximum output power configuration were chosen for Body SAR testing.

13.8 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA850	24.33	0.006	Rear	1.0 cm	0.702	0.764	39
			24.33	0.042	Front	1.0 cm	0.281	0.306	40
			24.33	-0.022	Left	1.0 cm	0.323	0.352	41
			24.33	0.191	Right	1.0 cm	0.394	0.429	42
			24.33	0.039	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.104	0.113	43
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-Body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
7 Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
8 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
9 WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSPA Inactive.

13.9 Measurement Results (WCDMA1900 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
1 852.4	9262 (Low)	WCDMA1900	23.20	0.071	Rear	1.0 cm	0.751	0.843	44
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	0.163	Rear	1.0 cm	0.729	0.805	45
1 907.6	9583 (High)	WCDMA1900	23.19	0.018	Rear	1.0 cm	0.668	0.751	46
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	-0.010	Front	1.0 cm	0.446	0.492	47
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	0.050	Left	1.0 cm	0.251	0.277	48
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	0.167	Right	1.0 cm	0.16	0.177	49
1 880.0	9400 (Mid)	WCDMA1900	23.27	0.090	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.327	0.361	50
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram**			

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-Body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☐ Manual Test cord ☒ Base Station Simulator
7 Test Configuration ☐ With Holster ☒ Without Holster
8 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
9 WCDMA Mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps and HSPA Inactive.

13.10 Measurement Results (802.11b/g/n Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
2 437	6 (Mid)	802.11b	15.68	-0.016	Rear	1Mbps	0.131	0.158	51
			15.68	0.172	Front	1Mbps	0.046	0.056	52
			15.68	0.007	Right	1Mbps	0.091	0.110	53
			15.68	0.168	Top	1Mbps	0.053	0.064	54
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)** Averaged over 1 gram			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 Battery Type ☒ Standard ☐ Extended ☐ Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
6 Test Signal Call Mode ☒ Manual Test code ☐ Base Station Simulator
7 IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.
8 For 2.4GHz WLAN, Highest average power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation based on KDB 248227. Other channels are not necessary because 1g-average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg and peak SAR < 1.6W/Kg per KDB 248227.

13.11 Measurement Results (Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Channel								
836.6	190 (Mid)	GSM 850	33.18	-0.029	Rear	1.0 cm	0.392	0.442	55
1 880	661 (Mid)	GSM 1900	30.41	0.021	Rear	1.0 cm	0.367	0.392	56
836.6	4183 (Mid)	WCDMA 850	24.33	0.006	Rear	1.0 cm	0.702	0.764	39
1 852.4	9262 (Low)	WCDMA 1900	23.20	0.071	Rear	1.0 cm	0.751	0.843	44
2 437	6 (Mid)	802.11b (1 Mbps)	15.68	-0.016	Rear	1.0 cm	0.131	0.158	51
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						**Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram**			

NOTES:

1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-body position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
5 According to KDB 447498, Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
6 Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operation. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.

14. SAR Summation Scenario

	Position	Applicable Combination
Simultaneous Transmission	Head	GSM 850 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		GSM 1 900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		GPRS 850 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi(*)
		GPRS 1 900 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi(*)
		WCDMA 850 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		WCDMA 1 900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
	Hotspot	GPRS 850 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		GPRS1 900 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		WCDMA 850 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		WCDMA 1 900 Data + 2.4 GHz WiFi
	Body-worn	GSM850 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		GSM1900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		GSM850 Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth
		GSM1900 Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth
		WCDMA 850 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		WCDMA 1 900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi
		WCDMA 850 Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth
		WCDMA 1 900 Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth
BT and WLAN are not simultaneous transmission. (*)= For VoIP 3rd party applications possibly installed and used by end-user		

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, The SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel(mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist(mm)} * \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

. Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separatuin Distance	≤ 3.0
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	
Bluetooth	2441	3	10	0.53

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required [(3/10)*√2.441] = 0.53 < 3.0.

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.22, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1-g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter

$$\text{.Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel,mW})}{\text{Min.Separation Distance}}$$

. Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separatuin Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	3	10	0.07

Note : Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. The Estimated SAR results were determined according to FCC KDB447498 D01v05

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Held to Ear

Band	configuration	Scaled SAR(W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR (W/kg)	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
GSM 850	Left Cheek	0.172	0.342	0.514
	Left Tilt	0.136	0.179	0.315
	Right Cheek	0.166	0.165	0.331
	Right Tilt	0.110	0.114	0.224
GSM 1 900	Left Cheek	0.262	0.342	0.604
	Left Tilt	0.146	0.179	0.325
	Right Cheek	0.176	0.165	0.341
	Right Tilt	0.133	0.114	0.247
GPRS 850	Left Cheek	0.227	0.342	0.569
	Left Tilt	0.178	0.179	0.357
	Right Cheek	0.219	0.165	0.384
	Right Tilt	0.140	0.114	0.254
GPRS 1 900	Left Cheek	0.334	0.342	0.676
	Left Tilt	0.187	0.179	0.366
	Right Cheek	0.208	0.165	0.373
	Right Tilt	0.154	0.114	0.268
WCDMA 850	Left Cheek	0.218	0.342	0.560
	Left Tilt	0.173	0.179	0.352
	Right Cheek	0.21	0.165	0.375
	Right Tilt	0.148	0.114	0.262
WCDMA 1 900	Left Cheek	0.524	0.342	0.866
	Left Tilt	0.276	0.179	0.455
	Right Cheek	0.318	0.165	0.483
	Right Tilt	0.242	0.114	0.356

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn (1 cm)

Band	configuration	Scaled SAR(W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR (W/kg)	BT SAR (W/kg)	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
GSM 850	Rear	0.442	0.158		0.60
				0.07	0.512
GSM 1900	Rear	0.392	0.158		0.55
				0.07	0.462
GPRS 850	Rear	0.559	0.158		0.717
				0.07	0.629
GPRS 1900	Rear	0.560	0.158		0.718
				0.07	0.630
WCDMA 850	Rear	0.764	0.158		0.922
				0.07	0.834
WCDMA 1900	Rear	0.843	0.158		1.001
				0.07	0.913

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot (1 cm)

Band	configuration	Scaled SAR(W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR (W/kg)	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
GPRS 850	Rear	0.559	0.158	0.717
	Front	0.298	0.056	0.354
	Left	0.306		0.306
	Right	0.445	0.110	0.555
	Bottom	0.093		0.093
	Top		0.064	0.064
GPRS 1 900	Rear	0.560	0.158	0.718
	Front	0.401	0.056	0.457
	Left	0.190		0.190
	Right	0.104	0.110	0.214
	Bottom	0.240		0.240
	Top		0.064	0.064
WCDMA 850	Rear	0.764	0.158	0.922
	Front	0.306	0.056	0.362
	Left	0.352		0.352
	Right	0.429	0.110	0.539
	Bottom	0.113		0.113
	Top		0.064	0.064
WCDMA 1 900	Rear	0.843	0.158	1.001
	Front	0.492	0.056	0.548
	Left	0.277		0.277
	Right	0.177	0.110	0.287
	Bottom	0.361		0.361
	Top		0.064	0.064

15. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

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Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	1

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

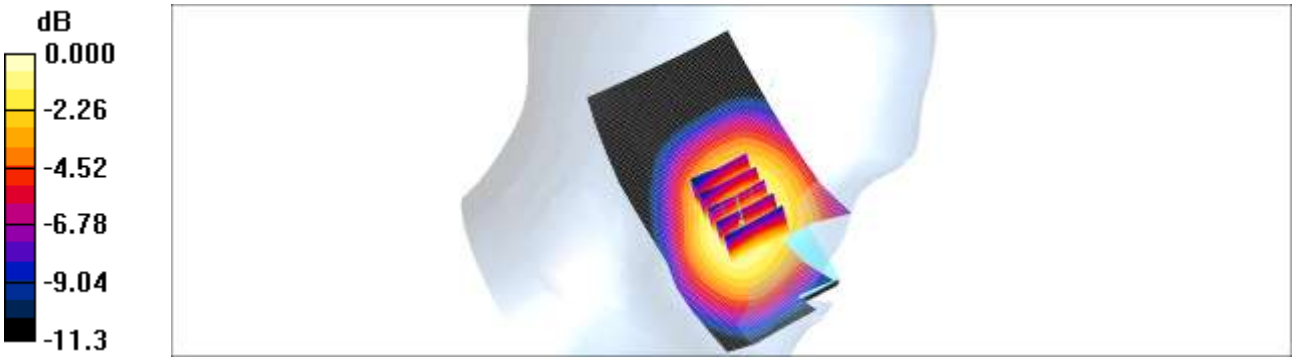
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Left touch 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.162 mW/g

Left touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.199 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 mW/g



0 dB = 0.161mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	2

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

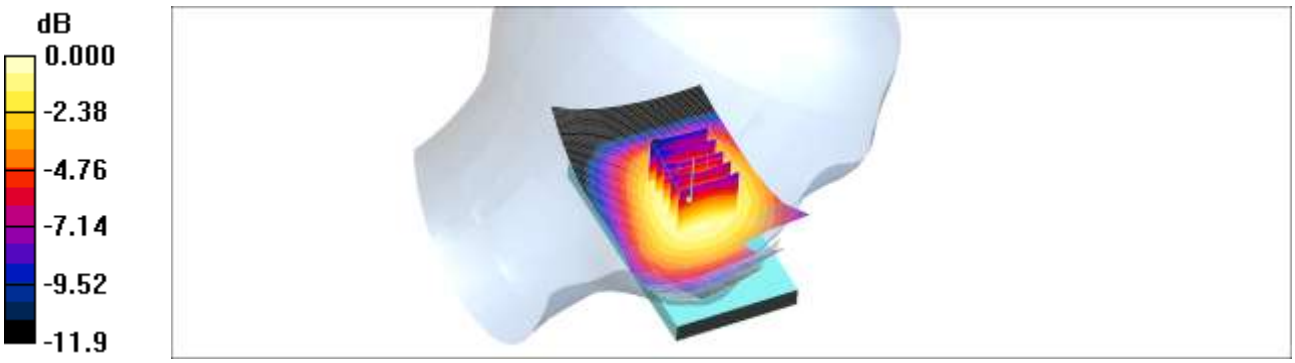
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Left tilt 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

Left tilt 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.158 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.121 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g



0 dB = 0.127mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	3

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

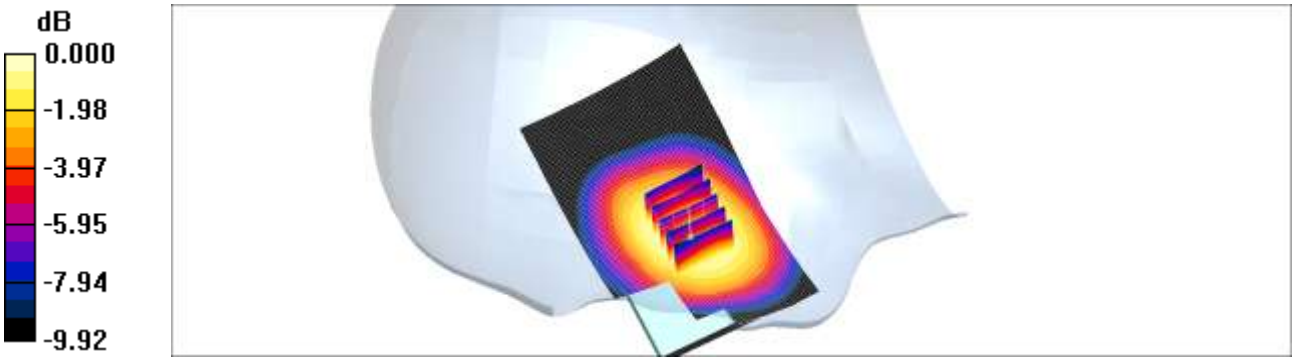
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right touch 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 mW/g

Right touch 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g



0 dB = 0.154mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	4

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

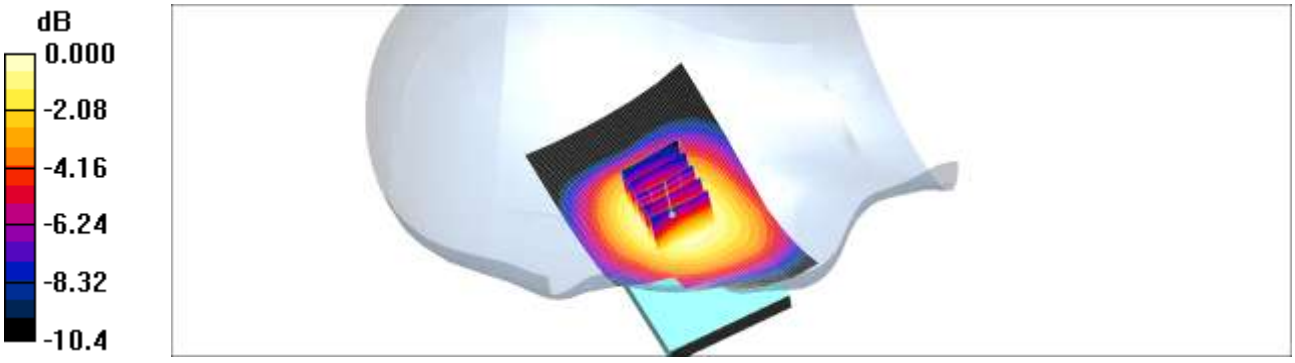
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right tilt 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 mW/g

Right tilt 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.098 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 mW/g



0 dB = 0.103mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	5

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

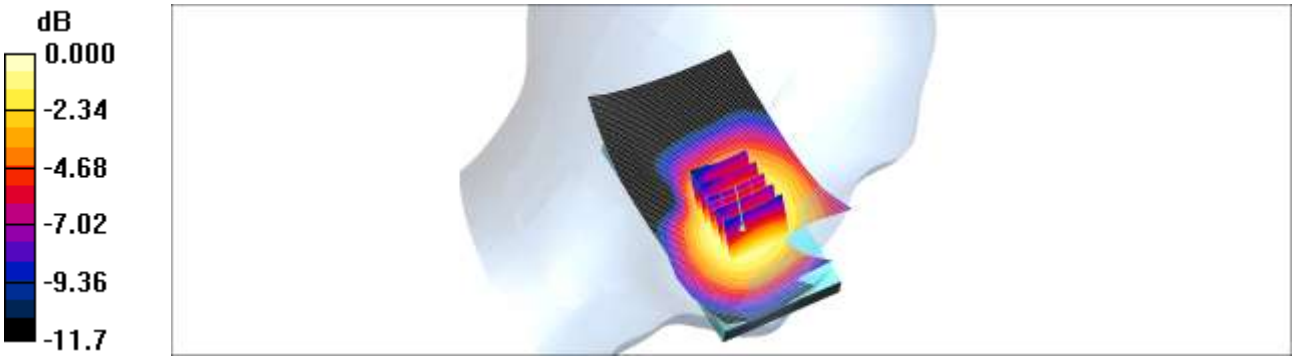
Left touch 3Tx 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 mW/g

Left touch 3Tx 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.084 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 mW/g



0 dB = 0.223mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	6

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

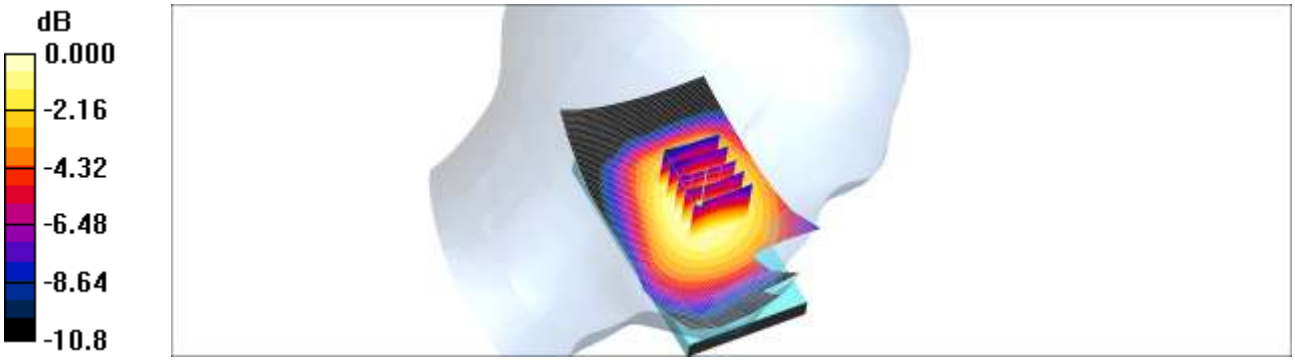
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Left tilt 3Tx 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 mW/g

Left tilt 3Tx 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.165 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 mW/g



0 dB = 0.174mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	7

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

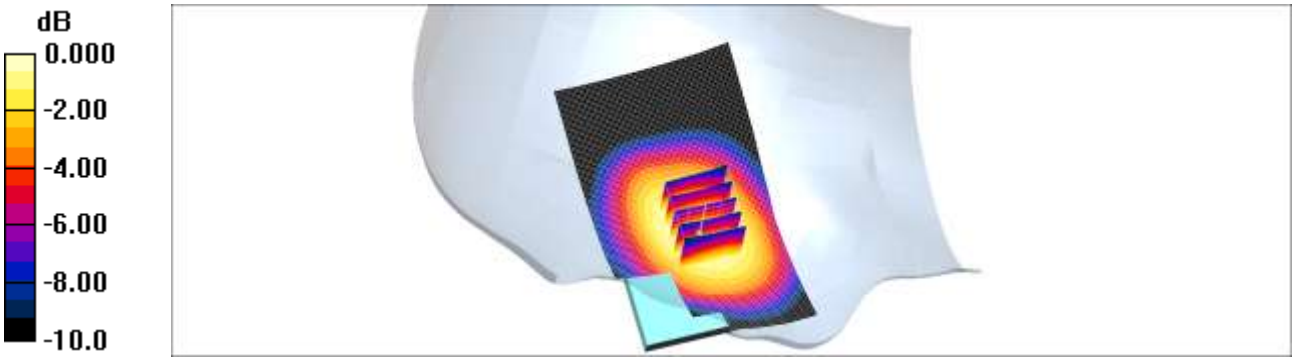
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right touch 3Tx 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.218 mW/g

Right touch 3Tx 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.203 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.214 mW/g



0 dB = 0.214mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	8

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

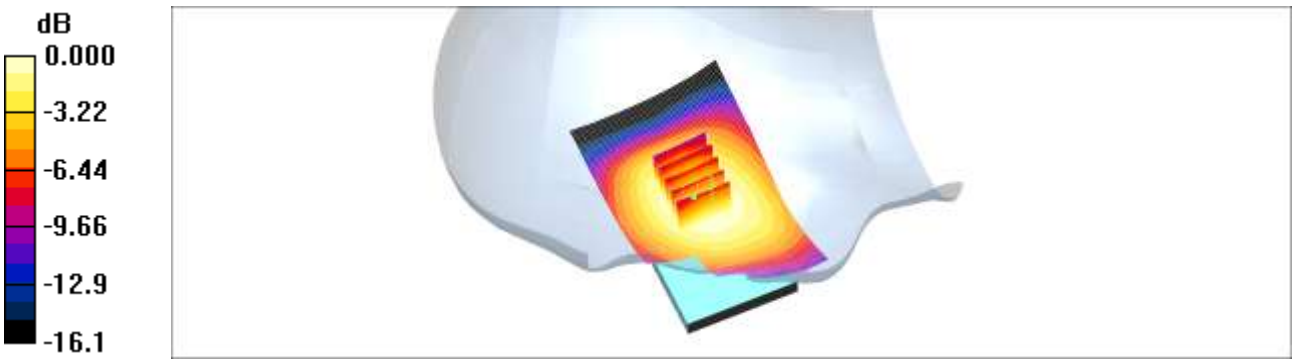
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right tilt 3Tx 190/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 mW/g

Right tilt 3Tx 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.167 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.130 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g



0 dB = 0.137mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	9

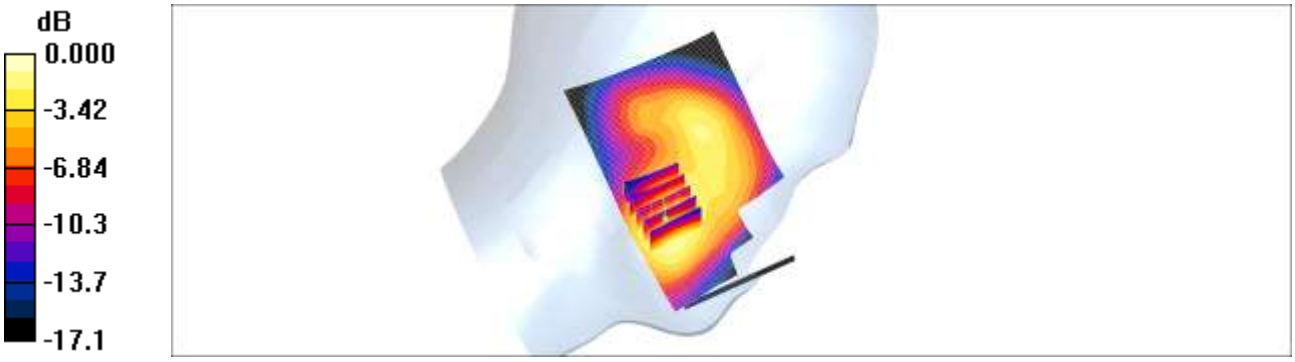
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 661/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.260 mW/g

Left touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 mW/g



0 dB = 0.269mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	10

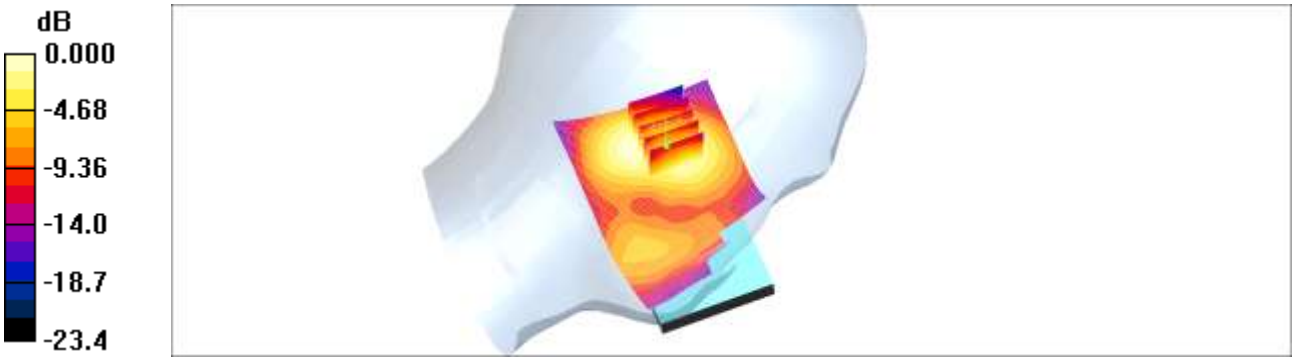
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 661/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 mW/g

Left tilt 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.219 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.137 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 mW/g



0 dB = 0.144mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	11

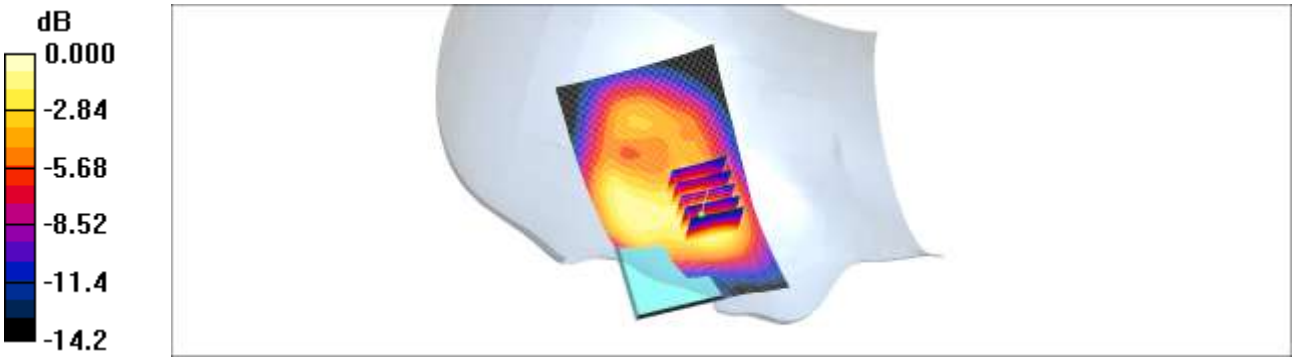
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 661/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 mW/g

Right touch 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.249 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.165 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g



0 dB = 0.177mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	12

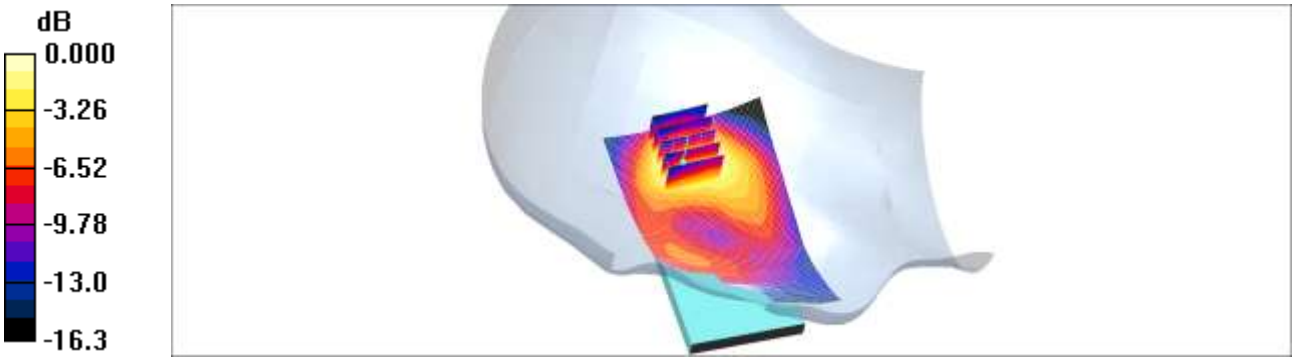
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 661/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.138 mW/g

Right tilt 661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.124 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 mW/g



0 dB = 0.135mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	13

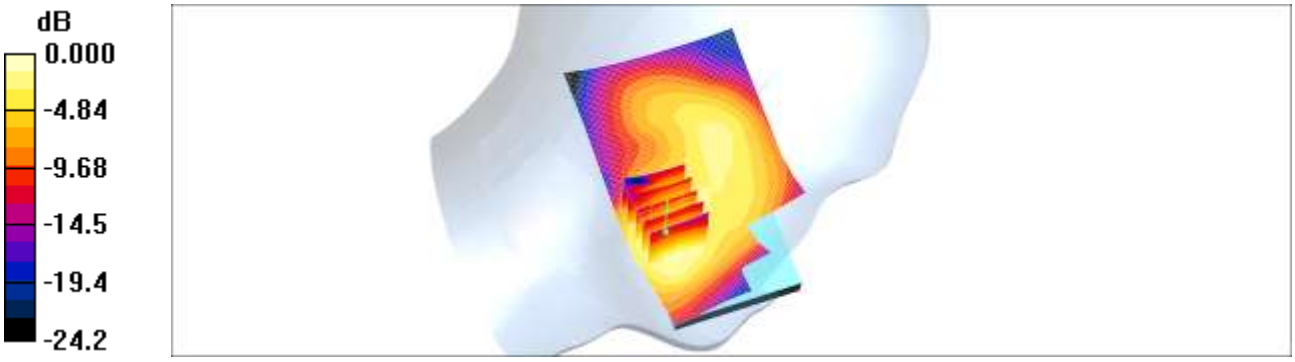
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 661 GPRS 3Tx/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 mW/g

Left touch 661 GPRS 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.494 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.310 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



0 dB = 0.340mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	14

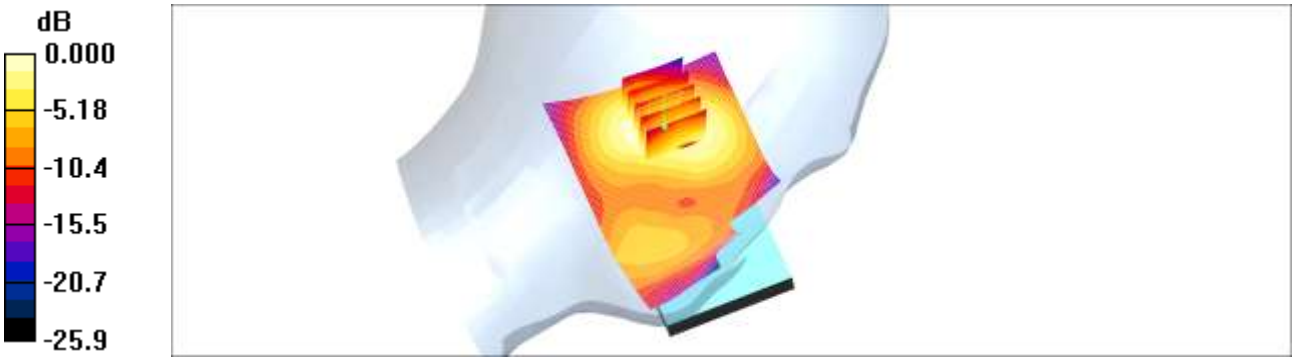
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 661 GPRS 3Tx/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.191 mW/g

Left tilt 661 GPRS 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.103 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.281 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 mW/g



0 dB = 0.184mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	15

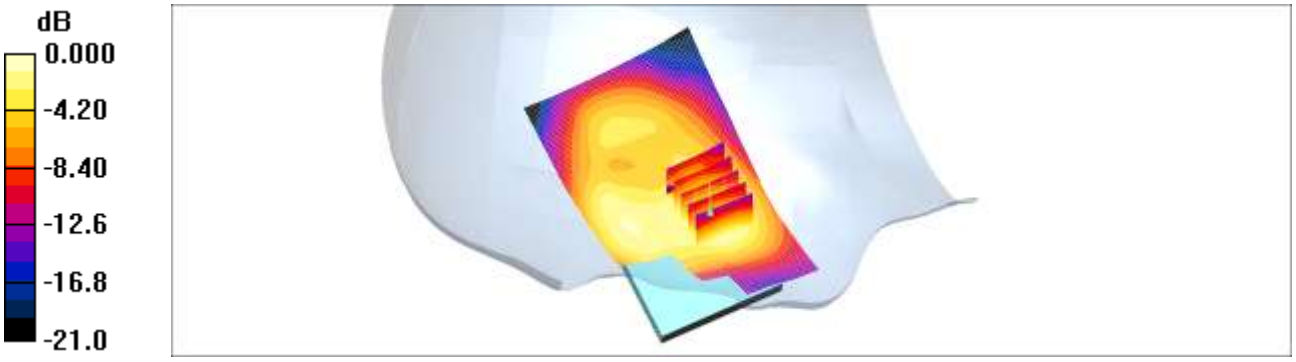
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 661 GPRS 3Tx/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.211 mW/g

Right touch 661 GPRS 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.209 mW/g



0 dB = 0.209mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	16

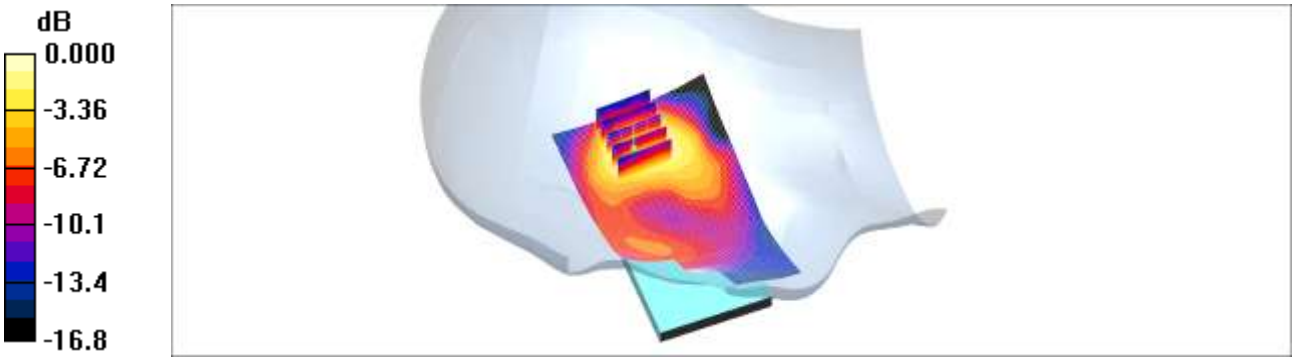
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 661 GPRS 3Tx/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 mW/g

Right tilt 661 GPRS 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.143 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 mW/g



0 dB = 0.157mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	17

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

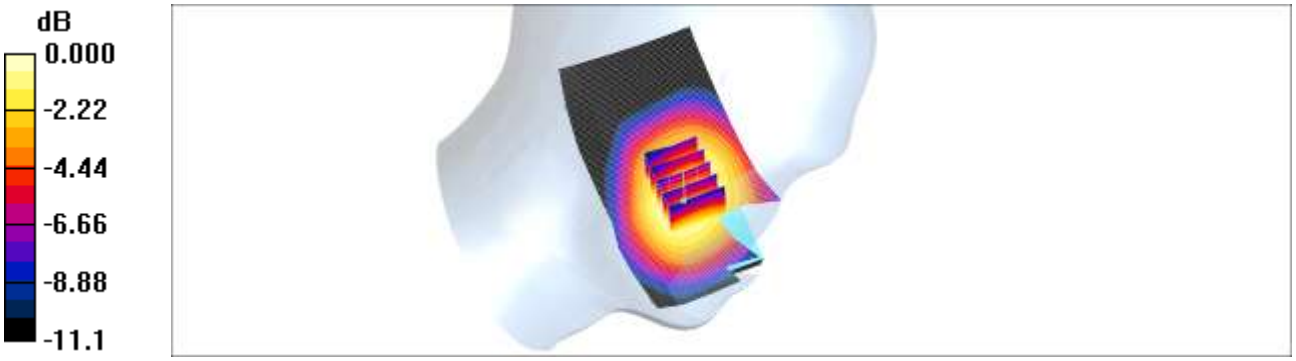
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Left touch 4183/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 mW/g

Left touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.257 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.200 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 mW/g



0 dB = 0.211mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	18

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

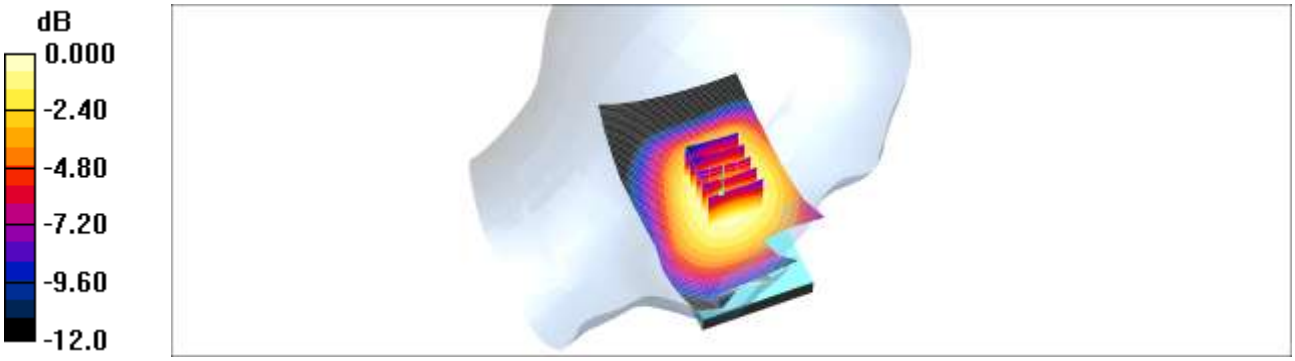
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Left tilt 4183/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.169 mW/g

Left tilt 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.172 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.205 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.159 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.167 mW/g



0 dB = 0.167mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	19

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

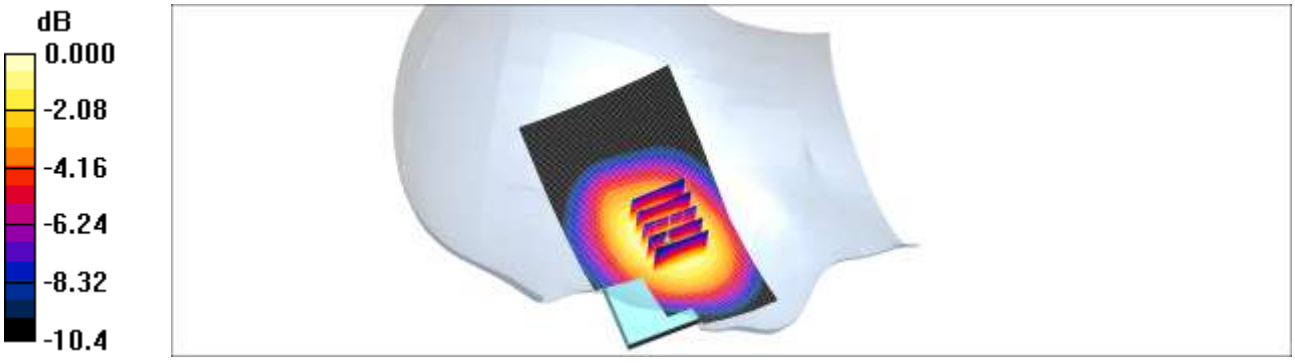
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right touch 4183/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.208 mW/g

Right touch 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.177 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 mW/g



0 dB = 0.205mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.0 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.28, 2013
Plot NO.	20

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ε_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

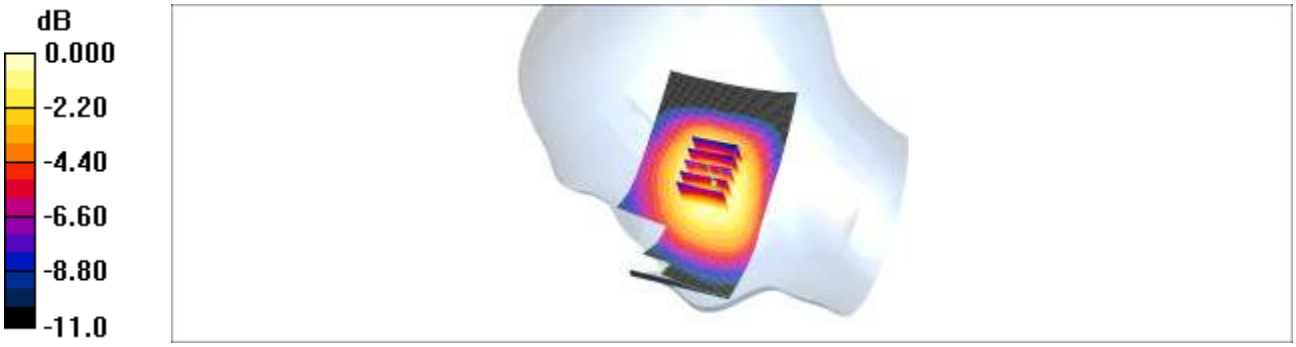
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 835/900 Phamtom ; Type: SAM

Right tilt 4183/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.144 mW/g

Right tilt 4183/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.176 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



0 dB = 0.143mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	21

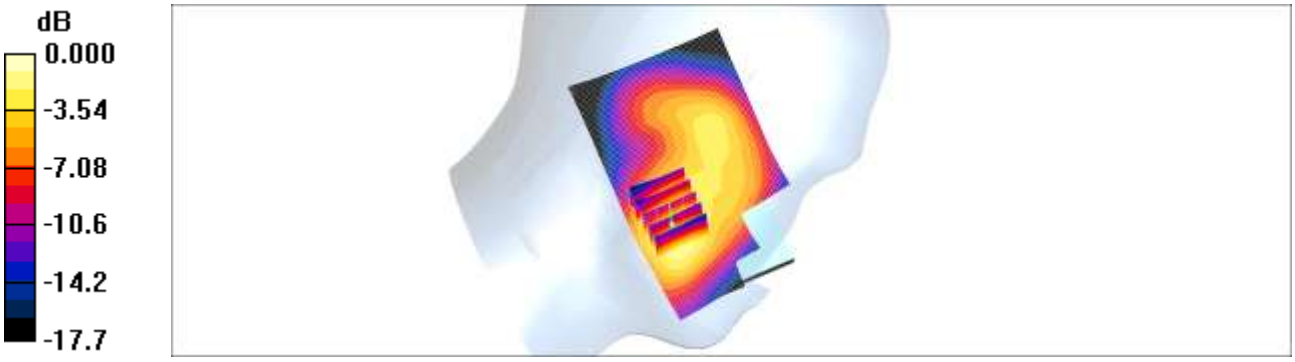
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 9400/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.479 mW/g

Left touch 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.475 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 mW/g



0 dB = 0.519mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	22

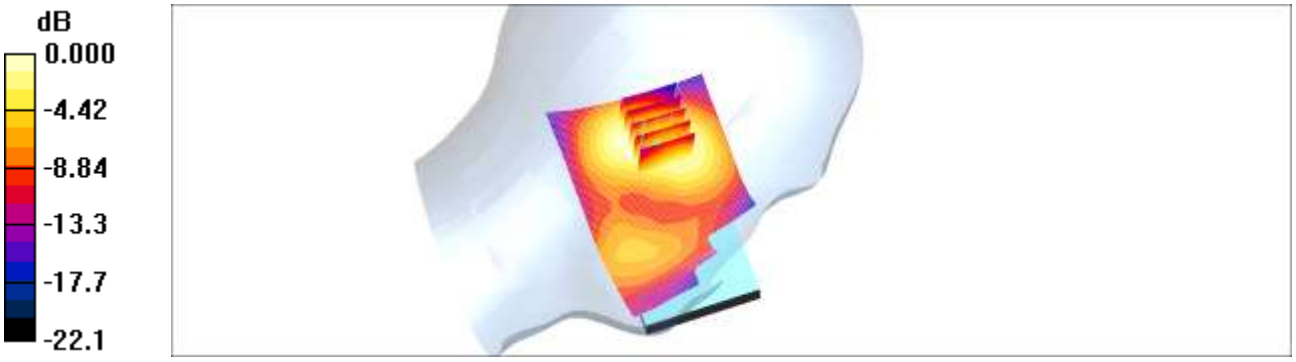
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 9400/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.279 mW/g

Left tilt 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.250 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.259 mW/g



0 dB = 0.259mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	23

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

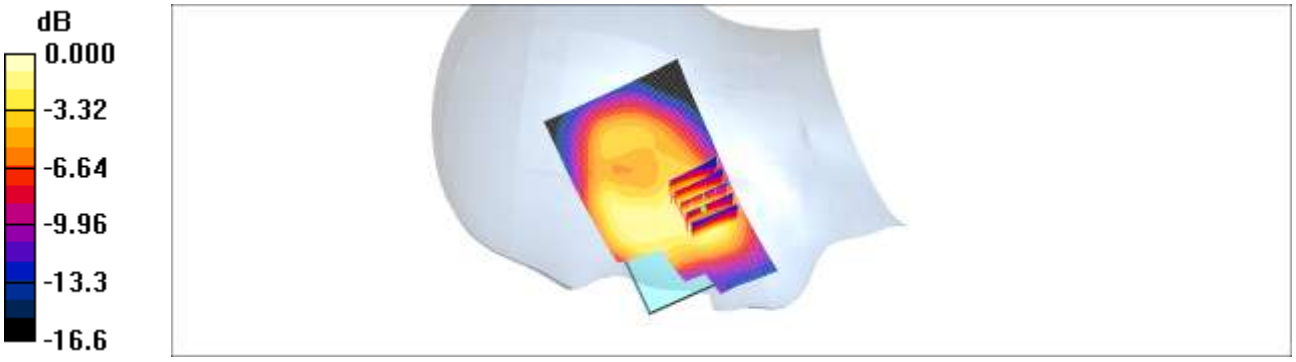
Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 9400/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.306 mW/g

Right touch 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.288 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g



0 dB = 0.307mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.30, 2013
Plot NO.	24

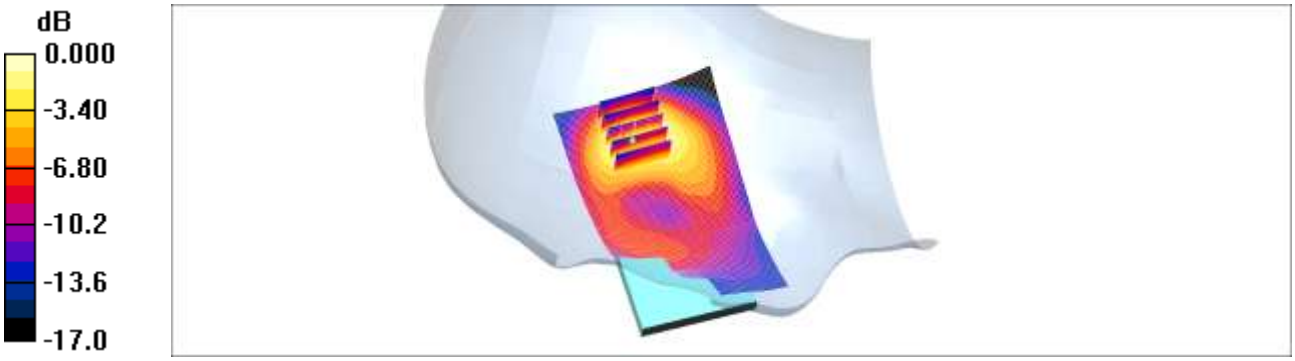
DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.35 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 9400/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 mW/g

Right tilt 9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.219 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g



0 dB = 0.241mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Apr.2, 2013
Plot NO.	25

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ε_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

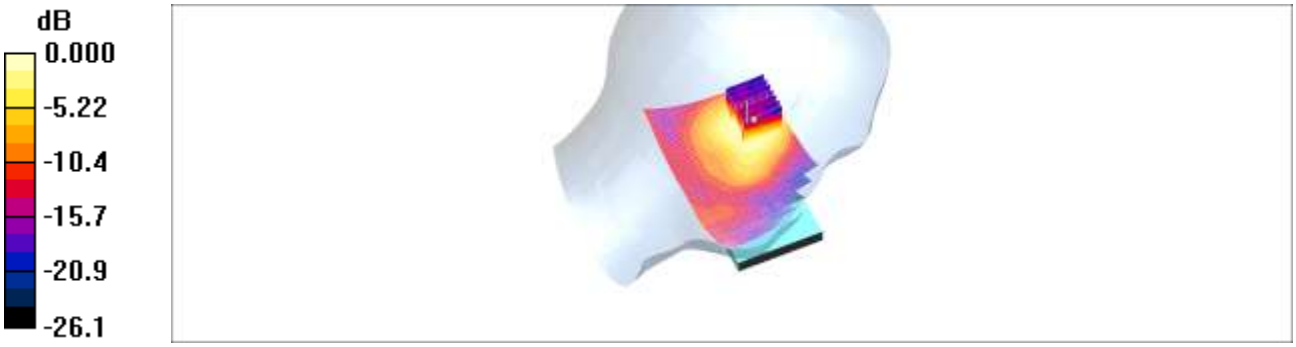
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 6ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.336 mW/g

Left touch 6ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.605 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.283 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 mW/g



0 dB = 0.306mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Apr.2, 2013
Plot NO.	26

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ε_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

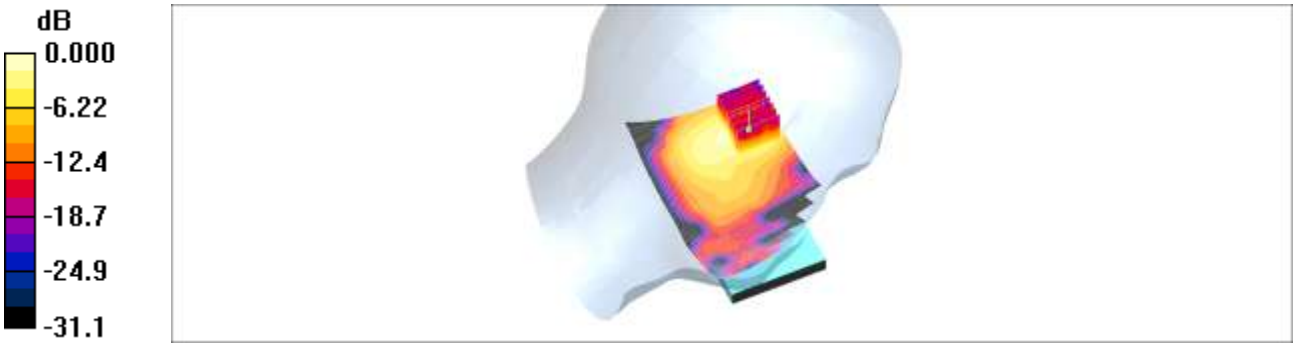
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 6ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.162 mW/g

Left tilt 6ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.191 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.327 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g



0 dB = 0.160mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Apr.2, 2013
Plot NO.	27

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ε_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

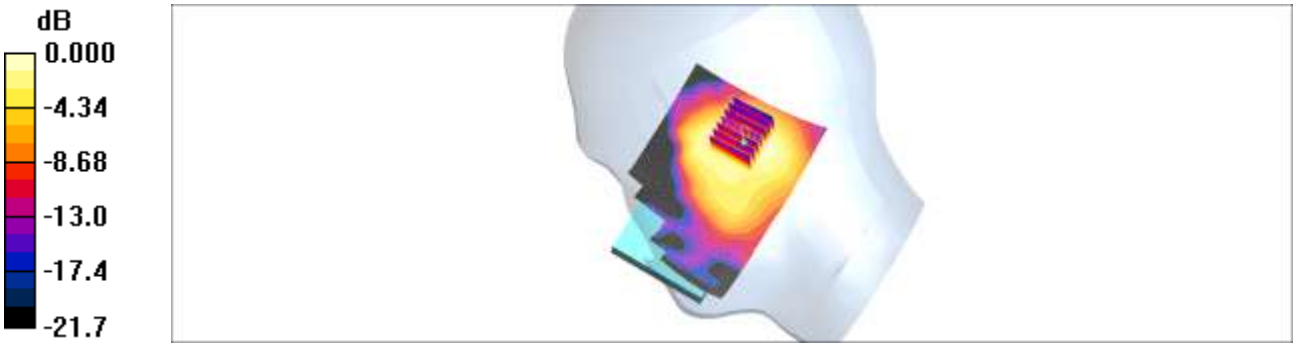
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 6ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

Right touch 6ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.137 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 mW/g



0 dB = 0.150mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.2 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.4 ℃
Test Date:	Apr.2, 2013
Plot NO.	28

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.82 mho/m; ε_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

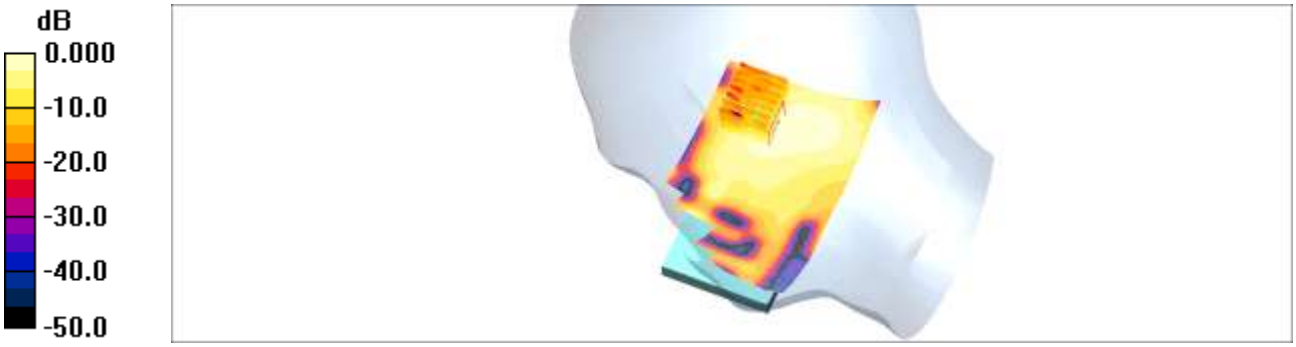
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 6ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.114 mW/g

Right tilt 6ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.104 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 mW/g



0 dB = 0.113mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.1 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.3 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.29, 2013
Separation Distance:	1.0 cm
Plot NO.	29

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.987 mho/m; ε_r = 56.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Center Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

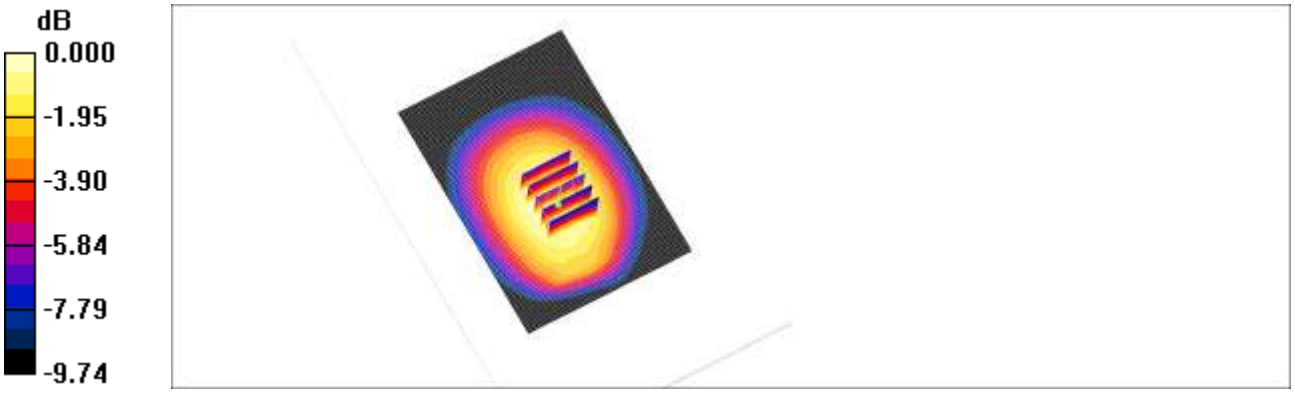
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.25, 9.25, 9.25); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C_20120905; Type: QD 000 P51 CA

Body Rear 190 3Tx/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 mW/g

Body Rear 190 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.519 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



0 dB = 0.549mW/g

Test Laboratory:	HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx only/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Phone with Bluetooth/ WLAN
Liquid Temperature:	21.1 ℃
Ambient Temperature:	21.3 ℃
Test Date:	Mar.29, 2013
Separation Distance:	1.0 cm
Plot NO.	30

DUT: LG-P716; Type: Bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.987 mho/m; ε_r = 56.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Center Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

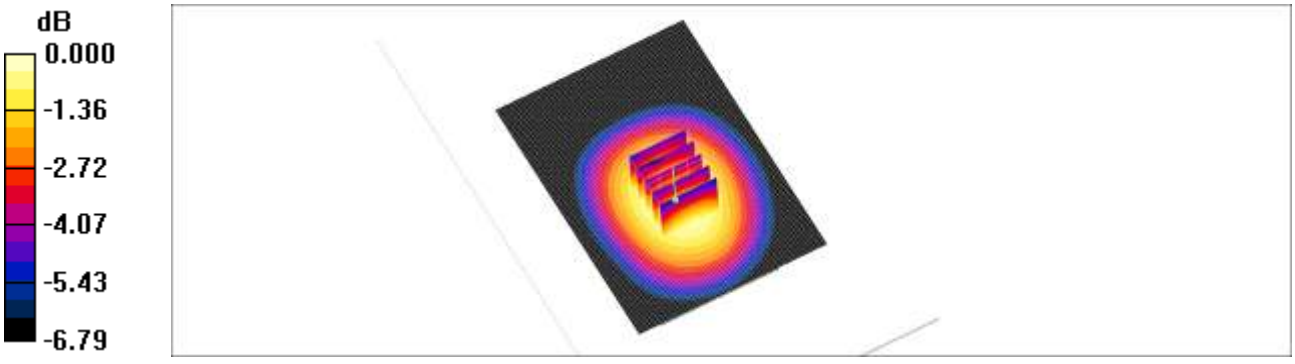
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.25, 9.25, 9.25); Calibrated: 2012-07-13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C_20120905; Type: QD 000 P51 CA

Body Front 190 3Tx/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 mW/g

Body Front 190 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.277 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 mW/g



0 dB = 0.285mW/g