



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**Applicant Name:**  
 LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.  
 1000 Sylvan Avenue  
 Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632  
 United States

**Date of Testing:**  
 07/14/14 - 07/22/14  
**Test Site/Location:**  
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA  
**Document Serial No.:**  
 OY1407141385.ZNF

**FCC ID:** ZNFMS395

**APPLICANT:** LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.

**DUT Type:** Portable Handset  
**Application Type:** Certification  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** CFR §2.1093  
**Model(s):** MS395, LGMS395, LG-MS395

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	0.73	1.06	1.06
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	0.44	0.57	0.57
PCE	UMTS 1750	1712.4 - 1752.5 MHz	0.66	0.92	1.03
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	0.44	0.71	0.71
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	0.77	1.05	1.18
PCE	LTE Band 17	706.5 - 713.5 MHz	0.31	0.44	0.44
PCE	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1712.5 - 1752.5 MHz	0.58	0.91	0.91
PCE	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1852.5 - 1907.5 MHz	0.64	1.01	1.01
PCE	LTE Band 7	2502.5 - 2567.5 MHz	< 0.1	0.54	0.54
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	0.50	0.12	0.12
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	N/A		
<b>Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03:</b>			1.23	1.25	1.28

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

Randy Ortanez  
 President





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# 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

## 1.1 Device Overview



Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
UMTS 1750	Voice/Data	1712.4 - 1752.5 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
LTE Band 17	Data	706.5 - 713.5 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Data	1712.5 - 1752.5 MHz
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Data	1852.5 - 1907.5 MHz
LTE Band 7	Data	2502.5 - 2567.5 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

## 1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.



Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)					Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	<b>33.7</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	
	Nominal	<b>33.2</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>29.7</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	<b>30.2</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>25.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>22.7</b>	
	Nominal	<b>29.7</b>	<b>29.7</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>22.2</b>	

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)			
		3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA	3GPP DC-HSDPA
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>
	Nominal	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>
UMTS Band 4 (1750 MHz)	Maximum	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>
	Nominal	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>23.7</b>
	Nominal	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>

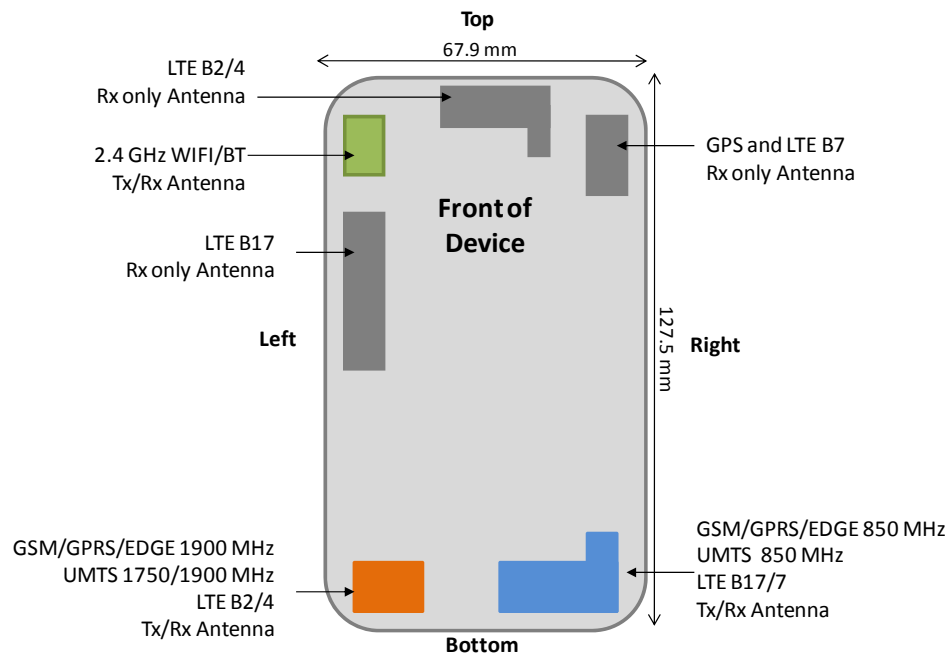
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Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 17	Maximum	<b>24.2</b>
	Nominal	<b>23.7</b>
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Maximum	<b>23.2</b>
	Nominal	<b>22.7</b>
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Maximum	<b>23.2</b>
	Nominal	<b>22.7</b>
LTE Band 7	Maximum	<b>22.7</b>
	Nominal	<b>22.2</b>

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	<b>17.0</b>
	Nominal	<b>16.0</b>
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	<b>11.0</b>
	Nominal	<b>10.0</b>
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	<b>10.0</b>
	Nominal	<b>9.0</b>
Bluetooth	Maximum	<b>9.5</b>
	Nominal	<b>8.0</b>
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	<b>2.5</b>
	Nominal	<b>1.0</b>

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### 1.3 DUT Antenna Locations





Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions in the FCC Filing.

**Figure 1-1**  
**DUT Antenna Locations**

**Table 1-1**  
**Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing**

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 1750	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 17	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 7	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01 guidance, page 2.

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## 1.4 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-2 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



**Figure 1-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Paths**



This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

**Table 1-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios**

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router
1	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A
2	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A
3	UMTS + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A
5	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes
6	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A
7	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes
8	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A

### Notes:

- 2.4 GHz WLAN and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- (\*) = for VOIP applications possibly used by the end-user
- When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.
- Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct are listed in the above table.

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## 1.5 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

### (A) WIFI/BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn Bluetooth SAR was not required;  $[(9/10) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 1.4 < 3.0$ . Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

### (B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v02.



LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02.

## 1.6 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

## 1.7 Guidance Applied



- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02, D03v01, D05v02r03, D06v01r01 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03, D02v01r01 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS Testing Considerations)

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## 1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.



	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	1407-1	1407-1	1407-1
UMTS 850	1407-1	1407-1	1407-1
UMTS 1750	1407-1	1407-1	1407-1
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1407-1	1407-1	1407-1
UMTS 1900	1407-1	1407-1	1407-1
LTE Band 17	1407-2	1407-2	1407-2
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1407-2	1407-2	1407-2
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1407-2	1407-2	1407-2
LTE Band 7	1407-2	1407-2	1407-2
2.4 GHz WLAN	1407-28	1407-28	1407-28

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## 2 LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information			
<b>FCC ID</b>	<b>ZNFMS395</b>		
Form Factor	Portable Handset		
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 17 (706.5 - 713.5 MHz)		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1712.5 - 1752.5 MHz)		
	LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1852.5 - 1907.5 MHz)		
	LTE Band 7 (2502.5 - 2567.5 MHz)		
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 17: 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
	LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
	LTE Band 7: 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid	High
LTE Band 17: 5 MHz	706.5 (23755)	710 (23790)	713.5 (23825)
LTE Band 17: 10 MHz	709 (23780)	710 (23790)	711 (23800)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1712.5 (19975)	1732.5 (20175)	1752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1715 (20000)	1732.5 (20175)	1750 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1717.5 (20025)	1732.5 (20175)	1747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1720 (20050)	1732.5 (20175)	1745 (20300)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	1852.5 (18625)	1880 (18900)	1907.5 (19175)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1855 (18650)	1880 (18900)	1905 (19150)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1857.5 (18675)	1880 (18900)	1902.5 (19125)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 20 MHz	1860 (18700)	1880 (18900)	1900 (19100)
LTE Band 7: 5 MHz	2502.5 (20775)	2535 (21100)	2567.5 (21425)
LTE Band 7: 10 MHz	2505 (20800)	2535 (21100)	2565 (21400)
LTE Band 7: 15 MHz	2507.5 (20825)	2535 (21100)	2562.5 (21375)
LTE Band 7: 20 MHz	2510 (20850)	2535 (21100)	2560 (21350)
UE Category	4		
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM		
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	YES		
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES		

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### 3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields,” Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

#### 3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1  
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

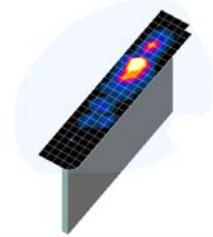
NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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# 4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

## 4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 and IEEE 1528-2013:





**Figure 4-1  
Sample SAR Area Scan**

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASy manual online for more details):
  - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

**Table 4-1  
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01\***

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) ( $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) ( $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x, y, z)
			Uniform Grid		Graded Grid	
			$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$		
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

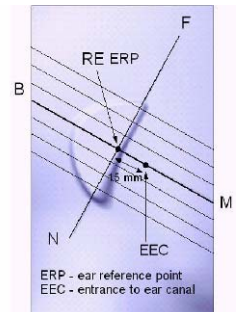
\*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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# 5 DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

## 5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



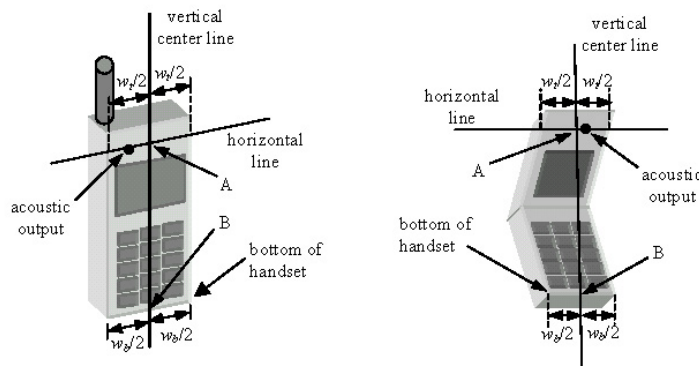
**Figure 5-1**  
Close-Up Side view of ERP

## 5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS



Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



**Figure 5-2**  
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom



**Figure 5-3**  
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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## 6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

### 6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

### 6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

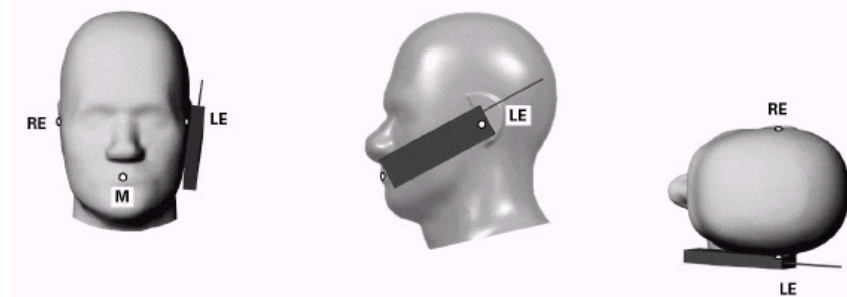




Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

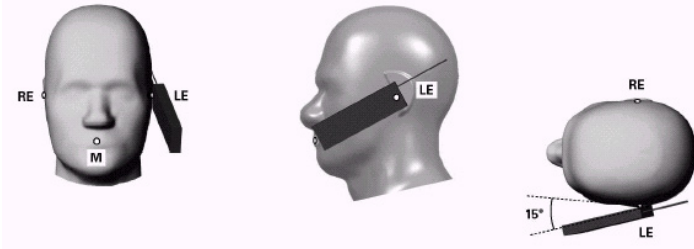
2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

### 6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

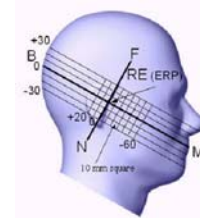
With the test device aligned in the “Cheek Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

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**Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position**



**Figure 6-3 Side view w/ relevant markings**

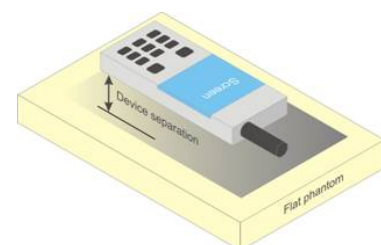
## 6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.



Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04\_v01. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

## 6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



**Figure 6-4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram**

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Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

## 6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations



Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 44798 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

## 6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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# 7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

## 7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



## 7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 7-1**  
**SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6**

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
<b>Peak Spatial Average SAR</b> Head	1.6	8.0
<b>Whole Body SAR</b>	0.08	0.4
<b>Peak Spatial Average SAR</b> Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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## 8 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

### 8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported SAR*. The highest *reported SAR* results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

### 8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

### 8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS



#### 8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

#### 8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

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### 8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

### 8.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of  $\beta_c=9$  and  $\beta_d=15$ , and power offset parameters of  $\Delta_{ACK}=\Delta_{NACK}=5$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}=2$  is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

Sub-Test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_a$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5



Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{HS} = \beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .  
 Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK} = 8$  ( $A_{HS} = 30/15$ ) with  $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 7$  ( $A_{HS} = 24/15$ ) with  $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .  
 Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Figure 8-1  
Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1

### 8.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under “Release 6 HSPA data devices”

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

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Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{1st}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{1st} = \beta_{1st}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{1st} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .  
Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{1st}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.  
Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .  
Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .  
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.  
Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

### 8.3.6 SAR Measurement Conditions for DC-HSDPA

SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion. DC-HSDPA uplink maximum output power measurements using the four Rel. 5 HSDPA subtests in Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1 is required.

When the maximum average output power of each RF channel with DC-HSDPA active is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC, or the maximum reported SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of the SAR limit, SAR evaluation for DC-HSDPA is not required.

## 8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

### 8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations



A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

### 8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

### 8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

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### 8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
  - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
  - ii. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
  - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is  $< 0.8$  W/kg.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is  $< 1.45$  W/kg.

### 8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.



#### 8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

#### 8.5.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [24]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. IEEE 802.11n was evaluated for worst case SAR in each exposure condition. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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# 9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

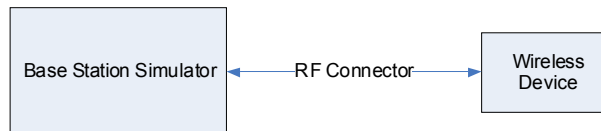
## 9.1 GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	33.47	33.35	31.42	<b>29.85</b>	28.36	27.37	26.43	24.34	23.42
	190	33.46	33.34	31.53	<b>30.02</b>	28.52	27.41	26.49	24.40	23.43
	251	33.43	33.28	31.57	<b>30.00</b>	28.43	27.56	26.55	24.51	23.48
GSM 1900	512	30.08	30.09	27.98	<b>26.50</b>	24.99	26.61	25.52	23.57	22.52
	661	30.00	29.91	27.93	<b>26.58</b>	24.95	26.50	25.50	23.45	22.49
	810	30.17	30.07	28.14	<b>26.64</b>	24.99	26.43	25.53	23.51	22.56
		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	24.44	24.32	25.40	<b>25.59</b>	25.35	18.34	20.41	20.08	20.41
	190	24.43	24.31	25.51	<b>25.76</b>	25.51	18.38	20.47	20.14	20.42
	251	24.40	24.25	25.55	<b>25.74</b>	25.42	18.53	20.53	20.25	20.47
GSM 1900	512	21.05	21.06	21.96	<b>22.24</b>	21.98	17.58	19.50	19.31	19.51
	661	20.97	20.88	21.91	<b>22.32</b>	21.94	17.47	19.48	19.19	19.48
	810	21.14	21.04	22.12	<b>22.38</b>	21.98	17.40	19.51	19.25	19.55
GSM 850	Frame	24.17	24.17	25.18	<b>25.44</b>	25.19	18.17	20.18	19.94	20.19
GSM 1900	Avg. Targets:	20.67	20.67	21.68	<b>21.94</b>	21.69	17.17	19.18	18.94	19.19

Notes:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

**GSM Class: B**  
**GPRS Multislot class: 12 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)**  
**EDGE Multislot class: 12 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)**  
**DTM Multislot Class: N/A**



**Figure 9-1**  
**Power Measurement Setup**

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## 9.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			AWS Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1862	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.70	23.58	23.63	23.67	23.68	23.61	23.40	23.56	23.48	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	23.63	23.65	23.57	23.60	23.66	23.64	23.52	23.55	23.44	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.69	23.59	23.49	23.62	23.54	23.64	23.43	23.57	23.42	0
6		Subtest 2	23.70	23.62	23.48	23.61	23.56	23.65	23.48	23.59	23.47	0
6		Subtest 3	23.19	23.12	23.08	22.73	22.68	22.72	22.45	22.48	22.42	0.5
6		Subtest 4	23.18	23.11	23.09	22.69	22.72	22.63	22.42	22.52	22.41	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.61	22.95	22.76	23.01	23.17	23.11	22.97	22.50	22.94	0
6		Subtest 2	21.81	21.91	21.89	22.11	21.96	22.08	21.77	21.55	21.90	2
6		Subtest 3	22.65	22.42	22.16	21.96	22.05	22.04	21.95	21.84	21.86	1
6		Subtest 4	22.04	22.11	21.92	22.08	22.13	22.10	21.90	21.91	21.92	2
6		Subtest 5	23.69	23.55	23.52	23.61	23.58	23.68	23.50	23.52	23.48	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.52	23.32	23.35	23.70	23.67	23.65	23.43	23.66	23.61	0
8		Subtest 2	23.54	23.36	23.38	23.69	23.68	23.68	23.50	23.64	23.54	0
8		Subtest 3	23.02	22.91	22.78	22.83	22.82	22.74	22.48	22.80	22.54	0.5
8		Subtest 4	22.52	22.48	22.64	22.88	22.80	22.73	22.44	22.51	22.40	0.5

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.



### DC-HSDPA considerations

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12 (QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output, as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.



**Figure 9-2**  
**Power Measurement Setup**

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## 9.3 LTE Conducted Powers

### 9.3.1 LTE Band 17

**Table 9-1**  
**LTE Band 17 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**



	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Mid	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	1	0	24.13	0	0
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	1	25	24.17	0	0
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	1	49	<b>24.19</b>	0	0
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	25	0	23.03	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	25	12	<b>23.03</b>	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	25	25	23.00	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	QPSK	50	0	22.99	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	1	0	23.01	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	1	25	23.06	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	1	49	22.96	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	25	0	22.08	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	25	12	22.09	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	25	25	22.04	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	10	16QAM	50	0	22.02	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 17 at 10 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

**Table 9-2**  
**LTE Band 17 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Mid	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	1	0	24.12	0	0
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	1	12	24.16	0	0
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	1	24	24.09	0	0
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	12	0	23.04	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	12	6	23.03	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	12	13	23.05	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	QPSK	25	0	23.04	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	1	0	23.09	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.14	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.06	0-1	1
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	12	0	22.06	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.98	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	12	13	21.99	0-2	2
	710.0	23790	5	16-QAM	25	0	22.01	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 17 at 5 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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### 9.3.2

### LTE Band 4 (AWS)

Table 9-3

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth



	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Mid	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	1	0	23.19	0	0
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	1	50	23.17	0	0
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	1	99	23.16	0	0
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	50	0	22.12	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	50	25	22.11	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	50	50	21.99	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	QPSK	100	0	22.02	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	0	22.05	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	50	22.03	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	1	99	21.95	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	50	0	21.10	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	50	25	21.18	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	50	50	21.10	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	20	16QAM	100	0	21.10	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 4 (AWS) at 20 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-4

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	1	0	22.89	0	0
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	1	36	22.78	0	0
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	1	74	22.77	0	0
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	36	0	22.05	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	36	18	22.11	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	36	37	22.17	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	QPSK	75	0	22.10	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	1	0	22.00	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	1	36	21.95	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	1	74	21.95	0-1	1
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	36	0	20.88	0-2	2
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	36	18	20.95	0-2	2
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	36	37	20.99	0-2	2
	1717.5	20025	15	16QAM	75	0	20.97	0-2	2
Mid	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	1	0	23.12	0	0
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	1	36	23.11	0	0
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	1	74	23.02	0	0
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	36	0	21.87	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	36	18	21.85	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	36	37	21.79	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	QPSK	75	0	21.89	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	1	0	22.03	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	1	36	21.96	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	1	74	21.96	0-1	1
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	36	0	20.90	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	36	18	20.87	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	36	37	20.82	0-2	2
	1732.5	20175	15	16QAM	75	0	20.91	0-2	2
High	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	1	0	23.14	0	0
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	1	36	23.15	0	0
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	1	74	23.04	0	0
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	36	0	22.04	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	36	18	22.05	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	36	37	22.10	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	QPSK	75	0	22.01	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	1	0	21.93	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	1	36	21.99	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	1	74	21.89	0-1	1
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	36	0	20.79	0-2	2
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	36	18	20.85	0-2	2
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	36	37	20.89	0-2	2
	1747.5	20325	15	16QAM	75	0	20.76	0-2	2

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**Table 9-5**  
**LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
Low	1715	20000	10	QPSK	1	0	23.14	0	0	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	1	25	23.06	0	0	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	1	49	23.07	0	0	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	25	0	22.00	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	25	12	22.02	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	25	25	22.05	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	QPSK	50	0	21.89	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	1	0	21.79	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	1	25	21.84	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	1	49	21.82	0-1	1	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	25	0	20.90	0-2	2	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	25	12	20.99	0-2	2	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	25	25	20.99	0-2	2	
	1715	20000	10	16QAM	50	0	21.06	0-2	2	
	Mid	1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	1	0	23.11	0	0
		1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	1	25	23.05	0	0
		1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	1	49	23.14	0	0
		1732.5	20175	10	QPSK	25	0	21.84	0-1	1
1732.5		20175	10	QPSK	25	12	21.90	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	QPSK	25	25	21.75	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	QPSK	50	0	21.86	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	1	0	21.96	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	1	25	21.86	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	1	49	21.76	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	25	0	20.92	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	25	12	20.81	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	25	25	20.89	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	10	16QAM	50	0	20.91	0-2	2	
High		1750	20350	10	QPSK	1	0	23.03	0	0
		1750	20350	10	QPSK	1	25	23.01	0	0
		1750	20350	10	QPSK	1	49	22.98	0	0
		1750	20350	10	QPSK	25	0	21.86	0-1	1
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	25	12	22.10	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	25	25	22.02	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	QPSK	50	0	21.86	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	1	0	21.77	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	1	25	21.85	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	1	49	21.85	0-1	1	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	25	0	20.95	0-2	2	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	25	12	20.99	0-2	2	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	25	25	20.98	0-2	2	
	1750	20350	10	16QAM	50	0	20.95	0-2	2	

**Table 9-6**  
**LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
Low	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	0	23.10	0	0	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	12	23.03	0	0	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	24	23.01	0	0	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	12	0	22.00	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	12	6	21.96	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	12	13	21.88	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	25	0	21.89	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.95	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.94	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.98	0-1	1	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	12	0	21.01	0-2	2	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.89	0-2	2	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.84	0-2	2	
	1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.80	0-2	2	
	Mid	1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	0	23.17	0	0
		1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	12	23.09	0	0
		1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	24	23.06	0	0
		1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	12	0	21.84	0-1	1
1732.5		20175	5	QPSK	12	6	21.89	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	QPSK	12	13	21.75	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	QPSK	25	0	21.86	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.89	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.89	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.94	0-1	1	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.88	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.87	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.78	0-2	2	
1732.5		20175	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.89	0-2	2	
High		1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	0	23.00	0	0
		1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	12	23.04	0	0
		1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	24	23.01	0	0
		1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	12	0	21.88	0-1	1
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	12	6	21.79	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	12	13	21.91	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	25	0	21.88	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.84	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.87	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.75	0-1	1	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	12	0	21.03	0-2	2	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.02	0-2	2	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.89	0-2	2	
	1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.02	0-2	2	

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LTE Band 2 (PCS)

Table 9-7  
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1860	18700	20	QPSK	1	0	23.11	0	0
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	1	50	23.17	0	0
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	1	99	23.15	0	0
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	50	0	22.05	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	50	25	22.15	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	50	50	22.08	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	QPSK	100	0	21.99	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	1	0	21.98	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	1	50	21.99	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	1	99	22.04	0-1	1
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	50	0	20.96	0-2	2
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	50	25	21.07	0-2	2
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	50	50	21.05	0-2	2
	1860	18700	20	16QAM	100	0	21.04	0-2	2
	1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	1	0	23.19	0	0
	1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	1	50	23.12	0	0
	1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	1	99	23.18	0	0
	1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	50	0	22.05	0-1	1
1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	50	25	22.17	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	50	50	22.19	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	QPSK	100	0	22.06	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	0	22.06	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	50	22.04	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	99	22.09	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	50	0	21.06	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	50	25	21.13	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	50	50	21.03	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	100	0	21.16	0-2	2	
High	1900	19100	20	QPSK	1	0	23.15	0	0
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	1	50	23.13	0	0
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	1	99	23.16	0	0
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	50	0	22.05	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	50	25	22.17	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	50	50	22.11	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	QPSK	100	0	22.10	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	1	0	22.07	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	1	50	22.09	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	1	99	22.10	0-1	1
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	50	0	21.06	0-2	2
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	50	25	21.10	0-2	2
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	50	50	21.01	0-2	2
	1900	19100	20	16QAM	100	0	20.99	0-2	2

Table 9-8  
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	1	0	23.05	0	0
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	1	36	23.06	0	0
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	1	74	23.10	0	0
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	36	0	22.08	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	36	18	22.04	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	36	37	22.10	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	QPSK	75	0	22.08	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	1	0	22.04	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	1	36	22.01	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	1	74	21.98	0-1	1
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	36	0	21.05	0-2	2
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	36	18	21.17	0-2	2
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	36	37	21.14	0-2	2
	1857.5	18675	15	16QAM	75	0	21.13	0-2	2
	1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	1	0	23.14	0	0
	1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	1	36	23.16	0	0
	1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	1	74	23.11	0	0
	1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	36	0	21.99	0-1	1
1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	36	18	22.04	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	36	37	22.01	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	QPSK	75	0	22.10	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	1	0	22.05	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	1	36	22.15	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	1	74	22.11	0-1	1	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	36	0	20.98	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	36	18	20.99	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	36	37	21.01	0-2	2	
1880.0	18900	15	16QAM	75	0	21.00	0-2	2	
High	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	1	0	23.10	0	0
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	1	36	23.05	0	0
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	1	74	23.05	0	0
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	36	0	22.00	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	36	18	22.14	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	36	37	22.05	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	QPSK	75	0	22.17	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	1	0	22.13	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	1	36	22.06	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	1	74	22.05	0-1	1
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	36	0	21.04	0-2	2
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	36	18	20.99	0-2	2
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	36	37	21.12	0-2	2
	1902.5	19125	15	16QAM	75	0	21.10	0-2	2



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**Table 9-9**  
**LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
Low	1855	18650	10	QPSK	1	0	23.10	0	0	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	1	25	23.06	0	0	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	1	49	23.01	0	0	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	25	0	22.01	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	25	12	22.13	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	25	25	22.17	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	QPSK	50	0	22.13	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	1	0	22.01	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	1	25	21.99	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	1	49	21.95	0-1	1	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	25	0	21.04	0-2	2	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	25	12	21.02	0-2	2	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	25	25	21.01	0-2	2	
	1855	18650	10	16QAM	50	0	21.11	0-2	2	
	Mid	1880.0	18900	10	QPSK	1	0	23.16	0	0
		1880.0	18900	10	QPSK	1	25	23.16	0	0
		1880.0	18900	10	QPSK	1	49	23.17	0	0
		1880.0	18900	10	QPSK	25	0	22.03	0-1	1
1880.0		18900	10	QPSK	25	12	22.05	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	QPSK	25	25	22.15	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	QPSK	50	0	22.19	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	1	0	22.18	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	1	25	22.15	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	1	49	22.11	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	25	0	21.00	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	25	12	20.99	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	25	25	21.05	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	10	16QAM	50	0	21.09	0-2	2	
High		1905	19150	10	QPSK	1	0	23.15	0	0
		1905	19150	10	QPSK	1	25	23.17	0	0
		1905	19150	10	QPSK	1	49	23.16	0	0
		1905	19150	10	QPSK	25	0	22.14	0-1	1
	1905	19150	10	QPSK	25	12	22.14	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	QPSK	25	25	22.19	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	QPSK	50	0	22.05	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	1	0	22.16	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	1	25	22.19	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	1	49	22.11	0-1	1	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	25	0	21.03	0-2	2	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	25	12	21.02	0-2	2	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	25	25	21.03	0-2	2	
	1905	19150	10	16QAM	50	0	21.04	0-2	2	

**Table 9-10**  
**LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
Low	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	1	0	23.14	0	0	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	1	12	23.18	0	0	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	1	24	23.12	0	0	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	12	0	21.91	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	12	6	21.81	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	12	13	21.80	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	25	0	21.93	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.09	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.97	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.02	0-1	1	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.90	0-2	2	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.89	0-2	2	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.86	0-2	2	
	1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.92	0-2	2	
	Mid	1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	1	0	23.16	0	0
		1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	1	12	23.16	0	0
		1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	1	24	23.11	0	0
		1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	12	0	21.86	0-1	1
1880.0		18900	5	QPSK	12	6	21.93	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	QPSK	12	13	21.90	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	QPSK	25	0	21.82	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.98	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.89	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.00	0-1	1	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.95	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.01	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.99	0-2	2	
1880.0		18900	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.98	0-2	2	
High		1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	1	0	23.20	0	0
		1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	1	12	23.14	0	0
		1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	1	24	23.20	0	0
		1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	12	0	21.95	0-1	1
	1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	12	6	21.85	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	12	13	21.96	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	25	0	21.85	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.88	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.82	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.88	0-1	1	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.91	0-2	2	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.86	0-2	2	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.90	0-2	2	
	1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.94	0-2	2	

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LTE Band 7

Table 9-11  
LTE Band 7 Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2510	20850	20	QPSK	1	0	22.42	0	0
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	1	50	22.68	0	0
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	1	99	22.63	0	0
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	50	0	21.68	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	50	25	21.70	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	50	50	21.65	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	QPSK	100	0	21.62	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	1	0	21.27	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	1	50	21.55	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	1	99	21.48	0-1	1
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	50	0	20.67	0-2	2
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	50	25	20.69	0-2	2
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	50	50	20.70	0-2	2
	2510	20850	20	16QAM	100	0	20.66	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	1	0	22.62	0	0
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	1	50	22.49	0	0	
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	1	99	22.48	0	0	
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	50	0	21.52	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	50	25	21.41	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	50	50	21.45	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	QPSK	100	0	21.50	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	1	0	21.66	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	1	50	21.53	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	1	99	21.55	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	50	0	20.68	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	50	25	20.56	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	50	50	20.57	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	100	0	20.59	0-2	2	
High	2560	21350	20	QPSK	1	0	22.45	0	0
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	1	50	22.54	0	0
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	1	99	22.58	0	0
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	50	0	21.55	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	50	25	21.63	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	50	50	21.65	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	QPSK	100	0	21.55	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	1	0	21.42	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	1	50	21.48	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	1	99	21.45	0-1	1
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	50	0	20.52	0-2	2
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	50	25	20.58	0-2	2
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	50	50	20.53	0-2	2
	2560	21350	20	16QAM	100	0	20.57	0-2	2

Table 9-12  
LTE Band 7 Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	1	0	22.47	0	0
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	1	36	22.68	0	0
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	1	74	22.70	0	0
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	36	0	21.70	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	36	18	21.65	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	36	37	21.68	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	QPSK	75	0	21.69	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	1	0	21.21	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	1	36	21.44	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	1	74	21.51	0-1	1
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	36	0	20.66	0-2	2
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	36	18	20.70	0-2	2
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	36	37	20.69	0-2	2
	2507.5	20825	15	16QAM	75	0	20.67	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	1	0	22.53	0	0
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	1	36	22.39	0	0	
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	1	74	22.40	0	0	
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	36	0	21.48	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	36	18	21.44	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	36	37	21.50	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	QPSK	75	0	21.51	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	1	0	21.32	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	1	36	21.22	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	1	74	21.29	0-1	1	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	36	0	20.49	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	36	18	20.51	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	36	37	20.53	0-2	2	
2535.0	21100	15	16QAM	75	0	20.56	0-2	2	
High	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	1	0	22.48	0	0
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	1	36	22.59	0	0
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	1	74	22.65	0	0
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	36	0	21.57	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	36	18	21.65	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	36	37	21.66	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	QPSK	75	0	21.69	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	1	0	21.59	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	1	36	21.67	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	1	74	21.69	0-1	1
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	36	0	20.56	0-2	2
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	36	18	20.64	0-2	2
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	36	37	20.63	0-2	2
	2562.5	21375	15	16QAM	75	0	20.63	0-2	2



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**Table 9-13**  
**LTE Band 7 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2505	20800	10	QPSK	1	0	22.54	0	0
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	1	25	22.66	0	0
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	1	49	22.70	0	0
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	25	0	21.51	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	25	12	21.54	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	25	25	21.57	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	QPSK	50	0	21.55	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	1	0	21.60	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	1	25	21.68	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	1	49	21.70	0-1	1
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	25	0	20.64	0-2	2
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	25	12	20.61	0-2	2
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	25	25	20.62	0-2	2
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	50	0	20.59	0-2	2
	2505	20800	10	16QAM	50	0	20.59	0-2	2
Mid	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	1	0	22.42	0	0
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	1	25	22.45	0	0
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	1	49	22.47	0	0
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	25	0	21.31	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	25	12	21.32	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	25	25	21.33	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	QPSK	50	0	21.32	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	1	0	21.20	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	1	25	21.27	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	1	49	21.24	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	25	0	20.55	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	25	12	20.49	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	25	25	20.52	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	50	0	20.36	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	10	16QAM	50	0	20.36	0-2	2
High	2565	21400	10	QPSK	1	0	22.59	0	0
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	1	25	22.60	0	0
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	1	49	22.64	0	0
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	25	0	21.42	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	25	12	21.46	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	25	25	21.53	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	QPSK	50	0	21.43	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	1	0	21.50	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	1	25	21.40	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	1	49	21.41	0-1	1
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	25	0	20.52	0-2	2
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	25	12	20.55	0-2	2
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	25	25	20.58	0-2	2
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	50	0	20.49	0-2	2
	2565	21400	10	16QAM	50	0	20.49	0-2	2

**Table 9-14**  
**LTE Band 7 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	1	0	22.48	0	0
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	1	12	22.59	0	0
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	1	24	22.70	0	0
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	12	0	21.64	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	12	6	21.63	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	12	13	21.70	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	QPSK	25	0	21.69	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.51	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.61	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.70	0-1	1
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.68	0-2	2
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.69	0-2	2
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.70	0-2	2
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.70	0-2	2
	2502.5	20775	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.70	0-2	2
Mid	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	1	0	22.48	0	0
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	1	12	22.44	0	0
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	1	24	22.46	0	0
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	12	0	21.43	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	12	6	21.47	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	12	13	21.52	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	QPSK	25	0	21.44	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.30	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.32	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.30	0-1	1
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.59	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.57	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.53	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.68	0-2	2
	2535.0	21100	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.68	0-2	2
High	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	1	0	22.41	0	0
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	1	12	22.38	0	0
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	1	24	22.45	0	0
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	12	0	21.66	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	12	6	21.67	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	12	13	21.69	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	QPSK	25	0	21.66	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.31	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	1	12	21.36	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.39	0-1	1
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	12	0	20.57	0-2	2
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.59	0-2	2
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	12	13	20.63	0-2	2
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.63	0-2	2
	2567.5	21425	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.63	0-2	2

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## 9.4 WLAN Conducted Powers

**Table 9-15**  
**IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power**



Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11b Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1*	15.98	15.92	15.93	16.32
802.11b	2437	6*	16.01	15.90	15.91	15.93
802.11b	2462	11*	16.18	15.97	15.97	16.03

**Table 9-16**  
**IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11g Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	9.72	10.15	10.11	9.91	10.03	9.79	9.94	9.83
802.11g	2437	6	9.58	10.00	10.01	9.83	9.87	9.66	9.78	9.63
802.11g	2462	11	9.84	10.24	10.36	10.13	10.19	9.95	10.04	9.95

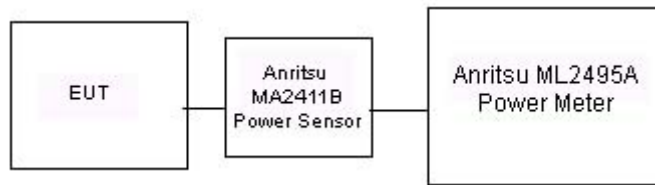
**Table 9-17**  
**IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
802.11n	2412	1	8.63	8.33	8.81	8.63	8.62	8.66	8.41	8.48
802.11n	2437	6	8.53	8.13	8.78	8.54	8.44	8.57	8.31	8.44
802.11n	2462	11	8.71	8.30	8.90	8.79	8.58	8.83	8.48	8.54



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Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz operations, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. IEEE 802.11n was evaluated for worst case SAR in each exposure condition. IEEE 802.11g was not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.



**Figure 9-3**  
**Power Measurement Setup**

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# 10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## 10.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 10-1  
Measured Tissue Properties**

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$	TARGET Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$	% dev $\sigma$	% dev $\epsilon$
07/22/2014	740H	21.0	680	0.857	42.338	0.888	42.305	-3.49%	0.08%
			695	0.872	42.110	0.889	42.227	-1.91%	-0.28%
			710	0.886	41.923	0.890	42.149	-0.45%	-0.54%
			725	0.899	41.683	0.891	42.071	0.90%	-0.92%
			740	0.914	41.484	0.893	41.994	2.35%	-1.21%
07/21/2014	835H	22.9	755	0.927	41.264	0.894	41.916	3.69%	-1.56%
			820	0.885	40.192	0.899	41.578	-1.56%	-3.33%
			835	0.899	40.003	0.900	41.500	-0.11%	-3.61%
07/17/2014	1750H	22.9	850	0.912	39.806	0.916	41.500	-0.44%	-4.08%
			1710	1.303	40.532	1.348	40.142	-3.34%	0.97%
			1750	1.340	40.286	1.371	40.079	-2.26%	0.52%
07/17/2014	1900H	23.0	1790	1.386	40.152	1.394	40.016	-0.57%	0.34%
			1850	1.389	40.140	1.400	40.000	-0.79%	0.35%
			1880	1.422	40.014	1.400	40.000	1.57%	0.04%
07/15/2014	2450H	23.2	1910	1.455	39.872	1.400	40.000	3.93%	-0.32%
			2401	1.689	38.730	1.756	39.287	-3.82%	-1.42%
			2450	1.744	38.576	1.800	39.200	-3.11%	-1.59%
			2499	1.796	38.430	1.853	39.138	-3.08%	-1.81%
			2500	1.795	38.422	1.855	39.136	-3.23%	-1.82%
07/21/2014	740B	22.1	2550	1.855	38.224	1.909	39.073	-2.83%	-2.17%
			680	0.934	55.737	0.958	55.804	-2.51%	-0.12%
			695	0.948	55.567	0.959	55.745	-1.15%	-0.32%
			710	0.963	55.395	0.960	55.687	0.31%	-0.52%
			725	0.977	55.255	0.961	55.629	1.66%	-0.67%
07/21/2014	835B	22.9	740	0.991	55.140	0.963	55.570	2.91%	-0.77%
			755	1.005	55.057	0.964	55.512	4.25%	-0.82%
			820	0.995	54.599	0.969	55.258	2.68%	-1.19%
07/17/2014	1750B	21.5	835	1.010	54.452	0.970	55.200	4.12%	-1.36%
			850	1.024	54.282	0.988	55.154	3.64%	-1.58%
			1710	1.503	52.594	1.463	53.537	2.73%	-1.76%
07/14/2014	1900B	23.4	1750	1.546	52.448	1.488	53.432	3.90%	-1.84%
			1790	1.588	52.309	1.514	53.326	4.89%	-1.91%
			1850	1.462	51.931	1.520	53.300	-3.82%	-2.57%
07/17/2014	1900B	23.2	1880	1.497	51.818	1.520	53.300	-1.51%	-2.78%
			1910	1.530	51.729	1.520	53.300	0.66%	-2.95%
			1850	1.470	51.610	1.520	53.300	-3.29%	-3.17%
07/14/2014	2450B	23.0	1880	1.504	51.527	1.520	53.300	-1.05%	-3.33%
			1910	1.540	51.403	1.520	53.300	1.32%	-3.56%
			2401	1.860	51.202	1.903	52.765	-2.26%	-2.96%
07/16/2014	2450B	23.6	2450	1.928	51.039	1.950	52.700	-1.13%	-3.15%
			2499	1.993	50.863	2.019	52.638	-1.29%	-3.37%
			2500	2.013	53.522	2.021	52.636	-0.40%	1.68%
			2401	1.881	53.891	1.903	52.765	-1.16%	2.13%
07/16/2014	2450B	23.6	2450	1.947	53.712	1.950	52.700	-0.15%	1.92%
			2499	2.011	53.525	2.019	52.638	-0.40%	1.69%
			2500	2.013	53.522	2.021	52.636	-0.40%	1.68%
			2550	2.087	53.317	2.092	52.573	-0.24%	1.42%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB Publication 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

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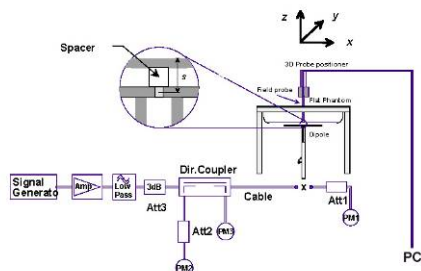


## 10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to  $\pm 10\%$  of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

**Table 10-2  
System Verification Results**



System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation <sub>1g</sub> (%)
I	750	HEAD	07/22/2014	24.5	22.5	0.100	1003	3209	0.891	8.370	8.910	6.45%
I	835	HEAD	07/21/2014	23.5	22.9	0.100	4d119	3209	0.979	9.220	9.790	6.18%
H	1750	HEAD	07/17/2014	23.8	22.8	0.100	1051	3319	3.420	36.200	34.200	-5.52%
D	1900	HEAD	07/17/2014	24.3	23.0	0.100	5d141	3022	3.900	40.100	39.000	-2.74%
H	2450	HEAD	07/15/2014	22.7	22.5	0.100	797	3319	5.270	51.800	52.700	1.74%
B	750	BODY	07/21/2014	22.7	22.1	0.100	1046	3288	0.910	8.540	9.100	6.56%
J	835	BODY	07/21/2014	22.6	22.9	0.100	4d119	3332	0.962	9.340	9.620	3.00%
C	1750	BODY	07/17/2014	23.1	22.5	0.100	1051	3213	3.990	37.400	39.900	6.68%
K	1900	BODY	07/14/2014	24.5	23.5	0.100	5d141	3287	4.150	40.600	41.500	2.22%
K	1900	BODY	07/17/2014	24.4	23.2	0.100	5d141	3287	4.270	40.600	42.700	5.17%
I	2450	BODY	07/14/2014	23.9	23.5	0.100	797	3209	5.260	49.400	52.600	6.48%
I	2450	BODY	07/16/2014	24.1	23.6	0.100	797	3209	5.280	49.400	52.800	6.88%



**Figure 10-1  
System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 10-2  
System Verification Setup Photo**

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# 11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

## 11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

**Table 11-1  
GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.46	0.01	Right	Cheek	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.487	1.057	0.515	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.46	0.07	Right	Tilt	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.223	1.057	0.236	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.46	0.11	Left	Cheek	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.384	1.057	0.406	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.46	0.01	Left	Tilt	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.220	1.057	0.233	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	-0.06	Right	Cheek	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.701	1.042	0.730	A1
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	0.10	Right	Tilt	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.310	1.042	0.323	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	0.11	Left	Cheek	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.556	1.042	0.579	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	-0.09	Left	Tilt	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.314	1.042	0.327	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

**Table 11-2  
UMTS 850 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.03	Right	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.425	1.028	0.437	A2
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.05	Right	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.212	1.028	0.218	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.01	Left	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.336	1.028	0.345	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.05	Left	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.203	1.028	0.209	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**Table 11-3  
UMTS 1750 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.05	Right	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.447	1.005	0.449	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.03	Right	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.178	1.005	0.179	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.13	Left	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.656	1.005	0.659	A3
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.19	Left	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.236	1.005	0.237	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

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**Table 11-4  
GSM/GPRS 1900 Head SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.00	0.08	Right	Cheek	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.285	1.047	0.298	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.00	-0.03	Right	Tilt	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.150	1.047	0.157	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.00	0.04	Left	Cheek	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.386	1.047	0.404	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.00	-0.06	Left	Tilt	1407-1	1	1:8.3	0.134	1.047	0.140	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.03	Right	Cheek	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.331	1.028	0.340	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.05	Right	Tilt	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.183	1.028	0.188	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	0.12	Left	Cheek	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.424	1.028	0.436	A4
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	0.14	Left	Tilt	1407-1	3	1:2.76	0.143	1.028	0.147	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

**Table 11-5  
UMTS 1900 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.04	Right	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.560	1.033	0.578	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	-0.01	Right	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.343	1.033	0.354	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.02	Left	Cheek	1407-1	1:1	0.746	1.033	0.771	A5
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.14	Left	Tilt	1407-1	1:1	0.282	1.033	0.291	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**Table 11-6  
LTE Band 17 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	-0.02	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	1407-2	1:1	0.308	1.002	0.309	A6
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	-0.02	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	1407-2	1:1	0.232	1.040	0.241	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	0.16	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	1407-2	1:1	0.152	1.002	0.152	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.13	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	1407-2	1:1	0.116	1.040	0.121	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	0.07	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	1407-2	1:1	0.216	1.002	0.216	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.06	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	1407-2	1:1	0.162	1.040	0.168	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	0.13	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	1407-2	1:1	0.117	1.002	0.117	
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.08	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	1407-2	1:1	0.096	1.040	0.100	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram												

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**Table 11-7  
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.02	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.417	1.002	0.418	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.00	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	1407-2	1:1	0.322	1.019	0.328	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.11	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.188	1.002	0.188	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.04	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	1407-2	1:1	0.144	1.019	0.147	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.07	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.577	1.002	0.578	A7
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.07	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	1407-2	1:1	0.403	1.019	0.411	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.07	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.251	1.002	0.252	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.07	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	1407-2	1:1	0.187	1.019	0.191	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-8  
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.04	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.498	1.002	0.499	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.10	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	50	1407-2	1:1	0.347	1.002	0.348	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.04	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.264	1.002	0.265	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.03	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	50	1407-2	1:1	0.178	1.002	0.178	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.14	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.636	1.002	0.637	A8
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.10	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	50	1407-2	1:1	0.469	1.002	0.470	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.09	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	1407-2	1:1	0.247	1.002	0.247	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.06	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	50	1407-2	1:1	0.177	1.002	0.177	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-9  
LTE Band 7 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.05	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	50	1407-2	1:1	0.045	1.005	0.045	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	-0.16	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	1407-2	1:1	0.034	1.000	0.034	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.05	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	50	1407-2	1:1	0.009	1.005	0.009	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	0.08	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	1407-2	1:1	0.008	1.000	0.008	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.08	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	50	1407-2	1:1	0.051	1.005	0.051	A9
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	0.03	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	1407-2	1:1	0.029	1.000	0.029	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.10	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	50	1407-2	1:1	0.009	1.005	0.009	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	-0.03	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	1407-2	1:1	0.006	1.000	0.006	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

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**Table 11-10  
DTS Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.01	Right	Cheek	1407-28	1	1:1	0.414	1.208	0.500	A10
2462	11	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	10.0	8.71	-0.02	Right	Cheek	1407-28	6.5	1:1	0.144	1.346	0.194	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	-0.02	Right	Tilt	1407-28	1	1:1	0.263	1.208	0.318	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.02	Left	Cheek	1407-28	1	1:1	0.207	1.208	0.250	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.12	Left	Tilt	1407-28	1	1:1	0.165	1.208	0.199	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data**

**Table 11-11  
GSM/GPRS/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.46	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	1	1:8.3	back	0.660	1.057	0.698	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.85	-0.11	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.635	1.084	0.688	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.841	1.042	0.876	
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.00	0.09	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	1.010	1.047	1.057	A11
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.00	-0.04	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	1.000	1.047	1.047	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.556	1.028	0.572	A12
1712.40	1312	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.67	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.709	1.007	0.714	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.797	1.005	0.801	
1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.61	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.898	1.021	0.917	A13
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.00	0.07	10 mm	1407-1	1	1:8.3	back	0.495	1.047	0.518	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.08	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.695	1.028	0.714	A15
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.40	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.978	1.072	1.048	A16
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.07	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.933	1.033	0.964	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.48	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.780	1.052	0.821	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							



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**Table 11-12  
LTE Body-Worn SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	-0.09	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.441	1.002	0.442	A18
710.00	23790	Mid	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.08	1	1407-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	back	1:1	0.353	1.040	0.367	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.05	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.911	1.002	0.913	A19
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.663	1.019	0.676	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.02	-0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.646	1.042	0.673	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.17	-0.01	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.830	1.007	0.836	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.010	1.002	1.012	A20
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.16	0.02	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	back	1:1	0.706	1.009	0.712	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.05	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.695	1.002	0.696	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.10	0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.735	1.023	0.752	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	-0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.533	1.005	0.536	A21
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	0.06	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.412	1.000	0.412	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-13  
DTS Body-Worn SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	-0.01	10 mm	1407-28	1	back	1:1	0.099	1.208	0.120	A22	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	10.0	8.71	0.02	10 mm	1407-28	6.5	back	1:1	0.031	1.346	0.042		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

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# 11.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

**Table 11-14  
GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.85	-0.11	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.635	1.084	0.688	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.841	1.042	0.876	
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.00	0.09	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	1.010	1.047	1.057	A11
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	-0.09	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	front	0.723	1.042	0.753	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	0.03	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.171	1.042	0.178	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.02	-0.08	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	right	0.654	1.042	0.681	
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	30.00	-0.04	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	1.000	1.047	1.047	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.556	1.028	0.572	A12
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	-0.03	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.440	1.028	0.452	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.13	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.115	1.028	0.118	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.58	0.05	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	right	0.483	1.028	0.497	
1712.40	1312	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.67	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.709	1.007	0.714	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.797	1.005	0.801	
1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.61	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.898	1.021	0.917	
1712.40	1312	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.67	0.06	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.908	1.007	0.914	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.01	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.967	1.005	0.972	
1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.61	-0.05	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	1.010	1.021	1.031	A14
1712.40	1312	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.67	0.07	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.798	1.007	0.804	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.868	1.005	0.872	
1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.61	-0.06	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.859	1.021	0.877	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.02	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	left	0.365	1.005	0.367	
1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.61	0.06	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.992	1.021	1.013	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.08	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	back	0.695	1.028	0.714	A15
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.02	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	front	0.657	1.028	0.675	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	-0.15	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.464	1.028	0.477	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	26.7	26.58	0.12	10 mm	1407-1	3	1:2.76	left	0.272	1.028	0.280	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.40	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.978	1.072	1.048	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.07	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.933	1.033	0.964	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.48	0.00	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	back	0.780	1.052	0.821	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.40	0.06	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	1.100	1.072	1.179	A17
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	0.09	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	1.020	1.033	1.054	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.48	-0.02	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.818	1.052	0.861	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	-0.02	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.609	1.033	0.629	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.56	-0.04	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	left	0.444	1.033	0.459	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.40	0.09	10 mm	1407-1	N/A	1:1	front	0.990	1.072	1.061	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

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**Table 11-15  
LTE Band 17 Hotspot SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.																		
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	-0.09	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.441	1.002	0.442	A18
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.08	1	1407-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	back	1:1	0.353	1.040	0.367	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	front	1:1	0.283	1.002	0.284	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.05	1	1407-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	front	1:1	0.216	1.040	0.225	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	0.13	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.085	1.002	0.085	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	-0.04	1	1407-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.067	1.040	0.070	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	24.2	24.19	-0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	right	1:1	0.412	1.002	0.413	
710.00	23790	Md	LTE Band 17	10	23.2	23.03	0.09	1	1407-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	right	1:1	0.329	1.040	0.342	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

**Table 11-16  
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.																		
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.05	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.911	1.002	0.913	A19
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.663	1.019	0.676	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.02	-0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.646	1.042	0.673	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.00	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.864	1.002	0.866	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	-0.06	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.639	1.019	0.651	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.02	-0.04	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.623	1.042	0.649	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.01	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.876	1.002	0.878	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	-0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.628	1.019	0.640	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.02	-0.15	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.615	1.042	0.641	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.01	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.361	1.002	0.362	
1732.50	20175	Md	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.2	22.12	0.04	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.266	1.019	0.271	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

**Table 11-17  
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.																		
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.17	-0.01	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.830	1.007	0.836	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	-0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.010	1.002	1.012	A20
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.16	0.02	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	back	1:1	0.706	1.009	0.712	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.05	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.695	1.002	0.696	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.10	0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.735	1.023	0.752	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.17	0.00	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	front	1:1	0.894	1.007	0.900	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.02	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.965	1.002	0.967	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.16	0.00	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	front	1:1	0.698	1.009	0.704	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.01	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	50	10 mm	front	1:1	0.689	1.002	0.690	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.10	-0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.719	1.023	0.736	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.07	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.632	1.002	0.633	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	0.05	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	50	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.461	1.002	0.462	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	23.19	0.02	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.406	1.002	0.407	
1880.00	18900	Md	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.2	22.19	-0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	50	10 mm	left	1:1	0.292	1.002	0.293	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

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**Table 11-18  
LTE Band 7 Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.																		
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	-0.03	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	back	1:1	0.533	1.005	0.536	A21
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	0.06	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.412	1.000	0.412	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	-0.02	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	front	1:1	0.144	1.005	0.145	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	-0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.111	1.000	0.111	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.04	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.219	1.005	0.220	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	-0.03	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.192	1.000	0.192	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	22.7	22.68	0.00	0	1407-2	QPSK	1	50	10 mm	right	1:1	0.165	1.005	0.166	
2510.00	20850	Low	LTE Band 7	20	21.7	21.70	0.02	1	1407-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.136	1.000	0.136	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram											



**Table 11-19  
WLAN Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.															
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	-0.01	10 mm	1407-28	1	back	1:1	0.099	1.208	0.120	A22	
2462	11	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	10.0	8.71	0.02	10 mm	1407-28	6.5	back	1:1	0.031	1.346	0.042		
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.02	10 mm	1407-28	1	front	1:1	0.082	1.208	0.099		
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.03	10 mm	1407-28	1	top	1:1	0.077	1.208	0.093		
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.18	0.04	10 mm	1407-28	1	left	1:1	0.060	1.208	0.072		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

## 11.4 SAR Test Notes

### General Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
- Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
- Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
- Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).

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**GSM Test Notes:**

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR. GPRS body-worn SAR was additionally evaluated for VoIP considerations.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.
4. GPRS Head SAR was additionally evaluated for VoIP considerations.

**UMTS Notes:**



1. UMTS mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

**LTE Notes:**

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r01. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

**WLAN Notes:**

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI operations: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. IEEE 802.11n was evaluated for worst case SAR in each exposure condition. IEEE 802.11g was not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
3. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is  $< 1.6$  W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is  $< 0.8$  W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.

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## 12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

### 12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

### 12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures



This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6$  W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

**Table 12-1  
Estimated SAR**

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	9.50	10	0.189



Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

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## 12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.515	0.500	<b>1.015</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.730	0.500	<b>1.230</b>
	Right Tilt	0.236	0.318	0.554		Right Tilt	0.323	0.318	0.641
	Left Cheek	0.406	0.250	0.656		Left Cheek	0.579	0.250	0.829
	Left Tilt	0.233	0.199	0.432		Left Tilt	0.327	0.199	0.526
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.437	0.500	<b>0.937</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.449	0.500	<b>0.949</b>
	Right Tilt	0.218	0.318	0.536		Right Tilt	0.179	0.318	0.497
	Left Cheek	0.345	0.250	0.595		Left Cheek	0.659	0.250	0.909
	Left Tilt	0.209	0.199	0.408		Left Tilt	0.237	0.199	0.436
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.298	0.500	<b>0.798</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.340	0.500	<b>0.840</b>
	Right Tilt	0.157	0.318	0.475		Right Tilt	0.188	0.318	0.506
	Left Cheek	0.404	0.250	0.654		Left Cheek	0.436	0.250	0.686
	Left Tilt	0.140	0.199	0.339		Left Tilt	0.147	0.199	0.346
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.578	0.500	<b>1.078</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.309	0.500	<b>0.809</b>
	Right Tilt	0.354	0.318	0.672		Right Tilt	0.152	0.318	0.470
	Left Cheek	0.771	0.250	1.021		Left Cheek	0.216	0.250	0.466
	Left Tilt	0.291	0.199	0.490		Left Tilt	0.117	0.199	0.316
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.418	0.500	<b>0.918</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.499	0.500	<b>0.999</b>
	Right Tilt	0.188	0.318	0.506		Right Tilt	0.265	0.318	0.583
	Left Cheek	0.578	0.250	0.828		Left Cheek	0.637	0.250	0.887
	Left Tilt	0.252	0.199	0.451		Left Tilt	0.247	0.199	0.446
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.045	0.500	<b>0.545</b>	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.045	0.500	<b>0.545</b>
	Right Tilt	0.009	0.318	0.327		Right Tilt	0.009	0.318	0.327
	Left Cheek	0.051	0.250	0.301		Left Cheek	0.051	0.250	0.301
	Left Tilt	0.009	0.199	0.208		Left Tilt	0.009	0.199	0.208

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## 12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis



**Table 12-3**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.698	0.120	0.818
Back Side	GPRS 850	1.057	0.120	<b>1.177</b>
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.572	0.120	0.692
Back Side	UMTS 1750	0.917	0.120	1.037
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.518	0.120	0.638
Back Side	GPRS 1900	0.714	0.120	0.834
Back Side	UMTS 1900	1.048	0.120	1.168
Back Side	LTE Band 17	0.442	0.120	0.562
Back Side	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.913	0.120	1.033
Back Side	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1.012	0.120	1.132
Back Side	LTE Band 7	0.536	0.120	0.656

**Table 12-4**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.698	0.189	0.887
Back Side	GPRS 850	1.057	0.189	<b>1.246</b>
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.572	0.189	0.761
Back Side	UMTS 1750	0.917	0.189	1.106
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.518	0.189	0.707
Back Side	GPRS 1900	0.714	0.189	0.903
Back Side	UMTS 1900	1.048	0.189	1.237
Back Side	LTE Band 17	0.442	0.189	0.631
Back Side	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.913	0.189	1.102
Back Side	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1.012	0.189	1.201
Back Side	LTE Band 7	0.536	0.189	0.725

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated Bluetooth SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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## 12.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis



Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-“).

**Table 12-5**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (2.4 GHz Hotspot at 1.0 cm)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	1.057	0.120	1.177	Body SAR	Back	0.572	0.120	0.692
	Front	0.753	0.099	0.852		Front	0.452	0.099	0.551
	Top	-	0.093	0.093		Top	-	0.093	0.093
	Bottom	0.178	-	0.178		Bottom	0.118	-	0.118
	Right	0.681	-	0.681		Right	0.497	-	0.497
	Left	-	0.072	0.072		Left	-	0.072	0.072
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1750 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.917	0.120	1.037	Body SAR	Back	0.714	0.120	0.834
	Front	1.031	0.099	1.130		Front	0.675	0.099	0.774
	Top	-	0.093	0.093		Top	-	0.093	0.093
	Bottom	0.877	-	0.877		Bottom	0.477	-	0.477
	Right	-	-	0.000		Right	-	-	0.000
	Left	0.367	0.072	0.439		Left	0.280	0.072	0.352
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	1.048	0.120	1.168	Body SAR	Back	0.442	0.120	0.562
	Front	1.179	0.099	1.278		Front	0.284	0.099	0.383
	Top	-	0.093	0.093		Top	-	0.093	0.093
	Bottom	0.629	-	0.629		Bottom	0.085	-	0.085
	Right	-	-	0.000		Right	0.413	-	0.413
	Left	0.459	0.072	0.531		Left	-	0.072	0.072
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.913	0.120	1.033	Body SAR	Back	1.012	0.120	1.132
	Front	0.866	0.099	0.965		Front	0.967	0.099	1.066
	Top	-	0.093	0.093		Top	-	0.093	0.093
	Bottom	0.878	-	0.878		Bottom	0.633	-	0.633
	Right	-	-	0.000		Right	-	-	0.000
	Left	0.362	0.072	0.434		Left	0.407	0.072	0.479
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 7 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.536	0.120	0.656					
	Front	0.145	0.099	0.244					
	Top	-	0.093	0.093					
	Bottom	0.220	-	0.220					
	Right	0.166	-	0.166					
	Left	-	0.072	0.072					

## 12.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

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# 13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

## 13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:



- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg

**Table 13-1  
Body SAR Measurement Variability Results**

BODY VARIABILITY RESULTS														
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Side	Spacing	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.						(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
835	848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	3	back	10 mm	1.010	1.000	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1750	1752.50	1862	UMTS 1750	RMC	N/A	front	10 mm	1.010	0.992	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900	1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	N/A	front	10 mm	1.100	0.990	1.11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

## 13.2 Measurement Uncertainty



The measured SAR was  $< 1.5$  W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

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# 14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	3629U00687
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	5/22/2014	Annual	5/22/2015	US39170118
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US39170122
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	4/1/2014	Annual	4/1/2015	MY47270002
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	3/28/2014	Annual	3/28/2015	GB42230325
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	MY45470194
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	MY47420800
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433972
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433974
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/14/2014	Annual	5/14/2015	1231535
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/14/2014	Annual	5/14/2015	1231538
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	11/14/2013	Annual	11/14/2014	1126066
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	3/25/2014	Annual	3/25/2015	1207470
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	5605
Anritsu	ML2469A	Power Meter	3/14/2014	Annual	3/14/2015	1306009
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	1039008
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	12/12/2013	Annual	12/12/2014	6201300731
COMTech	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M155A00-009
Control Company	4052	Long Stem Thermometer	9/27/2013	Biennial	9/27/2015	130567447
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	4/29/2014	Biennial	4/29/2016	122014488
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	4/29/2014	Biennial	4/29/2016	111331323
Fisher Scientific	15-077-960	Digital Thermometer	11/6/2012	Biennial	11/6/2014	122640025
Fisher Scientific	S407993	Long Stem Thermometer	11/4/2013	Biennial	11/4/2015	130671826
Fisher Scientific	S97611	Thermometer	4/12/2013	Biennial	4/12/2015	130219304
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	8650319
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R897950903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mitutoyo	CD-6-CSX	Digital Caliper	5/8/2014	Biennial	5/8/2016	13264162
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	6/6/2014	Annual	6/6/2015	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	10/18/2013	Annual	10/18/2014	100976
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	832026
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	4/10/2014	Annual	4/10/2015	1051
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	4/9/2014	Annual	4/9/2015	50141
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/21/2014	Annual	1/21/2015	797
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	1/20/2014	Annual	1/20/2015	1003
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	2/27/2014	Annual	2/27/2015	1046
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/7/2014	Annual	4/7/2015	40119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/21/2013	Annual	8/21/2014	1322
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/17/2013	Annual	9/17/2014	1323
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/17/2014	Annual	3/17/2015	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/17/2014	Annual	3/17/2015	1364
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/11/2014	Annual	4/11/2015	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/18/2013	Annual	11/18/2014	1407
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/19/2013	Annual	11/19/2014	1408
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	5/6/2014	Annual	5/6/2015	1070
SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	Portable Dielectric Assessment Kit	8/18/2013	Annual	8/18/2014	1009
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/22/2013	Annual	8/22/2014	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/19/2014	Annual	3/19/2015	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/11/2014	Annual	4/11/2015	3213
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/20/2013	Annual	11/20/2014	3287
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/23/2013	Annual	9/23/2014	3288
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/17/2014	Annual	4/17/2015	3319
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/25/2013	Annual	11/25/2014	3332
Tektronix	RSA6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/16/2014	Annual	4/16/2015	8010177
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	8/8/2013	Biennial	8/8/2015	13047787

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



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# 15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> 1gm	c <sub>i</sub> 10 gms	1gm u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10gms u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	v <sub>i</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
<b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>	RSS						12.1	11.7	299
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)	k=2						24.2	23.5	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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## 16 CONCLUSION

### 16.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]



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## APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.982$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: GPRS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 3 Tx slots**

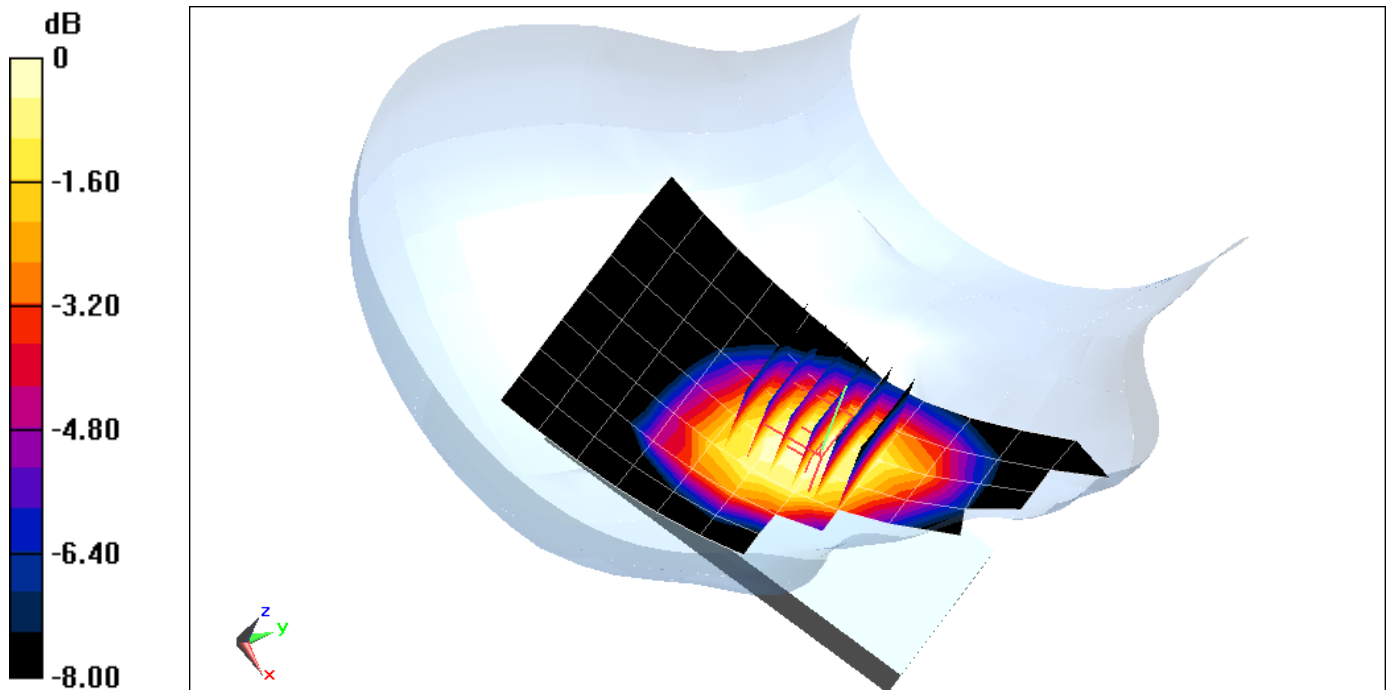
**Area Scan (8x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.932 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.701 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.769 W/kg = -1.14 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.982$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: UMTS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

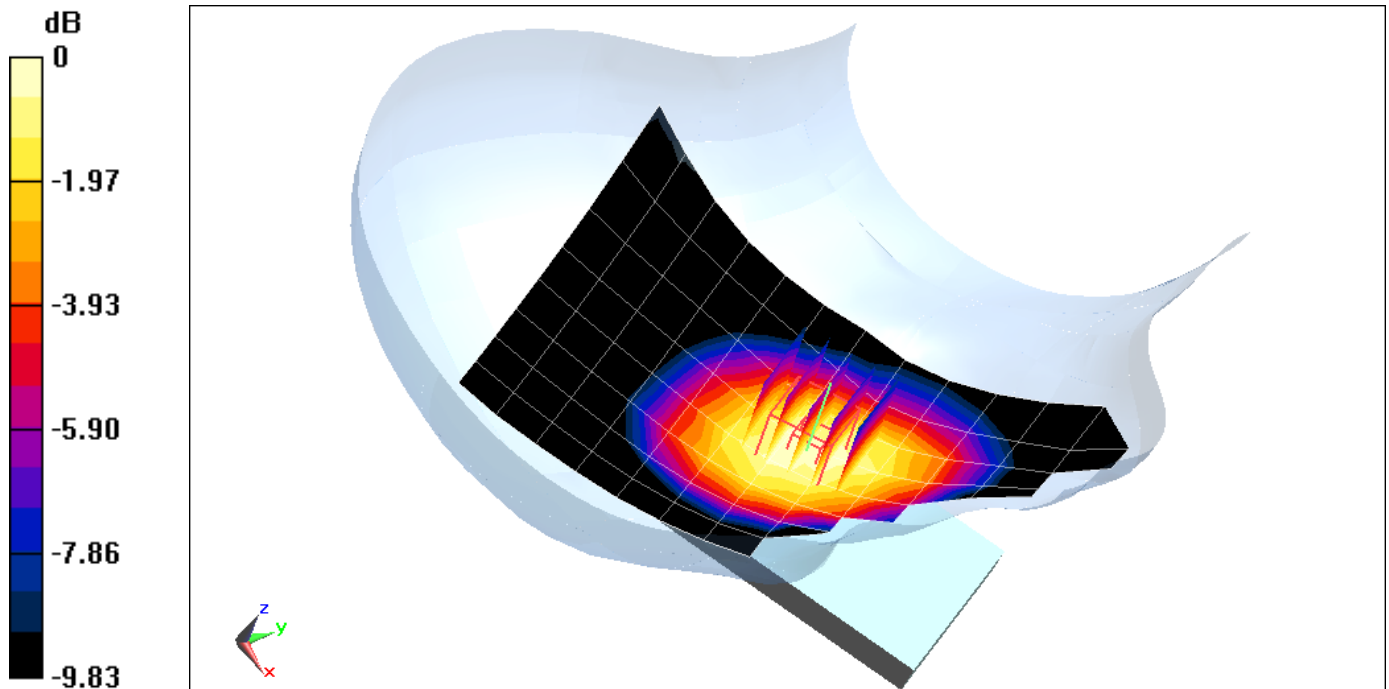
**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.569 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.425 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.472 W/kg = -3.26 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.324$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.394$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: AWS UMTS, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

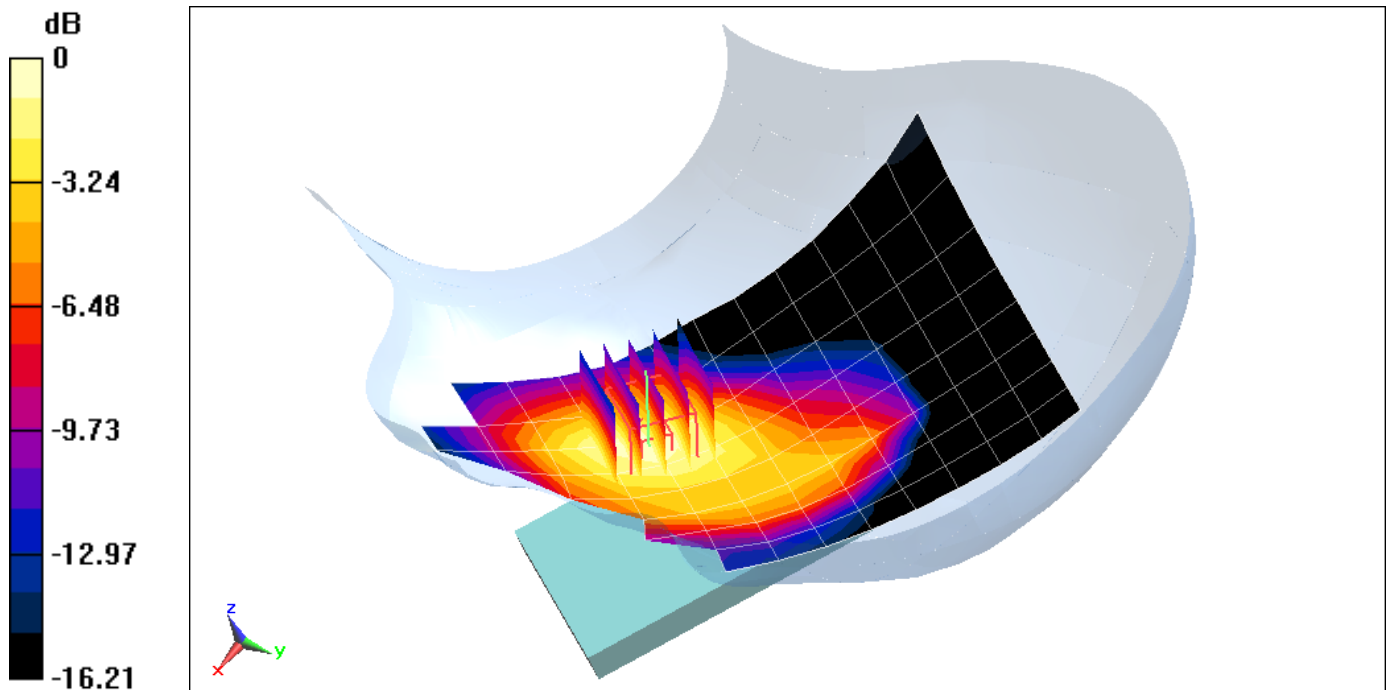
**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.656 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.777 W/kg = -1.10 dBW/kg



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.422 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.014$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: GPRS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 3 Tx slots**

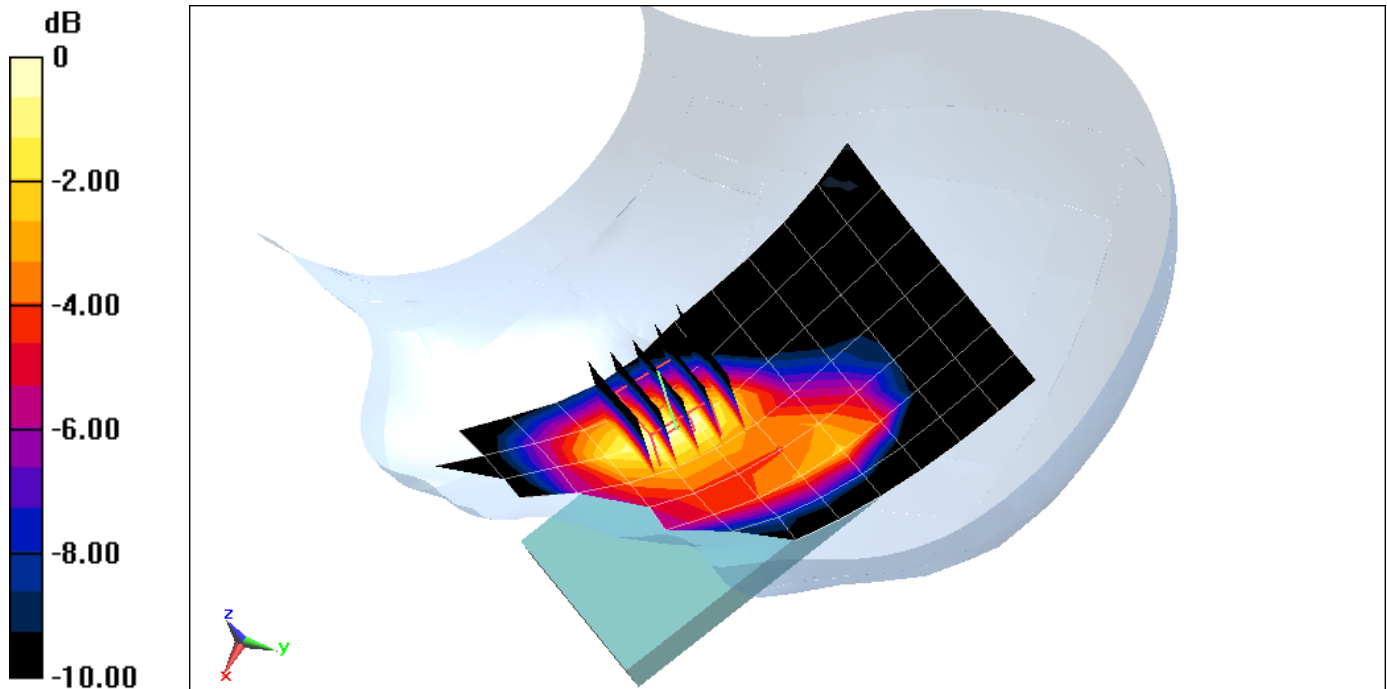
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.650 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.424 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.507 W/kg = -2.95 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.422 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.014$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: UMTS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

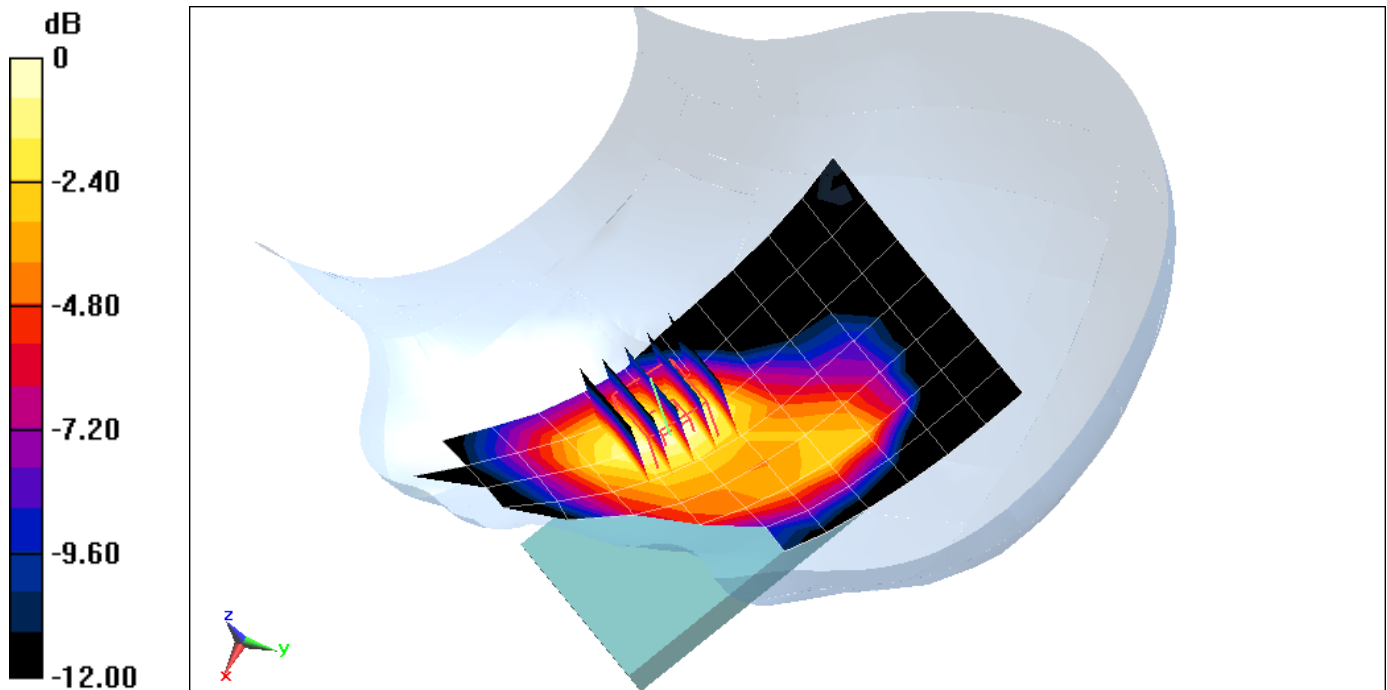
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.746 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.870 W/kg = -0.60 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 710 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.923$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 07-22-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.43, 6.43, 6.43); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**  
**10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

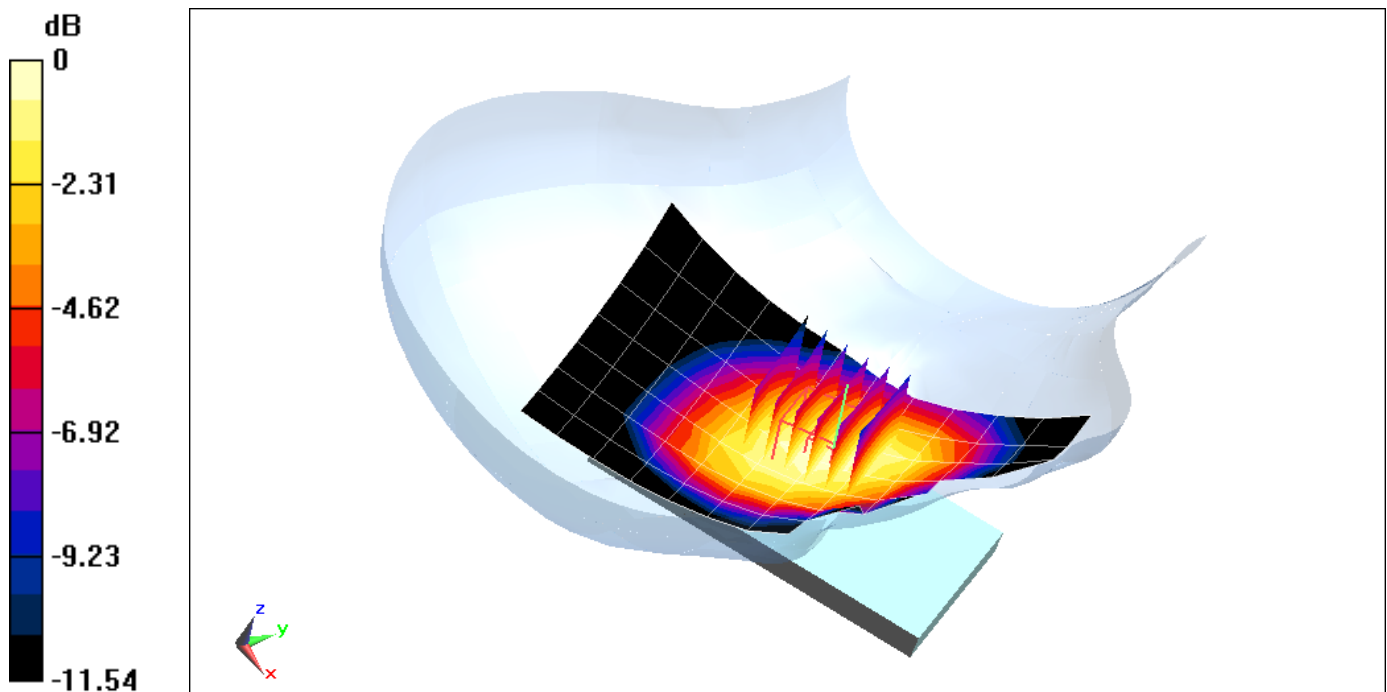
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.308 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.341 W/kg = -4.67 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.324 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.394$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**  
**QPSK, 20 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

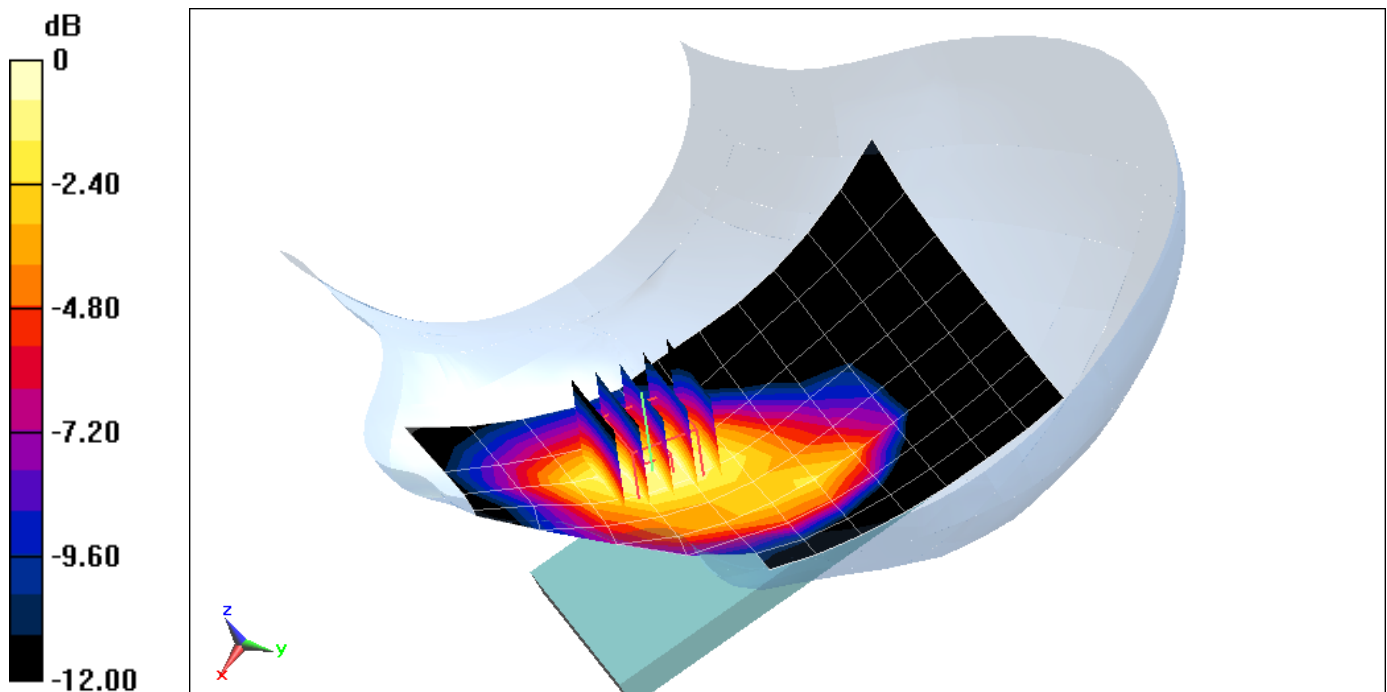
**Area Scan (9x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.577 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.677 W/kg = -1.69 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.422 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.014$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**  
**QPSK, 20 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

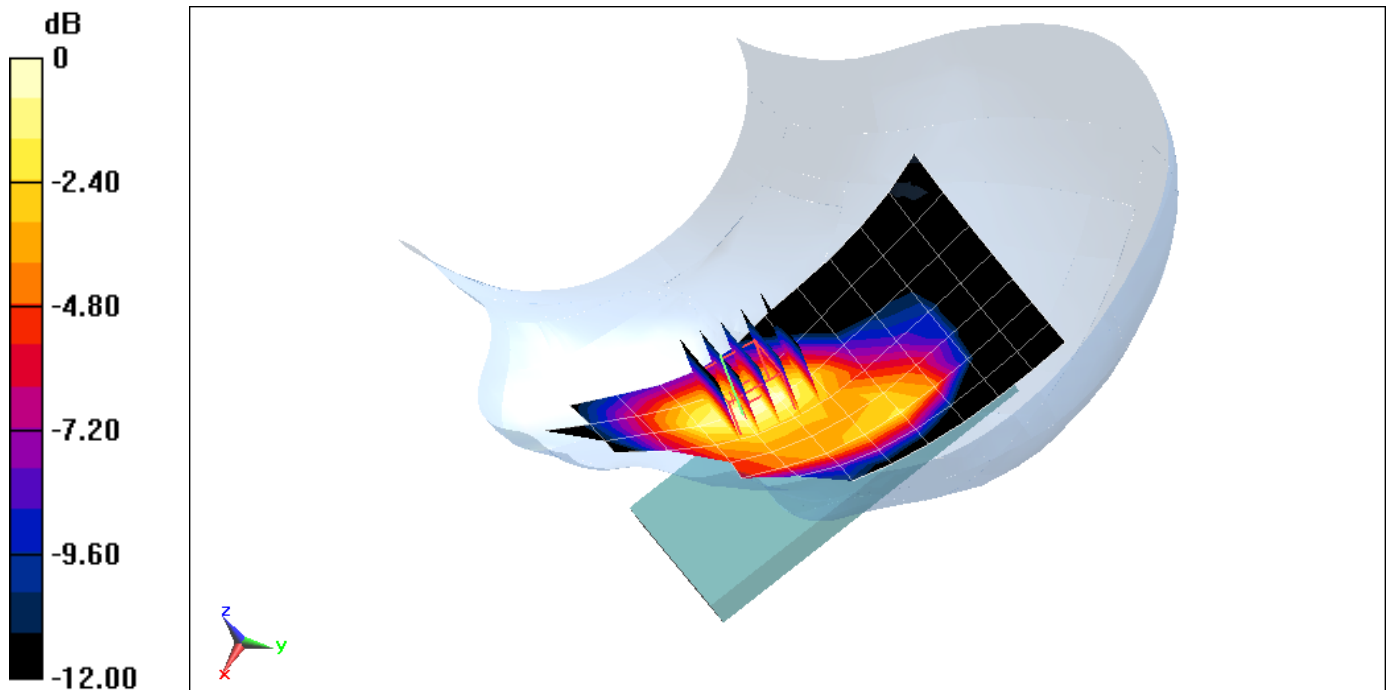
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.958 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.636 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.738 W/kg = -1.32 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.807 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.382$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-15-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 7, Left Head, Cheek, Low.ch**  
**QPSK, 20 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 50 RB Offset**

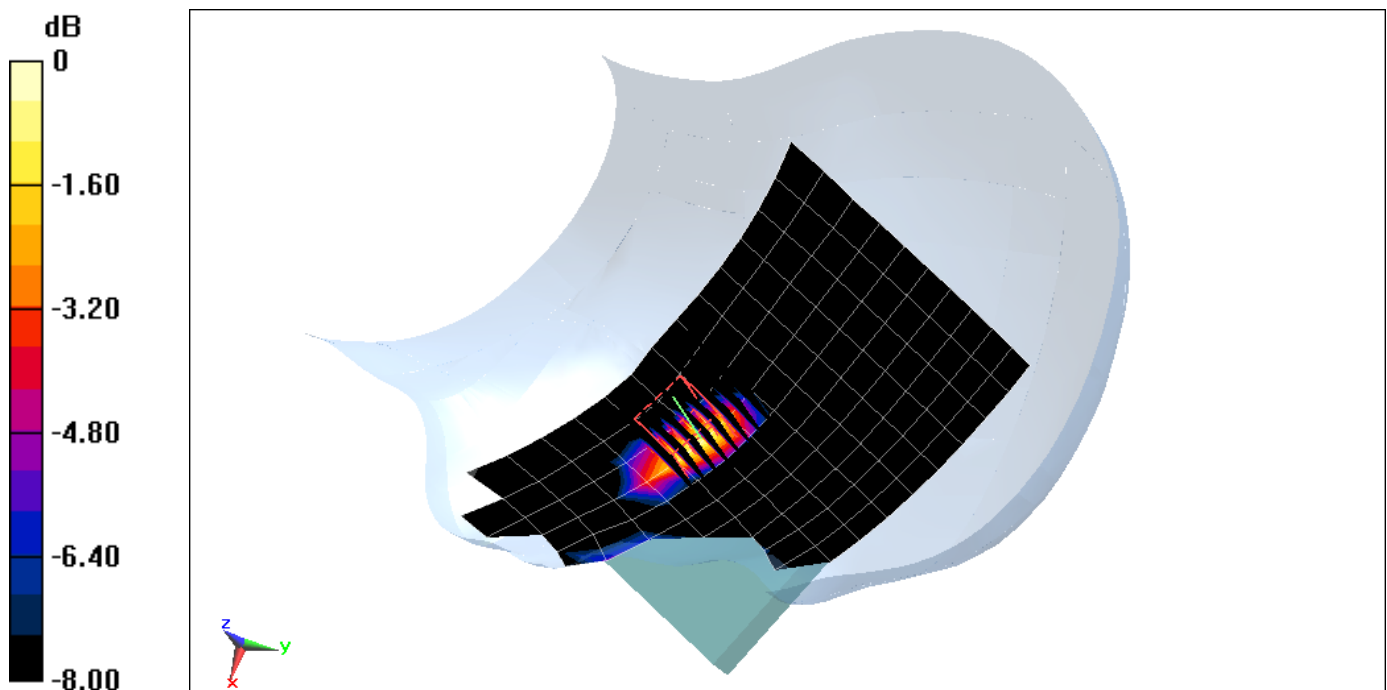
**Area Scan (11x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.316 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.051 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.0650 W/kg = -11.87 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-28**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.757 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 07-15-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 11, 1 Mbps**

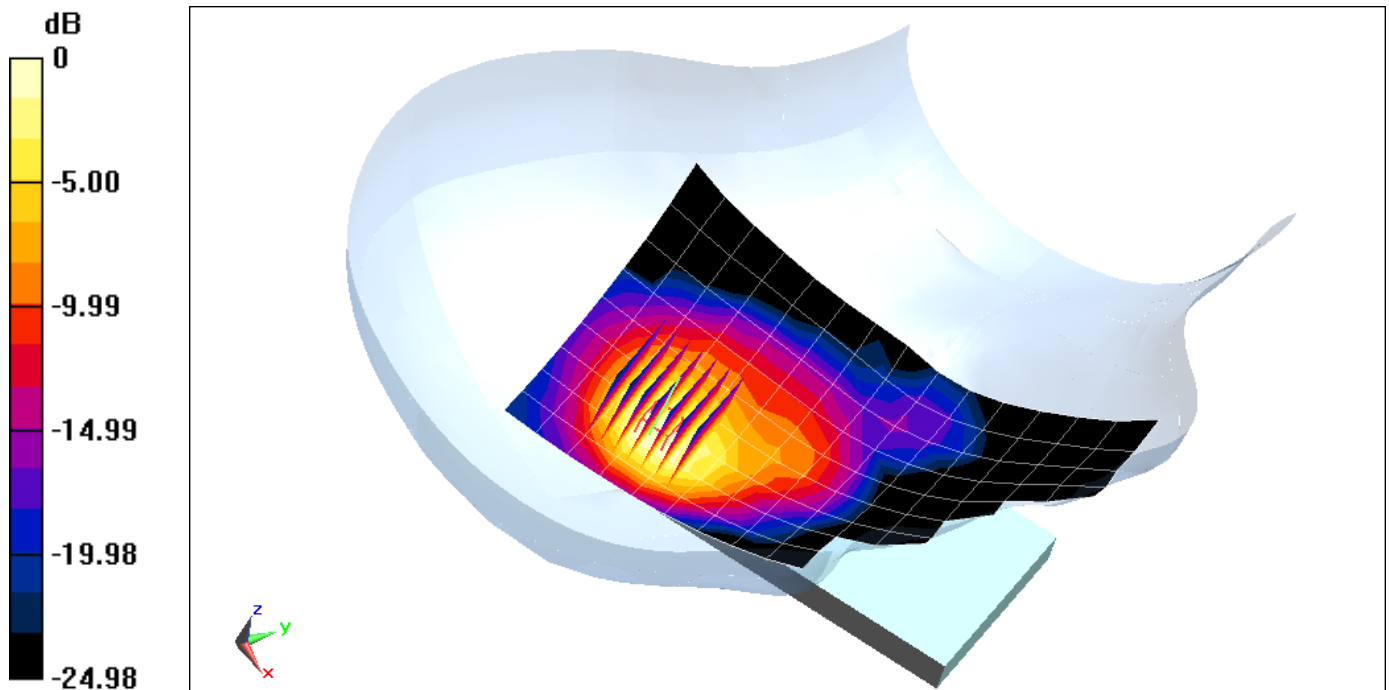
**Area Scan (10x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.836 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.414 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.519 W/kg = -2.85 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots, Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.023 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.296$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 11/25/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 11/18/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1226

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch, 3 Tx Slots**

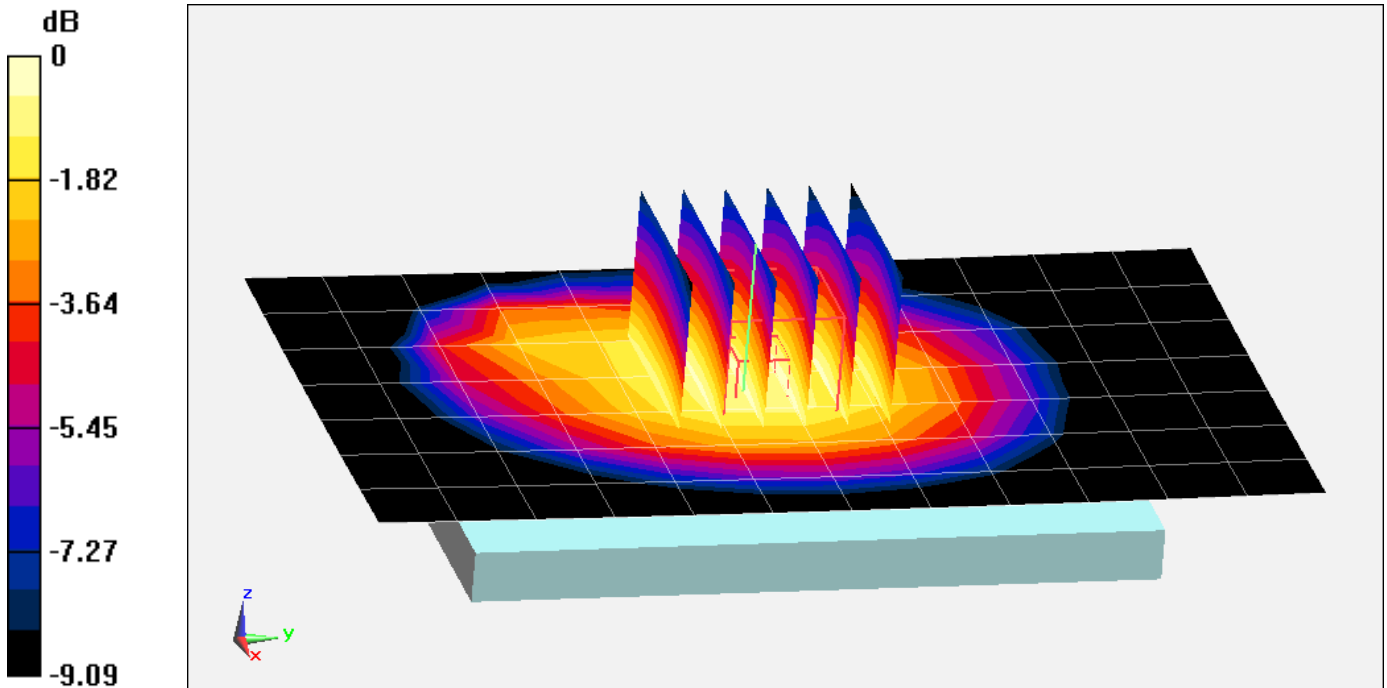
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.10 W/kg = 0.41 dBW/kg



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.011 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.434$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 11/25/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 11/18/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1226

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

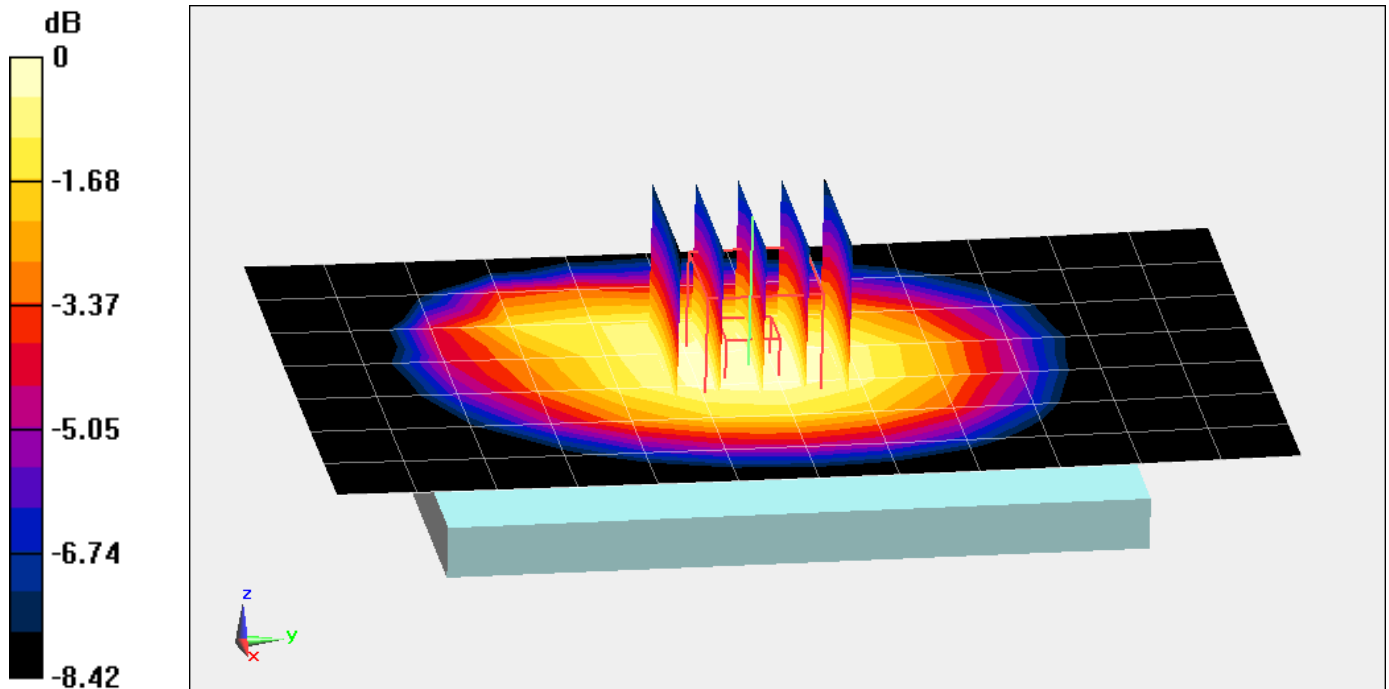
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.694 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.556 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.612 W/kg = -2.13 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, AWS UMTS; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.549$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.439$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 4/11/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: AWS UMTS, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch**

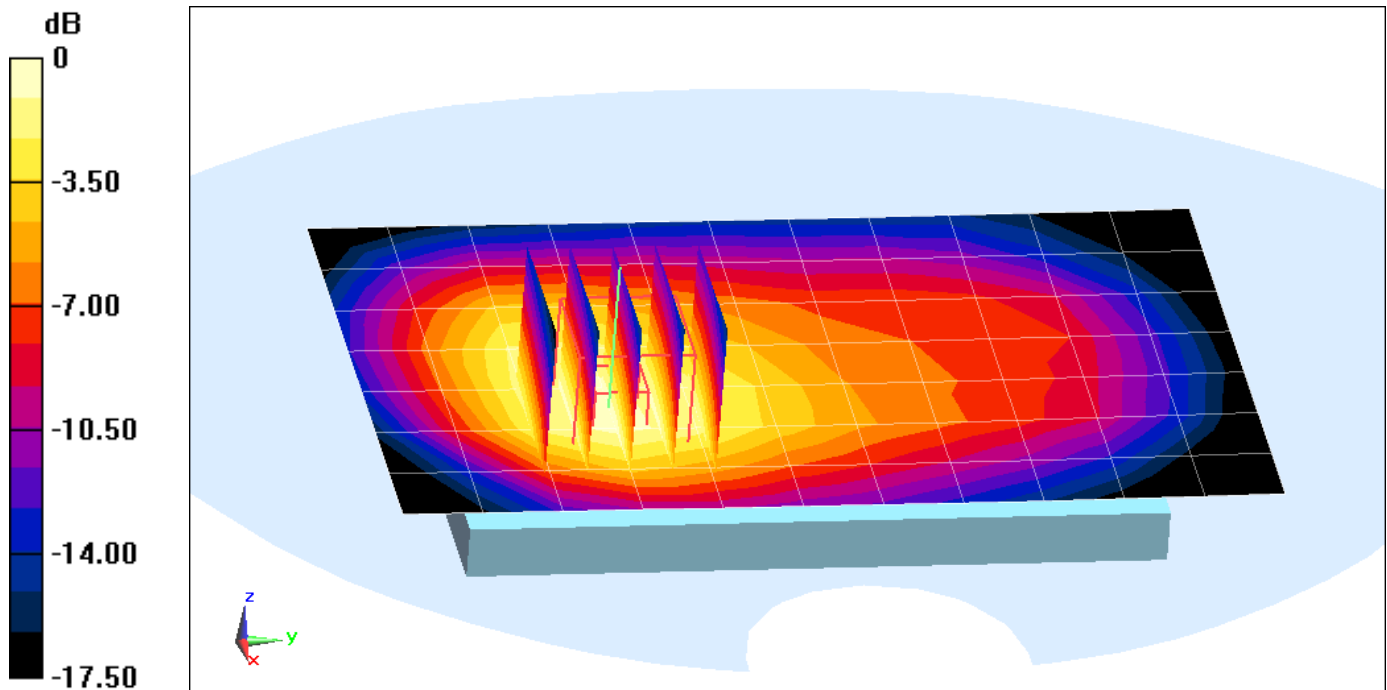
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.898 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.21 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, AWS UMTS; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.549$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.439$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 4/11/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: AWS UMTS, Body SAR, Front side, High.ch**

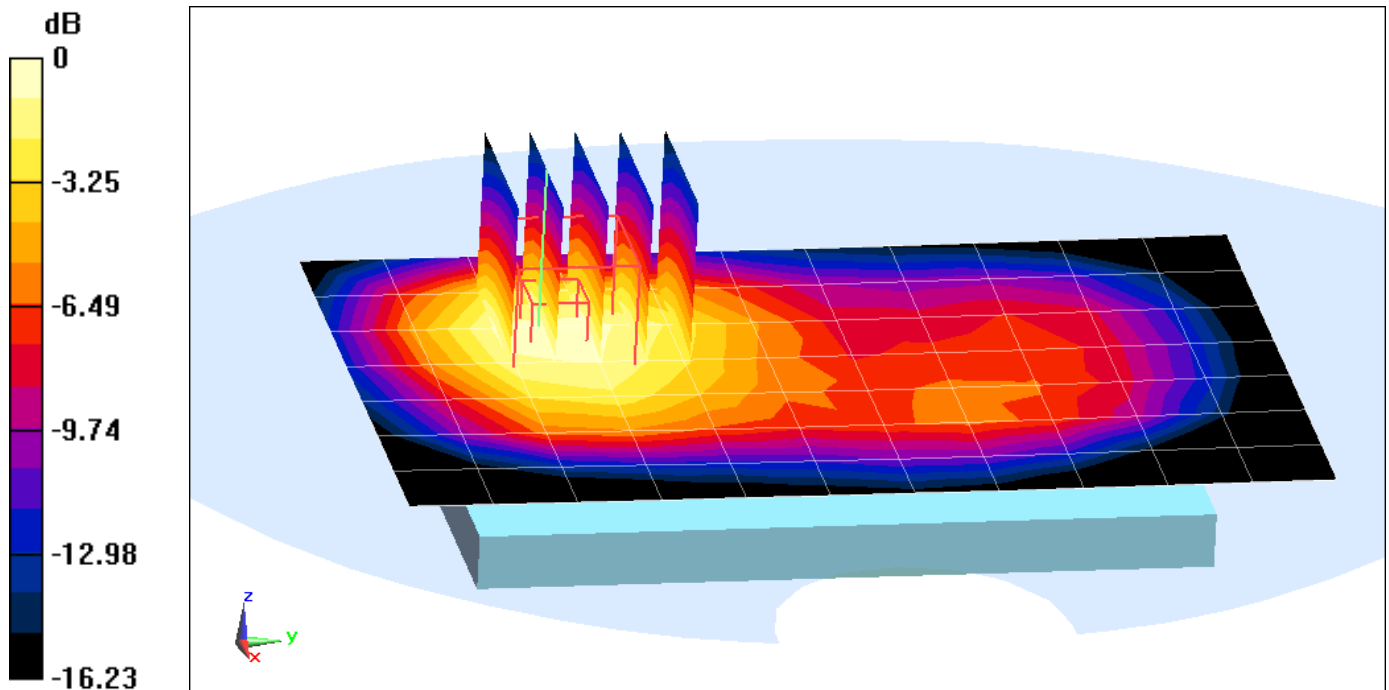
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg = 0.83 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.497 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back Side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots**

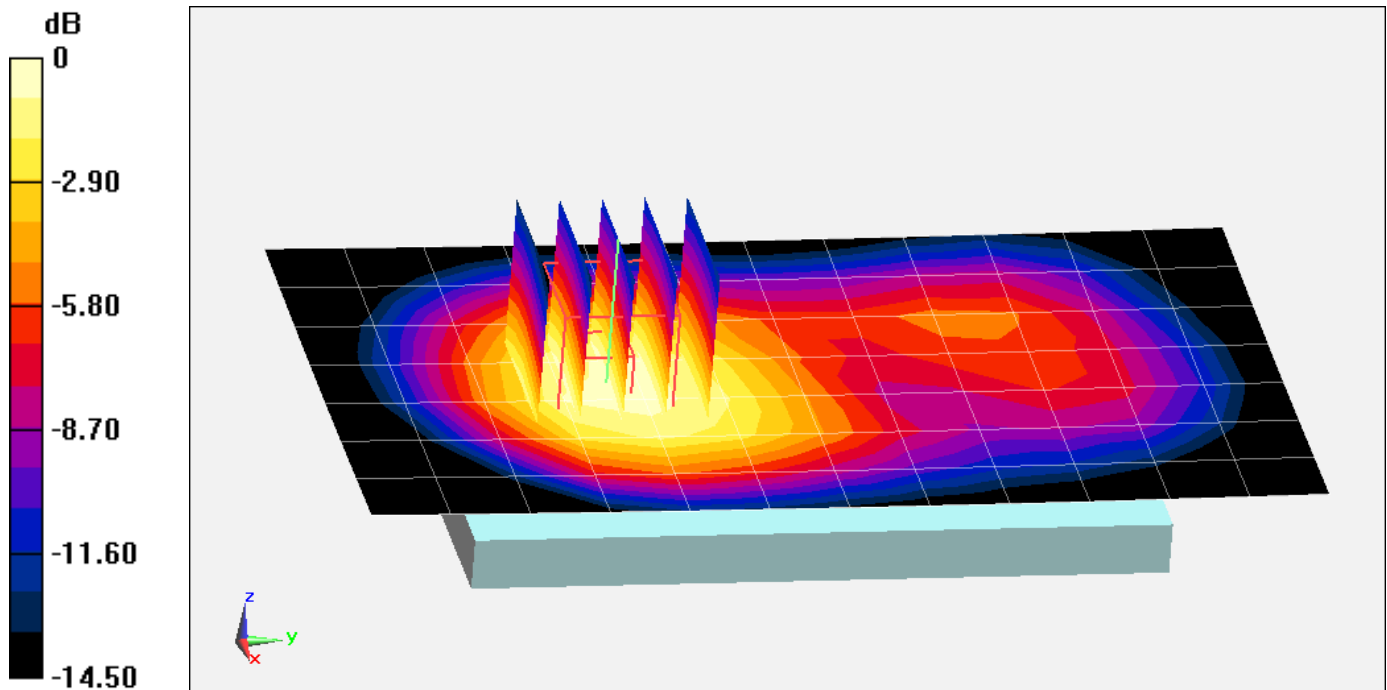
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.808 W/kg = -0.93 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS, Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.4 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.465 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.922$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back Side, Low.ch**

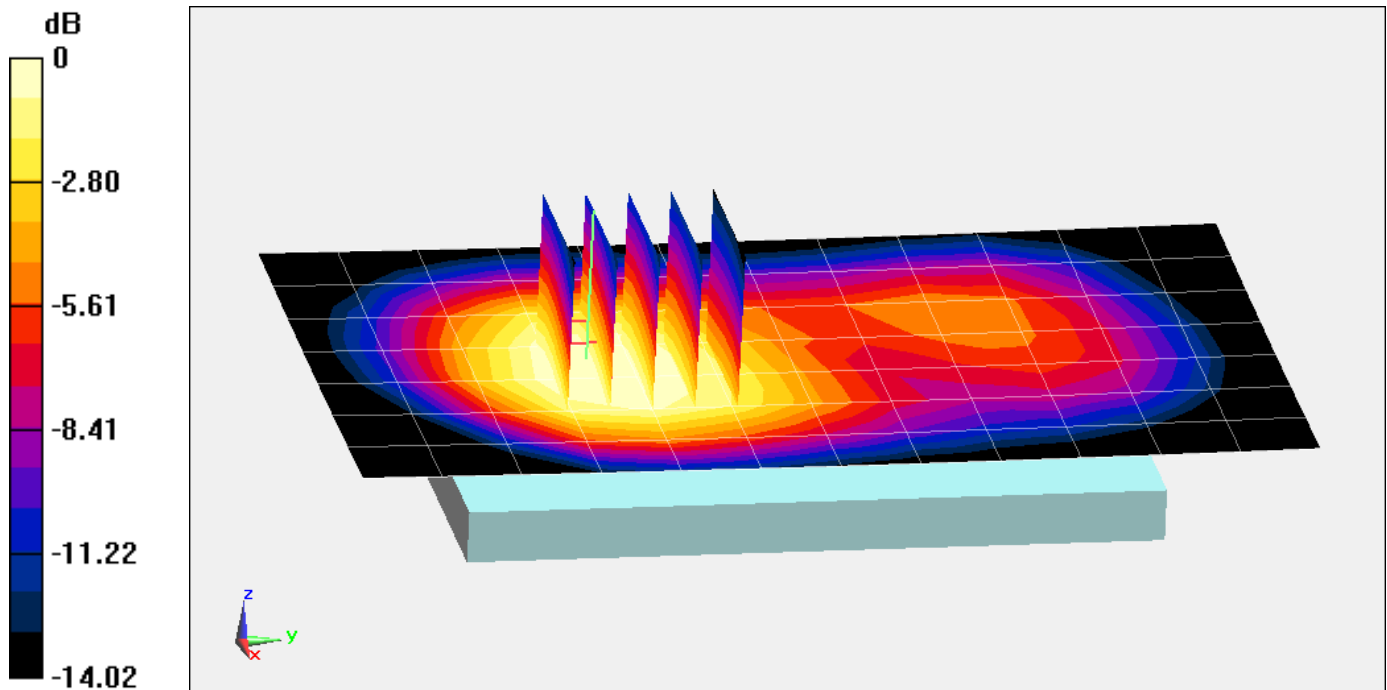
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.978 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.13 W/kg = 0.53 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS, Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.4 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.465 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.922$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Front side, Low.ch**

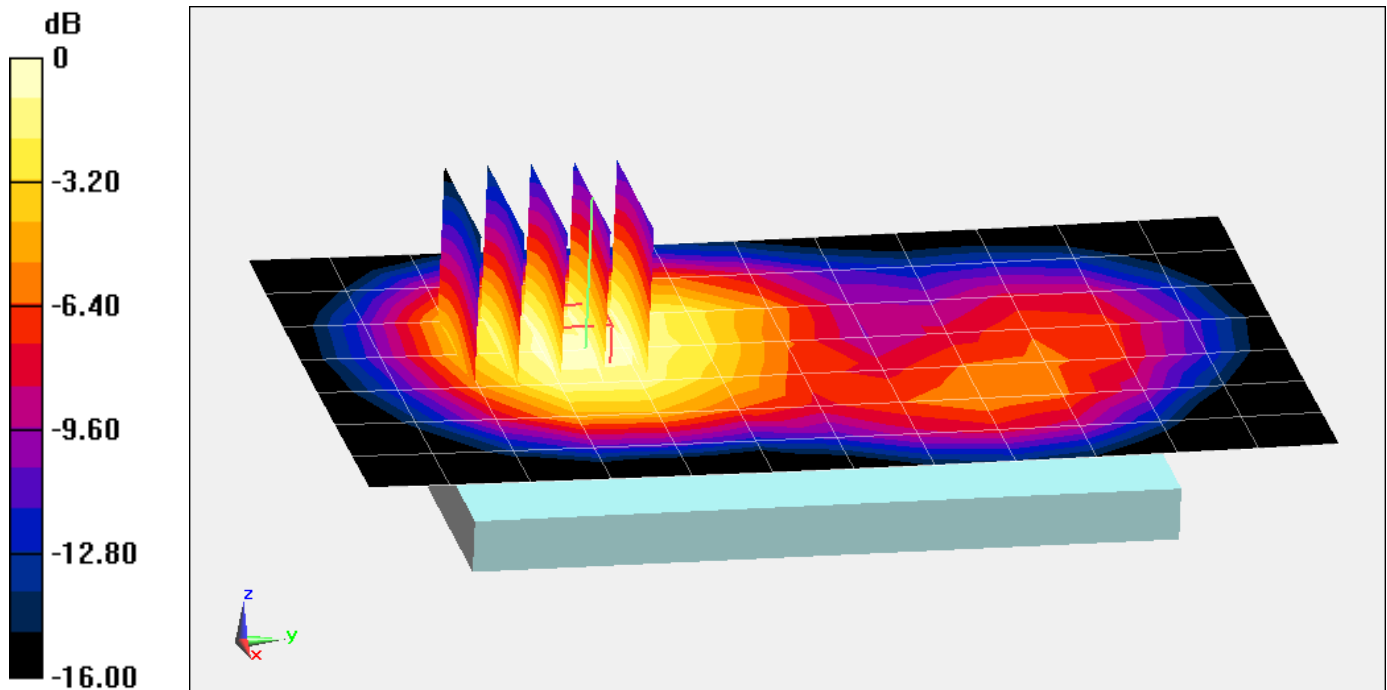
**Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.28 W/kg = 1.07 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE BAND 17; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 710 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.963 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 9/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 17, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**  
**10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

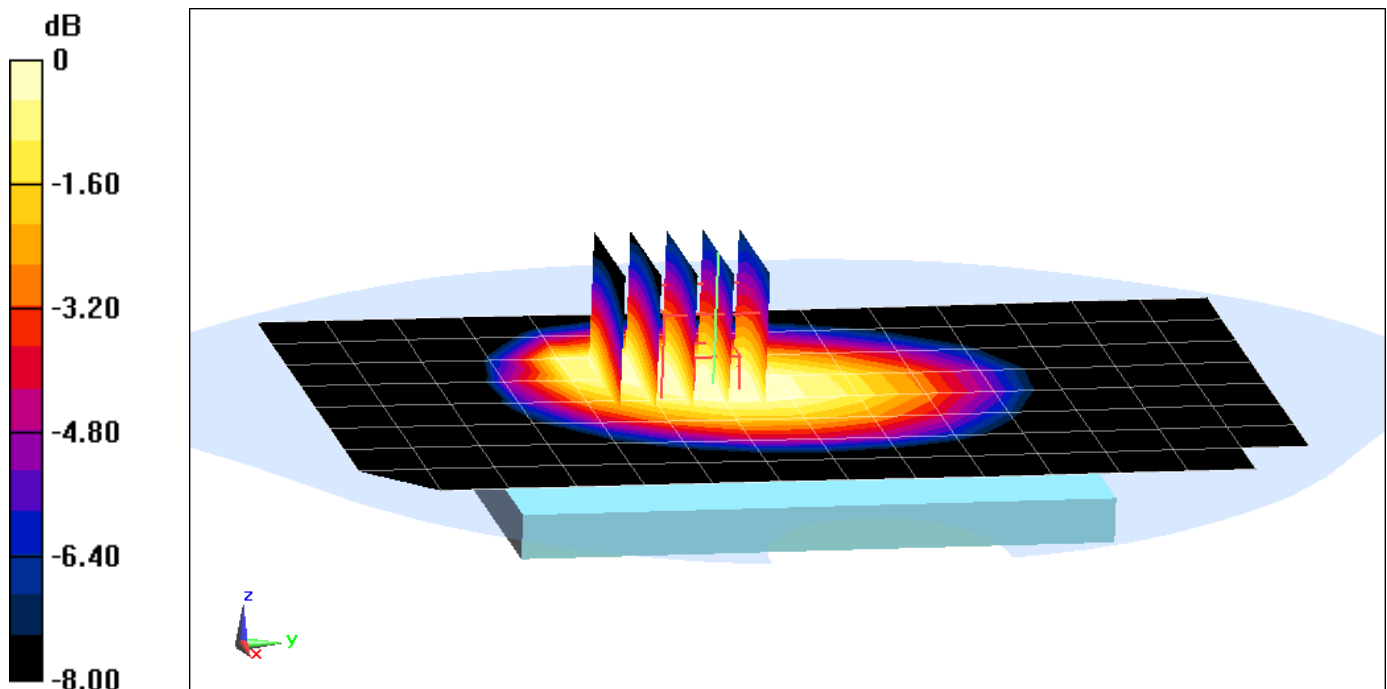
**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.585 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.486 W/kg = -3.13 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE RF; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.527 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.512$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 4/11/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**  
**20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

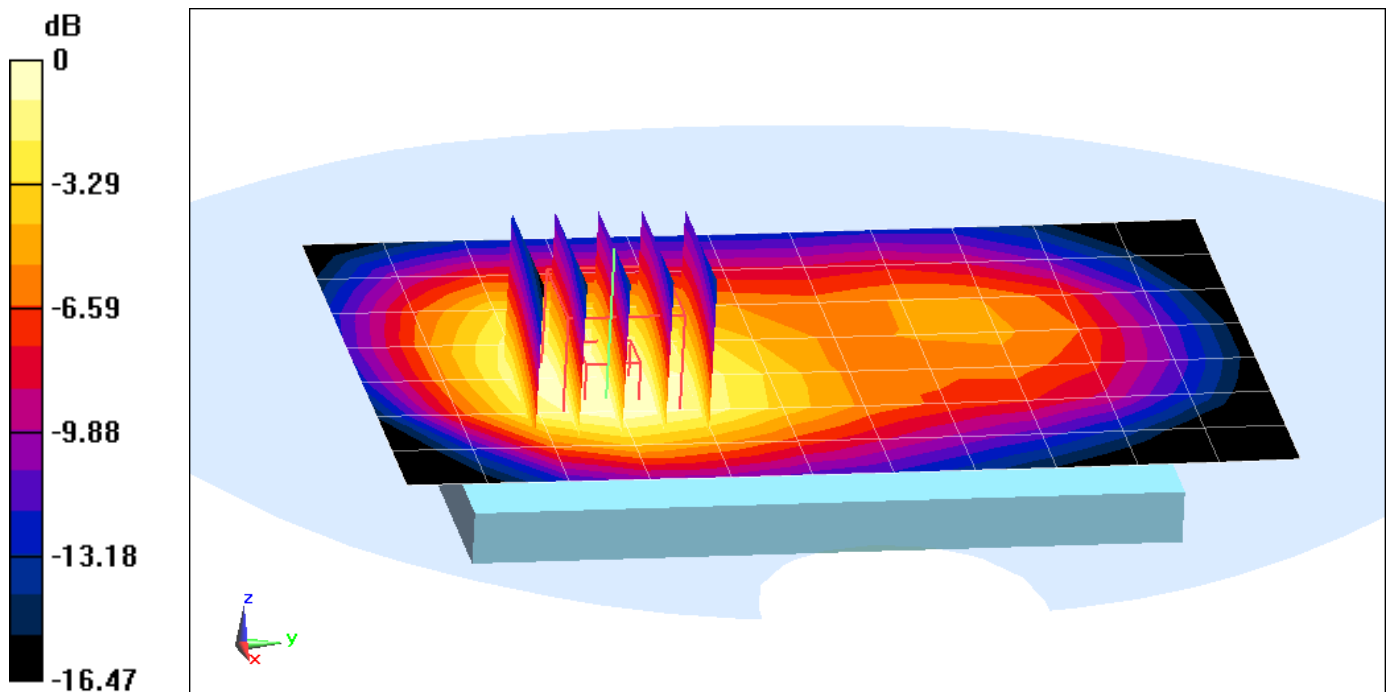
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg = 0.25 dBW/kg



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.497 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**  
**20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

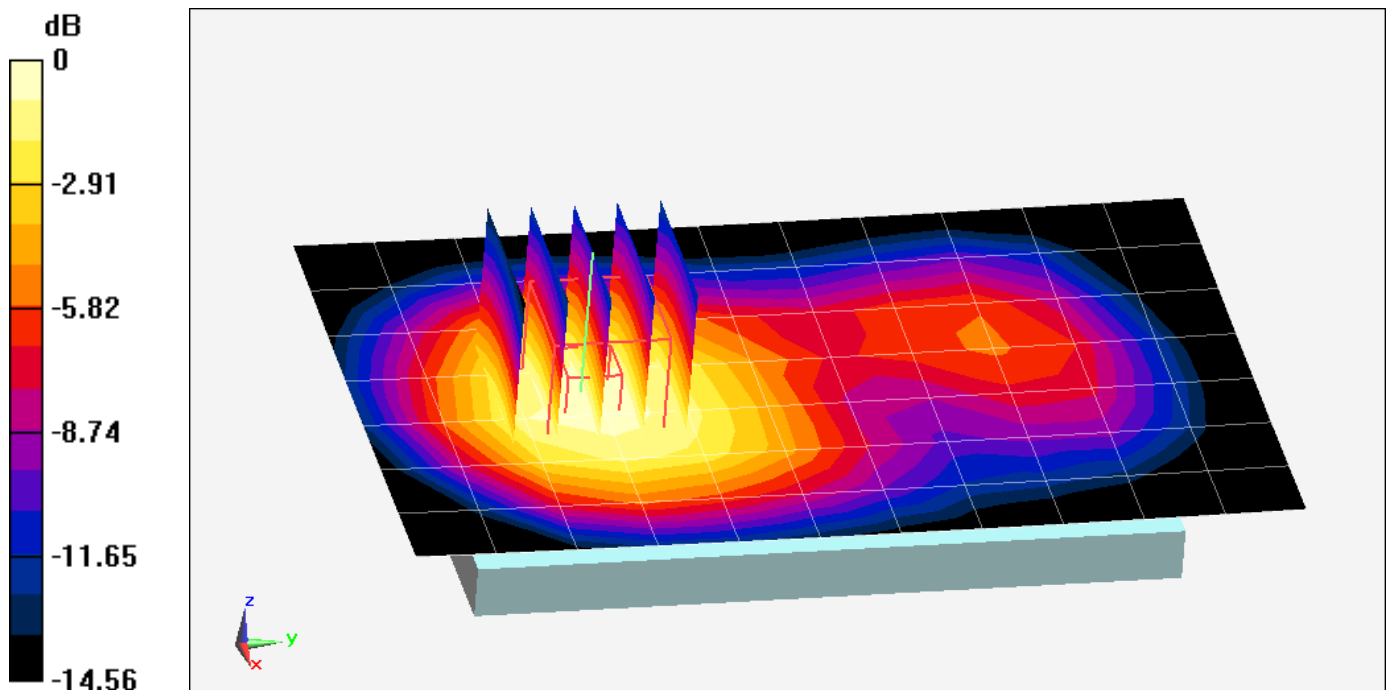
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.18 W/kg = 0.72 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2510$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.028$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.481$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-16-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: LTE Band 7, Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch**  
**20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 50 RB Offset**

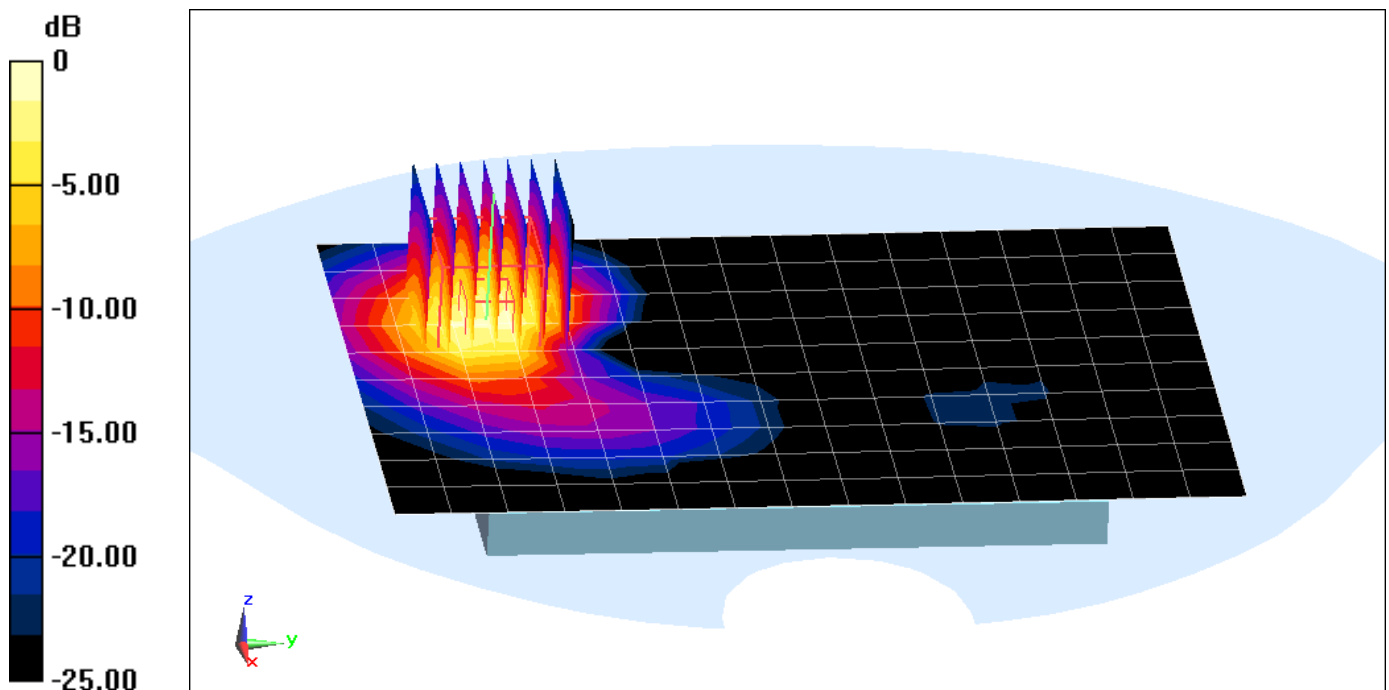
**Area Scan (11x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.533 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.702 W/kg = -1.54 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFMS395; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 1407-28**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.944 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.996$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side**

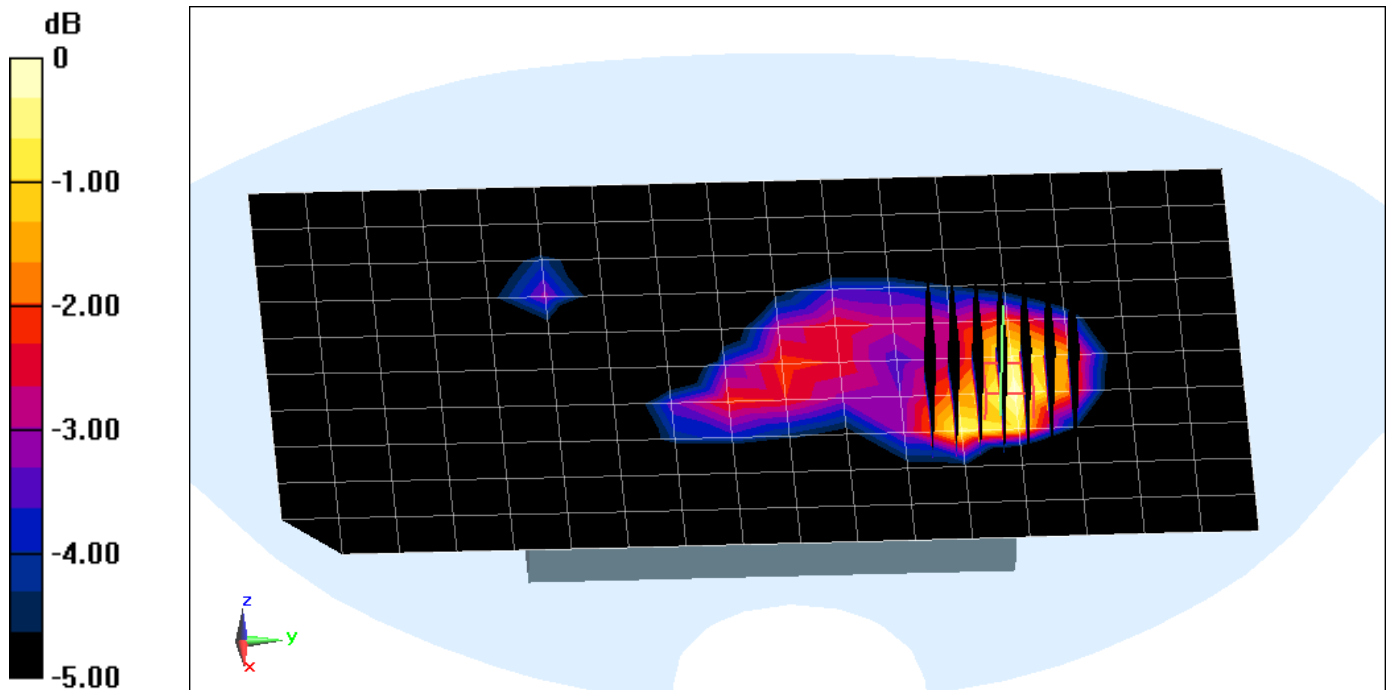
**Area Scan (11x18x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=12\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=12\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.489 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.123 W/kg = -9.10 dBW/kg

## APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.923 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.337$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 07-22-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.43, 6.43, 6.43); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 750 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

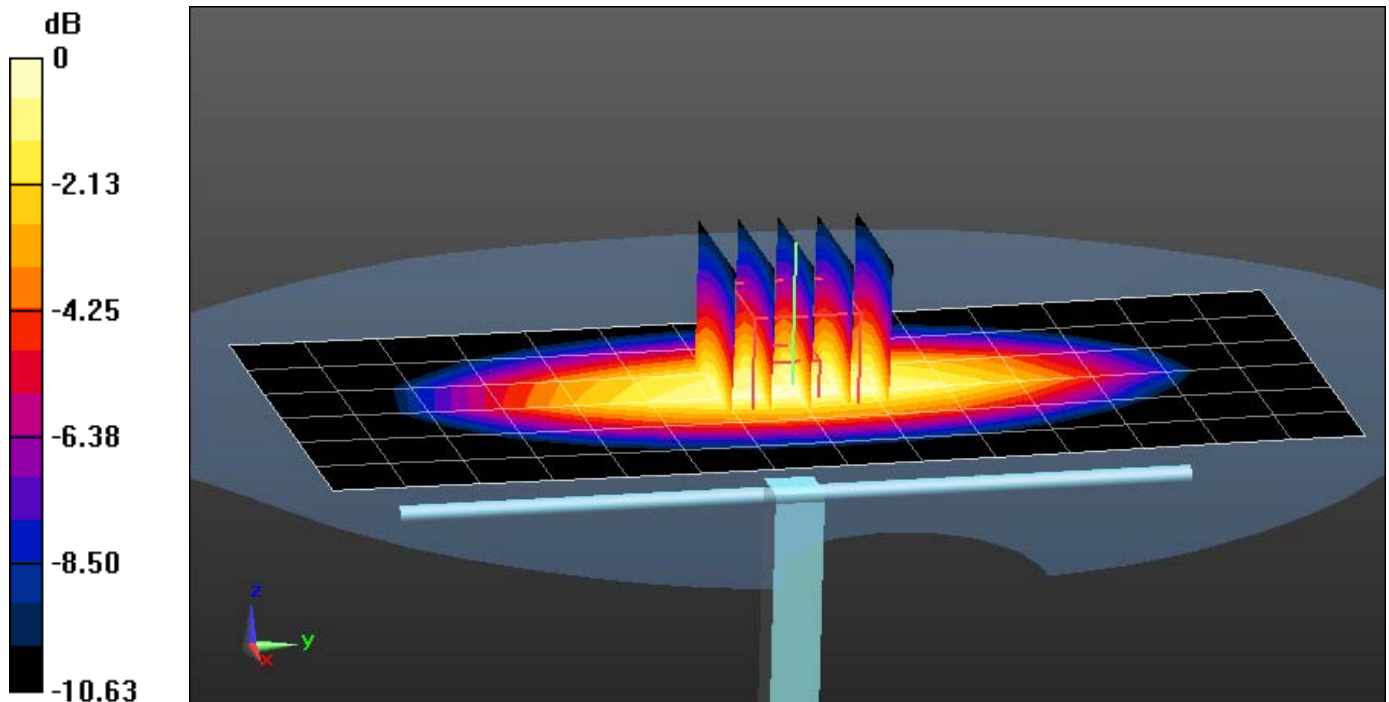
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.891 W/kg**

Deviation = 6.45 %



0 dB = 1.04 W/kg = 0.17 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.899 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 835 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

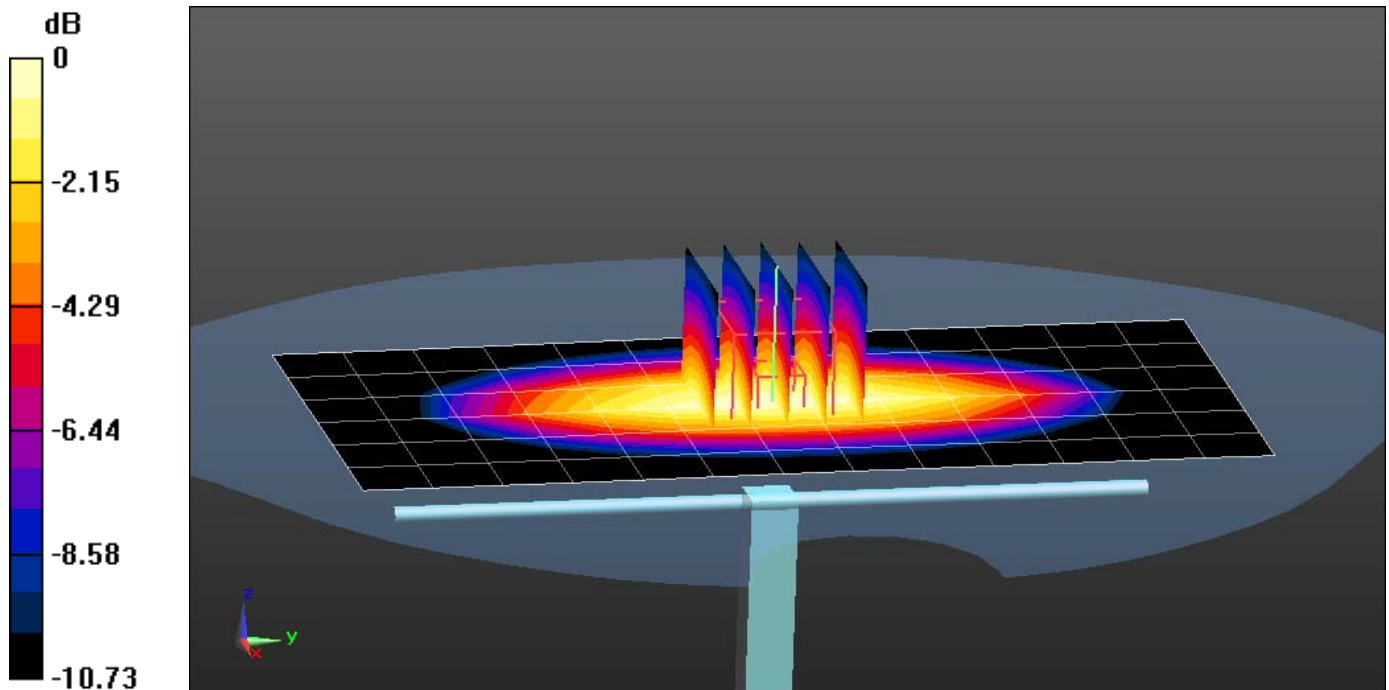
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.979 W/kg**

Deviation = 6.18 %



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.286$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 1750 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

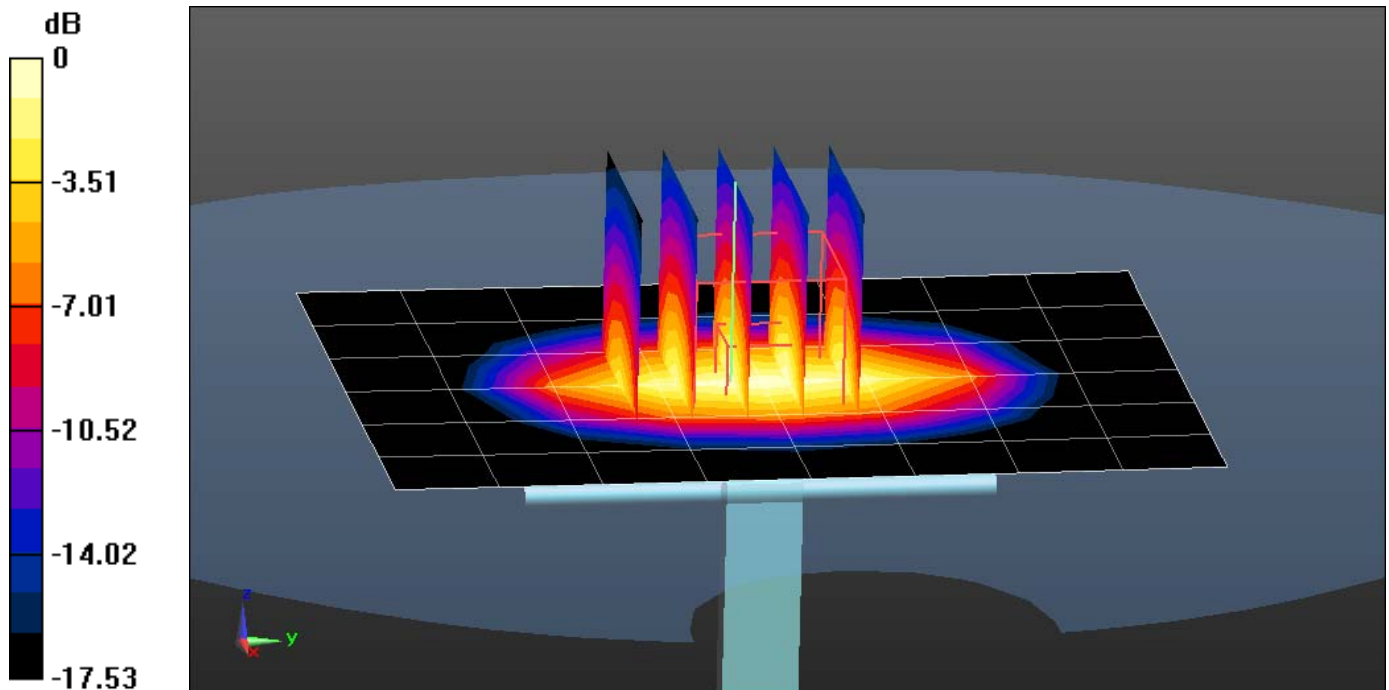
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.13 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.42 W/kg**

Deviation = -5.52 %



0 dB = 4.25 W/kg = 6.28 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.444 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.919$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 1900 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

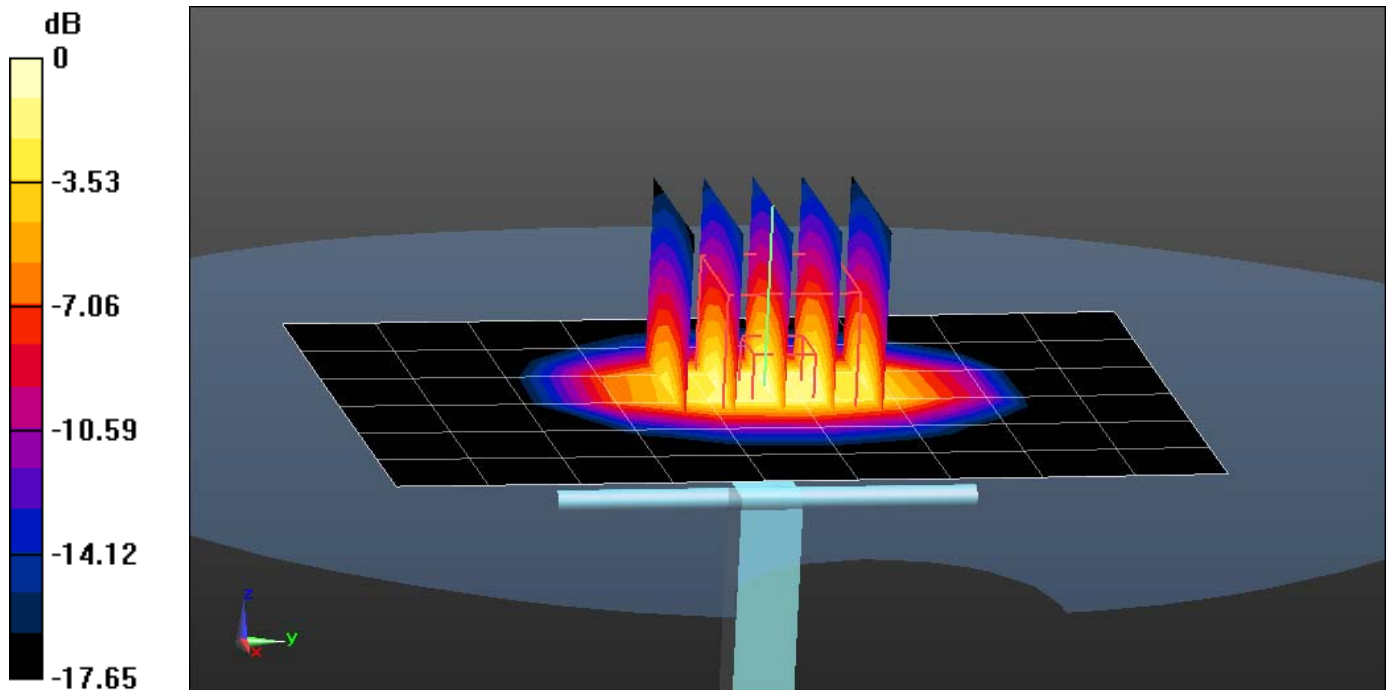
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.96 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.9 W/kg**

Deviation = -2.74 %



0 dB = 4.92 W/kg = 6.92 dBW/kg



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $\sigma = 1.744 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.576$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-15-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

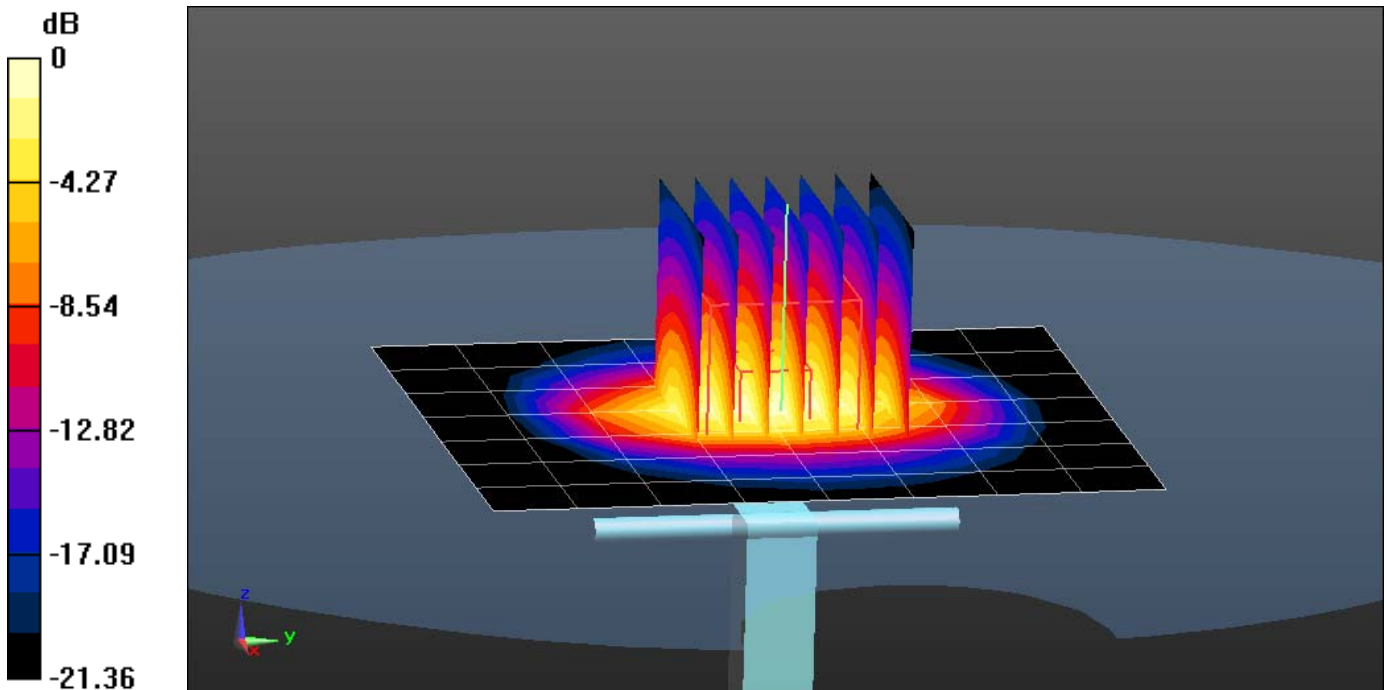
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.27 W/kg**

Deviation = 1.74 %



0 dB = 6.85 W/kg = 8.36 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1046**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 740 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.085$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 9/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 750 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

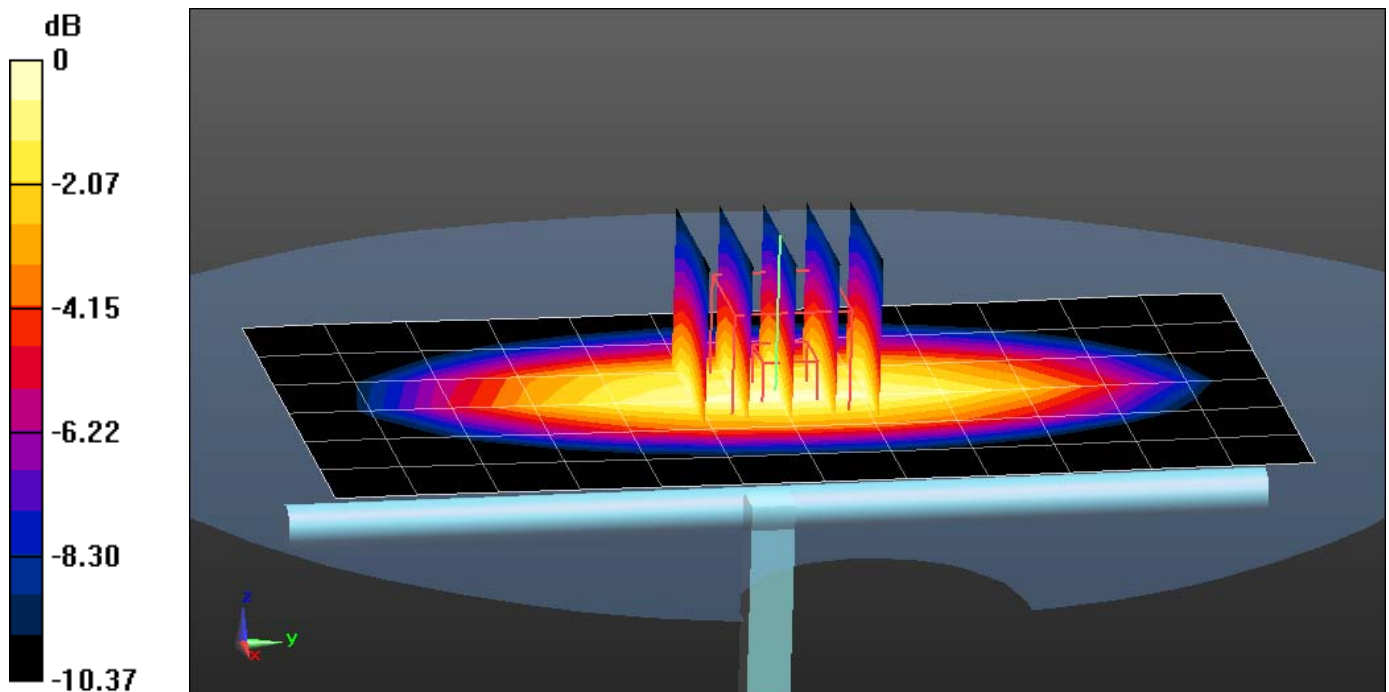
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.910 W/kg**

Deviation = 6.56%



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg = 0.25 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 54.452$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 07-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 11/25/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 11/18/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1226

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 835 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

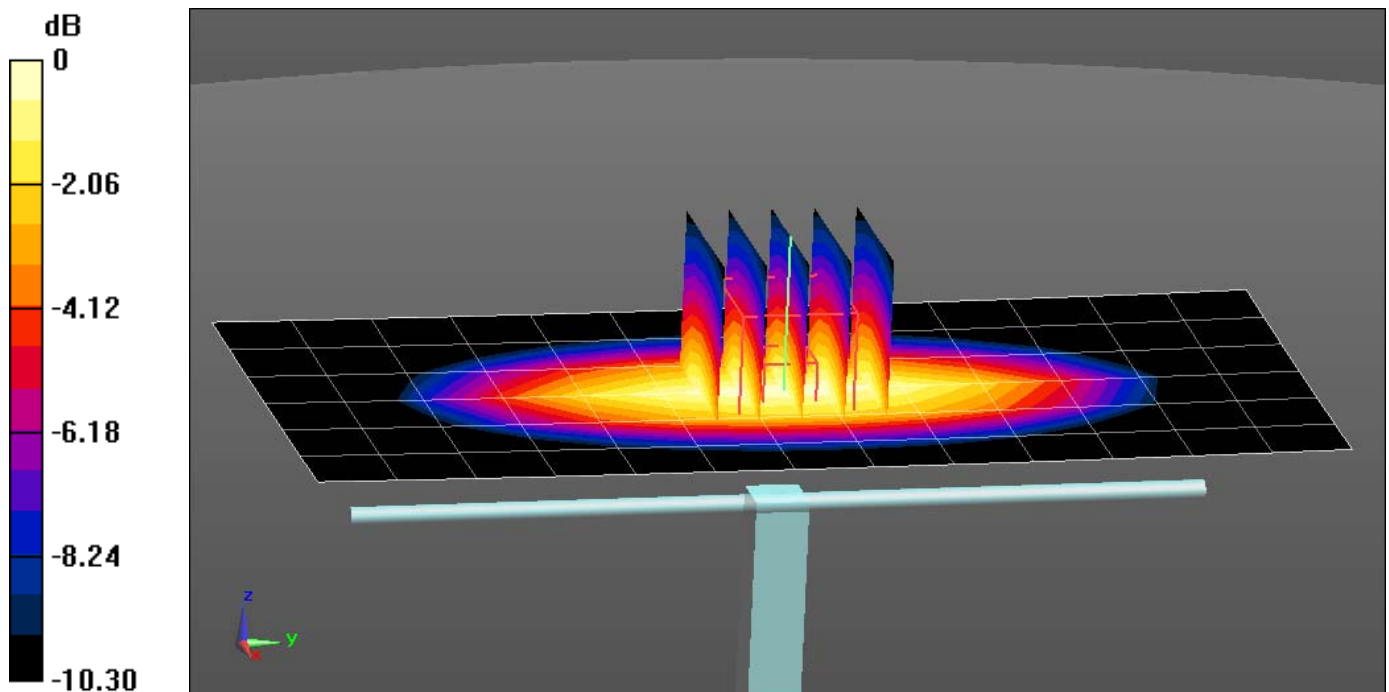
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.962 W/kg**

Deviation = 3.00 %



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750$  MHz,  $\sigma = 1.546$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.448$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 4/11/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 1750 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

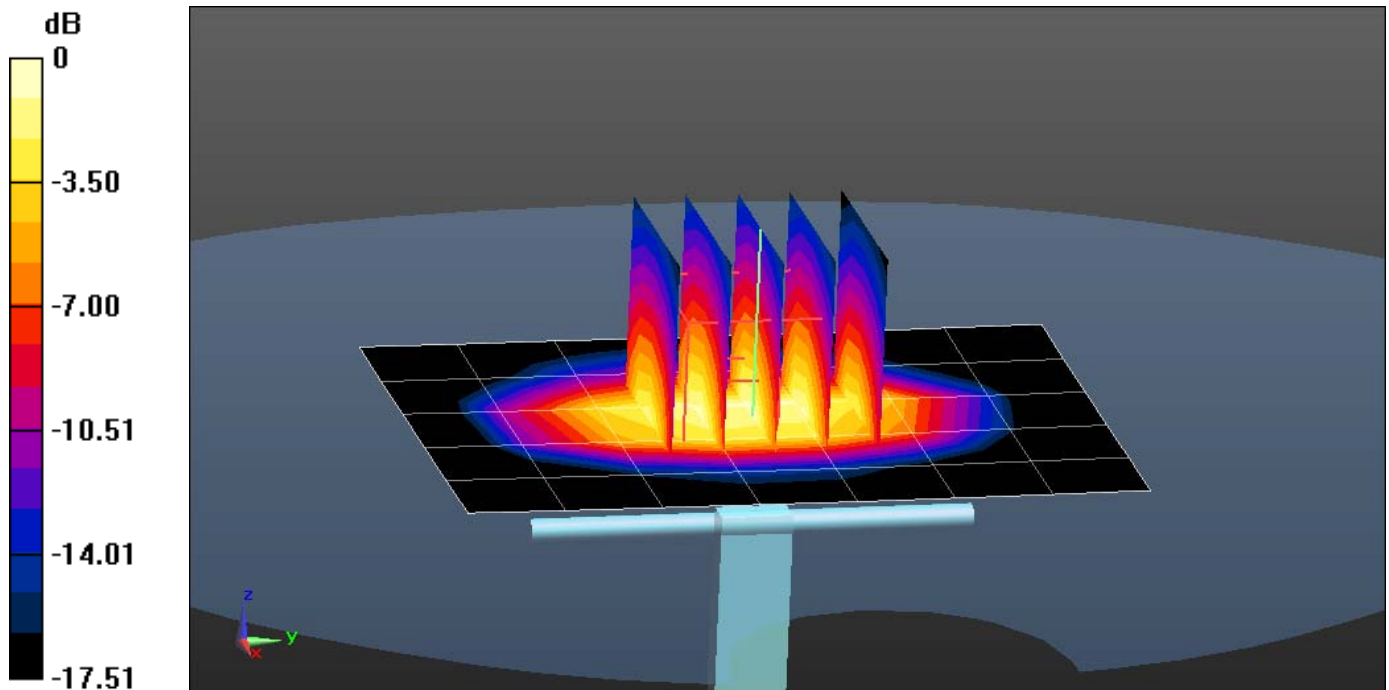
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.23 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.99 W/kg**

Deviation = 6.68 %



0 dB = 5.00 W/kg = 6.99 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.528 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.444$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-17-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 1900 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

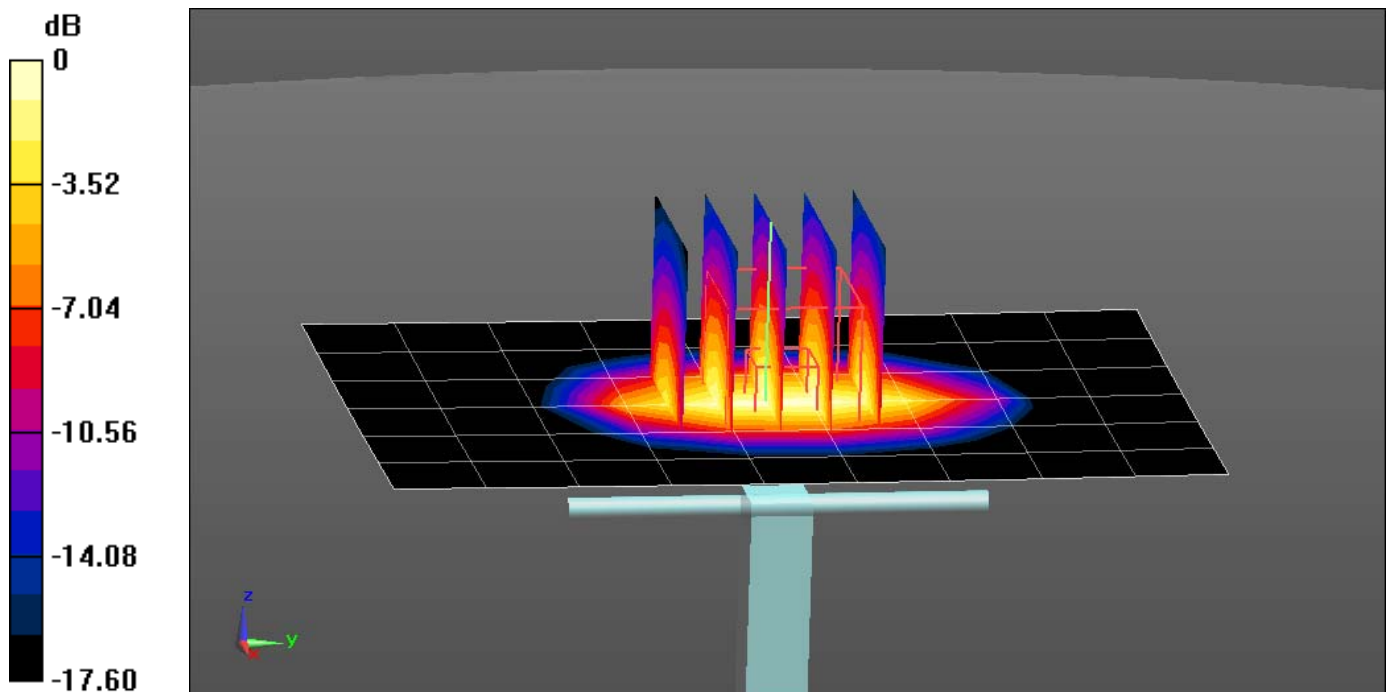
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.51 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.27 W/kg**

Deviation = 5.17 %



0 dB = 5.32 W/kg = 7.26 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $\sigma = 1.947 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.712$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-16-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.6°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

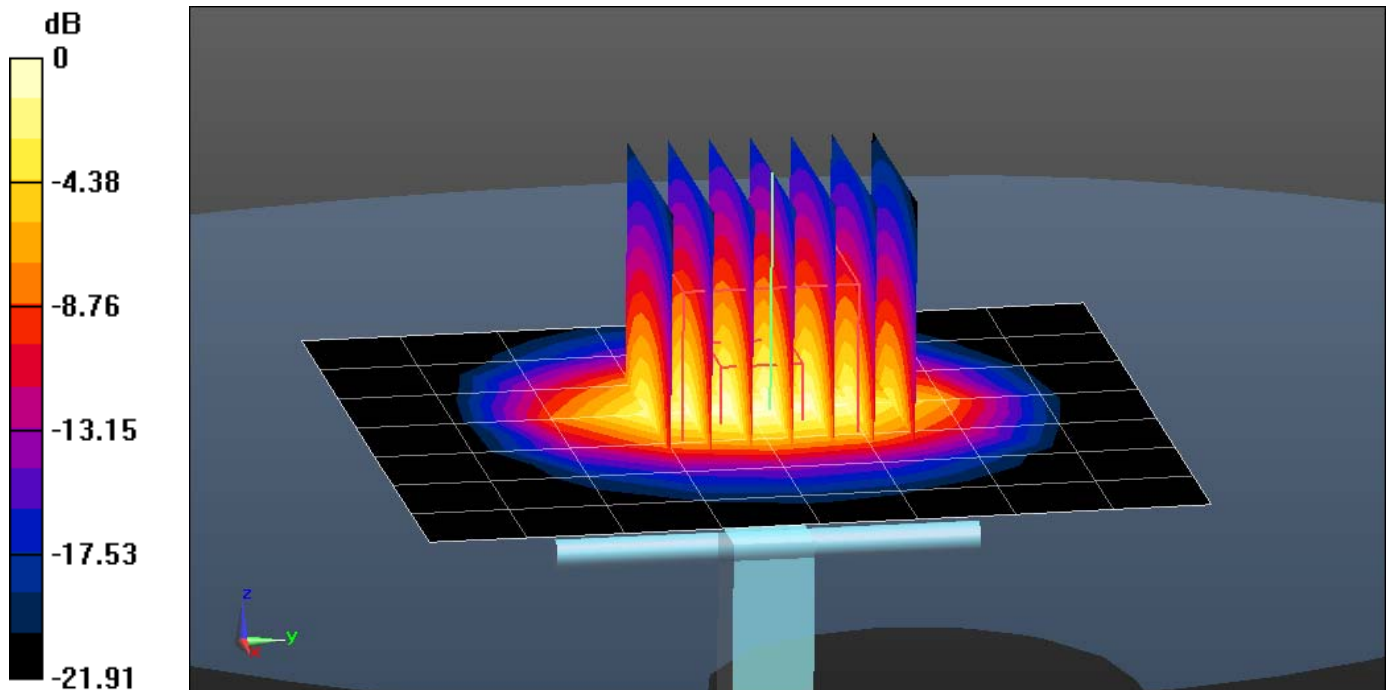
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.28 W/kg**

Deviation = 6.88 %



0 dB = 6.86 W/kg = 8.36 dBW/kg

## APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No.: **ES3-3022\_Aug13**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV2 - SN:3022**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **August 22, 2013** *UTC*  
*9/13/13*

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	Jan-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 23, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV2

## SN:3022

Manufactured: April 15, 2003  
Calibrated: August 22, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.00	1.04	0.99	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.7	97.4	99.7	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	178.6	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		134.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.19	2.37	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.30	1.70	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.65	1.23	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.51	1.43	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.51	1.51	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.74	1.29	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

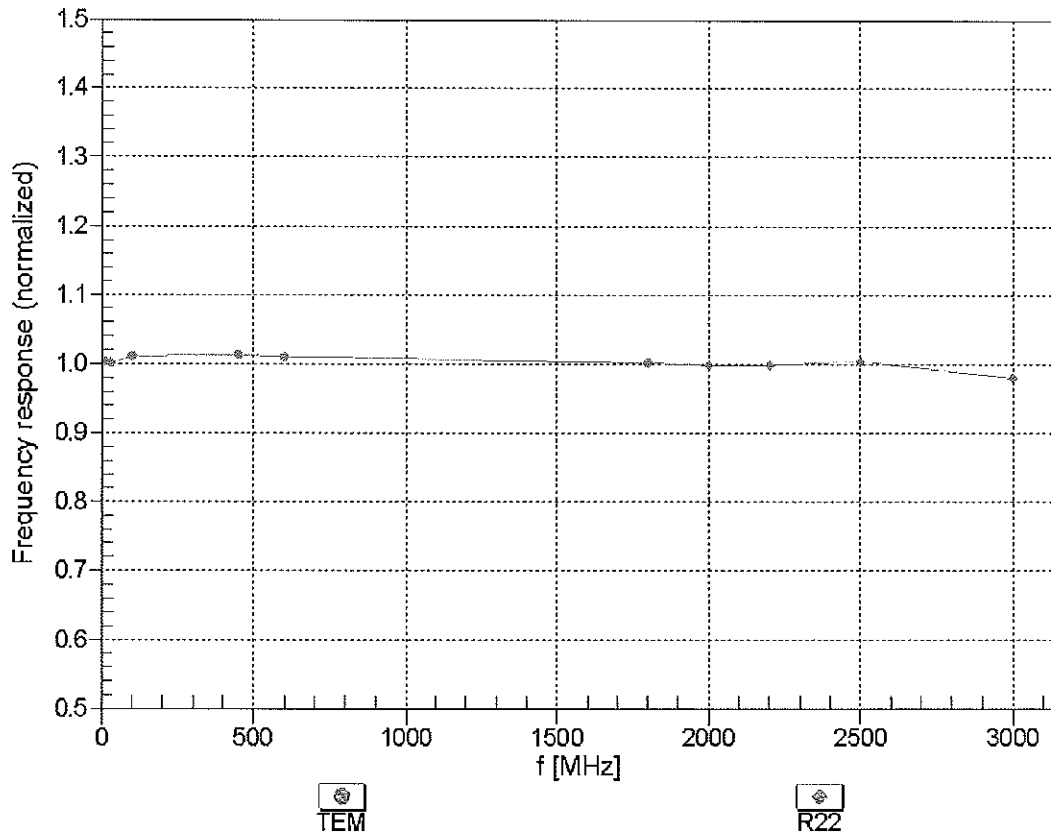
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	5.92	5.92	5.92	0.24	1.99	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.91	5.91	5.91	0.29	1.85	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.52	1.52	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.49	4.49	4.49	0.49	1.56	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.70	1.02	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	3.85	3.85	3.85	0.58	0.90	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

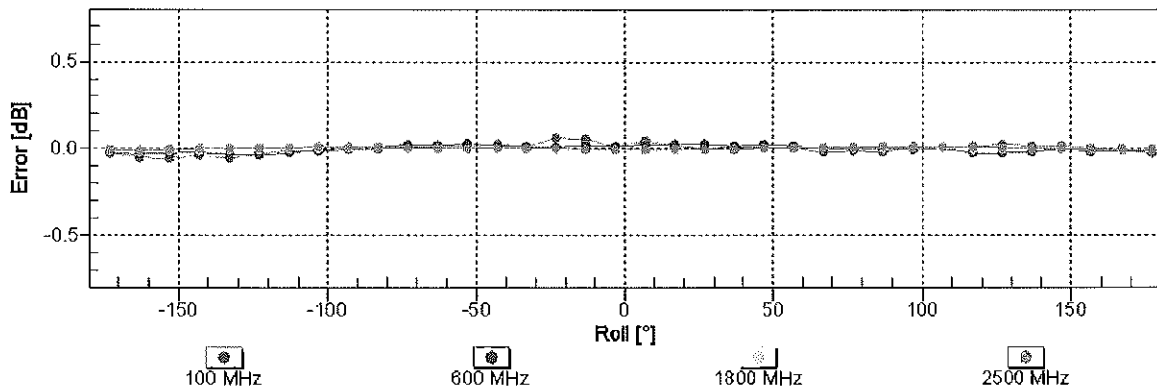
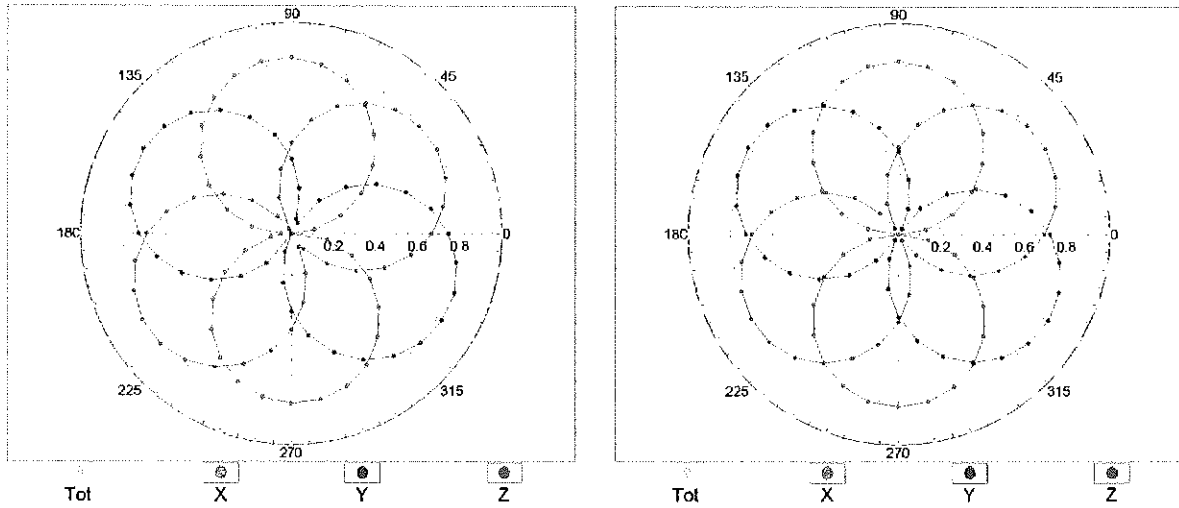


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

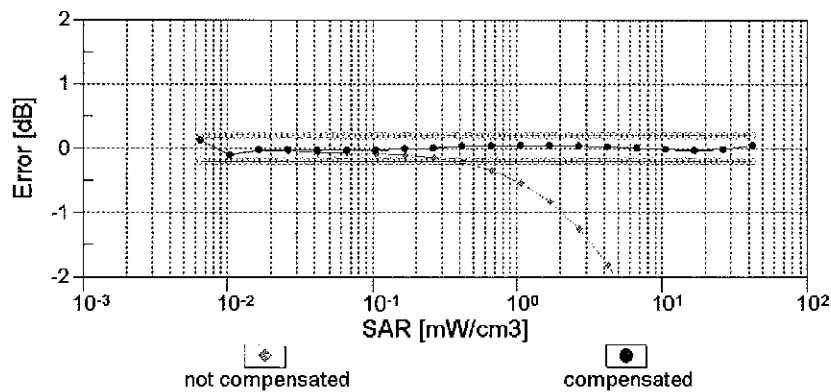
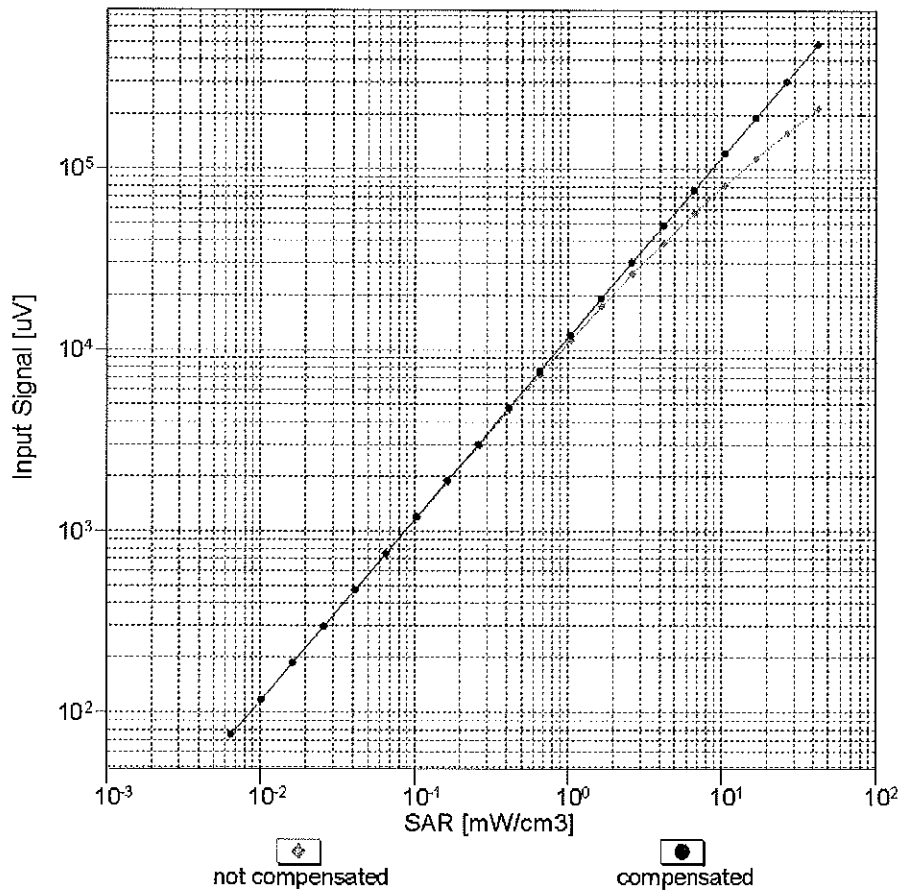
f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

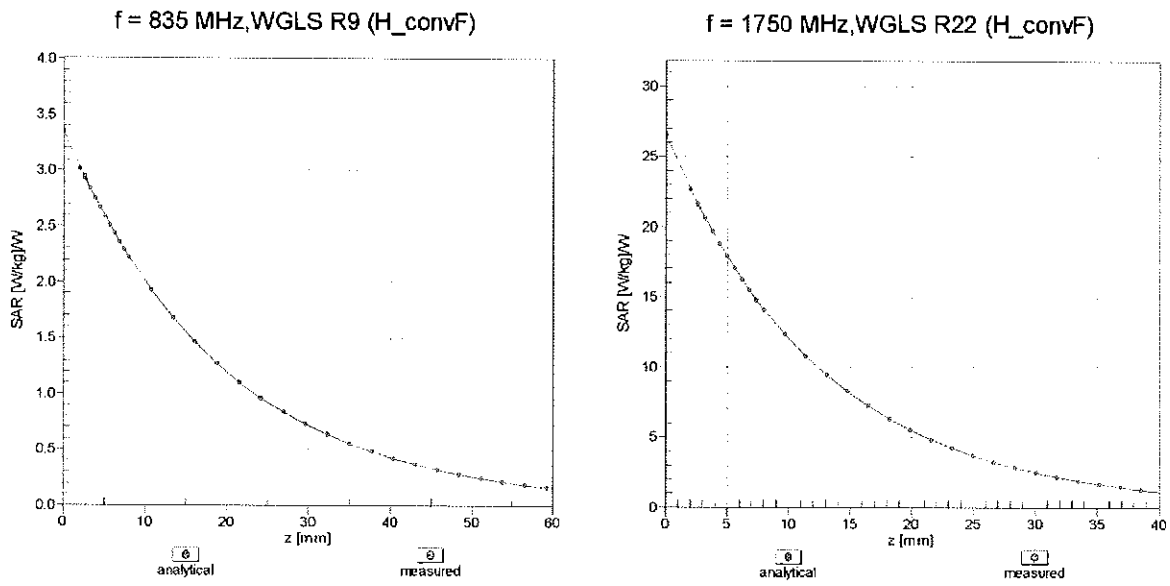
### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



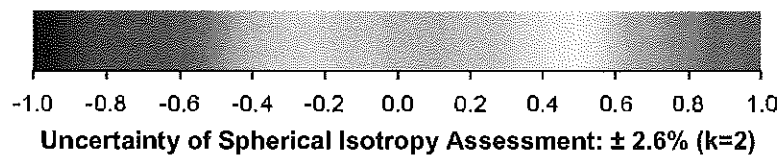
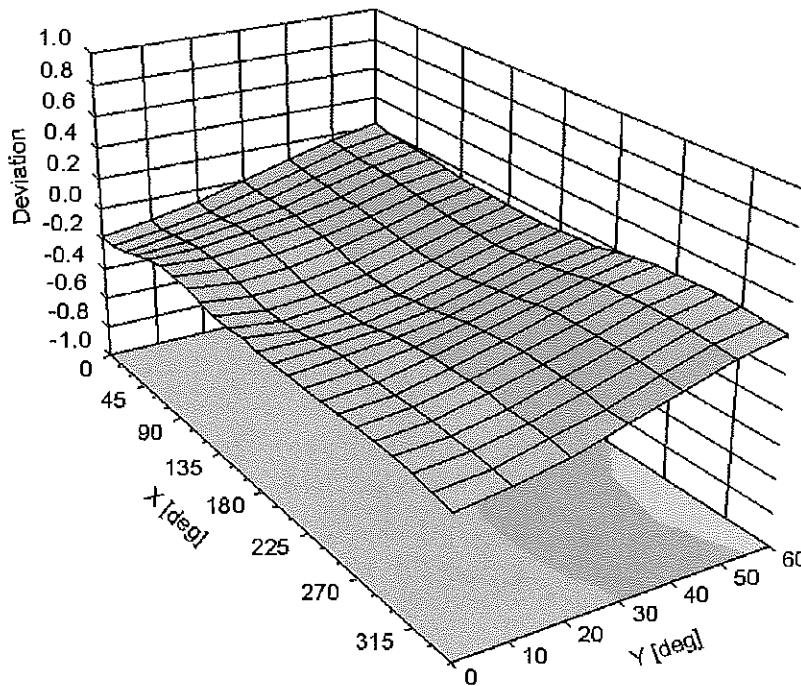
**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**



# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900$ MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-83.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3319\_Apr14**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3319**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **April 17, 2014**

*CCV  
5/7/14*

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Name** Claudio Leubler **Function** Laboratory Technician **Signature**

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager

Issued: April 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3319

Manufactured:	January 10, 2012
Repaired:	April 11, 2014
Calibrated:	April 17, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.11	1.08	1.15	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.6	104.2	103.7	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	199.6	$\pm 3.5 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		188.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		178.5	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	3.31	63.3	12.9	10.00	42.6	$\pm 2.2 \%$
		Y	5.10	68.0	14.1		38.8	
		Z	2.84	61.7	12.1		44.3	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.30	66.9	18.4	2.91	136.7	$\pm 0.5 \%$
		Y	3.32	67.1	18.4		127.0	
		Z	3.45	68.0	19.1		145.1	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.12	69.3	19.0	1.87	138.7	$\pm 0.7 \%$
		Y	3.22	70.2	19.3		127.0	
		Z	3.40	71.3	19.9		146.4	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	25.66	99.7	28.3	9.39	139.0	$\pm 1.4 \%$
		Y	16.30	92.5	25.7		141.7	
		Z	25.20	99.5	28.1		144.9	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	25.81	100.0	28.5	9.57	128.3	$\pm 2.2 \%$
		Y	13.99	89.5	24.6		129.0	
		Z	25.39	99.7	28.3		141.2	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	37.04	99.8	25.7	6.56	131.4	$\pm 2.2 \%$
		Y	37.62	99.7	25.0		139.6	
		Z	38.36	99.8	25.3		145.5	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	48.04	99.6	23.8	4.80	144.6	$\pm 1.9 \%$
		Y	29.62	94.2	22.1		129.3	
		Z	43.87	99.7	24.0		129.9	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	54.95	99.9	22.9	3.55	149.6	$\pm 1.7 \%$
		Y	57.76	99.6	22.2		138.2	
		Z	54.27	99.8	22.7		137.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	44.58	99.9	21.1	1.16	134.6	$\pm 1.7 \%$
		Y	96.74	98.9	18.8		149.0	
		Z	59.46	99.9	20.4		149.1	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.70	66.3	18.7	4.57	130.9	$\pm 0.9 \%$
		Y	4.85	67.1	19.0		147.5	
		Z	4.88	67.3	19.3		147.2	

10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.90	65.8	18.4	3.97	130.0	±0.7 %
		Y	4.00	66.5	18.6		140.8	
		Z	3.99	66.5	18.7		142.5	
10098-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	4.64	66.7	18.6	3.98	143.1	±0.9 %
		Y	4.58	66.5	18.4		132.8	
		Z	4.60	66.7	18.6		131.9	
10100-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.32	67.1	19.5	5.67	125.8	±1.4 %
		Y	6.41	67.4	19.5		138.4	
		Z	6.51	67.9	19.9		143.6	
10108-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.48	67.7	20.0	5.80	148.0	±1.4 %
		Y	6.28	66.9	19.4		135.8	
		Z	6.39	67.4	19.8		141.0	
10110-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.17	67.2	19.8	5.75	141.0	±1.4 %
		Y	5.94	66.3	19.1		132.2	
		Z	6.08	67.0	19.6		137.9	
10114-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.35	69.2	21.5	8.10	133.6	±2.2 %
		Y	9.93	68.1	20.7		124.5	
		Z	10.29	69.2	21.5		131.9	
10117-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.42	69.4	21.6	8.07	140.6	±2.2 %
		Y	9.93	68.1	20.7		125.5	
		Z	10.28	69.1	21.5		132.6	
10151-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	11.18	78.2	27.5	9.28	143.6	±3.3 %
		Y	9.33	73.0	24.5		124.3	
		Z	10.45	76.4	26.6		132.7	
10154-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.16	67.2	19.8	5.75	145.7	±1.4 %
		Y	5.96	66.4	19.1		133.0	
		Z	6.08	66.9	19.6		138.6	
10160-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.32	66.6	19.4	5.82	126.2	±1.4 %
		Y	6.40	66.9	19.4		137.3	
		Z	6.51	67.4	19.8		143.8	
10169-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.12	67.3	20.0	5.73	147.9	±1.2 %
		Y	4.90	66.4	19.4		134.4	
		Z	5.07	67.2	20.0		141.5	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.44	80.0	28.6	9.21	128.7	±3.3 %
		Y	8.63	77.8	27.1		143.9	
		Z	10.62	83.7	30.3		148.2	
10175-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.04	66.9	19.8	5.72	140.4	±1.4 %
		Y	4.92	66.6	19.5		133.7	
		Z	5.01	66.9	19.8		134.9	
10181-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	67.0	19.9	5.72	140.6	±1.4 %
		Y	4.90	66.5	19.4		132.4	
		Z	4.97	66.7	19.7		134.1	

10193-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.98	68.8	21.4	8.09	131.1	±2.5 %
		Y	10.00	68.8	21.2		145.5	
		Z	10.14	69.4	21.7		144.7	
10196-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.99	68.9	21.5	8.10	132.0	±2.7 %
		Y	10.05	69.0	21.3		148.1	
		Z	10.16	69.5	21.8		145.8	
10219-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.88	68.8	21.4	8.03	131.3	±2.5 %
		Y	9.96	69.0	21.3		147.8	
		Z	10.03	69.3	21.6		144.7	
10222-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.34	69.3	21.6	8.06	137.1	±2.2 %
		Y	9.93	68.2	20.8		127.8	
		Z	10.07	68.6	21.2		125.1	
10225-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.97	66.8	19.4	5.97	133.6	±1.4 %
		Y	6.90	66.7	19.2		129.7	
		Z	7.14	67.5	19.8		147.4	
10237-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.18	79.3	28.2	9.21	128.1	±3.5 %
		Y	8.54	77.6	27.0		144.1	
		Z	9.99	81.9	29.4		141.7	
10252-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.65	75.1	26.1	9.24	126.1	±3.5 %
		Y	9.34	74.2	25.3		141.3	
		Z	10.46	77.6	27.3		144.1	
10267-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.46	76.2	26.5	9.30	133.6	±3.5 %
		Y	9.23	72.7	24.4		122.8	
		Z	9.90	74.8	25.7		123.8	
10274-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	6.04	67.1	19.0	4.87	149.9	±1.2 %
		Y	6.02	67.1	18.9		142.8	
		Z	6.00	67.1	19.0		141.0	
10275-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.22	65.6	18.1	3.96	131.0	±0.9 %
		Y	4.49	66.9	18.6		144.3	
		Z	4.55	67.3	19.1		147.0	
10291-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	3.74	67.2	18.9	3.46	145.6	±0.5 %
		Y	3.66	66.8	18.5		136.7	
		Z	3.71	67.2	18.9		136.5	
10292-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	3.65	67.0	18.7	3.39	147.2	±0.7 %
		Y	3.61	66.8	18.4		139.6	
		Z	3.64	67.1	18.8		139.6	
10297-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.37	67.3	19.8	5.81	140.5	±1.4 %
		Y	6.24	66.8	19.3		134.0	
		Z	6.33	67.2	19.8		134.8	
10311-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.00	68.0	20.2	6.06	146.8	±1.7 %
		Y	6.82	67.4	19.7		140.3	
		Z	6.90	67.8	20.1		141.4	



10315-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	2.85	68.5	18.8	1.71	129.5	±0.5 %
		Y	3.09	70.0	19.2		146.1	
		Z	3.15	70.6	19.8		146.8	
10403-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.73	67.9	18.7	3.76	137.5	±0.5 %
		Y	4.77	68.3	18.7		126.5	
		Z	4.77	68.1	18.8		128.1	
10404-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.55	67.6	18.6	3.77	132.0	±0.7 %
		Y	4.89	69.1	19.1		148.8	
		Z	4.90	69.1	19.3		148.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).  
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.  
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.48	6.48	6.48	0.28	2.09	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.34	1.72	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.80	1.14	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.72	1.24	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.77	1.23	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.80	1.27	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

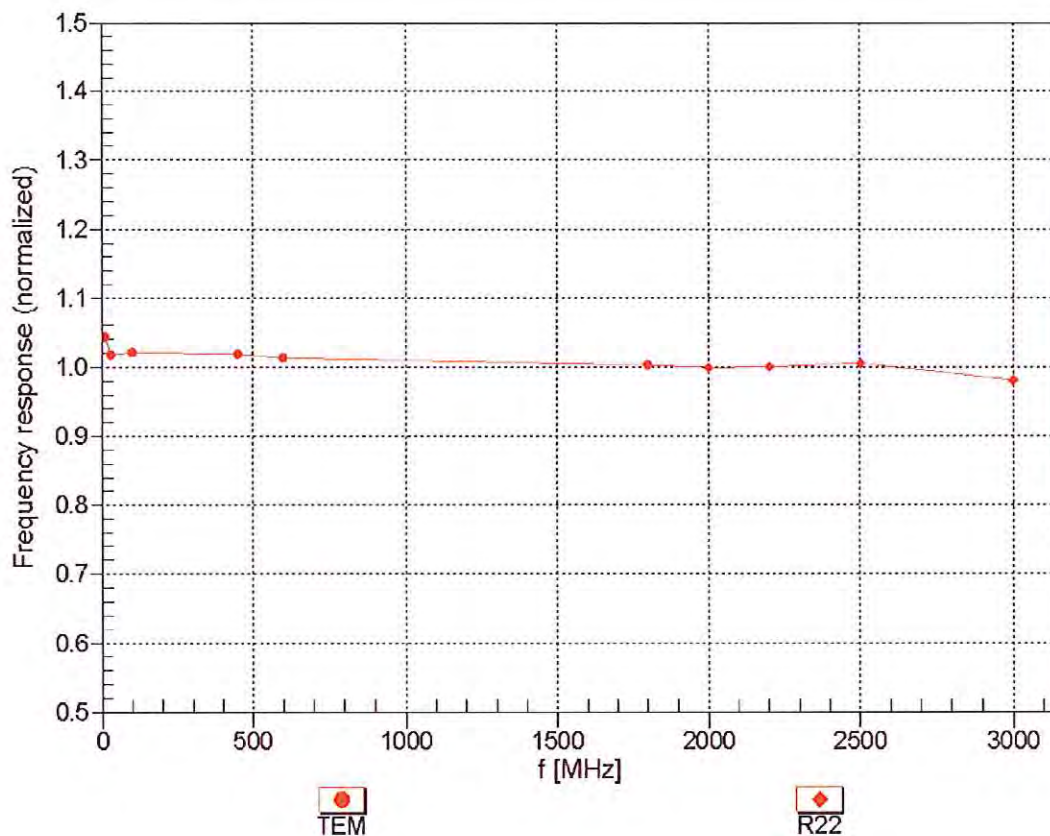
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.39	1.65	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.56	1.37	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.57	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.53	1.58	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.74	1.10	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.80	1.02	± 12.0 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

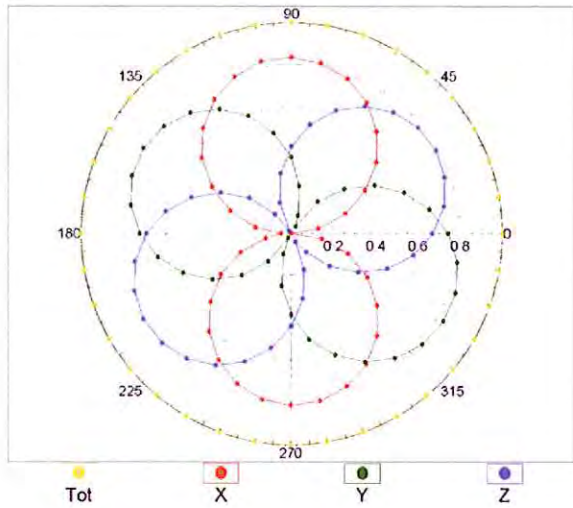
### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



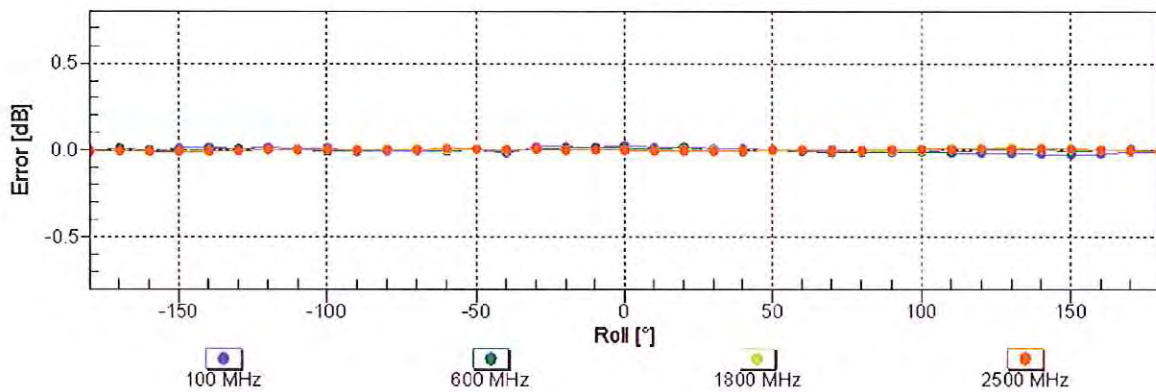
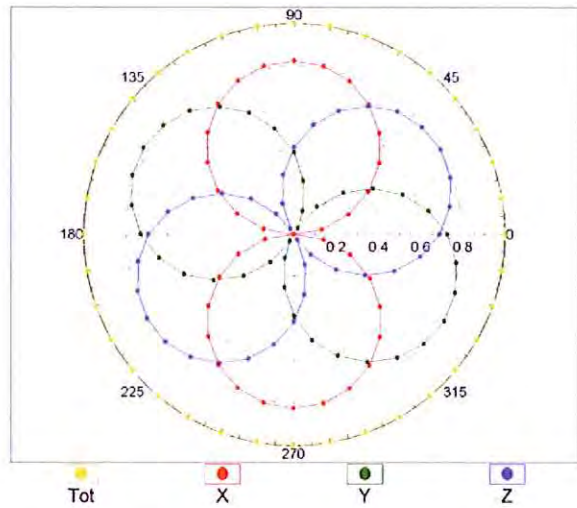
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

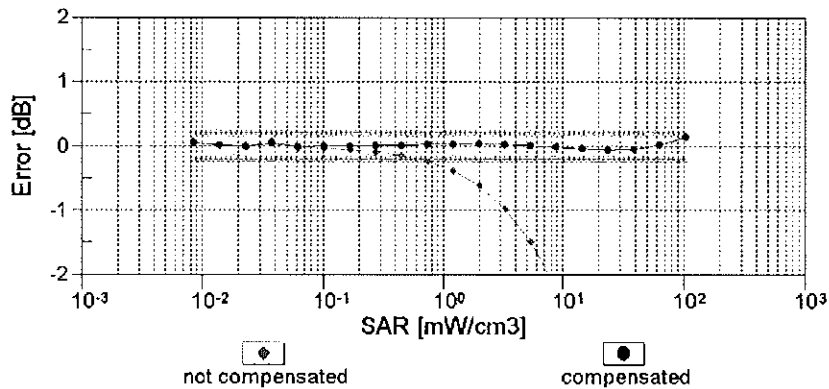
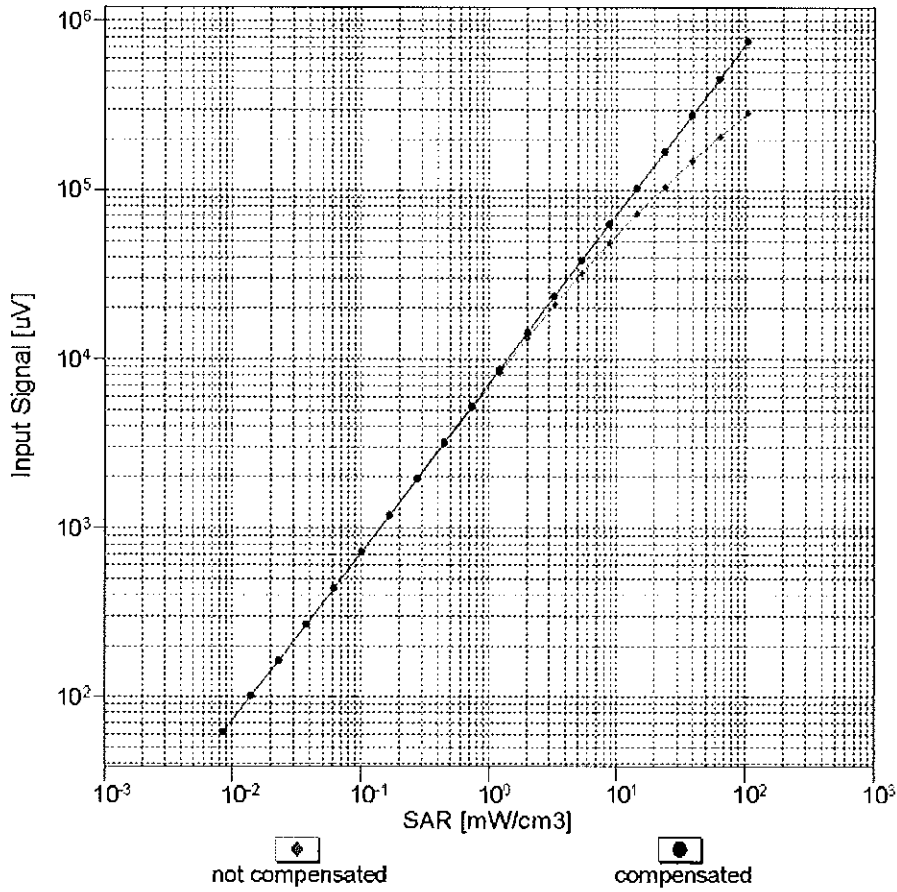


f=1800 MHz,R22



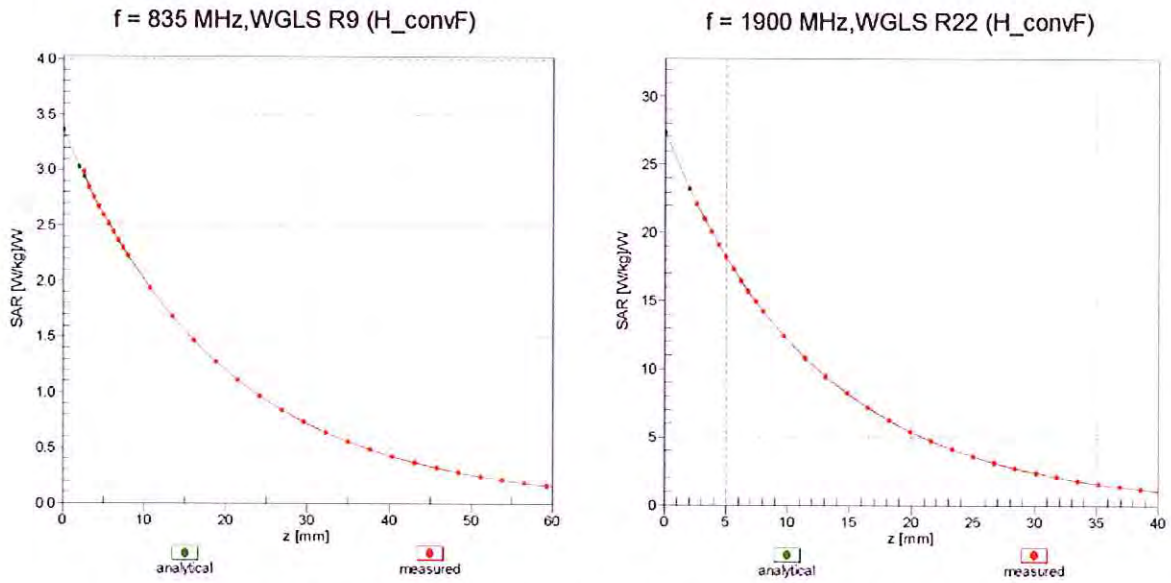
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell , $f_{eval}= 1900$ MHz)

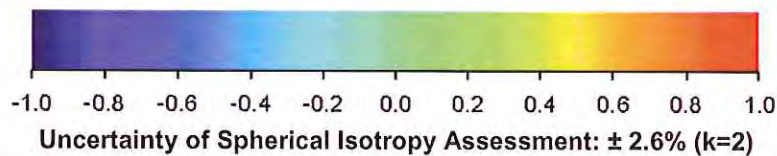
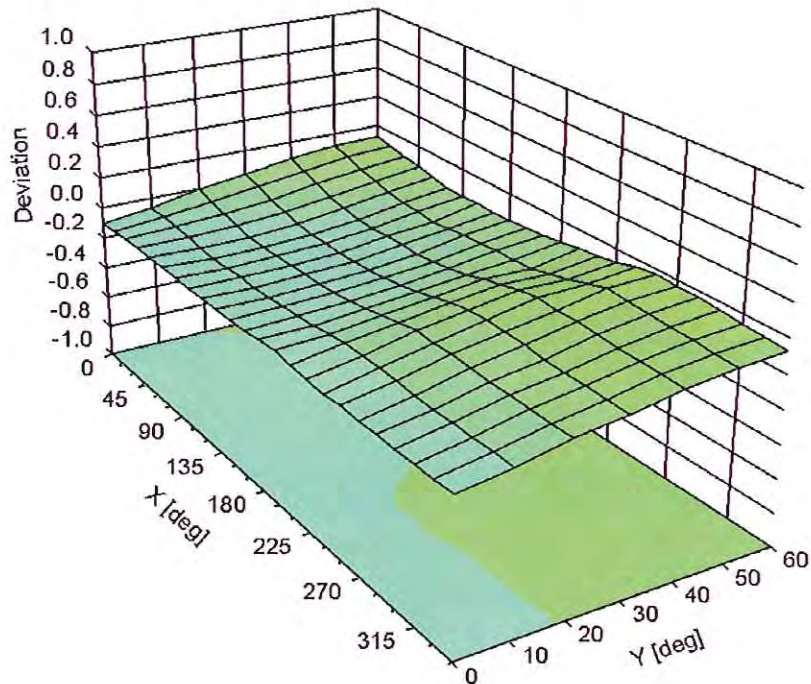


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-119.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3209\_Mar14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3209**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

*CCV  
3/27/14*

Calibration date: **March 19, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Claudio Leubler</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	
			Issued: March 20, 2014
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3209

Manufactured: October 14, 2008  
Calibrated: March 19, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.35	1.32	1.13	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.5	101.0	102.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>F</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	188.4	$\pm 3.8\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		180.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		200.1	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	2.80	64.7	12.3	10.00	43.2	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	3.12	65.6	13.1		41.9	
		Z	2.67	64.0	11.7		39.4	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.39	67.7	19.0	2.91	149.2	$\pm 0.5\%$
		Y	3.38	67.7	19.0		146.1	
		Z	3.35	67.6	18.7		136.1	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.01	69.8	19.4	1.87	149.4	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.06	70.1	19.6		147.1	
		Z	2.98	69.7	19.2		136.4	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	5.47	79.6	20.4	9.39	146.9	$\pm 1.7\%$
		Y	7.76	84.9	22.9		134.2	
		Z	4.34	75.3	18.5		134.2	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	6.66	82.9	21.6	9.57	139.8	$\pm 2.5\%$
		Y	9.36	88.2	24.2		131.5	
		Z	4.67	76.1	18.8		144.8	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	5.89	79.1	17.9	6.56	141.2	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	27.58	99.6	24.8		145.8	
		Z	5.42	77.8	17.4		129.3	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	9.68	85.3	19.0	4.80	136.9	$\pm 2.2\%$
		Y	36.47	100.0	23.3		139.2	
		Z	31.63	96.5	21.4		149.2	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	40.09	99.7	21.7	3.55	125.9	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	47.92	99.6	21.7		127.6	
		Z	61.98	99.9	20.8		136.2	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	99.32	95.7	16.5	1.16	145.1	$\pm 1.7\%$
		Y	55.30	99.5	19.3		145.6	
		Z	0.54	60.4	5.7		132.7	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.77	67.1	19.2	4.57	145.6	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	4.85	67.5	19.5		147.8	
		Z	4.67	66.7	18.9		133.4	

10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.93	66.4	18.8	3.97	140.9	±0.7 %
		Y	4.02	66.9	19.1		146.0	
		Z	3.86	66.1	18.5		129.1	
10098-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	4.56	66.6	18.6	3.98	132.8	±0.7 %
		Y	4.58	66.7	18.7		135.9	
		Z	4.63	67.0	18.7		143.0	
10100-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.42	67.5	19.8	5.67	139.3	±1.4 %
		Y	6.49	67.9	20.1		143.0	
		Z	6.18	66.7	19.3		126.9	
10108-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.28	67.1	19.7	5.80	136.9	±1.4 %
		Y	6.35	67.5	20.0		140.4	
		Z	6.36	67.5	19.8		147.1	
10110-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.94	66.5	19.4	5.75	134.0	±1.4 %
		Y	6.01	66.9	19.8		136.4	
		Z	5.99	66.8	19.5		143.6	
10114-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.02	68.5	21.1	8.10	127.2	±2.2 %
		Y	10.31	69.3	21.8		130.2	
		Z	10.12	68.8	21.2		139.0	
10117-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.03	68.5	21.1	8.07	129.2	±2.2 %
		Y	10.31	69.3	21.7		131.2	
		Z	10.15	68.9	21.3		141.0	
10151-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.54	72.4	24.8	9.28	139.6	±3.0 %
		Y	9.29	75.2	26.7		144.1	
		Z	8.55	72.5	24.7		149.7	
10154-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.94	66.5	19.4	5.75	134.7	±1.4 %
		Y	6.00	66.9	19.7		136.7	
		Z	6.01	66.9	19.5		143.3	
10160-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.40	67.1	19.7	5.82	139.9	±1.7 %
		Y	6.48	67.5	20.0		142.9	
		Z	6.43	67.3	19.7		148.7	
10169-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.90	66.8	19.8	5.73	136.1	±1.4 %
		Y	5.03	67.2	20.2		141.1	
		Z	5.08	67.3	20.0		148.1	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.56	72.5	25.2	9.21	125.7	±2.5 %
		Y	7.28	75.4	27.1		128.8	
		Z	6.78	73.0	25.2		138.3	
10175-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.86	66.6	19.7	5.72	133.7	±1.4 %
		Y	4.97	66.9	20.0		136.3	
		Z	5.04	67.2	19.9		145.7	
10181-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.88	66.7	19.7	5.72	133.3	±1.4 %
		Y	4.99	67.0	20.0		136.5	
		Z	5.06	67.3	19.9		145.7	

10193-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.05	69.2	21.7	8.09	146.7	±2.5 %
		Y	10.20	69.8	22.1		146.9	
		Z	9.76	68.5	21.1		132.1	
10196-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.05	69.2	21.7	8.10	148.5	±2.2 %
		Y	10.21	69.9	22.2		148.0	
		Z	9.75	68.5	21.2		133.6	
10219-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.96	69.2	21.6	8.03	148.9	±2.5 %
		Y	10.09	69.7	22.1		147.4	
		Z	9.67	68.5	21.1		133.4	
10222-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.00	68.5	21.1	8.06	127.8	±2.2 %
		Y	10.21	69.1	21.6		127.3	
		Z	10.11	68.9	21.2		140.4	
10225-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.81	66.5	19.3	5.97	125.8	±1.4 %
		Y	7.07	67.5	19.9		149.0	
		Z	6.92	67.0	19.4		136.8	
10237-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.62	72.8	25.3	9.21	128.5	±2.2 %
		Y	7.33	75.7	27.2		129.5	
		Z	6.87	73.4	25.5		141.8	
10252-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.92	71.5	24.4	9.24	131.3	±3.0 %
		Y	8.35	73.3	25.7		131.3	
		Z	7.94	71.6	24.3		140.2	
10267-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.52	72.3	24.8	9.30	138.8	±3.0 %
		Y	9.10	74.5	26.3		139.5	
		Z	8.53	72.3	24.6		149.4	
10274-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	5.98	67.1	19.1	4.87	144.4	±0.9 %
		Y	5.99	67.3	19.2		144.0	
		Z	5.80	66.6	18.7		131.0	
10275-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.51	67.2	19.0	3.96	148.6	±0.7 %
		Y	4.30	66.3	18.6		127.3	
		Z	4.40	66.9	18.7		135.9	
10291-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	3.61	66.9	18.8	3.46	138.3	±0.7 %
		Y	3.67	67.2	19.0		140.5	
		Z	3.62	67.0	18.7		128.8	
10292-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	3.59	67.1	18.9	3.39	141.5	±0.7 %
		Y	3.59	67.1	18.9		142.0	
		Z	3.59	67.2	18.8		130.8	
10297-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.27	67.0	19.7	5.81	135.3	±1.7 %
		Y	6.31	67.3	19.9		136.0	
		Z	6.36	67.4	19.8		147.2	
10311-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.91	67.9	20.2	6.06	141.9	±1.7 %
		Y	6.94	68.1	20.4		142.7	
		Z	6.68	67.1	19.7		130.3	

10315-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	2.94	69.9	19.6	1.71	148.6	±0.5 %
		Y	2.81	68.8	19.0		148.8	
		Z	2.92	69.7	19.2		138.1	
10403-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.76	68.7	19.1	3.76	128.0	±0.5 %
		Y	4.71	68.2	18.9		129.2	
		Z	4.85	68.8	19.0		141.9	
10404-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.64	68.5	19.0	3.77	126.3	±0.7 %
		Y	4.60	68.2	18.9		127.9	
		Z	4.74	68.8	19.0		140.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.29	2.01	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.34	1.70	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.80	1.13	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.13	5.13	5.13	0.46	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.63	1.38	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.76	1.28	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

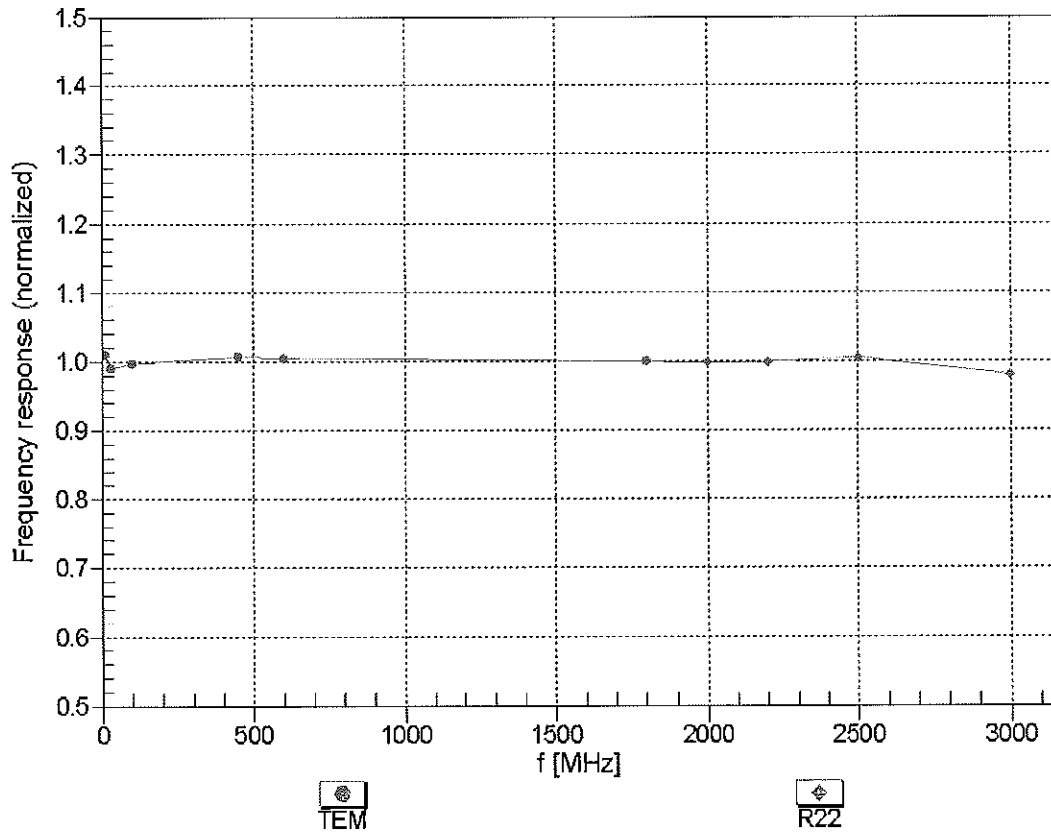
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.26	2.23	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.80	1.13	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.59	1.42	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.52	1.59	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.73	1.08	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.04	4.04	4.04	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

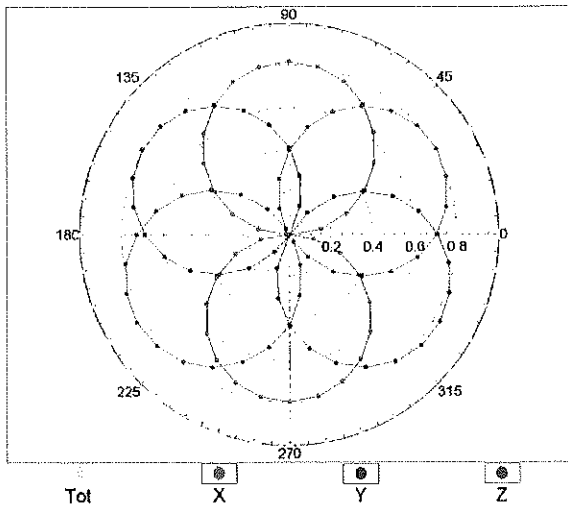
### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



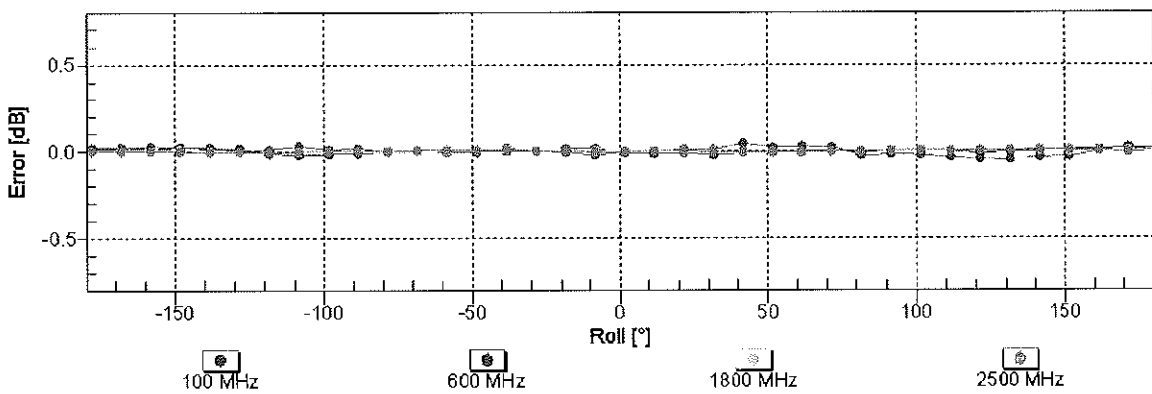
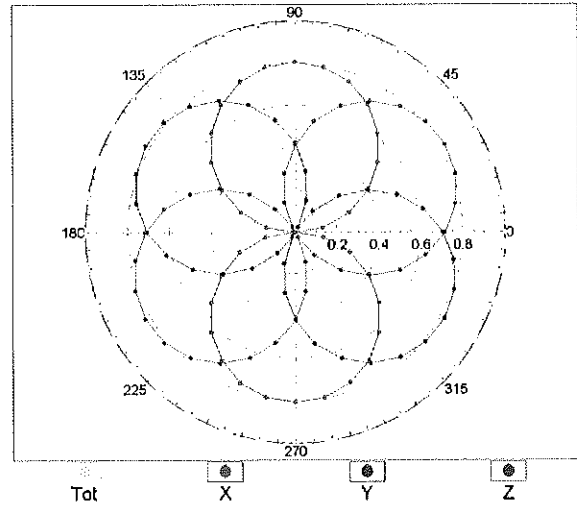
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

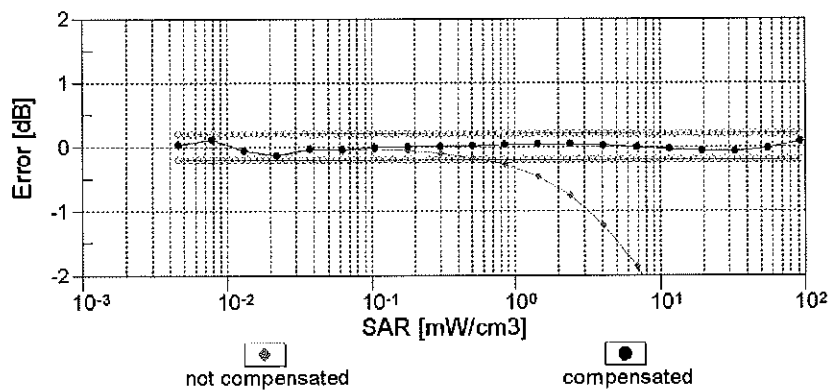
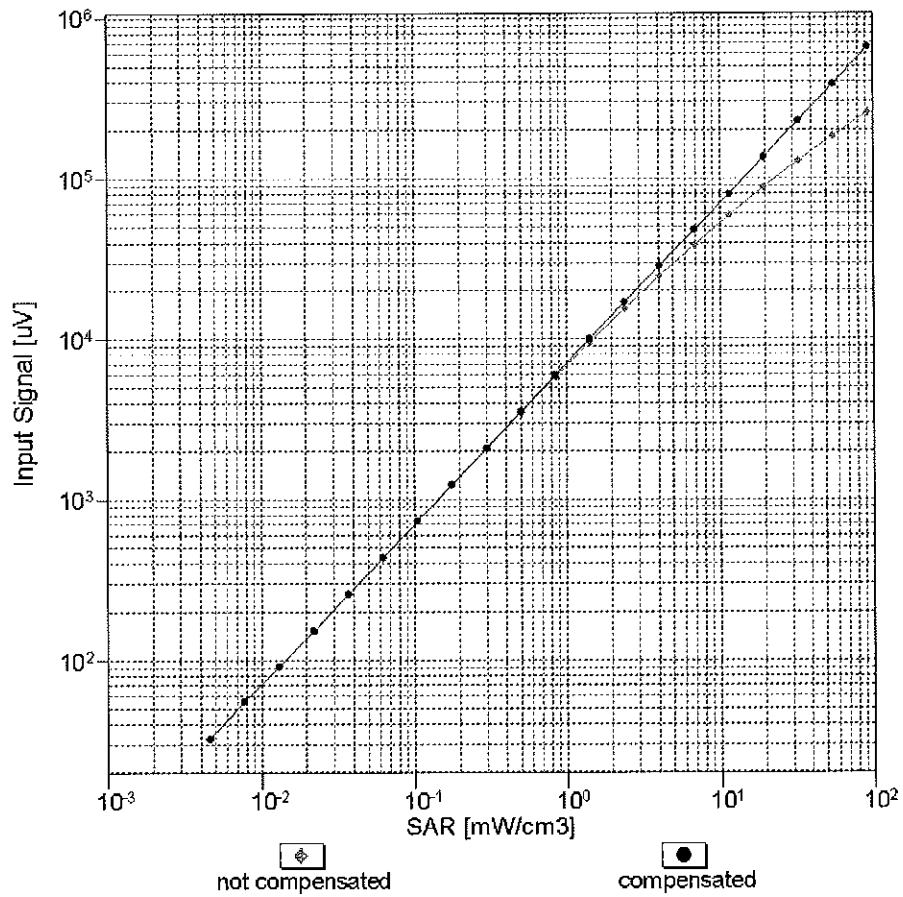


f=1800 MHz,R22



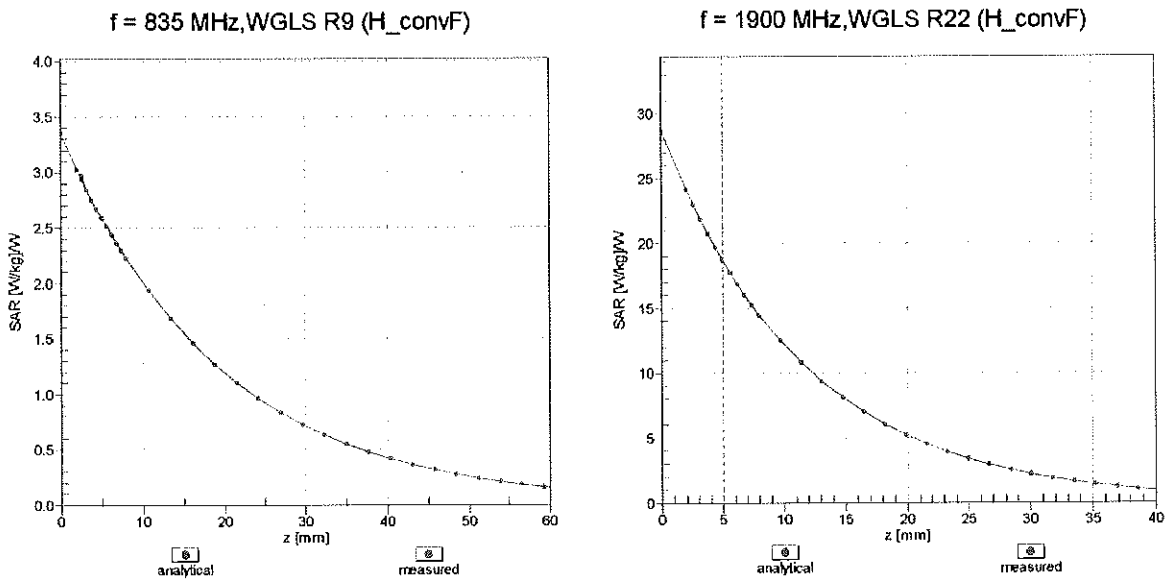
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell , $f_{eval}= 1900$ MHz)

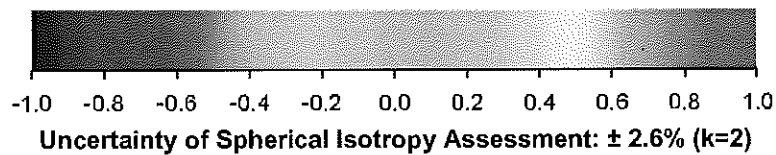
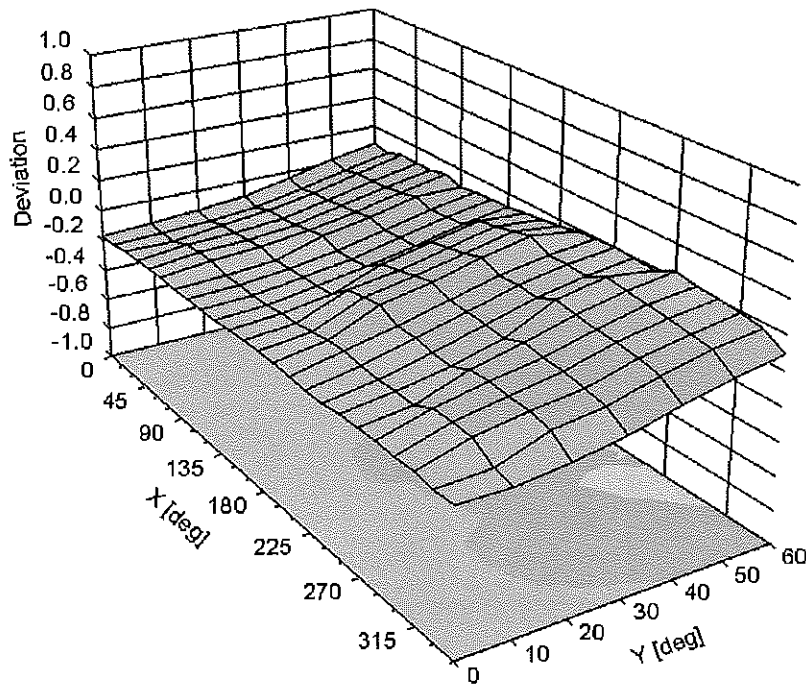


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-38.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3213\_Apr14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3213
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 11, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

CC-V  
5/7/14

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 14, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3213

Manufactured: October 14, 2008  
Calibrated: April 11, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.47	1.36	1.32	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.9	101.6	102.7	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	197.4	$\pm 3.8\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		219.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.3	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	5.05	68.5	14.4	10.00	41.4	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	9.83	75.4	16.6		39.8	
		Z	10.63	76.7	17.0		40.3	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.25	67.1	18.8	2.91	135.4	$\pm 0.5\%$
		Y	3.21	66.6	18.4		131.4	
		Z	3.43	68.3	19.4		133.5	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.39	71.8	20.4	1.87	137.8	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	2.98	69.1	19.1		133.1	
		Z	3.26	71.3	20.3		133.8	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	22.08	99.1	27.6	9.39	143.1	$\pm 2.2\%$
		Y	21.57	99.6	28.2		141.4	
		Z	13.61	90.9	24.9		137.1	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	16.13	94.0	26.2	9.57	133.8	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	22.39	99.7	28.1		137.8	
		Z	18.99	97.5	27.4		129.2	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	21.23	93.4	23.4	6.56	148.9	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	33.62	99.9	25.4		148.5	
		Z	32.72	99.7	25.1		141.6	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	49.20	99.7	23.0	4.80	138.6	$\pm 2.5\%$
		Y	40.22	99.8	23.9		134.7	
		Z	43.82	99.8	23.4		131.9	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	50.05	99.8	22.4	3.55	146.5	$\pm 2.2\%$
		Y	51.41	99.6	22.3		144.4	
		Z	46.36	99.5	22.4		140.0	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	40.43	99.5	20.4	1.16	135.1	$\pm 1.7\%$
		Y	24.55	99.5	21.7		133.5	
		Z	32.87	99.9	21.0		131.0	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.69	66.6	19.0	4.57	133.4	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	4.76	66.9	19.3		133.2	
		Z	4.71	66.8	19.2		130.1	

10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.87	66.1	18.6	3.97	129.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.89	66.1	18.7		129.6	
		Z	3.97	66.6	19.0		146.7	
10098-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	4.59	66.8	18.8	3.98	141.1	±0.7 %
		Y	4.64	67.0	19.0		140.0	
		Z	4.67	67.2	19.1		138.5	
10100-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.52	68.0	20.1	5.67	147.5	±1.4 %
		Y	6.61	68.3	20.4		148.5	
		Z	6.51	68.0	20.1		145.4	
10108-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.39	67.5	19.9	5.80	145.2	±1.4 %
		Y	6.44	67.8	20.2		145.8	
		Z	6.41	67.7	20.1		145.5	
10110-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.02	66.7	19.5	5.75	141.3	±1.4 %
		Y	6.10	67.2	20.0		141.0	
		Z	6.05	67.0	19.8		141.2	
10114-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.19	68.9	21.4	8.10	135.6	±2.2 %
		Y	10.43	69.6	21.9		135.7	
		Z	10.21	69.0	21.5		134.5	
10117-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.17	68.9	21.3	8.07	137.7	±2.5 %
		Y	10.45	69.6	21.9		137.2	
		Z	10.22	69.1	21.5		136.9	
10151-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.70	74.8	25.8	9.28	133.6	±3.0 %
		Y	9.81	75.7	26.7		130.1	
		Z	9.49	74.4	25.7		131.6	
10154-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.07	67.0	19.7	5.75	142.9	±1.4 %
		Y	6.19	67.6	20.2		145.4	
		Z	6.06	67.0	19.8		141.7	
10160-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.50	67.5	19.9	5.82	148.5	±1.4 %
		Y	6.35	67.0	19.7		127.0	
		Z	6.52	67.6	20.0		147.9	
10169-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.00	66.8	19.8	5.73	145.4	±1.4 %
		Y	5.13	67.5	20.4		148.9	
		Z	5.06	67.3	20.2		144.8	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.02	79.7	28.5	9.21	148.9	±3.0 %
		Y	8.14	77.1	27.6		125.0	
		Z	8.82	79.5	28.6		147.1	
10175-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	67.2	20.0	5.72	146.2	±1.4 %
		Y	5.14	67.6	20.4		145.9	
		Z	5.00	67.1	20.1		140.8	
10181-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.07	67.2	20.0	5.72	149.7	±1.4 %
		Y	5.15	67.6	20.4		146.0	
		Z	5.00	67.0	20.0		141.0	

10193-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.92	68.8	21.4	8.09	135.2	±2.2 %
		Y	10.06	69.3	21.8		130.6	
		Z	9.78	68.4	21.2		126.9	
10196-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.93	68.9	21.4	8.10	136.4	±2.2 %
		Y	10.06	69.3	21.9		131.1	
		Z	9.84	68.7	21.4		128.8	
10219-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.81	68.8	21.4	8.03	135.3	±2.2 %
		Y	9.95	69.3	21.8		130.1	
		Z	9.71	68.5	21.2		127.4	
10222-CAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.24	69.1	21.5	8.06	141.2	±2.2 %
		Y	10.45	69.7	22.0		136.8	
		Z	10.13	68.9	21.4		133.6	
10225-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.95	66.9	19.5	5.97	137.9	±1.4 %
		Y	7.03	67.2	19.8		133.2	
		Z	6.92	66.9	19.5		130.6	
10237-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.08	76.6	27.0	9.21	127.8	±3.0 %
		Y	10.15	84.0	31.2		149.6	
		Z	8.67	79.0	28.3		145.4	
10252-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.92	73.6	25.3	9.24	126.0	±3.5 %
		Y	9.19	75.1	26.5		124.0	
		Z	9.66	76.2	26.8		149.1	
10267-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.59	74.5	25.7	9.30	131.9	±3.0 %
		Y	9.87	75.8	26.8		130.6	
		Z	9.36	73.9	25.5		127.8	
10274-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	5.84	66.6	18.8	4.87	128.6	±0.9 %
		Y	5.87	66.7	19.0		128.8	
		Z	6.08	67.6	19.4		149.9	
10275-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.35	66.6	18.8	3.96	134.0	±0.9 %
		Y	4.46	67.0	19.1		138.5	
		Z	4.39	66.8	19.0		129.4	
10291-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	3.72	67.5	19.2	3.46	149.2	±0.7 %
		Y	3.66	67.1	19.1		129.6	
		Z	3.72	67.6	19.3		143.2	
10292-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	3.54	66.9	18.8	3.39	128.3	±0.5 %
		Y	3.61	67.2	19.1		130.4	
		Z	3.69	67.8	19.4		146.2	
10297-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.38	67.4	19.9	5.81	145.8	±1.4 %
		Y	6.50	68.0	20.4		148.6	
		Z	6.35	67.4	19.9		140.8	
10311-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.70	67.2	19.7	6.06	127.8	±1.4 %
		Y	6.85	67.7	20.3		130.2	
		Z	6.98	68.2	20.4		147.9	

10315-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	2.82	69.1	19.2	1.71	135.1	±0.7 %
		Y	2.92	69.5	19.6		136.9	
		Z	3.22	71.8	20.6		130.9	
10403-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.77	68.3	18.9	3.76	140.0	±0.5 %
		Y	4.80	68.4	19.1		141.4	
		Z	4.86	68.9	19.3		134.8	
10404-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.61	68.0	18.8	3.77	138.2	±0.7 %
		Y	4.67	68.2	19.0		139.3	
		Z	4.69	68.5	19.1		133.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 8 and 9).  
<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.  
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.34	1.79	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.29	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.79	1.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.57	1.36	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.78	1.28	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.77	1.23	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

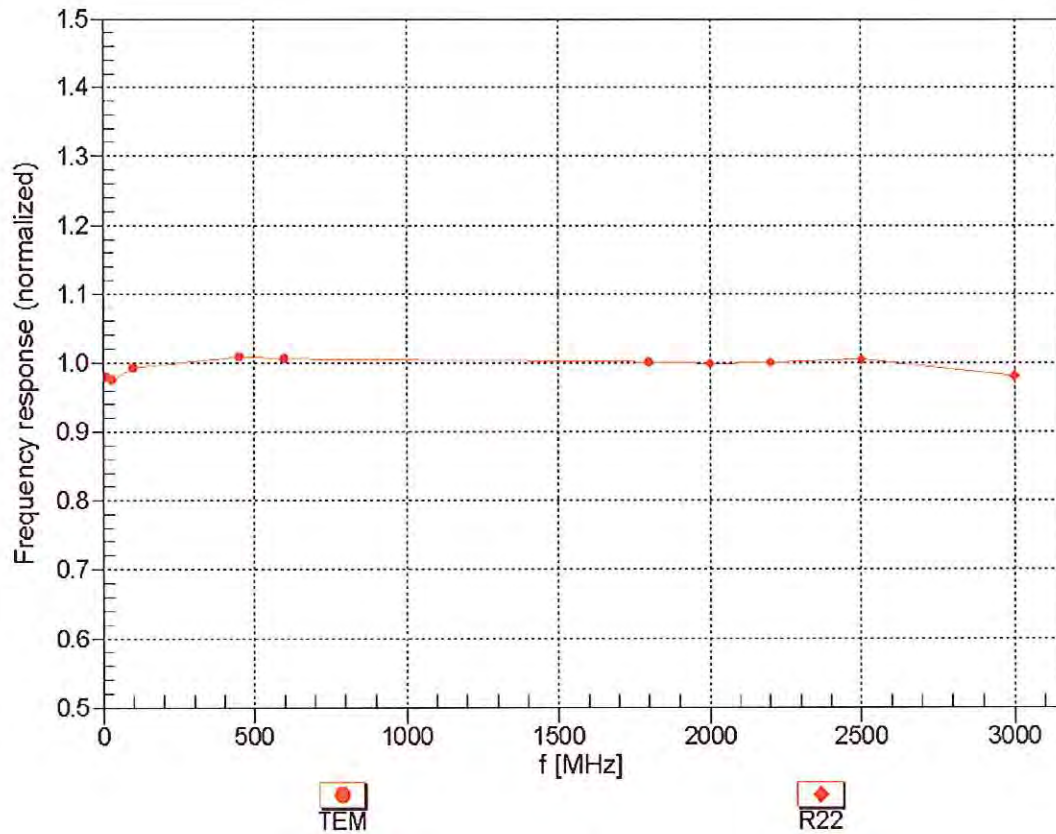
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.77	1.19	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.54	1.37	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.73	1.27	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.47	1.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.70	1.16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.67	1.00	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

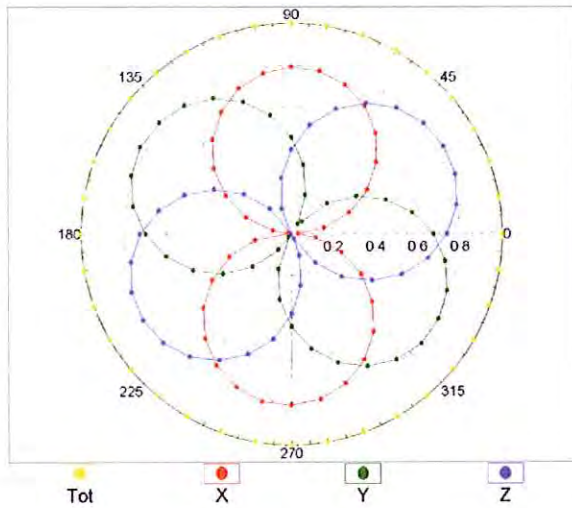


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

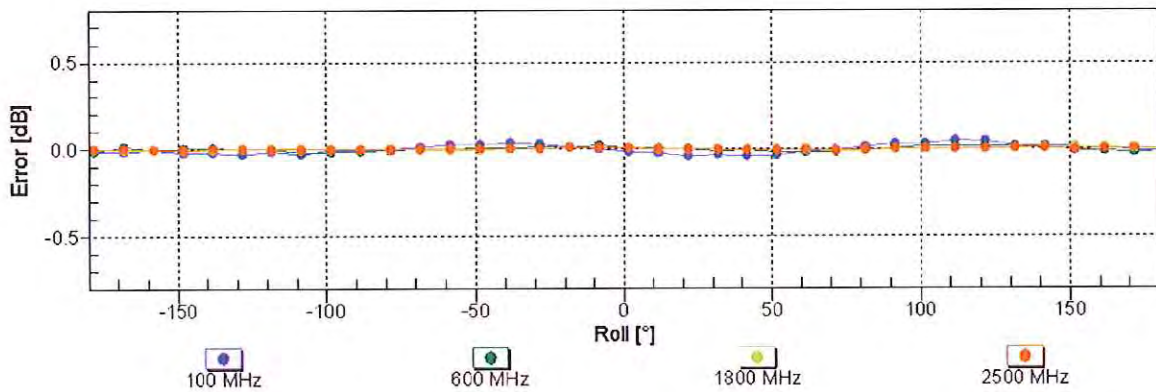
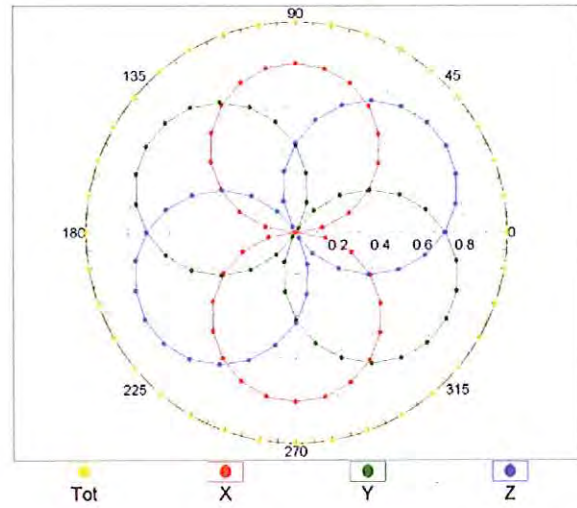


## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

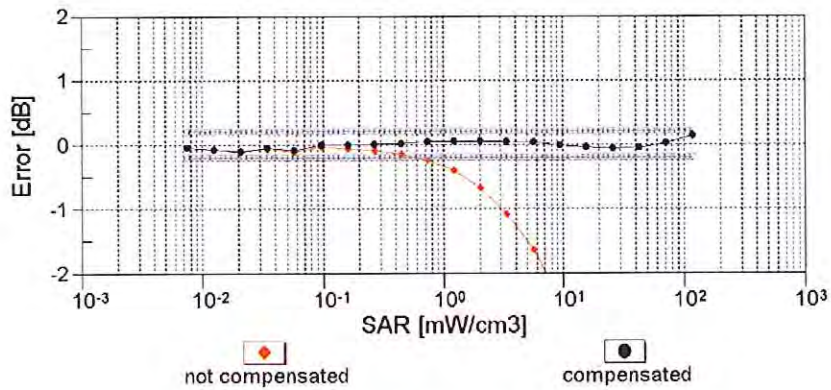
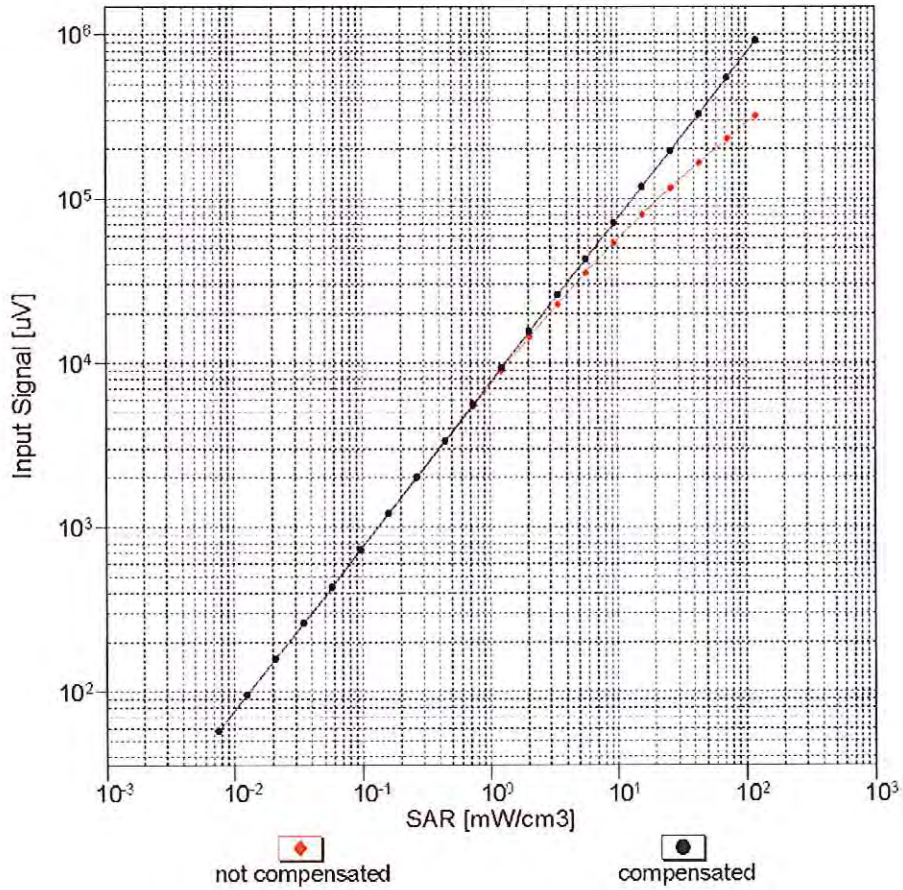


f=1800 MHz, R22



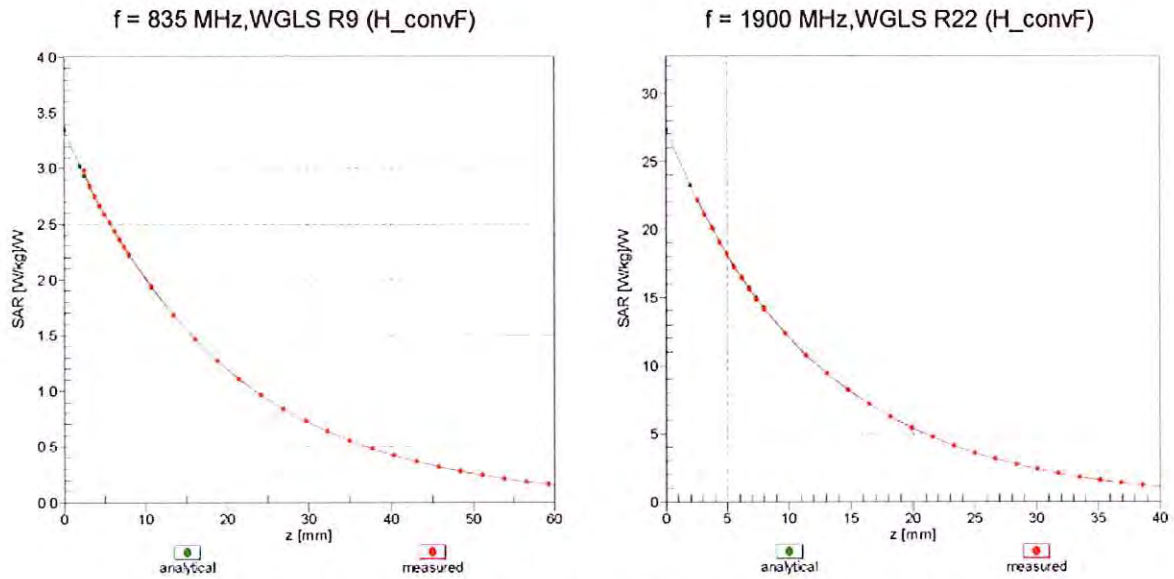
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

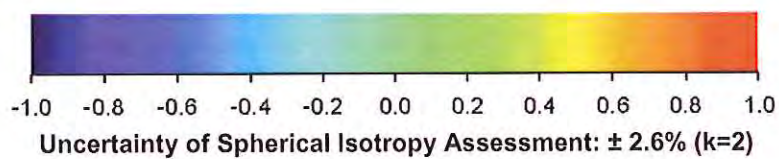
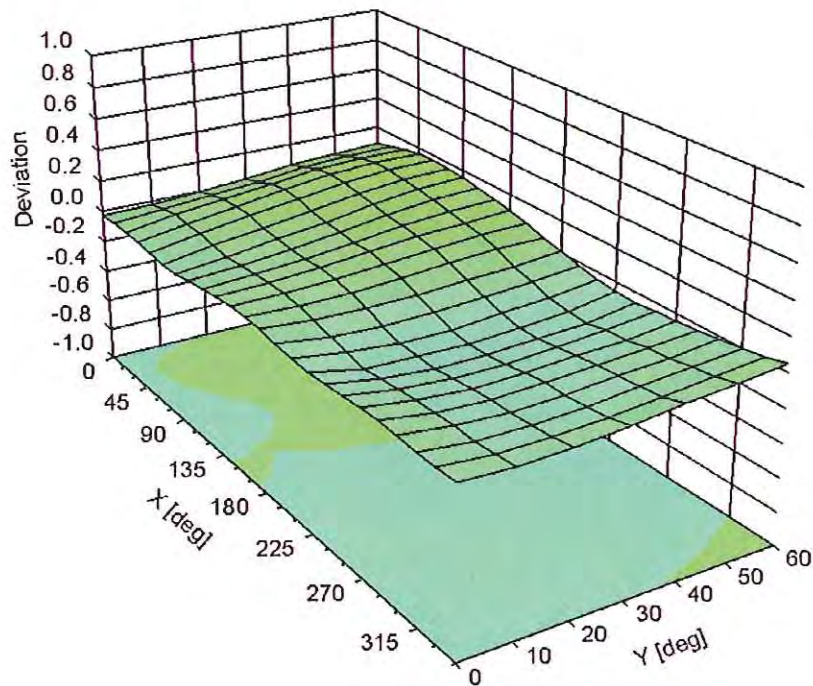


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-68.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3287\_Nov13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3287**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2013** ✓ CC 11/20/2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13)	Sep-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	<b>Leif Klysner</b>	<b>Laboratory Technician</b>	
Approved by:	<b>Kalja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: November 20, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>* = *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORM<sub>x</sub>* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3287

Manufactured: June 7, 2010  
Calibrated: November 20, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.31	1.25	1.25	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.6	102.5	100.4	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	157.3	$\pm 2.7\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		159.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		152.5	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	2.23	57.9	9.9	10.00	45.7	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	2.13	57.6	9.8		46.6	
		Z	3.31	61.1	11.8		47.6	
10011- CAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.25	66.3	17.9	2.91	124.8	$\pm 0.5\%$
		Y	3.16	65.7	17.4		127.4	
		Z	3.15	65.5	17.4		122.8	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.08	68.7	18.3	1.87	127.2	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.03	68.2	17.9		129.4	
		Z	2.87	67.0	17.3		126.5	
10021- DAA	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.99	90.6	25.0	9.39	99.9	$\pm 1.2\%$
		Y	12.41	86.6	23.6		101.5	
		Z	29.18	99.9	28.5		109.2	
10023- DAA	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	25.67	98.9	27.8	9.57	97.9	$\pm 1.7\%$
		Y	14.20	88.5	24.3		100.6	
		Z	27.68	99.8	28.8		107.7	
10024- DAA	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	42.95	99.6	24.9	6.56	124.4	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	45.27	99.9	24.8		128.8	
		Z	42.64	99.6	25.5		135.7	
10027- DAA	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	27.78	91.3	21.1	4.80	136.0	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	32.74	93.9	21.9		146.6	
		Z	23.93	89.5	21.1		144.8	
10028- DAA	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	59.17	99.6	22.4	3.55	142.5	$\pm 1.2\%$
		Y	78.76	99.7	21.7		104.9	
		Z	38.06	94.2	21.4		148.8	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	93.35	99.7	19.5	1.16	108.1	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	96.67	94.0	16.9		114.7	
		Z	98.17	96.2	18.2		108.9	
10039- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.84	66.7	18.8	4.57	126.5	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	4.83	66.6	18.6		134.4	
		Z	4.76	66.0	18.3		125.9	
10081- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	4.00	66.2	18.5	3.97	121.9	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.91	65.5	17.9		128.9	
		Z	3.88	65.2	17.8		120.7	



10098-CAA	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	4.66	66.6	18.4	3.98	132.5	±0.7 %
		Y	4.66	66.5	18.2		141.3	
		Z	4.54	65.9	17.9		130.7	
10100-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.65	68.3	20.1	5.67	139.5	±1.4 %
		Y	6.69	68.3	19.9		148.9	
		Z	6.60	67.9	19.8		137.5	
10108-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.52	67.8	20.0	5.80	137.3	±1.4 %
		Y	6.53	67.6	19.7		147.5	
		Z	6.51	67.6	19.8		135.3	
10110-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.19	67.2	19.7	5.75	134.3	±1.2 %
		Y	6.24	67.3	19.6		142.9	
		Z	6.23	67.1	19.6		132.3	
10151-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	11.56	79.1	27.9	9.28	130.1	±3.0 %
		Y	11.01	76.8	26.2		141.9	
		Z	12.98	81.2	28.7		135.7	
10154-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.25	67.4	19.8	5.75	135.1	±1.2 %
		Y	6.17	66.9	19.3		143.6	
		Z	6.16	66.8	19.4		132.8	
10160-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.66	67.8	20.0	5.82	140.3	±1.4 %
		Y	6.72	67.9	19.9		148.8	
		Z	6.66	67.6	19.8		137.4	
10169-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	66.7	19.5	5.73	117.8	±0.9 %
		Y	4.93	66.0	18.9		125.0	
		Z	5.08	66.3	19.3		116.3	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.47	76.8	26.9	9.21	100.3	±2.2 %
		Y	8.06	74.6	25.3		107.5	
		Z	9.43	78.2	27.4		102.5	
10175-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.98	66.3	19.3	5.72	118.2	±0.9 %
		Y	4.96	66.1	19.0		119.9	
		Z	5.03	66.1	19.1		116.1	
10181-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.06	66.7	19.6	5.72	118.7	±0.9 %
		Y	4.97	66.2	19.1		120.0	
		Z	5.03	66.1	19.1		116.3	
10225-CAA	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.78	66.1	18.9	5.97	105.3	±1.2 %
		Y	6.68	65.7	18.6		106.8	
		Z	7.32	67.6	19.7		148.0	
10237-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.56	77.1	27.1	9.21	100.8	±1.9 %
		Y	8.33	75.8	26.1		103.8	
		Z	9.39	78.0	27.3		101.9	
10252-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.58	77.8	27.4	9.24	123.3	±2.5 %
		Y	10.48	76.9	26.5		128.1	
		Z	11.79	79.6	28.0		127.0	
10267-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	11.52	79.1	27.9	9.30	130.1	±2.7 %
		Y	11.24	77.7	26.9		136.0	
		Z	12.96	81.2	28.8		134.8	

10274-CAA	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	X	6.14	67.4	19.0	4.87	145.5	±1.2 %
		Y	6.19	67.4	19.0		149.2	
		Z	6.10	66.9	18.8		142.3	
10275-CAA	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.41	66.4	18.3	3.96	126.4	±0.7 %
		Y	4.43	66.3	18.2		130.4	
		Z	4.36	65.9	18.0		123.8	
10291-AAA	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	3.57	65.9	17.9	3.46	120.0	±0.5 %
		Y	3.55	65.6	17.6		121.7	
		Z	3.50	65.1	17.5		117.2	
10292-AAA	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	3.55	66.1	18.0	3.39	121.3	±0.5 %
		Y	3.54	66.0	17.8		123.6	
		Z	3.45	65.2	17.4		118.9	
10297-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.53	67.8	20.0	5.81	136.2	±1.2 %
		Y	6.48	67.5	19.6		139.3	
		Z	6.52	67.6	19.8		134.1	
10311-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.12	68.4	20.4	6.06	141.7	±1.4 %
		Y	7.11	68.3	20.1		145.3	
		Z	7.14	68.4	20.3		139.8	
10315-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	2.79	67.6	18.0	1.71	125.5	±0.5 %
		Y	2.71	66.9	17.3		128.2	
		Z	2.64	66.2	17.0		123.5	
10403-AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.78	67.5	18.3	3.76	130.6	±0.5 %
		Y	4.77	67.5	18.2		133.8	
		Z	4.65	66.5	17.8		130.0	
10404-AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.83	68.2	18.6	3.77	129.2	±0.7 %
		Y	4.68	67.4	18.0		131.9	
		Z	4.52	66.3	17.7		128.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.52	6.52	6.52	0.47	1.46	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.40	1.59	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.27	5.27	5.27	0.63	1.34	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.62	1.37	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.79	1.28	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.77	1.38	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.55	1.37	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.55	1.39	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.39	1.73	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.38	1.75	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.17	4.17	4.17	0.60	1.20	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.00	4.00	4.00	0.60	1.10	± 12.0 %

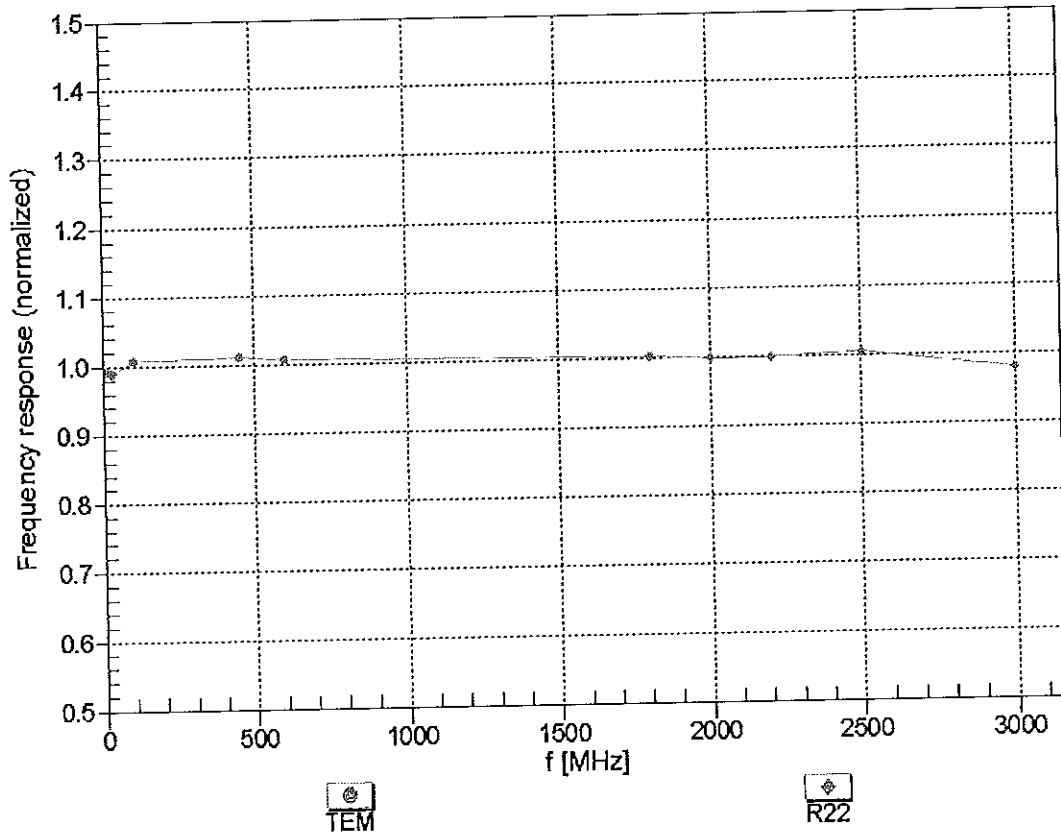
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# Frequency Response of E-Field

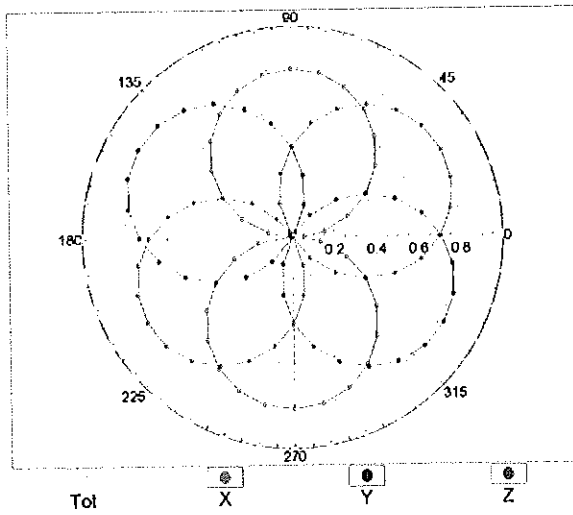
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



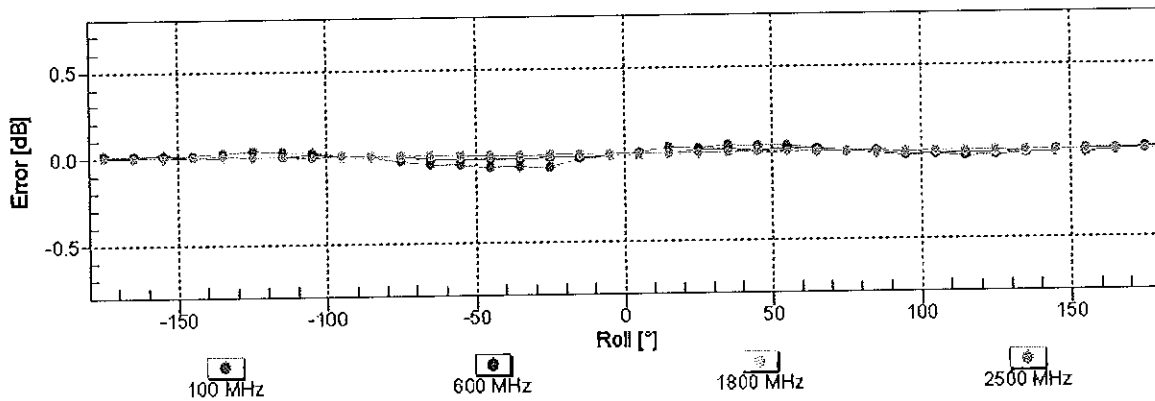
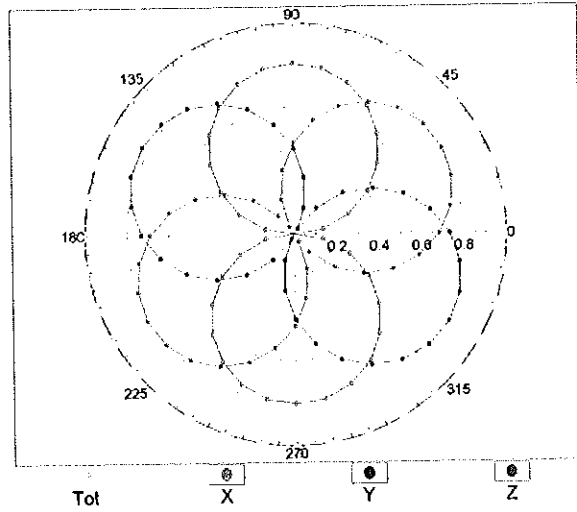
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

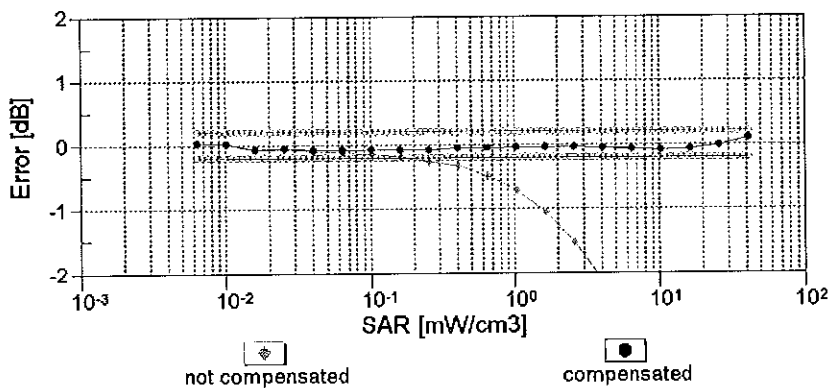
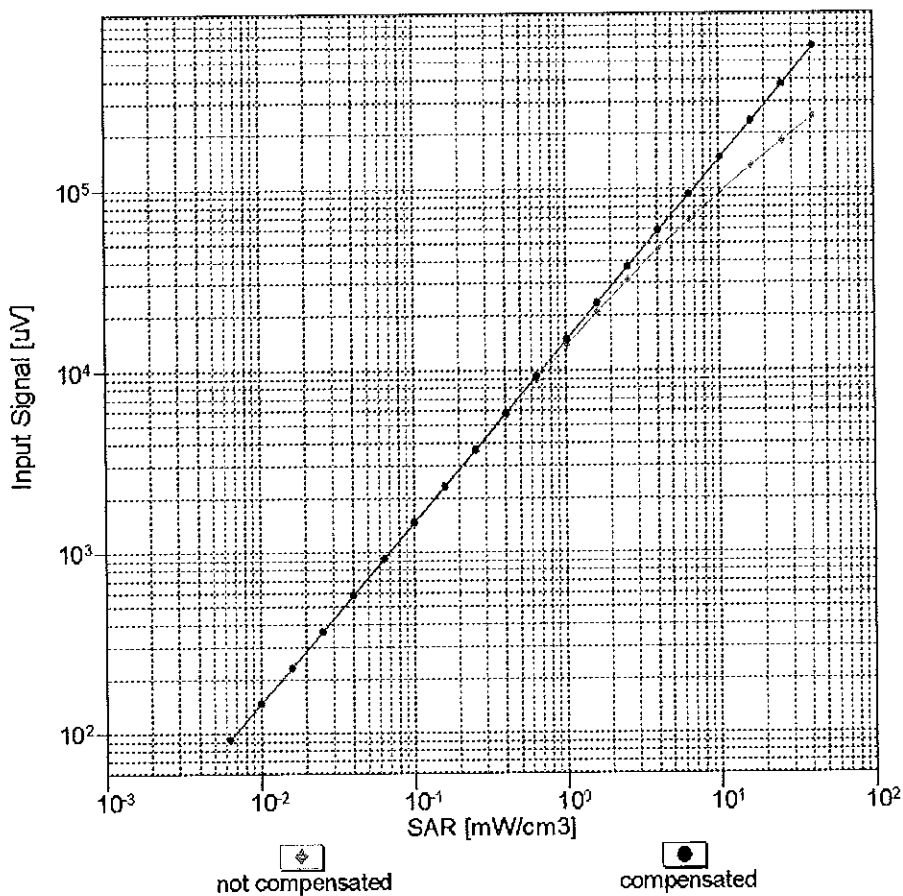


f=1800 MHz, R22



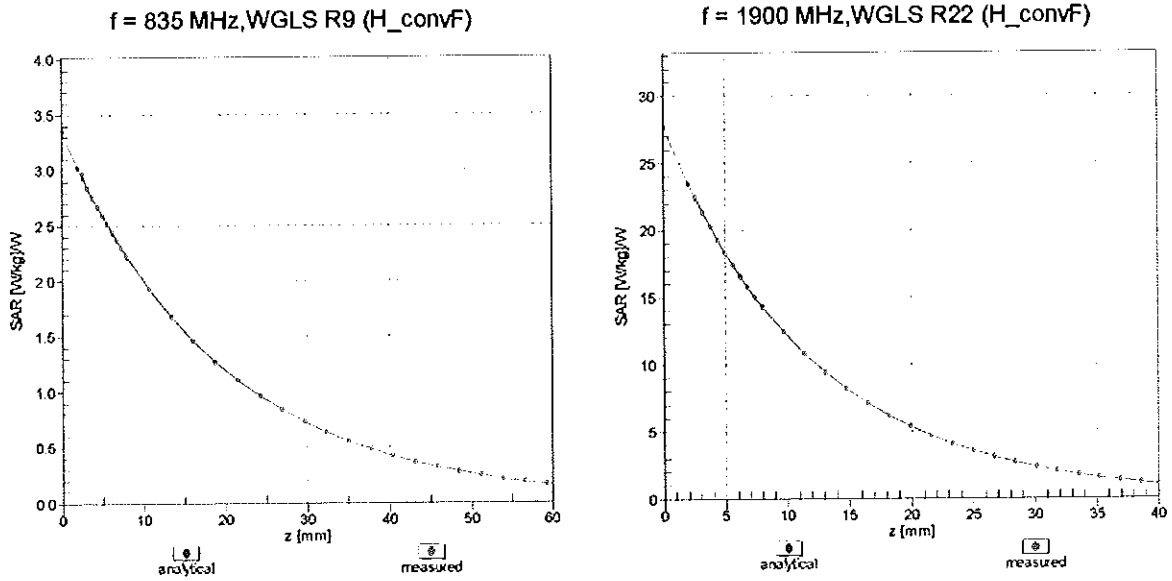
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

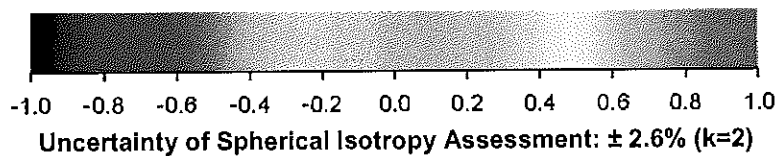
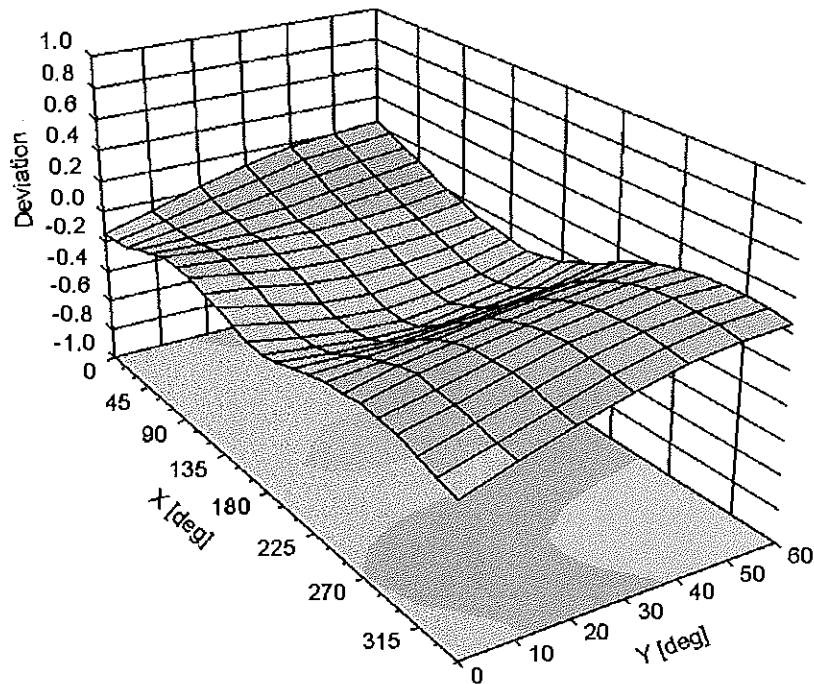


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  (k=2)



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3287****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-15
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **ES3-3288\_Sep13/2**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: ES3-3288\_Sep13)**

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3288** CCV  
10/4/13

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 23, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Jeton Kastrati</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: October 4, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

PCT# 80828

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3288

Manufactured: July 6, 2010  
Calibrated: September 23, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3288

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.87	0.97	0.75	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	103.3	103.2	100.2	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	171.1	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		135.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		154.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3288

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.32	1.89	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.34	1.82	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.67	5.67	5.67	0.56	1.51	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.47	5.47	5.47	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.80	1.34	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.80	1.41	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3288

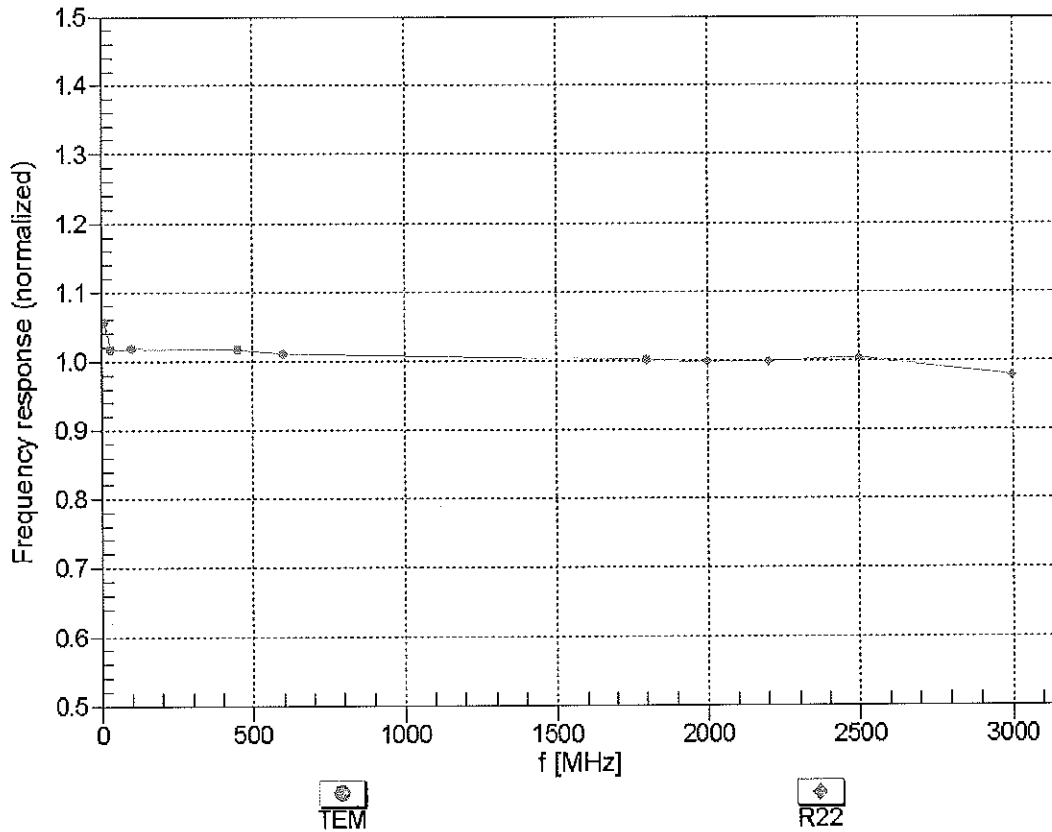
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.70	1.27	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.75	1.22	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.59	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.53	1.54	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.80	1.02	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.64	0.94	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

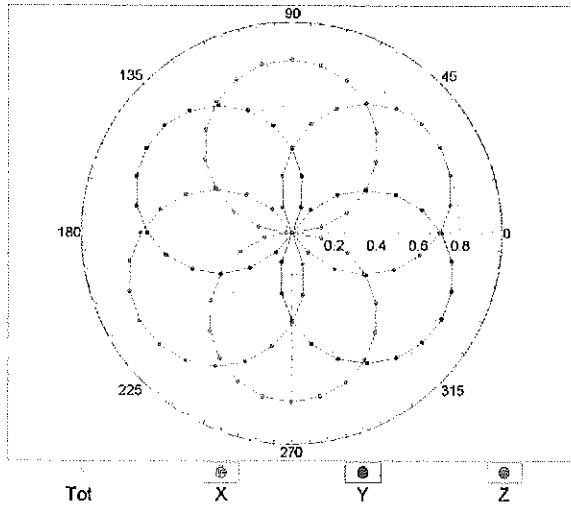


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

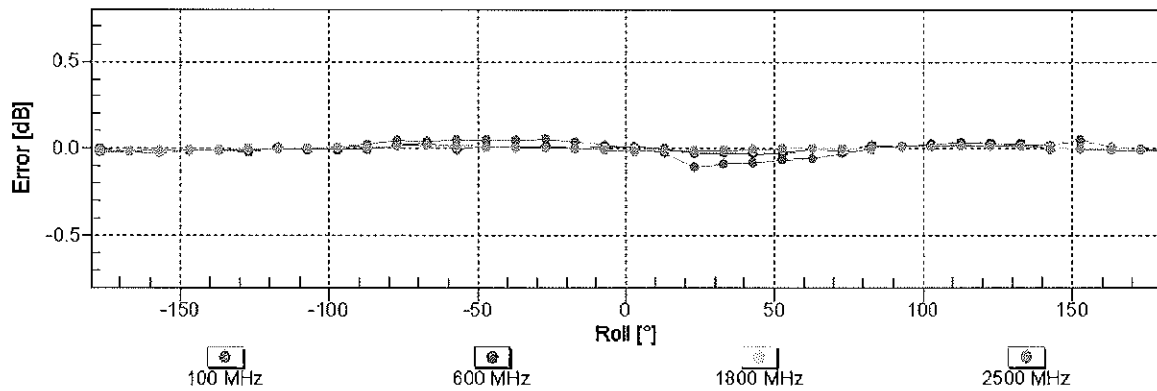
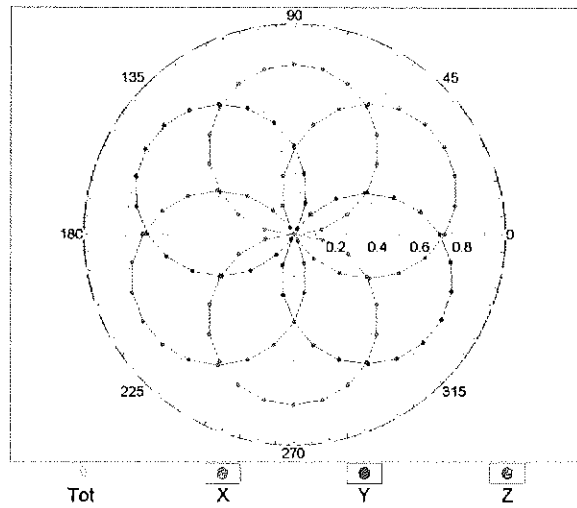


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

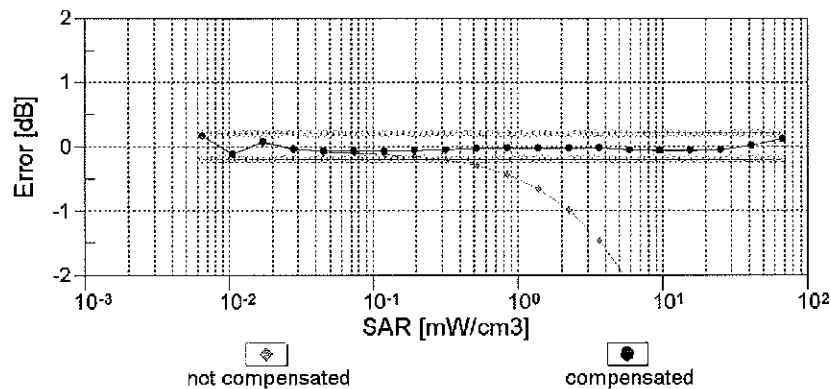
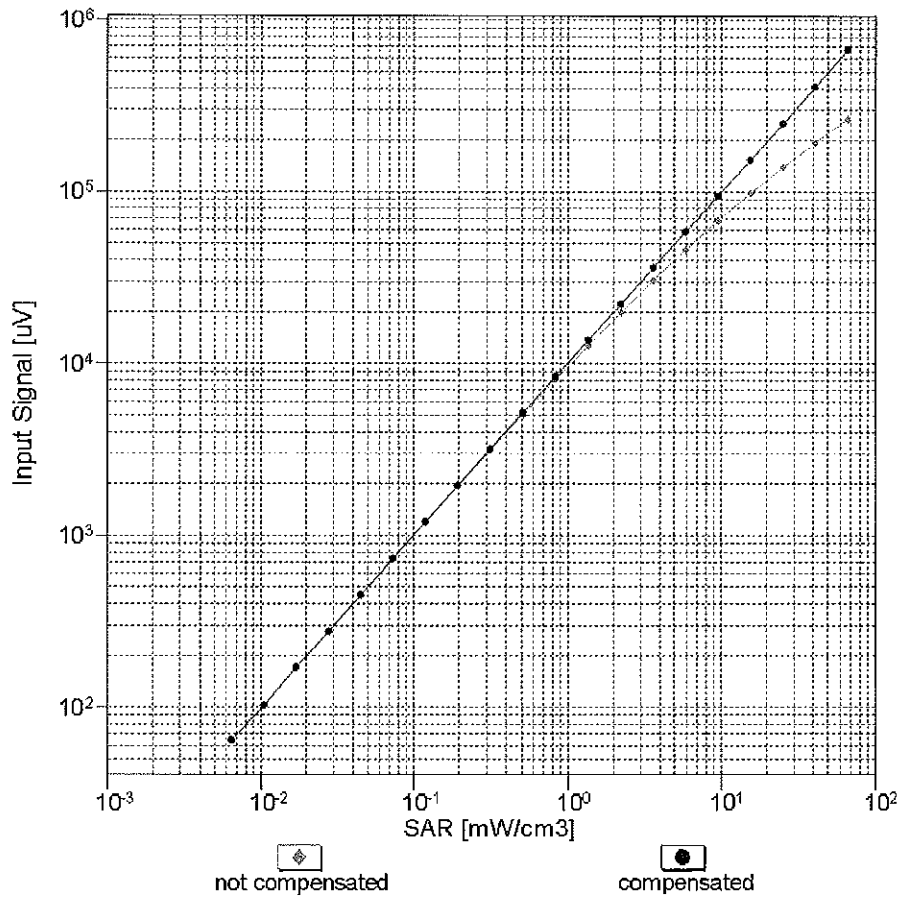


f=1800 MHz,R22



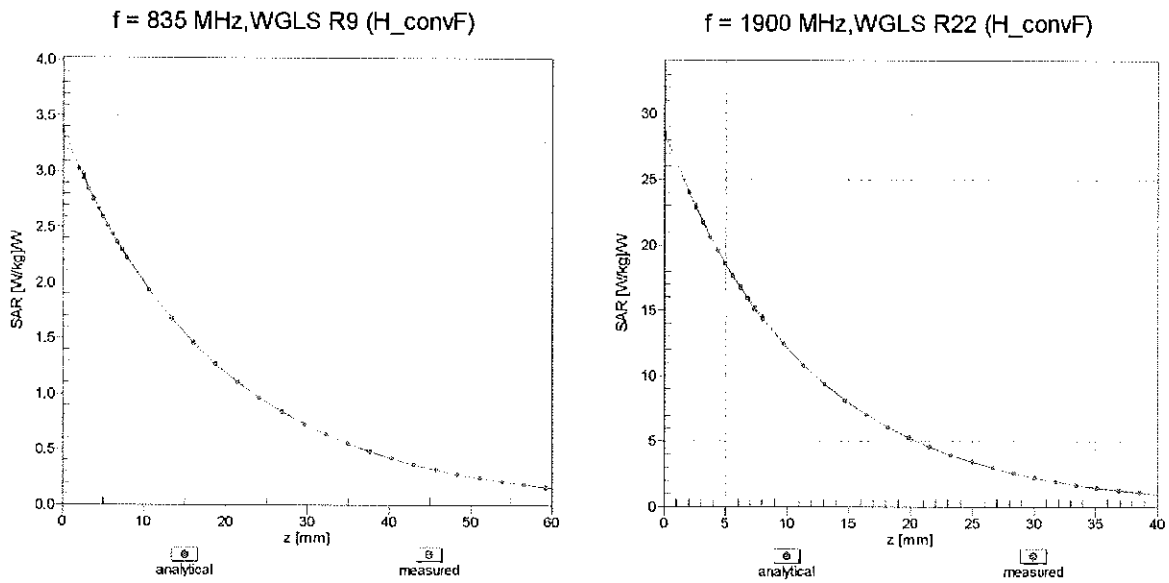
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )

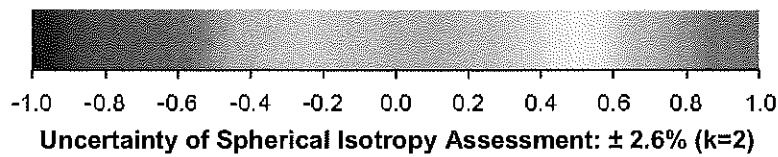
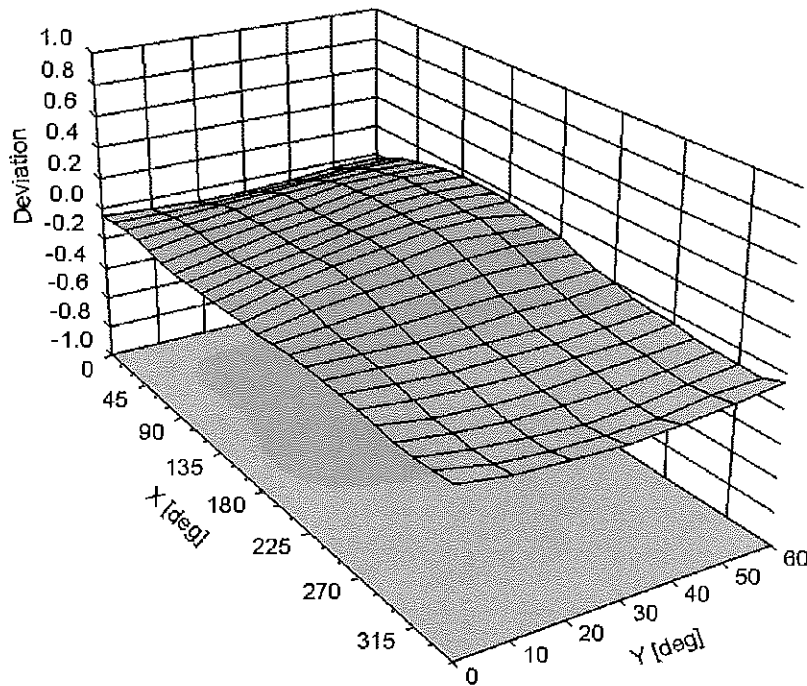


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3288

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-127.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm