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SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.

1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue: 04. 12, 2017

Test Report No.: HCT-A-1703-F005

Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID:

ZNFM320Y

According to the Evaluation report, all of the data contained herein is reused from the reference FCC ID: ZNFM320H report. (Except GSM1900 Body-Worn/Hotspot, WCDMA Band 2 Head/Body-Worn/Hotspot, LTE Band 7 Body-worn/Hotspot data)

Equipment Type:

Portable Handset

Model Name:

LG-M320Y

Additional FCC Model(s): LGM320Y, M320Y

Testing has been carried

out in accordance with:

47 CFR §2.1093

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992

IEEE 1528-2013

Date of Test:

 $02/17/2017 \sim 02/22/2017$, $03/06/2017 \sim 03/08/2017$, 03/30/2017

This device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in FCC KDB procedures and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Tested By

Tae-Jun, Kang Test Engineer SAR Team

Certification Division

Reviewed By

Yun-Jeang, Heo Technical Manager

SAR Team

Certification Division

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F-TP22-03 (Rev.00)

HCT CO., LTD.



DOCUMENT HISTORY

Version	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-A-1703-F005	04. 12, 2017	First Approval Report



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1. Attestation of Test Result of Device Under Test

Test Laboratory						
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Attestation of SAR test result					
Trade Name:	LG Electronics, MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.				
FCC ID:	ZNFM320Y				
Model:	LG-M320Y				
Additional FCC Model(s):	LGM320Y, M320Y				
EUT Type:	Portable Handset				
Application Type:	Certification				

The Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)

Band	Tx. Frequency	Equipment	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)					
Dario	(MHz)	Class	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot			
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.2 ~ 848.8	PCE	0.52	0.66	0.66			
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1 850.2 ~ 1 909.8	PCE	0.60	0.77	0.77			
UMTS 850	826.4 ~ 846.6	PCE	0.35	0.41	0.41			
UMTS 1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	PCE	0.53	0.72	0.72			
LTE 7	2 502.5 ~ 2 567.5	PCE	0.25	0.76	0.76			
802.11b	2 412 ~ 2 462	DTS	0.94 0.29 0.29					
Bluetooth	2 402 ~ 2 480 DSS/DTS N/A							
Simultaneous SAF	1.06	1.06						
Date(s) of Tests:	02/17/2017 ~ 02/22/20	17, 03/06/2017	7 ~ 03/08/2017,	03/30/2017				



2. DEVICE UNDER TEST DESCRIPTION

2.1 DUT specification

Device Wireless specification overview							
Band & Mode	Operating Mode	Tx Frequency					
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice / Data	824.2 – 848.8 MHz					
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice / Data	1 850.2 – 1 909.8 MHz					
UMTS 850	Voice / Data	826.4 – 846.6 MHz					
UMTS 1900	Voice / Data	1 852.4 – 1 907.6 MHz					
LTE Band 7	Data	2 502.5 – 2 567.5 MHz					
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2 412 – 2 462 MHz					
Bluetooth	Data	2 402 – 2 480 MHz					



Device Description							
Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width): 158.7 mm x 78.1 mm Overall diagonal dimension: 162.3 mm						
Back Cover:	Normal Battery cover						
Pattory Options	Standard (Li-ion Polymer Battery)						
Battery Options	Battery Model Name: BL-T30						
Hardware Version:	Rev.1.0						
Software Version :	V10a						
	Mode	Serial Number					
	GSM850	2WZ6Y					
	GSM1900	2WZ6W, 2WZ79, 2XFOR					
	UMTS 850	2WZ6Y					
Device Serial Numbers	UMTS 1900	2WZ6W, 2WZ79, 2Z5FU					
Device Serial Numbers	2.4 GHz WLAN	2WZ7K					
	LTE Band 7	2ZTMB, 2XFOR					
	Several samples with identical hardware were used to SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics are within operational tolerances expected for production units.						
Power Reduction for SAR	There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.						



2.2 DUT Wireless mode

Wireless Modulation	Band		Operating Mode	Duty Cycle
GSM	850 1900	Voice(GMSK) GPRS (GMSK) EGPRS (8PSK)	GSM Voice: 12.5% GPRS/EDGE: 1 Slot: 12.5% 2 Slots: 25% 3 Slots: 37.5% 4 Slots: 50%	
WCDMA (UMTS)	Band 5 Band 2	UMTS Rel.99 (Vo HSDPA (Rel. 5,C HSUPA (Rel. 6 C DC-HSDPA (Rel. HSPA+ (Rel. 8) (cat.10) cat.6)	100 %
LTE	Band 7	Data (QPSK, 160	QAM)	100 % (FDD)
2.4 GHz WL	AN	Data	802.11 b, 802.11 g, 802.11 n (HT20)	99.75 %
Bluetooth		N/A		



2.3 LTE information

Item.		Description						
Frequency Rang	LTE Band 7	2 502.5 MHz ~ 2 567.5 MHz						
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 7	5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz						
Channel Numbers &	Freq.(MHz)	Low	Mid	High				
	5 MHz	2 502.5 (20775)	2 535 (21100)	2 567.5 (21425)				
LTE Band 7	10 MHz	2 505.0 (20800)	2 535 (21100)	2 565.0 (21400)				
LIE Balla 7	15 MHz	2 507.5 (20825)	2 535 (21100)	2 562.5 (21375)				
	20 MHz	2 510.0 (20850)	2 535 (21100)	2 560.0 (21350)				
UE Category	LTE Rel. 10, Cate	gory 6						
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM							
	DATA only							
LTE voice/data requirements	LTE voice is available via VoIP. Considering the users may install 3rd party software to enable VoIP, LTE Head SAR is also evaluated.							
	The EUT incorporates MPR as per 3GPP TS 36.101 sec. 6.2.3 ~ 6.2.5							
LTE MPR options	The MPR is permanently built-in by design as a mandatory.							
	A-MPR is not implemented in the DUT.							
Power reduction explanation	This device doesn'	t implements power	reduction.					
LTE Carrier Aggregation	This device does r	ot support downlink	and uplink Carrier Aggreg	gation for US region.				
LTE Release 10 Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. The following LTE Release 10 features are not supported. Uplink and Downlink Carrier aggregations, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, elCl, WiFi offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.							
Description of the test equipment, software, etc.			a CMW500./MT8820C ver during SAR testing.					



2.4 TEST METHODOLOGY and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2013 & IEEE 1528-2005 and the following published KDB procedures.

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry sheet v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General SAR Guidance v06
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)

2.5 Nominal and Maximum Output Power SpecificationsThis device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

2.5.1 Maximum PCE Power

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	_					Burst Average 8-PSK EGPRS (dBm)				
		1 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot		
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.7	33.7	31.2	30.2	29.2	27.2	27.2	26.2	25.2		
	Nominal	33.2	33.2	30.7	29.7	28.7	26.7	26.7	25.7	24.7		
CSM/CDDS/EDGE 1000	Maximum	30.7	30.7	28.2	27.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	25.2	24.2		
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Nominal	30.2	30.2	27.7	26.7	25.7	25.7	25.7	24.7	23.7		

Mada / F	3GPP		Mode / Band 3GPP HSDPA(dBm)			3GPP HSUPA(dBm)				DC-HSDPA(dBm)					
Mode / E	oanu	WCDMA	Sub test1	Sub test2	Sub test3	Sub test4	Sub test1	Sub test2	Sub test3	Sub test4	Sub Test5	Sub test1	Sub test2	Sub test3	Sub test4
UMTS Band 5	Maximum	24.2	24.2	24.2	23.7	23.7	22.2	22.2	23.2	21.7	22.2	24.2	24.2	23.7	23.7
(850 MHz)	Nominal	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.2	23.2	21.7	21.7	22.7	21.2	21.7	23.7	23.7	23.2	23.2
UMTS Band 2	Maximum	23.2	23.2	23.2	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	22.2	20.7	21.2	23.2	23.2	22.7	22.7
(1900 MHz)	Nominal	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.2	22.2	20.7	20.7	21.7	20.2	20.7	22.7	22.7	22.2	22.2

Mode / Ba	and	Modulated Average (dBm)
LTC Dond 7	Maximum	23.4
LTE Band 7	Nominal	22.9

2.5.2 Maximum WLAN/BT Power

	Mada / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)				
	Mode / Band		1 ~ 4 CH	5 ~ 8 CH	9 ~ 11 CH		
IEEE 802.11b	1 ~ 11 Mbps	Maximum	16.0	16.5	16.0		
(2.4 GHz)	1 * 11 Mbps	Nominal	15.0	13.0 13.5 12.0 12.5	15.0		
IEEE 802.11g	6 ~ 36 Mbps	Maximum	13.0	13.5	13.0		
(2.4 GHz)	o 4 30 Mbps	Nominal	12.0	12.5	12.0		
IEEE 802.11g	48 ~ 54 Mbps	Maximum	12.0	12.5	12.0		
(2.4 GHz)	40 * 54 Mibps	Maximum	11.0	11.5	11.0		
IEEE 802.11n	6.5 ~ 39 Mbps	Maximum	12.5	13.0	12.5		
(2.4 GHz)	0.5 ° 39 Mipps	Nominal	11.5	12.0	11.5		
IEEE 802.11n	52 ~ 65 Mbpc	Maximum	11.5	12.0	11.5		
(2.4 GHz)	52 ~ 65 Mbps	Nominal	10.5	11.0	10.5		

Note: The Channels 1 and 11 have a lower power level to optimize radiated restricted band edge specification.

	Mode / Band	l	Modulated Average (dBm)
	DH5	Maximum	11.5
	DHS	Nominal	10.5
	Maximum		9.0
Bluetooth	2-DH5	Nominal	8.0
Biuetootii	2 DHE	Maximum	9.0
	3-DH5	Nominal	8.0
	1.5	Maximum	1.5
	LE	Nominal	0.5



2.6 DUT Antenna Locations

Device Edges / Sides for SAR Testing										
Mode	Rear	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Тор				
GSM/GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No				
GSM/GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No				
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No				
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No				
LTE Band 7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No				
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes				

Particular EUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were > 25 mm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01 on page 2. The distance between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing. The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 X 5 cm. A diagram showing device antenna can be found in SAR_setup_photos. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm, it is considered a "phablet".

Note; All test configurations are based on front view.

2.7 SAR Summation Scenario

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown below paths and are mode in same rectangle to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Simultaneous transmission paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios									
Applicable Combination	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	Extremity					
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes					
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes					
GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes					
UMTS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes					
LTE+ 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
LTE+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes					

- 1. 2.4 GHz WLAN and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. UMTS +WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN hotspot scenario.
- 4. Per the manufacturer, GPRS support VOIP service.
- 5. LTE is considered pre-installed VOIP applications.
- 6. 2.4GHz WiFi is considered pre-installed VOIP applications.
- 7. The highest reported SAR for each exposure condition is used for SAR summation purpose.

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2.8 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) BT & LE

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, The SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel(mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Distance (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for } 1-g \text{ SAR, and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for } 10-g \text{ extremity SAR}$$

Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [mW]	Separation Distance [mm]	≤ 3.0 for 1g SAR
Bluetooth	2 480	14	10	2.2
Bluetooth LE	2 480	1	10	0.2

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required $[(14/10)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 2.2 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required $[(1/10)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.2 < 3.0$.

Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [mW]	Separation Distance [mm]	≤ 7.5 for 10g Extremity SAR
Bluetooth	2 480	14	5	4.4
Bluetooth LE	2 480	1	5	0.3

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth Extremity SAR was not required $[(14/10)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 4.4 < 7.5$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth LE Extremity SAR was not required $[(1/10)^*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.3 < 7.5$

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 IV.C.1iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.22, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1-g SAR and 10g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated
$$SAR = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHZ)}}{7.5} * \frac{(Max\ Power\ of\ channel\ mW)}{Min\ Seperation\ Distance}$$

Estimated 1-g SAR

Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [mW]	Separation Distance (Body) [mm]	Estimated 1g SAR (Body) [W/kg]
Bluetooth	2 480	14	10	0.294
Bluetooth LE	2 480	1	10	0.021



$$Estimated \ SAR = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHZ)}}{18.75} * \frac{(Max \ Power \ of \ channel \ mW)}{Min \ Seperation \ Distance}$$

Estimated 10-g SAR

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated 10g SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2 480	14	5	0.235
Bluetooth LE	2 480	1	5	0.017

Note:

- 1) Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth and Bluetooth LE operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. The Estimated SAR results were determined according to FCC KDB447498 D01v06.
- 2) The frequency of Bluetooth and Bluetooth LE using for estimated SAR was selected highest channel of Bluetooth LE for highest estimated SAR.

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(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.

Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR >1.2 W/kg. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (including tolerance) is 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, 12.2 kbps RMC is the primary mode and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) is the secondary mode.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, The SAR test exclusion is applied to the secondary mode by the following equation.

Adjusted SAR = Highest Reported SAR *
$$\frac{Secondary\ Max\ tune - up\ (mW)}{Primary\ Max\ tune\ tune - up(mW)} \le 1.2\ W/kg.$$

Based on the highest Reported SAR, the secondary mode is not required.

 $0.724 * (209/209)] = 0.724 W/kg \le 1.2 W/kg$

And the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance in secondary mode is \leq 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

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3. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., , New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (r). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d U}{d m} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m²) E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

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4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 & DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.2).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC with Windows XP or Windows 7 is working with SAR Measurement system DASY4 & DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

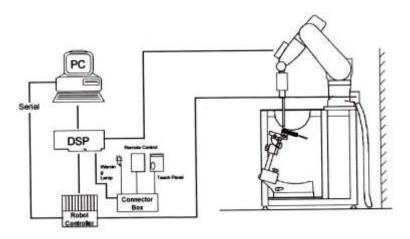


Figure 2. HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

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5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no more than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the DUT's head and body area and the horizontal grid resolution was depending on the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 & IEEE 1528-2013.
- 2. Based on step, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by sophisticated interpolations routines implemented in DASY software. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable point. DASY system computes the field maximal found in the scanned are, within a range of the maximum. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
- Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (reference from the DASY manual.)
 - **a.** The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is no more than 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe (it is different from the probe type) and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - **b.** The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points $(10 \times 10 \times 10)$ were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - **c.** All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the SAR evaluation and drift measurements were repeated.

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Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm ¹ / ₂ ·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤12 mm 4-6 GHz: ≤10 mm	
Maximum area scan Spatial re	solution: △	aXArea, ΔyArea	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan Spatial 1	resolution:	Δx _{zoom} , Δy _{zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤8mm 2-3 GHz: ≤5mm*	3-4 GHz: ≤5 mm* 4-6 GHz: ≤4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤4 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤3 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{zoom} (1): between 1 st two Points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm	
	grid	Δz _{zoom} (n>1): between subsequent Points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3-4 GHz: ≥28 mm 4-5 GHz: ≥25 mm 5-6 GHz: ≥22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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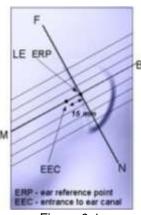
^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

6.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 6-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is on the B-M (back-mouth) line located 15 mm behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 6-1. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference point and point M. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (See Figure 5-1), Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.



6.2 HEAD POSITION

Figure 6-1 Close-up side view of ERP

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The device under test was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (see Figure 6-3). The acoustic output was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The device under test was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

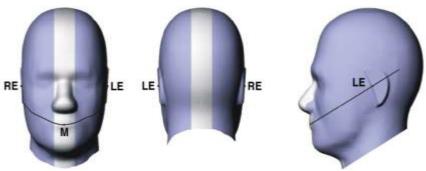


Figure 6-2
Front, back and side views of SAM Twin Phantom

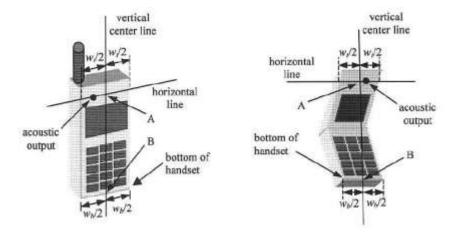


Figure 6-3. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines



6.3 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 1.0 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), Including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-Worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-dips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 Body-Worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-Worn accessories. The body-Worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-Worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-Worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body- Worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, Sample Body-Worn Diagram is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body- Worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



Accessories for Body-Worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-dip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.



Body-Worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-Worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-Worn transmitters. SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on *a* composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-Worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-Worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot* feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



7. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 8.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be mad fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



8. FCC SAR GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as Reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

8.2.1 GSM, GPRS AND EDGE

The following procedures may be considered for each frequency band to determine SAR test reduction for devices operating in GSM/GPRS/EDGE modes to demonstrate RF exposure compliance. GSM voice mode transmits with 1 time slot. GPRS and EDGE may transmit up to 4 time slots in the 8 time-slot frame according to the multi-slot class implemented in a device.

8.2.2 SAR Test Reduction

In FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01 - 3G SAR Measurement Procedures The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.



8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in sec. 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and speading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

8.4.3 Body SAR measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using and applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC.

8.4.4 SAR Measurements with Rel. 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using and FRC with H-SET 1 in Sub-test and a 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to release 6 HSPA test procedures. 8.4.5 SAR Measurement with Rel.6 HSUPA The 3G SAR test Reduction Procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, Using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and Power Control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

8.4.5 SAR Measurements with Rel. 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

8.4.6 DC-HSDPA

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg. DC-HSDPA Considerations:

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12(QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output and as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA.





8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB offsets for SAR testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05

- a. Per sec 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Sec 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Sec 4.2.1.
- c. Per Sec. 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Sec. 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR test for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sec. 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/Kg.</p>

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8.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR system to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.6.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating nest to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test positions are measured.

8.6.3 2.4 GHz SAR test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS is that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.6.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11 g/n mode. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.



8.6.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHZ, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

8.6.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position on procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1g SAR and $\leq 3.0 \text{ W/kg}$ for 10g SAR, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

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9. OUTPUT POWER SPECIFICATIONS

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

9.1 **GSM**

9.1.1 GSM Conducted output powers

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

		Voice	G	PRS(GMSK	() Data – CS	1	EDGE Data			
Band	Channel	GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
Maximu	m Tune-up	33.70	33.70	31.20	30.20	29.20	27.20	27.20	26.20	25.20
0014	128	33.28	33.27	30.95	30.01	28.95	27.07	26.81	25.97	24.62
	190	33.37	33.35	30.99	30.04	29.00	27.18	26.87	26.01	24.82
830	251	33.34	33.33	30.97	30.02	28.98	27.16	26.94	26.10	24.77
Maximu	m Tune-up	30.70	30.70	28.20	27.20	26.20	26.20	26.20	25.20	24.20
0014	512	30.05	30.50	27.96	26.99	25.96	26.18	25.95	24.71	23.47
Maximur GSM 850	661	30.30	30.29	27.77	26.82	25.78	25.88	25.61	24.34	23.16
1900	810	30.30	30.30	27.92	26.94	25.88	26.01	25.78	24.50	23.29

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

		Voice	GP	RS(GMSK	S(GMSK) Data – CS1			EDGE Data			
Band	Channel	GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)	
Maximu	m Tune-up	24.67	24.67	25.18	25.94	26.19	18.17	21.18	21.94	22.19	
CCM	128	24.25	24.24	24.93	25.75	25.94	18.04	20.79	21.71	21.61	
	190	24.34	24.32	24.97	25.78	25.99	18.15	20.85	21.75	21.81	
030	251	24.31	24.30	24.95	25.76	25.97	18.13	20.92	21.84	21.76	
Maximu	m Tune-up	21.67	21.67	22.18	22.94	23.19	17.17	20.18	20.94	21.19	
CCM	512	21.02	21.47	21.94	22.73	22.95	17.15	19.93	20.45	20.46	
	661	21.27	21.26	21.75	22.56	22.77	16.85	19.59	20.08	20.15	
Maximu GSM 850	810	21.27	21.27	21.90	22.68	22.87	16.98	19.76	20.24	20.28	



9.1.2 Retest Conducted Power for GSM

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

		Voice	GF	PRS(GMSK) Data – C	S1	EDGE Data				
Band	Channel	GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)	
Maximu	m Tune-up	30.70	30.70	28.20	27.20	26.20	26.20	26.20	25.20	24.20	
CCM	512	30.27	30.33	27.88	22.03	25.91	26.01	25.89	24.88	23.65	
GSM 1900	661	30.24	30.35	27.79	26.91	25.81	25.79	25.77	24.79	23.70	
1900	810	30.29	30.27	28.03	26.97	25.86	25.97	25.84	24.77	23.68	

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

		Voice	GP	RS(GMSK	() Data – C	S1	EDGE Data				
			GPRS	GPRS	GPRS	GPRS	EDGE	EDGE	EDGE	EDGE	
Band	Channel	GSM	1 TX	2 TX	3 TX	4 TX	1 TX	2 TX	3 TX	4 TX	
		(dBm)	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	Slot	
			(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
Maximu	m Tune-up	21.67	21.67	22.18	22.94	23.19	17.17	20.18	20.94	21.19	
CCM	512	21.24	21.30	21.86	17.77	22.90	16.98	19.87	20.62	21.24	
GSM 1900	661	21.21	21.32	21.77	22.65	22.80	16.76	19.75	20.53	21.21	
1900	810	21.26	21.24	22.01	22.71	22.85	16.94	19.82	20.51	21.26	

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

- 1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 9.03 dB
- 2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 6.02 dB
- 3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 4.26 dB
- 4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power 3.01 dB

GSM Class: B

GSM voice/GPRS VOIP: Head SAR, Body worn SAR GPRS/EDGE Multi-slots 12: Hotspot SAR with GPRS/EDGE Multi-slot Class 12 with CS 1 (GMSK)

Base Station Simulator RF Connector

9.2 UMTS

9.2.1 UMTS Conducted output powers

WCDMA Band 5

3GPP		3GPP 34.121	W	/CDMA Band 5 [d	Bm]
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 4132 DL 4357	UL 4183 DL 4408	UL 4233 DL 4458
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.07	24.02	24.02
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	24.08	24.00	24.01
5		Subtest 1	23.92	23.95	23.91
5	HCDDA	Subtest 2	23.92	23.93	23.91
5	HSDPA	Subtest 3	23.49	23.43	23.39
5		Subtest 4	23.44	23.42	23.40
6		Subtest 1	22.00	21.99	21.96
6		Subtest 2	22.03	22.00	21.98
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.96	22.96	22.94
6		Subtest 4	21.51	21.46	21.47
6		Subtest 5	21.96	21.98	21.93
8		Subtest 1	23.94	24.06	23.52
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.88	24.10	23.49
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	23.39	23.61	23.01
8		Subtest 4	23.36	23.58	23.05

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

WCDMA Band 2

3GPP		3GPP 34.121	V	/CDMA Band 2 [d	Bm]
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.00	22.91	22.98
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	22.96	22.89	22.96
5		Subtest 1	22.91	22.90	22.95
5	LICDDA	Subtest 2	22.96	22.91	22.95
5	HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.51	22.48	22.47
5		Subtest 4	22.50	22.47	22.45
6		Subtest 1	21.00	20.97	20.96
6		Subtest 2	20.98	20.92	21.02
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.97	21.98	22.02
6		Subtest 4	20.52	20.42	20.48
6		Subtest 5	21.00	20.96	21.02
8		Subtest 1	22.84	22.55	22.84
8	DC HCDDA	Subtest 2	22.83	22.56	22.86
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.37	22.04	22.39
8		Subtest 4	22.39	22.02	22.40

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers



9.2.2 Retest conducted Power for UMTS

WCDMA Band 2

3GPP		3GPP 34.121	W	/CDMA Band 2 [d	Bm]
Release Version	Mode	Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.99	22.94	22.95
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	22.97	22.90	22.91
5		Subtest 1	22.89	22.92	22.92
5	LICDDA	Subtest 2	22.90	22.91	22.91
5	HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.47	22.45	22.44
5		Subtest 4	22.48	22.46	22.44
6		Subtest 1	20.97	20.99	20.94
6		Subtest 2	20.96	20.98	20.96
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.95	21.94	21.99
6		Subtest 4	20.64	20.55	20.52
6		Subtest 5	21.01	20.98	20.97
8		Subtest 1	22.87	22.74	22.67
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.82	22.60	22.77
8		Subtest 3	22.33	22.21	22.26
8		Subtest 4	22.31	22.23	22.28

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

9.3 LTE

9.3.1 Maximum Conducted Power

- LTE Band 7 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20775	21100	21425	נפט	[4D]
				2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	22.95	22.87	22.91	0	0
		1	12	22.99	22.90	22.98	0	0
		1	24	22.93	22.86	22.94	0	0
	QPSK	12	0	21.93	21.88	21.95	0-1	1
		12	6	21.93	21.87	21.93	0-1	1
		12	11	21.93	21.88	21.95	0-1	1
5 MH-		25	0	21.90	21.87	21.94	0-1	1
5 MHz		1	0	21.97	21.97	22.34	0-1	1
		1	12	21.98	22.01	22.38	0-1	1
		1	24	21.91	21.96	22.34	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	20.95	20.92	21.08	0-2	2
		12	6	20.94	20.93	21.08	0-2	2
		12	11	20.95	20.95	21.09	0-2	2
		25	0	20.84	20.86	20.99	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
			Offset	20800	21100	21400	[dD]	[dD]
				2505MHz	2535MHz	2565MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.10	23.08	23.04	0	0
		1	24	23.05	23.05	23.03	0	0
		1	49	23.12	23.09	23.07	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	21.93	21.90	21.93	0-1	1
		25	12	21.93	21.90	21.97	0-1	1
		25	24	21.94	21.92	21.99	0-1	1
10 MH		50	0	21.92	21.89	21.95	0-1	1
10 MHz		1	0	21.91	22.32	21.98	0-1	1
		1	24	21.82	22.26	21.98	0-1	1
		1	49	21.87	22.27	21.99	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	20.93	20.91	21.03	0-2	2
		25	12	20.92	20.92	21.07	0-2	2
		25	24	20.92	20.93	21.08	0-2	2
		50	0	20.89	20.91	20.99	0-2	2



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20825	21100	21375	[dD]	[dB]
				2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz	[dB]	[ub]
		1	0	23.22	23.17	23.12	0	0
		1	36	23.09	23.01	23.00	0	0
		1	74	23.12	23.09	23.05	0	0
	QPSK	36	0	22.08	21.99	22.05	0-1	1
		36	18	22.09	21.99	22.02	0-1	1
		36	38	22.08	22.01	22.04	0-1	1
15 MHz		75	0	22.08	22.00	22.05	0-1	1
15 MHZ		1	0	22.00	22.40	22.38	0-1	1
		1	36	21.85	22.23	22.31	0-1	1
		1	74	21.91	22.25	22.38	0-1	1
	16QAM	36	0	21.04	21.01	21.01	0-2	2
		36	18	21.03	20.99	20.98	0-2	2
		36	38	21.02	21.01	21.02	0-2	2
		75	0	21.03	20.98	21.01	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR	
				20850	21100	21350	[dD]	[dD]
				2510MHz	2535MHz	2560MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.31	23.21	23.14	0	0
		1	49	23.13	23.00	22.96	0	0
		1	99	23.22	23.10	23.08	0	0
	QPSK	50	0	22.06	21.93	22.00	0-1	1
		50	25	21.98	21.94	21.94	0-1	1
		50	49	22.02	21.92	22.03	0-1	1
00 MILE		100	0	22.06	21.90	22.02	0-1	1
20 MHz		1	0	22.34	22.27	22.39	0-1	1
		1	49	22.16	22.02	22.27	0-1	1
		1	99	22.26	22.15	22.40	0-1	1
	16QAM	50	0	21.03	20.94	20.97	0-2	2
		50	25	20.98	20.95	20.93	0-2	2
		50	49	21.01	20.93	21.01	0-2	2
		100	0	21.03	20.90	21.01	0-2	2

9.3.2 Retest Conducted Power for LTE

- LTE Band 7 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20775	21100	21425	נפטו	[dB]
				2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz	[dB]	լսեյ
		1	0	22.97	22.79	22.93	0	0
		1	12	22.95	22.88	22.89	0	0
		1	24	22.90	22.85	22.96	0	0
	QPSK	12	0	21.91	21.84	21.94	0-1	1
		12	6	21.94	21.83	21.94	0-1	1
		12	11	21.92	21.85	21.97	0-1	1
5 MHz		25	0	21.89	21.86	21.98	0-1	1
5 IVITZ		1	0	21.87	21.91	21.97	0-1	1
		1	12	21.86	21.95	21.96	0-1	1
		1	24	21.90	21.92	21.98	0-1	1
	16QAM	12	0	20.89	20.95	20.97	0-2	2
		12	6	20.90	20.94	20.95	0-2	2
		12	11	20.87	20.94	20.96	0-2	2
		25	0	20.85	20.90	20.98	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	verage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20800	21100	21400	[4D]	[AD]
				2505MHz	2535MHz	2565MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.07	23.08	22.97	0	0
		1	24	23.02	23.05	23.01	0	0
		1	49	23.15	23.09	23.04	0	0
	QPSK	25	0	21.94	21.90	21.92	0-1	1
		25	12	21.96	21.90	21.93	0-1	1
		25	24	21.90	21.92	21.94	0-1	1
10 MH-		50	0	21.91	21.89	21.91	0-1	1
10 MHz		1	0	21.93	21.95	21.89	0-1	1
		1	24	21.87	21.87	21.87	0-1	1
		1	49	21.83	21.90	21.90	0-1	1
	16QAM	25	0	20.90	20.89	20.88	0-2	2
		25	12	20.91	20.95	20.91	0-2	2
		25	24	20.90	20.97	20.95	0-2	2
		50	0	20.88	20.95	20.99	0-2	2



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
			Offset	20825	21100	21375	[dD]	[dD]
				2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.18	23.14	23.11	0	0
		1	36	23.12	22.97	23.02	0	0
		1	74	23.10	23.01	23.07	0	0
	QPSK	36	0	22.01	21.98	22.01	0-1	1
		36	18	21.97	21.94	21.95	0-1	1
		36	38	21.97	21.89	21.90	0-1	1
15 MHz		75	0	22.01	21.87	21.98	0-1	1
15 10172		1	0	21.95	21.88	21.96	0-1	1
		1	36	21.87	21.95	21.95	0-1	1
		1	74	21.82	21.85	21.88	0-1	1
	16QAM	36	0	21.01	20.92	20.92	0-2	2
		36	18	20.89	20.93	20.98	0-2	2
		36	38	20.88	20.86	20.99	0-2	2
		75	0	20.95	20.98	21.01	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB	Max. A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
			Offset	20850	21100	21350	[dD]	[4D]
				2510MHz	2535MHz	2560MHz	[dB]	[dB]
		1	0	23.25	23.18	23.12	0	0
		1	49	23.15	23.05	22.98	0	0
	QPSK	1	99	23.20	23.11	23.04	0	0
		50	0	21.98	21.94	21.93	0-1	1
		50	25	21.95	21.90	21.90	0-1	1
		50	49	21.94	21.91	21.95	0-1	1
00 MH I=		100	0	21.96	21.94	21.94	0-1	1
20 MHz		1	0	21.96	21.94	21.95	0-1	1
		1	49	21.94	21.96	21.96	0-1	1
		1	99	21.95	22.04	21.91	0-1	1
	16QAM	50	0	20.87	20.88	20.93	0-2	2
		50	25	20.90	20.91	20.92	0-2	2
		50	49	20.95	20.89	20.89	0-2	2
		100	0	21.01	20.93	20.99	0-2	2



9.4 WiFi

IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
Mode	[MHz]	Citatillei	[dBm]
	2412	1	15.86
802.11b	2437	6	16.37
	2462	11	15.72
	2412	1	12.63
802.11g	2437	6	13.17
	2462	11	12.88
	2412	1	11.75
802.11n (HT20)	2437	6	12.19
(==)	2462	11	11.87

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission mode with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.

Test Configuration

EUT	Coax Cable	Spectrum Analyzer



10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

The Head /Body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity.

			Table for	Head Tis	sue Veri	fication			
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	% dev ε
			820	0.897	41.419	0.899	41.578	-0.22%	-0.38%
02/20/2017	18.9	835H	835	0.914	41.163	0.900	41.500	1.56%	-0.81%
			850	0.928	40.970	0.916	41.500	1.31%	-1.28%
			1850	1.391	40.724	1.400	40.000	-0.64%	1.81%
02/20/2017	20.6	1900H	1900	1.439	40.455	1.400	40.000	2.79%	1.14%
			1910	1.438	40.397	1.400	40.000	2.71%	0.99%
			1850	1.381	40.676	1.400	40.000	-1.36%	1.69%
02/17/2017	23.2	1900H	1900	1.428	40.465	1.400	40.000	2.00%	1.16%
			1910	1.430	40.409	1.400	40.000	2.14%	1.02%
			1850	1.393	40.657	1.400	40.000	-0.50%	1.64%
03/07/2017	19.3	1900H	1900	1.442	40.445	1.400	40.000	3.00%	1.11%
			1910	1.447	40.317	1.400	40.000	3.36%	0.79%
			2400	1.807	38.691	1.756	39.290	2.90%	-1.52%
02/21/2017	18.8	2450H	2450	1.860	38.400	1.800	39.200	3.33%	-2.04%
			2500	1.930	38.081	1.855	39.140	4.04%	-2.71%
			2500	1.897	38.783	1.855	39.140	2.26%	-0.91%
02/22/2017	19.9	2600H	2600	1.990	38.400	1.964	39.010	1.32%	-1.56%
			2700	2.118	37.987	2.073	38.880	2.17%	-2.30%

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		-	Table for	Body Tiss	sue Verifi	cation			
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	% dev ε
			820	0.932	56.888	0.969	55.258	-3.82%	2.95%
02/21/2017	18.3	835B	835	0.947	56.756	0.970	55.200	-2.37%	2.82%
			850	0.968	56.584	0.988	55.154	-2.02%	2.59%
			1850	1.521	55.498	1.520	53.300	0.07%	4.12%
02/20/2017	20.4	1900B	1900	1.570	55.400	1.520	53.300	3.29%	3.94%
			1910	1.578	55.379	1.520	53.300	3.82%	3.90%
			1850	1.495	55.527	1.520	53.300	-1.64%	4.18%
03/08/2017	19.2	1900B	1900	1.539	55.341	1.520	53.300	1.25%	3.83%
			1910	1.548	55.369	1.520	53.300	1.84%	3.88%
			1850	1.495	53.646	1.520	53.300	-1.64%	0.65%
03/07/2017	19.3	1900B	1900	1.557	53.486	1.520	53.300	2.43%	0.35%
			1910	1.567	53.558	1.520	53.300	3.09%	0.48%
			1850	1.494	53.617	1.520	53.300	-1.71%	0.59%
03/30/2017	20.3	1900B	1900	1.556	53.528	1.520	53.300	2.37%	0.43%
			1910	1.568	53.507	1.520	53.300	3.16%	0.39%
			2400	1.873	52.742	1.902	52.770	-1.52%	-0.05%
02/21/2017	18.8	2450B	2450	1.930	52.600	1.950	52.700	-1.03%	-0.19%
			2500	1.996	52.455	2.021	52.640	-1.24%	-0.35%
			2500	2.049	51.215	2.021	52.640	1.39%	-2.71%
03/06/2017	20.1	2600B	2600	2.152	50.919	2.163	52.510	-0.51%	-3.03%
			2700	2.285	50.541	2.305	52.380	-0.87%	-3.51%



10.2 System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the \pm 10 % of the specifications at 835 MHz/ 1 900 MHz/ 2 450 MHz/ 2 600 MHz by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

System Verification Results

Freq.	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp.	Liquid Temp.	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG)	Measured SAR _{1g}	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g}	Deviation	Limit [%]
[MHz]		(5.11)	(3,11)		[°C]	[°C]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[%]	[%]
835	02/20/2017	3903	441	Head	19.1	18.9	9.38	0.928	9.28	- 1.07	± 10
835	02/21/2017	3903	441	Body	18.5	18.3	9.62	0.916	9.16	- 4.78	± 10
1 900	02/20/2017	1609		Head	20.9	20.6	38.6	3.86	38.6	+ 0.00	± 10
1 900	02/17/2017	3968		Head	23.4	23.2	38.6	3.89	38.9	+ 0.78	± 10
1 900	03/07/2017	3968		Head	19.5	19.3	38.6	3.91	39.1	+ 1.30	± 10
1 900	02/20/2017	3967	5d061	Body	20.8	20.4	39.7	3.96	39.6	- 0.25	± 10
1 900	03/08/2017	3797		Body	19.5	19.2	39.7	4.10	41.0	+ 3.27	± 10
1 900	03/07/2017	3968		Body	19.5	19.3	39.7	3.90	39.0	- 1.76	± 10
1 900	03/30/2017	1605		Body	20.5	20.3	39.7	4.14	41.4	+ 4.28	± 10
2 450	02/21/2017	3797	065	Head	19.1	18.8	50.6	5.20	52.0	+ 2.77	± 10
2 450	02/21/2017	3797	965	Body	19.1	18.8	49.2	5.14	51.4	+ 4.47	± 10
2 600	02/22/2017	3797	1015	Head	20.1	19.9	57.5	5.74	57.4	- 0.17	± 10
2 600	03/06/2017	3797	1015	Body	20.4	20.1	55.1	5.70	57.0	+ 3.45	± 10

10.3 System Verification Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the \pm 10 % of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the Verification kit equipments.
- Generate about 100 mW Input Level from the Signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole Antenna was placed below the Flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

NOTE:

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04.



11. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

11.1 HEAD SAR Measurement Results

				GSM	850 He	ead SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(W/kg)	i actor	(W/kg)	INU.
836.6	190	GSM	33.7	33.37	0.19	Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.314	1.079	0.339	-
836.6	190	GSM	33.7	33.37	0.17	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.182	1.079	0.196	-
836.6	190	GSM	33.7	33.37	-0.15	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.344	1.079	0.371	1
836.6	190	GSM	33.7	33.37	-0.04	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.179	1.079	0.193	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	0.05	Left Cheek	1:2.075	0.434	1.047	0.454	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.08	Left Tilt	1:2.075	0.261	1.047	0.273	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.03	Right Cheek	1:2.075	0.495	1.047	0.518	2
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.11	Right Tilt	1:2.075	0.251	1.047	0.263	-
l		E C95.1 - 199 Spatial Pea Exposure/ Ge	ık				Averaç	Head 1.6 W/kg ged over			

				GSM	1900 H	Head SAR							
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot		
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.		
1 880	661	GSM	30.7	30.30	0.01	Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.448	1.096	0.491	3		
1 880	661	GSM	30.7	30.30	-0.13	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.236	1.096	0.259	-		
1 880	661	GSM	30.7	30.30	0.08	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.233	1.096	0.255	-		
1 880	661	GSM	30.7	30.30	-0.07	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.209	1.096	0.229	-		
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.78	0.01	Left Cheek	1:2.075	0.542	1.102	0.597	4		
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.78	-0.06	Left Tilt	1:2.075	0.290	1.102	0.320	-		
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.78	-0.15	Right Cheek	1:2.075	0.284	1.102	0.313	-		
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.78	-0.07	Right Tilt 1:2.075 0.262 1.102 0.289							
l		E C95.1 - 199 Spatial Pea Exposure/ Ge	ak			Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram							



				UMTS	850 H	Head SAR							
Freq	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Power Drift Test Position		Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.			
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	INO.		
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	0.14	Left Cheek	1:1	0.271	1.042	0.282	-		
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.02	Left Tilt	1:1	0.154	1.042	0.160	-		
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.09	Right Cheek	1:1	0.331	1.042	0.345	5		
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	0.10	Right Tilt	1:1	0.148	1.042	0.154	-		
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Avera	Head 1.6 W/kg ged over					

				UMTS	1900 H	lead SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB) (dB) (dB)			Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.	
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	0.10	Left Cheek	1:1	0.503	1.062	0.534	6
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	-0.12	Left Tilt	1:1	0.173	1.062	0.184	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94 -0.19		Right Cheek	1:1	0.286	1.062	0.304	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	0.09	Right Tilt	1.062	0.195	-		
·		C95.1 - 1999 Spatial Pea Exposure/ Ge				Head W/kg (m\ ged over	•				



						LTE	Band 7 H	lead	SAR						
Frequ	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.31	0.030	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.246	1.021	0.251	7
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	22.06	0.052	Left Cheek	1	50	0	1:1	0.172	1.081	0.186	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.31	0.035	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.054	1.021	0.055	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	22.06	0.001	Left Tilt	1	50	0	1:1	0.043	1.081	0.046	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.31	-0.079	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.119	1.021	0.121	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	22.06	0.104	Right Cheek	1	50	0	1:1	0.079	1.081	0.085	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.31	-0.159	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.079	1.021	0.081	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	22.06	0.041	Right Tilt	1	50	0	1:1	0.058	1.081	0.063	-
	ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

							DTS	Head SA	٨R						
Frequ	ency	Mode	Band width		Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		Cycle	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	No.
2 412	1	802.11b	22	1	16.0	15.86	-0.025	Left Cheek	99.75	1.73	0.764	1.033	1.003	0.792	-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	-0.01	Left Cheek	99.75	1.59	0.911	1.030	1.003	0.941	8
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	0.048	Left Tilt	99.75	1.1	0.705	1.030	1.003	0.728	-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	0.001	Right Cheek	99.75	0.586	0.374	1.030	1.003	0.386	-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	0.049	Right Tilt	99.75	0.532	0.347	1.030	1.003	0.358	-
	ANS	SI/ IEEE C	295.1	- 1992	Safety	Limit					Head	l			
			Spatia	al Peak							1.6 W/l	kg			
	Uncor	trolled Ex	xposu	re/ Ger	neral Po	pulation				Averaç	ged ove	r 1 gram			



11.2 Body-worn SAR Measurement Results

				GS	M/UM	ITS Bo	ody-We	orn SA	ıR				
Freque	ency	Mo	de	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.			(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	FUSILIUII	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Facioi	(W/kg)	INO.
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.7	33.37	-0.05	Rear	1:8.3	10	0.377	1.079	0.407	9
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.02	Rear	1:2.075	10	0.632	1.047	0.662	10
1 880.0	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.24	-0.04	Rear	1:8.3	10	0.388	1.112	0.431	11
1 880.0	661	GSM 1900	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.81	-0.01	Rear	1:2.075	10	0.703	1.094	0.769	12
836.6	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.09	Rear	1:1	10	0.390	1.042	0.406	13
1 880.0	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	22.94	0.02	Rear	1:1	10	0.677	1.062	0.719	14
	AN	SI/ IEEE C95	5.1 - 1992– 9	Safety L	imit					Body			
		Sp	atial Peak							1.6 W/kg			
	Unco	ntrolled Expo	sure/ Gener	al Popu	lation				Avera	ged over 1	gram		

						LT	E Bod	ly-W	orn S	SAR						
Freq	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
2 510	20850	LTE 7	20	23.4	23.25	0.19	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.730	1.035	0.756	15
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	-0.18	Rear	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.569	1.102	0.627	-
	OBCK									ļ		Body .6 W/kg ed over 1	gram			

						DT	S Bo	dy-W	orn S	SAR						
Frequ	encv		Band	Data			Power	Test	Duty	I)istance	Area Scan		Scaling	Scaling		Plot
	,	Mode	width	Rate	Up Limit	Power	Drift	Position			Peak SAR	SAR	Factor	Factor	SAR	No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	FUSILIUII	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	INO.
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	-0.079	Rear	99.75	10	0.550	0.282	1.030	1.003	0.291	16
	ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak										1.6	ody W/kg				
	Unco	ntrolled E	xposur	e/ Gen	eral Popu	ılation					Averaged	over 1	gram			



11.3 Hotspot SAR Measurement Results

				GS	SM 850	Hotspo	ot SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.02	Rear	1:2.075	10	0.632	1.047	0.662	10
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	0.12	Front	1:2.075	10	0.507	1.047	0.531	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	-0.07	Left	1:2.075	10	0.259	1.047	0.271	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	0.01	Right	1:2.075	10	0.396	1.047	0.415	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	29.2	29.00	0.01	Bottom	1:2.075	10	0.372	1.047	0.389	-
U		EE C95.1 - 19 Spatial P ed Exposure/	'eak		1				Body W/kg over 1 gra	am		

				GS	SM 190	0 Hotspo	ot SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.81	-0.01	Rear	1:2.075	10	0.703	1.094	0.769	12
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.81	-0.03	Front	1:2.075	10	0.673	1.094	0.736	-
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.81	-0.011	Left	1:2.075	10	0.489	1.094	0.535	-
1 880	661	GPRS 4Tx	26.2	25.81	0.01	Bottom	1:2.075	10	0.319	1.094	0.349	1
L		EEE C95.1 - 1 Spatial F ed Exposure/	Peak	,	n				Body S W/kg I over 1 gr	ram		

				UM	ITS 850) Hotspo	t SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR		Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.09	Rear	1:1	10	0.390	1.042	0.406	13
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.05	Front	1:1	10	0.246	1.042	0.256	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	-0.01	Left	1:1	10	0.137	1.042	0.143	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	0.06	Right	1:1	10	0.214	1.042	0.223	1
836.6	4183	RMC	24.2	24.02	0.09	Bottom	1:1	10	0.228	1.042	0.238	1
U		EE C95.1 - 1 Spatial F ed Exposure/	Peak	,	n			1.6	Body 6 W/kg I over 1 gra	ım		



				UM	TS 190	0 Hotsp	ot SAR					
Frequ	uency	Mode	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	0.02	Rear	1:1	10	0.677	1.062	0.719	14
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	-0.11	Front	1:1	10	0.556	1.062	0.590	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	0.078	Left	1:1	10	0.540	1.062	0.573	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	23.2	22.94	-0.07	Bottom	1:1	10	0.280	1.062	0.297	-
1		EE C95.1 - 1 Spatial F	Peak	•	n				Body S W/kg	am		

						LTE B	and 7 h	Hotsp	ot S	AR						
Frequ	uency	Mode	Band width	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test	MPR	RB	RB	Duty	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	(dB)	Size	offset	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	No.
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.25	0.19	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.730	1.035	0.756	15
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	-0.18	Rear	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.569	1.102	0.627	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.25	0.17	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.436	1.035	0.451	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	-0.04	Front	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.314	1.102	0.346	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.25	-0.10	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.183	1.035	0.189	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	0.03	Left	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.145	1.102	0.160	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.25	-0.18	Right	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.210	1.035	0.217	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	-0.16	Right	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.167	1.102	0.184	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	23.4	23.25	0.12	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.446	1.035	0.462	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.4	21.98	-0.03	Bottom	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.355	1.102	0.391	-
U	ANSI/ IE	Sp	atial Pe	eak	•					Ave	1.6	ody W/kg over 1 gi	am			•

							DTS H	lotspo	t SAI	R						
Frequ	ency	Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune- Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test		Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR		Scaling	Factor		Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Position	Cycle	(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty)	(W/kg)	NO.
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37	-0.079	Rear	99.75	10	0.550	0.282	1.030	1.003	0.291	16
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37		Front	99.75	10	0.238		1.030	1.003		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37		Right	99.75	10	0.158		1.030	1.003		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	16.5	16.37		Тор	99.75	10	0.310		1.030	1.003		-
	ΙA	NSI/ IEEE		- 1992–	Safety L	imit					Boo 1.6.W	,				

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram



11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, FCC KDB Procedure.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset cable were required.
- 8. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. When hotspot mode applies, extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (with tolerance) is 1 g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

GSM/GPRS Test Notes:

- 1. This EUT'S GSM and GPRS device class is B.
- 2. This device supports GPRS VOIP in the head and the body-worn configurations therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
- 3. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- 4. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB 941225 D01v03r01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power including tolerance was evaluated for SAR.
- 5. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- 7. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels are over than 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was selected for SAR test according to Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.



UMTS Notes:

- 1. The 12.2 kbps RMC mode is the primary mode per KDB 941225 D01v03r01.
- 2. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and Adjusted SAR value was less than 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the channel highest output power channel was used.
- 4. UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

LTE Notes:

- 1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices in FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.
- 2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100%RB allocation and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1RB, 50%RB and 100%RB allocation with highest output power for that channel. Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1RB allocation and 50%RB allocation were less than 1.45W/Kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
- 3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results.
- 4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
- 5. Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
- 6. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria: Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are >0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation <1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is <1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth.



WLAN Notes:

- 1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. For initial test position, the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR results is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test position are measured.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 2.4 GHz WiFi Single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
- 3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was \leq 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rated, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated WLAN test reports.



12. SIMULTANEOUS SAR ANALYSIS

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Head

				cenario with 2.4 G		
Exposure	Ва	ınd	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑1-g SAR	SPLSR
condition			(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(Yes/No)
		Left Cheek	0.339	0.941	1.280	No
	GSM 850	Left Tilt	0.196	0.728	0.924	No
		Right Cheek	0.371	0.386	0.757	No
		Right Tilt	0.193	0.358	0.551	No
		Left Cheek	0.454	0.941	1.395	No
	GPRS 850	Left Tilt	0.273	0.728	1.001	No
		Right Cheek	0.518	0.386	0.904	No
		Right Tilt	0.263	0.358	0.621	No
		Left Cheek	0.491	0.941	1.432	No
	GSM 1900	Left Tilt	0.259	0.728	0.987	No
		Right Cheek	0.255	0.386	0.641	No
		Right Tilt	0.229	0.358	0.587	No
		Left Cheek	0.597	0.941	1.538	No
Lla a d CAD	GPRS 1900	Left Tilt	0.320	0.728	1.048	No
Head SAR		Right Cheek	0.313	0.386	0.699	No
		Right Tilt	0.289	0.358	0.647	No
		Left Cheek	0.282	0.941	1.223	No
	UMTS 850	Left Tilt	0.160	0.728	0.888	No
		Right Cheek	0.345	0.386	0.731	No
		Right Tilt	0.154	0.358	0.512	No
		Left Cheek	0.534	0.941	1.475	No
	LIMTO 1000	Left Tilt	0.184	0.728	0.912	No
	UMTS 1900	Right Cheek	0.304	0.386	0.690	No
		Right Tilt	0.195	0.358	0.553	No
		Left Cheek	0.251	0.941	1.192	No
	LTE Band 7	Left Tilt	0.055	0.728	0.783	No
		Right Cheek	0.121	0.386	0.507	No
		Right Tilt	0.081	0.358	0.439	No



12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn

	Simultaneo	ous Transmission Sur	nmation Scenario w	ith 2.4 GHz WLAN	
Exposure	Distance	- Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑ 1-g SAR
condition	(mm)	Dallu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		GSM 850	0.407	0.291	0.698
		GPRS 850	0.662	0.291	0.953
		GSM 1900	0.431	0.291	0.722
Body-worn	10	GPRS 1900	0.769	0.291	1.060
		UMTS 850	0.406	0.291	0.697
		UMTS 1900	0.719	0.291	1.010
		LTE Band 7	0.756	0.291	1.047

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth							
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	∑1-g SAR		
condition	(mm)	Ballu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		GSM 850	0.407	0.294	0.701		
		GPRS 850	0.662	0.294	0.956		
		GSM 1900	0.431	0.294	0.956 0.725 1.063		
Body-worn	10	GPRS 1900	0.769	0.294	1.063		
		UMTS 850	0.406	0.294	0.700		
		UMTS 1900	0.719	0.294	1.013		
		LTE Band 7	0.756	0.294	1.050		

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06. Estimated SAR results were used for SAR summation for body-worn back side at 10 mm to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.



12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN								
Exposure	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	∑ 1-g SAR			
condition	(mm)	Dallu	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
	ot 10	GSM 850	0.662	0.291	0.953			
		GSM 1900	0.769	0.291	1.060			
Hotspot		UMTS 850	0.406	0.291	0.697			
		UMTS 1900	0.719	0.291	1.010			
		LTE Band 7	0.756	0.291	1.047			

12.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. And therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013.

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13. SAR Measurement Variability and Uncertainty

In accordance with KDB procedure 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg for 1g SAR or < 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured 1g SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg or 10g SAR \geq 2.0W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg for 1g SAR or ≥ 3.625 W/kg for 10g SAR ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1g SAR or \geq 3.75 W/kg for 10g SAR and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

	Frequency MHz Channel		Modulation	Battery	Configuration	Original SAR			Plot	
						(W/kg)	(W/kg)	SAR Ratio	No.	
	2 437	6	802.11b	Standard	Left Cheek	0.911	0.892	1.02	17	

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14. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error	Tol	Prob.			Standard	
Description		dist.	Div.	Ci	Uncertainty	V _{eff}
	(± %)				(± %)	
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.70	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.70	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.73	1	3.87	∞
Max SAR Eval	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
2.Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.11	N	1.00	1	2.11	9
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.73	1	0.00	∞
3.Phantom and Setup	·					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.73	1	3.82	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Permitivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.60	1.73	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	3.80	N	1	0.78	2.96	5
Liquid Permitivity(meas.)	2.60	N	1	0.23	0.60	5
Liquid Conductivity(temp.)	1.70	R	1.73	0.78	0.77	∞
Liquid Permitivity(temp.)	2.70	R	1.73	0.23	0.36	∞
Combind Standard Uncertainty					12.49	
Coverage Factor for 95 % $k=2$						
Expanded STD Uncertainty					24.98	

15. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Triple Modular Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	SAR System Control PC	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90B L	F01/5L76A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90B L	F05/510XA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90B L	F01/5K09A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XIspeag	F13/5R4XF1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F01/5L76A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F05/510XA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F01/5K09A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F13/5R4XF1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D22134006 A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D22134002 2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D221340.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142605	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	869	09/27/2016	Annual	09/27/2017
SPEAG	DAE4	1417	01/19/2017	Annual	01/19/2018
SPEAG	DAE4	1225	11/24/2016	Annual	11/24/2017
SPEAG	DAE4	648	05/11/2016	Annual	05/11/2017
SPEAG	DAE3	504	07/26/2016	Annual	07/26/2017
SPEAG	DAE3	446	01/19/2017	Annual	01/19/2018
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3903	09/28/2016	Annual	09/28/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3968	05/31/2016	Annual	05/31/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3967	12/14/2016	Annual	12/14/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3797	11/25/2016	Annual	11/25/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1609	03/18/2016	Annual	03/18/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1605	07/29/2016	Annual	07/29/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D835V2	441	11/16/2016	Annual	11/16/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D1900V2	5d061	04/25/2016	Annual	04/25/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D2450V2	965	04/19/2016	Annual	04/19/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D2600V2	1015	01/18/2017	Annual	01/18/2018
Agilent	Power Meter N1911A	MY45101406	09/28/2016	Annual	09/28/2017
HP	Power Sensor 8481A	2702A72055	05/27/2016	Annual	05/27/2017
SPEAG	DAKS 3.5	1038	05/31/2016	Annual	05/31/2017
HP	Directional Bridge	86205A	05/18/2016	Annual	05/18/2017
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	02/02/2017	Annual	02/08/2018
HP	Signal Generator N5182A	MY47070230	05/13/2016	Annual	05/13/2017
HP	11636B/Power Divider	58698	02/27/2016	Annual	02/27/2017**
Agilent	11636B/Power Divider	58698	03/05/2017	Annual	03/05/2018
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40332651310	02/10/2017	Annual	02/10/2018
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331939309	02/10/2017	Annual	02/10/2018
EMPOWER	RF Power amplifier	1011	10/17/2016	Annual	10/17/2017
Agilent	Attenuator(3dB)	52744	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
Agilent	Attenuator(20dB)	52664	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit 85070C	00721521	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester CMW500	101519	09/07/2016	Annual	09/07/2017
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer/ MT8820C	6200628628	07/05/2016	Annual	07/05/2017
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer/ MT8820C	6200576565	07/05/2016	Annual	07/05/2017

NOTE:

^{1.} The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.

^{2. **} Marked test equipment are calibrated at the equipment were using the SAR test.



16. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.



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Attachment 1. - SAR Test Plots



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.9 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.1 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

Plot No.:

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.915 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.146; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

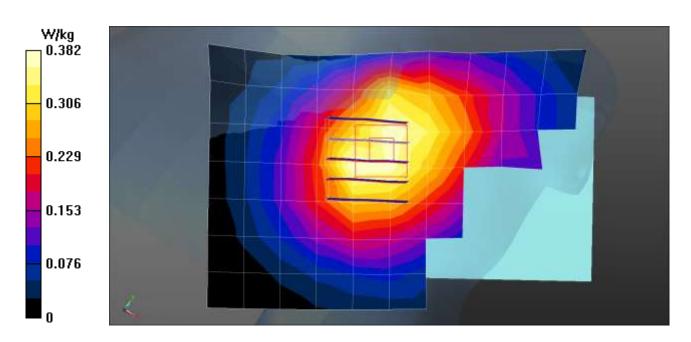
GSM850 Head Right Touch 190ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg

GSM850 Head Right Touch 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.906 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 W/kg





HCT CO., LTD Test Laboratory: **EUT Type:** Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.9 ℃ Ambient Temperature: 19.1 ℃ 02/20/2017 Test Date:

Plot No.: 2

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.915 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.146$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM850 Head Right Touch GPRS 4Tx 190ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 W/kg GSM850 Head Right Touch GPRS 4Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.420 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.629 W/kg

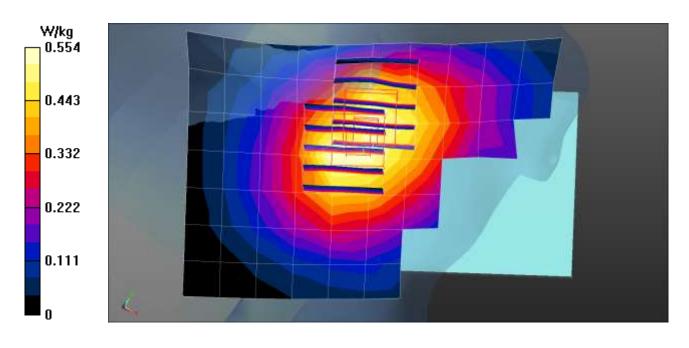
SAR(1 g) = 0.495 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 W/kg
GSM850 Head Right Touch GPRS 4Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.420 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.634 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.489 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 W/kg





Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.9 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

Plot No.: 3

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.416$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1609; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 2016-03-18;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

GSM1900 Head Left touch Voice 661ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 W/kg

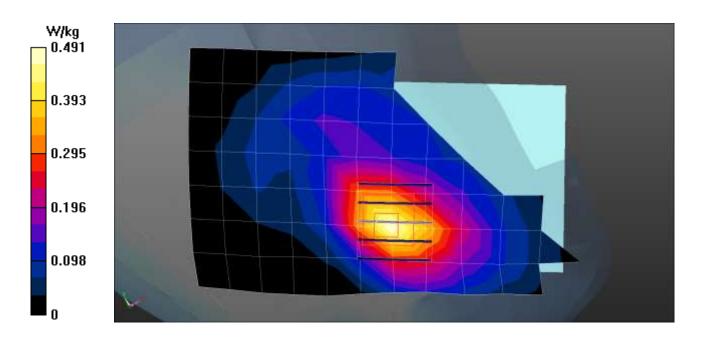
GSM1900 Head Left touch Voice 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.377 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.674 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.448 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 W/kg





Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 20.9 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

Plot No.:

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 4TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.416$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1609; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 2016-03-18;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

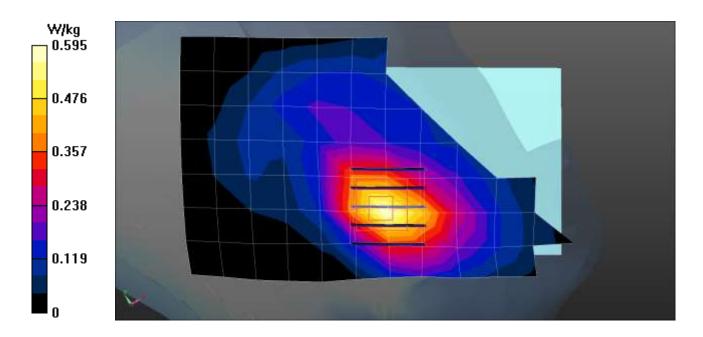
GSM1900 Head Left touch 4Tx 661ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.595 W/kg

GSM1900 Head Left touch 4Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.186 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.814 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.542 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 W/kg





Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.9 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.1 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

Plot No.: 5

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.146$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27

Phantom: SAM

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA850 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg

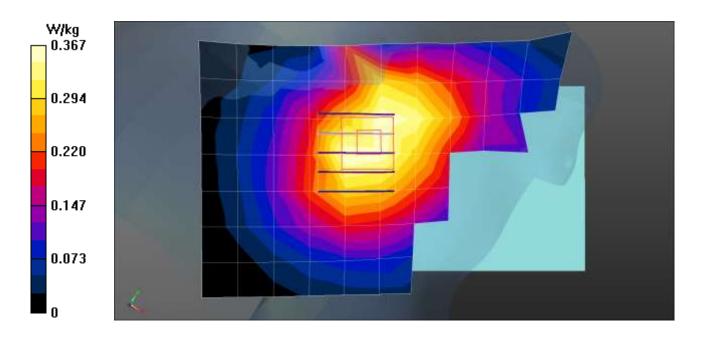
WCDMA850 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.690 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.417 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 W/kg





Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 19.3 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/07/2017

Plot No.: 6

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.424$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3968; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

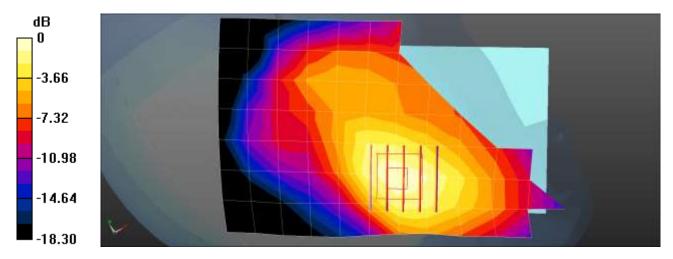
WCDMA1900 Head Left touch 9400ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg

WCDMA1900 Head Left touch 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.296 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.802 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.503 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 W/kg



0 dB = 0.545 W/kg = -2.64 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Portable Handset

Plot No.: 7

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: SAM

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80
Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

LTE Band7 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid:

dx=12mm, dy=12mm

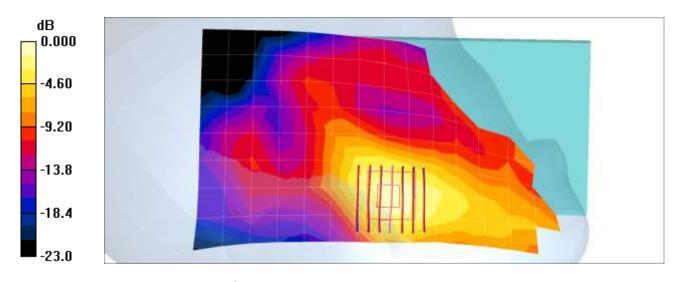
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.308 mW/g

LTE Band7 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 mW/g



0 dB = 0.348 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.1 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.:

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: SAM

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80
Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

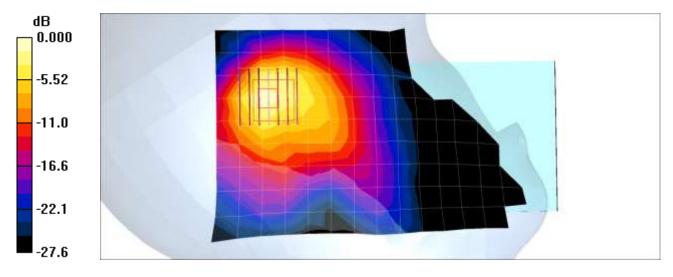
802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 mW/g

802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.911 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g



0 dB = 1.44 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.3 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 18.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.: 9

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.949 S/m; ϵ_r = 56.725; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

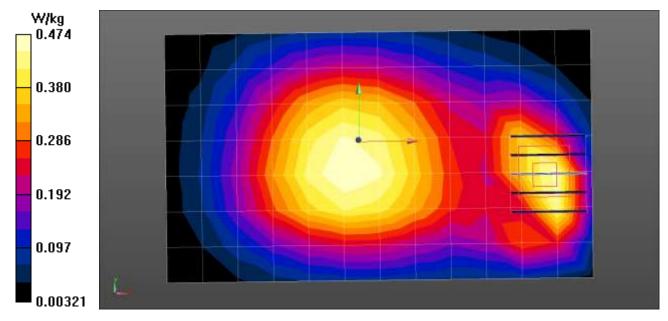
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.42, 10.42, 10.42); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM850 Body Rear 190ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 W/kg

GSM850 Body Rear 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.377 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 W/kg



(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



HCT CO., LTD Test Laboratory: **EUT Type:** Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.3 ℃ 18.5 ℃ Ambient Temperature: Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.: 10

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.949 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.725$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3903; ConvF(10.42, 10.42, 10.42); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM850 Body Rear 4Tx 190ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 W/kg

GSM850 Body Rear 4Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 W/kg

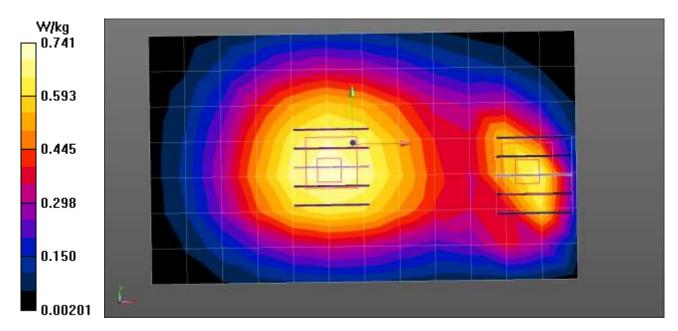
SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.718 W/kg

GSM850 Body Rear 4Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.935 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 W/kg



(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 19.2 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/08/2017

Plot No.:

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.522$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.434$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

GSM1900 Body Rear Body Worn Rear 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.505 W/kg

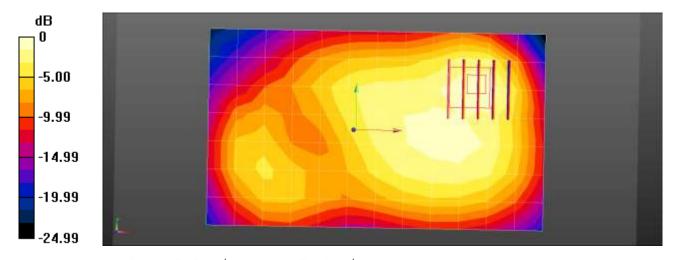
GSM1900 Body Rear Body Worn Rear 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 W/kg



0 dB = 0.505 W/kg = -2.97 dBW/kg

(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 19.2 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/08/2017

Plot No.: 12

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.522 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.434; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

GSM1900 Body Rear 4Tx Body Worn Rear 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.975 W/kg

GSM1900 Body Rear 4Tx Body Worn Rear 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

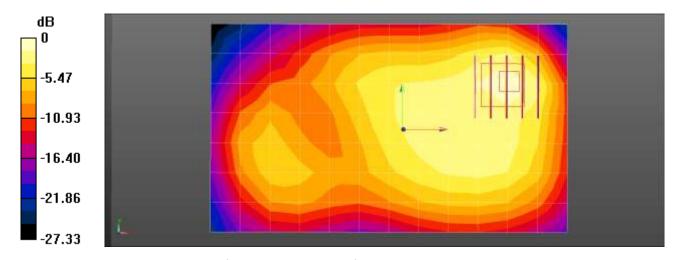
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.703 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.939 W/kg



0 dB = 0.975 W/kg = -0.11 dBW/kg

(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.3 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 18.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.: 13

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.949 S/m; ε_r = 56.725; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.42, 10.42, 10.42); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

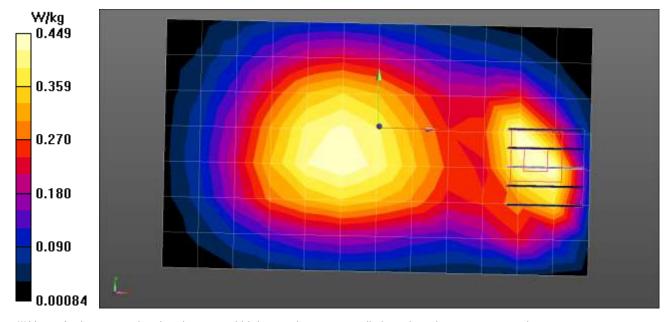
WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 W/kg

WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.672 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 W/kg



(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 19.3 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.5 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/07/2017

Plot No.: 14

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.537$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.566$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3968; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2016-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

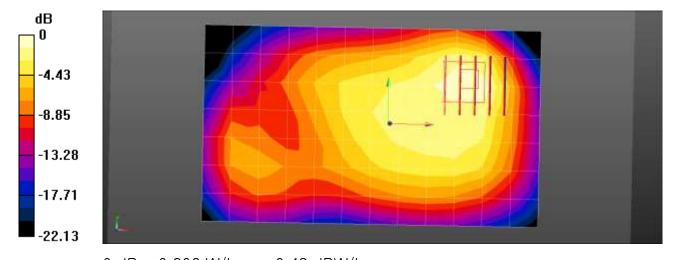
WCDMA1900 Body Rear 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.825 W/kg

WCDMA1900 Body Rear 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.677 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.376 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



0 dB = 0.906 W/kg = -0.43 dBW/kg

(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Portable Handset

Plot No.: 15

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 2.059$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.213$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom

• Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

LTE Band 7 Body rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid:

dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.928 W/kg

LTE Band 7 Body rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.322 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.730 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

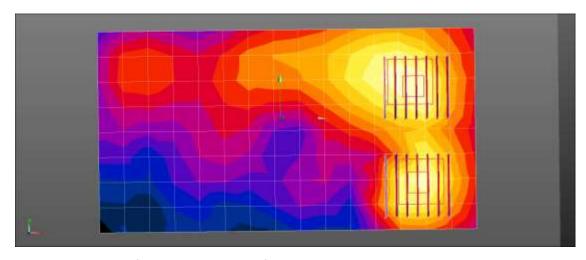
LTE Band 7 Body rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.322 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.640 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 W/kg



0 dB = 0.928 W/kg = -0.32 dBW/kg

(*)Note: In the report showing the second highest point was actually less than the one measured.



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.1 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.: 16

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

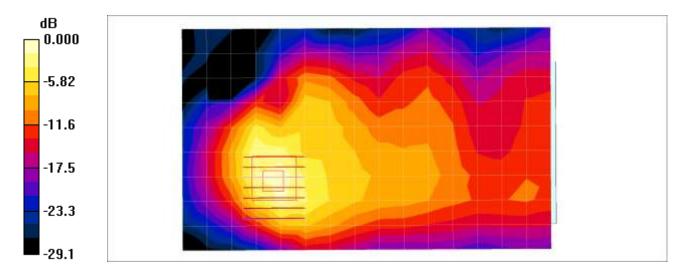
802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (16x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 mW/g

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.550 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.282 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 mW/g



0 dB = 0.408 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD EUT Type: Portable Handset

Liquid Temperature: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C Ambient Temperature: 19.1 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/21/2017

Plot No.: 17

DUT: LG-M320Y; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.857$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.467$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: SAM Phantom

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

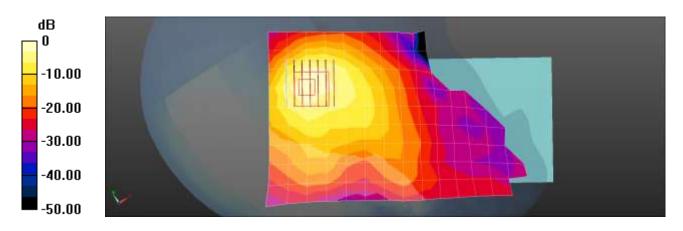
802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.892 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.397 W/kg



0 dB = 1.34 W/kg = 1.28 dBW/kg

Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots



■ Verification Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: $18.9 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 02/20/2017

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.163$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27

Phantom: SAM

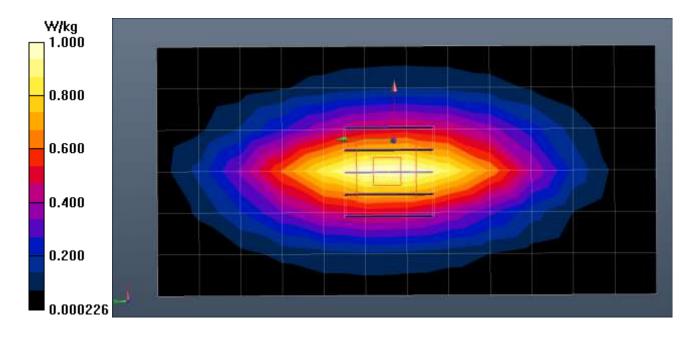
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

835 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

835 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.928 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.555 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg





■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: $18.3 \degree C$ Test Date: 02/21/2017

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.756$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.42, 10.42, 10.42); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom

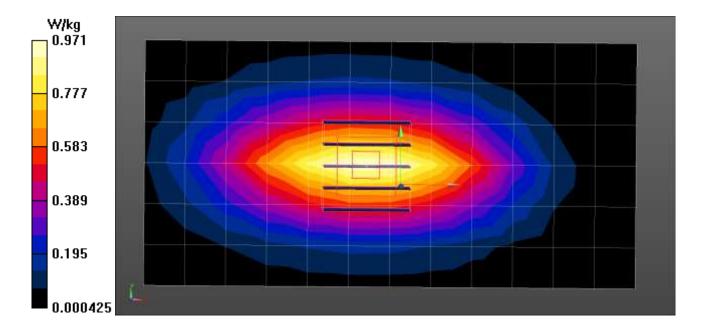
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

835 MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.971 W/kg

835 MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.916 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.602 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.990 W/kg





■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 20.6 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.439 S/m; ε_r = 40.455; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1609; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 2016-03-18;

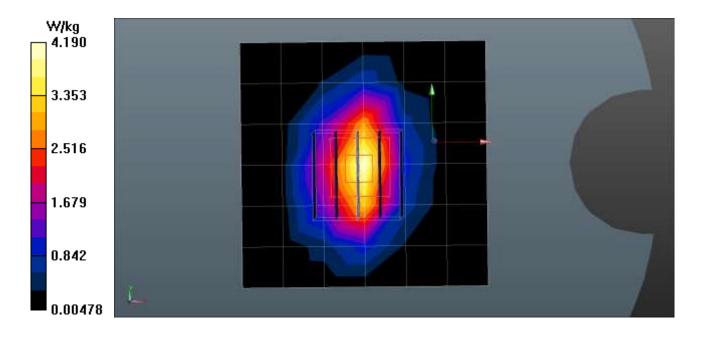
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.19 W/kg

1900MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.96 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.29 W/kg





■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 23.2 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/17/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.428 S/m; ε_r = 40.465; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

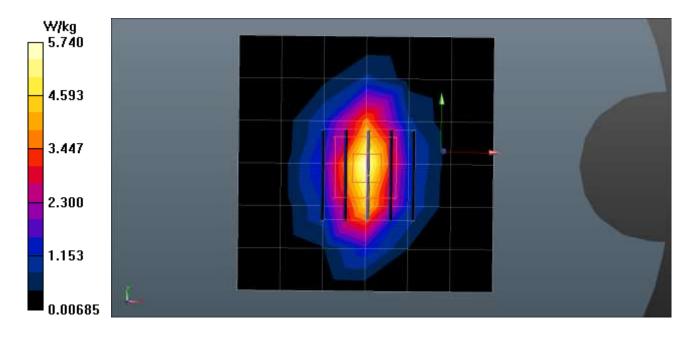
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016-05-31;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.74 W/kg

1900MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 64.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.95 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.71 W/kg





■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 19.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/07/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.442 S/m; ε_r = 40.445; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

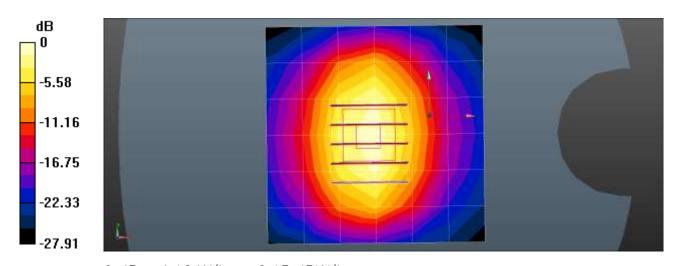
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3968; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: 2016-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.12 W/kg

1900MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.92 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.29 W/kg



0 dB = 4.12 W/kg = 6.15 dBW/kg



■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 20.4 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 02/20/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ϵ_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.87, 7.87, 7.87); Calibrated: 2016-12-14

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2016-05-11

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

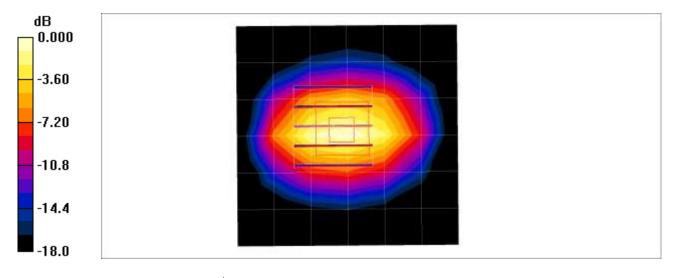
1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.26 mW/g

1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.37 mW/g



0 dB = 4.37 mW/g



■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: $19.2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Date: 03/08/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.539 S/m; ε_r = 55.341; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

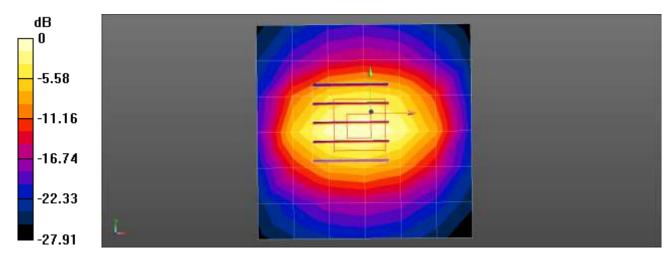
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.44 W/kg

1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.50 W/kg



0 dB = 4.44 W/kg = 6.47 dBW/kg



■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 19.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/07/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.557 S/m; ε_r = 53.486; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

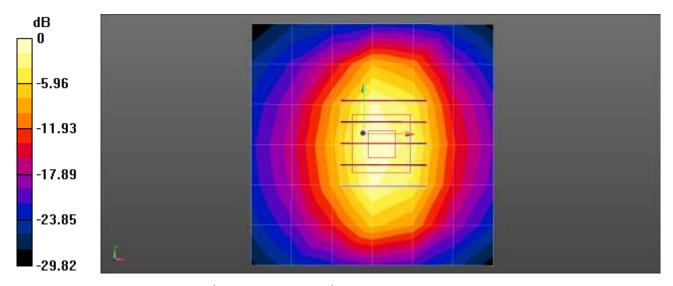
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3968; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2016-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.95 W/kg

1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.38 W/kg



0 dB = 3.95 W/kg = 5.96 dBW/kg



Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 20.3 $^{\circ}$ C Test Date: 03/30/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.556 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.528$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

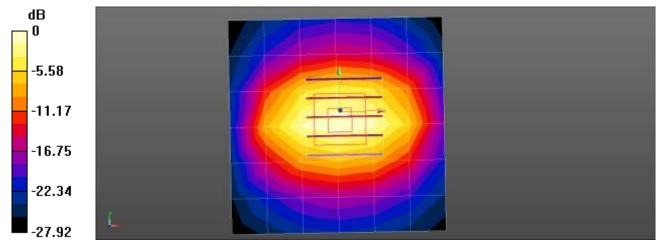
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.48 W/kg

1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.65 W/kg



0 dB = 4.48 W/kg = 6.51 dBW/kg



■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 18.8 ℃

Test Date: 02/21/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.86 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: SAM

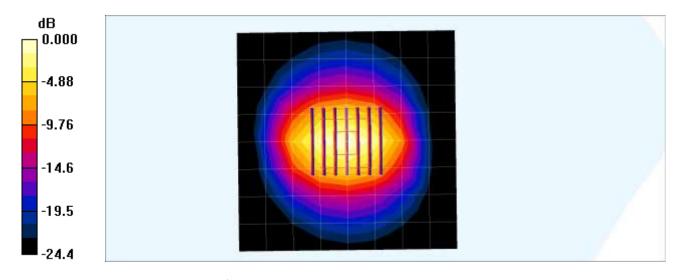
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80
Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.22 mW/g

2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.23 mW/g



0 dB = 8.23 mW/g



Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 18.8 $^{\circ}$ C
Test Date: 02/21/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.93 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

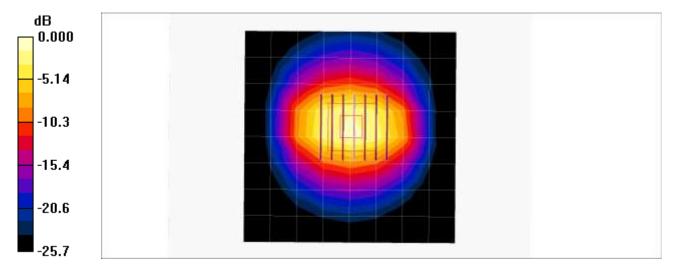
2450MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.77 mW/g

2450MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.23 mW/g



0 dB = 8.23 mW/a



■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 19.9 ℃

Test Date: 02/22/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600MHz; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 1.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.97, 6.97, 6.97); Calibrated: 2016-11-25

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24

• Phantom: SAM

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80
Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

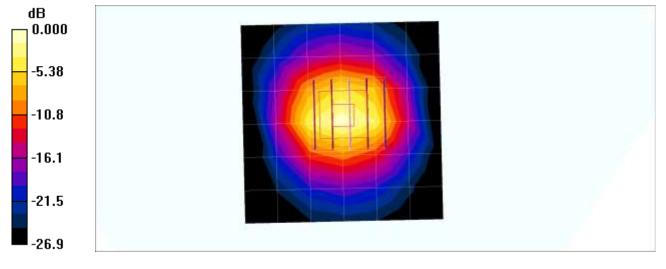
2600MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.97 mW/g

2600MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.48 mW/g



0 dB = 6.48 mW/g



■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD

Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)

Liquid Temp: 20.1 ℃

Test Date: 03/06/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.152 S/m; ε_r = 50.919; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

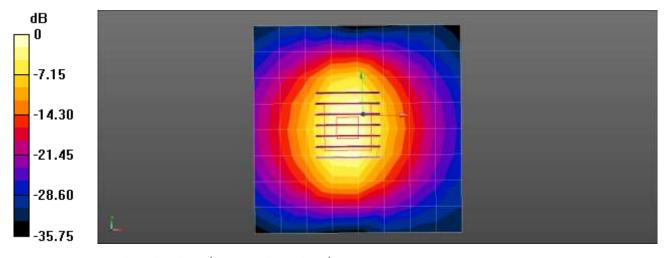
2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.47 W/kg

2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.20 W/kg



0 dB = 7.47 W/kg = 8.73 dBW/kg