#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 3004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3334 Nov1S

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object ES3DV3 SN:3334

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

11/57.4/12 1301

Calibration date:

November 17, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	G841293874	01-Apr-16 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-18
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: \$5054 (3a)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: \$5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	\$N; \$5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013 Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jaп-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	al	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	U\$37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: November 17, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3334, Nov15 Page 1 of 13

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Katibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o protation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 8 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip
  (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3334\_Nov15 Page 2 of 13

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3334

Manufactured: Calibrated:

January 24, 2012 November 17, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

E\$3DV3-SN:3334

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Basic Calibration Parameters

	:	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$		1.03	1,03	0.99	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	****	107.6	105.3	107.9	-

Modulation Calibration Parameters

ÜID	Communication System Name		A	В	С	D	VR	Unç
			dB	dΒ√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	192.1	±2.7 %
	741	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.6	
40040		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0	:	183.3	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	х	2.27	60.1	10.2	10.00	38.6	±1.4 %
	****	Y	1.99	59.3	10.2	L	38.4	
40044		Z	5.38	67.8	12.9		37.2	•
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	x	3.40	68.0	18.9	2.91	131.7	±0.5 %
		¹ Y		67.0	18.2		130.2	77
40040		<u></u> z	3.41	68.3	19.1		148.5	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	2.93	68.9	18.7	1.87	132.9	±0.7 %
		Y	3.12	69.6	18.8	: '	130.2	
10015		Z	3.24	71.1	19.7		128.2	
10013- IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (D\$\$\$ CAB OFDM, 6 Mbps)	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.90	70.3	23.0	9.46	133.5	±3.3 %
		Y	10.53	69.0	22.1		124.6	
		Z	11.14	71.2	23.6		147.1	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.05	91.0	24.4	9.39	139.5	±1.9 %
•••	THE PARTY OF THE P	Y	10.1 <b>1</b>	85.5	23.3		131.9	
		Z	11.84	87.6	23.4		130.0	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	10.42	84.9	22.6	9.57	131.5	±3.0 %
		İΥ	13.29	89.7	24.6		141.1	
10001	7	Z	14.17	90.2	24.2		148.7	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	. х	11.26	83.1	19.4	6.56	140.7	±1.9 %
		Υ	26.29	95.5	23.8		134.7	
		_ Z	16.82	88.9	21.3		131.6	112
10027- DA <b>B</b>	GPRS-FOD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Х	64.74	99.9	22.2	4.80	131.5	±2.2 %
		Y	56.71	99.8	22.7	L.,	124.7	
		Ζ	63.10	99.9	22.2		124.1	
10028- DA <b>B</b>	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	62.11	99.6	21.6	3.55	146. <b>1</b>	±1.9 %
		Υ	77.61	99.8	21.2		132.0	
10000	1777	Z	72.33	99.7	<b>2</b> 1.2		133.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Х	96.24	92.7	15.9	1.1 <del>6</del>	137.2	±1.7 %
·····		Υ	95.69	93.1	16.2		129.5	
1010		Z	98.67	94.1	16.4		149.7	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.14	66.8	19.2	5.67	126.2	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.21	66.8	19.1		139.9	
		Ζ	6.41	67.9	19.9		145.9	

10103-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB. 20							
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	10.07	75.4	25.8	9.29	138.2	±2.5 %
	:	Y	9.54	73.3	24.5	i "	130.5	<u> </u>
40400		Į Z	9.84	75,1	25.8		130.6	<u> </u>
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.34	67.6	19.8	5.80	149.5	±1.4 %
<u> </u>		jΥ	6.13	66.6	19.1	<u> </u>	132.1	<del></del>
10117		Z	6.19	67.2	19.7	i "	; 137.8	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps. BPSK)	X	10.13	68.9	21.2	8.07	138.8	±2.7 %
<u></u>	,	T <sub>Y</sub>	10.16	68.9	21.1	<del>                                     </del>	149.6	·
4000		Ž	9,96	68.7	21,1		127.1	·
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz. QPSK)	X	9.42	74.4	25.5	9.28	132.9	±3.0 %
		<u>Y</u>	9.50	74.0	25.0	i	143.7	
10154-	TE EDD (OO EDLI)	Z	9.01	73.4	25.0	I	126.5	
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.03	67.1	19.6 i	5.75	145.5	±1.4 %
	···	<u> </u>	5.81	66.0	18.9	ļ	128.9	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	į Z	5,91	66.8	19.5	:	j. 135.1	L
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.19	66.5	19.2	5.82	126.7	±1.4 %
		ΥΥ	6.20	66.4	19.0	L <u></u>	132.8	<del>! '</del>
10169-	LTE SDD (SO CDM) 4 DD 00	Z	6.39	67.5	19.8		141.1	İ.
CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	67.6	20.0	5.73	! 146.8	±1.4 %
		ΙY	4.82	66.2	19.2		132.2 <sup></sup>	
10172-	LTE TOD (CO FOM)	Z	4.96	67.4	20.0	-	143.8	<u> </u>
CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.88	79.7	28.3	9.21	147.9	±3.0 %
<del></del> .	<del> </del>	Y	8.00	76.1	26.2		138.9	
10175-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz.	_ <u>Z</u>	8.39	78.5	27,8	<u> </u>	141.5	L
CAC	QPSK)	X	4.99	67.3	19.9	5.72	140.7	±1.2 %
		Y	4.80	66.2	19.1		131.3	
10181-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	4.90	67.1	19.8	F 70	136.1	
CAB	. QPSK)	<u> </u>	4.99	67.3	19.9	5.72	145.4	±1.4 %
		Z	4,81	66.2	19.2	·-	130.9	
10196-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps.	x	4.89	87.1	19.8		136.0	
CAB	BPSK)	Ŷ	9.78	68.8	21.3	8.10 	131.0	±2.5 %
		Z	9.73 9.94	68.4	21.0		140.7	
10225- " CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.88	69.4 66.9	21,6 19.3	5.97	146.6 133.9	±1.7 %
		Ϋ́	6.96	67.1	19.3		144.8	
~		z	6.71	66.6	19.3	·	125.7	
10237-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz,	X	9.00	80.2	28.5	9.21	148.2	±3.0 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	7.73	75.1	25.7	.,	131.6	
		– <u>ž</u> ·†	8.27 j	78.2	27.7 j		136.1	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	×	9.59	76.3	26.7	9.24	144.1	±2.7 %
		Y	8.74	72.9	24.5		133.4	<del></del>
		Z	9.14	75.2	26.1		136.9	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.25	73.9	25.3	9.30	124.8	~- <del></del>
		Υ	9.40	73.7	24.9		142.1	
	'	Z	9.86	76.1	26.5		145.3	

ES3DV3- \$N;3334 November 17, 2015

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8,4)	Х	4.38	66.9	18.7	3.96	133.3	±0.9 %
		Υ	4.44	66.9	18.6		148.2	
		Z	4.30	66.7	18.6	-	128.9	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.68	67,3	18.7	3.46	145.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.58	66.6	18.2		136.3	
		Z	3.62	67.3	18.8		139.4	******
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SQ32, Full Rate	X	3.73	68.0	19.1	3.39	147.5	±0.7 %
		Ϋ́	3.55	66.7	18.3		138.5	
		· Z	3.60	67.6	18.9		143.0	
10297- AAA		. X	6.30	67.4	19.7	5.81	141.4	±1,2 %
		: Y	6.11	66.5	19.1		130.3	
		Z	6.17	67.0	19.5		138.8	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.88	68.0	20.1	6.06	147.0	±1.7 %
		Y	6.68	67.1	19.5		136.0	
		Ζ	6.75	67.7	20.0	T	141.6	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.97	68.8	21.4	8.37	126.9	±2.7 %
		Υ	10.07	68.9	21.4		143.6	
		Z	10.21	69.7	22.0	İ	: 147,4	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.77	68.5	18.8	3.76	134.9	±0.5 %
		Y	4.69	68.1	18.5	:	126.7	
		İΖ	4.74	68.8	18.9		129.4	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.72	68.7	18.8	3.77	132.9	±0.7 %
		Y	4.78	68.9	18.9		147.4	
		Z	4.63	68.7	18.9		127.1	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	2.72	68.9	18.8	1.54	131.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	2.65	68.0	18.1		145,9	
		Z	<b>2</b> .72	69.3	19.D		127.3	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.81	68.6	21.2	8.23	131.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.90	68.7	21.2		144.1	
		z	9.97	69.3	21.7		146.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>k</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X.Y,Z do not affect th≑ E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).
 <sup>b</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 <sup>c</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvFY	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>6</sup>	Depth <sup>6</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6	55.5	0.75	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
13	55.5	0.75	5.76	5.76	5.76	j 0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.24	2.36	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.37	1.70	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.58	1.32	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1,40	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.77	1.20	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.71	1.28	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.8 <u>0</u>	4,58	4.58	4.58	0.79	1.17	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measur=d SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>6</sup>	Depth <sup>5</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.74	1.22	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.24	6.24	6.24	0.31	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.50	1.57	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.50	1,58	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.74	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.74	1.20	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.29	4.29	4,29	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

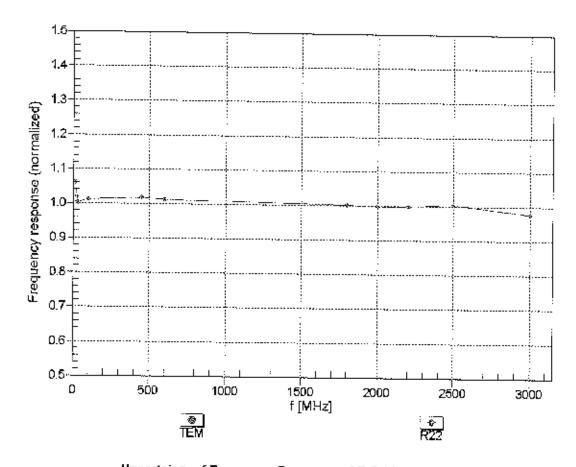
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm C}$  Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be retained to  $\pm$  10% if figure compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters,

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters,

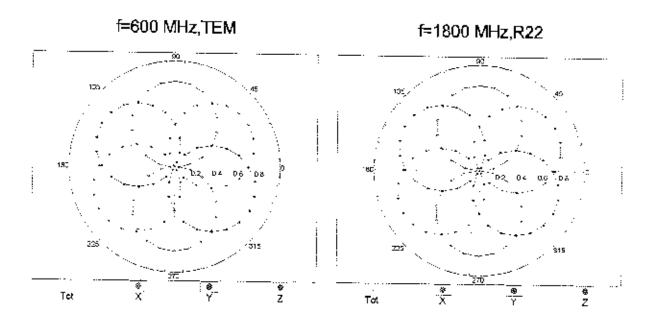
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

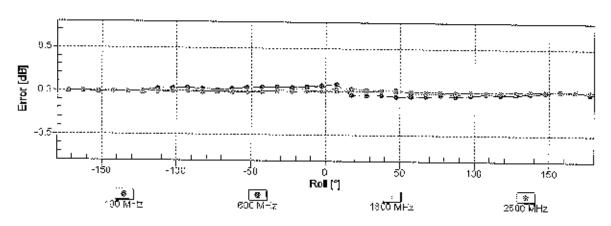
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm$  6.3% (k=2)

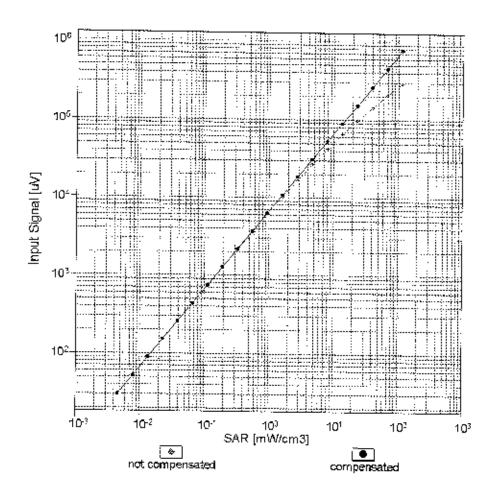
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

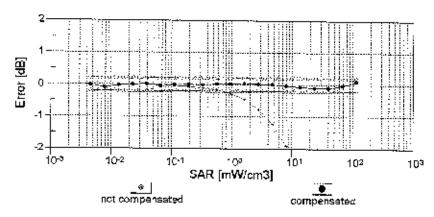




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

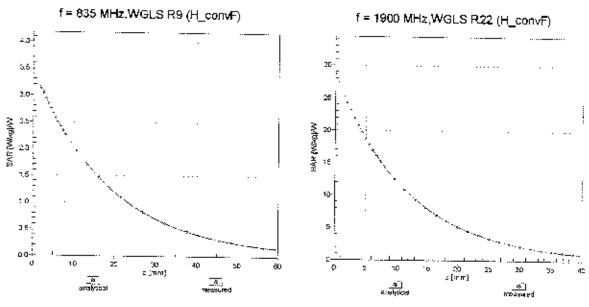
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



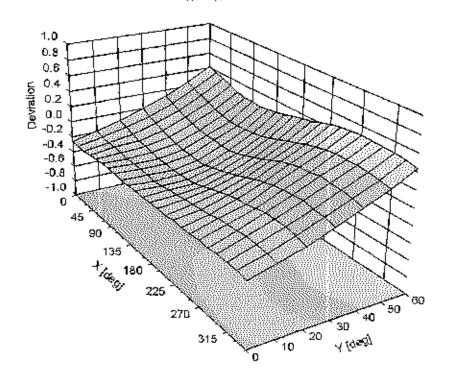


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



E\$3DV3-- \$N:3334

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	17.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	disabled
Probe Body Diameter	337 mm
	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	; 2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	<del></del>
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm
- Additionance Measurement Distance Irom Surface	3 mm

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**PC Test** 

Certificate No: ES3-3263\_May15

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133) Mar-16	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Issued: May 19, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3263\_May15

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

**TSL** NORMx,y,z

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization @

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,v,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3263\_May15

ES3DV3 - SN:3263 May 20, 2015

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3263

Manufactured: January 25, 2010 Calibrated: May 20, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3263\_May15

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.21	1.25	1.13	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	106.1	103.6	108.3	

### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	205.3	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		207.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		199.5	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	1.83	58.4	9.4	10.00	41.2	±1.4 %
		Υ	3.88	63.3	12.9		47.5	
		Z	1.42	56.8	8.7		39.5	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.27	67.4	18.6	2.91	140.1	±0.7 %
		Y	3.39	67.5	18.7		142.7	
40040	ISSE 000 4	Z	3.32	67.6	18.6		136.9	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	2.85	68.8	18.8	1.87	142.2	±0.7 %
******		Y	3.38	70.7	19.5		144.8	
10013-	IEEE 200 44 - WIEL 2 4 OU - (DOOS	Z	3.07	70.0	19.1		138.1	
CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	×	10.99	70.8	23.4	9.46	135.9	±2.5 %
***************************************		Υ	11.36	70.3	22.8		124.7	
10021-	COM EDD (TDMA, CMC)	Z	10.57	70.0	22.9		129.4	
DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	9.38	84.7	22.1	9.39	139.8	±1.9 %
		Y	27.79	100.0	28.7		129.4	
10023-	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Z	9.29	86.8	23.8		134.5	
DAB	GPKS-FDD (TDIVIA, GWSK, TN U)	X	9.63	84.9	22.1	9.57	134.1	±2.5 %
		Y	25.29	98.2	28.2		124.0	
10024-	CDDC EDD (TDMA CMOK TN 0.4)	Z	9.65	87.7	24.3		128.2	
DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	16.20	88.9	21.0	6.56	145.2	±1.4 %
		Y	41.82	99.7	25.6		128.5	
10027-	CDDC EDD (TDMA CMOK TNO 4 0)	Z	24.57	96.8	24.1		142.0	
DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	55.77	99.6	22.1	4.80	138.5	±2.2 %
		Y	53.39	99.7	23.9		140.5	
10028-	CDDC CDD (TDMA CMOV TN 0 4 0 0)	Z	40.28	99.6	23.2		134.3	
DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	81.43	99.8	20.7	3.55	148.6	±1.7 %
		Y	60.49	99.7	22.9		146.0	
10032-	JEEE 802 15 1 Physicath (OCO), DUIC	Z	62.69	99.6	21.2		145.0	
CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	96.06	93.7	16.0	1.16	140.3	±1.9 %
		Y	77.08	99.9	20.1		149.0	
10100-	LTE EDD (SC EDMA 4000/ DD CC	Z	99.64	99.9	18.6		138.0	
CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.24	67.2	19.6	5.67	131.7	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.39	67.3	19.5		133.8	
	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	Z	6.19	67.2	19.6		126.8	

10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.13	76.3	26.6	9.29	142.6	±2.7 %
CAB	WIIZ, QF3N)	Y	12.07	77.9	26.6		138.9	
		Z	9.41	74.3	25.6		134.1	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.13	66.9	19.5	5.80	129.6	±1.4 %
		Y	6.35	67.1	19.5		133.7	
		Z	6.39	68.0	20.1		150.0	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.34	69.6	21.7	8.07	147.0	±1.9 %
		Υ	10.05	68.3	20.9		123.4	
		Z	10.08	69.1	21.3	1000	138.2	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.44	75.3	26.3	9.28	137.0	±3.5 %
		Y	11.36	76.9	26.3		134.5	
40454	LTE EDD (OO ED) (A TOO)	Z	8.85	73.5	25.3		130.3	
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.79	66.2	19.2	5.75	126.9	±1.2 %
		Y	6.05	66.5	19.3		130.9	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z	5.92	66.9	19.5		145.5	
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.25	66.9	19.5	5.82	131.8	±1.4 %
		Y	6.47	67.0	19.5		135.4	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.09	66.5	19.3		127.5	
CAB	QPSK)	X	4.78	66.7	19.7	5.73	130.0	±1.2 %
		Y	5.14	66.7	19.5		135.0	
10172-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	4.83	67.1	19.9	0.04	147.9	
CAB	QPSK)	X	8.63	80.4	29.1	9.21	147.7	±2.7 %
		Y	9.72	78.5	27.2	<u> </u>	123.9	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.63 4.75	76.7 66.6	27.2 19.6	5.72	142.5 128.2	±1.2 %
		Y	5.12	66.6	19.5		134.3	
		Z	4.87	67.1	19.9		148.0	
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.76	66.6	19.6	5.72	127.9	±1.2 %
		Y	5.12	66.6	19.5		134.5	<del></del>
		Z	4.87	67.3	20.0		147.0	
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	9.87	69.1	21.6	8.10	135.8	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.19	69.1	21.4		145.3	
40005		Z	9.65	68.8	21.3		130.5	
10225- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Х	6.90	67.2	19.5	5.97	139.2	±1.7 %
		Y	7.22	67.3	19.6		148.0	
10237-	LTC TDD (CO FDM) 4 FF	Z	6.75	67.0	19.4		134.1	
CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.68	80.6	29.2	9.21	148.0	±3.0 %
		Y	9.82	78.8	27.3		125.0	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Z X	7.85 8.56	77.6 73.7	27.7 25.6	9.24	143.5 126.6	±3.5 %
<del></del>		Υ	10.58	76.0	25.0		126.2	
		Z	8.84	76.0	25.9	***************************************	126.3 146.7	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.24	74.8 74.6	26.1 25.9	9.30	133.6	±3.3 %
		Y	11.38	76.9	26.2		134.3	
		Z	8.79	73.2	25.1		128.6	

ES3DV3-SN:3263 May 20, 2015

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.39	67.0	18.9	3.96	143.8	±0.9 %
		Y	4.55	67.1	18.8		147.3	
		Z	4.42	67.4	19.0		139.9	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.59	67.2	18.9	3.46	132.2	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.68	66.7	18.5		136.0	
		Z	3.57	67.1	18.6		128.5	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.50	67.0	18.7	3.39	134.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.62	66.6	18.4		138.6	
		Z	3.50	67.2	18.7	<u> </u>	129.8	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.11	66.8	19.4	5.81	127.7	±1.4 %
		Y	6.33	67.0	19.5		132.1	
		Z	6.28	67.6	19.9	***************************************	146.6	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.71	67.5	19.9	6.06	134.2	±1.7 %
		Y	6.93	67.7	19.9		138.0	
		Z	6.57	67.2	19.6		128.0	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.17	69.5	21.9	8.37	138.5	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.55	69.5	21.8		148.0	
		Z	9.92	69.0	21.6		132.5	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.79	69.2	19.1	3.76	144.1	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.71	67.0	18.2		129.2	
		Z	4.72	69.3	19.2		139.3	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.69	69.2	19.2	3.77	142.1	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.71	67.5	18.5		126.7	
<del></del>		Z	4.51	68.6	18.8		137.3	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.55	68.0	18.5	1.54	141.7	±0.7 %
		Υ	2.67	68.4	18.6		144.0	
		Z	2.98	70.8	19.5		138.0	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.01	69.3	21.8	8.23	137.3	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.31	69.3	21.6		146.0	
		Z	9.69	68.8	21.4		129.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.29	1.87	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.49	1.42	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.27	5.27	5.27	0.49	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.66	1.28	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.58	1.41	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.71	1.34	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.53	1.42	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.57	1.36	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.54	1.50	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.56	1.51	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.69	1.33	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.80	1.08	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.80	1.09	± 12.0 %

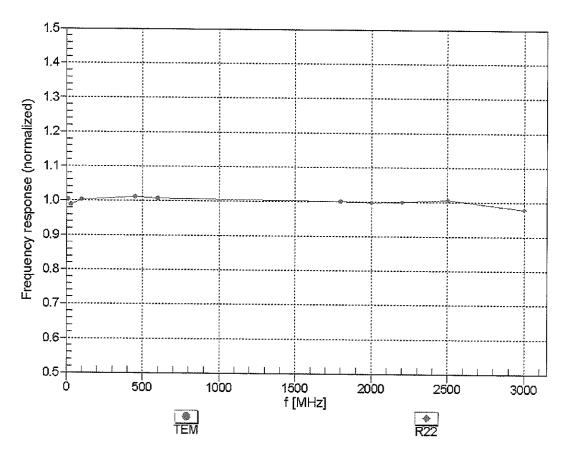
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

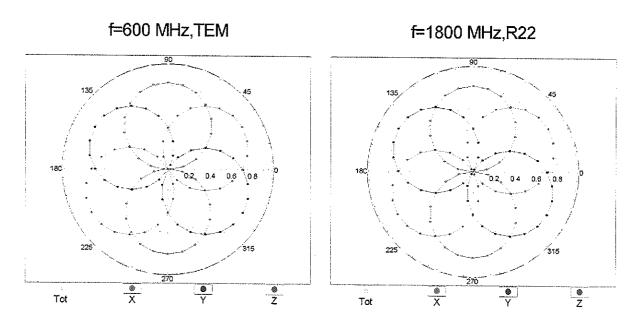
always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

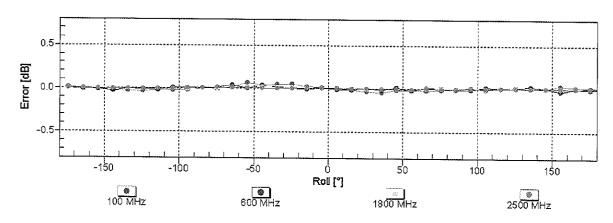
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm$  6.3% (k=2)

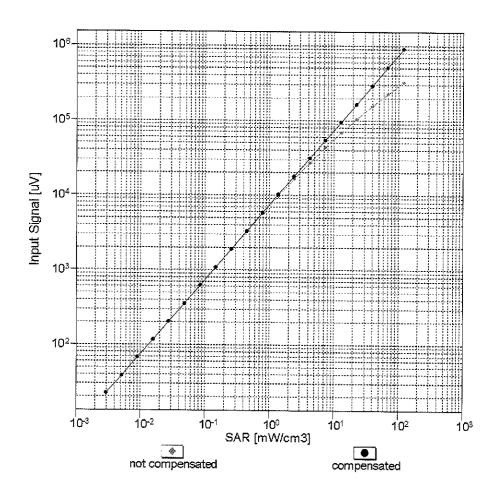
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

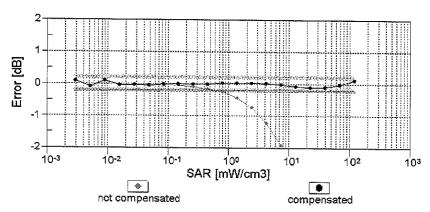




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

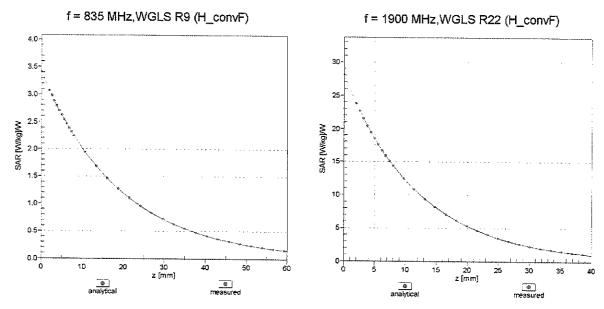
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





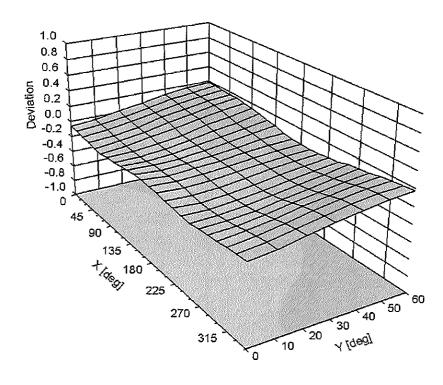
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

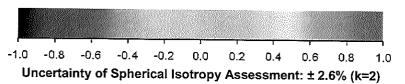
# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error  $(\phi, \vartheta)$ , f = 900 MHz





# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	65.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

BN 15/15

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signature.

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**PC Test** 

Certificate No: ES3-3351\_Jun15

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

June 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Маг-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15 (
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	in house check: Oct-15

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: June 22, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Page 1 of 13

Certificate No: ES3-3351\_Jun15

#### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Certificate No: ES3-3351\_Jun15

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Page 2 of 13

June 22, 2015 ES3DV3 - SN:3351

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3351

Manufactured: May 22, 2012

Calibrated:

June 22, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

E\$3DV3- \$N:3351 June 22, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.99	1.17	1.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	113.6	105.2	104.5	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>⊨</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	188.8	±3.8 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		151.3	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	2.73	65.7	12.7	10.00	35.9	±1.2 %
		Υ	1.18	58.1	9.8		37.4	
		Z	2.44	61.9	12.5		42.0	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.43	68.2	18.9	2.91	148.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.14	66.5	18.1		114.3	
		Z	3.26	66.5	18.1		119.3	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.13	70.5	19.4	1.87	149.0	±0.5 %
		Y.	2.46	65.9	17.0		115.2	
10015		Z	3.02	68.7	18.5		120.9	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.59	69.9	22.6	9.46	139.1	±2.5 %
		Y	10.11	68.9	22.4		103.4	
		Z	10.74	69.4	22.4		114.3	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	×	4.33	75.1	18.5	9.39	125.5	±1.4 %
	-	Υ	5.13	77.6	20.0		144.5	
10000	CDDG EDD (TDLM, CMOV THE)	Z	17.70	96.1	27.5		123.5	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	4.56	75.8	18.9	9.57	147.7	±2.2 %
	<del></del>	Y	5.75	78.8	20.2		140.4	
40004	ODDO EDD (TDMA OMOK TN 0.4)	Z	18.60	97.9	28.5	0.50	117.3	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	3.42	71.8	15.3	6.56	119.6	±1.4 %
		Y	14.95	90.8	22.0		132.7	
40007	OPPO FRE (TRIMA OMOL TWO 4 0)	Z	29.34	98.9	25.6		106.6	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	28.96	99.9	23.5	4.80	135.7	±1.9 %
	<del>-</del>	Y	55.26	99.9	21.9	ļ <u> </u>	107.5	
10000	ODDO FDD /TDMA OMOK TN 0.4.0.0	Z	35.15	99.9	24.6	0.55	120.0	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	36.32	96.2	20.3	3.55	147.5	±1.9 %
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y	73.22	99.9	20.7		117.0	
10022	IEEE 900 45 4 Plustaath (OFOIC PUE)	Z	52.78	99.6	22,4	4.40	128.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	31.23	99.5	20.1	1.16	122.8	±1.4 %
	<del>-</del>	Y	0.74	62.4	7.0	ļ. <u></u> -	135.2	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20	Z X	56.68 6.01	99.6 66.4	20.2 18.9	5.67	141.5 112.7	±1.2 %
UMD.	MHz, QPSK)	Y	6.14	66.9	19.3		124.6	<del>  -</del>
	<del> </del>	Z	6.37	67.2	19.3	<del>  -</del>	129.3	<del> </del>

Certificate No: ES3-3351\_Jun15

10103-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20		<del>,</del>	<del>-, -</del>				une 22, 20
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	8.50	71.4	23.6	9.29	137.9	±2.7 %
		<u> </u>	8.12	70.6	23.6		105.2	
10108-	LTE EDD (SC EDMA 4000) ED 40	Z	9.68	73.4	24.7		118.6	
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.88	66.0	18.8	5.80	111.2	±1.2 %
		Y	5.99	66.5	19.2		122.8	
10117-	IEEE 000 44- (UTAE	<u>Z</u>	6.28	66.9	19.4		128.7	<del></del>
CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.19	69.3	21.2	8.07	149.1	±2.2 %
	· <del> </del>	Y	9.73	68.2	20.9		111.5	
10151-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,	Z	9.97	68.3	20.8		117.7	
CAB	QPSK)	X	8.07	71.0	23.5	9.28	132.7	±2.5 %
	<del></del>	Y	8.82	74.2	25.9	<u> </u>	147.0	
10154-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz,		9.11	72.5	24.4		115.3	
CAC	QPSK)	X	5.55	65.4	18.6	5.75	107.9	±0.9 %
	<del> </del>	<u>Y</u>	5.67	66.0	19.0	ļ	120.3	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z	5.96	66.3	19.1	<u> </u>	126.2	
CAB	QPSK)	X	5.96	65.9	18.7	5.82	111.9	±1.2 %
		Y	6.12	66.6	19.3		125.0	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.38	66.8	19.3	<u> </u>	131.2	
CAB	QPSK)	X	4.68	66.6	19.4	5.73	130.7	±0.9 %
	<del></del>	Z	4.81	67.2	20.0	<u> </u>	144.7	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.74 6.59	65.5 73.2	18.9 25.1	9.21	109.9 143.9	±2.5 %
		Ý	6.42	72.7	25.3	<del> </del>	113.3	
		Z	7.92	75.5	26.2	<del> </del>	127.2	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.68	66.5	19.4	5.72	128.6	±0.9 %
		Y	4.80	67.2	20.0		144.2	
10101		Z	4.73	65.5	18.9		109.1	<del>-</del>
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	4.71	66.7	19.5	5.72	128.9	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.78	67.1	19.9		143.9	
10196-	IEEE 000 44. (UE NO.	Z	5.12	67.3	19.9		149.9	<del></del>
CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.72	68.8	21.1	8.10	138.3	±1.9 %
	<del></del>	Υ	9.32	67.9	20.9		105.9	
10225-	LIMTS EDD (LICEA.)	Z	9.58	67.8	20.6		111.2	
CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Х	6.60	66.5	18.9	5.97	117.6	±1.2 %
	<del> </del>	Y	6.69	66.9	19.3		132.0	
10237-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz,	_Z	7.08	67.2	19.5		139.9	
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.57	73.1	25.0	9.21	144.5	±2.2 %
<del></del>	<del> </del>	Y	6.59	73.6	25.8		114.3	
10252-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz,	Z	8.03	76.0	26.4		127.7	
CAB	QPSK)	X	7.44	70.0	23.2	9.24	122.9	±2.5 %
	<del></del>	Y	8.16	73.3	25.5		138.8	
0267-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10	Z	8.43	71.6	24.1		108.3	
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	8.01	70.7	23.4	9.30	130.5	±2.7 %
	<del>                                     </del>	Y	8.86	74.4	26.1		146.7	
	1	Z	9.12	72.6	24.5		114.0	

June 22, 2015 ES3DV3-SN:3351

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.49	67.5	18.8	3.96	146.9	±0.7 %
•		Y_	4.13	65.9	18.1		117.5	
		Z	4.36	66.2	18.2		121.1	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.66	67.7	18.9	3.46	133.9	±0.5 %
		Y	3.37	66.1	18.1		109.3	
		Z	3.54	66.0	18.0		112.1	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.55	67.5	18.7	3.39	136.7	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.35	66.4	18.2		110.1	
		Z	3.44	65.7	17.9		112.9	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.86	65.9	18.8	5.81	109.3	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.00	66.5	19.3		122.6	
	-	Z	6.23	66.7	19.3		126.8	
103 <b>1</b> 1- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.42	66.5	19.1	6.06	114.1	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.60	67.2	19.7		127.9	
		Z	6.85	67.4	19.7		132.6	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.03	69.2	21.5	8.37	141.2	±1.9 %
		Υ	9.51	68.0	21.1		106.9	
		Z	9.90	68.2	21.1		114.0	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	5.00	70.6	19.6	3.76	146.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	4.32	67.9	18.3		115.0	
		Z	4.63	67.5	18.3		121.9	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.99	71.0	19.8	3.77	143.8	±0.5 %
		Y	4.37	68.5	18.7		113.5	
		Z	4.56	67.5	18.2		120.2	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	3.07	71.2	19.9	1.54	145.7	±0.5 %
		Y	2.43	66.6	17.4		116.6	
		Z	2.59	67.1	17.8		124.3	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	9.84	69.0	21.3	8.23	139.6	±1.9 %
		Υ	9.37	67.9	21.0		106.5	
		Z	9.84	68.4	21.1		117.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3351 June 22, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.31	1.96	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.21	2.59	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.55	1.35	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.54_	1.42	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.69	1.31	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.46	4.46_	4.46	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.35	4.35	4.35 _	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV3- SN:3351 June 22, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.29_	1.98	± 12.0 %
835	55,2	0.97	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.77	1.20	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.68	1.30	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.61	1.46	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.30	4.30	4.30 _	0.80	1,16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

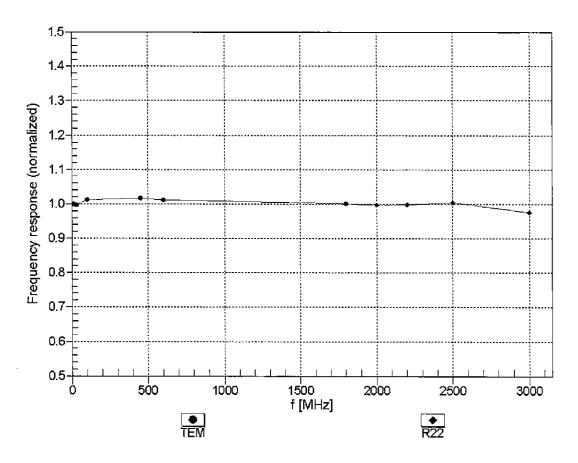
Certificate No: ES3-3351\_Jun15

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

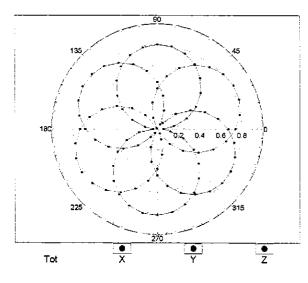


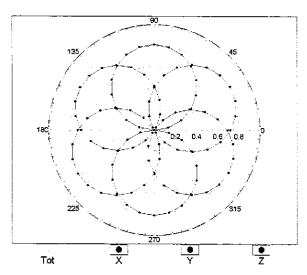
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

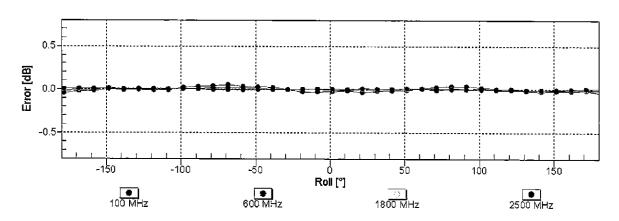
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

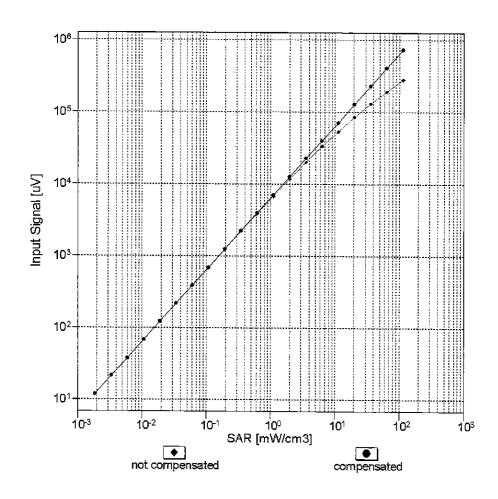


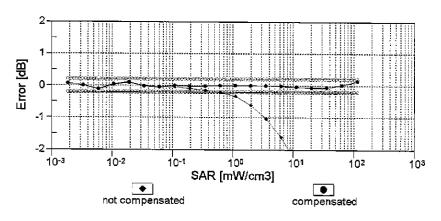




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

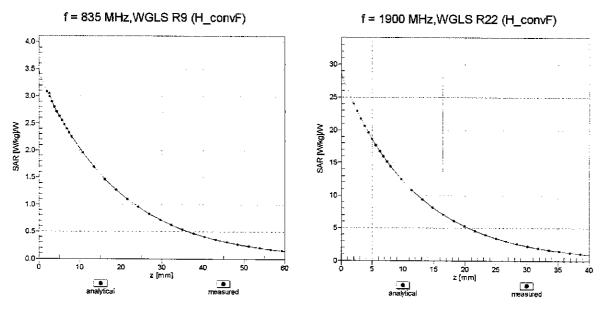
## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





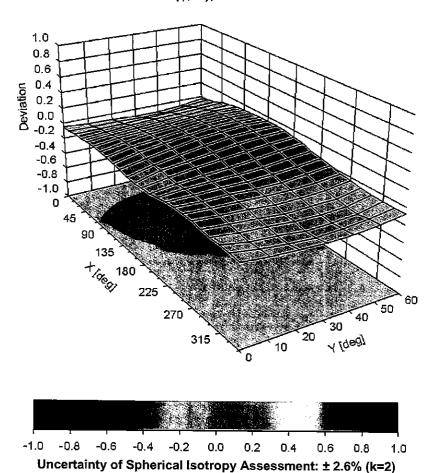
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



ES3DV3-SN:3351

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	21.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schwelzerischer Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taretura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3333\_Oct15

IDDAT	CI/NA!	CEDT		=
IDKAI		CERT	IFIÇATE	=

Object (ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: | October 29, 2015

This calibration cartificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Catibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mer-16
Reference 20 dB Altenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-680_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	1D	Check Dale (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3842D01700	4-Aug-99 (In house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Natwork Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name Leif <b>Kly</b> sner	Function  Laboratory Technicish	Signature Sef Thy
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	R.M.

Issued: October 29, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3333\_Oci15 Page 1 of 13

### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdtenst S Service suisse d'étalonname C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108 Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

tissue simulating liquid T\$L NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z. ConvF diode compression point DCP

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal CF modulation dependent linearization parameters A. B. C. D.

φ rotation around probe axis Polarization φ

8 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques\*, June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx_{r}y_{r}z_{r}^{2}$  Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f  $\leq$  900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(I)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm$  50 MHz to  $\pm$  100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMX (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3333\_Oct15 Page 2 of 13 ES3DV3 - SN:3333 October 29, 2015

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3333

Manufactured:

January 24, 2012

Calibrated:

October 29, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)²) <sup>A</sup>	1.07	0.90	0.88	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	106.8	108.5	106,8	

**Modulation Calibration Parameters** 

UID	Communication System Name		A	В	С	D	VR	Unc
	0111		_dB	dB√μV		dB	m۷	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	201.0	±3.5 %
	<u> </u>	Υ	Û.D	0.0	1.0		187.1	
10510	2484444	Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.8	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	х	2.43	60.7	11.4	10.00	41.6	±2.2 %
		Υ	4.35	67.4	13,2		35.6	
40044		Z	1.46	57.0	8.7		36.2	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.35	67.9	19.1	2.91	138.2	±0.5 %
	<del>-</del>	Υ	3.48	68.8	19.2		127.5	
40040	IEEE 000 AM INVENTO A CALL CONTROL	Z	3.37	67.6	18.6		149.0	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	×	3.60	72.8	20.8	1.87	141.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.68	73.3	20.8		128.0	
40040	IEEE OOD A ( - MIEE O A ON A POOR	Z	3.01	69.3	18.8	_	128.2	
10013- GAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	×	11.52	71.7	23.9	9.46	139.3	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.94	70.4	22.9		147.1	
40004	ORNIEDO (TRAMA ALICIA)	Z	10.95	70.8	23.4		144.5	
10 <b>021</b> - DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	Х	21.45	95.2	26.5	9.39	139,9	±2.5 %
		Υ	9.12	82.9	21,9		142.0	
		Z	11.47	88.1	23.9		127.6	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Х	20.81	95.6	27.0	9.57	135,8	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.78	84.4	22.7		135.3	
		Z	9.12	83.5	22.1		144.6	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	×	39.84	99.6	25.2	6.56	140.9	±1.9 %
		Υ	35.07	100.0	25.0		128.4	
		Z	35.20	99.8	24.7		131.9	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	х	47.16	99.8	23.9	4.80	124.9	±2.5 %
		Υ	49.75	99.6	22.8		145.4	
		Z	45.37	99.9	23.1		148.5	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	56.24	99.6	22.6	3.55	140.4	±2.7 %
		Υ	56.95	99.7	21.9		129.1	
		Z	48.45	99.6	22.1		133.2	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	х	18.03	99.1	22.8	1.16	127.5	±1.9 %
	ļ .	Y	35.17	99.6	20.7		141.1	
		Z	21.08	99.9	21.9		127.5	
10100- CAB	LTE-FOD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	х	6.36	67.6	19.8	5.67	137.5	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.29	67.4	19.6		129.9	
		Z	6.35	67.5	19.7		139.5	

10103- CAB	LTE-TOD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.85	76.6	26.4	9.29	130.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.58	73.7	24.8		143.0	·
		Z	9.94	75.6	26.2	_	149.3	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.21	67.0	19.7	5.80	126.9	±1.2 %
	<u> </u>	Υ	6.16	66.9	19.5		129.2	
		Z	6.22	67.2	19.7		138.0	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.05	68.7	21.2	8.07	126.1	±2.5 %
	<u> </u>	ΙY	10.13	69.0	21.3		146.1	
40454	LTE TOP (DO EDITA MAN DE CONTRE	Z	9.97	68.7	21,1		126.2	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.11	75.5	26.0	9.28	125.8	±3.3 %
	<del></del>	Y	9.08	73.2	24.7	<u> </u>	138.2	
10154-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz,	Z	9.32	74.8	26.0	5.35	143.1	14 O B/
CAC	QPSK)	X	5.97	66.8	19.6	5.75	133.4	±1.2 %
	<del>-</del>	Y	5.92	66.7	19.5	-	127.0	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	5.91	66.7	19.5	5.82	134.2 137.8	±1.2 %
ÇAB	QPSK)		6.40	67.3	19.9	0.62	137.8	±1.2 %
	<del> </del>	Y	6.31	67.1	19.6		139.8	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.32	67.1	19.6	5 72		14.0.07
CAB	QPSK)	Х.	5.05	67.3	20.1	5.73	136.8 131.1	±1.2 %
	·	Z	4.89 4.93	67.0	19.9		137.4	
10172-	LTE-TOD (\$C-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	10.74	67.2	20.0	9.21	136.8	±2.7 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	7.34	83.9 74.3	30,3 25,5	9.21	125.9	12.7 70
		Z	7.74	76.6	27.1		131.2	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.97	66.9	19.9	5.72	130.8	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.66	66.9	19.8		128.5	
		Z	4.97	67.3	20.1		137.0	
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	×	4.99	67.0	19.9	5.72	130.1	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.88	67.0	19.9		127.6	
		Z	4.95	67.2	20.0		136,2	
10196- CAB	JEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.00	69.2	21.7	8.10	137.9	±2.2 %
		Υ '	9.75	68.7	21.2		137.5	
		Z	9.94	69.4	21.7		145.3	
10225- CAB	UMTS-FDD (H\$PA+)	х	7.08	67.5	19.8	5.97	147,1	±1.4 %
		Y	7.06	67.7	19.8		142.3	
1000	LEG TOP (OR SOLUTION	Z	7.04	67.7	19.9		148.8	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X.	10.66	83.5	30.1	9.21	144.0	±3.0 %
		Y	7.43	74.7	25.7		127.6	
10060	LYE TOO ICC COMA SOU DO AGAIL	Z	7.86	77.1	27.4	0.04	132,3	10.00
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X .	10.81	78.7	27.9	9.24	139.7	±3.0 %
	+	Y	8.48	72.4	24.4		130.1	
10267	LTG TDD (QC-EDMA 4000 DD 40	Z	8.71	74.1	25.8	B 75	135.2	+2.0.04
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	11,73	79,9	28.3	9.30	148.6	±3.3 %
	+	Y	9.11	73.2	24.8		139.0	
		Z	9.38	74.9	26.1		142.7	

ES3DV3-- SN:3333 October 29, 2015

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Ref8.4)	X	4.52	67.6	19.3	3.96	144.5	±0.7 %
		Y	4.67	68.3	19.6		146.0	
		Z	4.41	67.0	18.9		130.0	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.66	67.2	19.0	3.46	134.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.91	68.9	19.9		133.2	
		Z	3.86	66.5	19.6		146.9	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.63	67.5	19.1	3.39	134.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.93	69.3	20.0		136.0	
		Z	3.81	68.5	19.6		148.6	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% R8, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.20	67.1	19.7	5.81	129.0	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.20	67.0	19.6		128.0	
		Z	6.32	67.5	19.9		142.7	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.76	67.6	20.0	6.08	134.7	±1.4 %
		Y	6.75	67.5	19.9		133.5	
		Z	6.90	68.1	20.3		149.2	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.30	69.7	22.1	8.37	140.1	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.05	69.0	21.5		141.2	
	<u> </u>	Z	9.94	69.0	<b>2</b> 1.7		126.3	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	4.80	68.5	19.0	3.76	129.3	±0.5 %
		Υ	5.30	71.1	20.2		148,4	
		Z	5,10	70.4	19.9		135.2	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X :	4.77	68.8	19.2	3.77	127.3	±0.7 %
		Y	5.35	71.7	20.5		145.4	
		Z	5.03	70.6	20.1		133.3	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	×	2.77	69.7	19.7	1.54	<b>147</b> .D	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.73	75.4	22.2		143.7	
		Z	3.25	72.2	20.7		133.9	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X_	10.11	69.4	21.8	8.23	144.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	9.86	8.86	21.4		139.3	
	-	Z	9.72	66.6	21.3		126.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-liefd uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3333 October 29, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>6</sup>	Depth <sup>6</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.75	1.22	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.16	6.16	6,16	0.36	1.67	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.80	1.19	± 12.0 <u>%</u>
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03_	0.73	1.25	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.60	1.43	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.53	4.53	4.53	08.0	1.28	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

Certificate No: ES3-3333\_Oct15 Page 7 of 13

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Fixed At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated larget tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Apha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV3- \$N:3333 October 29, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

			-		-			
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>6</sup>	Depth <sup>6</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	65.5	0.96	6,31	6.31	6.31	0.70	1.26	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.47	1.54	±12.0 %
1750	53.4	1,49	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.49	1.63	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.54	1.49	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.51	4.51	4.51	08.0	1.15	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.80	1.03	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

Certificate No: ES3-3333\_Oct15 Page 8 of 13

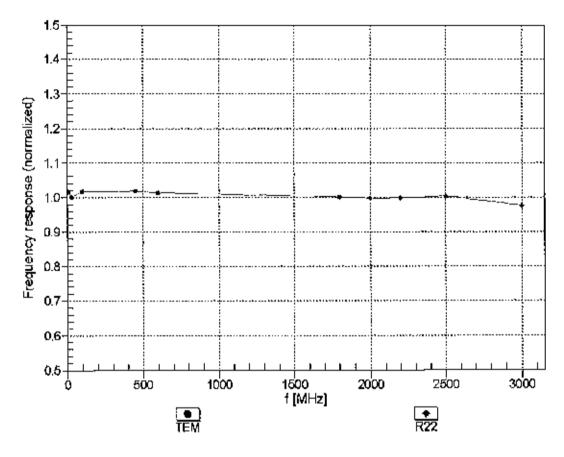
validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be released to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Copy Exprediciply for indicated terral tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated larget tissue parameters that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

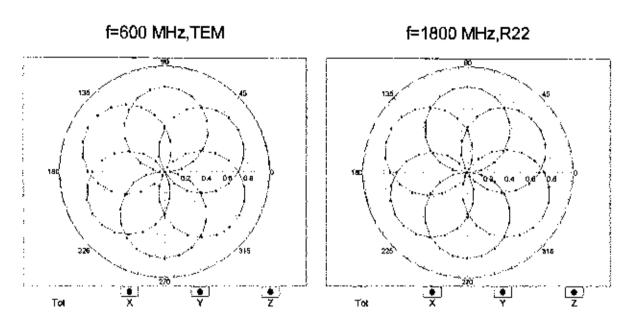
ES3DV3-SN:3333 October 29, 2015

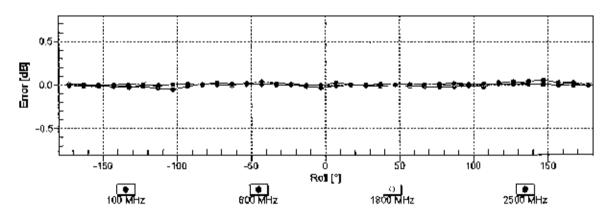
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

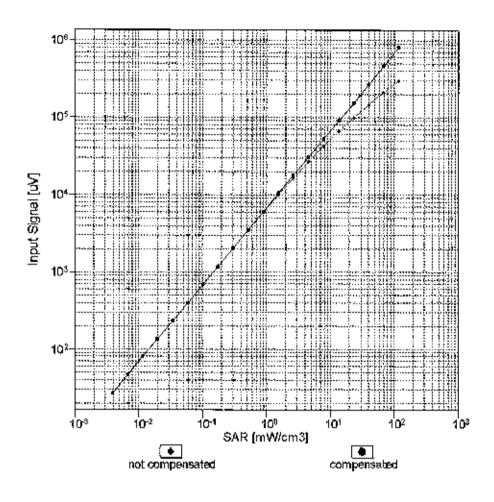
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

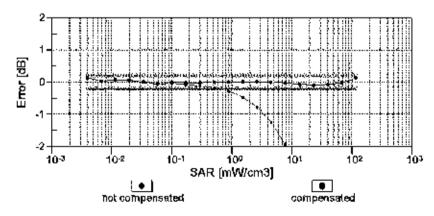




Uncertainty of Axial (sotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

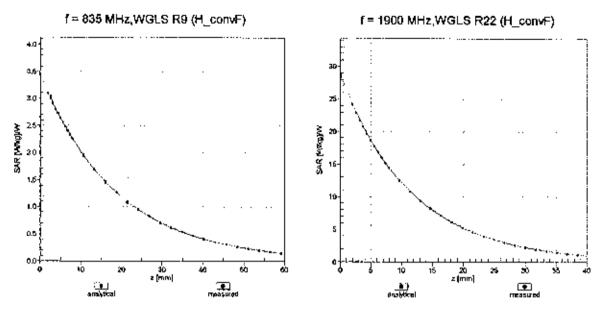
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



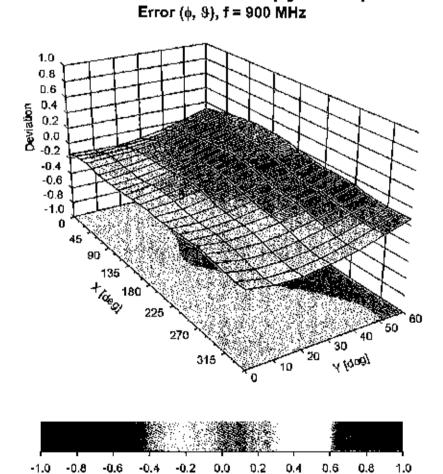


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

ES3DV3- SN:3333 October 29, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

#### Other Probe Parameters

Triangular
-32.8
enabled
disabled
337 mm
10 mm
10 mm
4 mm
2 mm
2 mm
2 mm
3 mm

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**PC Test** 

Certificate No: ES3-3319\_Mar15

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID.	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN; S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Арг-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	, ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Function Name Laboratory Technician Israe Elnaouq Calibrated by: Technical Manager Katja Pokovic Approved by:

Issued: March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Certificate No: ES3-3319\_Mar15

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV3 - SN:3319 March 19, 2015

# Probe ES3DV3

SN:3319

Manufactured: Calibrated:

January 10, 2012 March 19, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

March 19, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y Sensor Z		Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.12	1.08	1.15	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	104.4	106.0	104.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>Ŀ</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	176.1	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		192.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		174.6	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	3.26	64.8	13.4	10.00	41.7	±1.9 %
		Υ	2.66	62.2	11.7		39.5	
		Z	3.51	64.8	13.2		42.1	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.47	68.1	19.1	2.91	142.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.37	67.9	19.1		133.0	
		Z	3.57	68.7	19.4		138.6	. 0 7 0/
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.48	71.8	20.2	1.87	143.9	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.23	70.9	19.9		134.6	
		Z	3.68	72.8	20.6	0.10	140.5	.0.0.0/
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	11.18	70.5	23.1	9.46	143.4	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.98	70.5	23.2		129.9	
		Z	11.19	70.6	23.1		138.8	.4 7 0/
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.55	92.7	26.1	9.39	126.5	±1.7 %
		Υ	21.21	98.0	27.2		142.0	
		Z	19.50	96.1	27.0		125.4	.0.0.04
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	×	23.54	100.0	28.4	9.57	142.6	±2.2 %
		Y	23,24	99.9	28.0		137.4	
		Z	23.57	99.6	28.2	0.50	139.7	10.00
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	×	17.00	90.2	22.7	6.56	128.9	±2.2 %
		Υ	35.20	99.7	24.9		148.2	
		Z	33.12	99.6	25.4		123.8	14.0.0/
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	44.20	99.6	23.6	4.80	146.0	±1.9 %
		Y	49.99	99.9	23.0		136.6	
		Z	41.43	99.6	23.9		141.4	10.000
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	46.56	99.7	22.7	3.55	127.7	±2.2 %
		Y	58.11	99.8	21.9			
		Z	55.65	99.6	22.2	1.40	124.3	14 7 9/
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	34.25	99.4	21.1	1.16	140.3	±1.7 %
		Y	40.72	100.0	20.6		136.4	-
		Z	45.39	100.0	20.8	E 07		±4 / 0/
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	×	6.30	67.1	19.5	5.67	127.4	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.58	68.4	20.3		149.0	
	}	Z	6.55	68.0	19.9		146.3	1

10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.47	75.6	25.8	9.29	146.6	±3.0 %
<b>∪</b> ∩⊔	mile, or org	Υ	10.18	75.8	26.3		136.2	
		Z	10.38	75.3	25.6		140.8	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.18	66.6	19.4	5.80	126.9	±1.4 %
0, 10		Υ	6.40	67.8	20.1		147.0	
		Z	6.44	67.6	19.9		145.7	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.24	69.0	21.3	8.07	142.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.25	69.2	21.5		136.7	
		Z	10.16	68.8	21.2		136.6	10.0.0/
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.85	74.8	25.6	9.28	140.8 130.5	±3.0 %
		Υ	9.49	74.7	25.9		136.8	
		Z	9.90	74.8	25.6	5.75	<u> </u>	±1.4 %
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.13	67.1	19.7	5.75	146.6	II.4 70
		Y	6.11	67.4	19.9		142.3	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	6.12 6.33	67.1 66.7	19.7 19.4	5.82	128.9	±1.4 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	6.33	67.1	19.7		128.7	
		Z	6.57	67.6	19.9		147.4	
10169- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.89	66.4	19.5	5.73	127.5	±1.2 %
	a. o.,	Y	4.99	67.5	20.2		149.3	
		Z	5.09	67.3	20.0		145.1	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	7.99	75.8	26.3	9.21	127.6	±2.7 %
		Y	9.29	81.7	29.6		149.8	
		Z	8.04	75.8	26.3		123.6	.4.4.04
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.08	67.3	20.0	5.72	149.3 145.0	±1.4 %
		Y_	5.00	67.6	20.3	ļ	145.0	
		Z	5.09	67.3	20.0	F 70		±1.4 %
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.08	67.3	20.0	5.72	148.5	II.4 70
		Y	5.06	67.9	20.4	ļ	144.8	
		Z	5.11	67.4	20.0	9.40	134.6	±2.2 %
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.89	68.7	21.2	8.10	130.4	12.2 /0
		Y 7	9.84	68.9	21.4	<del>                                     </del>	130.4	<u> </u>
10225-	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Z X	9.82 7.02	68.5 67.1	21.1 19.5	5.97	138.0	±1.4 %
CAB		Y	6.88	67.0	19.5		133.2	
		z	7.01	67.1	19.5		134.6	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.01	75.9	26.4	9.21	128.0	±2.7 %
		Y	9.39 8.34	82.1 76.9	29.9 26.9		149.7 129.1	
10050	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz,	X	9.05	73.6	25.1	9.24	130.6	±3.0 %
10252- CAB	QPSK)		8.76	73.7	25.5	1	123.6	
		Z	9.10	73.6	25.1	1	127.8	-
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.10	74.7	25.6	9.30	139.3	±3.0 %
CAD	IVITIZ, QESTY	Y	9.50	74.8	25.9		130.7	
		Z	9.81	74.6	25.5		135.0	

March 19, 2015 ES3DV3-SN:3319

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.49	67.1	18.9	3.96	140.1	±0.7 %
<u> </u>		Υ	4.46	67.2	19.0		137.6	
		Z	4.52	67.1	18.9		137.1	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.68	67.0	18.8	3.46	129.3	±0.7 %
7010		Υ	3.64	67.3	19.0		130.3	
		Z	3.84	67.9	19.2		148.6	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.64	67.2	18.8	3.39	131.8	±0.5 %
7010		Υ	3.60	67.4	19.1		128.2	
		Z	3.71	67.5	19.0		128.0	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.43	67.5	19.9	5.81	147.2	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.39	67.7	20.0		145.4	
		Z	6.42	67.5	19.8		143.2	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.73	67.1	19.7	6.06	129.7	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.75	67.5	19.9		130.8	
		Z	6.75	67.3	19.7		126.2	
10400- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.14	68.9	21.5	8.37	136.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.23	69.5	22.0		136.5	
		Z	10.13	68.9	21.5		132.8	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	4.97	69.2	19.3	3.76	143.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	4.87	69.3	19.4		141.0	
		Z	5.02	69.2	19.3		139.6	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.91	69.3	19.4	3.77	139.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.67	68.9	19.1		138.9	
		Z	4.89	69.1	19.3		137.1	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802,11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.93	70.1	19.6	1.54	137.8	±0.7 %
,,,,,,		Y	2.84	69.8	19.6		138.2	
		Z	3.04	70.8	19.9		134.2	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.94	68.7	21.3	8.23	134.6	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.00	69.1	21.7		134.1	
		Z	9.89	68.5	21.2		130.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

March 19, 2015

Certificate No: ES3-3319\_Mar15

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.40	1.70	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.43	1.62	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.64	1.38	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.80	1.31	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

March 19, 2015

Certificate No: ES3-3319\_Mar15

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.10	6.10	6.10	0.34	1.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.47	1.56	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.70	1.36	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.71	1.39	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.80	1.10	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.80	1.11	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

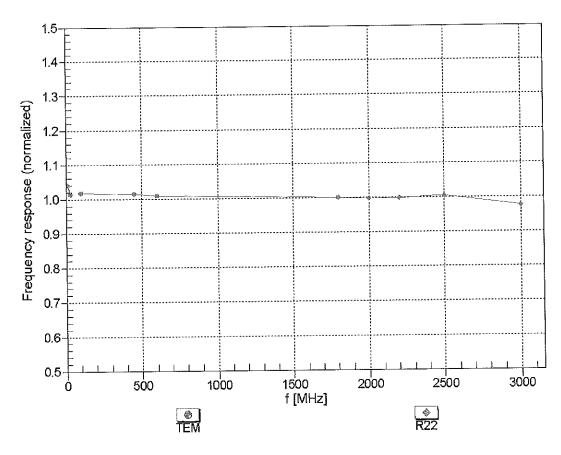
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

S Alpha/Depth are determined during colliberation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3319\_Mar15

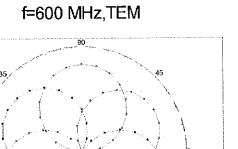
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



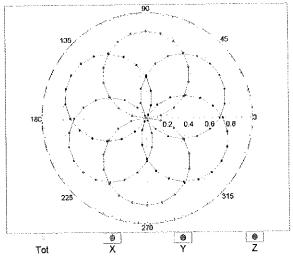
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

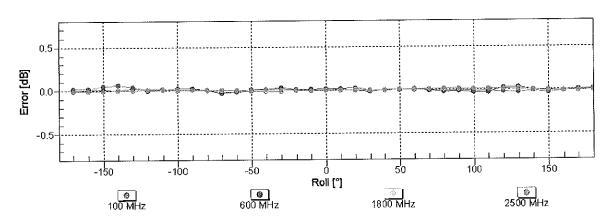
Tot

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



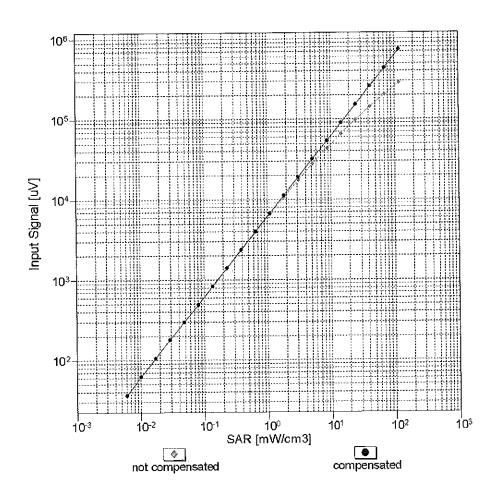
f=1800 MHz,R22

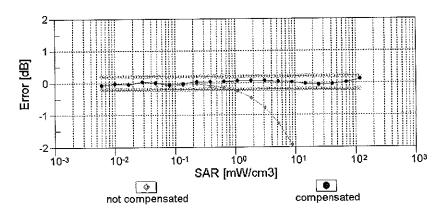




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

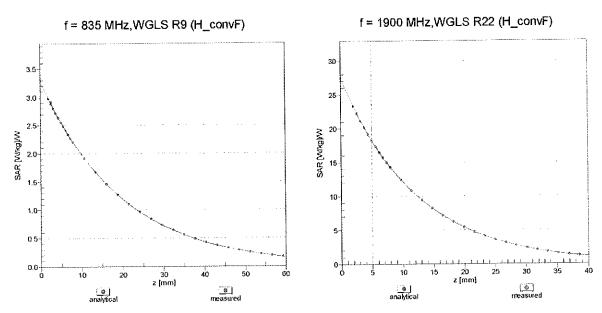




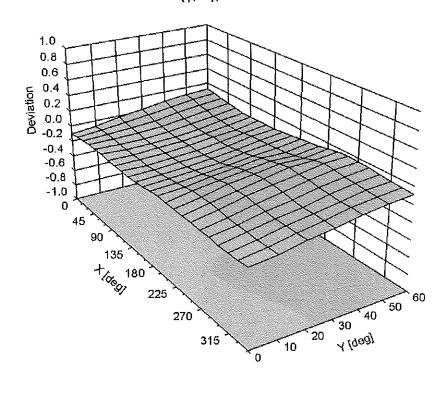
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

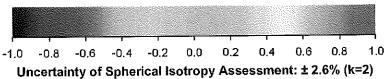
ES3DV3-- SN:3319 March 19, 2015

## **Conversion Factor Assessment**



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





March 19, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-120.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

**PC Test** 

Certificate No: ES3-3022\_Aug15

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ES3DV2 - SN:3022

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

August 26, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C-L-1110		
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087		Mar-16		
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16		
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16		
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16		
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16		
DAE4		30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15		
UNET	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jaп15)	Jan-16		
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Cohodulad Ol		
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	Scheduled Check		
Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585		18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Apr-16		

Name Function
Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory T

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 27, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3022\_Aug15

Page 1 of 13

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, y, z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization or

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm$  50 MHz to  $\pm$  100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3022\_Aug15 Page 2 of 13

# Probe ES3DV2

SN:3022

Manufactured: April 15, 2003 Calibrated:

August 26, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.00	1.03	0.95	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.9	99.7	100.9	= 10.1 /8

**Modulation Calibration Parameters** 

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	T 1/5	T E
0	CW	<u> </u>	đВ	dB√μV		dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
ļ -	CVV	X_	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	179.6	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.9	*
10010-	SAP Validation (Cause 400	Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		179.0	
CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	3.60	65.9	14.2	10.00	43.5	±2.2 %
		Y	2.84	63.5	13.0		43.3	
10011-	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Z	2.76	63.7	12.7		41.7	
CAB	OWIS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.32	67.0	18.7	2.91	144.4	±0.7 %
		<u> </u>	3.24	66.3	18.0		147.3	
10012-	IEEE 902 44b WEE; O 4 OU (DODG)	Z	3.19	66.3	18.0		143.5	
CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.15	69.9	19.5	1.87	146.1	±0.7 %
		Y	2.88	67.7	18.0		147.9	
10013-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-	Z	2.78	67.4	17.8		145.6	
CAB	OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	11.40	71.3	23.8	9.46	144.9	±3.3 %
		Y	11,15	70.5	23.1		146.9	
10021-	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	Z	10.95	70.5	23.3		140.3	
DAB	CONFI DD (TDIVIA, GIVISK)	X	20.66	99.8	29.2	9.39	132.6	±2.2 %
		Y	14.36	93.3	26.6		145.3	
10023-	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Z	17.17	97.2	27.8		145.4	
DAB	GING-I DD (I DIVIA, GIVISK, IN U)	X	17.22	96.5	28.2	9.57	125.4	±1.9 %
		Y	11.06	88.6	25.0		136.0	
10024-	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	Z	8.71	84.6	23.4		130.7	
DAB	G. TO TOO (TOWA, GIVISK, TIV 0-1)	X	31.05	99.5	25.9	6.56	135.2	±2.2 %
		Y	25.28	97.4	25.0		132.5	
10027-	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Z	21.58	95.7	24.5		144.4	
DAB	GING-PDD (TDIVIA, GIVISK, TN 0-1-2)	X	42.88	99.9	24.0	4.80	129.5	±1.9 %
		Y	40.80	99.6	23.7		124.9	***
10028-	GDDS EDD (TDMA CMSK TALO 4 0 0)	Z	38.42	99.7	23.7		137.8	
DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	44.48	100.0	23.2	3.55	138.2	±1.9 %
		Y	44.03	99.7	22.8		133.0	
10032-	JEEE 200 45 4 DL (OFO)	Z	41.36	99.8	22.8		147.5	
CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	16.08	99.5	23.3	1.16	127.5	±1.4 %
		Υ	79.69	99.6	19.3		146.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10100-	LTE FDD (OC FDMA 4000) DE -	Z	45.81	99.9	20.4		138.2	.,,,,
CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.43	67.4	19.8	5.67	138.7	±1.4 %
777		Υ	6.27	66.8	19.2		134.9	
		Z	6.16	66.6	19.2		127.6	

Certificate No: ES3-3022\_Aug15

10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.13	75.0	25.9	9.29	129.4	±3.3 %
		Y	9.46	73.0	24.5		121.0	
		Z	9.52	74.0	25.4		131.8 137.0	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.27	66.9	19.7	5.80	137.0	±1.7 %
***		İΥ	6.24	66.7	19.3		140.0	<u> </u>
		Z	6.06	66.3	19.2		127.1	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.16	68.7	21.3	8.07	127.7	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.99	68.2	20.9		131.5	
10454	LITE TOP (OCT	Z	10.22	69.1	21.4		141.6	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.34	73.4	25.2	9.28	125.0	±3.3 %
		Y	8.92	72.2	24.3		127.2	
10154-	LITE EDD (CC FDM) FOX FD (CAN)	<u></u>	8.95	73.1	25.1		131.9	*
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.95	66.4	19.4	5.75	134.4	±1.4 %
		Y	5.92	66.2	19.1		137.0	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z	5.98	66.7	19.5	<u></u>	146.8	
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.39	66.9	19.6	5.82	139.9	±1.7 %
		Y	6.35	66.7	19.3		141.9	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.15	66.2	19.2		128.4	
CAB	QPSK)	X	4.96	66.6	19.8	5.73	137.3	±1.4 %
		Y	4.85	66.1	19.3		139.8	
10172-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	4.85	66.6	19.7		146.7	
CAB	QPSK)	X	8.75	78.7	28.3	9.21	138.9	±3.0 %
		Y	7.69	75.1	26.1		140.1	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Z	7.80 4.88	76.6 66.2	27.2 19.6	5.72	144.0 132.0	±1.4 %
		Y	4.77	65.8	19.1		132.6	
		Z	4.83	66.5	19.1		146.0	****
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.91	66.3	19.7	5.72	131.7	±1.4 %
		Υ	4.82	66.0	19.2		138.4	
10100		Z	4.86	66.7	19.7		145.7	
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.04	69.1	21.7	8.10	140.9	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.62	67.9	20.8		125.2	
10225-	LIMTS FDD (HODA)	Z	9.74	68.6	21.3		133.3	
CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Х	7.01	67.1	19.6	5.97	143.7	±1.4 %
		Y	6.78	66.2	19.0		129.3	
10237-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz,	Z	6.80	66.7	19.3		136.5	
CAB	QPSK)	Х	8.55	78.0	27.9	9.21	134.6	±3.0 %
		_ <u>Y</u>	7.79	75.6	26.3		141.6	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Z X	7.89 9.30	76.9 74.8	27.4 26.1	9.24	145.2 134.8	±3.3 %
		Y	8.65	72.5	24.5		136.4	
**********		z	8.33	72.3	24.5		126.6	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.20	76.2	24.8 26.8	9.30	144.8	±3.3 %
		Y	9.41	73.7	25.1		145.9	
		Z	9.18	73.9	25.6		138.6	

ES3DV2-SN:3022 August 26, 2015

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	X	4.45	66.7	18.9	3.96	147.0	±0.9 %
		Y	4.21	65.5	17.9		126.5	
40004		Z	4.36	66.5	18.5		148.0	<del> </del>
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.57	66.3	18.5	3.46	134.3	±0.7 %
		Y	3.48	65.6	17.8		136.8	
40000		Z	3.51	66.2	18.3		136.4	1
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.53	66.4	18.6	3.39	135.8	±0.7 %
		Y	3.45	65.8	17.9		140.4	
4000=		Z	3.50	66.5	18.5		137.0	<del> </del>
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.18	66.5	19.5	5.81	129.4	±1.4 %
		Y	6.15	66.3	19.1		133.6	1
40044		Z	6.13	66.5	19.3		131.2	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.77	67.2	19.9	6.06	134.8	±1.7 %
<del></del>		Y	6.81	67.3	19.7		144.8	
40400		Z	6.68	67.1	19.7	ļ	136.7	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.30	69.4	22.0	8.37	142.0	±2.5 %
		Υ	9.90	68.2	21.1		126.8	
40400		Z	10.15	69.3	21.9		142.6	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	4.72	68.1	18.9	3.76	147.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.56	67.5	18.2		133.6	
10101		Z	4.61	68.2	18.7		147.4	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.57	67.8	18.8	3.77	144.3	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.43	67.3	18.1		131.3	***************************************
40445		Z	4.57	68.3	18.8		145.0	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.64	67.9	18.7	1.54	142.1	±0.5 %
		Υ	2.36	65.4	16.8		130.3	·····
40440		Z	2.50	66.7	17.7		145.0	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.04	69.0	21.7	8.23	138.8	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.71	68.0	20.9		125.6	
		Z	9.94	69.0	21.6		140.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup>	Unc
		3,,,,,,	OUIIVI X	CONVE	CONVP Z	Alpna	(mm)	(k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.46	1.43	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.24	2.08	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.45	1.47	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.59	1.25	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.55	1.39	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.51	1,47	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.57	1.46	± 12.0 %

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm C}$  Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k≃2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.50	1.34	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.25	2.16	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.61	1.33	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.31	2.02	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.79	1.19	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.80	1.12	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.80	1.10	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

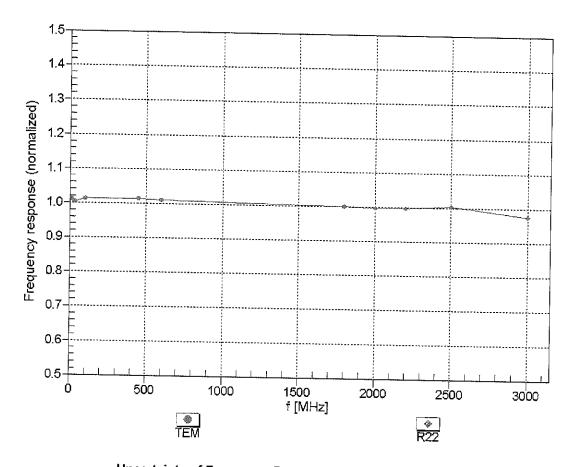
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

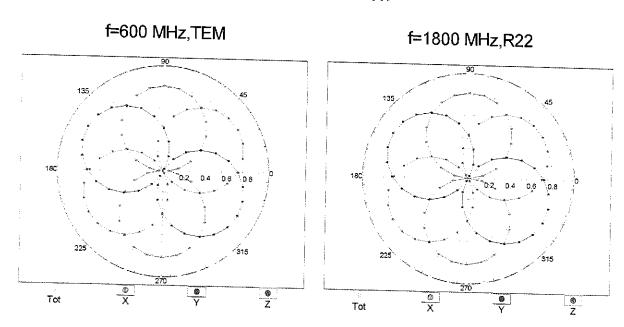
# Frequency Response of E-Field

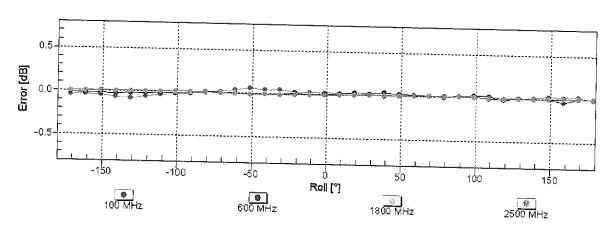
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm$  6.3% (k=2)

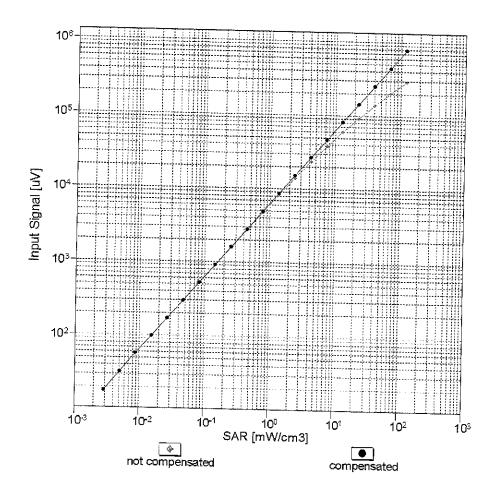
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

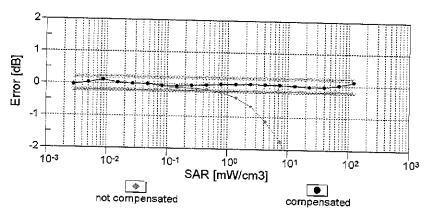




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

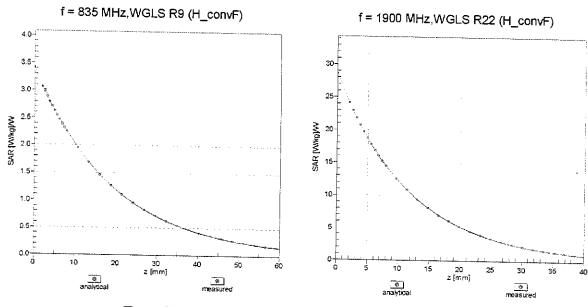
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



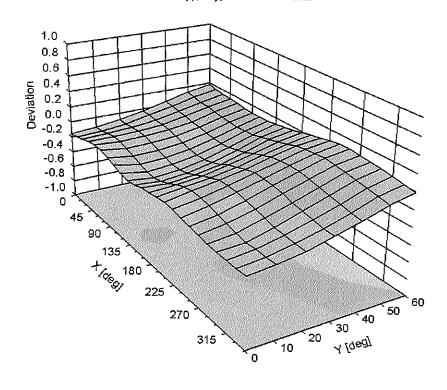


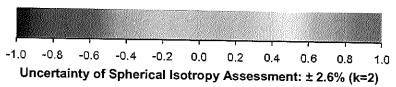
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\$\phi\$, \$\text{9}\$), f = 900 MHz





# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3022

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	98.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	disabled
Probe Body Diameter	337 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

### APPENDIX D: SAR TISSUE SPECIFICATIONS

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the tissue. The tissue was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity  $\epsilon$  can be calculated from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{\left[\ln(b/a)\right]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_{0}\varepsilon_{r}'\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where *Y* is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + {\rho'}^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .

Table D-I
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	750	750	835	835	1750	1750	1900	1900	2450-2600	2450-2600
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)										
Bactericide			0.1	0.1						
DGBE					47	31	44.92	29.44		26.7
HEC	See page	Caa maaa 2	1	1					Coomooo 1	
NaCl	2-3	See page 2	1.45	0.94	0.4	0.2	0.18	0.39	See page 4	0.1
Sucrose			57	44.9						
Water			40.45	53.06	52.6	68.8	54.9	70.17		73.2

FCC ID: ZNFLS775	PCTEST'	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	<b>(</b> LG	Reviewed by:  Quality Manager
Test Dates: 01/12/16 -01/19/16	DUT Type: Portable Handset			APPENDIX D: Page 1 of 4

#### 2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

H<sub>2</sub>O

Water, 35 – 58% Sugar, white, refined, 40 – 60% Sucrose Sodium Chloride, 0 - 6% NaCl

Hydroxyethyl-cellulose Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), <0.3%

Preventol-D7 Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing

5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone,

0.1 - 0.7%

Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet\*.

#### Figure D-1 Composition of 750 MHz Head and Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

Note: 750MHz liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

#### Measurement Certificate / Material Test

Item Name	Body Tissue Simulating Liquid (MSL750V2)		
Product No.	SL AAM 075 AA (Charge: 150223-3)		
Manufacturer	SPEAG		

#### Measurement Method

TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe.

#### Setup Validation

Validation results were within ± 2.5% towards the target values of Methanol.

#### **Target Parameters**

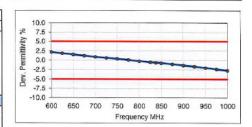
Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

Test condition	
Ambient	Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
TSL Temperature	22°C
Test Date	25-Feb-15
Operator	IEN

#### Additional Information

TSL Density 1.212 g/cm<sup>3</sup> TSL Heat-capacity 3.006 kJ/(kg\*K)

	Measu	ired		Targe	t	Diff.to T	arget [%]
f [MHz]	HP-e'	HP-e"	sigma	eps	sigma	∆-eps	∆-sigma
600	57.3	24.76	0.83	56.1	0.95	2.2	-13.2
625	57.1	24.43	0.85	56.0	0.95	1.8	-11.0
650	56.8	24.09	0.87	55.9	0.96	1.5	-8.8
675	56.5	23.80	0.89	55.8	0.96	1.2	-6.7
700	56.2	23.51	0.92	55.7	0.96	0.9	-4.6
725	56.0	23.28	0.94	55.6	0.96	0.6	-2.4
750	55.7	23.06	0.96	55.5	0.96	0.4	-0.1
775	55.5	22.87	0.99	55.4	0.97	0.1	2.1
800	55.2	22.68	1.01	55.3	0.97	-0.2	4.4
825	55.0	22.52	1.03	55.2	0.98	-0.5	5.7
838	54.9	22.44	1.05	55.2	0.98	-0.6	6.3
850	54.8	22.36	1.06	55.2	0.99	-0.7	7.0
875	54.5	22.24	1.08	55.1	1.02	-1.0	6.2
900	54.3	22.12	1.11	55.0	1.05	-1.3	5.5
925	54.1	22.01	1.13	55.0	1.06	-1.6	6.5
950	53.9	21.89	1.16	54.9	1.08	-2.0	7.6
975	53.6	21.81	1.18	54.9	1.09	-2.3	8.8
1000	53.4	21.73	1.21	54.8	1.10	-2.7	10.1



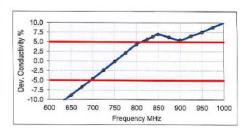


Figure D-2 750MHz Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

FCC ID: ZNFLS775	PCTEST*	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by:  Quality Manager
Test Dates: 01/12/16 -01/19/16	<b>DUT Type:</b> Portable Handset			APPENDIX D: Page 2 of 4

#### Measurement Certificate / Material Test

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL750V2) Item Name

Product No. SL AAH 075 AA (Charge: 150213-1)

Manufacturer SPEAG

#### Measurement Method

TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe.

#### Setup Validation

Validation results were within ± 2.5% towards the target values of Methanol.

#### **Target Parameters**

Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

#### **Test Condition**

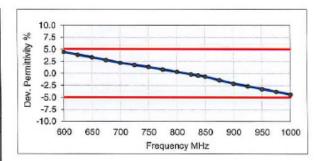
Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Ambient

TSL Temperature 22°C Test Date 18-Feb-15 Operator IEN

#### Additional Information

TSL Density 1.284 g/cm3 TSL Heat-capacity 2.701 kJ/(kg\*K)

	Measu	ired		Targe	t Diff.to Target		arget [%]
f [MHz]	HP-e'	HP-e"	sigma	eps	sigma	∆-eps	∆-sigma
600	44.6	22.42	0.75	42.7	0.88	4.5	-15.1
625	44.3	22.20	0.77	42.6	0.88	3.9	-12.7
650	43.9	21.98	0.79	42.5	0.89	3.3	-10.3
675	43.5	21.75	0.82	42.3	0.89	2.8	-8.0
700	43.1	21.53	0.84	42.2	0.89	2.2	-5.7
725	42.8	21.38	0.86	42.1	0.89	1.8	-3.3
750	42.5	21.22	0.89	41.9	0.89	1.3	-0.9
775	42.2	21.06	0.91	41.8	0.90	0.8	1.4
800	41.8	20.90	0.93	41.7	0.90	0.3	3.7
825	41.5	20.77	0.95	41.6	0.91	-0.2	5.1
838	41.4	20.71	0.96	41.5	0.91	-0.4	5.8
850	41.2	20.65	0.98	41.5	0.92	-0.7	6.6
875	40.9	20.53	1.00	41.5	0.94	-1.4	6.0
900	40.6	20.42	1.02	41.5	0.97	-2.1	5.4
925	40.4	20.32	1.05	41.5	0.98	-2.6	6.5
950	40.1	20.22	1.07	41.4	0.99	-3.2	7.5
975	39.8	20.14	1.09	41.4	1.00	-3.8	8.7
1000	39.5	20.05	1.12	41.3	1.01	-4.3	9.9



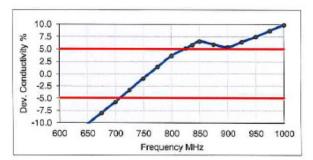


Figure D-3 750MHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

FCC ID: ZNFLS775	PCTEST*	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by:  Quality Manager
Test Dates: 01/12/16 -01/19/16	DUT Type: Portable Handset			APPENDIX D: Page 3 of 4
16 PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, I	nc.	·	•	REV 17.0 M

#### 2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

H2O Water, 52 – 75%

C8H18O3 Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48%

(CAS-No. 112-34-5, EC-No. 203-961-6, EC-index-No. 603-096-00-8)

Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet\*.

NaCl Sodium Chloride, <1.0%

Figure D-4

#### Composition of 2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

**Note:** 2.4 GHz head liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

#### Measurement Certificate / Material Test Item Name Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL2450V2) Product No. SL AAH 245 BA (Charge: 150206-3) Manufacturer SPEAG TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe. Validation results were within $\pm 2.5\%$ towards the target values of Methanol. Target Parameters Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards. **Test Condition** Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. TSL Temperature 23°C 11-Feb-15 Test Date Operator IEN Additional Information TSL Density 0.988 a/cm TSL Heat-capacity 3.680 kJ/(kg\*K) | Measured | Target | Diff.to Target [%] | f [MHz] | HP-e' | HP-e' | sigma | eps | sigma | Δ-eps | Δ-sigma | Diff.to Target [%] 7.5 5.0 11.89 -10.2 1925 40.3 11.98 1.28 40.0 1.40 -8.3 2.5 1950 40.2 12.07 1.31 40.0 1.40 0.4 -6.4 1975 40.1 12.15 1.34 40.0 0.2 -4.6 -2.5 -5.0 -7.5 2000 40.0 12.23 1.36 40.0 1.40 -0.1 -2.8 Dev. 2025 39.9 12.32 1.39 40.0 1.42 -0.2 -2.4 39.9 -10.01.44 -2.0 -0.3 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2075 39.7 12.50 1 44 39.9 1.47 -1.6 Frequency MHz 2100 39.6 12.59 1.47 39.8 1.49 -0.5 -1.2 39.5 12.66 1.50 39.8 1.51 -0.7 -0.9 2150 39.4 12.73 1.52 39.7 1.53 -0.7 2175 39.3 12.83 1.55 39.7 1.56 -0.9 -0.2 7.5 5.0 2200 39.6 39.2 12.92 1.58 1.58 -1.1 Conductivity % 0.2 2225 39.1 13.00 1.61 39.6 1.60 2.5 2250 39.0 13.08 1.64 39.6 1.62 -1.3 0.9 2275 39.5 1.4 -2.5 2300 38.8 13.26 1.70 39.5 1.67 1.8 Dev 2325 38.7 13.34 1.73 39.4 1,69 2.2 1.75 38.6 13.42 39.4 1.71 -2.0 2.5 2375 38.5 13.50 1.78 39.3 1.73 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2400 38.4 13.58 1.81 39.3 1.76 -2.3 3.3 Frequency MHz 38.3 13.65 1.84 1.78 39.2 2450 38.2 13.73 1.87 -2.6 2475 38.1 13.80 1.90 39.2 1.83 4.0 2500 38.0 13.87 1.93 39.1 1.85 -3.0 4.0 37.9 13.90 39.1 1.88 3.8 2550 37.8 13.93 1.98 39.1 1.91 -3.2 3.5 2575 2.01 14.05 39.0 1.94 37.6 14.17 2.05 39.0 1.96 4.4 2625 37.4 14.23 2.08 39.0 1.99 4.4 4.4 37.3 14.29 2.11 38.9 2.02 2675 37.2 14.37 2.14 38.9 2.05 2700 37.1 14,45 2.17 38.9

Figure D-5
2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

FCC ID: ZNFLS775	PCTEST	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	<b>(</b> LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Test Dates: 01/12/16 -01/19/16	<b>DUT Type:</b> Portable Handset			APPENDIX D: Page 4 of 4

#### APPENDIX E: SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table E-I SAR System Validation Summary

SAR	FREQ.	PROBE PROBE				COND.	PERM.	CW VALIDATION			MOD. VALIDATION			
SYSTEM #	SYSTEM [MHz] D	DATE	SN	TYPE	PROBE CAL. POINT		(σ)	(Er)	SENSITIVITY	PROBE LINEARITY	PROBE ISOTROPY	MOD. TYPE	DUTY FACTOR	PAR
K	750	9/17/2015	3022	ES3DV2	750	Head	0.894	42.461	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
G	835	11/28/2015	3334	ES3DV3	835	Head	0.923	41.629	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
Н	1750	7/15/2015	3263	ES3DV3	1750	Head	1.348	39.219	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
G	1900	11/27/2015	3334	ES3DV3	1900	Head	1.448	38.541	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
E	2450	9/15/2015	3351	ES3DV3	2450	Head	1.871	38.712	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
E	2600	9/15/2015	3351	ES3DV3	2600	Head	2.040	38.138	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
G	750	12/3/2015	3334	ES3DV3	750	Body	0.994	55.948	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
Н	835	7/22/2015	3263	ES3DV3	835	Body	0.992	53.114	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
K	1750	9/13/2015	3022	ES3DV2	1750	Body	1.491	52.532	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
1	1900	11/4/2015	3333	ES3DV3	1900	Body	1.579	51.524	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
J	2450	4/28/2015	3319	ES3DV3	2450	Body	1.962	51.310	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
J	2600	12/1/2015	3319	ES3DV3	2600	Body	2.254	50.430	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04.

FCC ID: ZNFLS775	PCTEST	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Test Dates: 01/12/16 -01/19/16	<b>DUT Type:</b> Portable Handset			APPENDIX E: Page 1 of 1