

TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247 FCC ID : ZNFLGL25

Equipment Under Test	:	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Smart Phone
Model Name	:	LGL25
Applicant	:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Manufacturer	:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Date of Test(s)	:	2014.09.19 ~ 2014.10.25
Date of Issue	:	2014.10.31

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:

Date:

2014.10.31

Youngmin Park

Approved By:

Hyunchae You

Date:

2014.10.31



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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

-Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 435-837 All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <u>http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</u>.

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1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant	:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Address	:	10101 Old Grove Road, San Diego, CA 92131
Contact Person	:	An, Hee-Ju
Phone No.	:	+82 2 2033 1103

1.3. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Smart Phone
Model Name	LGL25
Power Supply	DC 3.8 V
Frequency Range	2 412 Mb ~ 2 462 Mb (11b/g/n_HT20)
Modulation Technique	DSSS, OFDM
Number of Channels	11 channels (11b/g/n_HT20)
Antenna Type	Internal type (SISO)
Antenna Gain	2 412 Miz ~ 2 462 Miz : 0.09 dB i



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1.4. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY53120526	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100768	Mar. 27, 2014	Annual	Mar. 27, 2015
Attenuator	MCLI	FAS-12-10	1	Jun. 20, 2014	Annual	Jun. 20, 2015
Attenuator	AEROFLEX / INMET	18N-20 dB	2	Mar. 18, 2014	Annual	Mar. 18, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-6SS	4	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Mar. 21, 2014	Annual	Mar. 21, 2015
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Mar. 19, 2014	Annual	Mar. 19, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2014	Annual	Aug. 27, 2015
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU 18	10117	Jan. 14, 2014	Annual	Jan. 14, 2015
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	Apr. 28, 2014	Annual	Apr. 28, 2015
Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	VULB9163	396	Jun. 07, 2013	Biennial	Jun. 07, 2015
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Jul. 09, 2013	Biennial	Jul. 09, 2015
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200 S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 04, 2014	Annual	Mar. 04, 2015
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Jan. 24, 2014	Annual	Jan. 24, 2015
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	Jan. 02, 2014	Annual	Jan. 02, 2015
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Shield Room	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.

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1.5. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part15 Subpart C §15.247						
Standard section	Test Item(s)	Result				
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied				
15.247(a)(2)	(2) 6 dB Bandwidth					
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Complied				
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Complied				
15.207	Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied				

1.6. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (ANSI C63.4-2003) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 v03r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

1.7. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.7.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Attenuator (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.7.2. Radiation test

Field strength level (dBµV/m) = Measured level (dBµV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - amplifier (dB)

1.8. Test report revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description	
0	F690501/RF-RTL008130	2014.10.31	Initial	



1.9. Duty Cycle of EUT

Regarding to KDB558074 v03r02, 6.0, the maximum duty cycles of all modes were investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value, Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

Mode		Data Rate						
11b	1	2	5.5	11				
Duty Cycle (%)	100	98	96	93	-	-	-	-
Correction factor (dB)	0.00	0.09	0.18	0.32	-	-	-	-
11g	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
Duty Cycle (%)	94	92	88	85	84	76	70	71
Correction factor (dB)	0.27	0.36	0.56	0.71	0.76	1.19	1.55	1.49
11n_HT20	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Duty Cycle (%)	94	90	86	81	77	69	67	65
Correction factor (dB)	0.27	0.46	0.66	0.92	1.14	1.61	1.74	1.87

Remark:

- 1. As measured duty cycles of EUT, all of mode and data rate keep constant period and are converted to log scale (power averaging) to compensate correction factor to result of average test items.
- 2. Duty cycle (%) = (Tx on time / Tx on + off time) x 100
- 3. Correction factor (dB) = 10 log (1/duty cycle)

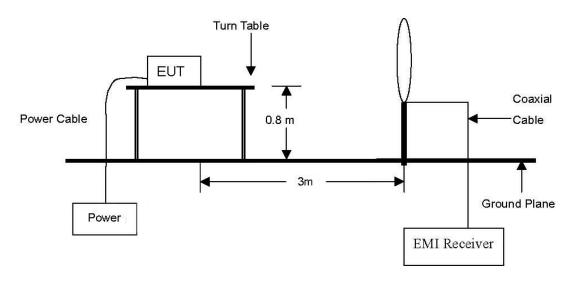


2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

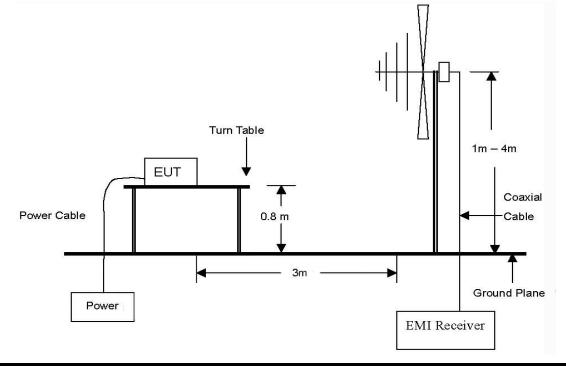
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 $\,\rm klz$ to 30 $\,\rm Mz\,$ Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ Emissions.



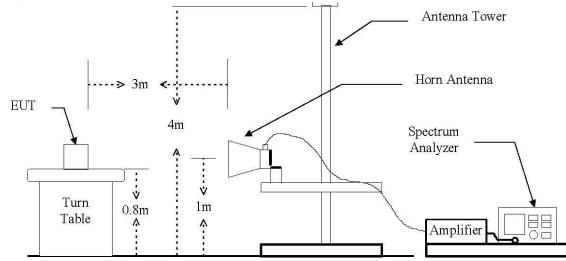
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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 \mathbb{G} to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 \mathbb{G} , whichever is lower.



2.1.1.1. Actual equipment used for Radiated Spurious Emissions

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY53120526	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 04, 2014	Annual	Mar. 04, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-6SS	4	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Mar. 21, 2014	Annual	Mar. 21, 2015
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2014	Annual	Aug. 27, 2015
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU 18	10117	Jan. 14, 2014	Annual	Jan. 14, 2015
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	Apr. 28, 2014	Annual	Apr. 28, 2015
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	VULB9163	396	Jun. 07, 2013	Biennial	Jun. 07, 2015
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Jul. 09, 2013	Biennial	Jul. 09, 2015
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200 S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.



2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emission

EUT.	Attenuator	Spectrum Analyzer
EUT	(18N-20 dB)	(N9030A)

2.1.2.1. Actual equipment used for Conducted Spurious Emissions

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY53120526	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Attenuator	AEROFLEX / INMET	18N-20 dB	2	Mar. 18, 2014	Annual	Mar. 18, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014

2.2. Limit

According to \$15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement , provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section \$15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section \$15.209(a) (see section \$15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (账)	Distance (Meters)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µN/m)
0.009 – 0.490	300	20 log (2 400/F(klz))	2 400/F(kHz)
0.490 – 1.705	30	20 log (24 000/F(klz))	24 000/F(kHz)
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.54	30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500



2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.0 & 12.0 of KDB 558074_v03r02 and ANSI C63.4 2003.

2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



NOTE;

All data rates and modes were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

1. Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands

- The Reference Level Measurement refer to section 11.2

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, SPAN \ge 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth, the RBW = 100 kHz and VBW \ge 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold

- Unwanted Emissions Level Measurement refer to section 11.3 Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 kHz and VBW \geq 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak, Ensure that the number of measurement points \geq span/RBW, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold

2. Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- Peak Power measurement procedure refer to section 12.2.4

Set RBW = as specified in Table 1, VBW \ge 3 x RBW, SPAN \ge RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold

Frequency	RBW
9–150 kHz	200 – 300 Hz
0.15 – 30 Mlz	9 – 10 kHz
30 – 1 000 MHz	100 – 120 k⊞z
> 1 000 M批	1 MHz

Table 1- RBW as a function of frequency

-Average Power measurements procedure refer to section 12.2.5.2

The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

Set RBW = 1 Mt, VBW \ge 3 x RBW, Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) \le (RBW/2).

Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied then the detector mode shall be set to peak,

Averaging type = power(i.e., RMS).

As an alternative the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used. Sweep time = auto, Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle.

To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT is manipulated through three orthogonal planes.
 Definition of DUT three orthogonal planes were described in the test setup photo.
 Worst orthogonal plan of EUT is <u>Z – axis</u> during radiation test.

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2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

All data rates and modes were investigated for conducted spurious emissions. Only the conducted emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

Per the guidance of KDB 558074 v03r02, section 11.1 & 11.2, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 kHz. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 2.4.3. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20 dB or 30 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth.

- 1. Conducted Emissions at Band Edge
- The Measurement refer to section 11.3

Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 kHz and VBW \geq 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, Ensure that the number of measurement points \geq span/RBW, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

- 2. Conducted Spurious Emissions
 - The Measurement refer to section 11.3 Start frequency was set to 30 Mb and stop frequency was set to 26.5 GHz (separated into two plots per channel), RBW = 1 Mb, VBW = 3 Mb Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.
 - RBW was set to 1 Mb rather than 100 kb in order to increase the measurement speed.
 - The display line shown in section 2.4 plots denotes the limit at 20 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth. However, since the traces in the plots are measured with a 1 MHz RBW, the display line may not necessarily appear to be 20 dB below the level of the fundamental in a 1 MHz bandwidth.
 - For plots showing conducted spurious emissions near the limits, the frequencies were investigated with a reduced RBW to ensure that no emissions were present.
- 3. Correction factor
 - For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as correction factor. The reading values shown in plots were final result.



2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission

The frequency spectrum from 9 klb to 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are applied for peak values per frequency band.

Radia	ated Emissio	ons	Ant.	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC L	imit
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dB ₄ N)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
49.32	37.83	Peak	Н	10.06	-26.99	20.90	40.00	19.10
102.14	32.76	Peak	н	13.90	-26.36	20.30	43.50	23.20
260.82	32.97	Peak	V	14.24	-24.91	22.30	46.00	23.70
496.49	32.40	Peak	V	18.47	-25.07	25.80	46.00	20.20
741.62	33.24	Peak	V	21.26	-24.20	30.30	46.00	15.70
967.42	34.22	Peak	V	22.75	-22.67	34.30	54.00	19.70

Remark:

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 GHz.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in <u>11b / 6 Mbps / Low channel</u> as worst case among other modes.
- 3. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below (Actual = Reading + Antenna Factor + Amp + CL)



2.4.2. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated.

DSSS : 802.11b (1 Mbps)

Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	ction Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	mit	
Frequency (账)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 390.00	23.46	Peak	н	28.08	6.47	-	58.01	74.00	15.99
*2 390.00	14.73	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	0.00	49.28	54.00	4.72

Radi	Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	imit
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 824.19	48.43	Peak	Н	33.02	-34.27	-	47.18	74.00	26.82
*4 824.19	45.19	Average	Н	33.02	-34.27	0.00	43.94	54.00	10.06
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 437 Mz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC L	imit
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 874.11	47.58	Peak	Н	33.08	-33.74	-	46.92	74.00	27.08
*4 874.11	43.71	Average	н	33.08	-33.74	0.00	43.05	54.00	10.95
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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High Channel (2 462 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	imit	
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	24.87	Peak	н	28.17	6.65	-	59.69	74.00	14.31
*2 483.50	16.04	Average	н	28.17	6.65	0.00	50.86	54.00	3.14

Radi	Radiated Emissions			Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC L	imit
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 923.99	45.39	Peak	Н	33.13	-33.61	-	44.91	74.00	29.09
*4 923.99	39.74	Average	Н	33.13	-33.61	0.00	39.26	54.00	14.74
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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OFDM : 802.11g(6 Mbps)

Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	mit	
Frequency (胍)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 390.00	25.02	Peak	н	28.08	6.47	-	59.57	74.00	14.43
*2 390.00	15.56	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	0.27	50.38	54.00	3.62

Radi	Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	imit
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 824.40	42.42	Peak	н	33.02	-34.27	-	41.17	74.00	32.83
*4 824.40	32.46	Average	н	33.02	-34.27	0.27	31.48	54.00	22.52
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 437 Mz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Correction Factors			Total	FCC L	imit
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 874.24	41.01	Peak	н	33.08	-33.73	-	40.36	74.00	33.64
*4 874.24	31.03	Average	н	33.08	-33.73	0.27	30.65	54.00	23.35
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Page: 17 of 63

High Channel (2 462 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	28.68	Peak	н	28.17	6.65	-	63.50	74.00	10.50
*2 483.50	15.70	Average	Н	28.17	6.65	0.27	50.79	54.00	3.21

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (账)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 926.80	39.17	Peak	н	33.14	-33.65	-	38.66	74.00	35.34
*4 926.80	29.72	Average	н	33.14	-33.65	0.27	29.48	54.00	24.52
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



OFDM : 802.11n_HT20(MCS0)

Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 390.00	23.72	Peak	н	28.08	6.47	-	58.27	74.00	15.73
*2 390.00	15.44	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	0.27	50.26	54.00	3.74

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 830.00	41.44	Peak	Н	33.02	-34.32	-	40.14	74.00	33.86
*4 830.00	31.35	Average	Н	33.02	-34.32	0.27	30.32	54.00	23.68
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 437 Mz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (雕)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 877.80	40.51	Peak	н	33.08	-33.71	-	39.88	74.00	34.12
*4 877.80	30.55	Average	н	33.08	-33.71	0.27	30.19	54.00	23.81
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Page: 19 of 63

High Channel (2 462 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	26.33	Peak	н	28.17	6.65	-	61.15	74.00	12.85
*2 483.50	15.50	Average	н	28.17	6.65	0.27	50.59	54.00	3.41

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (胚)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 925.40	39.62	Peak	Н	33.13	-33.61	-	39.14	74.00	34.86
*4 925.40	29.88	Average	Н	33.13	-33.61	0.27	29.67	54.00	24.33
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



2.4.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission DSSS : 802.11b(1 Mbps)

Low Channel

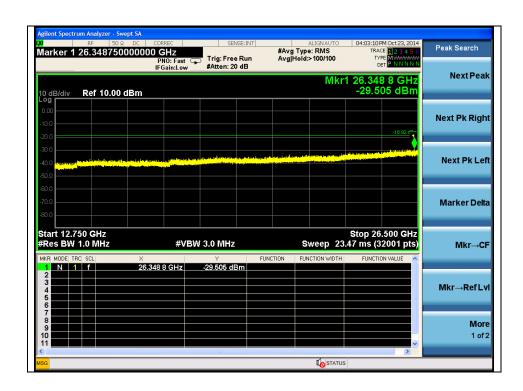


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 A4(210 mm × 297 mm)



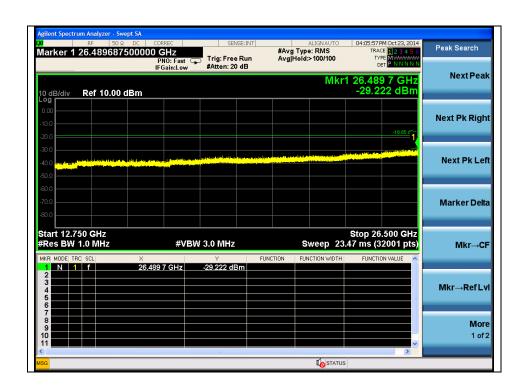




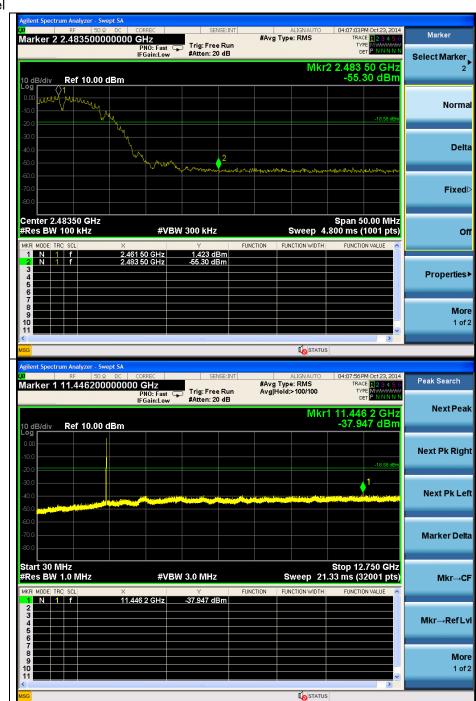
Middle Channel





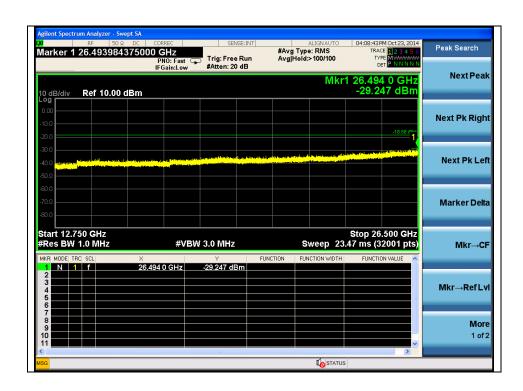






High Channel





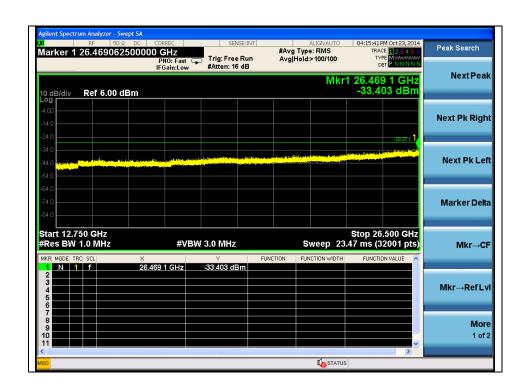


OFDM : 802.11g(6 Mbps)

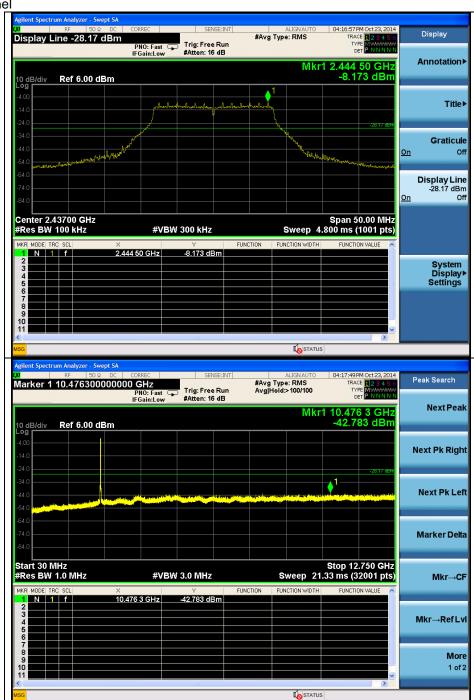
Low Channel





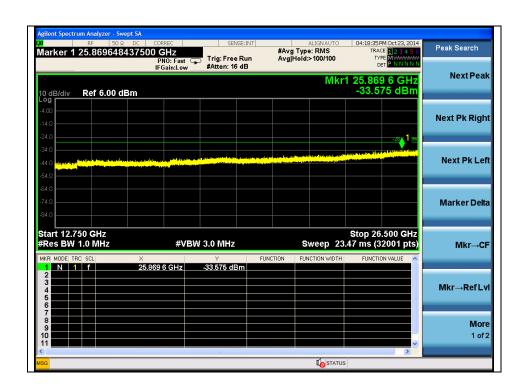






Middle Channel

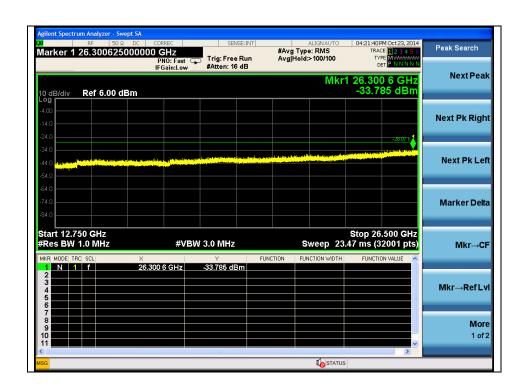






High Channel RE SO DC CURREN Rarker 2 2.483500000000 GHz PN0: Fast IFGain:Low #Atten: 16 dB 04:19:55 PM Oct 23, 2014 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE MWWWWM DET P NNNNN Marker #Avg Type: RMS Select Marker Mkr2 2.483 50 GHz -56.67 dBm Ref 6.00 dBm \Diamond Normal Delta **Fixed** Center 2.48350 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz Span 50.00 MHz Sweep 4.800 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 300 kHz Off 2.469 50 GHz 2.483 50 GHz -8.065 dBm -56.67 dBm 1 f 1 f N N **Properties** More 1 of 2 **I**STATUS Peak Search #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold:>100/100 Marker 1 11.268915000000 GHz Trig: Free Run #Atten: 16 dB PNO: Fast IFGain:Low Fast 🖵 Next Peak 11.268 9 GHz -42.992 dBm Mkr1 Ref 6.00 dBm Next Pk Right Next Pk Left Marker Delta Stop 12.750 GHz Sweep 21.33 ms (32001 pts) Start 30 MHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz #VBW 3.0 MHz Mkr→CF 11 268 9 GHz -42 992 dBr 1 F Mkr→RefLv More 1 of 2





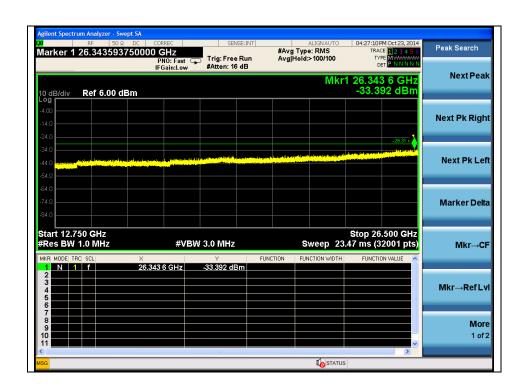


OFDM : 802.11n_HT20(MCS0)

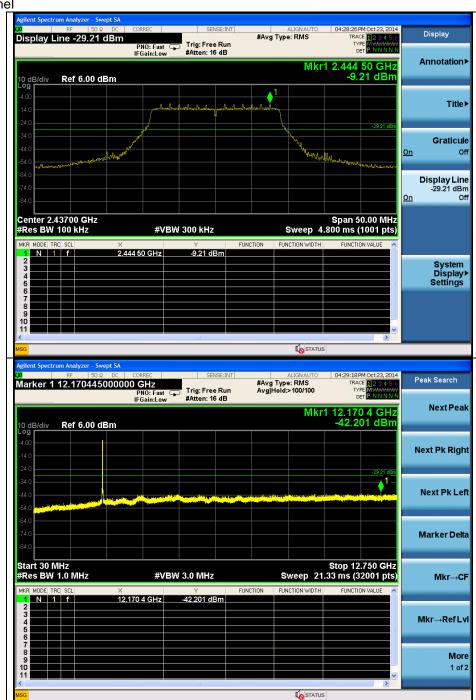
Low Channel





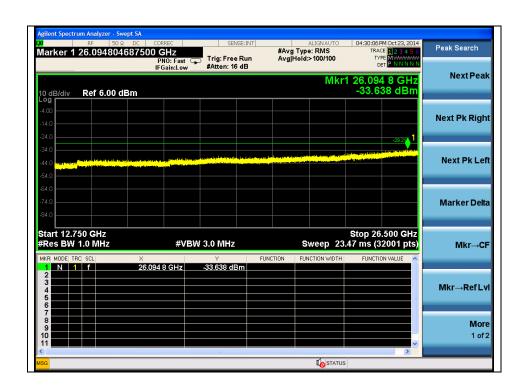




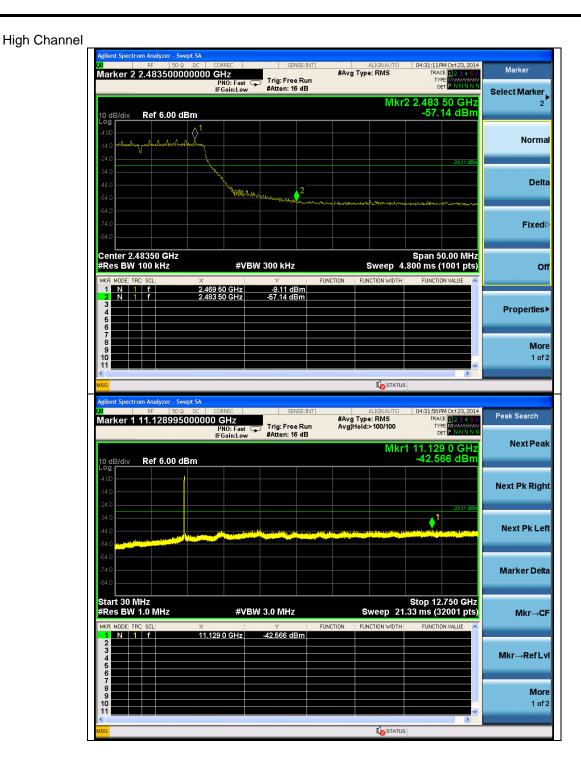


Middle Channel





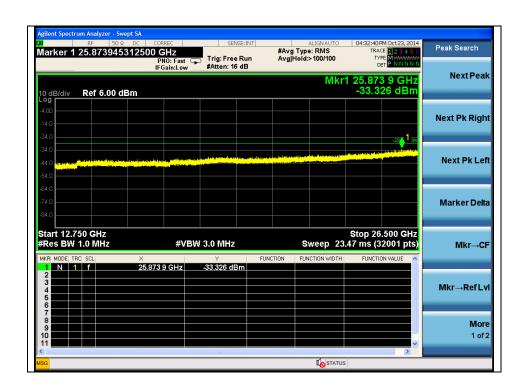




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3.6 dB Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup

EUT.	Attenuator	Spectrum Analyzer
EUT	(FAS-12-10)	(FSV30)

3.1.1. Actual equipment used for 6 dB Bandwidth measurement

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100768	Mar. 27, 2014	Annual	Mar. 27, 2015
Attenuator	MCLI	FAS-12-10	1	Jun. 20, 2014	Annual	Jun. 20, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014

3.2. Limit

According to 15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 ~928 Mz, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 Mz, and 5 725 ~ 5 825 Mz bands. The minimum of 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kz

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1.6 dB Bandwidth

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

The test follows section 8.0 DTS bandwidth of FCC KDB Publication 558074_{v03r02}

Tests performed using section 8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.

7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



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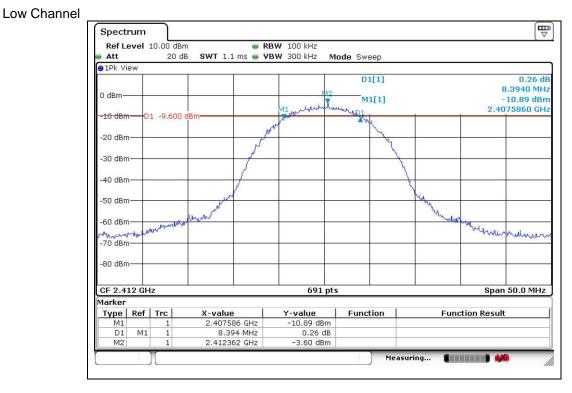
3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

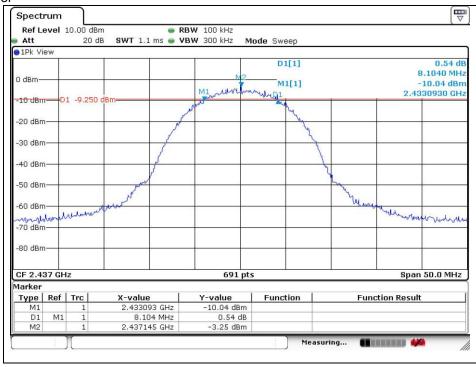
Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Ch.	Data Rate	6 dB Bandwidth (Mz)
	2 412	1	1	8.39
11b	2 437	6	1	8.10
	2 462	11	1	8.18
	2 412	1	6	16.50
11g	2 437	6	6	16.50
	2 462	11	6	16.50
	2 412	1	MCS0	17.73
11n_HT20	2 437	6	MCS0	17.73
	2 462	11	MCS0	17.73



6 dB Bandwidth DSSS : 802.11b



Middle Channel

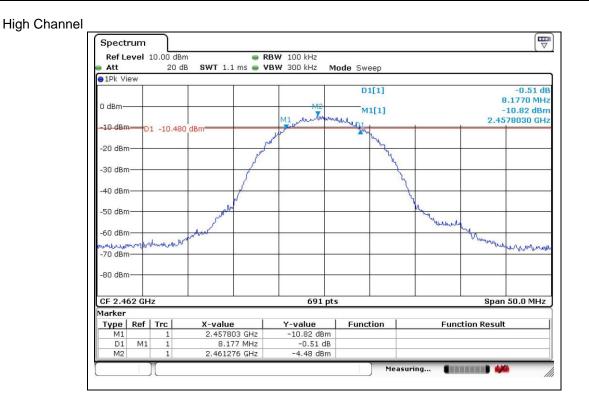


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<u>http://www.sgsgroup.kr</u> A4(210 mm × 297 mm)

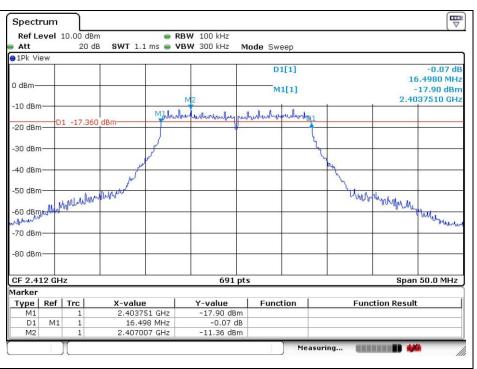




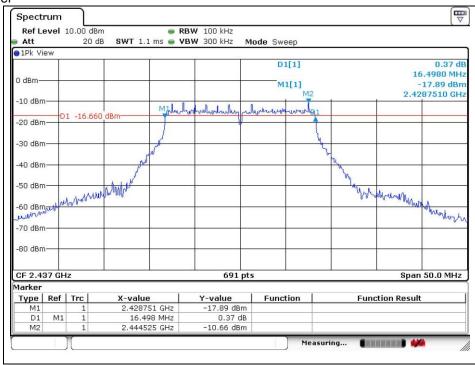


OFDM : 802.11g





Middle Channel

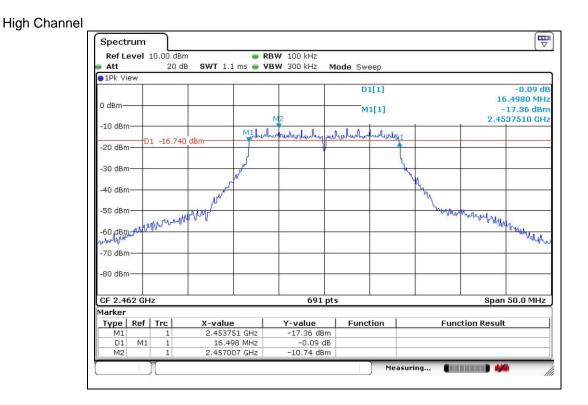


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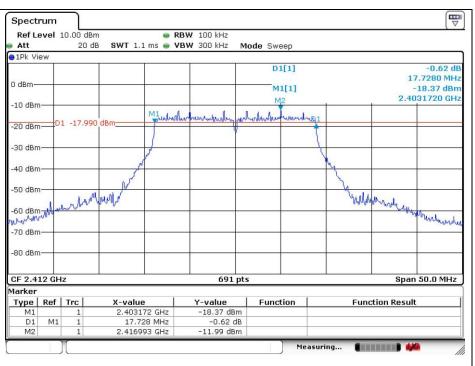




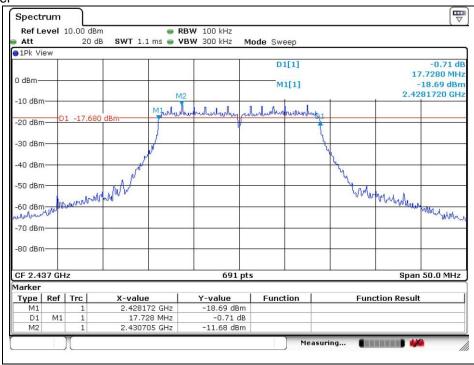


OFDM : 802.11n_HT20





Middle Channel

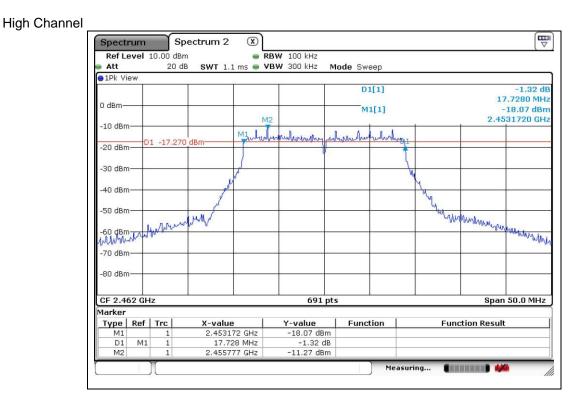


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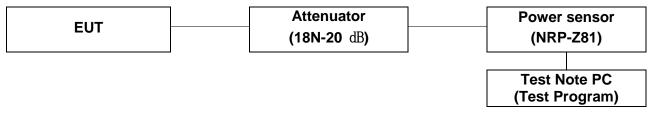






4. Maximum Conducted Output Power

4.1. Test Setup



4.1.1. Actual equipment used for Maximum Conducted Output Power

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date		Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Mar. 19, 2014	Annual	Mar. 19, 2015
Attenuator	AEROFLEX / INMET	18N-20 dB	2	Mar. 18, 2014	Annual	Mar. 18, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014

4.2. Limit

According to \$15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902 ~ 928 Mb, 2 400 ~2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 Mb band: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antenna elements. The average must not include any intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to \$15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph(b) of this section is based on the use of antenna with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph(c) of this section, if transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



4.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

The test follows section 9.1.2 & 9.2.3.1 of FCC KDB Publication 558074 v03r02

- Peak power meter method

-The maximum peak conducted output power can be measured using a broad band peak RF power meter. The power meter must have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast, average-responding diode type detector.

- Average power meter method

- Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, of to transmit with a constant duty factor.

2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0 of KDB 558074 v03r02.

Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

Adjust the measurement in dB m by adding 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the broadband power meter and power sensor. The power sensor employs a VBW = 30 Mb which is greater than the DTS bandwidth
- 3. Measure peak & average power each channel.



4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

- 11b

	F	Conducted Power (dB m) Data Rate [Mbps]						
Power	Frequency (Mbz)							
	(//////	1	2	5.5	11			
Peak		18.00	18.11	18.20	18.21			
Mea. Average	2 412	15.22	15.20	15.17	15.11			
Result		15.22	15.29	15.35	15.43			
Peak		18.04	18.07	18.11	18.19			
Mea. Average	2 437	15.20	15.18	15.14	15.12			
Result		15.20	15.27	15.32	15.44			
Peak		18.39	18.41	18.47	18.56			
Mea. Average	2 462	15.51	15.49	15.46	15.41			
Result		15.51	15.58	15.64	15.73			

Mode	Duty cycle							
woue	Data Rate [Mbps]							
11b	1	5.5	11					
Duty Cycle (%)	100	98	96	93				
Correction factor (dB)	0.00	0.09	0.18	0.32				

Remark:

1. Result (dB m) = Average (dB m) + Correction factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle (%) = (Tx on time / (Tx on + off time)) x 100

3. Correction factor (dB) = $10 \log (1/duty cycle)$

- 11g

	F		Conducted Power (dB m)								
Power	Frequency (MBz)		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	(MIZ)	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54		
Peak		18.88	18.94	18.87	18.96	19.21	19.24	19.17	18.85		
Mea. Average	2 412	8.55	8.47	8.28	8.14	8.10	7.71	7.38	7.40		
Result		8.82	8.83	8.84	8.85	8.86	8.90	8.93	8.89		
Peak		18.90	18.87	18.69	19.24	19.18	19.23	19.21	18.98		
Mea. Average	2 437	8.57	8.50	8.32	8.20	8.17	7.78	7.45	7.39		
Result		8.84	8.86	8.88	8.91	8.93	8.97	9.00	8.88		
Peak		19.55	19.21	19.57	19.65	19.31	19.05	19.27	19.23		
Mea. Average	2 462	8.81	8.75	8.57	8.45	8.44	8.05	7.71	7.57		
Result		9.08	9.11	9.13	9.16	9.20	9.24	9.26	9.06		

Mode		Duty cycle								
wode	Data Rate [Mbps]									
11g	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 48								
Duty Cycle (%)	94	92	88	85	84	76	70	71		
Correction factor (dB)	0.27	0.36	0.56	0.71	0.76	1.19	1.55	1.49		

Remark:

1. Result (dB m) = Average (dB m) + Correction factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle (%) = (Tx on time / (Tx on + off time)) x 100

3. Correction factor (dB) = $10 \log (1/duty cycle)$

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- 11n_HT20

	-		Conducted Power (dB m)								
Power	Frequency (MED)		Data Rate [MCS]								
	(miz)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
Peak		18.14	18.05	18.21	18.34	18.09	18.05	17.99	17.90		
Mea. Average	2 412	7.48	7.30	7.14	6.96	6.80	6.35	6.24	6.13		
Result		7.75	7.76	7.80	7.88	7.94	7.96	7.98	8.00		
Peak		18.32	18.26	18.15	18.01	18.16	18.03	18.00	17.98		
Mea. Average	2 437	7.52	7.34	7.19	7.00	6.77	6.32	6.25	6.16		
Result	-	7.79	7.80	7.85	7.92	7.91	7.93	7.99	8.03		
Peak		18.78	18.74	18.69	18.66	18.61	18.62	18.57	18.53		
Mea. Average	2 462	7.72	7.58	7.41	7.18	6.99	6.57	6.46	6.35		
Result		7.99	8.04	8.07	8.10	8.13	8.18	8.20	8.22		

Mode				Duty	cycle			
Wode	Data Rate [MCS]							
11n_HT20	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Duty Cycle (%)	94	90	86	81	77	69	67	65
Correction factor (dB)	0.27	0.46	0.66	0.92	1.14	1.61	1.74	1.87

Remark:

- 1. Result (dB m) = Average (dB m) + Correction factor (dB)
- 2. Duty cycle (%) = (Tx on time / (Tx on + off time)) x 100
- 3. Correction factor (dB) = $10 \log (1/duty cycle)$



5. Power Spectral Density

5.1. Test Setup

EUT	Attenuator	Spectrum Analyzer
EUI	(FAS-12-10)	(FSV30)

5.1.1. Actual equipment used for Power Spectral Density measurement

Equipment	Manufacturer Model		S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100768	Mar. 27, 2014	Annual	Mar. 27, 2015
Attenuator	MCLI	FAS-12-10	1	Jun. 20, 2014	Annual	Jun. 20, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014

5.2. Limit

§15.247(e) For digitally modulated system, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dB m in any 3 kHz band any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

The measurement is recorded using the PK PSD measurement procedure in 10.2 of KDB 558074_v03r02.

- 1. Use this procedure when the maximum conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance. The EUT must be configured to transmit continuously at full power over the measurement duration.
- 2. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 3. Set the span to at least 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 4. Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz
- 5. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW
- 6. Detector = Peak
- 7. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 8. Trace mode = max hold.
- 9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 10. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 11. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 $\,\mathrm{klz}$) and repeat.



5.4. Test Results

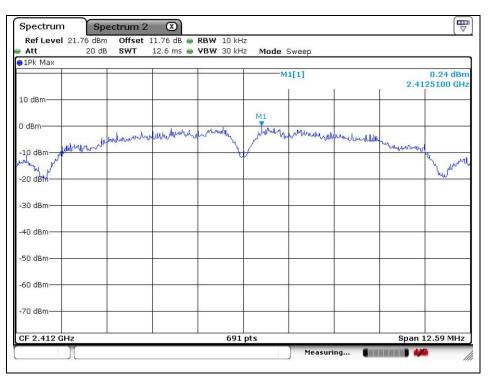
Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Ch.	Data Rate	Measured PSD (dB m)	PSD Limit (dB m / 3 kHz)
	2 412	1	1	0.24	8
11b	2 437	6	1	0.25	8
	2 462	11	1	0.48	8
	2 412	1	6	-10.80	8
11g	2 437	6	6	-11.38	8
	2 462	11	6	-11.50	8
	2 412	1	MCS0	-9.11	8
11n_HT20	2 437	6	MCS0	-11.63	8
	2 462	11	MCS0	-10.41	8

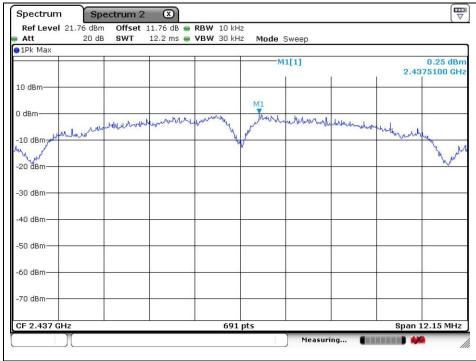


DSSS : 802.11b





Middle Channel

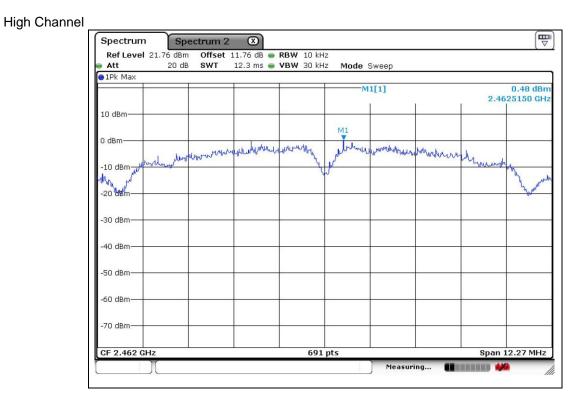


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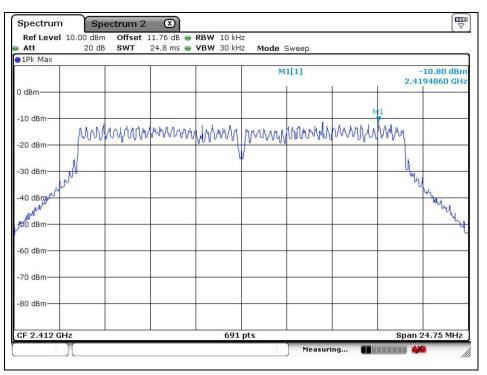




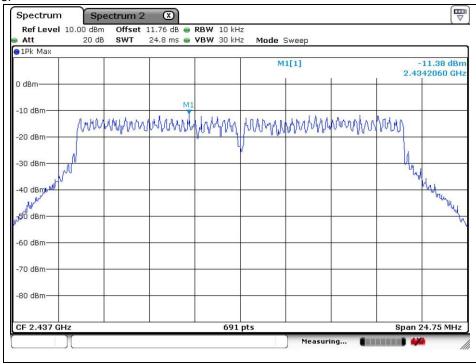


OFDM : 802.11g

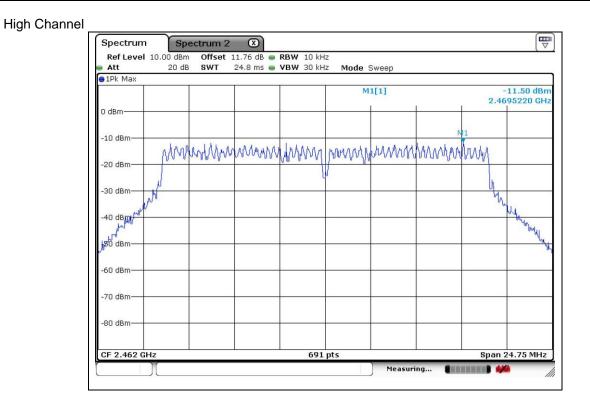




Middle Channel



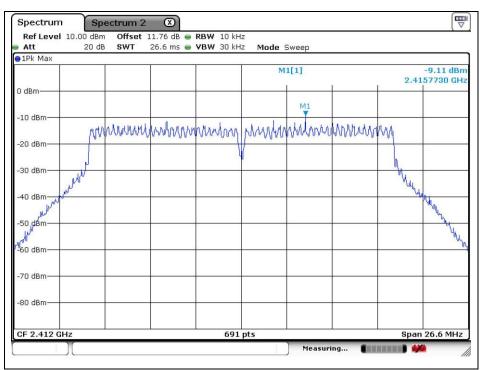




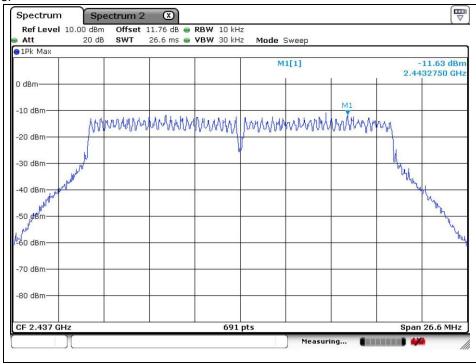


OFDM : 802.11n_HT20

Low Channel



Middle Channel

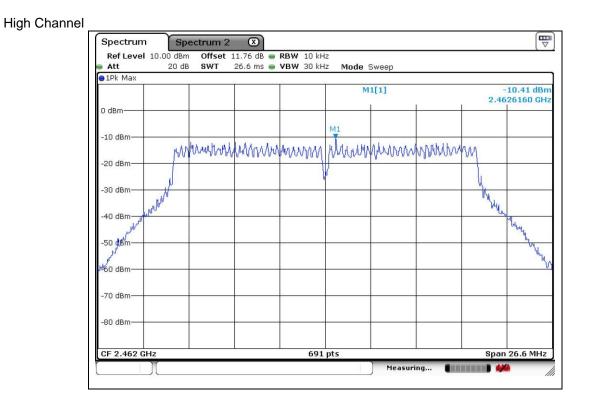


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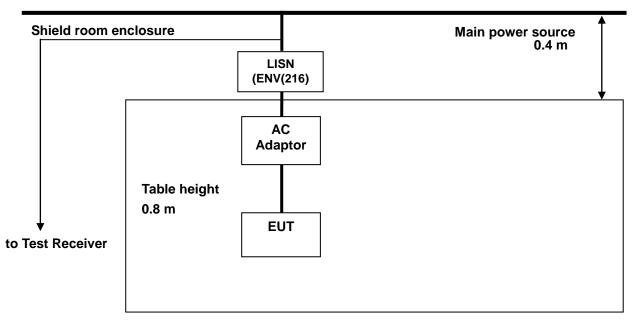






6. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

6.1. Test Setup



6.1.1. Actual equipment used for Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

Equipment	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Model		Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Jan. 24, 2014	Annual	Jan. 24, 2015
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	Jan. 02, 2014	Annual	Jan. 02, 2015
Shield Room	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.



6.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H /50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted limit (dBµN)			
Frequency of Emission (舢)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 - 5.00	56	46		
5.00 – 30.0	60	50		

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

6.3. Test Procedures

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

AC line conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4-2003

- The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.6 m × 3.6 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m(W)× 1.5 m(L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. All connecting cables of EUT were moved to find the maximum emission.



6.4. Test Results

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line

Ambient temperature	: (23 ± 1) °C
Relative humidity	: 47 % R.H.
Frequency range	: 0.15 MHz - 30 MHz
Measured Bandwidth	: 9 kHz

FREQ.	LEVEL	.(dB,4V)		LIMIT(dB,W)		MARGIN(dB)	
(MHz)	Q-Peak	Average	LINE	Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
1.07	39.50	34.10	Н	56.00	46.00	16.50	11.90
2.05	40.90	32.50	Н	56.00	46.00	15.10	13.50
3.40	40.80	28.50	Н	56.00	46.00	15.20	17.50
6.40	39.00	28.10	Н	60.00	50.00	21.00	21.90
11.69	41.40	29.60	Н	60.00	50.00	18.60	20.40
18.53	34.80	22.70	Н	60.00	50.00	25.20	27.30
1.04	34.70	24.10	N	56.00	46.00	21.30	21.90
1.98	33.30	22.90	N	56.00	46.00	22.70	23.10
2.51	33.10	22.60	N	56.00	46.00	22.90	23.40
5.09	31.40	22.90	N	60.00	50.00	28.60	27.10
6.07	31.70	23.30	N	60.00	50.00	28.30	26.70
17.95	42.70	23.80	N	60.00	50.00	17.30	26.20

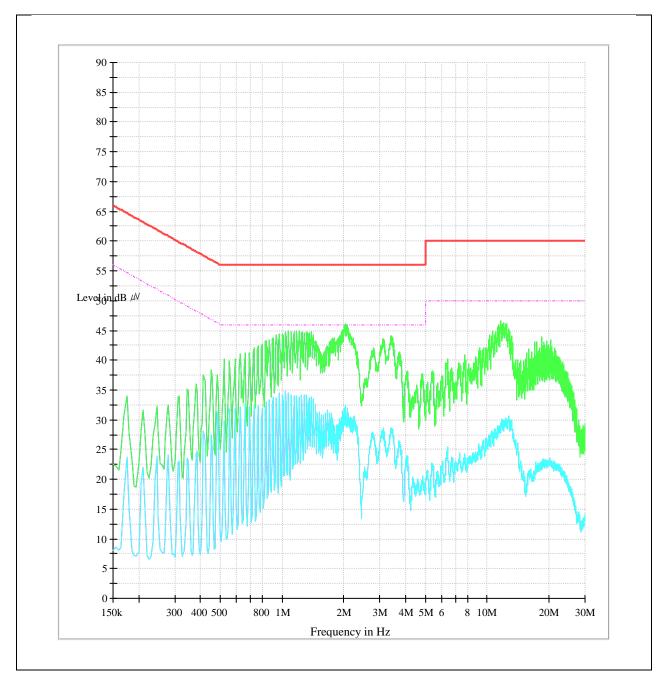
Remark;

- 1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using 11b Mode 1 Mbps, low channel.
- 3. Traces shown in plot mad using a peak detector and average detector
- 4. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 ₩ to 30 ₩ are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
- 5. Deviations to the Specifications: None.

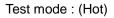


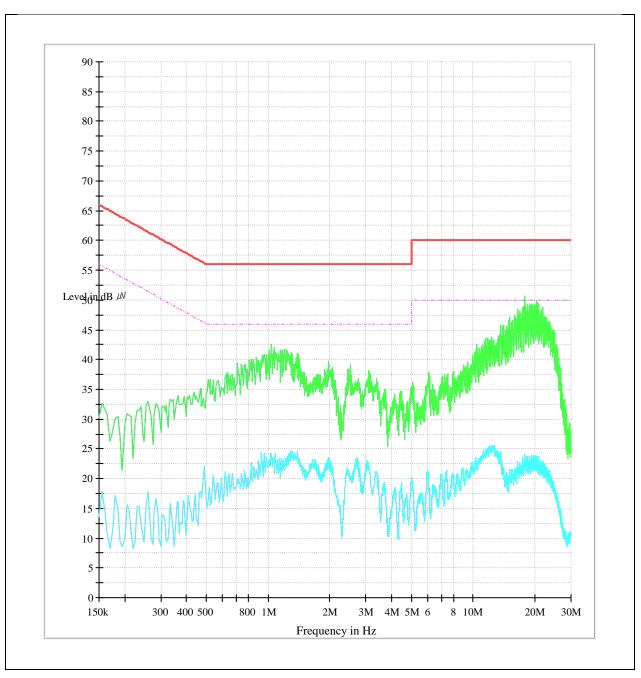
Plots of Conducted Power line

Test mode : (Neutral)











7. Antenna Requirement

7.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

7.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Integral antenna and peak max gain of antenna as below.

Band	2412 MHz — 2462 MHz		
Mode	11b/g/n_HT20		
Gain	0.19 dB i		

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