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SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:	**Date of Testing:**
LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.	05/06/16 - 05/16/16
1000 Sylvan Avenue	**Test Site/Location:**
Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632	PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
United States	**Document Serial No.:**
	0Y1605060879-R2.ZNF

FCC ID: **ZNFL56VL**

APPLICANT: **LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.**

DUT Type:	Portable Handset
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Rule Part(s):	CFR §2.1093
Model(s):	LGL56VL, LG-L56VL, L56VL

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	Cell. CDMA/EVDO	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	0.60	0.76	0.78
PCE	PCS CDMA/EVDO	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz	1.05	1.28	1.29
PCE	LTE Band 13	779.5 - 784.5 MHz	0.37	0.55	0.55
PCE	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz	0.45	0.71	0.76
PCE	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz	0.78	1.29	1.29
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	1.08	0.13	0.17
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	N/A	< 0.1	N/A
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03:			1.53	1.42	1.42

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1605060879-R2.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

Randy Ortanez
President

ACCREDITED
TESTING CERT#2041.01

The SAR Tick is an initiative of the Mobile Manufacturers Forum (MMF). While a product may be considered eligible, use of the SAR Tick logo requires an agreement with the MMF. Further details can be obtained by emailing: sartick@mmfai.info.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	Voice/Data	824.70 - 848.31 MHz
PCS CDMA/EVDO	Voice/Data	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz
LTE Band 13	Data	779.5 - 784.5 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Data	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Data	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	Maximum	**24.7**
	Nominal	**24.2**
PCS CDMA/EVDO	Maximum	**24.7**
	Nominal	**24.2**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 13	Maximum	**24.2**
	Nominal	**23.7**
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Maximum	**24.2**
	Nominal	**23.7**
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Maximum	**24.2**
	Nominal	**23.7**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)		
		Ch. 1	Ch. 2-10	Ch. 11
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**16.0**		
	Nominal	**15.0**		
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**14.0**	**15.0**	**13.0**
	Nominal	**13.0**	**14.0**	**12.0**
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**13.0**	**14.0**	**12.0**
	Nominal	**12.0**	**13.0**	**11.0**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
Bluetooth	Maximum	**9.5**
	Nominal	**7.5**
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	**0.0**
	Nominal	**-1.0**

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. The overall diagonal dimension of the device is ≤160 mm and the diagonal display is ≤150 mm. A diagram showing the location of the device antennas can be found in Appendix F.

Table 1-1
Device Edges/Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
Cell. EVDO	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCS EVDO	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 13	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for wireless router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 Section III. The distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

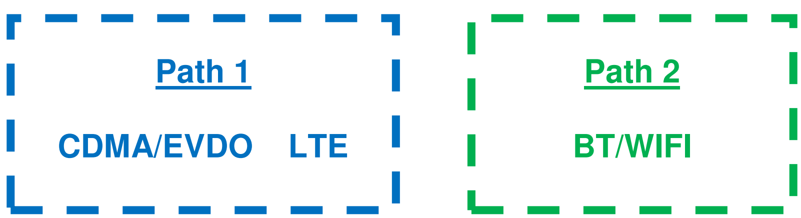


Figure 1-1
Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 procedures.

Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router	Notes
1	1x CDMA voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	1x CDMA voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
3	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	*VOIP applications are considered.
4	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	*VOIP applications are considered.
5	CDMA/EVDO data + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	*VOIP applications are considered.
6	CDMA/EVDO data + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	*VOIP applications are considered.

1. 2.4 GHz WLAN, and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

3. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct are included in the above table.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) Licensed Transmitter(s)

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

CDMA 1X Advanced technology was not required for SAR since the maximum allowed output powers for 1x Advanced was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum powers for 1x.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, D05v02r04, D06v02r01 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, D02v01r02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	09018	09067	09067
PCS CDMA/EVDO	09067	09067	09067
LTE Band 13	09059	09026	09026
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	09059	09059	09059
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	09026	09059	09059
2.4 GHz WLAN	09091	09091	09091
Bluetooth	-	08994	-

2 LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information			
FCC ID	**ZNFL56VL**		
Form Factor	Portable Handset		
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 13 (779.5 - 784.5 MHz)		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz)		
	LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz)		
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 13: 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
	LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid	High
LTE Band 13: 5 MHz	779.5 (23205)	782 (23230)	784.5 (23255)
LTE Band 13: 10 MHz	N/A	782 (23230)	N/A
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1710.7 (19957)	1732.5 (20175)	1754.3 (20393)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1711.5 (19965)	1732.5 (20175)	1753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1712.5 (19975)	1732.5 (20175)	1752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1715 (20000)	1732.5 (20175)	1750 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1717.5 (20025)	1732.5 (20175)	1747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1720 (20050)	1732.5 (20175)	1745 (20300)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz	1850.7 (18607)	1880 (18900)	1909.3 (19193)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 3 MHz	1851.5 (18615)	1880 (18900)	1908.5 (19185)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	1852.5 (18625)	1880 (18900)	1907.5 (19175)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1855 (18650)	1880 (18900)	1905 (19150)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1857.5 (18675)	1880 (18900)	1902.5 (19125)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 20 MHz	1860 (18700)	1880 (18900)	1900 (19100)
UE Category	4		
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM		
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	YES		
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES		
LTE Release 10 Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. The following LTE Release 10 Features are not supported: Carrier Aggregation, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WIFI Offloading, MDH, eMBMS, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.		

3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

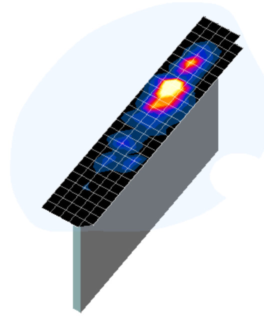


Figure 4-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
   a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
   b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
   c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Table 4-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{area}, Δy_{area})	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{zoom}, Δy_{zoom})	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
			$\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$*	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)$*	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5*Δz_{zoom}(n-1)	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5*Δz_{zoom}(n-1)	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5*Δz_{zoom}(n-1)	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5*Δz_{zoom}(n-1)	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5*Δz_{zoom}(n-1)	≥ 22

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

5 DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

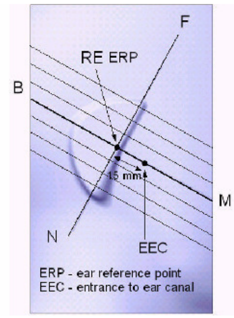


Figure 5-1
Close-Up Side view of ERP

5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

Figure 5-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

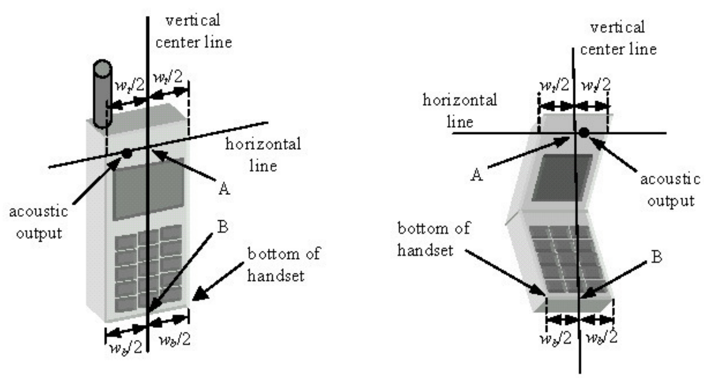


Figure 5-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

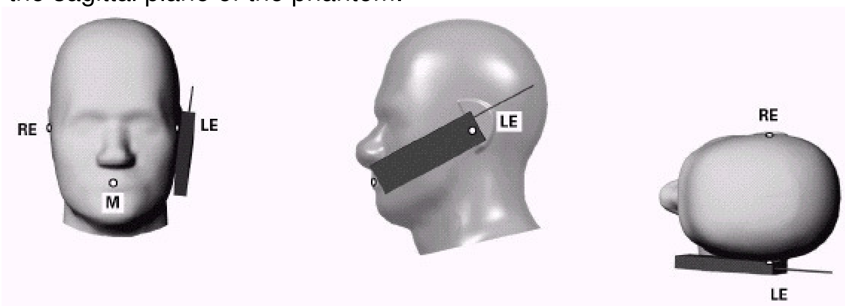


Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15º Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

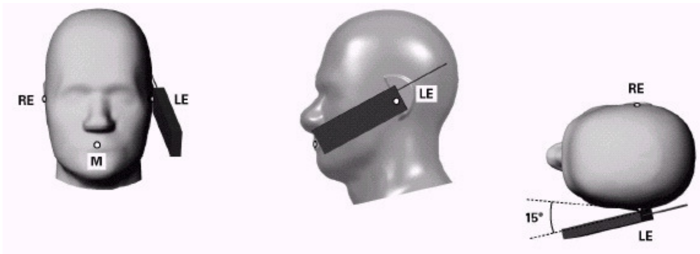


Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15º Tilt Position

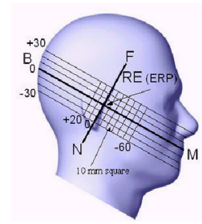


Figure 6-3
Side view w/ relevant markings

6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

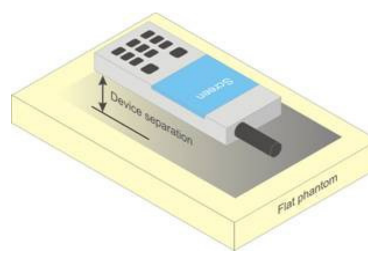


Figure 6-4
Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.
Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 7-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *General Population* (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *Occupational* (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Peak Spatial Average SAR Head	1.6	8.0
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements for licensed transmitters are performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 "3G SAR Measurement Procedures."

The device is placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test are evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device is tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviates by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements are repeated.

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 "3G SAR Measurement Procedures."

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 "3G SAR Measurement Procedures." Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.

2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 8-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH_0 and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 8-2 was applied.

Table 8-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
Pilot $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
Traffic $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table 8-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
Pilot $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
Traffic $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with “All Up” power control bits.

8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured in RC3 with the handset configured to transmit at fullrate in SO55. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to RC1 with RC3 as the primary mode; otherwise, SAR is required for the channel with maximum measured output in RC1 using the head exposure configuration that results in the highest reported SAR in RC3.

Head SAR is additionally evaluated using EVDO Rev. A to support compliance for VoIP operations. See Section 8.4.5 for EVDO Rev. A configuration parameters.

8.4.3 Body-worn SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the multiple code channel configuration (FCH+SCHn), with FCH only as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for multiple code channel configuration (FCH + SCHn), with FCH at full rate and SCH0 enabled at 9600 bps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the transmitter output can shift by more than 0.5 dB and may lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts.

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body-worn accessory SAR in RC1 with RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for RC1, with SO55 and full rate, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn accessory exposure in RC3.

8.4.4 Body-worn SAR Measurements for EVDO Devices

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to Ev-Do Rev. 0 with 1x RTT RC3 as the primary mode to determine body-worn accessory test requirements. Otherwise, body-worn accessory SAR is required for Rev. 0, at 153.6 kbps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn accessory exposure in RC3.

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to Rev. A, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode to determine body-worn accessory SAR test requirements. When SAR is not required for Rev. 0, the 3G SAR test reduction is applied with 1x RTT RC3 as the primary mode.

When SAR is required for EVDO Rev. A, SAR is measured with a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn accessory exposure in Rev. 0 or 1x RTT RC3, as appropriate.

8.4.5 Body SAR Measurements for EVDO Hotspot

Hotspot Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to Rev. A, Subtype 2 Physical layer configuration, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode; otherwise, SAR is measured for Rev. A using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn accessory exposure in Rev. 0. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations.

For Ev-Do data devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 1x RTT RC3 and RC1 with Ev-Do Rev. 0 and Rev. A as the respective primary modes. Otherwise, the 'Body-Worn Accessory SAR' procedures in the '3GPP2 CDMA 2000 1x Handsets' section are applied.

8.4.6 CDMA2000 1x Advanced

This device additionally supports 1x Advanced. Conducted powers are measured using SO75 with RC8 on the uplink and RC11 on the downlink per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. Smart blanking is disabled for all measurements. The EUT is configured with forward power control Mode 000 and reverse power control at 400 bps. Conducted powers are measured on an Agilent 8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set, Model E5515C using the CDMA2000 1x Advanced application, Option E1962B-410.

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the 1x-Advanced transmission mode with 1x RTT RC3 as the primary mode. When SAR measurement is required, the 1x-Advanced power measurement configurations are used. The1x Advanced SAR procedures are applied separately to head, body-worn accessory and other exposure conditions.

8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04:

a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
    i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
    ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
    iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.

b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.

c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.

d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.

8.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.6.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

8.6.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is › 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.6.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.6.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 Ghz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order IEEE 802.11 mode. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements (See Section 8.7.3).

8.6.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

9.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	Rule Part	Frequency	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO75 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm]
	F-RC		MHz	RC1	RC3	RC11	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)	(RETAP)
Cellular	1013	22H	824.7	24.07	23.99	24.13	23.99	23.90	23.98	23.94
	384	22H	836.52	24.37	24.29	24.48	24.28	24.22	24.28	24.26
	777	22H	848.31	24.50	24.44	24.50	24.29	24.38	24.36	24.31
PCS	25	24E	1851.25	24.10	23.95	24.00	24.16	24.04	24.00	23.98
	600	24E	1880	24.50	24.52	24.32	24.39	24.45	24.45	24.38
	1175	24E	1908.75	24.59	24.40	24.35	24.48	24.44	24.49	24.55

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

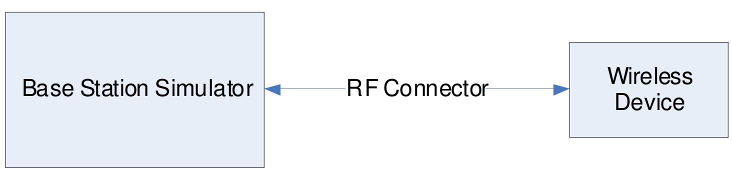


Figure 9-1
Power Measurement Setup

9.2 LTE Conducted Powers

9.2.1 LTE Band 13

Table 9-1
LTE Band 13 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 13 10 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 23230 (782.0 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	24.17	0	0
	1	25	24.12		0
	1	49	**24.20**		0
	25	0	22.90	0-1	1
	25	12	22.95		1
	25	25	**23.03**		1
	50	0	23.01		1
16QAM	1	0	23.08	0-1	1
	1	25	22.76		1
	1	49	22.99		1
	25	0	21.52	0-2	2
	25	12	21.55		2
	25	25	21.43		2
	50	0	21.52		2

Table 9-2
LTE Band 13 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 13 5 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 23230 (782.0 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	23.86	0	0
	1	12	23.79		0
	1	24	23.94		0
	12	0	23.07	0-1	1
	12	6	22.95		1
	12	13	22.93		1
	25	0	23.06		1
16QAM	1	0	22.63	0-1	1
	1	12	22.82		1
	1	24	22.76		1
	12	0	21.51	0-2	2
	12	6	21.50		2
	12	13	21.53		2
	25	0	21.49		2

Note: LTE Band 13 at 5 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

9.2.2 LTE Band 4 (AWS)

Table 9-3
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 20 MHzBandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	24.12	0	0
	1	50	24.18		0
	1	99	**24.19**		0
	50	0	22.95	0-1	1
	50	25	**22.96**		1
	50	50	22.90		1
	100	0	22.88		1
16QAM	1	0	23.05	0-1	1
	1	50	22.86		1
	1	99	22.99		1
	50	0	21.58	0-2	2
	50	25	21.66		2
	50	50	21.56		2
	100	0	21.51		2

Note: LTE Band 4 (AWS) at 20 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-4
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 15 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 20025 (1717.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20325 (1747.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.60	23.97	23.91	0	0
	1	36	23.57	23.95	23.74		0
	1	74	23.72	24.12	23.72		0
	36	0	22.54	23.01	22.87	0-1	1
	36	18	22.56	22.99	22.82		1
	36	37	22.64	22.85	22.84		1
	75	0	22.63	22.91	22.81		1
16QAM	1	0	22.19	22.42	22.23	0-1	1
	1	36	22.26	22.31	22.00		1
	1	74	22.34	22.49	22.01		1
	36	0	21.22	21.36	21.46	0-2	2
	36	18	21.33	21.34	21.38		2
	36	37	21.29	21.24	21.33		2
	75	0	21.14	21.36	21.34		2

Table 9-5
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 10 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 20000 (1715.0 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20350 (1750.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.65	23.96	23.89	0	0
	1	25	23.88	24.04	23.99		0
	1	49	23.64	23.86	23.80		0
	25	0	22.61	22.95	22.93	0-1	1
	25	12	22.66	22.99	22.91		1
	25	25	22.71	22.94	22.86		1
	50	0	22.65	22.99	22.91		1
16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.49	22.50	0-1	1
	1	25	22.24	22.48	22.51		1
	1	49	22.30	22.46	22.38		1
	25	0	21.10	21.57	21.36	0-2	2
	25	12	21.15	21.39	21.45		2
	25	25	21.19	21.32	21.46		2
	50	0	21.18	21.58	21.33		2

Table 9-6
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 19975 (1712.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20375 (1752.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.52	24.06	23.62	0	0
	1	12	23.68	23.95	23.89		0
	1	24	23.87	24.05	23.76		0
	12	0	22.48	22.92	22.73	0-1	1
	12	6	22.54	22.97	22.83		1
	12	13	22.55	22.90	22.70		1
	25	0	22.56	22.91	22.94		1
16QAM	1	0	22.11	22.46	22.29	0-1	1
	1	12	22.02	22.40	22.25		1
	1	24	22.18	22.27	22.20		1
	12	0	21.24	21.46	21.51	0-2	2
	12	6	21.21	21.47	21.50		2
	12	13	21.26	21.41	21.40		2
	25	0	21.19	21.45	21.35		2

Table 9-7
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 19965 (1711.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20385 (1753.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.75	24.08	24.02	0	0
	1	7	23.62	23.91	24.02		0
	1	14	23.74	23.83	24.00		0
	8	0	22.56	22.94	22.76	0-1	1
	8	4	22.53	22.89	22.63		1
	8	7	22.54	22.87	22.73		1
	15	0	22.51	23.02	22.74		1
16QAM	1	0	21.85	22.43	22.55	0-1	1
	1	7	21.82	22.37	22.57		1
	1	14	21.83	22.31	22.53		1
	8	0	21.13	21.21	21.29	0-2	2
	8	4	21.19	21.20	21.29		2
	8	7	21.14	21.14	21.21		2
	15	0	20.89	21.30	21.43		2

Table 9-8
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 19957 (1710.7 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20393 (1754.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.67	24.03	24.13	0	0
	1	2	23.73	24.12	24.12		0
	1	5	23.68	24.07	24.11		0
	3	0	23.53	24.13	24.01		0
	3	2	23.46	24.13	24.08		0
	3	3	23.55	24.09	24.04		0
	6	0	22.60	22.86	22.95	0-1	1
16QAM	1	0	21.93	22.38	22.83	0-1	1
	1	2	22.18	22.22	22.60		1
	1	5	22.38	22.37	22.43		1
	3	0	21.89	22.39	22.59		1
	3	2	22.08	22.51	22.38		1
	3	3	21.99	22.32	22.23		1
	6	0	21.06	21.74	21.41	0-2	2

9.2.3 LTE Band 2 (PCS)

Table 9-9
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 20 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			18700 (1860.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19100 (1900.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.62	23.70	**23.95**	0	0
	1	50	23.47	23.42	23.81		0
	1	99	23.56	23.38	23.72		0
	50	0	22.41	22.66	**22.75**	0-1	1
	50	25	22.31	22.70	22.62		1
	50	50	22.36	22.53	22.56		1
	100	0	22.35	22.55	22.57		1
16QAM	1	0	22.30	22.64	22.50	0-1	1
	1	50	22.21	22.71	22.60		1
	1	99	22.30	22.54	22.43		1
	50	0	21.08	21.26	21.17	0-2	2
	50	25	21.02	21.27	21.11		2
	50	50	20.85	21.21	21.08		2
	100	0	20.86	21.16	21.06		2

Table 9-10
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.86	23.96	23.90	0	0
	1	36	23.45	23.44	23.64		0
	1	74	23.44	23.36	23.76		0
	36	0	22.26	22.56	22.58	0-1	1
	36	18	22.18	22.42	22.51		1
	36	37	22.20	22.48	22.49		1
	75	0	22.28	22.41	22.46		1
16QAM	1	0	21.87	21.98	22.26	0-1	1
	1	36	21.89	22.04	22.01		1
	1	74	21.87	22.09	22.04		1
	36	0	20.86	21.13	21.13	0-2	2
	36	18	20.87	21.01	21.14		2
	36	37	20.89	20.97	20.94		2
	75	0	20.86	20.96	20.98		2

Table 9-11
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.27	23.59	23.56	0	0
	1	25	23.28	23.84	23.64		0
	1	49	23.20	23.52	23.47		0
	25	0	22.34	22.53	22.63	0-1	1
	25	12	22.28	22.59	22.59		1
	25	25	22.17	22.60	22.66		1
	50	0	22.23	22.66	22.58		1
16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.84	22.01	0-1	1
	1	25	21.82	21.85	21.83		1
	1	49	21.75	21.88	22.11		1
	25	0	20.95	21.17	21.07	0-2	2
	25	12	20.84	21.27	21.05		2
	25	25	20.86	21.25	21.02		2
	50	0	20.92	21.20	21.13		2

Table 9-12
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.54	23.24	0	0
	1	12	23.25	23.76	23.56		0
	1	24	23.15	23.48	23.29		0
	12	0	22.30	22.67	22.57	0-1	1
	12	6	22.38	22.71	22.42		1
	12	13	22.24	22.76	22.38		1
	25	0	22.27	22.62	22.49		1
16QAM	1	0	22.02	22.11	22.02	0-1	1
	1	12	22.18	22.46	22.29		1
	1	24	21.76	22.67	22.05		1
	12	0	20.94	20.88	20.89	0-2	2
	12	6	20.81	20.92	20.88		2
	12	13	20.74	20.98	20.89		2
	25	0	20.78	21.24	21.15		2

Table 9-13
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 18615 (1851.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 18900 (1880.0 MHz)	High Channel 19185 (1908.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.30	23.52	23.57	0	0
	1	7	23.32	23.58	23.67		0
	1	14	23.35	23.55	23.49		0
	8	0	22.30	22.61	22.56	0-1	1
	8	4	22.37	22.59	22.58		1
	8	7	22.28	22.60	22.45		1
	15	0	22.28	22.65	22.60		1
16QAM	1	0	21.71	22.57	21.71	0-1	1
	1	7	21.86	22.46	22.06		1
	1	14	21.72	22.48	21.75		1
	8	0	21.06	21.21	21.13	0-2	2
	8	4	21.00	21.22	21.08		2
	8	7	21.06	21.21	21.17		2
	15	0	20.84	21.24	21.04		2

Table 9-14
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 2 (PCS) 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 18607 (1850.7 MHz)	Mid Channel 18900 (1880.0 MHz)	High Channel 19193 (1909.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.52	23.56	0	0
	1	2	23.33	23.57	23.66		0
	1	5	23.37	23.41	23.55		0
	3	0	23.25	23.63	23.58		0
	3	2	23.34	23.66	23.70		0
	3	3	23.30	23.59	23.62		0
	6	0	22.36	22.60	22.64	0-1	1
16QAM	1	0	21.80	22.74	21.74	0-1	1
	1	2	21.71	22.78	21.71		1
	1	5	21.75	22.77	21.77		1
	3	0	21.76	22.21	21.78		1
	3	2	22.08	22.28	21.76		1
	3	3	22.03	22.20	21.74		1
	6	0	20.71	21.21	20.86	0-2	2

9.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 9-15
2.4 GHz WLAN Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]		
		IEEE Transmission Mode		
		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n
2412	1	**15.57**	13.18	11.91
2417	2	N/A	14.23	13.02
2437	6	15.12	14.13	12.95
2457	10	N/A	14.28	12.98
2462	11	15.38	12.34	11.89

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

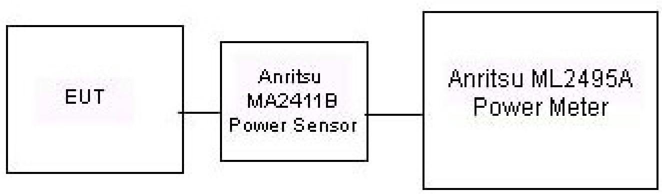


Figure 9-2
Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths < 50 MHz

9.4 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Table 9-16
Bluetooth Average RF Power

Frequency [MHz]	Data Rate [Mbps]	Channel No.	Avg Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	[mW]
2402	1.0	0	8.42	6.954
2441	1.0	39	**9.12**	8.167
2480	1.0	78	6.94	4.948
2402	2.0	0	6.03	4.010
2441	2.0	39	6.72	4.694
2480	2.0	78	4.54	2.846
2402	3.0	0	6.05	4.031
2441	3.0	39	6.80	4.786
2480	3.0	78	4.65	2.919

Note: The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

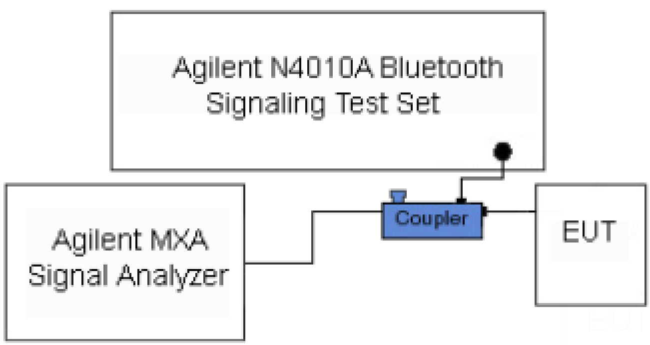


Figure 9-3
Power Measurement Setup

10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

Table 10-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (˚C)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ε	%dev σ	%dev ε
5/10/2016	750H	22.5	740	0.896	41.947	0.893	41.994	0.34%	-0.11%
			755	0.911	41.766	0.894	41.916	1.90%	-0.36%
			770	0.926	41.587	0.895	41.838	3.46%	-0.60%
			785	0.940	41.384	0.896	41.760	4.91%	-0.90%
5/9/2016	835H	22.4	820	0.882	40.282	0.899	41.578	-1.89%	-3.12%
			835	0.893	40.146	0.900	41.500	-0.78%	-3.26%
			850	0.907	39.940	0.916	41.500	-0.98%	-3.76%
5/9/2016	1750H	22.1	1710	1.307	40.124	1.348	40.142	-3.04%	-0.04%
			1750	1.343	39.929	1.371	40.079	-2.04%	-0.37%
			1790	1.384	39.760	1.394	40.016	-0.72%	-0.64%
5/9/2016	1900H	22.3	1850	1.398	40.792	1.400	40.000	-0.14%	1.98%
			1880	1.427	40.645	1.400	40.000	1.93%	1.61%
			1910	1.464	40.520	1.400	40.000	4.57%	1.30%
5/9/2016	2450H	23.2	2400	1.757	40.409	1.756	39.289	0.06%	2.85%
			2450	1.819	40.155	1.800	39.200	1.06%	2.44%
			2500	1.872	39.981	1.855	39.136	0.92%	2.16%
5/16/2016	2450H	24.5	2400	1.816	39.800	1.756	39.289	3.42%	1.30%
			2450	1.875	39.613	1.800	39.200	4.17%	1.05%
			2500	1.939	39.425	1.855	39.136	4.53%	0.74%
5/9/2016	750B	23.9	740	0.957	54.557	0.963	55.570	-0.62%	-1.82%
			755	0.974	54.375	0.964	55.512	1.04%	-2.05%
			770	0.989	54.214	0.965	55.453	2.49%	-2.23%
			785	1.001	54.045	0.966	55.395	3.62%	-2.44%
5/9/2016	835B	21.5	820	1.007	53.868	0.969	55.258	3.92%	-2.52%
			835	1.017	53.791	0.970	55.200	4.85%	-2.55%
			850	1.033	53.703	0.988	55.154	4.55%	-2.63%
5/9/2016	1750B	22.0	1710	1.415	52.683	1.463	53.537	-3.28%	-1.60%
			1750	1.456	52.534	1.488	53.432	-2.15%	-1.68%
			1790	1.499	52.407	1.514	53.326	-0.99%	-1.72%
5/7/2016	1900B	22.1	1850	1.511	53.506	1.520	53.300	-0.59%	0.39%
			1880	1.549	53.412	1.520	53.300	1.91%	0.21%
			1910	1.585	53.300	1.520	53.300	4.28%	0.00%
5/10/2016	1900B	23.4	1850	1.474	53.125	1.520	53.300	-3.03%	-0.33%
			1880	1.506	53.052	1.520	53.300	-0.92%	-0.47%
			1910	1.539	52.922	1.520	53.300	1.25%	-0.71%
5/6/2016	2450B	23.6	2400	1.972	51.792	1.902	52.767	3.68%	-1.85%
			2450	2.041	51.604	1.950	52.700	4.67%	-2.08%
			2500	2.109	51.403	2.021	52.636	4.35%	-2.34%
5/12/2016	2450B	22.7	2400	1.898	51.931	1.902	52.767	-0.21%	-1.58%
			2450	1.973	51.820	1.950	52.700	1.18%	-1.67%
			2500	2.034	51.628	2.021	52.636	0.64%	-1.92%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to ±10% of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 10-2
System Verification Results

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	$Deviation_{1g}$ (%)
J	750	HEAD	05/10/2016	23.2	22.5	0.200	1046	3318	1.660	8.200	8.300	1.22%
G	835	HEAD	05/09/2016	24.5	23.2	0.200	4d133	3334	1.960	9.130	9.800	7.34%
H	1750	HEAD	05/09/2016	23.7	22.1	0.100	1051	3319	3.700	36.100	37.000	2.49%
A	1900	HEAD	05/09/2016	23.7	22.3	0.100	5d148	3332	4.100	39.900	41.000	2.76%
E	2450	HEAD	05/09/2016	23.0	22.6	0.100	719	7406	5.090	54.200	50.900	-6.09%
C	2450	HEAD	05/16/2016	23.5	23.5	0.100	797	3288	5.180	52.700	51.800	-1.71%
C	750	BODY	05/09/2016	23.7	23.9	0.200	1003	3288	1.640	8.660	8.200	-5.31%
J	835	BODY	05/09/2016	21.9	21.5	0.200	4d119	3318	1.970	9.140	9.850	7.77%
K	1750	BODY	05/09/2016	23.5	22.0	0.100	1051	3022	3.610	36.500	36.100	-1.10%
I	1900	BODY	05/07/2016	22.6	22.3	0.100	5d149	3333	4.290	40.400	42.900	6.19%
I	1900	BODY	05/10/2016	24.4	23.4	0.100	5d149	3333	4.220	40.400	42.200	4.46%
H	2450	BODY	05/06/2016	24.3	23.5	0.100	719	3319	5.440	51.900	54.400	4.82%
J	2450	BODY	05/12/2016	21.9	22.7	0.100	882	3318	4.770	49.400	47.700	-3.44%

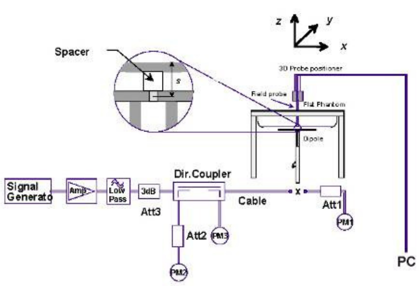


Figure 10-1
System Verification Setup Diagram

Figure 10-2
System Verification Setup Photo

11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 11-1
Cell. CDMA Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.29	0.07	Right	Cheek	09018	1:1	0.492	1.099	0.541	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.29	0.03	Right	Tilt	09018	1:1	0.253	1.099	0.278	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.29	0.16	Left	Cheek	09018	1:1	0.383	1.099	0.421	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.29	0.14	Left	Tilt	09018	1:1	0.216	1.099	0.237	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.26	-0.09	Right	Cheek	09018	1:1	0.546	1.107	0.604	A1
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.26	0.02	Right	Tilt	09018	1:1	0.276	1.107	0.306	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.26	0.00	Left	Cheek	09018	1:1	0.394	1.107	0.436	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.26	0.03	Left	Tilt	09018	1:1	0.237	1.107	0.262	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-2
PCS CDMA Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.52	-0.02	Right	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.570	1.042	0.594	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.52	-0.02	Right	Tilt	09067	1:1	0.347	1.042	0.362	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	23.95	0.03	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.630	1.189	0.749	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.52	-0.05	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.913	1.042	0.951	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.40	0.01	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.975	1.072	**1.045**	A2
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	24.7	24.52	-0.04	Left	Tilt	09067	1:1	0.575	1.042	0.599	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.55	0.03	Right	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.525	1.035	0.543	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.55	-0.06	Right	Tilt	09067	1:1	0.234	1.035	0.242	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	23.98	-0.04	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.560	1.180	0.661	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.38	0.04	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.827	1.076	0.890	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.55	0.02	Left	Cheek	09067	1:1	0.805	1.035	0.833	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	24.7	24.55	0.10	Left	Tilt	09067	1:1	0.483	1.035	0.500	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-3
LTE Band 13 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	0.00	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	09059	1:1	0.367	1.000	0.367	A3
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	-0.03	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	25	09059	1:1	0.244	1.040	0.254	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	0.00	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	09059	1:1	0.240	1.000	0.240	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	0.00	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	25	09059	1:1	0.153	1.040	0.159	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	-0.03	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	09059	1:1	0.285	1.000	0.285	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	0.04	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	25	09059	1:1	0.201	1.040	0.209	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	-0.19	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	09059	1:1	0.179	1.000	0.179	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	-0.13	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	25	09059	1:1	0.134	1.040	0.139	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-4
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	0.16	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	99	09059	1:1	0.284	1.002	0.285	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	-0.04	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	09059	1:1	0.259	1.057	0.274	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	0.06	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	99	09059	1:1	0.204	1.002	0.204	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	0.06	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	09059	1:1	0.173	1.057	0.183	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	-0.08	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	99	09059	1:1	0.449	1.002	0.450	A4
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	0.01	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	09059	1:1	0.349	1.057	0.369	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	0.14	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	99	09059	1:1	0.342	1.002	0.343	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	-0.08	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	09059	1:1	0.253	1.057	0.267	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-5
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.13	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	09026	1:1	0.444	1.059	0.470	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.01	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	09026	1:1	0.337	1.109	0.374	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	-0.03	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	09026	1:1	0.209	1.059	0.221	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.18	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	09026	1:1	0.155	1.109	0.172	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	-0.07	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	09026	1:1	0.739	1.059	0.783	A5
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.01	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	09026	1:1	0.561	1.109	0.622	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.08	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	09026	1:1	0.299	1.059	0.317	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.02	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	09026	1:1	0.228	1.109	0.253	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-6
DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																		
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	-0.04	Right	Cheek	09091	1	99.8	0.531	0.343	1.104	1.002	0.379	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.14	Right	Tilt	09091	1	99.8	0.235	0.144	1.104	1.002	0.159	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	-0.03	Left	Cheek	09091	1	99.8	1.611	0.940	1.104	1.002	1.040	A6
2462	11	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.38	0.00	Left	Cheek	09091	1	99.8	1.626	0.932	1.153	1.002	**1.077**	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.06	Left	Tilt	09091	1	99.8	0.645	0.387	1.104	1.002	0.428	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.01	Left	Cheek	09091	1	99.8	1.559	0.897	1.104	1.002	0.992	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note: Blue entry represents variability measurement.

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 11-7
CDMA Body-Worn SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Accessory	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.7	24.22	-0.01	10 mm	None	09067	1:1	back	0.682	1.117	0.762	A7
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.7	24.04	0.05	10 mm	None	09067	1:1	back	1.020	1.164	1.187	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.7	24.45	-0.01	10 mm	None	09067	1:1	back	1.210	1.059	1.281	A9
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.7	24.45	-0.01	10 mm	Headphones	09067	1:1	back	0.948	1.059	1.004	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.7	24.44	0.08	10 mm	None	09067	1:1	back	1.160	1.062	1.232	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-8
LTE Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																				
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Accesory	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.																(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	None	24.2	24.20	0.10	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.545	1.000	0.545	A11
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	None	23.2	23.03	-0.02	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.397	1.040	0.413	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	None	24.2	24.19	-0.18	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	back	1:1	0.713	1.002	0.714	A12
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	None	23.2	22.96	0.05	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.563	1.057	0.595	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	24.2	23.62	0.02	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.130	1.143	**1.292**	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	Headphones	24.2	23.62	0.21	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.000	1.143	1.143	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	24.2	23.70	0.18	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.140	1.122	1.279	A14
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	24.2	23.95	0.02	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.120	1.059	1.186	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	23.2	22.41	-0.01	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.738	1.199	0.885	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	23.2	22.70	-0.06	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.798	1.122	0.895	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	23.2	22.75	0.16	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.872	1.109	0.967	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	None	23.2	22.57	0.00	1	09059	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.783	1.156	0.905	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-9
DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.05	10 mm	09091	1	back	99.8	0.133	0.119	1.104	1.002	0.132	A15
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11-10
Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2441	39	Bluetooth	FHSS	9.5	9.12	0.14	10 mm	08994	back	1:1	0.008	1.091	0.009	A17
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Data

Table 11-11
CDMA Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.28	-0.05	10 mm	09067	1:1	back	0.706	1.102	0.778	A8
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.28	-0.02	10 mm	09067	1:1	front	0.517	1.102	0.570	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.28	-0.04	10 mm	09067	1:1	bottom	0.219	1.102	0.241	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.28	0.11	10 mm	09067	1:1	right	0.543	1.102	0.598	
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.28	0.03	10 mm	09067	1:1	left	0.369	1.102	0.407	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.00	-0.01	10 mm	09067	1:1	back	1.020	1.175	1.199	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	0.03	10 mm	09067	1:1	back	1.220	1.059	1.292	A10
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.49	-0.04	10 mm	09067	1:1	back	1.170	1.050	1.229	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.00	0.11	10 mm	09067	1:1	front	1.030	1.175	1.210	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	-0.09	10 mm	09067	1:1	front	1.070	1.059	1.133	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.49	-0.04	10 mm	09067	1:1	front	1.090	1.050	1.145	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	0.04	10 mm	09067	1:1	bottom	0.350	1.059	0.371	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	0.00	10 mm	09067	1:1	right	0.148	1.059	0.157	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.00	-0.02	10 mm	09067	1:1	left	0.674	1.175	0.792	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	-0.04	10 mm	09067	1:1	left	0.866	1.059	0.917	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.49	-0.17	10 mm	09067	1:1	left	0.847	1.050	0.889	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	24.7	24.45	0.06	10 mm	09067	1:1	back	1.220	1.059	1.292	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: Blue entry represents variability measurement.

Table 11-12
LTE Band 13 Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	0.10	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.545	1.000	0.545	A11
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	-0.02	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.397	1.040	0.413	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	0.14	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	front	1:1	0.374	1.000	0.374	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	0.06	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.268	1.040	0.279	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	-0.08	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.164	1.000	0.164	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	-0.02	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.115	1.040	0.120	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	-0.18	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	right	1:1	0.448	1.000	0.448	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	0.12	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.321	1.040	0.334	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.2	24.20	0.11	0	09026	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	left	1:1	0.299	1.000	0.299	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.2	23.03	0.02	1	09026	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.229	1.040	0.238	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11-13
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	-0.18	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	back	1:1	0.713	1.002	0.714	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	0.05	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.563	1.057	0.595	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	-0.13	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	front	1:1	0.760	1.002	0.762	A13
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	0.08	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.603	1.057	0.637	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	-0.04	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.292	1.002	0.293	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	0.01	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.245	1.057	0.259	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	0.17	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	right	1:1	0.094	1.002	0.094	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	-0.09	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.070	1.057	0.074	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	24.2	24.19	0.16	0	09059	QPSK	1	99	10 mm	left	1:1	0.369	1.002	0.370	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.2	22.96	-0.09	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.282	1.057	0.298	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11-14
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.62	0.02	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.130	1.143	1.292	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.70	0.18	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.140	1.122	1.279	A14
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.02	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.120	1.059	1.186	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.41	-0.01	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.738	1.199	0.885	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.70	-0.06	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.798	1.122	0.895	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	0.16	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.872	1.109	0.967	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.57	0.00	1	09059	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.783	1.156	0.905	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.62	-0.16	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.970	1.143	1.109	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.70	0.20	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	1.090	1.122	1.223	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.08	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	1.110	1.059	1.175	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.41	0.09	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.699	1.199	0.838	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.70	-0.04	1	09059	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.773	1.122	0.867	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	0.12	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.806	1.109	0.894	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.57	0.02	1	09059	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.785	1.156	0.907	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	-0.01	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.403	1.059	0.427	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.08	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.278	1.109	0.308	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.11	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.144	1.059	0.152	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.21	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.112	1.109	0.124	
1860.00	18700	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.62	0.00	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.667	1.143	0.762	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.70	0.19	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.709	1.122	0.795	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	24.2	23.95	0.15	0	09059	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.770	1.059	0.815	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.75	-0.06	1	09059	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.547	1.109	0.607	
1900.00	19100	High	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.2	22.57	0.05	1	09059	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.531	1.156	0.614	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-15
WLAN Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																		
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.05	10 mm	09091	1	back	99.8	0.133	0.119	1.104	1.002	0.132	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.07	10 mm	09091	1	front	99.8	0.172	0.151	1.104	1.002	0.167	A16
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.15	10 mm	09091	1	top	99.8	0.017	-	1.104	1.002	-	
2412	1	802.11b	DSSS	22	16.0	15.57	0.00	10 mm	09091	1	right	99.8	0.139	-	1.104	1.002	-	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR was ≥ 1.2 W/kg, additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).

CDMA Notes:

1. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. EVDO Rev0 and RevA and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required per the 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
3. CDMA Wireless Router SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0 according to KDB 941225 D01v03r01 procedures for data devices. Wireless Router SAR tests for Subtype 2 of Rev.A and 1x RTT configurations were not required per the 3G SAR Test Reduction Policy in KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
4. Head SAR was additionally evaluated using EVDO Rev. A to determine compliance for VoIP operations.
5. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r04. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.5.4.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

WLAN Notes:

1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section 8.6.3 for more information.

3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated EMC test reports.

12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to devices with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/kg. The different test positions in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR.

12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.541	0.379	0.920	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.278	0.159	0.437	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.421	1.077	**1.498**	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.237	0.428	0.665	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.604	0.379	0.983	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.306	0.159	0.465	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.436	1.077	**1.513**	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.262	0.428	0.690	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.594	0.379	0.973	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.362	0.159	0.521	N/A
	Left Cheek	1.045	1.077	See Note 1	0.04
	Left Tilt	0.599	0.428	**1.027**	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.543	0.379	0.922	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.242	0.159	0.401	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.890	1.077	See Note 1	0.03
	Left Tilt	0.500	0.428	**0.928**	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 13 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.367	0.379	0.746	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.240	0.159	0.399	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.285	1.077	**1.362**	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.179	0.428	0.607	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.285	0.379	0.664	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.204	0.159	0.363	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.450	1.077	**1.527**	N/A
	Left Tilt	0.343	0.428	0.771	N/A

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.470	0.379	**0.849**	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.221	0.159	0.380	N/A
	Left Cheek	0.783	1.077	See Note 1	0.03
	Left Tilt	0.317	0.428	0.745	N/A

Note 1: No evaluation was performed to determine the aggregate 1g SAR for these configurations as the SPLS ratio between the antenna pairs was not greater than 0.04 per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06. See Section 12.6 for detailed SPLS ratio analysis

12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	CDMA/LTE SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn	Cell. CDMA	0.762	0.132	0.894
	PCS CDMA	1.281	0.132	1.413
	LTE Band 13	0.545	0.132	0.677
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.714	0.132	0.846
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1.292	0.132	**1.424**

Table 12-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	CDMA/LTE SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn	Cell. CDMA	0.762	0.009	0.771
	PCS CDMA	1.281	0.009	1.290
	LTE Band 13	0.545	0.009	0.554
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.714	0.009	0.723
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1.292	0.009	**1.301**

12.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-“).

(*) For test positions that were not required to be evaluated for WLAN SAR per FCC KDB Publication 248227, the worst case WLAN hotspot SAR result was used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

Table 12-4

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (2.4 GHz Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	Back	0.778	0.132	**0.910**
	Front	0.570	0.167	0.737
	Top	-	0.167*	0.167
	Bottom	0.241	-	0.241
	Right	0.598	0.167*	0.765
	Left	0.407	-	0.407

Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	Back	1.292	0.132	**1.424**
	Front	1.210	0.167	1.377
	Top	-	0.167*	0.167
	Bottom	0.371	-	0.371
	Right	0.157	0.167*	0.324
	Left	0.917	-	0.917

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 13 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	Back	0.545	0.132	**0.677**
	Front	0.374	0.167	0.541
	Top	-	0.167*	0.167
	Bottom	0.164	-	0.164
	Right	0.448	0.167*	0.615
	Left	0.299	-	0.299

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	Back	0.714	0.132	0.846
	Front	0.762	0.167	**0.929**
	Top	-	0.167*	0.167
	Bottom	0.293	-	0.293
	Right	0.094	0.167*	0.261
	Left	0.370	-	0.370

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	Back	1.292	0.132	**1.424**
	Front	1.223	0.167	1.390
	Top	-	0.167*	0.167
	Bottom	0.427	-	0.427
	Right	0.152	0.167*	0.319
	Left	0.815	-	0.815

12.6 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when the sum of the standalone transmitters is more than 1.6 W/kg for 1g, the SAR sum to peak locations can be analyzed to determine SAR distribution overlaps. When the SAR peak to location ratio (shown below) for each pair of antennas is $\leq$ 0.04 for 1g, simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required. The distance between the transmitters was calculated using the following formula.

$$\text{Distance}_{Tx1-Tx2} = R_i = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

$$\text{SPLS Ratio} = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{R_i}$$

12.6.1 Left Cheek SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

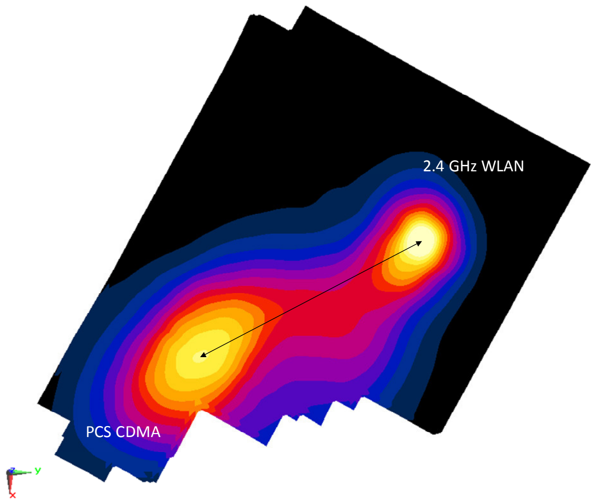
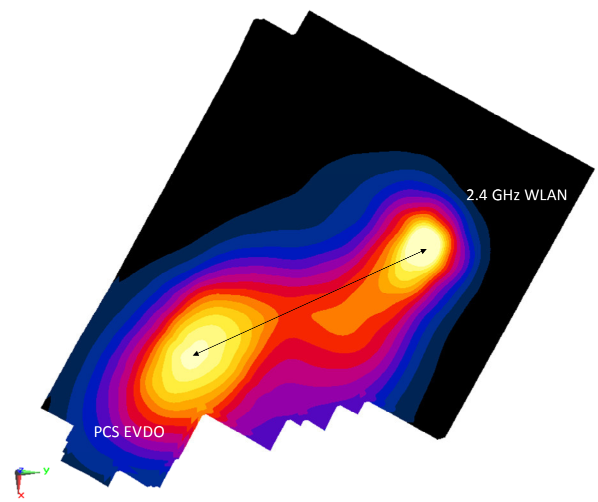
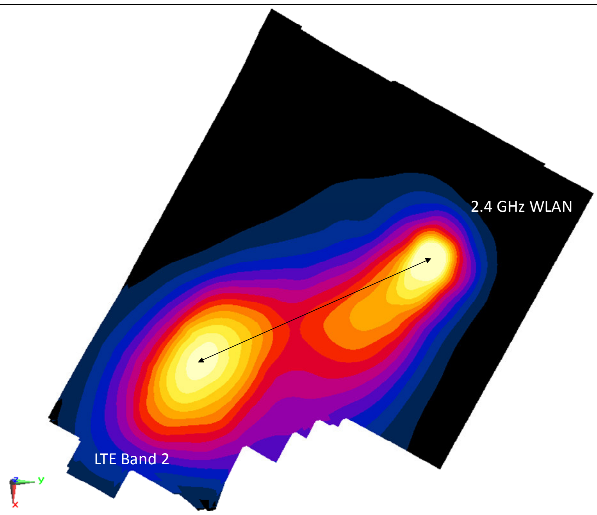
Table 12-5
Peak SAR Locations for Left Cheek

Mode/Band	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
2.4 GHz WLAN	22.15	322.84	-174.89	1.077
PCS CDMA	52.19	253.09	-170.31	1.045
PCS EVDO	55.99	247.54	-168.37	0.890
LTE Band 2	52.95	249.15	-169.48	0.783

Table 12-6
Left Cheek SAR Sum to Peak Location Separation Ratio Calculations

Antenna Pair		Standalone 1g SAR (W/kg)		Standalone SAR Sum (W/kg)	Peak SAR Separation Distance (mm)	SPLS Ratio	Plot Number
Ant "a"	Ant "b"	a	b	a+b	D_{a-b}	$(a+b)^{1.5}/D_{a-b}$	
2.4 GHz WLAN	PCS CDMA	1.077	1.045	2.122	76.08	0.04	1
2.4 GHz WLAN	PCS EVDO	1.077	0.890	1.967	82.81	0.03	2
2.4 GHz WLAN	LTE Band 2	1.077	0.783	1.860	80.05	0.03	3

Table 12-7
Left Cheek SAR Sum to Peak Location Separation Ratio Plots

	
1	**2**
	
3	

12.7 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results and SPLSR analysis are sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 13-1
Head SAR Measurement Variability Results

HEAD VARIABILITY RESULTS													
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Side	Test Position	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2450	2412.00	1	802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth	DSSS	Left	Cheek	0.940	0.897	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 13-2
Body SAR Measurement Variability Results

BODY VARIABILITY RESULTS													
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Side	Spacing	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1900	1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	back	10 mm	1.220	1.220	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	JP38020182
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	11/4/2015	Annual	11/4/2016	US39170118
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	US40053896
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/12/2015	Biennial	3/12/2017	MY45090700
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	11/4/2014	Biennial	11/4/2016	GB43193563
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	MY45470194
Agilent	N4010A	Wireless Connectivity Test Set	CBT	N/A	CBT	GB46170464
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	11/6/2015	Annual	11/6/2016	MY47420603
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/29/2015	Annual	5/29/2016	1231538
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/29/2015	Annual	5/29/2016	1231535
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/7/2015	Annual	12/7/2016	1339018
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	2/28/2016	Annual	2/28/2017	1207470
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/16/2015	Biennial	10/16/2017	941001
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	1351001
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	7/24/2015	Annual	7/24/2016	6200901190
COMTech	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M1S5A00-009
Control Company	4040	Digital Thermometer	3/15/2015	Biennial	3/15/2017	150194929
Control Company	4352	Ultra Long Stem Thermometer	3/8/2016	Biennial	3/8/2018	160261728
Control Company	4353	Long Stem Thermometer	1/22/2015	Biennial	1/22/2017	150053081
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	11/4/2015	Annual	11/4/2016	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	11/4/2015	Annual	11/4/2016	8650319
Keysight	772D	Dual Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	MY52180215
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	Digital Caliper	3/2/2016	Biennial	3/2/2018	13264162
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Pasternack	NC-100	Torque Wrench	5/21/2015	Biennial	5/21/2017	N/A
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	CBT	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	6/3/2015	Annual	6/3/2016	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	4/27/2016	Annual	4/27/2017	101699
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	11/6/2015	Biennial	11/6/2017	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs	3/2/2016	Biennial	3/2/2018	N/A
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	4/13/2016	Annual	4/13/2017	1051
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/14/2015	Annual	7/14/2016	5d149
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/19/2016	Annual	2/19/2017	5d148
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/20/2015	Annual	8/20/2016	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	10/21/2015	Annual	10/21/2016	797
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	2/18/2016	Annual	2/18/2017	882
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	1/15/2016	Annual	1/15/2017	1003
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	2/16/2016	Annual	2/16/2017	1046
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/23/2015	Annual	7/23/2016	4d133
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/14/2016	Annual	4/14/2017	4d119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/16/2015	Annual	9/16/2016	1323
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/18/2015	Annual	9/18/2016	1364
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	10/27/2015	Annual	10/27/2016	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/11/2015	Annual	11/11/2016	1415
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/15/2016	Annual	1/15/2017	1466
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/19/2016	Annual	2/19/2017	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/14/2016	Annual	3/14/2017	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/14/2016	Annual	4/14/2017	1407
SPEAG	DAK-12	Dielectric Assessment Kit (10MHz - 3GHz)	3/1/2016	Annual	3/1/2017	1102
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	10/20/2015	Annual	10/20/2016	1091
SPEAG	DAKS_VNA R140	VNA for Portable DAK	8/16/2015	Annual	8/16/2016	80513
SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	Portable Dielectric Assessment Kit	7/14/2015	Annual	7/14/2016	1039
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/26/2015	Annual	8/26/2016	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/18/2015	Annual	9/18/2016	3288
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/18/2015	Annual	9/18/2016	3332
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	10/29/2015	Annual	10/29/2016	3333
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/17/2015	Annual	11/17/2016	3334
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/19/2016	Annual	2/19/2017	3318
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/18/2016	Annual	3/18/2017	3319
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	4/19/2016	Annual	4/19/2017	7406

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i 1gm**	**c_i 10 gms**	**1gm u_i (± %)**	**10gms u_i (± %)**	**v_i**
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	1.3	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	6.7	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.7	N	1	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.7	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.67	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	7.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	4.1	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	3.4	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Unceritainty	0.6	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)		RSS				11.5	11.3	60
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)		k=2				23.0	22.6	

16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09018

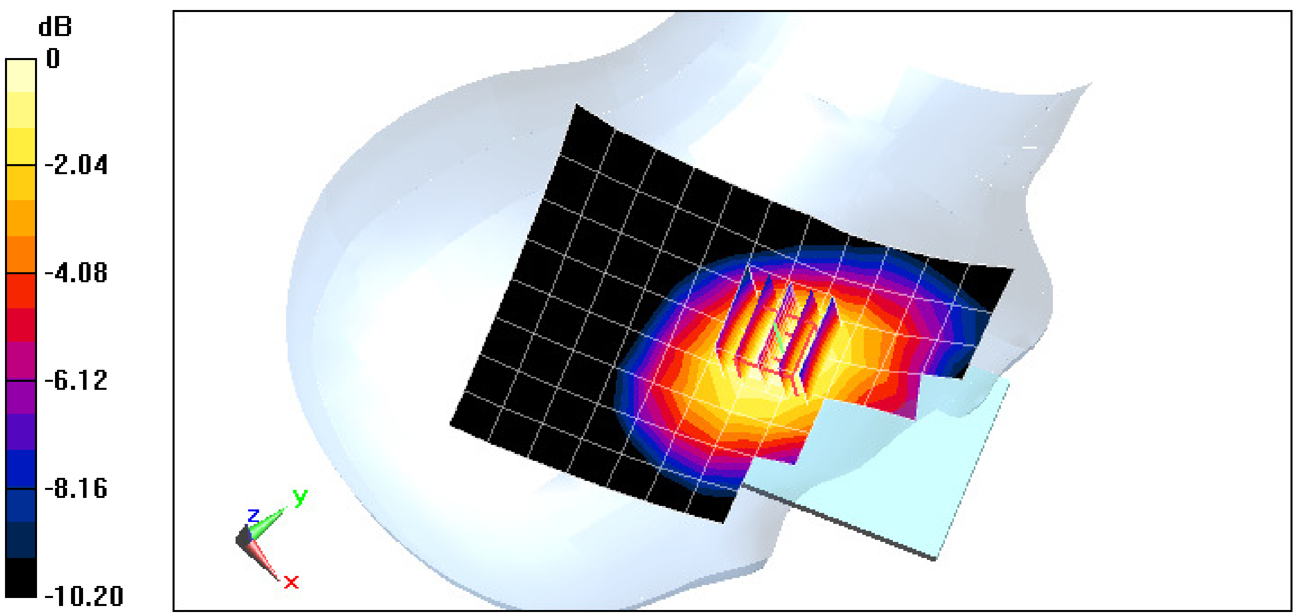
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.894 S/m; εr = 40.125; ρ = 1000 kg/m3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 11/17/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1415; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Cell. EVDO Rev. A, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.714 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.546 W/kg



0 dB = 0.599 W/kg = -2.23 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09067

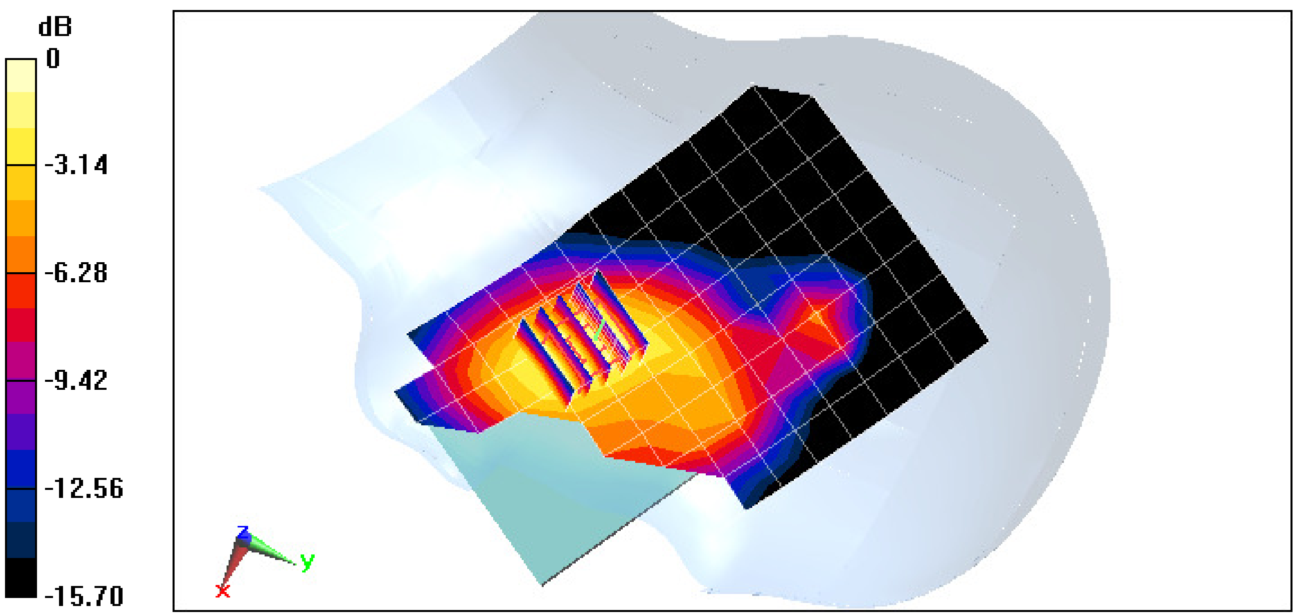
Communication System: UID 0, PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.462 S/m; ε_r = 40.525; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016
Phantom: SAM Main ; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Cheek, High.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.975 W/kg



0 dB = 1.16 W/kg = 0.64 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09059

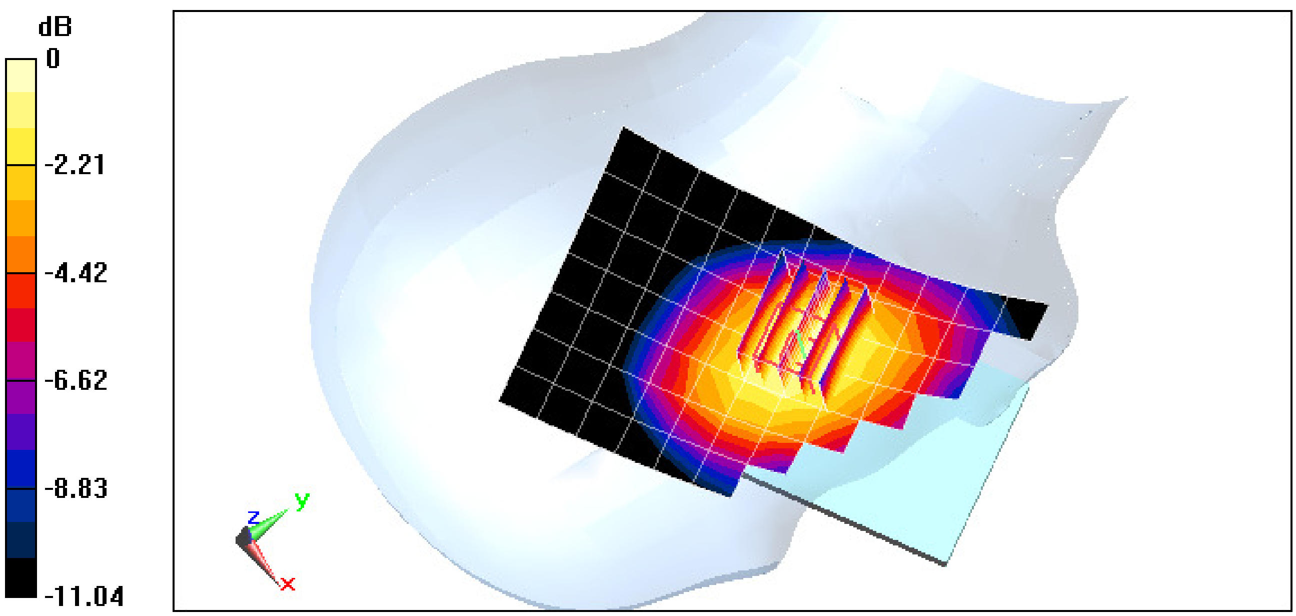
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.937 S/m; ε_r = 41.425; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-10-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(6.48, 6.48, 6.48); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 13, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.474 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg



0 dB = 0.402 W/kg = -3.96 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09059

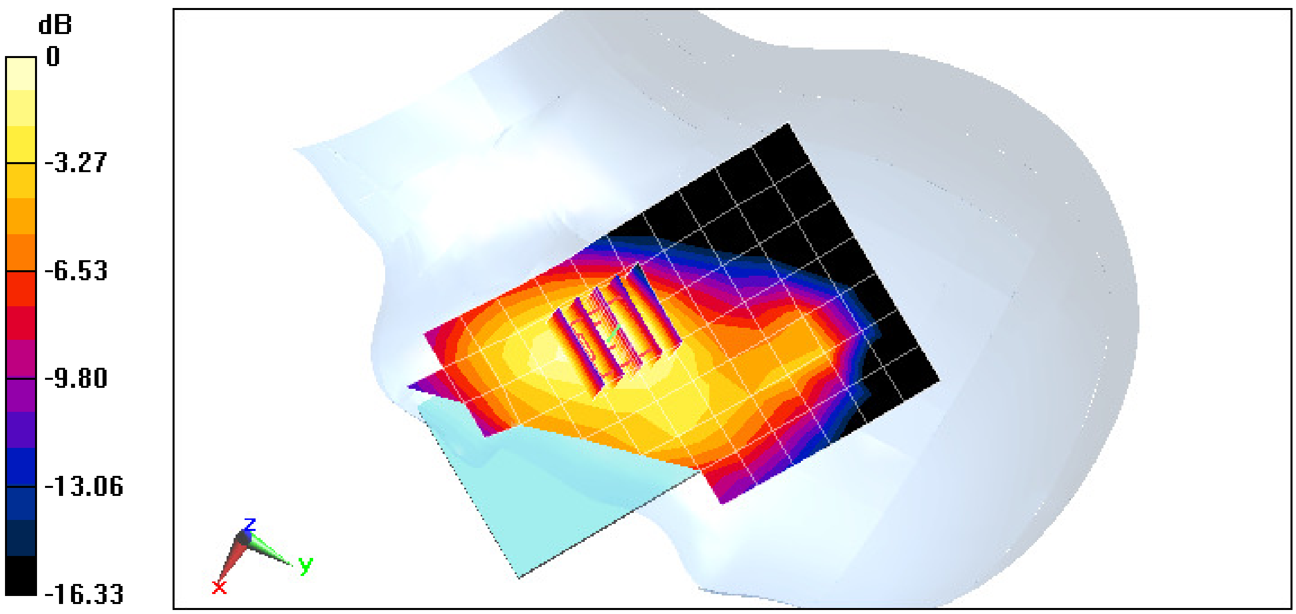
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.327 S/m; ε_r = 40.014; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 99 RB Offset

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.685 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.449 W/kg



0 dB = 0.520 W/kg = -2.84 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09026

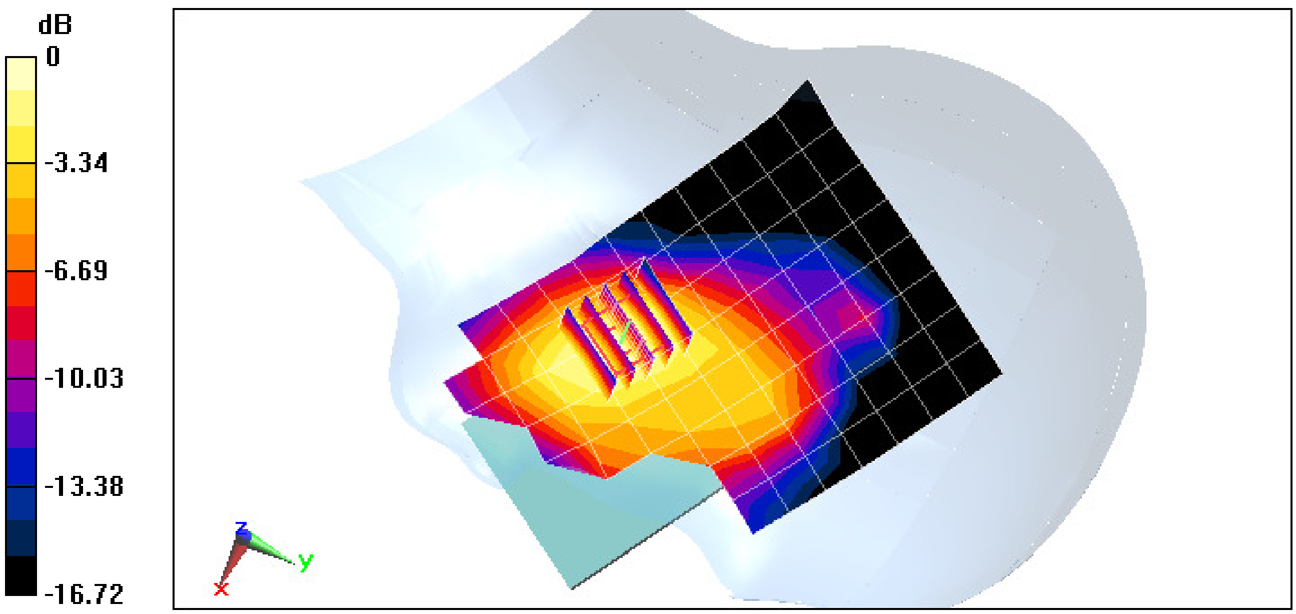
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.452 S/m; ε_r = 40.562; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016
Phantom: SAM Main ; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Left Head, Cheek, High.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.739 W/kg



0 dB = 0.879 W/kg = -0.56 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09091

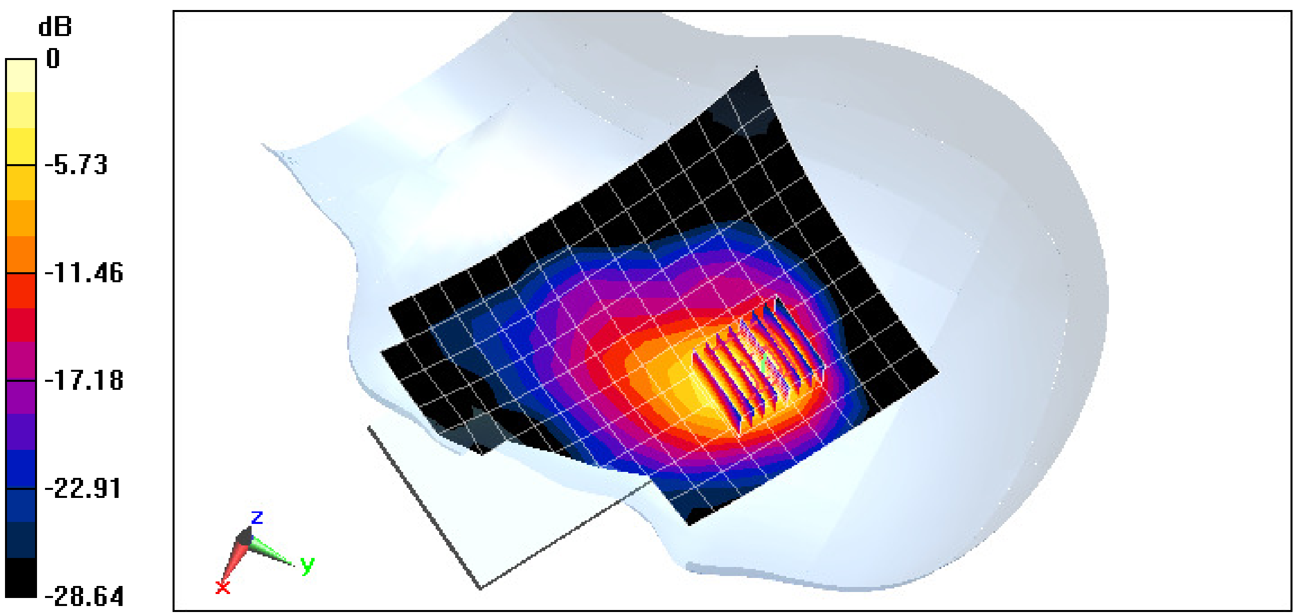
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.772 S/m; ε_r = 40.348; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 4/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 01, 1 Mbps

Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.940 W/kg



0 dB = 1.56 W/kg = 1.93 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09067

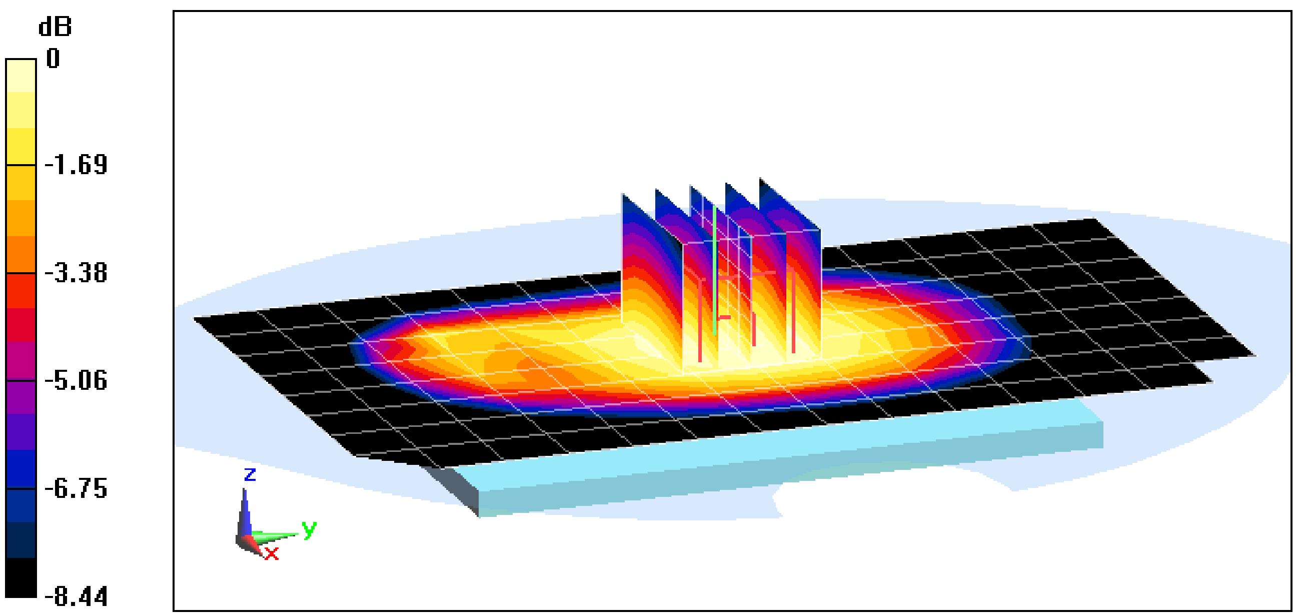
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 1.019 S/m; ε_r = 53.782; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Cell. CDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.845 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.682 W/kg



0 dB = 0.743 W/kg = -1.29 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09067

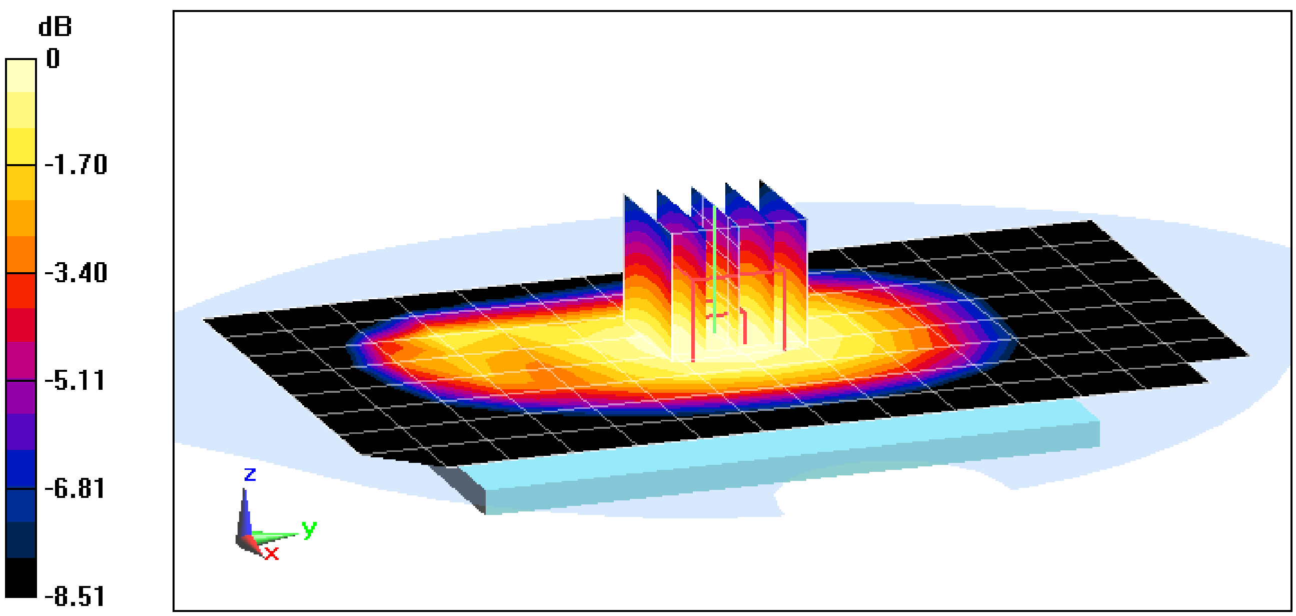
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 1.019 S/m; ε_r = 53.782; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Cell. EVDO Rev. 0, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.871 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.706 W/kg



0 dB = 0.772 W/kg = -1.12 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09067

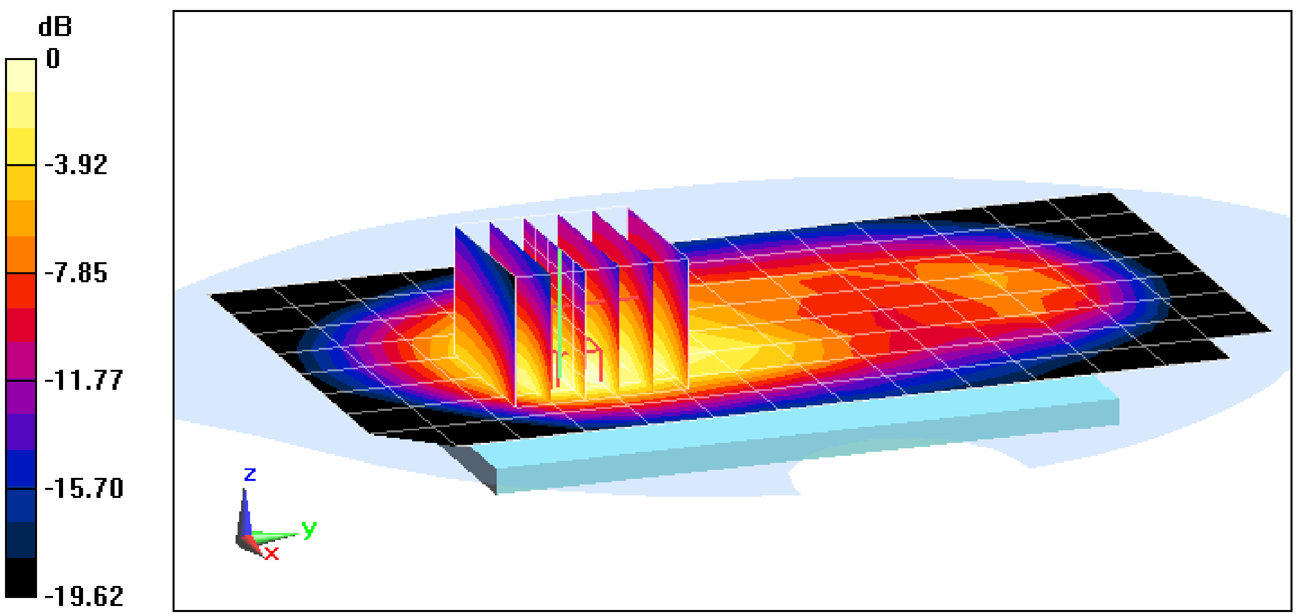
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.549 S/m; ε_r = 53.412; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-07-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3333; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 10/29/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 10/27/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.06 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.46 W/kg = 1.64 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09067

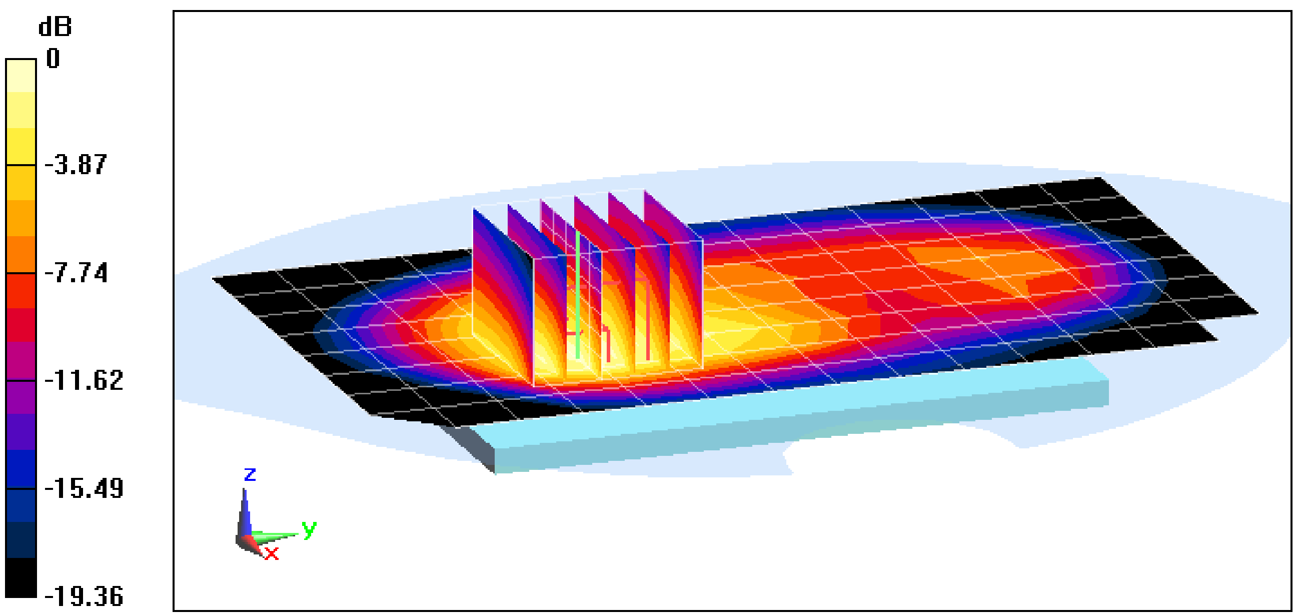
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.549 S/m; ε_r = 53.412; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-07-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3333; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 10/29/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 10/27/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: PCS EVDO Rev. 0, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 1.73 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09026

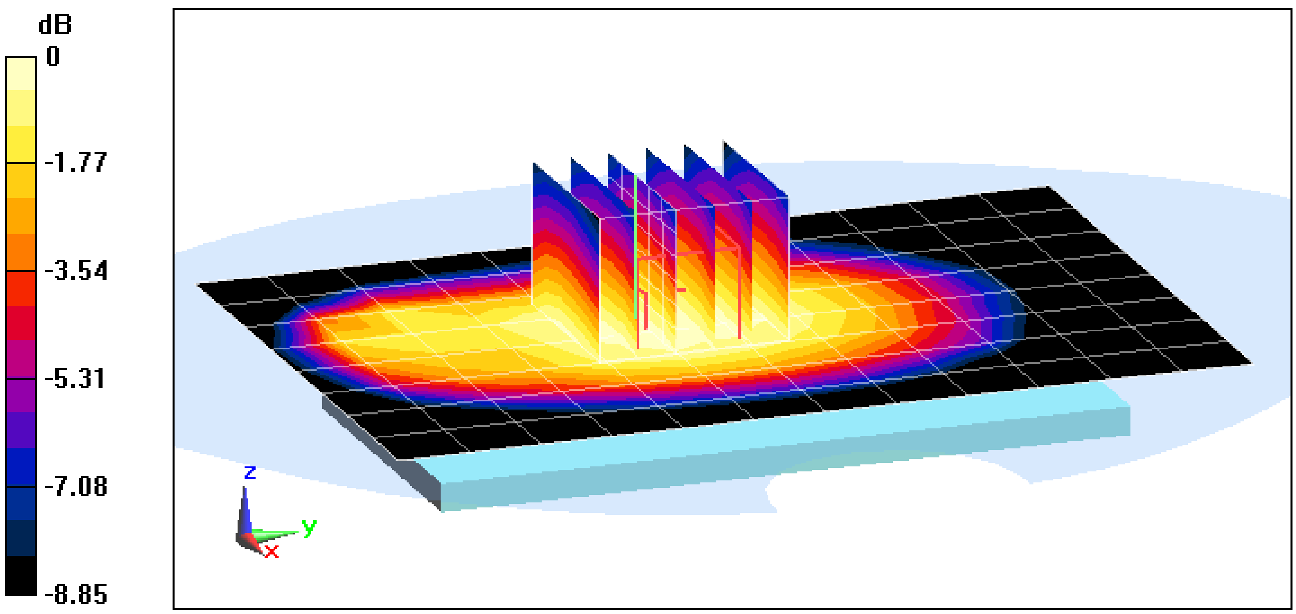
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.999 S/m; ε_r = 54.079; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 9/18/2015
Phantom: Sub TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1357
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 13, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.699 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.545 W/kg



0 dB = 0.599 W/kg = -2.23 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09059

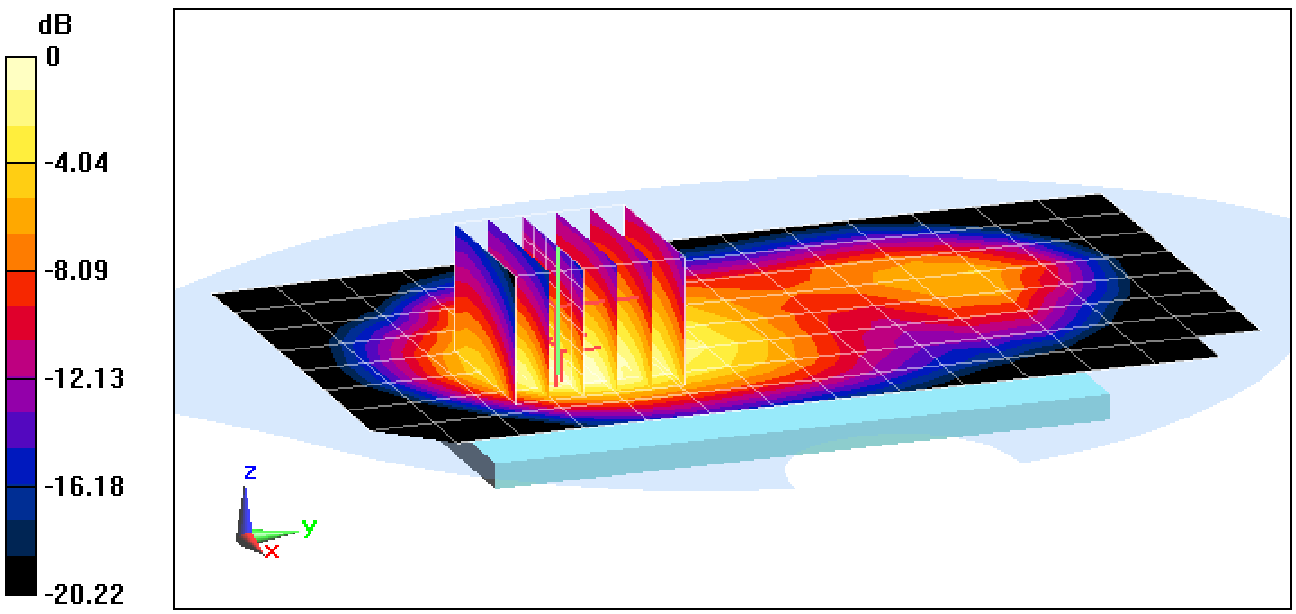
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.438 S/m; ε_r = 52.599; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/16/2015
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP: 1375
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 99 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.713 W/kg



0 dB = 0.860 W/kg = -0.66 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09059

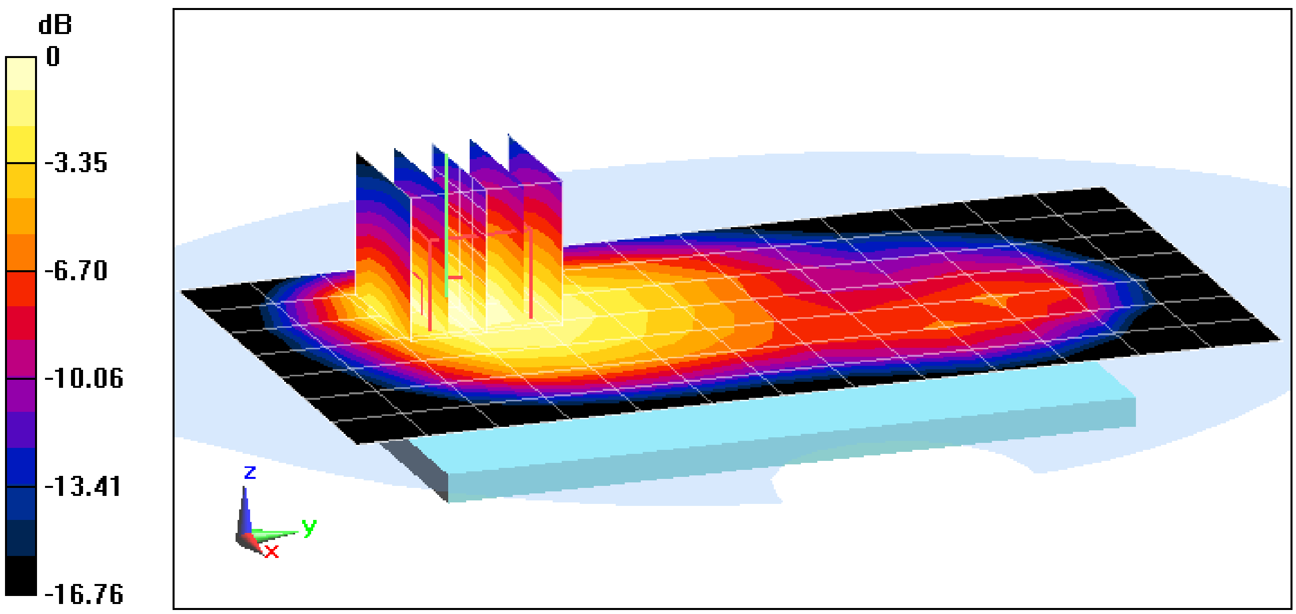
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.438 S/m; ε_r = 52.599; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/16/2015
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP: 1375
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 99 RB Offset

Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.760 W/kg



0 dB = 0.887 W/kg = -0.52 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09059

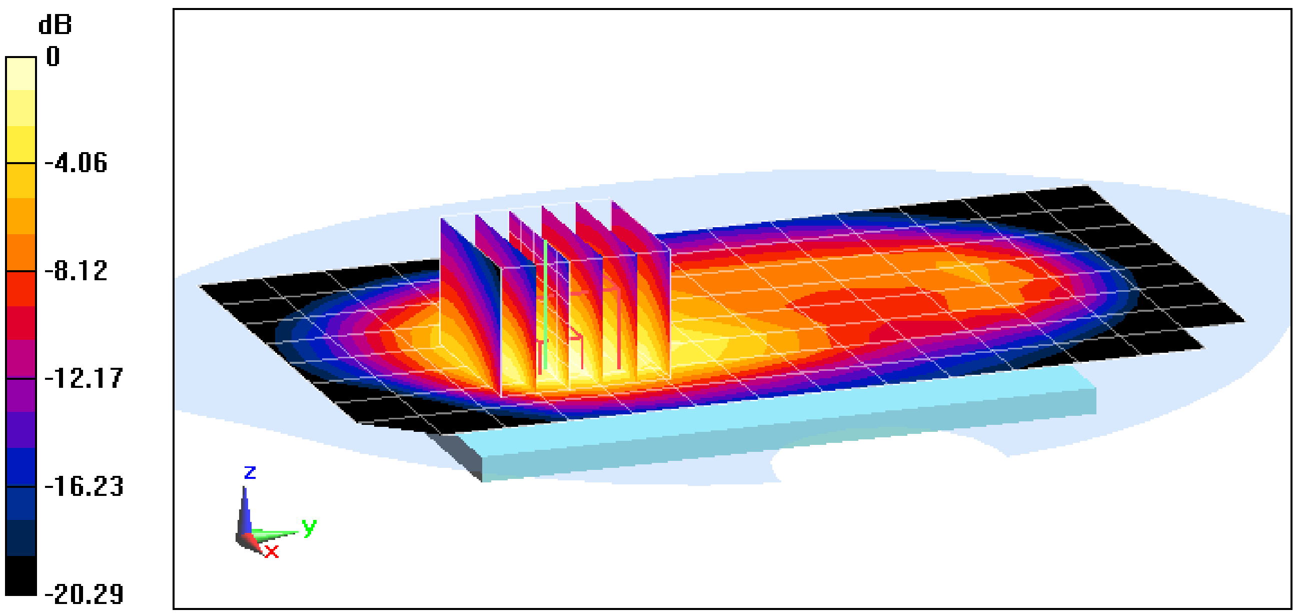
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.549 S/m; ε_r = 53.412; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-07-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3333; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 10/29/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 10/27/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.37 W/kg = 1.37 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09091

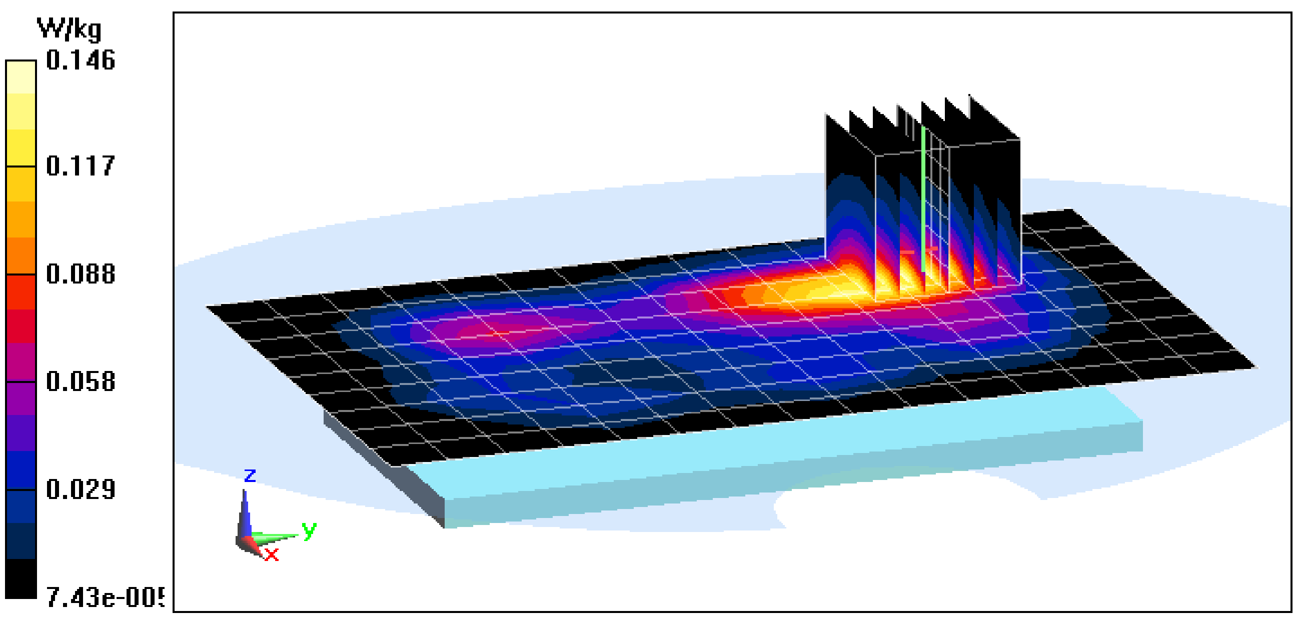
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.989 S/m; ε_r = 51.747; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-06-2016; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Body SAR, Ch 01, 1 Mbps, Back Side

Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.100 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.119 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 09091

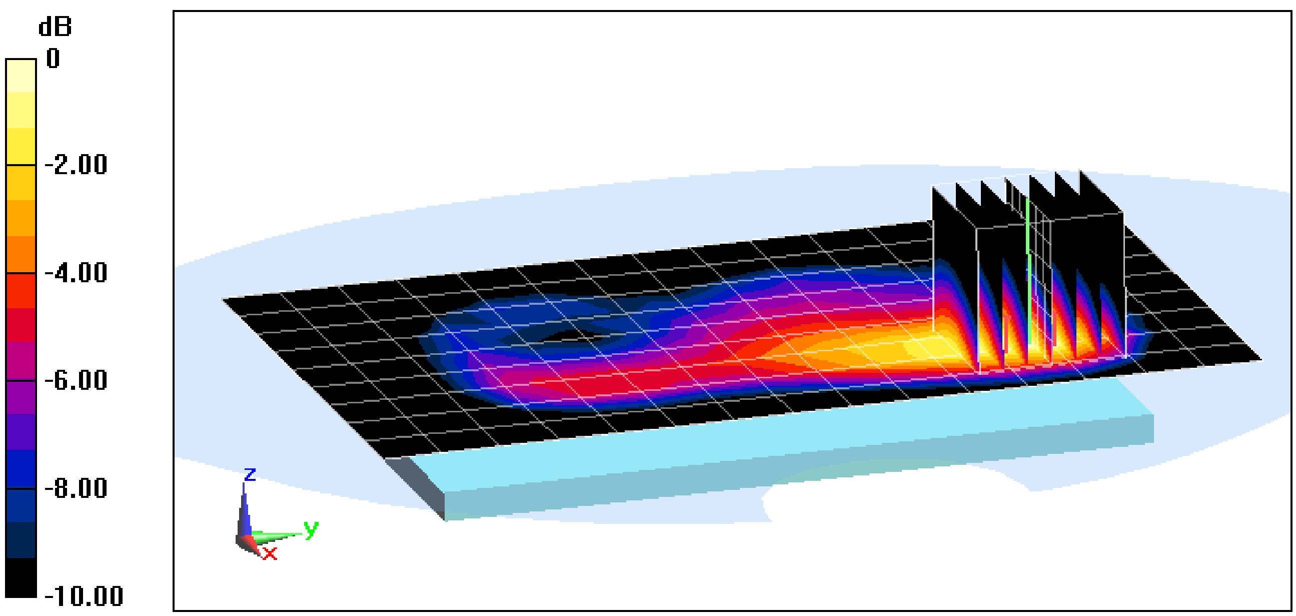
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.989 S/m; ε_r = 51.747; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-06-2016; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Body SAR, Ch 01, 1 Mbps, Front Side

Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.342 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.282 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.151 W/kg



0 dB = 0.190 W/kg = -7.21 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFL56VL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08994

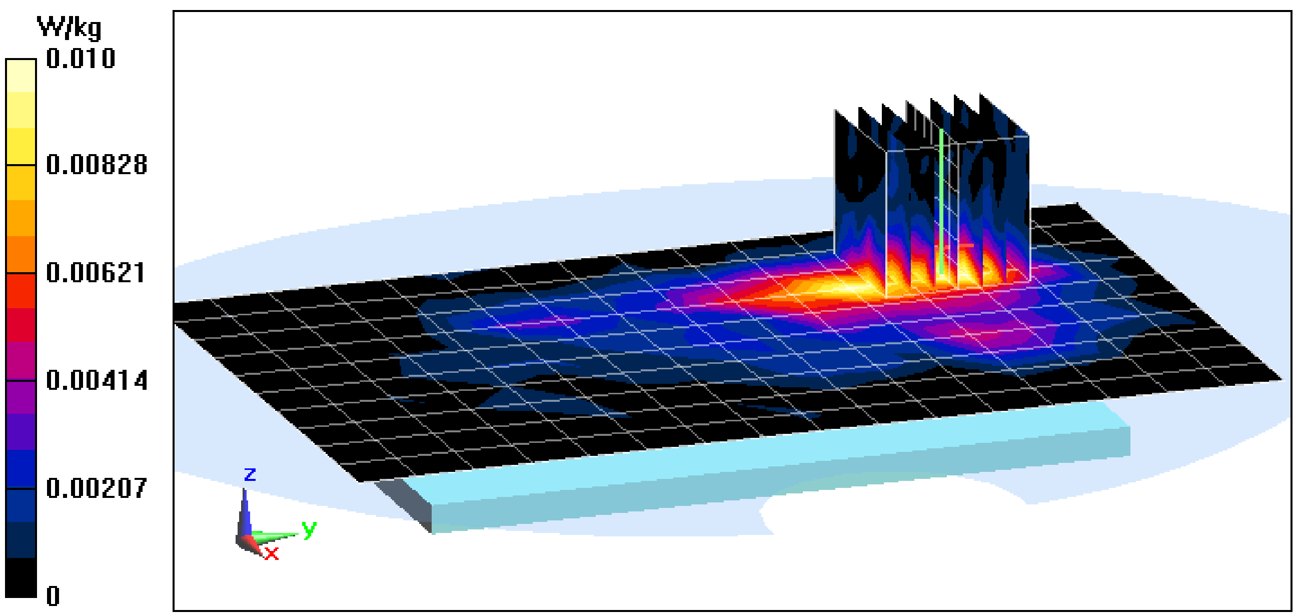
Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.96 S/m; ε_r = 51.84; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-12-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: Bluetooth, Body SAR, Ch 39, 1 Mbps, Back Side

Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.045 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0140 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.008 W/kg



APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1046

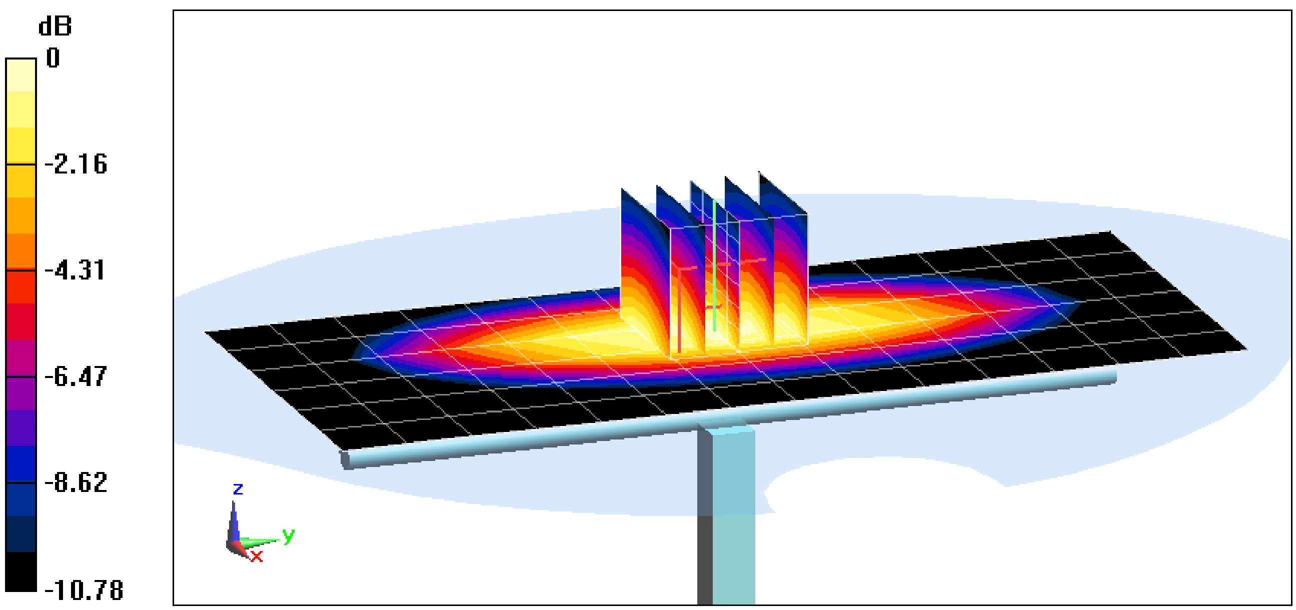
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.906 S/m; ε_r = 41.826; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-10-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(6.48, 6.48, 6.48); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.66 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 1.22%



0 dB = 1.94 W/kg = 2.88 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d133

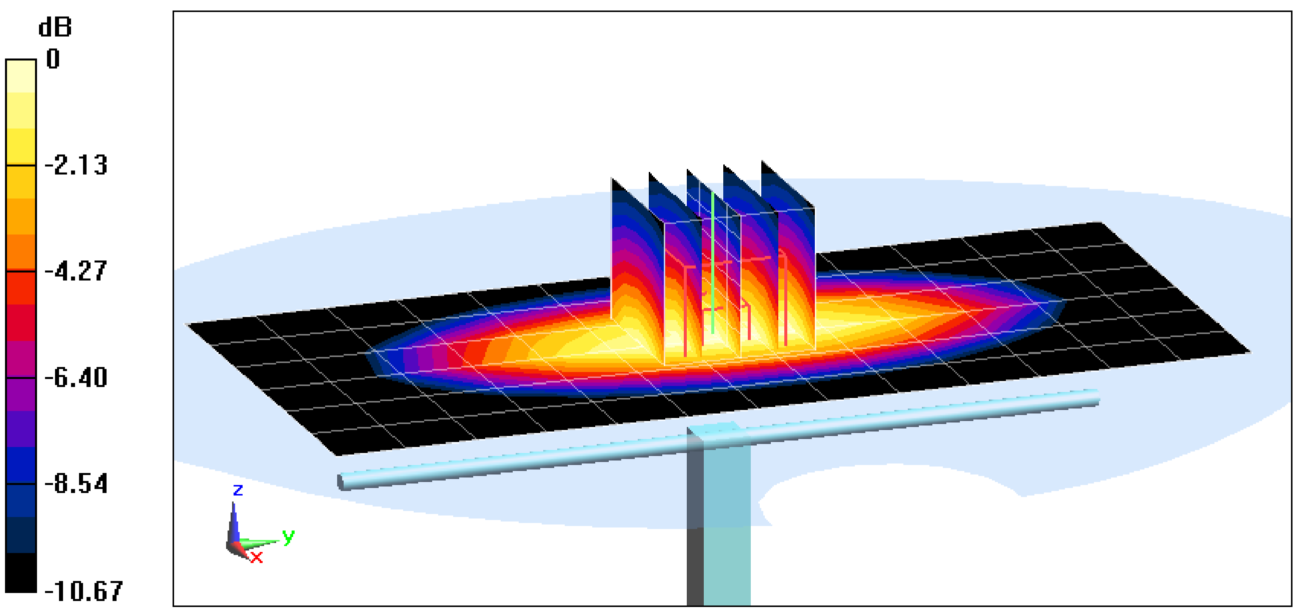
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used:
f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.893$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.146$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 11/17/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1415; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.89 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.96 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 7.34%



0 dB = 2.30 W/kg = 3.62 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

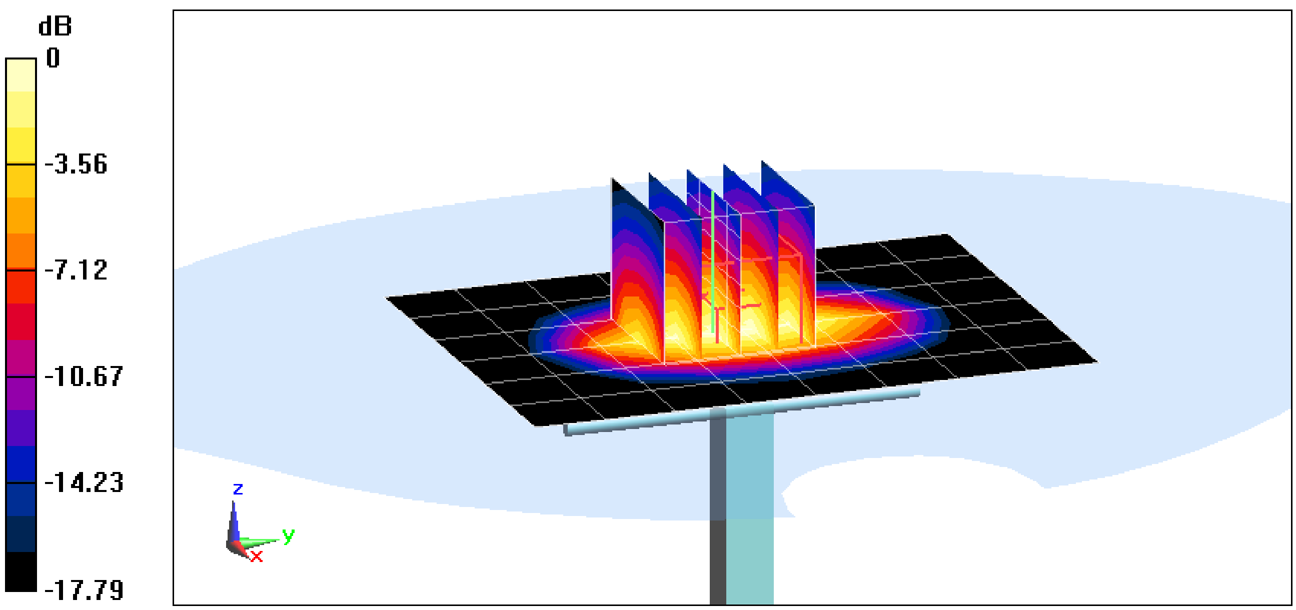
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used:
f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.343$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.929$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.70 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.49%



0 dB = 4.60 W/kg = 6.63 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d148

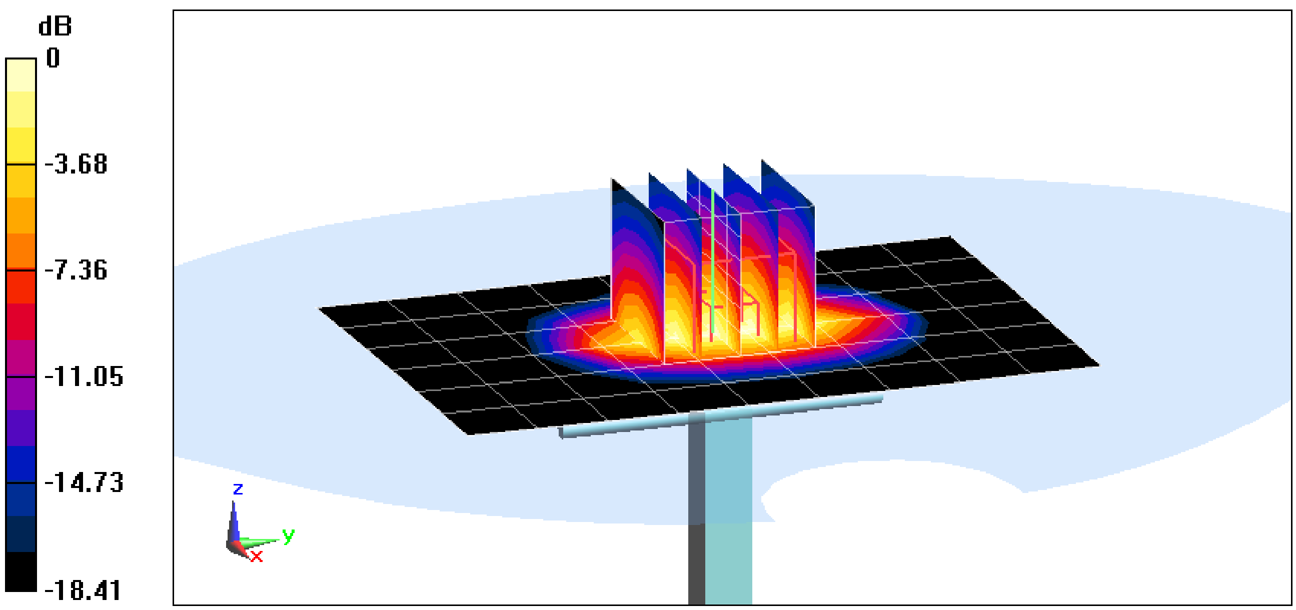
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.452 S/m; ε_r = 40.562; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016
Phantom: SAM Main ; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.10 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.76%



0 dB = 5.17 W/kg = 7.13 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

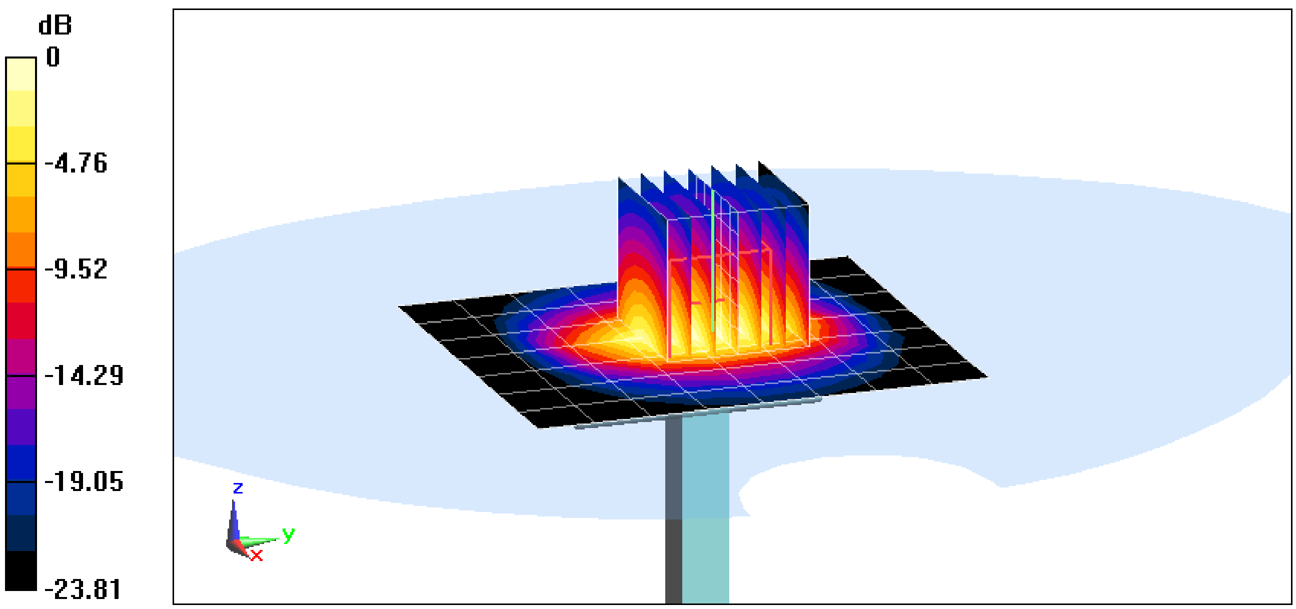
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.819 S/m; ε_r = 40.155; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 4/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.09 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -6.09%



0 dB = 8.63 W/kg = 9.36 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

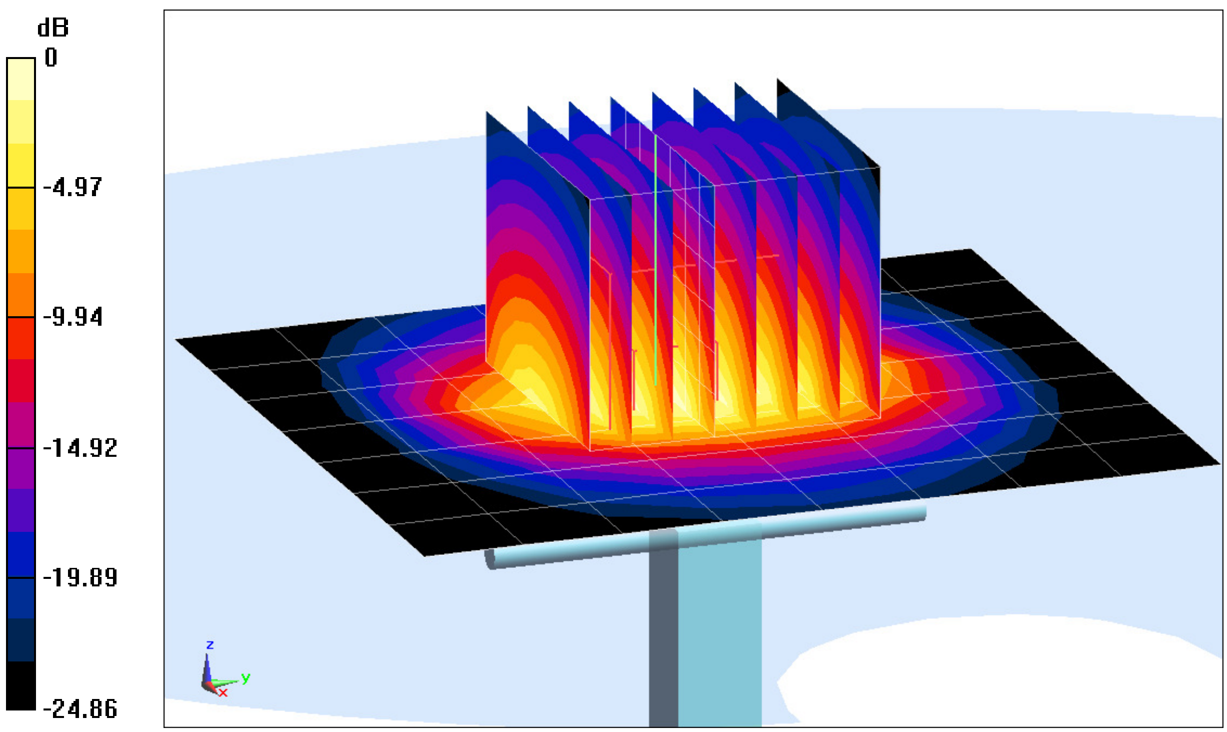
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.875 S/m; ε_r = 39.613; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-16-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 9/18/2015
Phantom: Sub TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1357
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.18 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -1.71%



0 dB = 6.58 W/kg = 8.18 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003

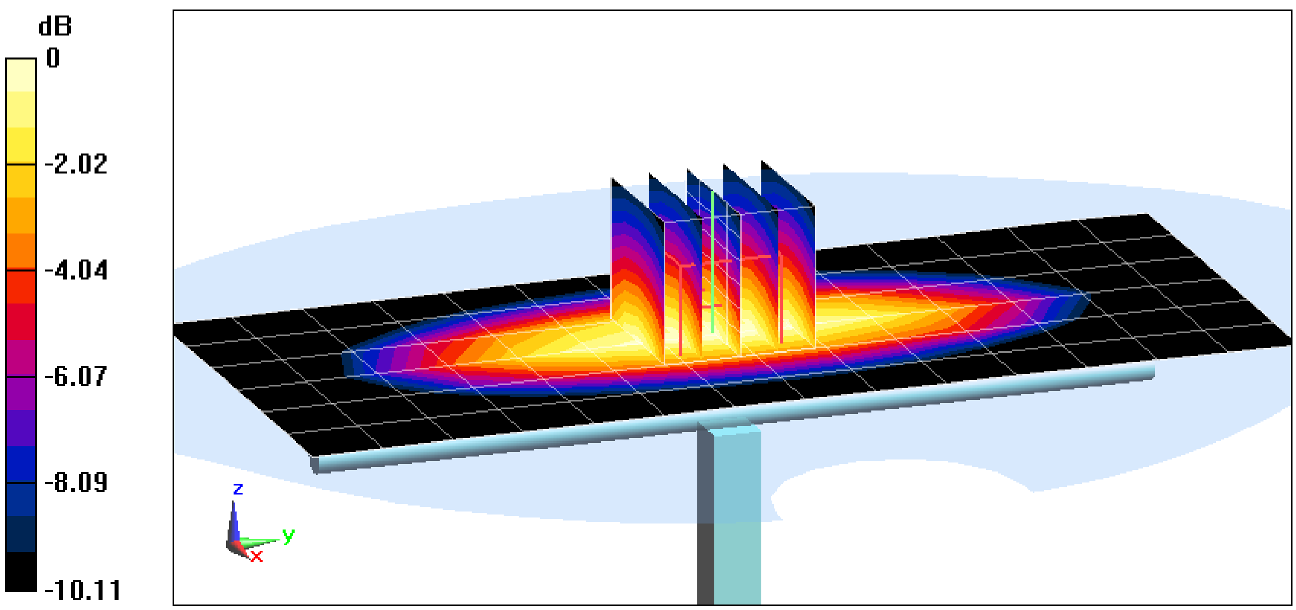
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.968 S/m; ε_r = 54.436; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(6.57, 6.57, 6.57); Calibrated: 9/18/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 9/18/2015
Phantom: Sub TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1357
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.64 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -5.31%



0 dB = 1.89 W/kg = 2.76 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

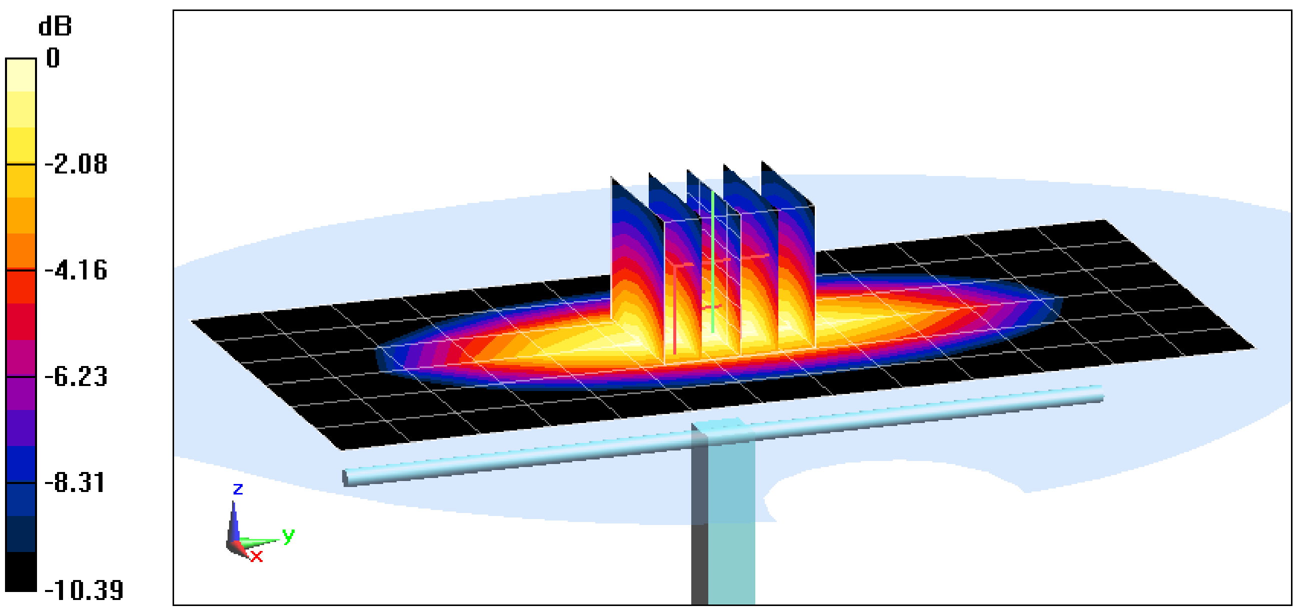
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.017 S/m; ε_r = 53.791; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.87 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.97 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 7.77%



0 dB = 2.30 W/kg = 3.62 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

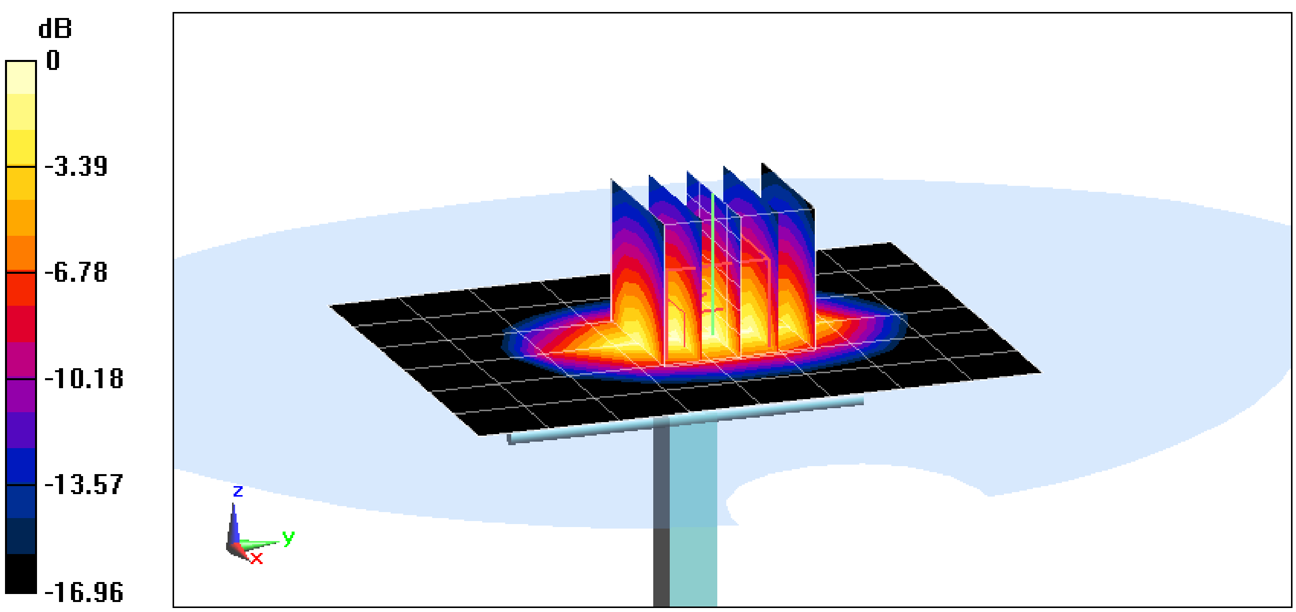
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.456 S/m; ε_r = 52.534; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-09-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 8/26/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/16/2015
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP: 1375
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.37 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.61 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -1.10%



0 dB = 4.51 W/kg = 6.54 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

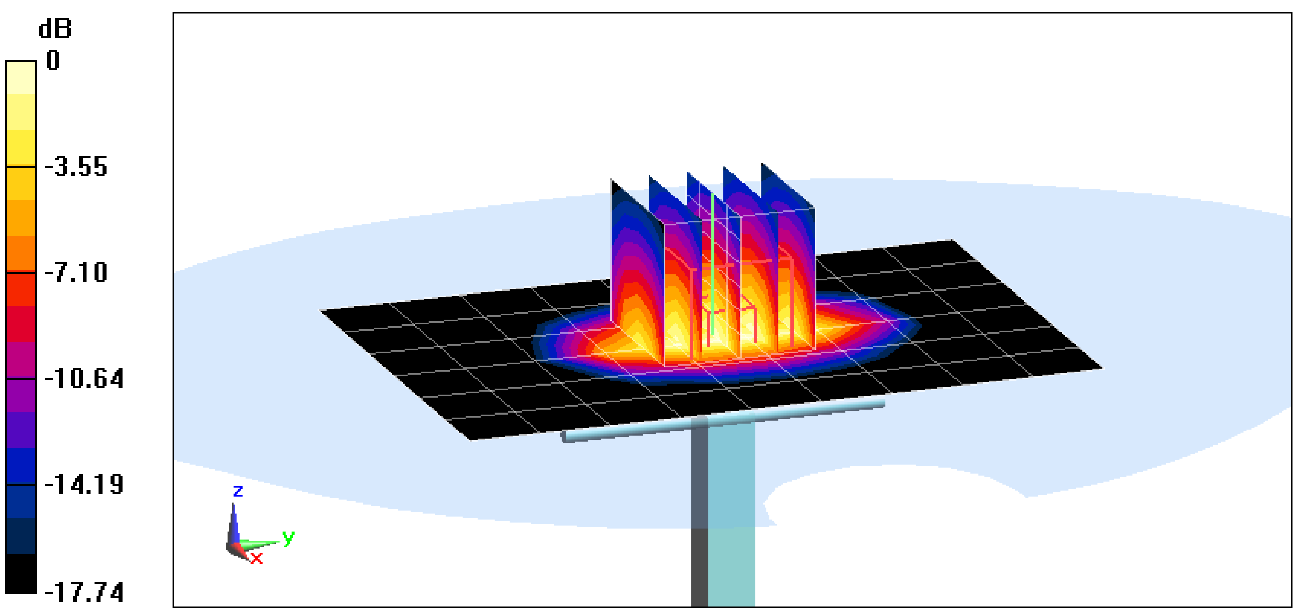
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.573 S/m; ε_r = 53.337; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-07-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3333; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 10/29/2015;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 10/27/2015
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.65 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.29 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 6.19%



0 dB = 5.40 W/kg = 7.32 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

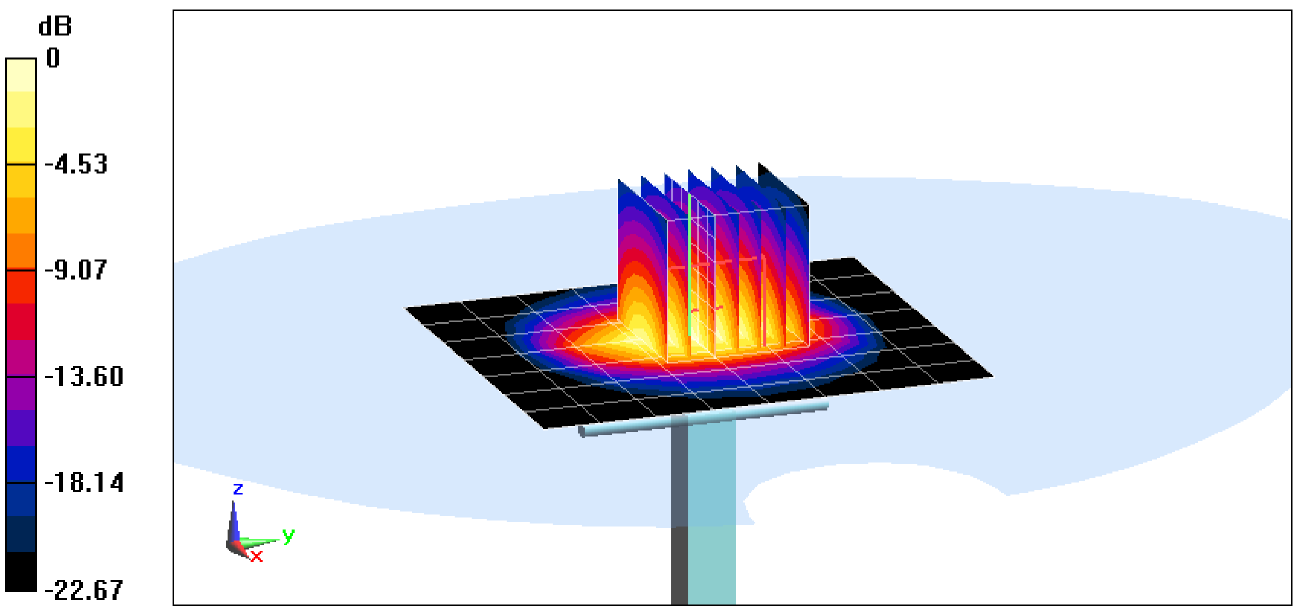
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.041 S/m; ε_r = 51.604; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-06-2016; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.44 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 4.82%



0 dB = 7.18 W/kg = 8.56 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 882

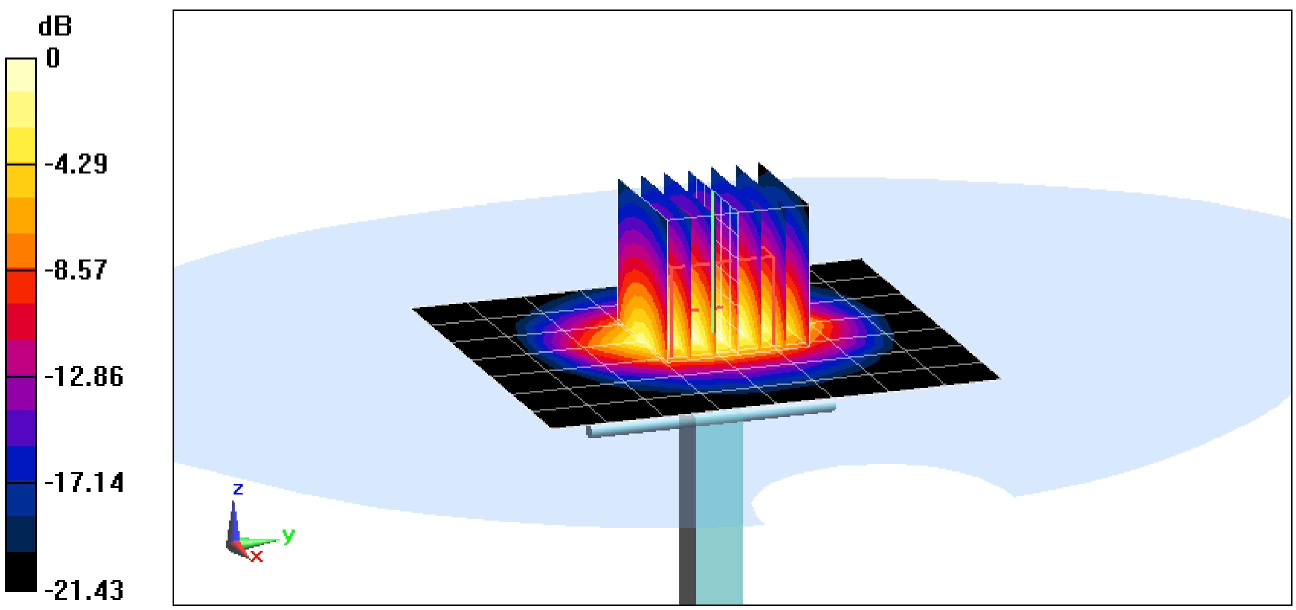
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.973 S/m; ε_r = 51.82; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-12-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/19/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.84 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.77 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -3.44%



0 dB = 6.24 W/kg = 7.95 dBW/kg