



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**Applicant Name:**

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.  
10101 Old Grove Road,  
San Diego, CA 92131  
USA

**Date of Testing:**

03/13/12 - 03/15/12

**Test Site/Location:**

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

**Document Serial No.:**

0Y1203120284.ZNF

**FCC ID:**

**ZNFL35G**

**APPLICANT:**

**LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.**

**DUT Type:**

Portable Handset

**Application Type:**

Certification

**FCC Rule Part(s):**

CFR §2.1093

**Model(s):**

LGL35G, L35G, L35g, LGL35g

**Test Device Serial No.:**

Pre-Production [S/N: SAR#1]


| Band & Mode                                 | Tx Frequency          | Conducted Power [dBm] | SAR              |                       |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
|   |                       |                       | 1 gm Head (W/kg) | 1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg) |
| GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 850                   | 824.20 - 848.80 MHz   | 32.89                 | 1.26             | 0.71                  |
| WCDMA/HSDPA 850                             | 826.40 - 846.60 MHz   | 22.59                 | 0.71             | 0.77                  |
| GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 1900                  | 1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz | 29.94                 | 0.56             | 0.92                  |
| WCDMA/HSDPA 1900                            | 1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz   | 22.56                 | 0.40             | 0.64                  |
| 2.4 GHz WLAN                                | 2412 - 2462 MHz       | 14.05                 | 0.05             | 0.06                  |
| Bluetooth                                   | 2402 - 2480 MHz       | 10.05                 | N/A              |                       |
| <b>Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01:</b> |                       |                       | 1.31             | 0.92                  |

Notes: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations and may not represent the highest output powers for all configurations for each mode. All models are confirmed to be identical per the manufacturer.



This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001), IEEE 1528-2003 and in applicable Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications (RSS); for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.



  
Randy Ortanez  
President



|  |   |                                      |   |  |
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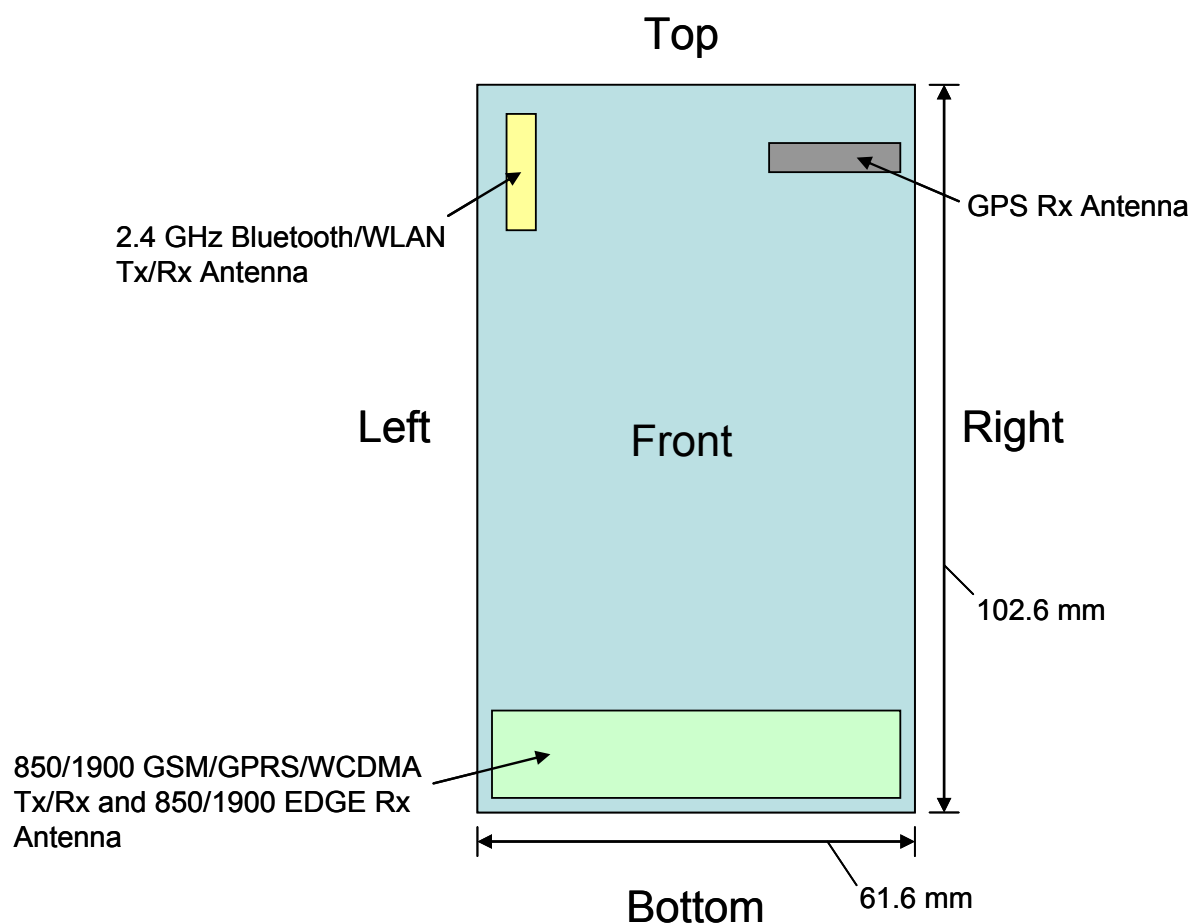
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# 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST



## 1.1 Device Overview

| Band & Mode                | Tx Frequency          |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 850  | 824.20 - 848.80 MHz   |
| WCDMA 850                  | 826.40 - 846.60 MHz   |
| GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 1900 | 1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz |
| WCDMA 1900                 | 1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz   |
| 2.4 GHz WLAN               | 2412 - 2462 MHz       |
| Bluetooth                  | 2402 - 2480 MHz       |

## 1.2 DUT Antenna Locations



**Figure 1-1**  
**DUT Antenna Locations**

|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
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## 1.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

### (A) WIFI/BT

The separation between the main antenna and the Bluetooth/WLAN antenna is 67 mm.  
RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth Tx is 10.106 mW. RF Conducted Power of WLAN is 26.242 mW.  
The EMC report contains the complete Bluetooth powers.

2.4 GHz WIFI and Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

Per KDB Publication 648474, **Bluetooth SAR was not required** based on the maximum conducted power, the Bluetooth/WLAN to main antenna separation distance, and Body-SAR of the main antenna.

### (B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

This model does not support Simultaneous Voice and Data for the licensed transmitter in any modes except in WCDMA that allows Multi-RAB transmissions that share voice and data operations on a single physical channel.



GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported. Therefore GSM Voice cannot transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

## 1.4 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

## 1.5 FCC Guidance Applied

- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 941225 (2G/3G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB 248227 (802.11)
- FCC KDB 648474 (Simultaneous)

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
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## 2

## INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

### 2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 2-1).

**Equation 2-1**  
**SAR Mathematical Equation**

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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## 3 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

### 3.1 Automated SAR Measurement System

Measurements are performed using the DASY automated dosimetric SAR assessment system. The DASY is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of a high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing the head or body equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot, performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). See [www.speag.com](http://www.speag.com) for more information about the specification of the SAR assessment system.





**Figure 3-1**  
**SAR Measurement System**



**Figure 3-2**  
**Near-Field Probe**

**Table 3-1**  
**Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

| Frequency (MHz)           | 835   | 835   | 1900  | 1900  | 2450  | 2450 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Tissue                    | Head  | Body  | Head  | Body  | Head  | Body |
| Ingredients (% by weight) |       |       |       |       |       |      |
| Bactericide               | 0.1   | 0.1   |       |       |       |      |
| DGBE                      |       |       | 44.92 | 29.44 | 7.99  | 26.7 |
| HEC                       | 1     | 1     |       |       |       |      |
| NaCl                      | 1.45  | 0.94  | 0.18  | 0.39  | 0.16  | 0.1  |
| Sucrose                   | 57    | 44.9  |       |       |       |      |
| Triton X-100              |       |       |       |       | 19.97 |      |
| Water                     | 40.45 | 53.06 | 54.9  | 70.17 | 71.88 | 73.2 |

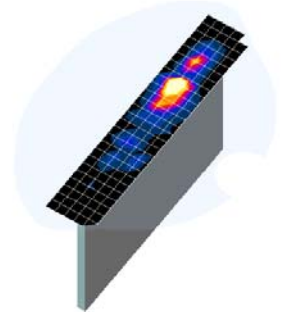
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## 4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT



### 4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head interface and the horizontal grid resolution was 15mm and 15mm for frequencies < 3 GHz in the x and y directions respectively. When applicable, for frequencies above 3 GHz, a 10 mm by 10 mm resolution was used.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1 gram cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring at least 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
  - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.



**Figure 4-1**  
**Sample SAR Area Scan**

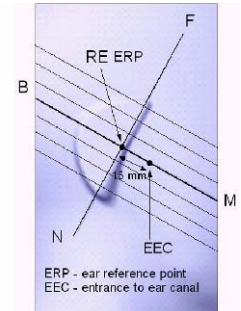
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## 5

## DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

### 5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 8-1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 8-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5-2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



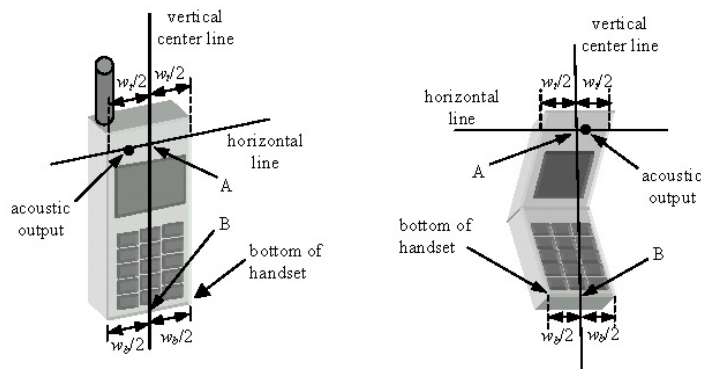
**Figure 5-1**  
Close-Up Side view  
of ERP

### 5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS



Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 5-3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



**Figure 5-2**  
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom



**Figure 5-3**  
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
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## 6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

### 6.1 Device Holder

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

### 6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

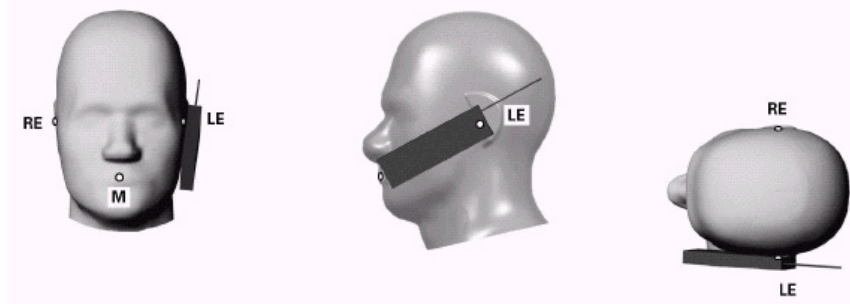




Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

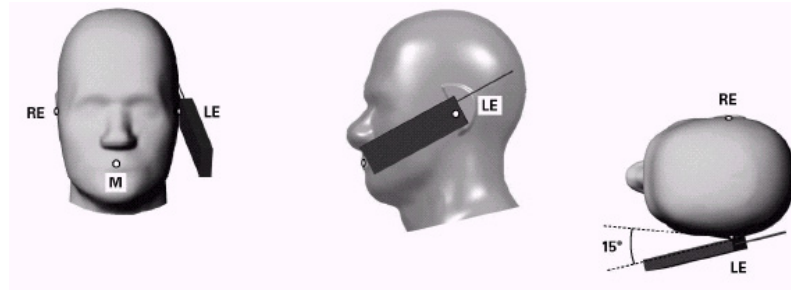
2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

### 6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

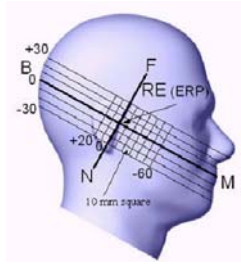
With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
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**Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position**



**Figure 6-3**  
**Side view w/ relevant markings**





**Figure 6-4 Body SAR Sample Photo**  
**(Not Actual EUT)**

## 6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

|  |   |                                      |   |  |
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### 7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



### 7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 7-1**  
**SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6**

| HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS                           |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|   | UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT<br><i>General Population</i><br>(W/kg) or (mW/g) | CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT<br><i>Occupational</i><br>(W/kg) or (mW/g) |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR<br>Brain                       | 1.6   | 8.0   |
| SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR<br>Whole Body               | 0.08  | 0.4   |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR<br>Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists | 4.0   | 20  |

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
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Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

### 8.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices” v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a “point SAR” at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

### 8.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA

#### 8.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

#### 8.2.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets



SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

#### 8.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

### 8.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 for more details.

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12  | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |   | Page 12 of 29                   |



### 8.3.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use.

### 8.3.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg or if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12  | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |   | Page 13 of 29                   |

## 9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

### 9.1 Licensed Transmitter Conducted Powers

#### 9.1.1 GSM Conducted Powers

|          |         | Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power |                         |                         |
|----------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|          |         | Voice                               | GPRS Data (GMSK)        |                         |
| Band     | Channel | GSM [dBm]<br>CS<br>(1 Slot)         | GPRS [dBm]<br>1 Tx Slot | GPRS [dBm]<br>2 Tx Slot |
| Cellular | 128     | 32.85                               | 32.88                   | <b>30.17</b>            |
|          | 190     | 32.87                               | 32.87                   | <b>30.15</b>            |
|          | 251     | 32.89                               | 32.86                   | <b>30.13</b>            |
| PCS      | 512     | 29.91                               | 29.90                   | <b>27.78</b>            |
|          | 661     | 29.94                               | 29.92                   | <b>27.79</b>            |
|          | 810     | 29.94                               | 29.93                   | <b>27.81</b>            |



|          |         | Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power |                         |                         |
|----------|---------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|          |         | Voice  | GPRS Data (GMSK)        |                         |
| Band     | Channel | GSM [dBm]<br>CS<br>(1 Slot)                    | GPRS [dBm]<br>1 Tx Slot | GPRS [dBm]<br>2 Tx Slot |
| Cellular | 128     | 23.82  | 23.85                   | <b>24.15</b>            |
|          | 190     | 23.84  | 23.84                   | <b>24.13</b>            |
|          | 251     | 23.86  | 23.83                   | <b>24.11</b>            |
| PCS      | 512     | 20.88  | 20.87                   | <b>21.76</b>            |
|          | 661     | 20.91  | 20.89                   | <b>21.77</b>            |
|          | 810     | 20.91  | 20.90                   | <b>21.79</b>            |

Note: Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

The bolded GPRS modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D03.

GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with CS1 on the base station simulator since it was the coding scheme with the lowest bit rate and the most stable powers.

**GSM Class: B**  
**GPRS Multislot class: 10 (max 2 Tx Uplink slots)**  
**EDGE Multislot class: EDGE Rx Only**  
**DTM Multislot Class: N/A**

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  <b>PCTEST</b><br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  <b>LG</b> | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12  | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |   | Page 14 of 29                   |

## 9.1.2 WCDMA Conducted Powers

| 3GPP Release Version | Mode  | 3GPP 34.121 Subtest | Cellular Band [dBm] |       |       | PCS Band [dBm] |       |       | MPR (dB) |
|----------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|----------|
|                      |       |                     | 4132                | 4183  | 4233  | 9262           | 9400  | 9538  |          |
| 99                   | WCDMA | 12.2 kbps RMC       | 22.45               | 22.59 | 22.32 | 22.44          | 22.56 | 22.35 | -        |
| 99                   |       | 12.2 kbps AMR       | 22.49               | 22.52 | 22.16 | 22.42          | 22.50 | 22.29 | -        |
| 5                    | HSDPA | Subtest 1           | 22.49               | 22.56 | 22.31 | 22.45          | 22.49 | 22.33 | 0        |
| 5                    |       | Subtest 2           | 22.30               | 22.38 | 22.24 | 22.43          | 22.48 | 22.28 | 0        |
| 5                    |       | Subtest 3           | 21.74               | 21.95 | 21.75 | 22.06          | 22.19 | 22.07 | 0.5      |
| 5                    |       | Subtest 4           | 21.56               | 21.58 | 21.44 | 21.69          | 21.76 | 21.59 | 0.5      |

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSPDA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model. Detailed information is included in the operational description explaining how the MPR is applied for this model.





**Figure 9-1**  
**Power Measurement Setup**

## 9.2 WLAN Conducted Powers

**Table 9-1**  
**IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power**

| Freq [MHz] | Channel | Data Rate [Mbps] | Average Power (dBm) |
|------------|---------|------------------|---------------------|
| 2412       | 1       | 1                | 13.84               |
|            |         | 2                | 13.83               |
|            |         | 5.5              | 13.89               |
|            |         | 11               | 13.74               |
| 2437       | 6       | 1                | 13.86               |
|            |         | 2                | 13.95               |
|            |         | 5.5              | 13.83               |
|            |         | 11               | 13.81               |
| 2462       | 11      | 1                | 14.05               |
|            |         | 2                | 14.04               |
|            |         | 5.5              | 14.13               |
|            |         | 11               | 14.19               |

|                                   |   |                               |   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  <b>PCTEST</b><br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>  |  | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12  | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |   | Page 15 of 29                   |

**Table 9-2**  
**IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power**

| Freq [MHz] | Channel | Data Rate [Mbps] | Average Power (dBm) |
|------------|---------|------------------|---------------------|
| 2412       | 1       | 6                | 12.15               |
|            |         | 9                | 12.18               |
|            |         | 12               | 12.11               |
|            |         | 18               | 12.12               |
|            |         | 24               | 12.26               |
|            |         | 36               | 12.28               |
|            |         | 48               | 12.14               |
|            |         | 54               | 12.06               |
| 2437       | 6       | 6                | 12.05               |
|            |         | 9                | 12.03               |
|            |         | 12               | 12.12               |
|            |         | 18               | 12.18               |
|            |         | 24               | 12.24               |
|            |         | 36               | 12.14               |
|            |         | 48               | 12.07               |
|            |         | 54               | 12.11               |
| 2462       | 11      | 6                | 11.96               |
|            |         | 9                | 12.04               |
|            |         | 12               | 12.08               |
|            |         | 18               | 11.94               |
|            |         | 24               | 11.96               |
|            |         | 36               | 12.02               |
|            |         | 48               | 11.86               |
|            |         | 54               | 11.78               |

**Table 9-3**  
**IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power**



| Freq [MHz] | Channel | Data Rate [Mbps] | Average Power (dBm) |
|------------|---------|------------------|---------------------|
| 2412       | 1       | 6.5/7.2          | 11.09               |
|            |         | 13/14.40         | 11.15               |
|            |         | 19.5/21.70       | 11.03               |
|            |         | 26/28.90         | 11.09               |
|            |         | 29/43.3          | 10.98               |
|            |         | 52/57.80         | 10.81               |
|            |         | 58.50/65         | 11.02               |
|            |         | 65/72.2          | 10.97               |
| 2437       | 6       | 6.5/7.2          | 10.93               |
|            |         | 13/14.40         | 10.92               |
|            |         | 19.5/21.70       | 11.07               |
|            |         | 26/28.90         | 11.03               |
|            |         | 29/43.3          | 10.88               |
|            |         | 52/57.80         | 10.87               |
|            |         | 58.50/65         | 10.77               |
|            |         | 65/72.2          | 10.92               |
| 2462       | 11      | 6.5/7.2          | 10.84               |
|            |         | 13/14.40         | 10.98               |
|            |         | 19.5/21.70       | 10.72               |
|            |         | 26/28.90         | 10.91               |
|            |         | 29/43.3          | 10.97               |
|            |         | 52/57.80         | 10.88               |
|            |         | 58.50/65         | 10.92               |
|            |         | 65/72.2          | 10.94               |

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.



**Figure 9-2**  
**Power Measurement Setup**

|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>FCC ID:</b> ZNFL35G                   |  | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 16 of 29                          |

## 10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 10.1 Tissue Verification

Table 10-1  
Measured Tissue Properties

| Calibrated for Tests Performed on: | Tissue Type | Tissue Temp During Calibration (°C) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Measured Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$ | TARGET Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m) | TARGET Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$ | % dev $\sigma$ | % dev $\epsilon$ |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|------------------|
| 03/13/2012                         | 835H        | 23.2                                | 820                      | 0.866                                 | 40.55                                    | 0.898                               | 41.571                                 | -3.56%         | -2.46%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 835                      | 0.879                                 | 40.35                                    | 0.900                               | 41.500                                 | -2.33%         | -2.77%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 850                      | 0.890                                 | 40.06                                    | 0.916                               | 41.500                                 | -2.84%         | -3.47%           |
| 03/14/2012                         | 1900H       | 23.3                                | 1850                     | 1.400                                 | 39.18                                    | 1.400                               | 40.000                                 | 0.00%          | -2.05%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 1880                     | 1.433                                 | 39.09                                    | 1.400                               | 40.000                                 | 2.36%          | -2.27%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 1910                     | 1.460                                 | 38.95                                    | 1.400                               | 40.000                                 | 4.29%          | -2.62%           |
| 03/15/2012                         | 2450H       | 23.9                                | 2401                     | 1.787                                 | 39.70                                    | 1.758                               | 39.298                                 | 1.65%          | 1.02%            |
|                                    |             |                                     | 2450                     | 1.853                                 | 39.55                                    | 1.800                               | 39.200                                 | 2.94%          | 0.89%            |
|                                    |             |                                     | 2499                     | 1.900                                 | 39.33                                    | 1.852                               | 39.135                                 | 2.59%          | 0.50%            |
| 03/14/2012                         | 835B        | 23.6                                | 820                      | 0.950                                 | 53.93                                    | 0.969                               | 55.284                                 | -1.96%         | -2.45%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 835                      | 0.964                                 | 53.70                                    | 0.970                               | 55.200                                 | -0.62%         | -2.72%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 850                      | 0.981                                 | 53.54                                    | 0.988                               | 55.154                                 | -0.71%         | -2.93%           |
| 03/14/2012                         | 1900B       | 22.8                                | 1850                     | 1.503                                 | 51.16                                    | 1.520                               | 53.300                                 | -1.12%         | -4.02%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 1880                     | 1.533                                 | 50.94                                    | 1.520                               | 53.300                                 | 0.86%          | -4.43%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 1910                     | 1.573                                 | 50.85                                    | 1.520                               | 53.300                                 | 3.49%          | -4.60%           |
| 03/15/2012                         | 2450B       | 23.8                                | 2401                     | 1.953                                 | 50.37                                    | 1.903                               | 52.765                                 | 2.63%          | -4.54%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 2450                     | 2.004                                 | 50.21                                    | 1.950                               | 52.700                                 | 2.77%          | -4.72%           |
|                                    |             |                                     | 2499                     | 2.070                                 | 50.05                                    | 2.019                               | 52.638                                 | 2.53%          | -4.92%           |

Note: KDB Publication 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.



The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY software rounds to three significant digits.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .

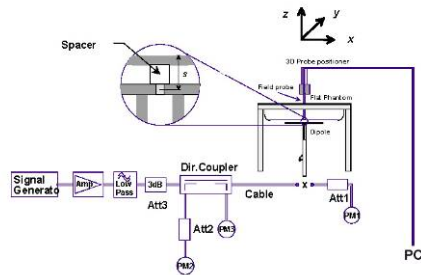
|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  PCTEST<br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  LG | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |  | Page 17 of 29                   |

### 10.3 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to  $\pm 10\%$  of the manufacturer SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration.

**Table 10-2**  
**System Verification Results**



| System Verification<br>TARGET & MEASURED |             |            |                |                  |                 |           |          |                                   |                                     |   |               |
|--|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Tissue Frequency (MHz)                   | Tissue Type | Date:      | Amb. Temp (°C) | Liquid Temp (°C) | Input Power (W) | Dipole SN | Probe SN | Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) | 1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) | 1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
| 835                                      | Head        | 03/13/2012 | 23.4           | 22.4             | 0.100           | 4d026     | 3258     | 0.955                             | 9.460                               | 9.550                                   | 0.95%         |
| 1900                                     | Head        | 03/14/2012 | 23.8           | 22.7             | 0.040           | 5d141     | 3022     | 1.6                               | 39.500                              | 40.000                                  | 1.27%         |
| 2450                                     | Head        | 03/15/2012 | 23.6           | 22.9             | 0.100           | 797       | 3263     | 5.38                              | 52.100                              | 53.800                                  | 3.26%         |
| 835                                      | Body        | 03/14/2012 | 23.9           | 22.0             | 0.100           | 4d026     | 3258     | 0.966                             | 9.660                               | 9.660                                   | 0.00%         |
| 1900                                     | Body        | 03/14/2012 | 23.6           | 22.5             | 0.040           | 5d141     | 3022     | 1.7                               | 41.400                              | 42.500                                  | 2.66%         |
| 2450                                     | Body        | 03/15/2012 | 24.4           | 23.8             | 0.100           | 719       | 3022     | 5.31                              | 51.300                              | 53.100                                  | 3.51%         |



**Figure 10-1**  
**System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 10-2**  
**System Verification Setup Photo**

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  PCTEST<br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  LG | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |  | Page 18 of 29                   |

# 11 SAR DATA SUMMARY



## 11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 11-1  
GSM 850 Head SAR Results

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |     |           |                       |                  |   |               |          |
|---|-----|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |     | Mode/Band | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Side  | Test Position | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch. |           |                       |                  |   |               | (W/kg)   |
| 824.20  | 128 | GSM 850   | 32.85                 | 0.04             | Right   | Touch         | 0.860    |
| 836.60  | 190 | GSM 850   | 32.87                 | -0.03            | Right   | Touch         | 1.030    |
| 848.80  | 251 | GSM 850   | 32.89                 | 0.07             | Right   | Touch         | 1.260    |
| 836.60  | 190 | GSM 850   | 32.87                 | 0.17             | Right   | Tilt          | 0.469    |
| 824.20  | 128 | GSM 850   | 32.85                 | -0.13            | Left  | Touch         | 0.718    |
| 836.60  | 190 | GSM 850   | 32.87                 | 0.17             | Left  | Touch         | 0.879    |
| 848.80  | 251 | GSM 850   | 32.89                 | 0.04             | Left  | Touch         | 1.010    |
| 836.60  | 190 | GSM 850   | 32.87                 | -0.05            | Left  | Tilt          | 0.418    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |     |           |                       |                  | Head<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |               |          |

Table 11-2  
WCDMA 850 Head SAR Results

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |      |           |                       |                  |   |               |          |
|---|------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |      | Mode/Band | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Side  | Test Position | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch.  |           |                       |                  |   |               | (W/kg)   |
| 836.60  | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | 22.59                 | 0.04             | Right   | Touch         | 0.697    |
| 836.60  | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | 22.59                 | 0.14             | Right   | Tilt          | 0.336    |
| 836.60  | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | 22.59                 | 0.10             | Left  | Touch         | 0.706    |
| 836.60  | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | 22.59                 | 0.01             | Left  | Tilt          | 0.344    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |      |           |                       |                  | Head<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |               |          |

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNLF35G                   |  PCTEST<br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  LG | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |  | Page 19 of 29                   |

**Table 11-3**  
**GSM 1900 Head SAR Results**



| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |     |           |                       |                  |   |               |          |
|---|-----|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |     | Mode/Band | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Side  | Test Position | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch. |           |                       |                  |   |               | (W/kg)   |
| 1880.00   | 661 | GSM 1900  | 29.94                 | -0.02            | Right   | Touch         | 0.559    |
| 1880.00   | 661 | GSM 1900  | 29.94                 | -0.15            | Right   | Tilt          | 0.296    |
| 1880.00   | 661 | GSM 1900  | 29.94                 | 0.00             | Left  | Touch         | 0.388    |
| 1880.00   | 661 | GSM 1900  | 29.94                 | 0.09             | Left  | Tilt          | 0.303    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |     |           |                       |                  | Head<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |               |          |

**Table 11-4**  
**WCDMA 1900 Head SAR Results**

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |      |            |                       |                  |   |               |          |
|---|------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |      | Mode       | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Side  | Test Position | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch.  |            |                       |                  |   |               | (W/kg)   |
| 1880.00   | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | 22.56                 | 0.12             | Right   | Touch         | 0.196    |
| 1880.00   | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | 22.56                 | 0.12             | Right   | Tilt          | 0.057    |
| 1880.00   | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | 22.56                 | -0.11            | Left  | Touch         | 0.398    |
| 1880.00   | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | 22.56                 | -0.12            | Left  | Tilt          | 0.117    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |      |            |                       |                  | Head<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |               |          |

**Table 11-5**  
**2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results**

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |     |              |         |                       |   |       |               |           |
|---|-----|--------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-------|---------------|-----------|
| FREQUENCY   |     | Mode         | Service | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB]                                | Side  | Test Position | Data Rate |
| MHz   | Ch. |              |         |                       |   |       |               | (Mbps)    |
| 2462  | 11  | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS    | 14.05                 | 0.10  | Right | Touch         | 1         |
| 2462  | 11  | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS    | 14.05                 | 0.02  | Right | Tilt          | 1         |
| 2462  | 11  | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS    | 14.05                 | 0.20  | Left  | Touch         | 1         |
| 2462  | 11  | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS    | 14.05                 | 0.09  | Left  | Tilt          | 1         |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |     |              |         |                       | Head<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |       |               |           |

|                                   |   |                               |  |  |   |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  |  |  | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12  | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |  |  | Page 20 of 29   |                                 |



## 11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

**Table 11-6**  
**Licensed Transmitter Body-Worn SAR Results**

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |      |            |         |                       |                  |   |                 |      |          |
|---|------|------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |      | Mode       | Service | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing   | # of Time Slots | Side | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch.  |            |         |                       |                  |   |                 |      | (W/kg)   |
| 836.60  | 190  | GSM 850    | GSM     | 32.87                 | 0.01             | 1.5 cm  | 1               | back | 0.710    |
| 836.60  | 190  | GSM 850    | GPRS    | 30.15                 | -0.06            | 1.5 cm  | 2               | back | 0.709    |
| 836.60  | 4183 | WCDMA 850  | RMC     | 22.59                 | -0.06            | 1.5 cm  | N/A             | back | 0.767    |
| 1850.20   | 512  | GSM 1900   | GSM     | 29.91                 | 0.07             | 1.5 cm  | 1               | back | 0.594    |
| 1880.00   | 661  | GSM 1900   | GSM     | 29.94                 | 0.18             | 1.5 cm  | 1               | back | 0.808    |
| 1909.80   | 810  | GSM 1900   | GSM     | 29.94                 | 0.03             | 1.5 cm  | 1               | back | 0.859    |
| 1850.20   | 512  | GSM 1900   | GPRS    | 27.78                 | -0.01            | 1.5 cm  | 2               | back | 0.677    |
| 1880.00   | 661  | GSM 1900   | GPRS    | 27.79                 | -0.07            | 1.5 cm  | 2               | back | 0.888    |
| 1909.80   | 810  | GSM 1900   | GPRS    | 27.81                 | -0.05            | 1.5 cm  | 2               | back | 0.923    |
| 1880.00   | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC     | 22.56                 | -0.05            | 1.5 cm  | N/A             | back | 0.637    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |      |            |         |                       |                  | Body<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |                 |      |          |

**Table 11-7**  
**WLAN Body-Worn SAR Results**

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS   |     |              |         |                       |                  |   |                  |      |          |
|---|-----|--------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|------------------|------|----------|
| FREQUENCY   |     | Mode         | Service | Conducted Power [dBm] | Power Drift [dB] | Spacing   | Data Rate (Mbps) | Side | SAR (1g) |
| MHz   | Ch. |              |         |                       |                  |   |                  |      | (W/kg)   |
| 2462  | 11  | IEEE 802.11b | DSSS    | 14.05                 | 0.00             | 1.5 cm  | 1                | back | 0.064    |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT<br>Spatial Peak<br>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population |     |              |         |                       |                  | Body<br>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)<br>averaged over 1 gram |                  |      |          |

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  PCTEST<br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  LG | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset | Page 21 of 29  |                                 |

### 11.3 SAR Test Notes

#### General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. The standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.
5. Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was tested because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.

#### GSM Test Notes:



1. Body-worn is generally intended for voice modes, but since the data modes show a higher frame-averaged output power, GPRS mode was tested in the body-worn condition. GSM voice was additionally tested.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. In addition to the worst-case reported, all source-based time-averaged powers within 5% of the worst-case were additionally included in the evaluation for data modes.

#### WCDMA Notes:

1. WCDMA mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSDPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSDPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

#### WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. WLAN transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.

|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>FCC ID:</b> ZNFL35G                   |  | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 22 of 29                          |

## 12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

### 12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” FCC KDB Publication 648474 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

### 12.2 FCC Power Tables & Conditions

|           | 2.45 | 5.15 - 5.35 | 5.47 - 5.85 | GHz |
|-----------|------|-------------|-------------|-----|
| $P_{Ref}$ | 12   | 6           | 5           | mW  |



Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.

**Figure 12-1**  
**Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters**

|                                | Individual Transmitter  | Simultaneous Transmission   |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Licensed Transmitters</b>   | <u>Routine evaluation required</u>  | <u>SAR not required:</u><br><u>Unlicensed only</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is <math>\geq 5</math> cm from other antennas</li> </ul> <u>Licensed &amp; Unlicensed</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>when the sum of the 1-g SAR is <math>&lt; 1.6</math> W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas</li> <li>when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is <math>&lt; 0.3</math></li> </ul> <u>SAR required:</u><br><u>Licensed &amp; Unlicensed</u> <p>antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio <math>\geq 0.3</math>; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition</p> <p><b>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</b></p> |
| <b>Unlicensed Transmitters</b> | <p><u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>output <math>\leq 60</math>/f: SAR not required</li> <li>output <math>&gt; 60</math>/f: stand-alone SAR required</li> </ul> <p><u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u></p> <p><u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>output <math>\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}</math> and antenna is <math>\geq 5.0</math> cm from other antennas</li> <li>output <math>\leq P_{Ref}</math> and antenna is <math>\geq 2.5</math> cm from other antennas</li> <li>output <math>\leq P_{Ref}</math> and antenna is <math>&lt; 2.5</math> cm from other antennas, each with either output power <math>\leq P_{Ref}</math> or 1-g SAR <math>&lt; 1.2</math> W/kg</li> </ul> <p><u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <p><u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition</li> <li>if SAR for highest output channel is <math>&gt; 50\%</math> of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures</li> </ul> |   |

**Figure 12-2**  
**SAR Evaluation Requirements for Multiple Transmitter Handsets**

According to Figure 12-1 and Figure 12-2, simultaneous transmission analysis of SAR may be required for this device for the licensed and unlicensed transmitters. Per KDB Publication 648474, Bluetooth SAR was not required based on the maximum conducted power, the Bluetooth/WLAN to main antenna separation distance, and Body-SAR of the main antenna. Possible simultaneous transmissions for this device were numerically summed using stand-alone SAR data and are shown in the following tables.

|                                   |  |                               |  |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                   |  PCTEST<br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | SAR EVALUATION REPORT         |  LG | Reviewed by:<br>Quality Manager |
| Document S/N:<br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | Test Dates:<br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | DUT Type:<br>Portable Handset |  | Page 23 of 29                   |

## 12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12-1**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Held to Ear)**

| Simult Tx | Configuration | GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)  | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult Tx | Configuration | WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg)  | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Head SAR  | Right Cheek   | 1.260               | 0.046                   | <b>1.306</b> | Head SAR  | Right Cheek   | 0.697                 | 0.046                   | <b>0.743</b> |
|           | Right Tilt    | 0.469               | 0.023                   | 0.492        |           | Right Tilt    | 0.336                 | 0.023                   | 0.359        |
|           | Left Cheek    | 1.010               | 0.030                   | 1.040        |           | Left Cheek    | 0.706                 | 0.030                   | 0.736        |
|           | Left Tilt     | 0.418               | 0.029                   | 0.447        |           | Left Tilt     | 0.344                 | 0.029                   | 0.373        |
| Simult Tx | Configuration | GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult Tx | Configuration | WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
| Head SAR  | Right Cheek   | 0.559               | 0.046                   | <b>0.605</b> | Head SAR  | Right Cheek   | 0.196                 | 0.046                   | 0.242        |
|           | Right Tilt    | 0.296               | 0.023                   | 0.319        |           | Right Tilt    | 0.057                 | 0.023                   | 0.080        |
|           | Left Cheek    | 0.388               | 0.030                   | 0.418        |           | Left Cheek    | 0.398                 | 0.030                   | <b>0.428</b> |
|           | Left Tilt     | 0.303               | 0.029                   | 0.332        |           | Left Tilt     | 0.117                 | 0.029                   | 0.146        |

The above tables represent a held to ear voice call potentially simultaneously operating with 2.4 GHz WLAN.

## 12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis



**Table 12-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Body-Worn at 1.5 cm)**

| Configuration | Mode       | 2G/3G SAR (W/kg) | 2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Back Side     | GSM 850    | 0.710            | 0.064                   | 0.774        |
| Back Side     | WCDMA 850  | 0.767            | 0.064                   | 0.831        |
| Back Side     | GSM 1900   | 0.859            | 0.064                   | <b>0.923</b> |
| Back Side     | WCDMA 1900 | 0.637            | 0.064                   | 0.701        |

The above tables represent a body-worn voice call potentially simultaneously operating with 2.4 GHz WLAN.

## 12.5 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion



The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. No volumetric SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 648474.

|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| FCC ID: ZNFL35G                          |  <b>PCTEST</b><br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 24 of 29                          |

# 13 EQUIPMENT LIST

| Manufacturer       | Model     | Description                                   | Cal Date   | Cal Interval | Cal Due    | Serial Number |
|--------------------|-----------|---|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Agilent            | 8648D     | (9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator                  | 10/10/2011 | Annual       | 10/10/2012 | 3613A00315    |
| Agilent            | 8753E     | (30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer                 | 4/21/2011  | Annual       | 4/21/2012  | JP38020182    |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 10/10/2011 | Annual       | 10/10/2012 | GB46110872    |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 10/20/2011 | Annual       | 10/20/2012 | GB46310798    |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 10/14/2011 | Annual       | 10/14/2012 | GB41450275    |
| Agilent            | E8257D    | (250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator               | 4/8/2011   | Annual       | 4/8/2012   | MY45470194    |
| Gigatronics        | 80701A    | (0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor                     | 10/12/2011 | Annual       | 10/12/2012 | 1833460       |
| Gigatronics        | 8651A     | Universal Power Meter                         | 10/12/2011 | Annual       | 10/12/2012 | 8650319       |
| Index SAR          | IXTL-010  | Dielectric Measurement Kit                    | N/A        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Index SAR          | IXTL-030  | 30MM TEM line for 6 GHz                       | N/A        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Pasternack         | PE2208-6  | Bidirectional Coupler                         | 6/3/2011   | Annual       | 6/3/2012   | N/A           |
| Pasternack         | PE2209-10 | Bidirectional Coupler                         | 6/3/2011   | Annual       | 6/3/2012   | N/A           |
| Rohde & Schwarz    | CMU200    | Base Station Simulator                        | 6/1/2011   | Annual       | 6/1/2012   | 833855/0010   |
| Rohde & Schwarz    | CMU200    | Base Station Simulator                        | 4/19/2011  | Annual       | 4/19/2012  | 107826        |
| Rohde & Schwarz    | NRVD      | Dual Channel Power Meter                      | 4/8/2011   | Biennial     | 4/8/2013   | 101695        |
| SPEAG              | D2450V2   | 2450 MHz SAR Dipole                           | 8/19/2011  | Annual       | 8/19/2012  | 719           |
| SPEAG              | D2450V2   | 2450 MHz SAR Dipole                           | 1/24/2012  | Annual       | 1/24/2013  | 797           |
| SPEAG              | D835V2    | 835 MHz SAR Dipole                            | 8/15/2011  | Annual       | 8/15/2012  | 4d026         |
| SPEAG              | DAE4      | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics             | 2/20/2012  | Annual       | 2/20/2013  | 649           |
| SPEAG              | ES3DV2    | SAR Probe                                     | 8/25/2011  | Annual       | 8/25/2012  | 3022          |
| SPEAG              | DAE4      | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics             | 5/19/2011  | Annual       | 5/19/2012  | 859           |
| Rohde & Schwarz    | SMI003B   | Signal Generator                              | 4/6/2011   | Annual       | 4/6/2012   | DE27259       |
| Anritsu            | MA2481A   | Power Sensor                                  | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 5318          |
| Anritsu            | MA2481A   | Power Sensor                                  | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 5442          |
| Anritsu            | ML2438A   | Power Meter                                   | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 1190013       |
| Anritsu            | ML2438A   | Power Meter                                   | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 98150041      |
| Agilent            | 8648D     | Signal Generator                              | 4/5/2011   | Annual       | 4/5/2012   | 3629J00687    |
| Anritsu            | ML2438A   | Power Meter                                   | 10/13/2011 | Annual       | 10/13/2012 | 1070030       |
| Anritsu            | MA2481A   | Power Sensor                                  | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 5821          |
| Anritsu            | MA2481A   | Power Sensor                                  | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 8013          |
| Anritsu            | MA2481A   | Power Sensor                                  | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | 2400          |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | GB43304447    |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Tester                | 4/21/2011  | Annual       | 4/21/2012  | US41140256    |
| Anritsu            | MA2411B   | Pulse Sensor                                  | 10/13/2011 | Annual       | 10/13/2012 | 1027293       |
| Anritsu            | ML2495A   | Power Meter                                   | 10/13/2011 | Annual       | 10/13/2012 | 1039008       |
| Amplifier Research | 5S1G4     | 5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz                             | N/A        |              | N/A        | 21910         |
| Mini-Circuits      | BW-N20W5+ | DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator | N/A        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 2/12/2012  | Annual       | 2/12/2013  | GB45360985    |
| Control Company    | 61220-416 | Long-Stem Thermometer                         | 2/15/2011  | Biennial     | 2/15/2013  | 111331322     |
| Control Company    | 61220-416 | Long-Stem Thermometer                         | 2/15/2011  | Biennial     | 2/15/2013  | 111331323     |
| Control Company    | 61220-416 | Long-Stem Thermometer                         | 2/15/2011  | Biennial     | 2/15/2013  | 111331330     |
| Control Company    | 61220-416 | Long-Stem Thermometer                         | 2/15/2011  | Biennial     | 2/15/2013  | 111331332     |
| Control Company    | 61220-416 | Long-Stem Thermometer                         | 3/16/2011  | Biennial     | 3/16/2013  | 111391601     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer                      | 1/21/2011  | Biennial     | 1/21/2013  | 111286445     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer                      | 1/21/2011  | Biennial     | 1/21/2013  | 111286460     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer                      | 5/26/2010  | Biennial     | 5/26/2012  | 101718589     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall-Mounted Thermometer                      | 1/21/2011  | Biennial     | 1/21/2013  | 111286454     |
| SPEAG              | ES3DV3    | SAR Probe                                     | 2/21/2012  | Annual       | 2/21/2013  | 3258          |
| MiniCircuits       | SLP-2400+ | Low Pass Filter                               | CBT        |              | N/A        | R8979500903   |
| Narda              | 4772-3    | Attenuator (3dB)                              | CBT        |              | N/A        | 9406          |
| Narda              | BW-S3W2   | Attenuator (3dB)                              | CBT        |              | N/A        | 120           |
| Mini-Circuits      | NLP-2950+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz                | CBT        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Mini-Circuits      | NLP-1200+ | Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz                | CBT        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 2/14/2012  | Annual       | 2/14/2013  | GB43163447    |
| SPEAG              | ES3DV3    | SAR Probe                                     | 11/18/2011 | Annual       | 11/18/2012 | 3263          |
| SPEAG              | DAE4      | Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics             | 1/18/2012  | Annual       | 1/18/2013  | 1272          |
| SPEAG              | D1900V2   | 1900 MHz SAR Dipole                           | 7/11/2011  | Annual       | 7/11/2012  | 5d141         |
| Anritsu            | MT8820C   | Radio Communication Tester                    | 11/11/2011 | Annual       | 11/11/2012 | 6200901190    |
| MiniCircuits       | VLF-6000+ | Low Pass Filter                               | CBT        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| MiniCircuits       | VLF-6000+ | Low Pass Filter                               | CBT        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| VWR                | 61220-416 | Long Stem Thermometer                         | 7/1/2011   | Biennial     | 7/1/2013   | 111642834     |
| VWR                | 61220-416 | Long stem thermometer                         | 7/1/2011   | Biennial     | 7/1/2013   | 111642916     |
| VWR                | 61220-416 | Long Stem Thermometer                         | 7/1/2011   | Biennial     | 7/1/2013   | 111642941     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall Thermometer                              | 9/30/2011  | Biennial     | 9/30/2013  | 111859323     |
| VWR                | 36934-158 | Wall Thermometer                              | 9/30/2011  | Biennial     | 9/30/2013  | 111859332     |
| Agilent            | E5515C    | Wireless Communications Test Set              | 2/9/2012   | Annual       | 2/9/2013   | GB43460554    |
| Speag              | DAK-3.5   | Dielectric Assessment Kit                     | 12/1/2011  | Annual       | 12/1/2012  | 1031          |
| Narda              | 4014C-6   | 4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler        | CBT        |              | N/A        | N/A           |
| Tektronix          | RSA6114A  | Real Time Spectrum Analyzer                   | N/A        |              | N/A        | 8010177       |

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| FCC ID: ZNLF35G                          |  <b>PCTEST</b><br>ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  <b>LG</b> | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 25 of 29                          |

## 14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

| a   | b                    | c             | d              | e=<br>f(d,k) | f                     | g                        | h =<br>c x f/e                 | i =<br>c x g/e                   | k              |
|---|----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Uncertainty<br>Component  | IEEE<br>1528<br>Sec. | Tol.<br>(± %) | Prob.<br>Dist. | Div.         | c <sub>i</sub><br>1gm | c <sub>i</sub><br>10 gms | 1gm<br>u <sub>i</sub><br>(± %) | 10gms<br>u <sub>i</sub><br>(± %) | v <sub>i</sub> |
| <b>Measurement System</b>   |                      |               |                |              |                       |                          |                                |                                  |                |
| Probe Calibration   | E.2.1                | 6.0           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 6.0                            | 6.0                              | ∞              |
| Axial Isotropy  | E.2.2                | 0.25          | N              | 1            | 0.7                   | 0.7                      | 0.2                            | 0.2                              | ∞              |
| Hemishperical Isotropy  | E.2.2                | 1.3           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.3                            | 1.3                              | ∞              |
| Boundary Effect   | E.2.3                | 0.4           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 0.4                            | 0.4                              | ∞              |
| Linearity   | E.2.4                | 0.3           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 0.3                            | 0.3                              | ∞              |
| System Detection Limits   | E.2.5                | 5.1           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 5.1                            | 5.1                              | ∞              |
| Readout Electronics   | E.2.6                | 1.0           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.0                            | 1.0                              | ∞              |
| Response Time   | E.2.7                | 0.8           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 0.5                            | 0.5                              | ∞              |
| Integration Time  | E.2.8                | 2.6           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.5                            | 1.5                              | ∞              |
| RF Ambient Conditions   | E.6.1                | 3.0           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.7                            | 1.7                              | ∞              |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance   | E.6.2                | 0.4           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 0.2                            | 0.2                              | ∞              |
| Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom                                       | E.6.3                | 2.9           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.7                            | 1.7                              | ∞              |
| Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | E.5                  | 1.0           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 0.6                            | 0.6                              | ∞              |
| <b>Test Sample Related</b>  |                      |               |                |              |                       |                          |                                |                                  |                |
| Test Sample Positioning   | E.4.2                | 6.0           | N              | 1            | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 6.0                            | 6.0                              | 287            |
| Device Holder Uncertainty   | E.4.1                | 3.32          | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 1.9                            | 1.9                              | ∞              |
| Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement                                | 6.6.2                | 5.0           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 2.9                            | 2.9                              | ∞              |
| <b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>  |                      |               |                |              |                       |                          |                                |                                  |                |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)                            | E.3.1                | 4.0           | R              | 1.73         | 1.0                   | 1.0                      | 2.3                            | 2.3                              | ∞              |
| Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values                            | E.3.2                | 5.0           | R              | 1.73         | 0.64                  | 0.43                     | 1.8                            | 1.2                              | ∞              |
| Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty                                 | E.3.3                | 3.8           | N              | 1            | 0.64                  | 0.43                     | 2.4                            | 1.6                              | 6              |
| Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values                            | E.3.2                | 5.0           | R              | 1.73         | 0.60                  | 0.49                     | 1.7                            | 1.4                              | ∞              |
| Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty                                 | E.3.3                | 4.5           | N              | 1            | 0.60                  | 0.49                     | 2.7                            | 2.2                              | 6              |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>                                    |                      |               |                |              |                       |                          | RSS                            | 12.1                             | 11.7           |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b><br>(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)                         |                      |               |                |              |                       |                          | k=2                            | 24.2                             | 23.5           |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
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| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 26 of 29                          |

## 15 CONCLUSION

### 15.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]



|  |   |                                      |   |  |
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| <b>FCC ID:</b> ZNFL35G                   |  | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 27 of 29                          |

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| <b>FCC ID:</b> ZNFL35G                   |  | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
| <b>Document S/N:</b><br>0Y1203120284.ZNF | <b>Test Dates:</b><br>03/13/12 - 03/15/12   | <b>DUT Type:</b><br>Portable Handset |   | Page 28 of 29                          |

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|  |   |                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>FCC ID:</b> ZNFL35G                   |  | <b>SAR EVALUATION REPORT</b>         |  | <b>Reviewed by:</b><br>Quality Manager |
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## APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.889 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 850, Right Head, Touch, High.ch**

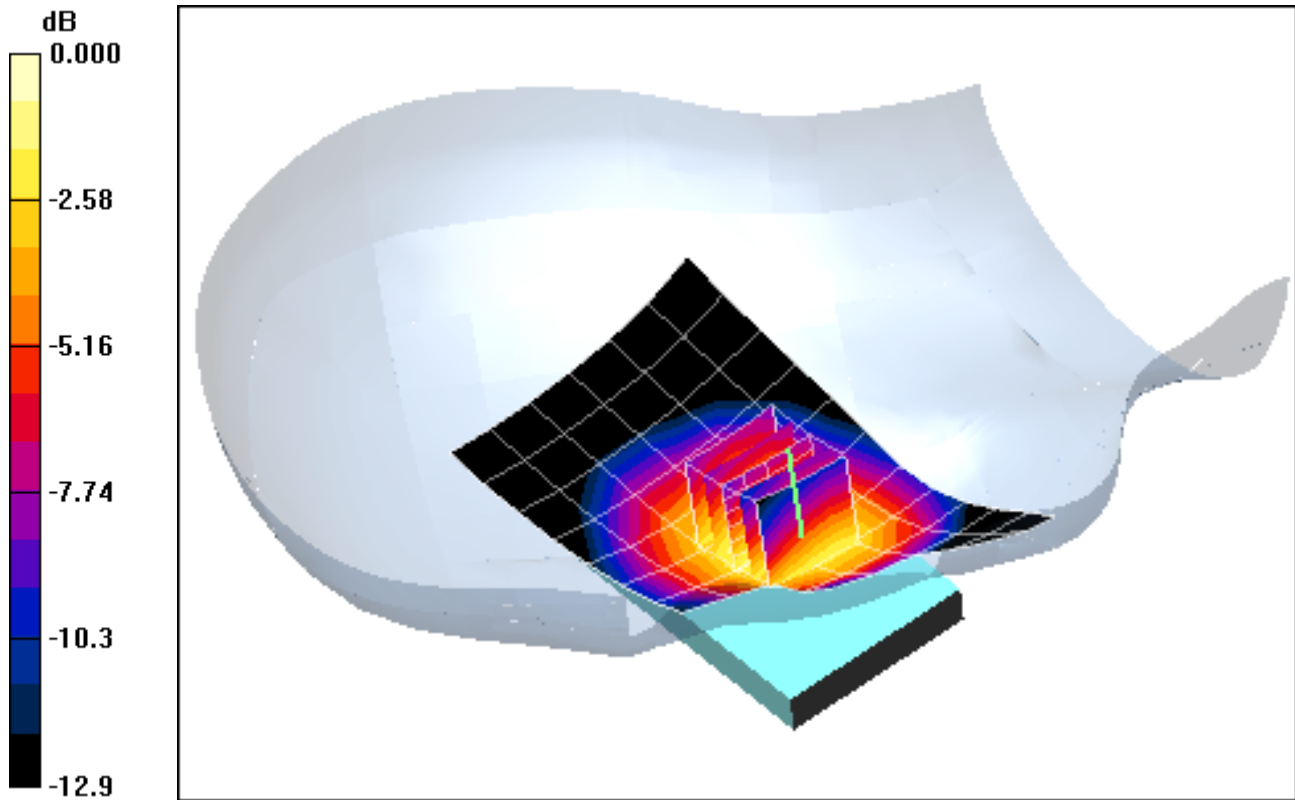
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 37.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.895 mW/g**



0 dB = 1.33mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 850, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

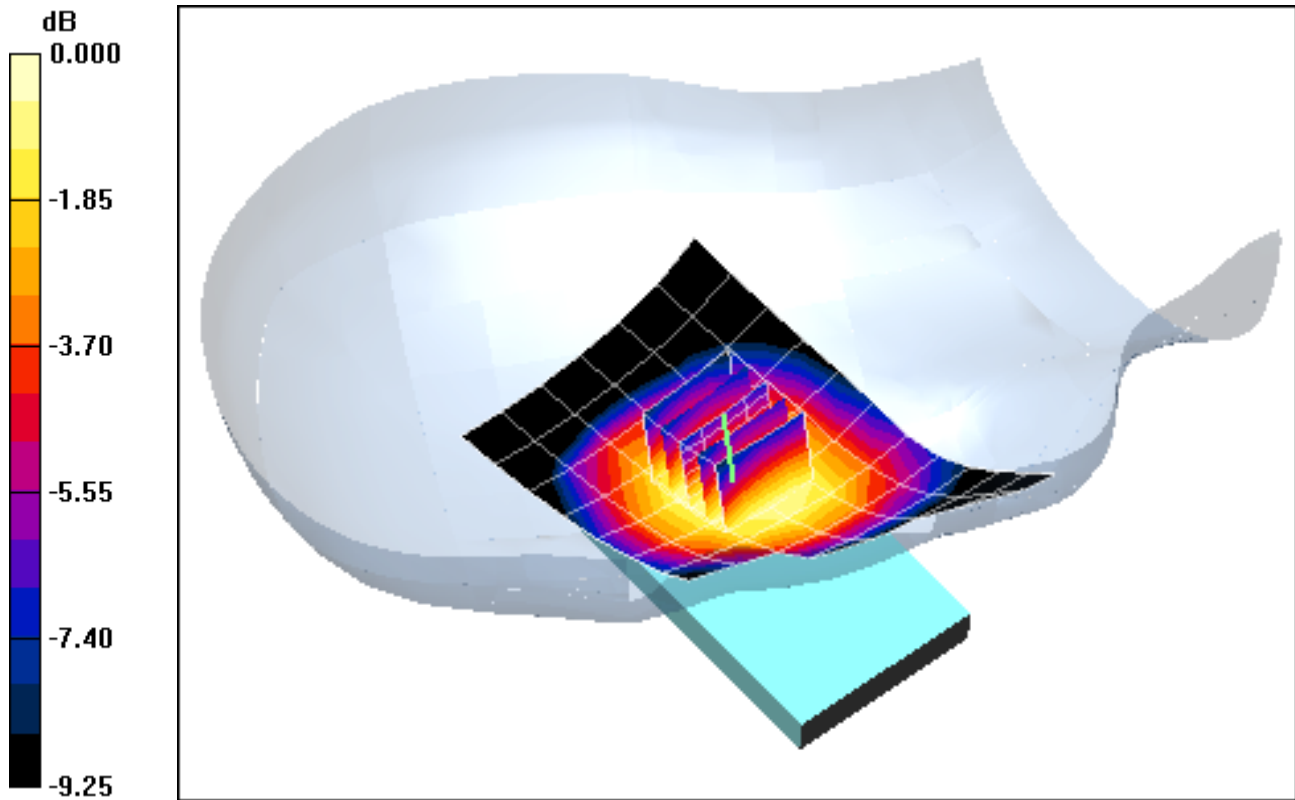
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.165 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.575 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.348 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.498mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.889 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Touch, High.ch**

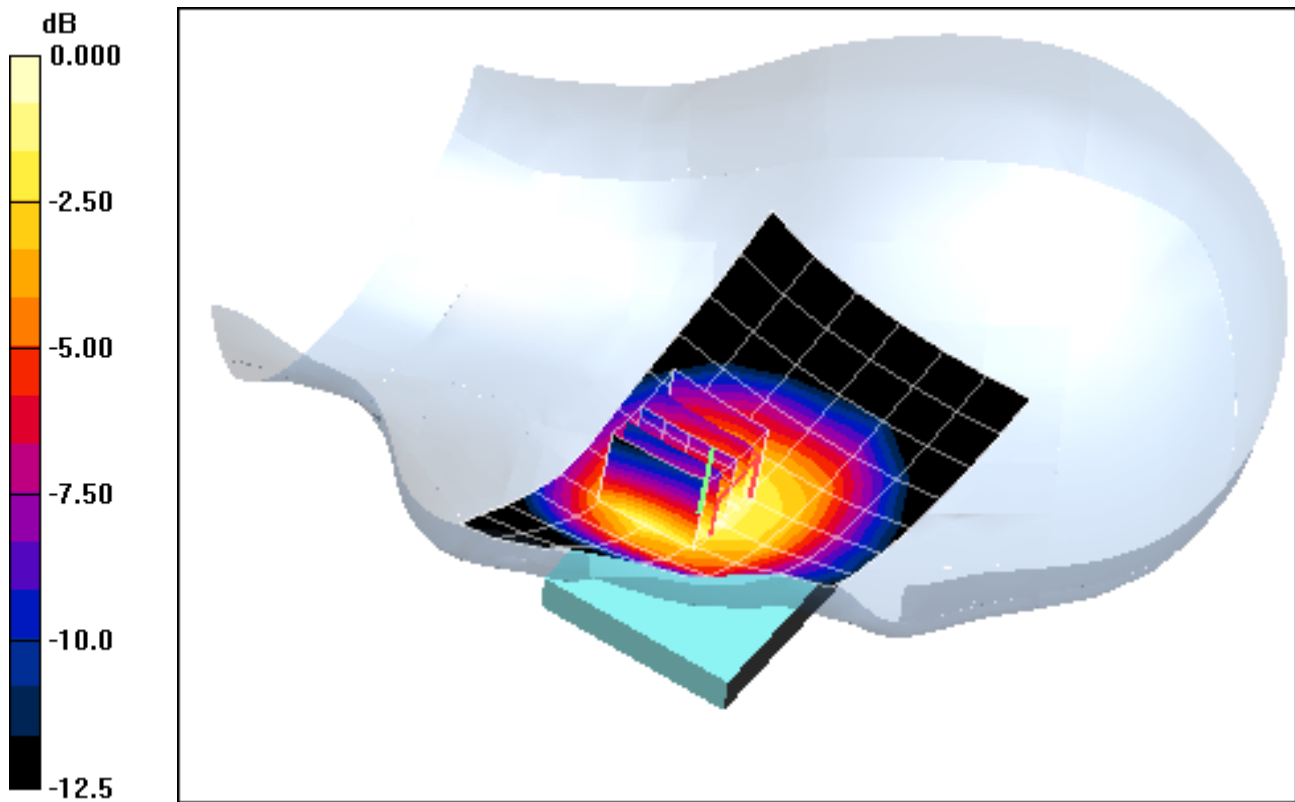
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 35.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.725 mW/g**



0 dB = 1.07mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

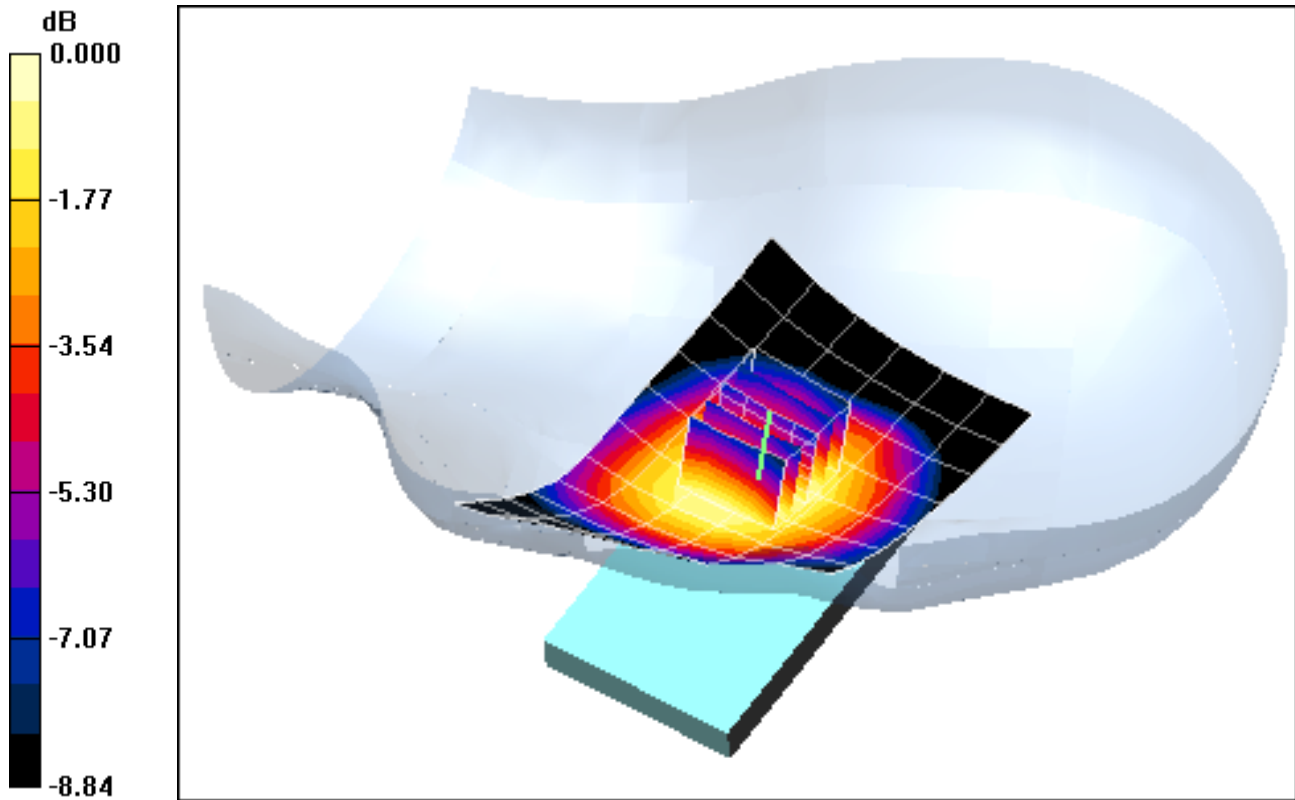
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.418 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.440mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 850, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

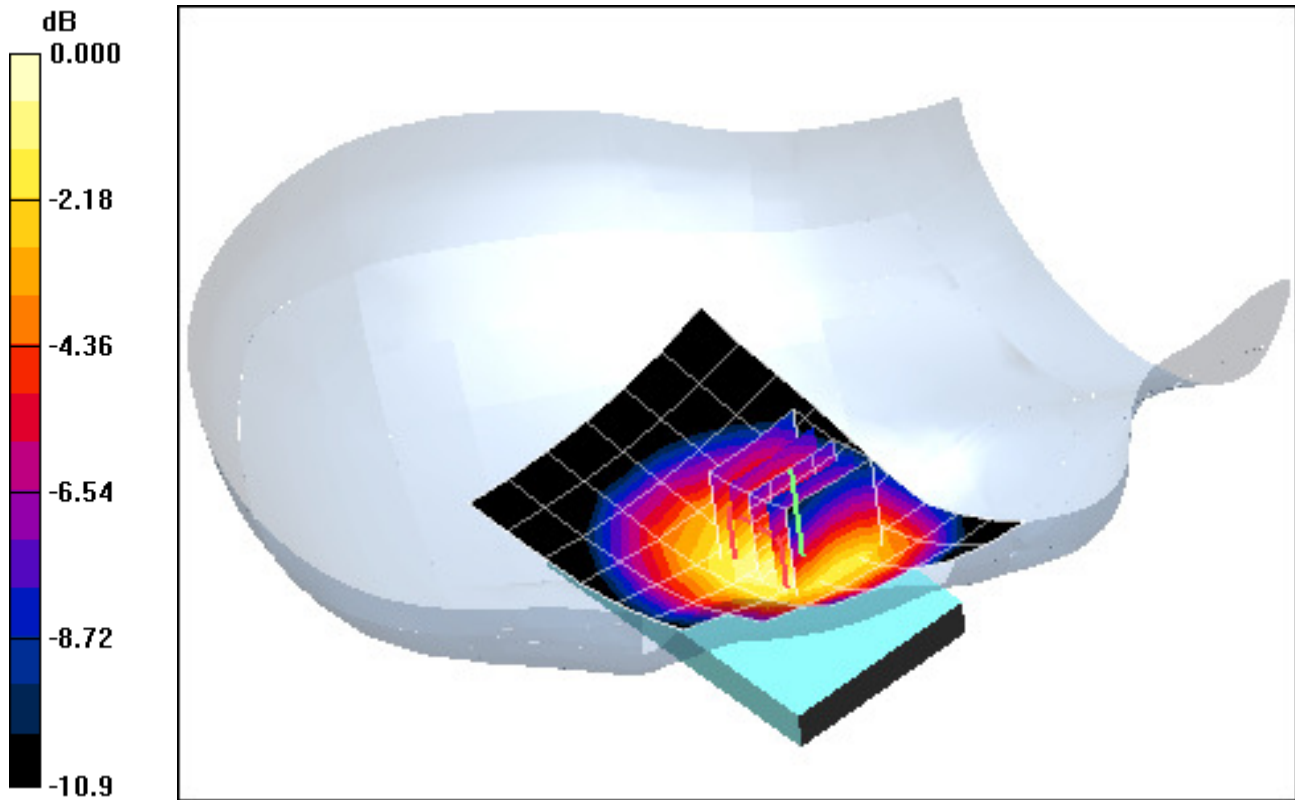
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 28.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.893 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.697 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.733mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 850, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

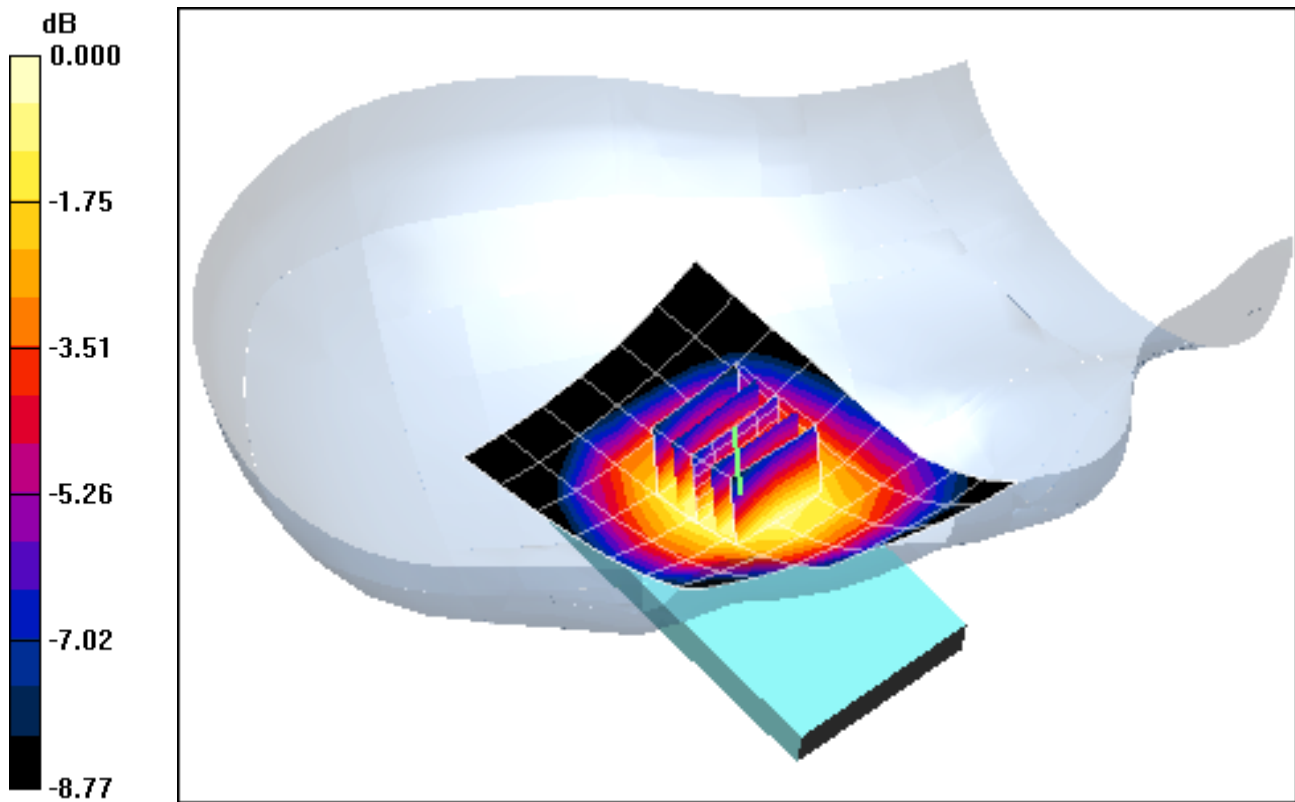
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.410 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.336 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.354mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 850, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

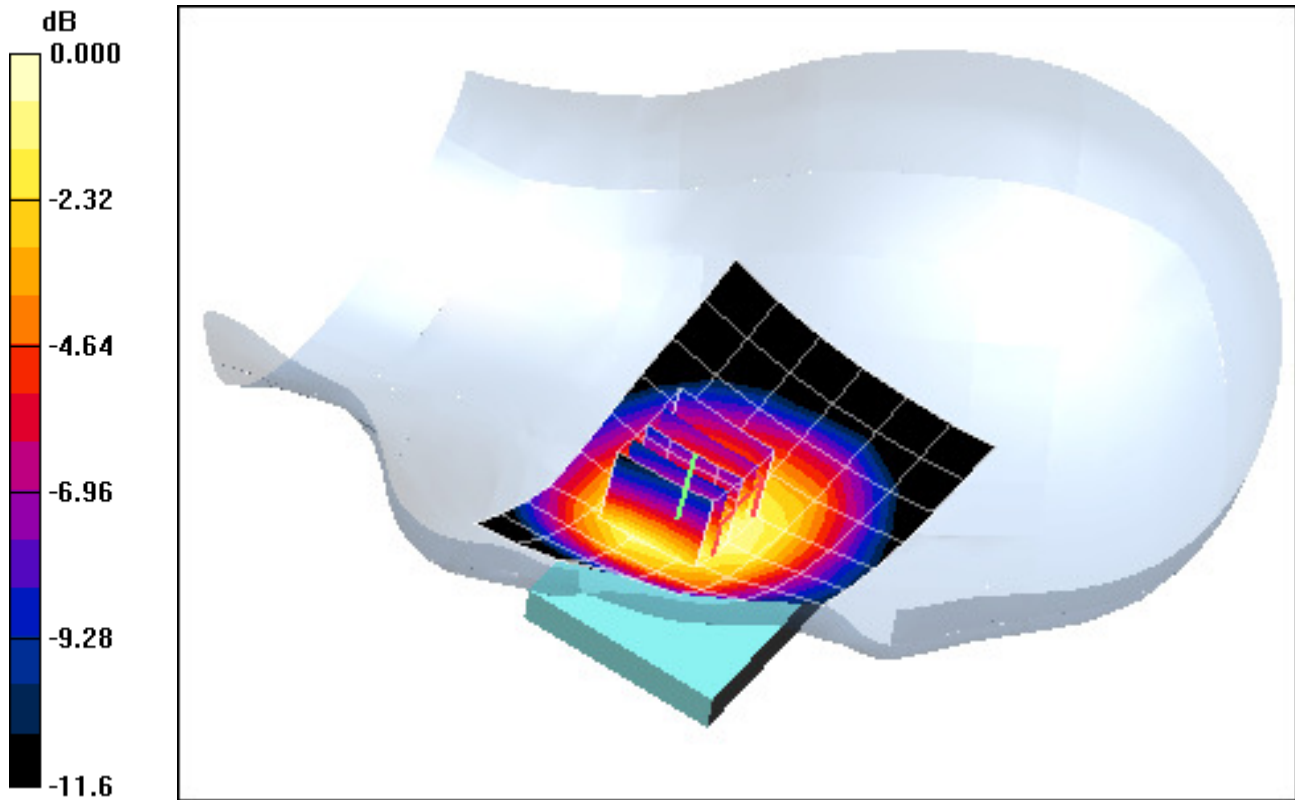
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 29.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.950 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.706 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.756mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 850, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

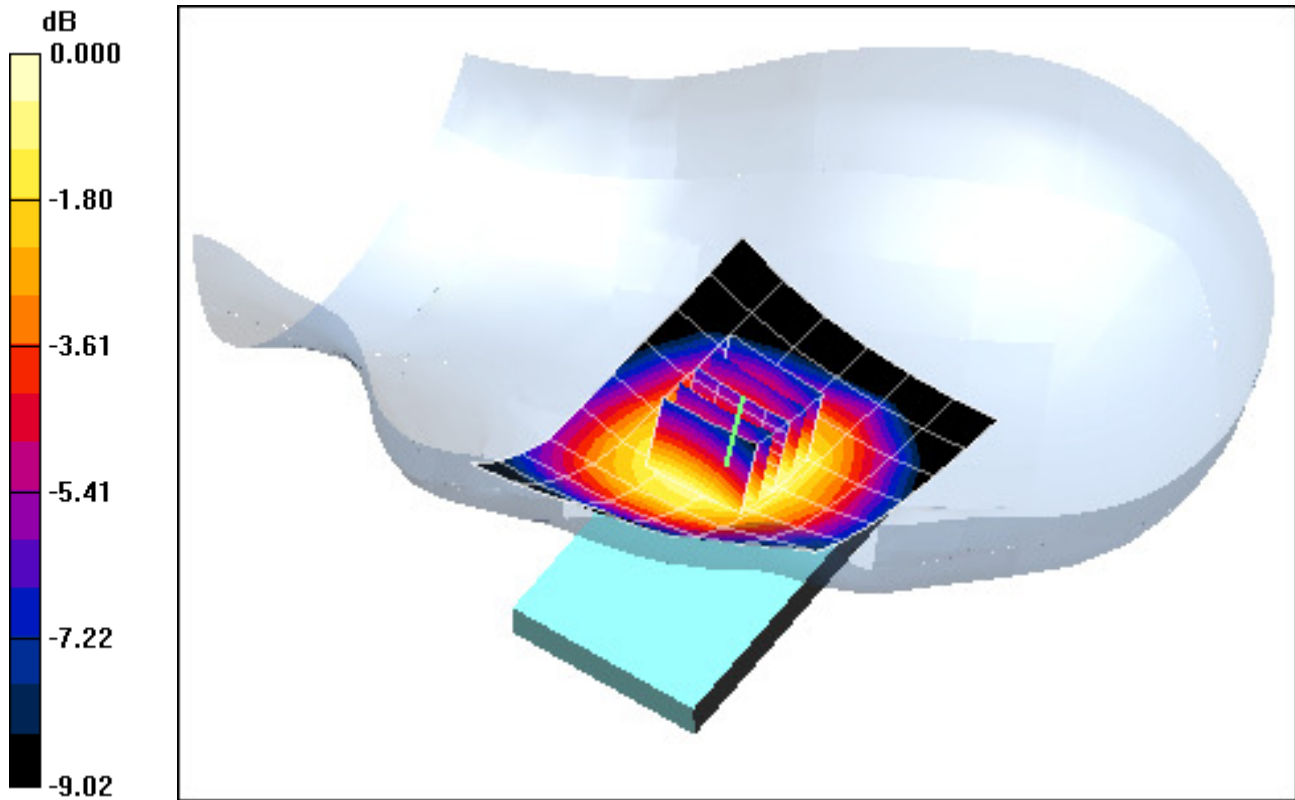
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.344 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.359mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

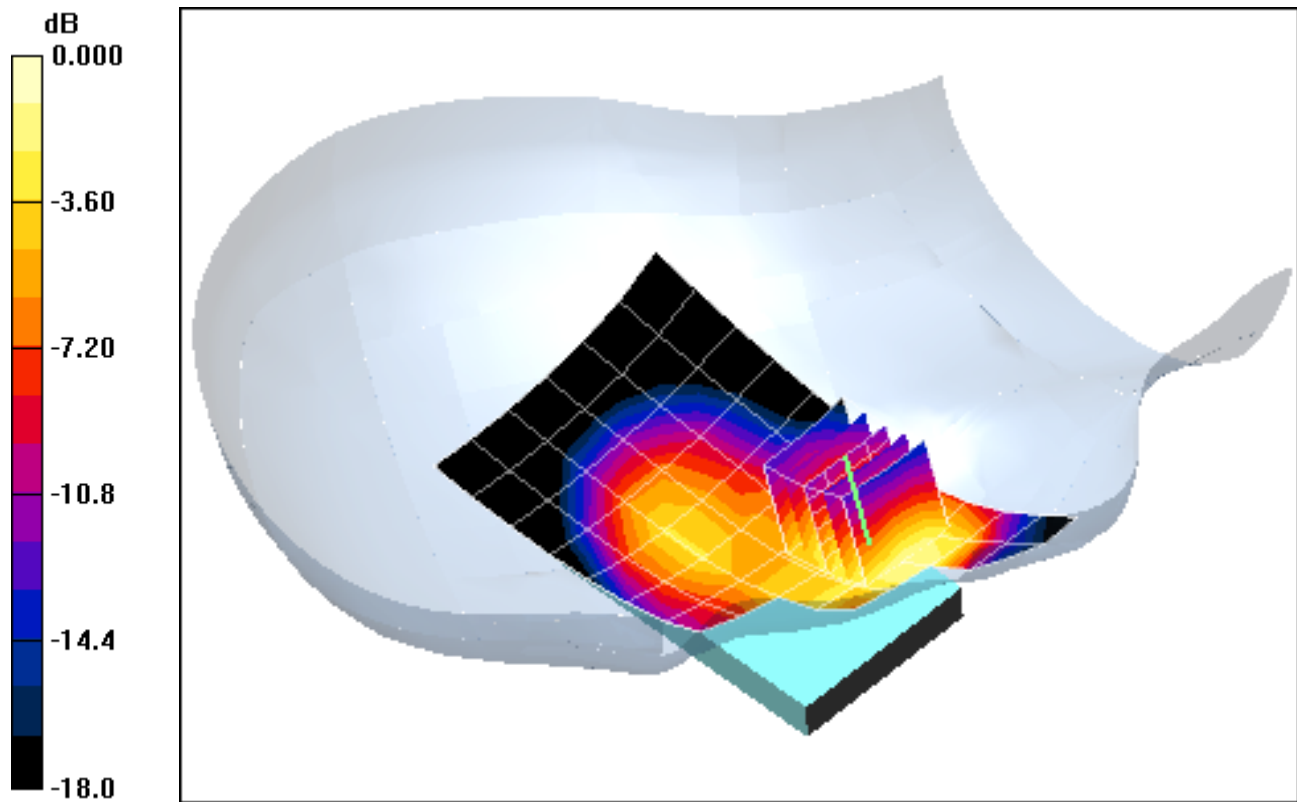
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.819 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.559 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.625mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

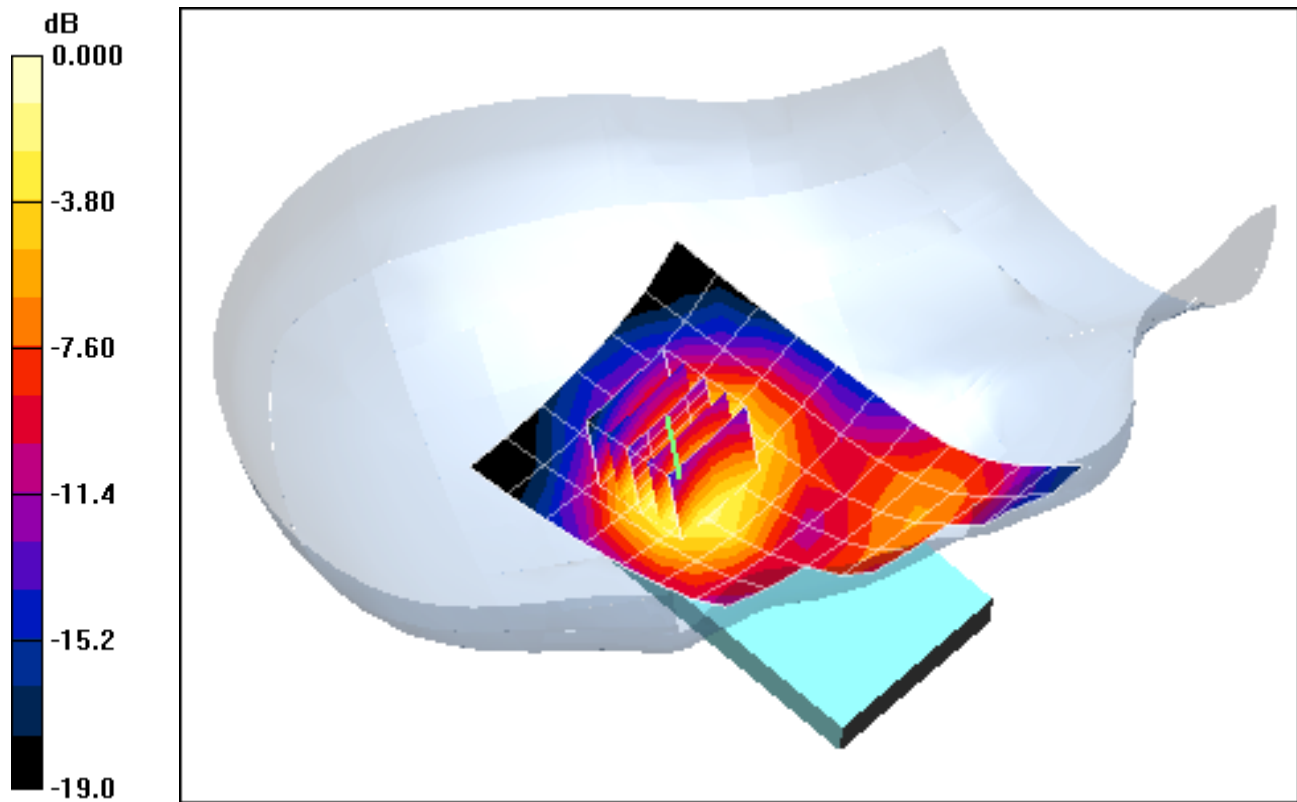
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.322mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

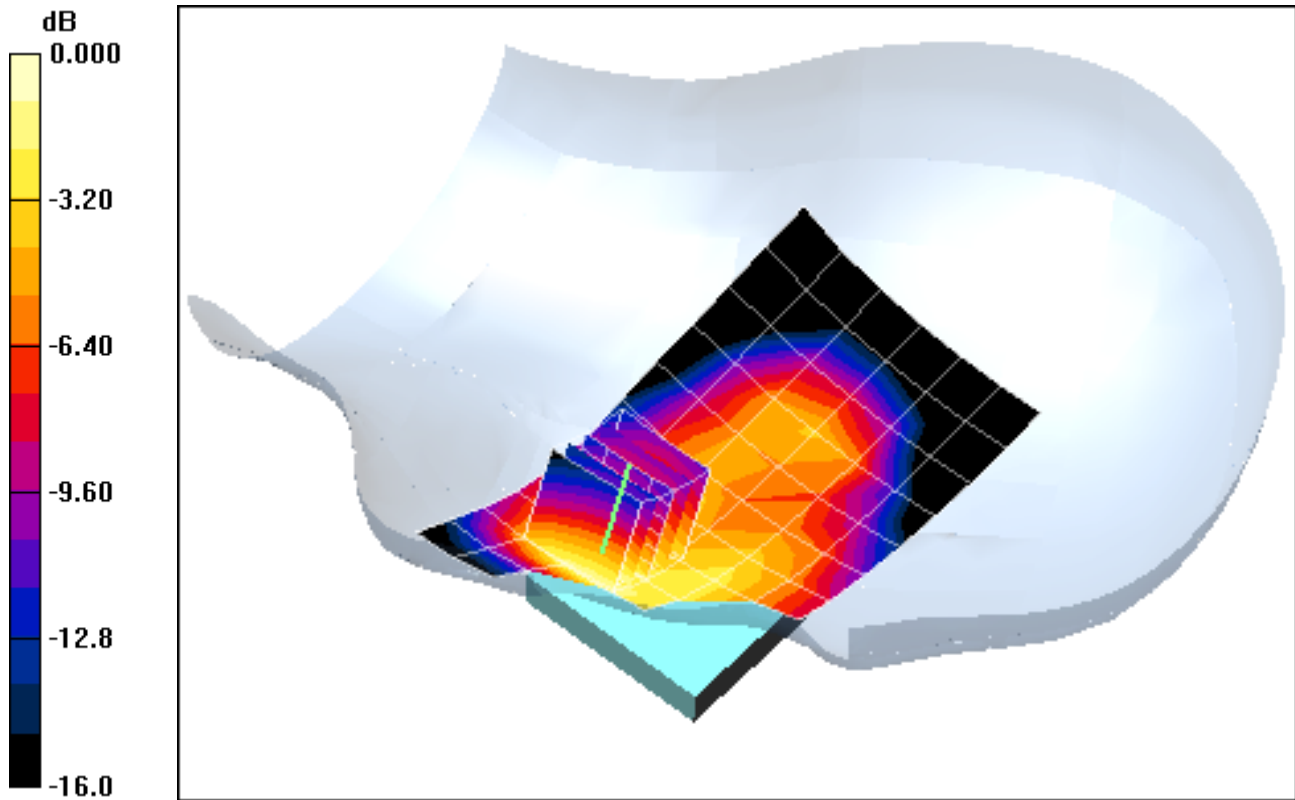
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.404mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

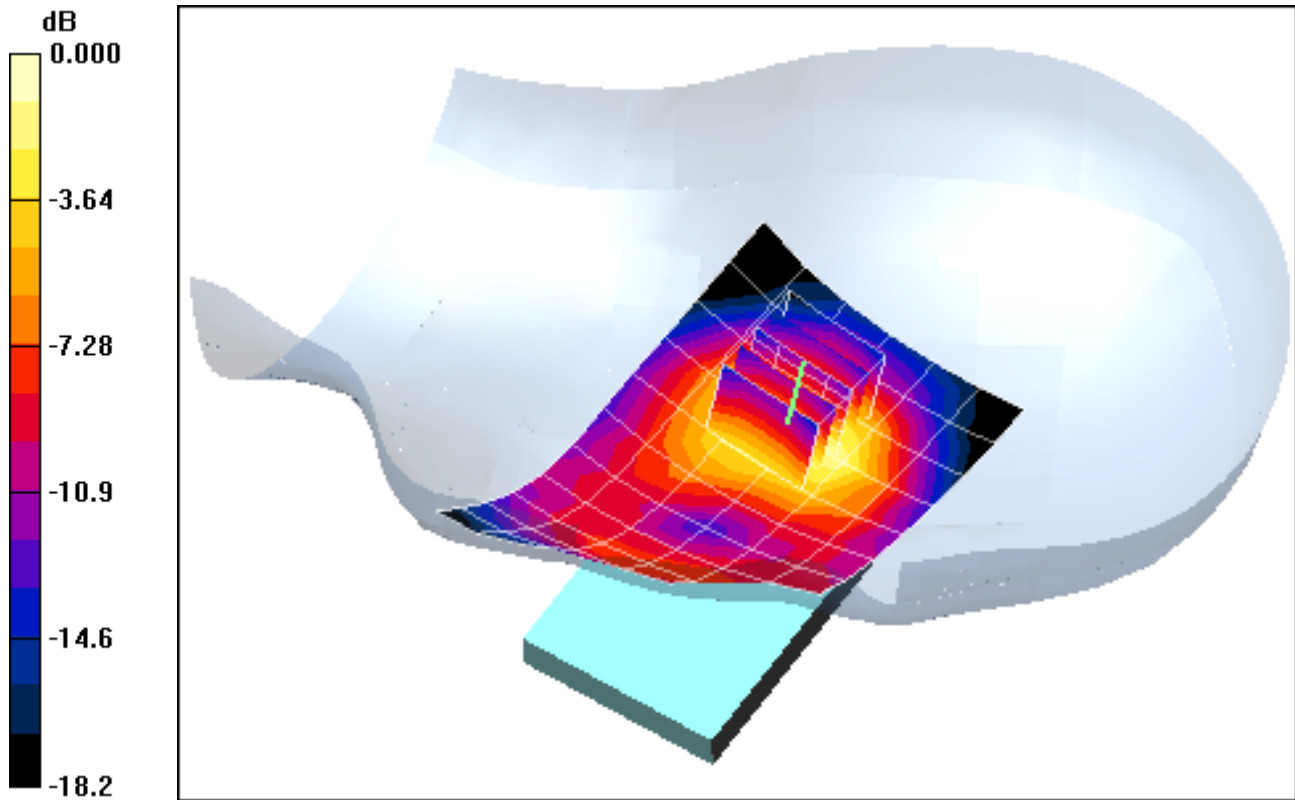
**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.495 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.303 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.324mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 1900, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

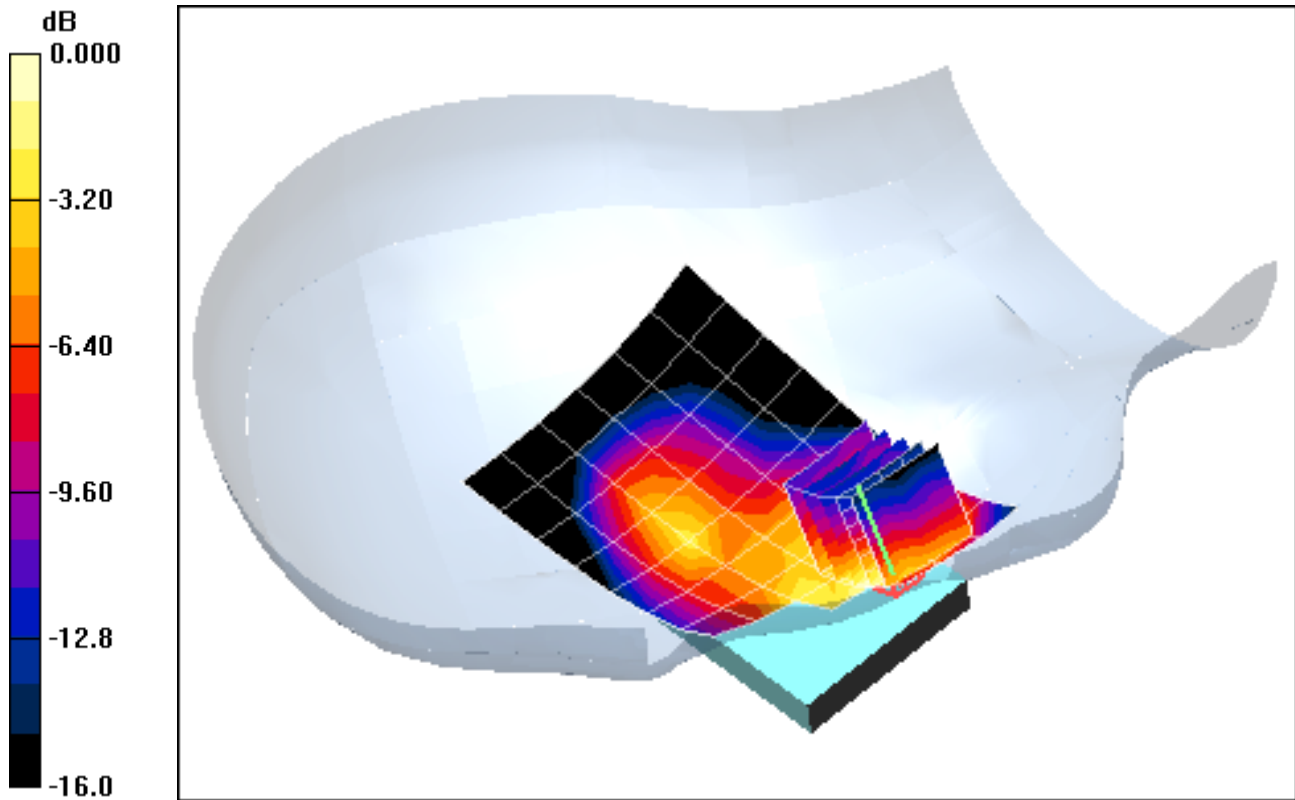
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.196 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.226mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 1900, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

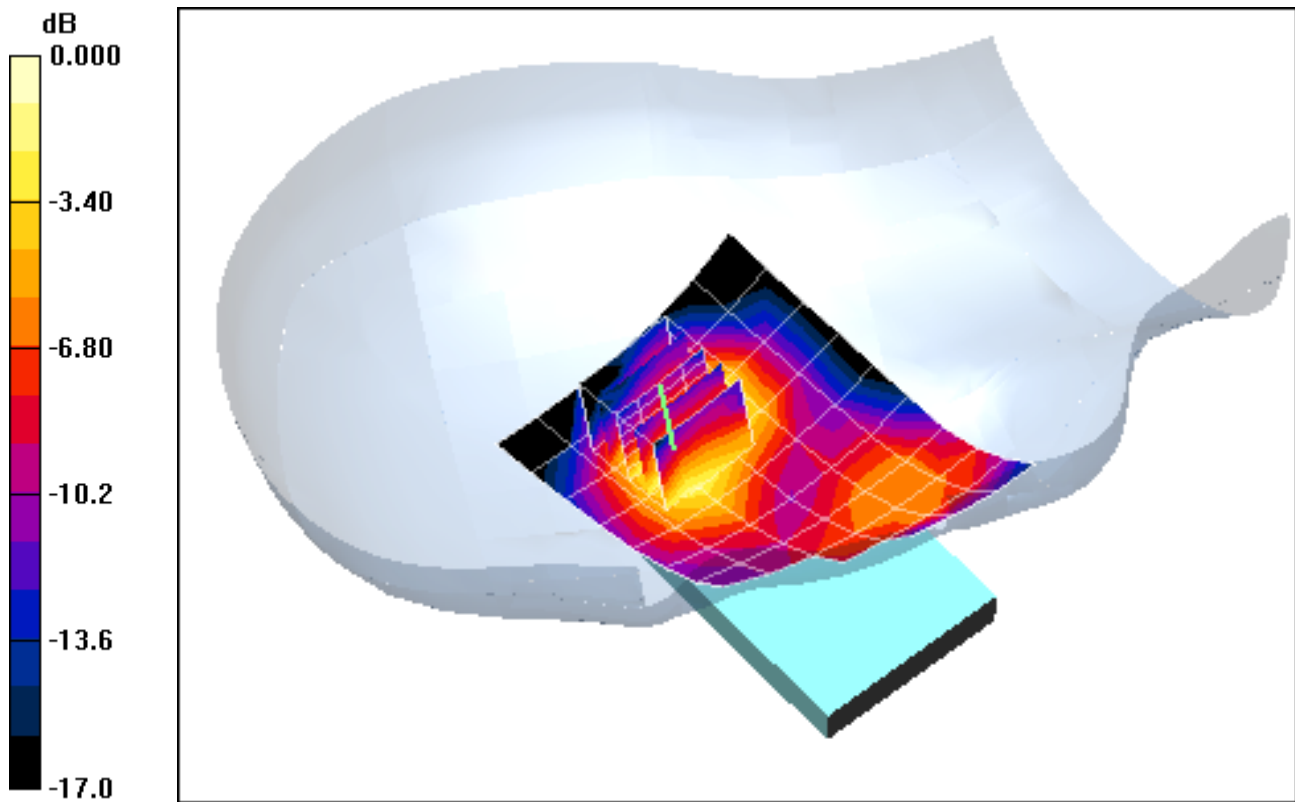
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.105 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.062mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 1900, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch**

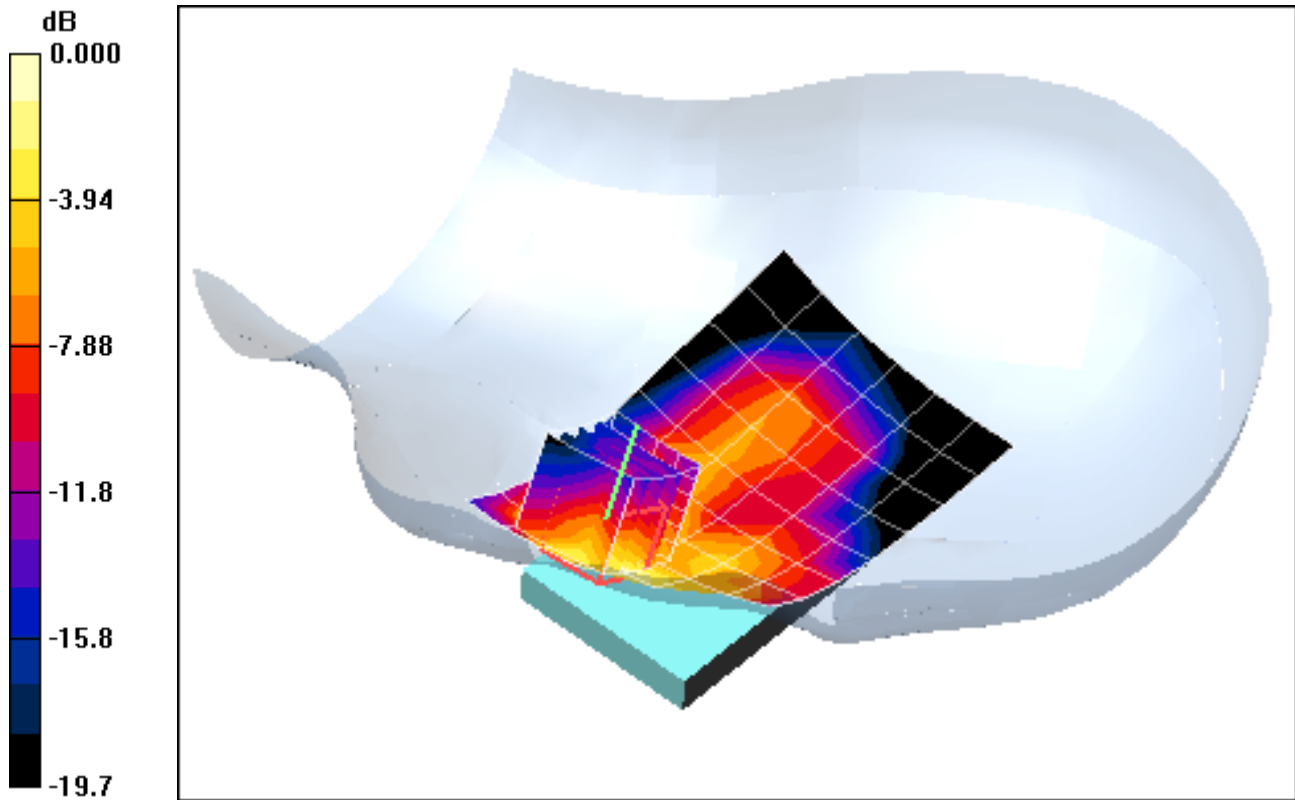
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.881 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.557mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch**

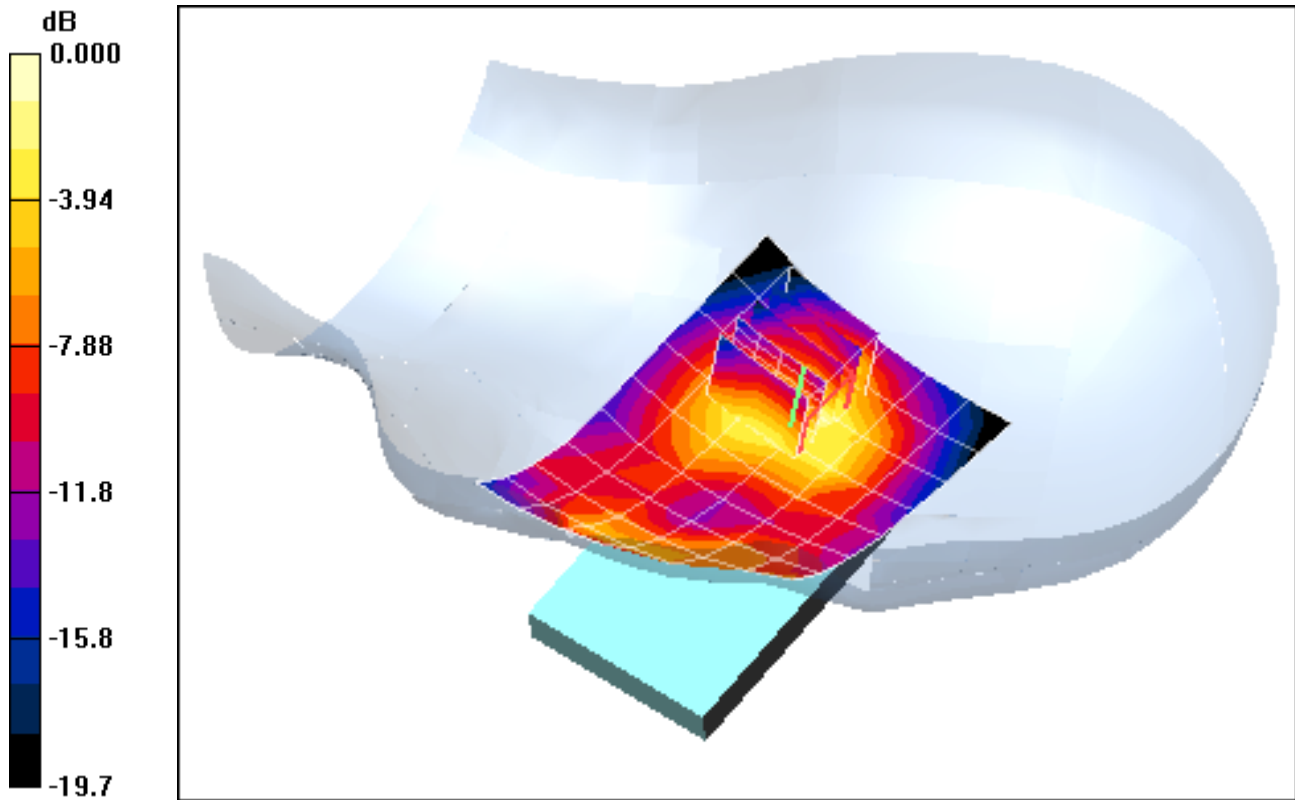
**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.175 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.122mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.496$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps**

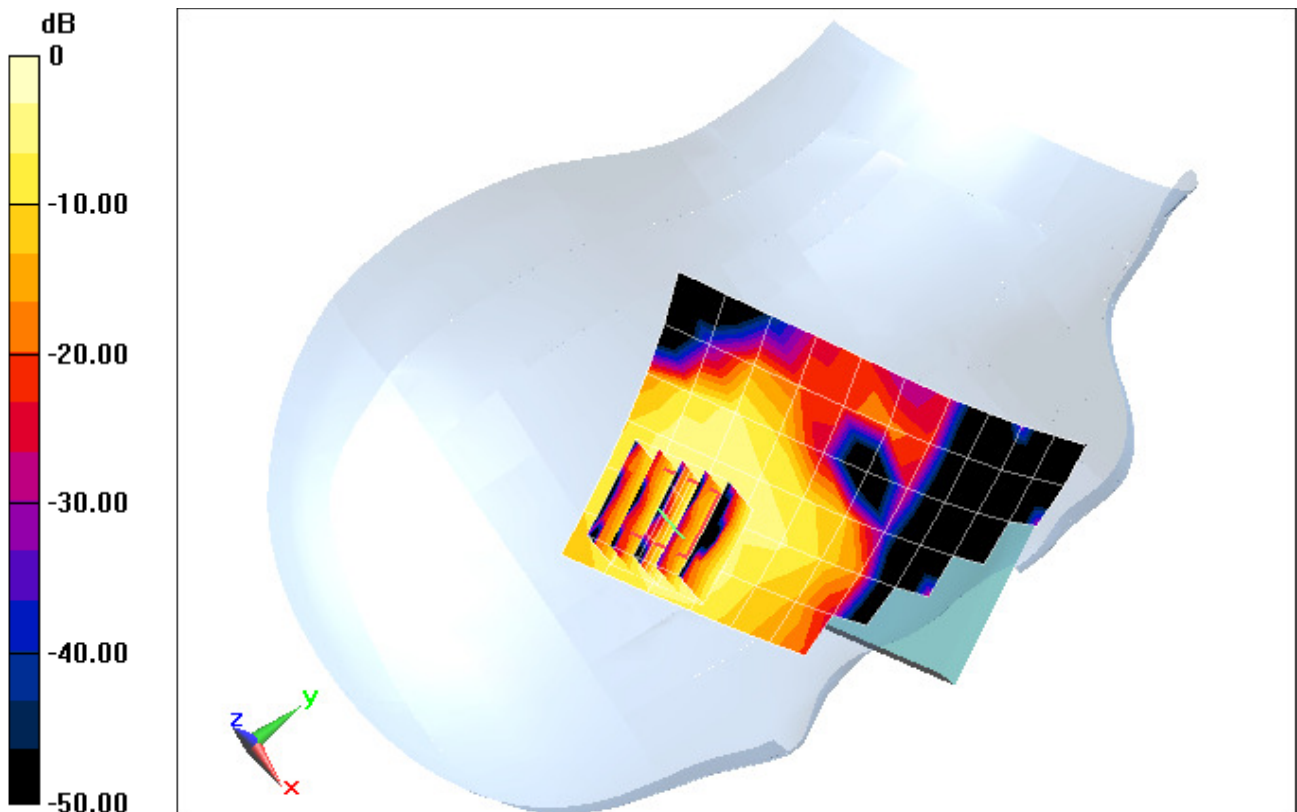
**Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.923 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1140

**SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.070mW/g = -23.10 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.496$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps**

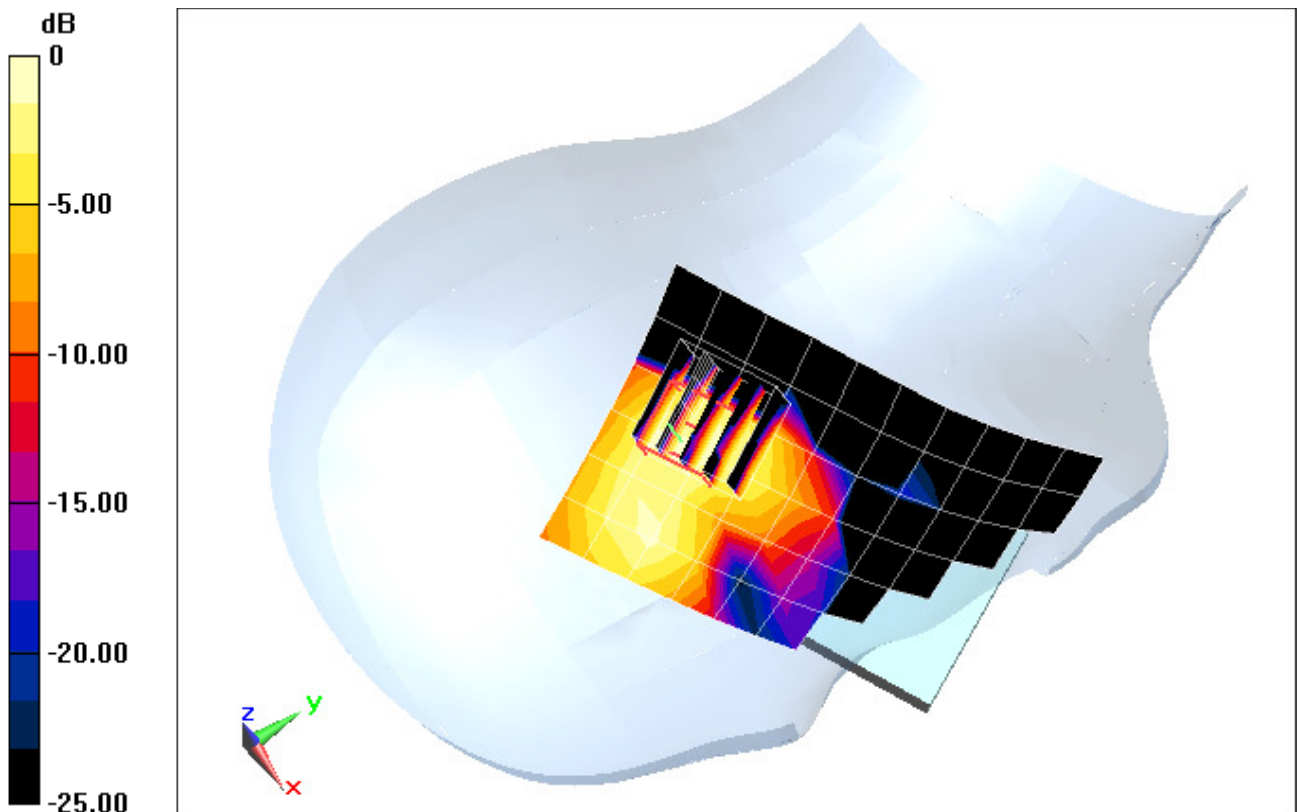
**Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0430

**SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.030mW/g = -30.46 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.496$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps**

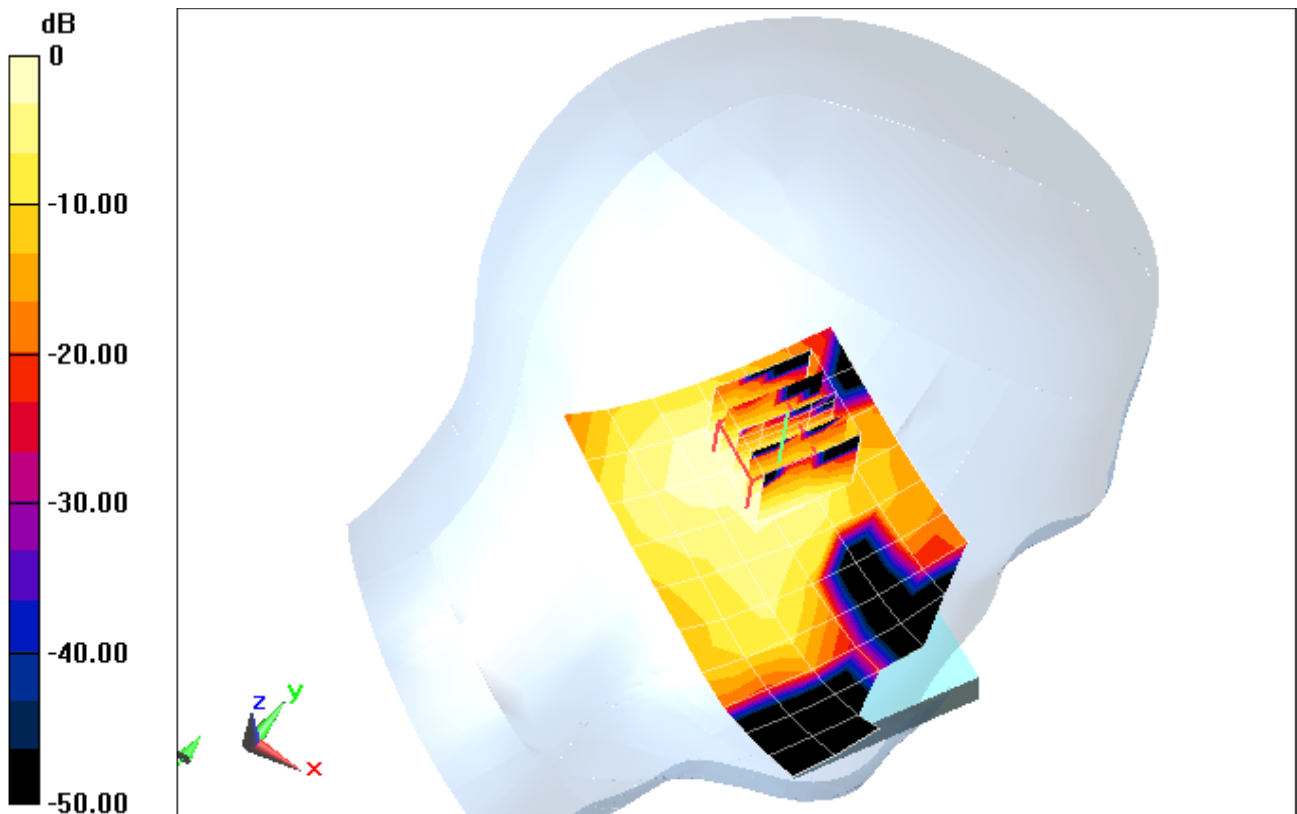
**Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.128 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0590

**SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.040mW/g = -27.96 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.496$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps**

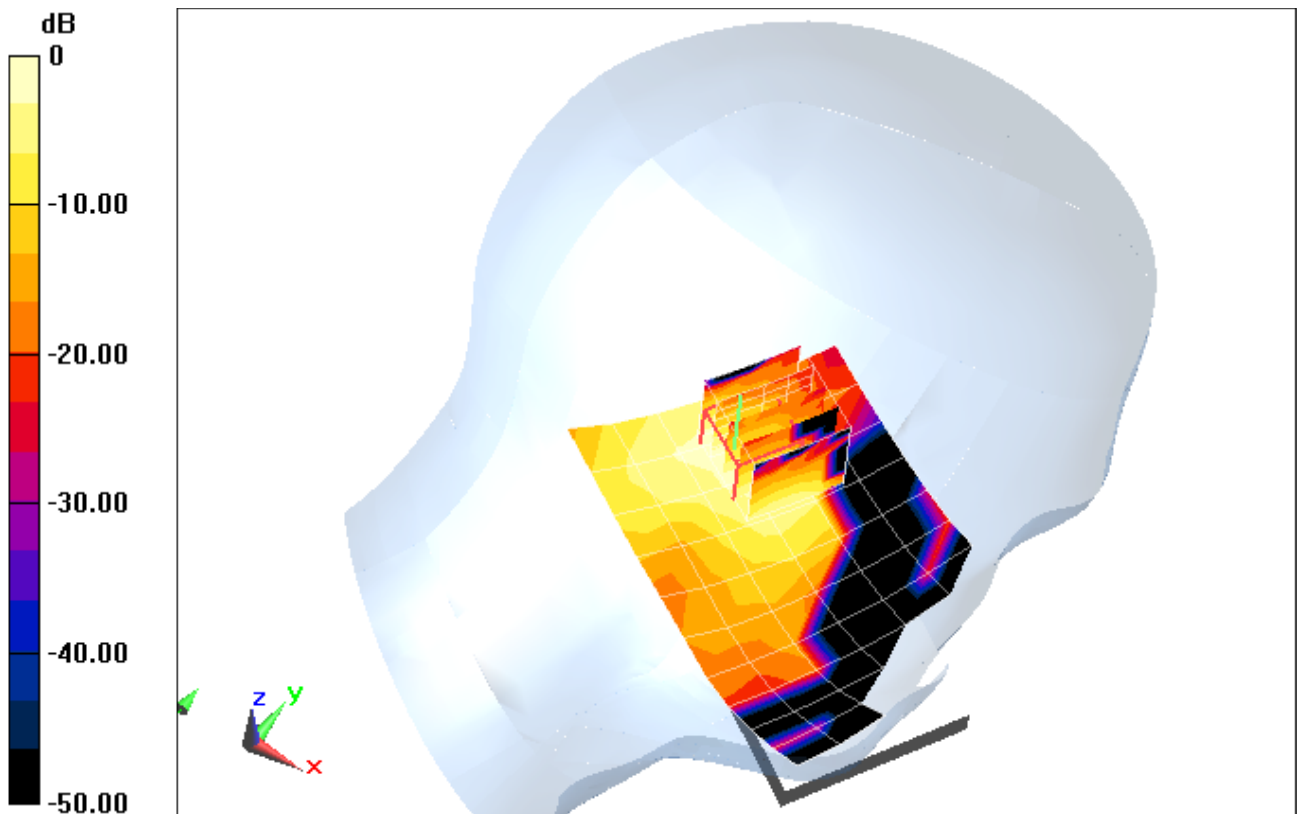
**Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0580

**SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.040mW/g = -27.96 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GSM 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

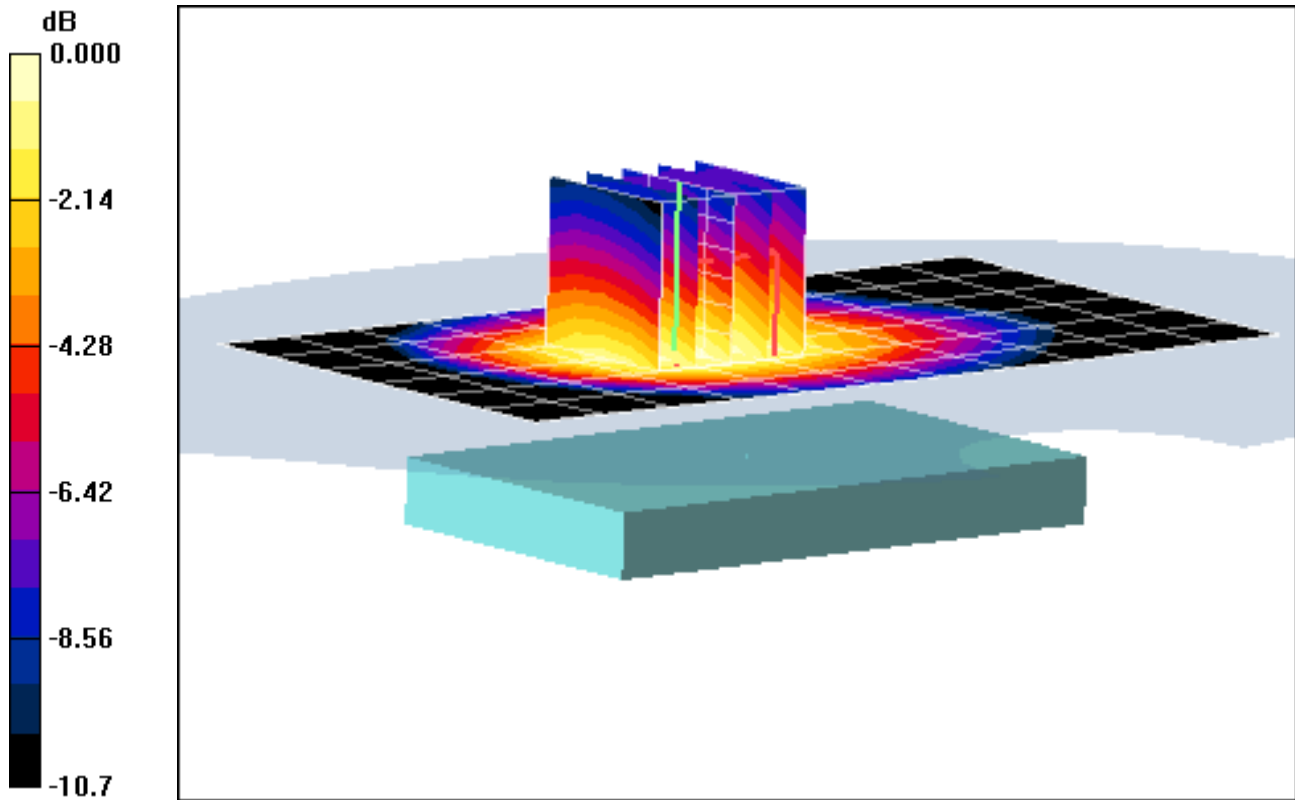
**Area Scan (7x12x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 27.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.947 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.753mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

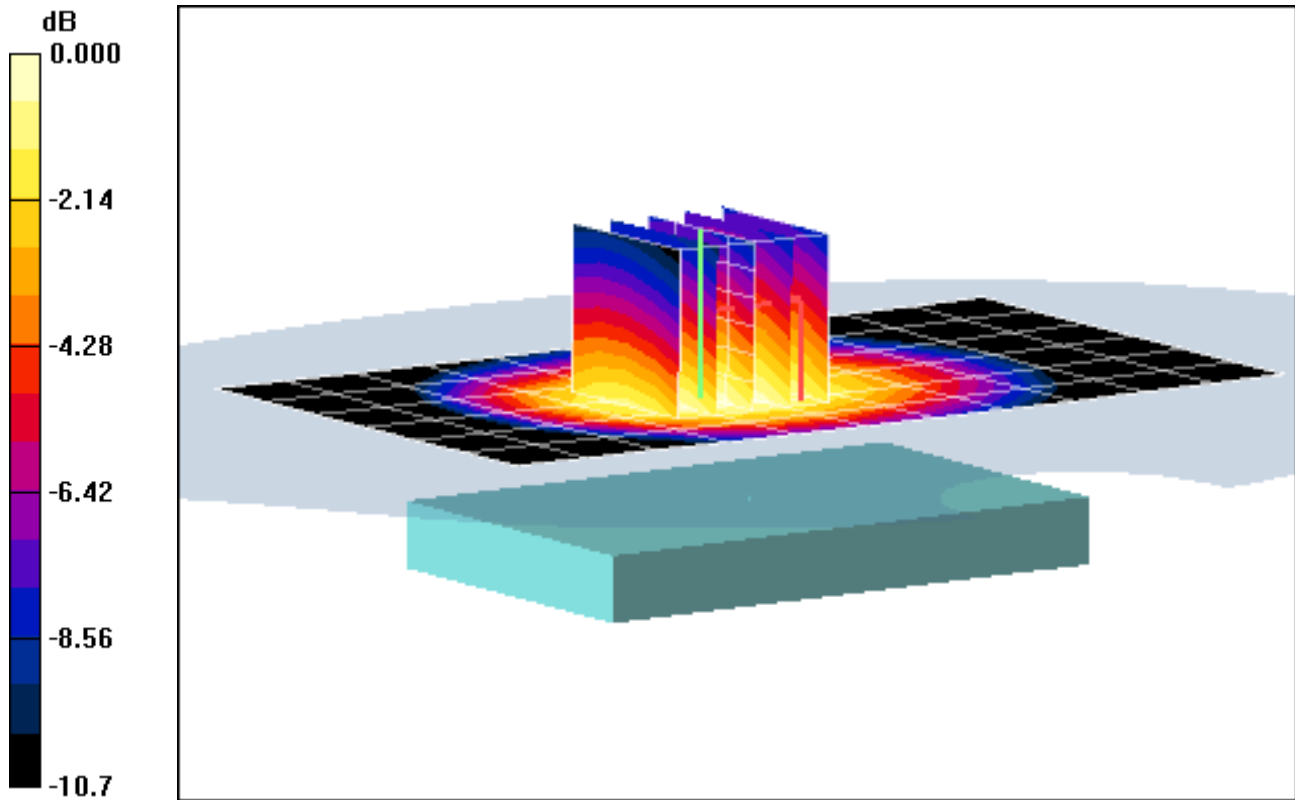
**Area Scan (7x12x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 28.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.767 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.550 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.817mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch, 2 Tx Slots**

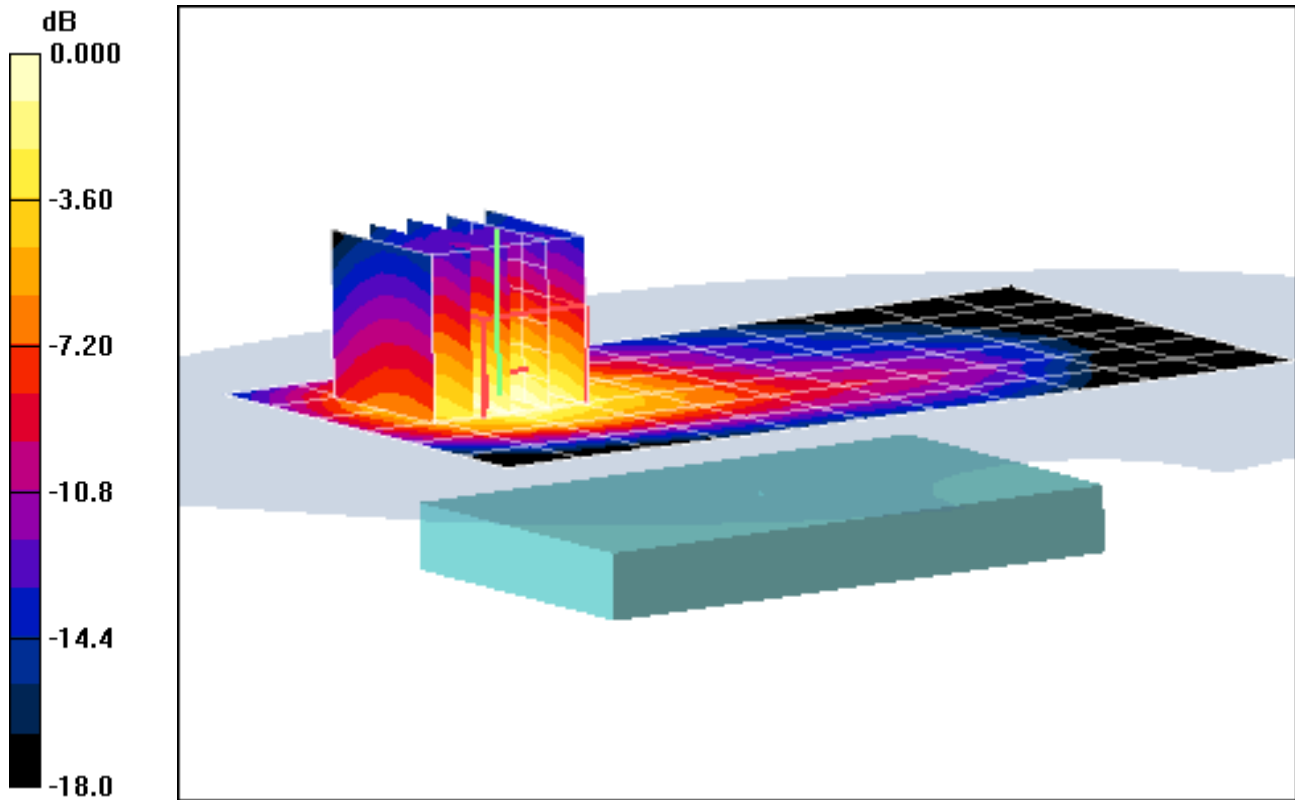
**Area Scan (7x12x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.923 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.520 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.979mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: WCDMA 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

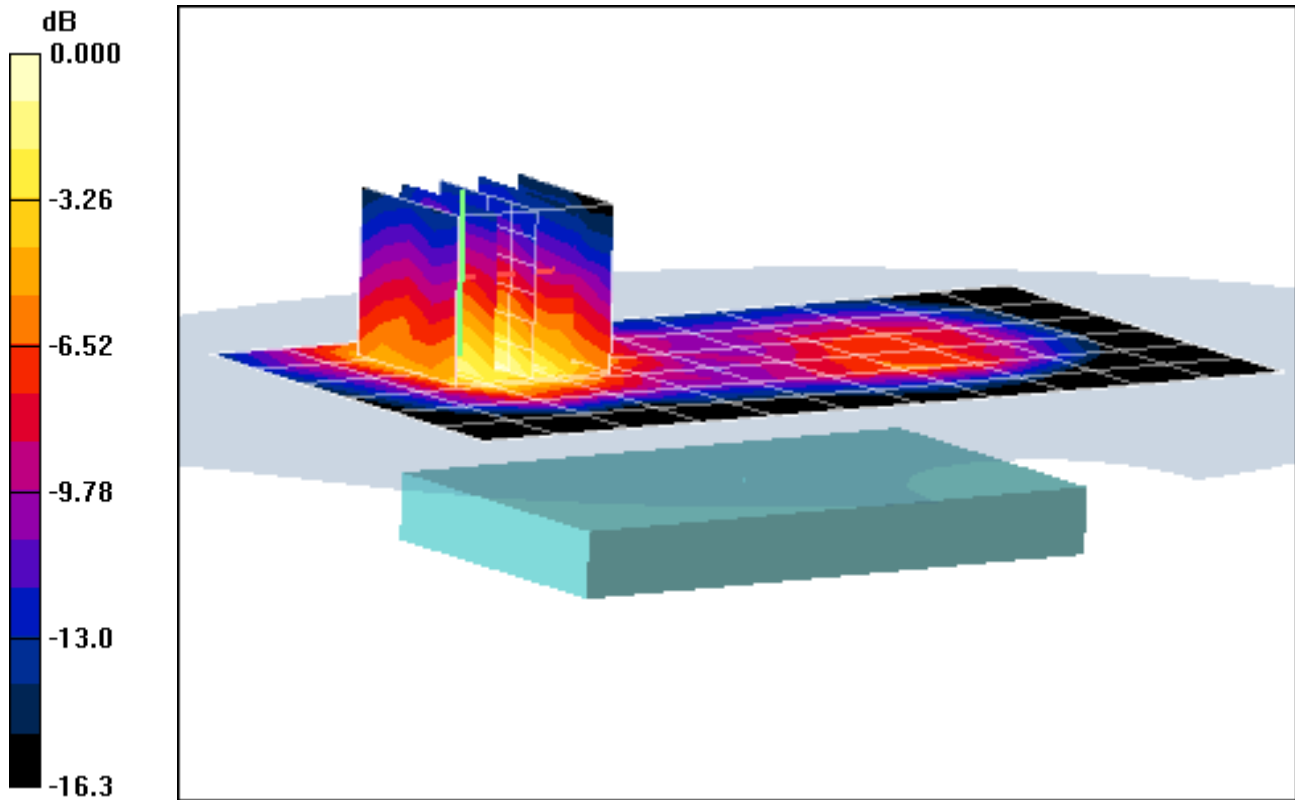
**Area Scan (7x12x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.637 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.706mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFL35G; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: SAR#1**

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 23.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side**

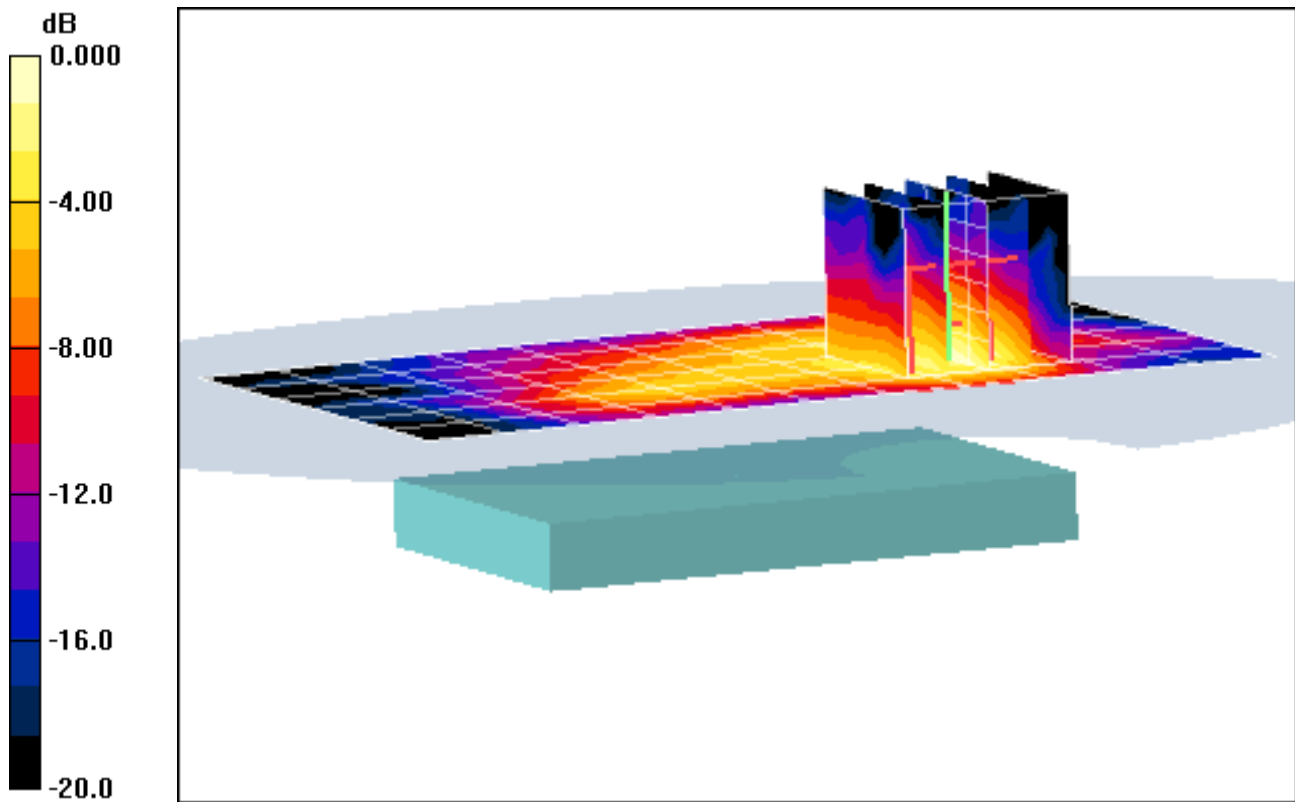
**Area Scan (7x12x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.064 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g**



0 dB = 0.084mW/g

## APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.879 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-13-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 835MHz System Verification

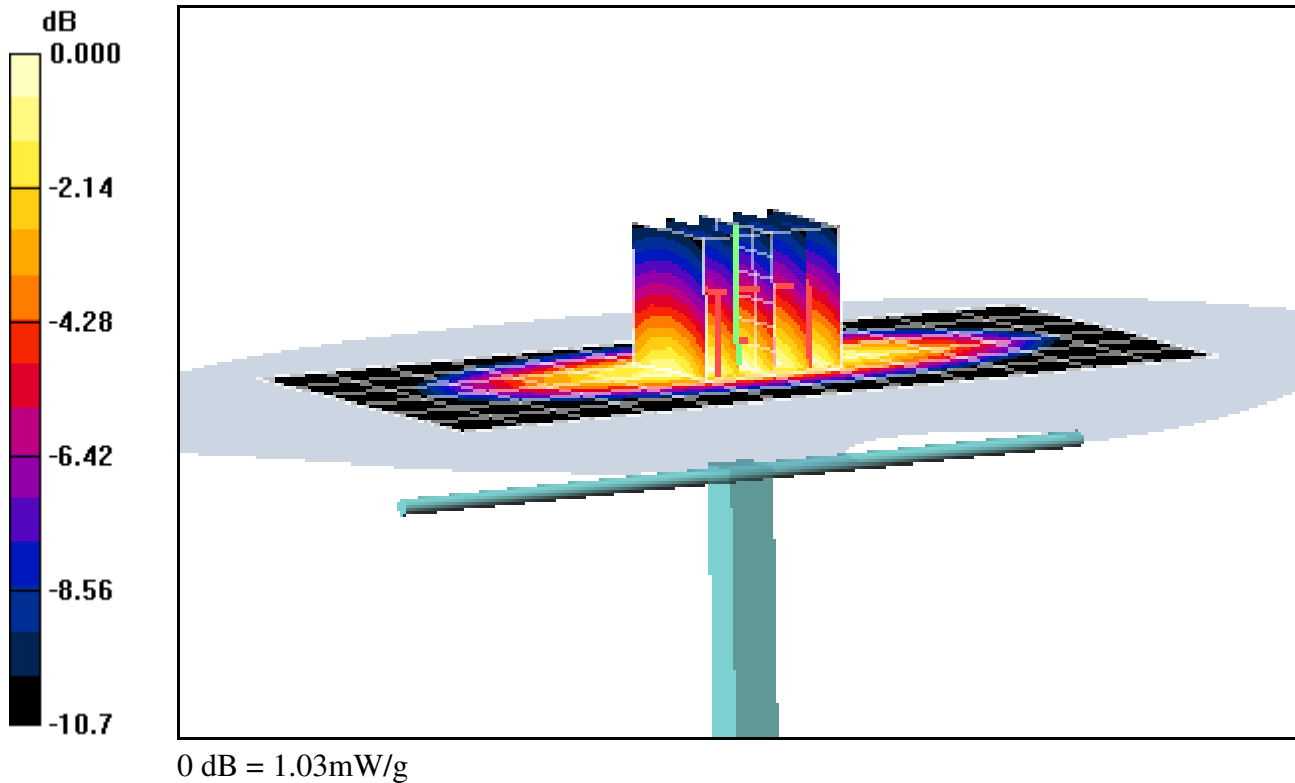
**Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 0.955 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.623 mW/g**

Deviation = 0.95 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.879 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-13-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 835MHz System Verification

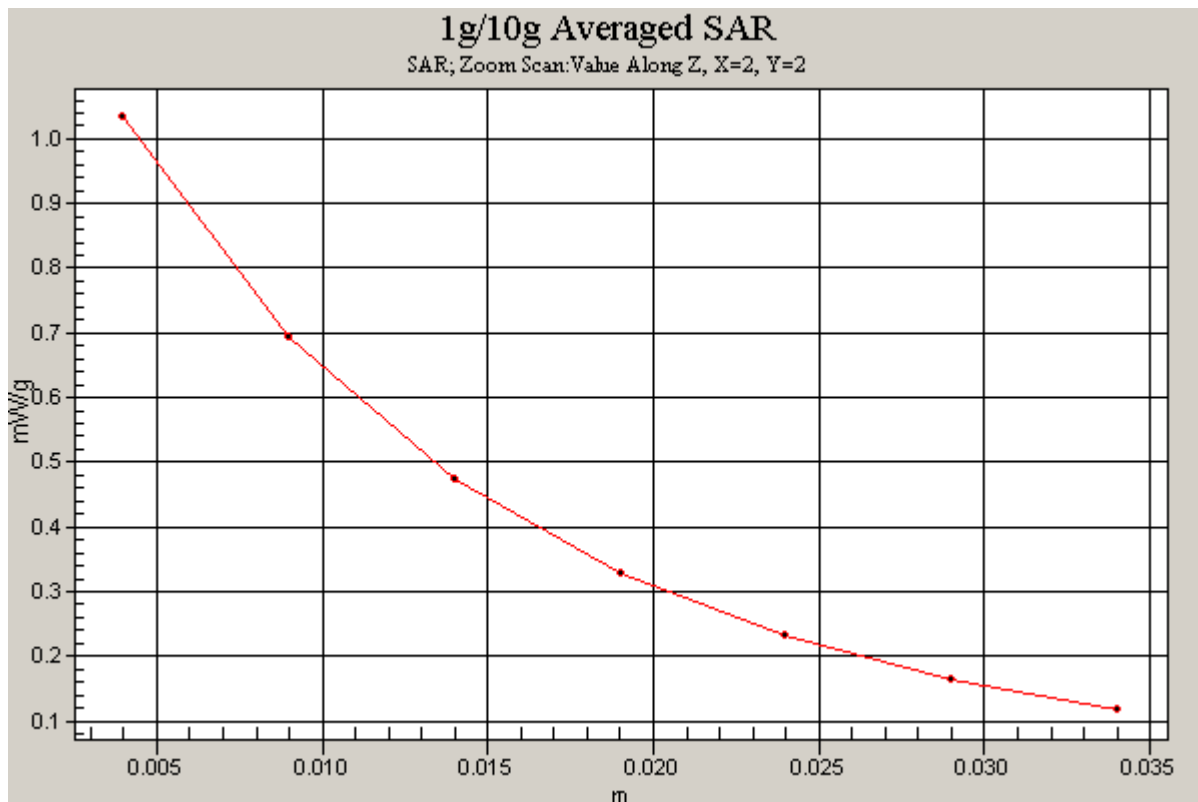
**Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 0.955 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.623 mW/g**

Deviation = 0.95 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 1900MHz System Verification

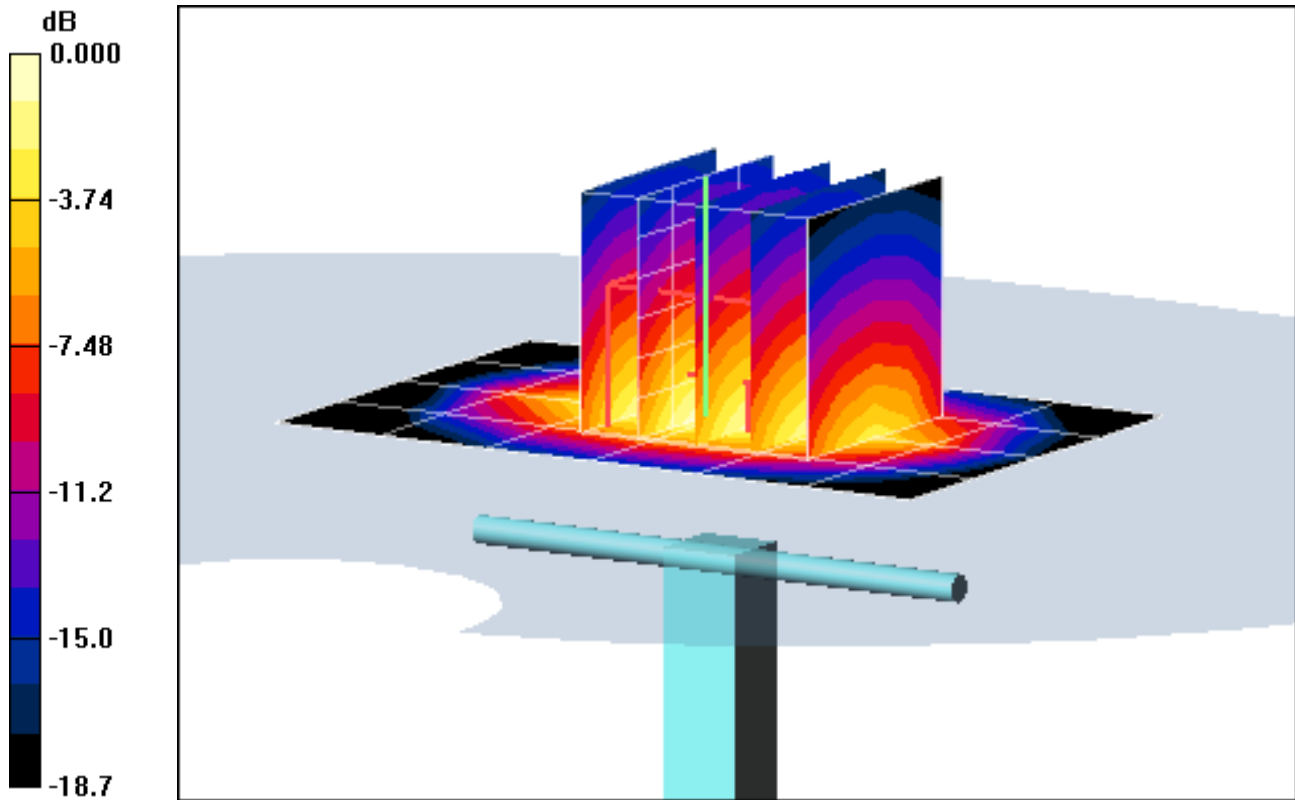
**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 1.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.834 mW/g**

Deviation = 1.27 %



0 dB = 1.77mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 1900MHz System Verification

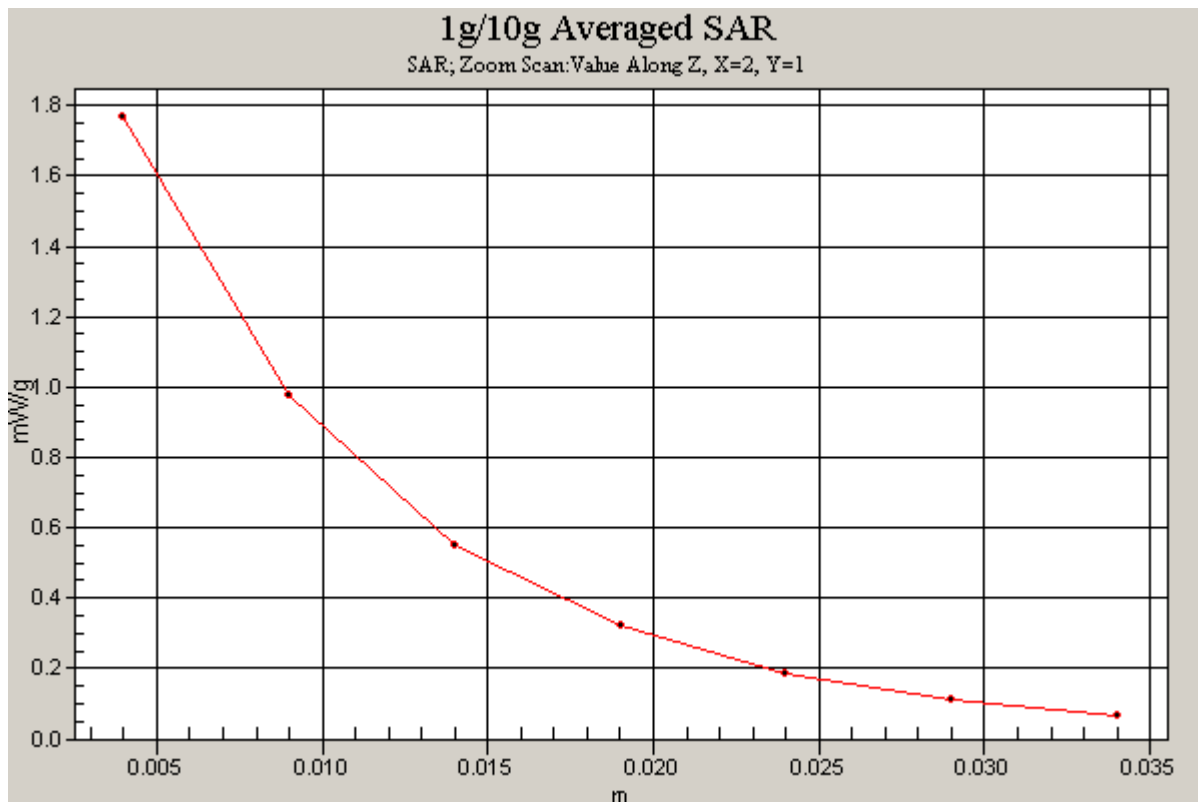
**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 1.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.834 mW/g**

Deviation = 1.27 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.853 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: SAM v5.0; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

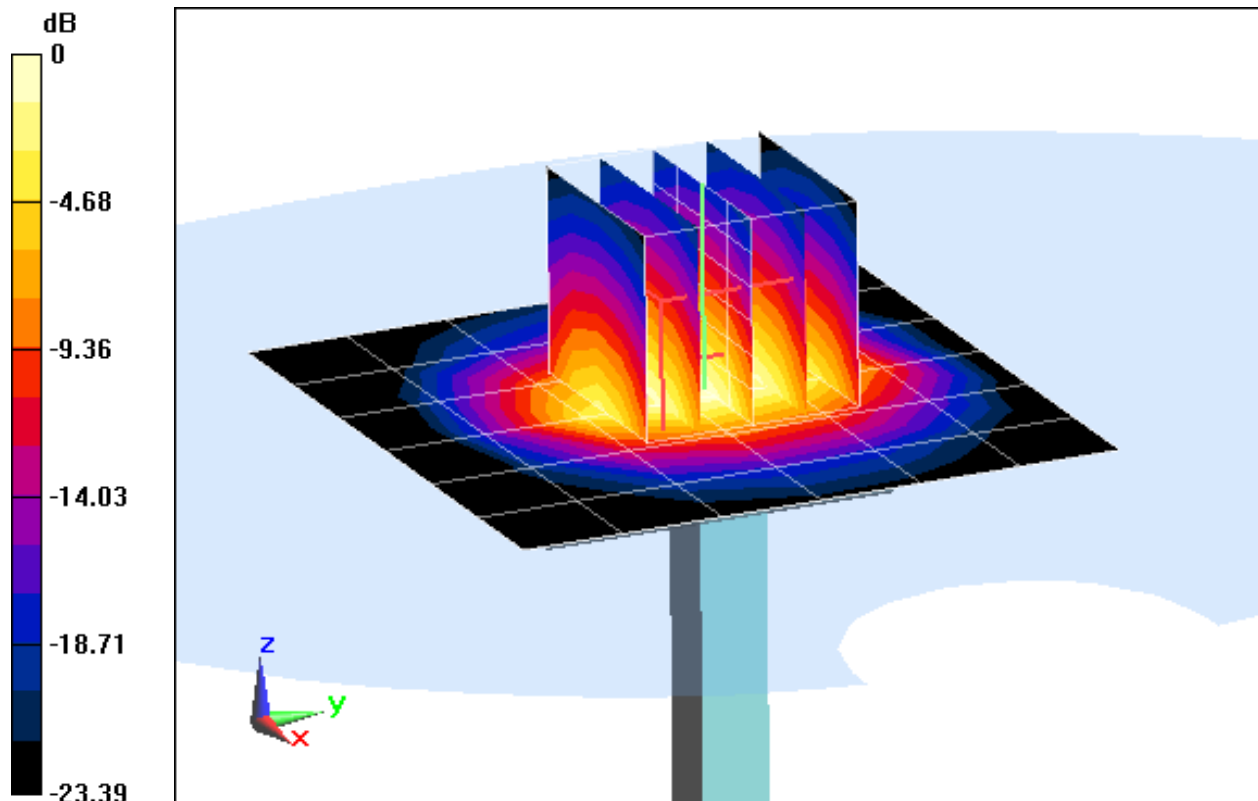
**Area Scan (7x7x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 5.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 mW/g**

Deviation = 3.26 %



0 dB = 7.090mW/g = 17.01 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.853 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 11/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/20/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: SAM v5.0; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

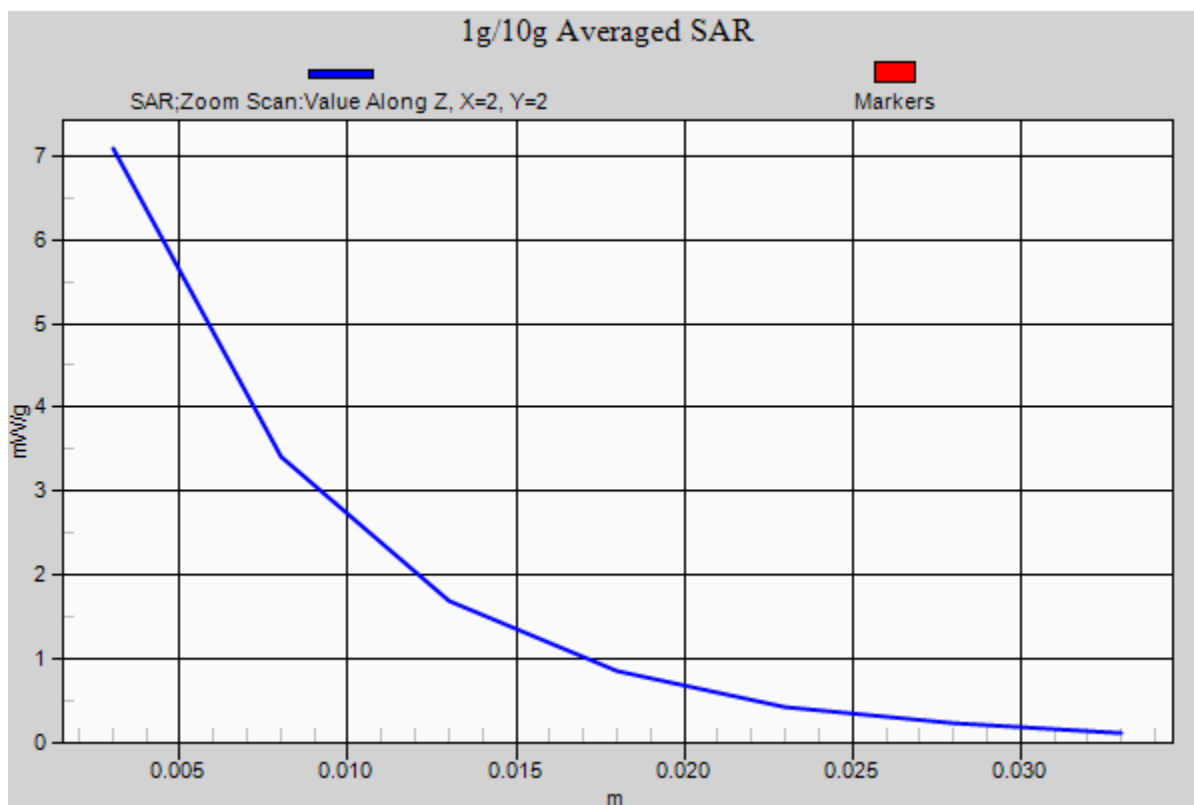
**Area Scan (7x7x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 5.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 mW/g**

Deviation = 3.26 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.964 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 835MHz System Verification

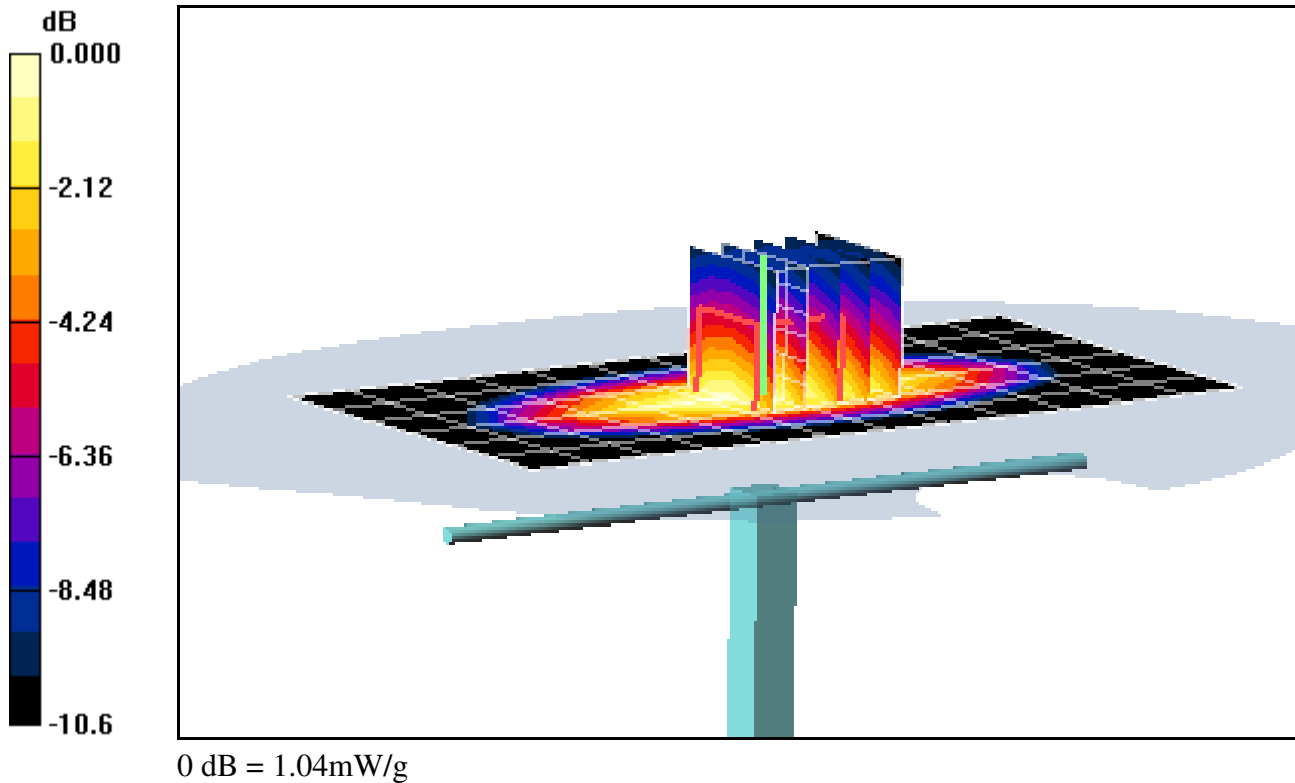
**Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 0.966 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.633 mW/g**

Deviation = 0.00 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.964 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 835MHz System Verification

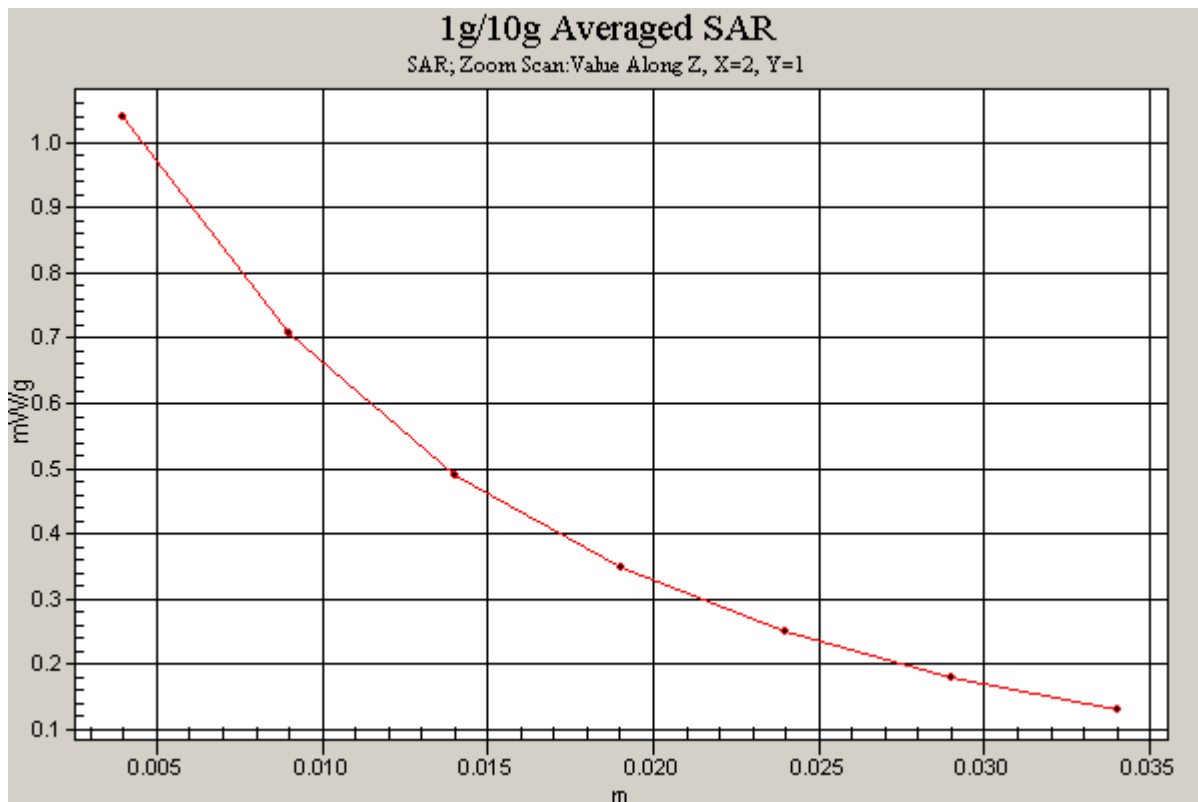
**Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 0.966 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.633 mW/g**

Deviation = 0.00 %



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

## 1900MHz System Verification

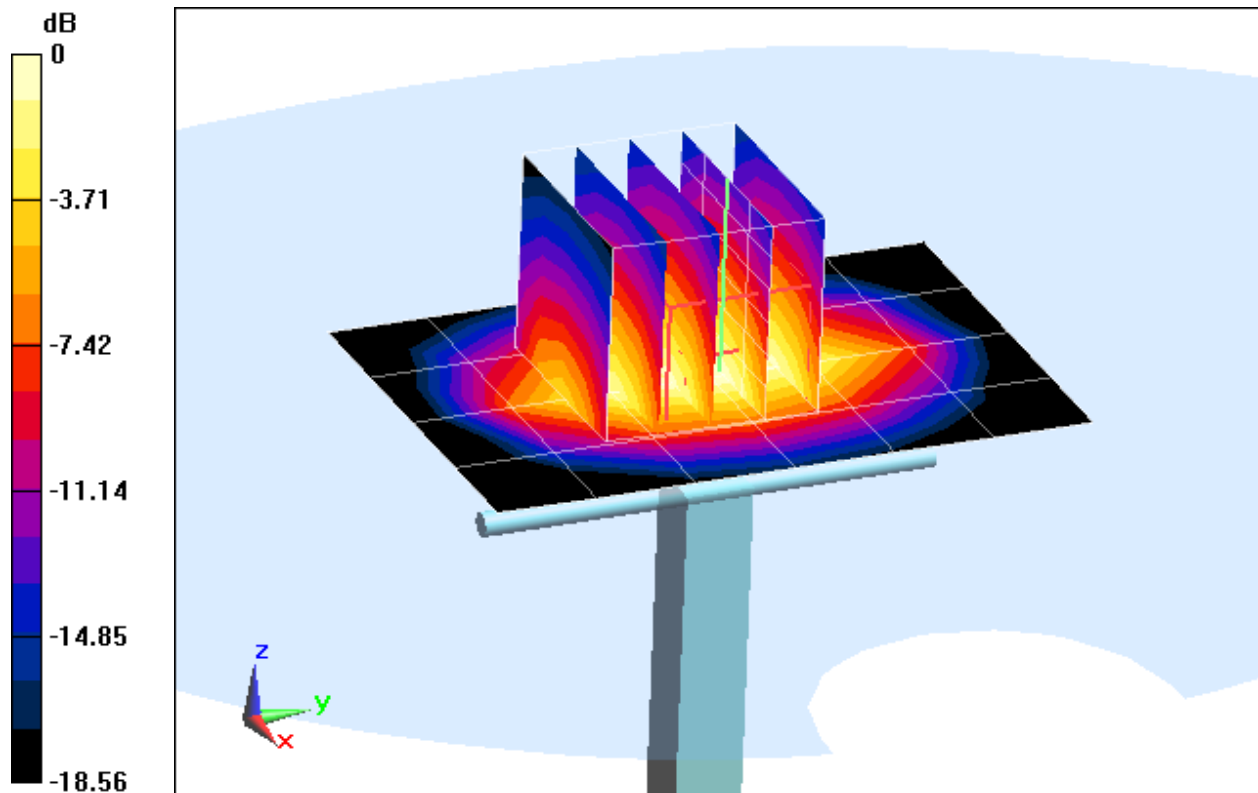
**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 1.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.899 mW/g**

Deviation = 2.66%



0 dB = 1.900mW/g = 5.58 dB mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-14-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

## 1900MHz System Verification

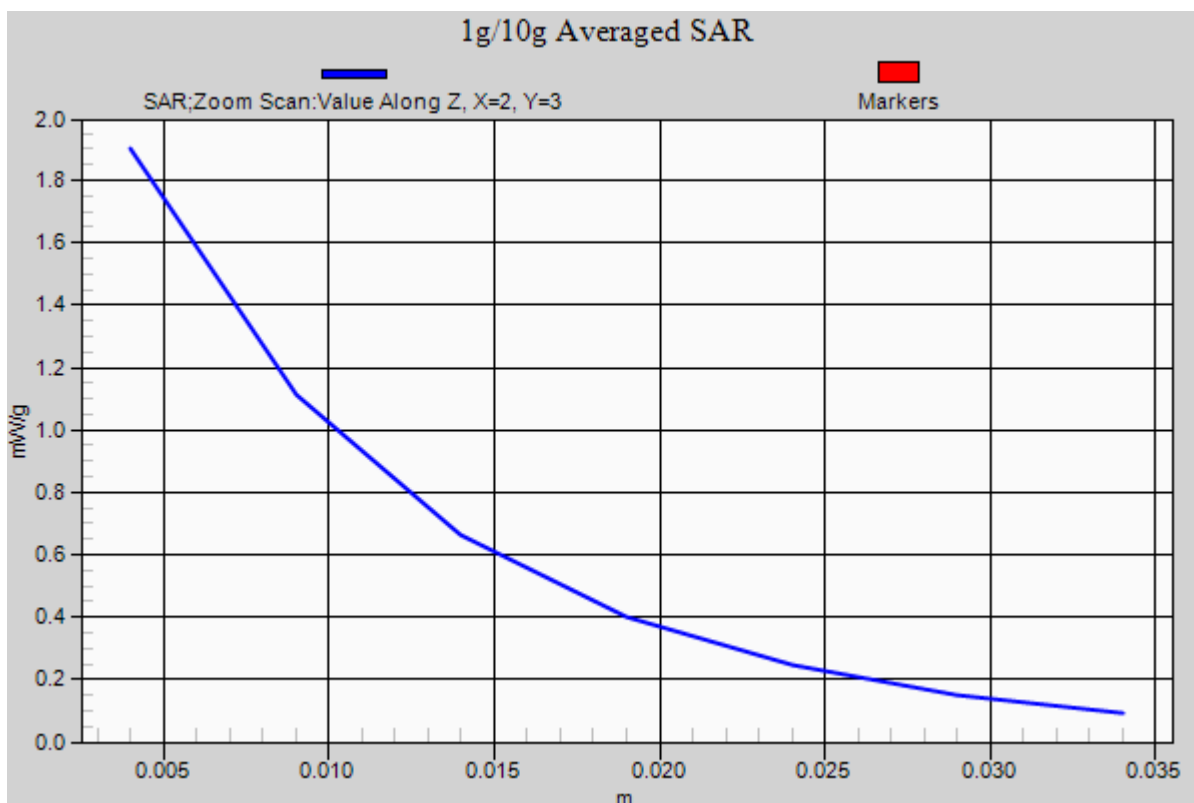
**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

**SAR(1 g) = 1.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.899 mW/g**

Deviation = 2.66%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 2450MHz System Verification

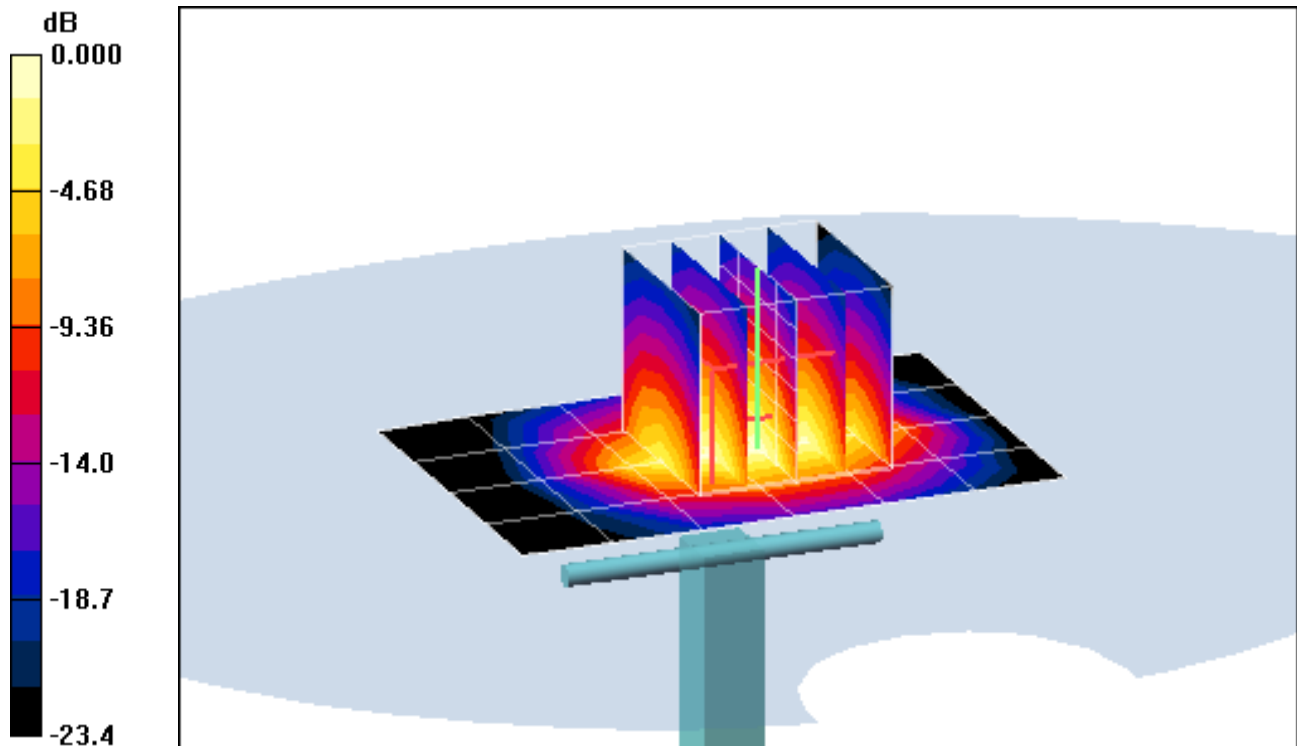
**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mw)

**SAR(1 g) = 5.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 mW/g**

Deviation = 3.51 %



0 dB = 7.04mW/g

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-15-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 8/25/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

## 2450MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mw)

**SAR(1 g) = 5.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 mW/g**

Deviation = 3.51 %

