



TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRTFCC1710-0221
2. Customer
 - Name : LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.
 - Address : 1000 Sylvan Ave., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States, 07632
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / L-01K
FCC ID : ZNFL01K
5. Test Method Used : KDB905462 D02v02 , KDB905462 D03v1r02
Test Specification : FCC Part 15.407
6. Date of Test : 2017.09.04 ~ 2017.10.13
7. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.
8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Name : SunGeun Lee 	Name : GeunKi Son  (Signature)

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If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1710-0221	Oct. 18, 2017	Initial issue

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND EUT DESCRIPTION

1.1. EUT Description

FCC equipment class	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)		
Product	Mobile Phone		
Model name	L-01K		
Add model name	NA		
EUT capabilities	DFS		
Power supply	DC 3.8 V		
Test condition	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted		<input type="checkbox"/> Radiated
Channel bandwidth	802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz	802.11n/ac: 40 MHz	802.11ac: 80 MHz
Frequency Range	U-NII 2A(5250 ~ 5350 MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz ▪ 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5270 ~ 5310 MHz ▪ 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz		U-NII 2C(5470 ~ 5725 MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5500 ~ 5580, 5660 ~ 5720 MHz ▪ 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5510 ~ 5550, 5670 ~ 5710 MHz ▪ 802.11ac(VHT80): 5530, 5690 MHz
Modulation type	OFDM		
Operational mode	<input type="checkbox"/> Master mode <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Client mode without radar detection <input type="checkbox"/> Client mode with radar detection		
Antenna specification	Antenna type: Internal Antenna		
	Antenna gain	U-NII-2A	ANT 1: -3.70 dBi & ANT 2: -2.10 dBi
		U-NII-2C	ANT 1: -3.70 dBi & ANT 2: -2.10 dBi

Note1: The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

Note2: Refer to UNII report

1.2. Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
Access Point (Master)	DIR-868L	R3X81E6000093	D-Link	FCC ID: RRK2012060056-1

1.3. Testing environment

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+20 °C ~ +27 °C
▪ Relative Humidity	40 % ~ 47 %

2. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION TEST DESCRIPTION

The EUT was tested according to the following test procedures :
 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02
 905462 D03 Client without DFS New Rules v01r02

2.1. Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational mode		
	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

2.2. Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational mode	
	Master or client with radar detection	Client without radar detection
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes
Channel Move time	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Operational mode	
	Master or client with radar detection	Client without radar detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.

2.3. Requirements of client devices

- a) A Client Device will not transmit before having received appropriate control signals from a Master Device.
- b) A Client Device will stop all its transmissions whenever instructed by a Master Device to which it is associated and will meet the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements. The Client Device will not resume any transmissions until it has again received control signals from a Master Device.
- c) If a Client Device is performing In-Service Monitoring and detects a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold, it will inform the Master Device. This is equivalent to the Master Device detecting the Radar Waveform and d) through f) of section 5.1.1 apply.
- d) Irrespective of Client Device or Master Device detection the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements remain the same.
- e) The client test frequency must be monitored to ensure no transmission of any type has occurred for 30 minutes.
 Note: If the client moves with the master, the device is considered compliant if nothing appears in the client non-occupancy period test. For devices that shut down (rather than moving channels), no beacons should appear.

2.4. DFS response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel availability check time	60 seconds
Channel move time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel closing transmission time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
<p>Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.</p> <p>Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.</p>	

2.5. DFS detection thresholds

Below provides the DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices as well as Client Devices incorporating In-Service Monitoring.

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP \geq 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm
<p>Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.</p> <p>Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.</p> <p>Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.</p>	

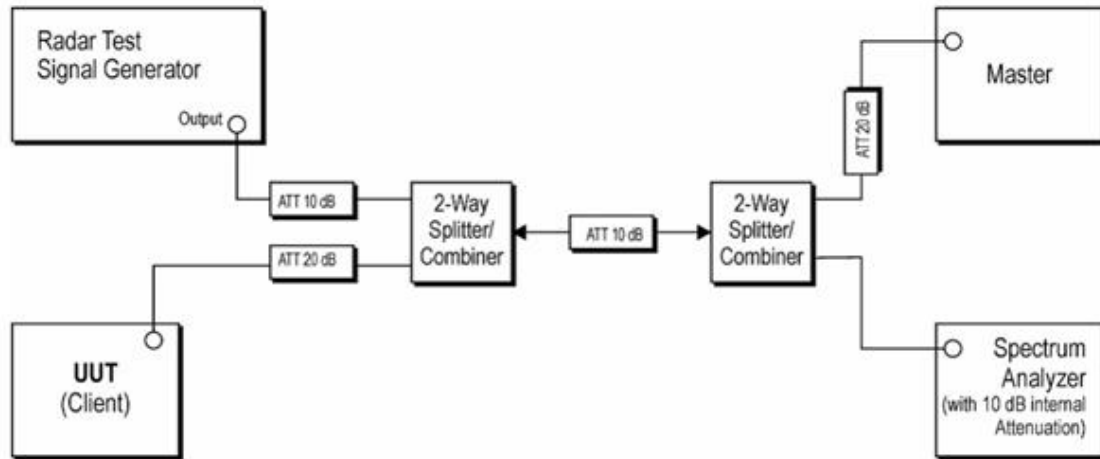
2.6. Radar test waveforms

Radar type	Pulse width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of pulses	Minimum percentage of successful detection	Minimum number of trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in section 2.6.2.	$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{PRI_{\mu\text{sec}}} \right) \right\}$	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120
<p>Note 1: As the EUT is a Client Device with no Radar Detection only one type radar pulse is required for the testing. Radar Pulse type 0 was used in the evaluation of the Client device for the purpose of measuring the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time.</p> <p>Note 2: This report was applied Short Pulse Radar Type 0.</p>					

3. Test procedure

3.1. Setup for Client with injection at the Master

The setup method is shown below diagram. The method according to the 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02 - section 7.2



3.2. Spectrum analyzer setting parameter

The setting parameter is shown below and it according to the 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02 - section 7.5

- 1) **RBW /VBW \geq 3MHz**
- 2) **Detector = Peak**
- 3) **Span = zero span**
- 4) **Sweep time \geq 12s**

3.3. Conducted test procedure

- 1) One frequency will be chosen from the Operating Channels of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands.
- 2) The Client Device (EUT) is set up the above diagram and communications between the Master device and the Client is established.
- 3) Stream the channel loading test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the test Channel for the entire period of the test. (The MPEG file specified by the FCC ("*6 ½ Magic Hours*")
- 4) An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- 5) Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 12 seconds for Radar Type 0 to ensure detection occurs.
- 6) After the initial radar burst the channel is monitored for 30 minutes to ensure no transmissions or beacons occur. A second monitoring setup is used to verify that the Master and Client have both moved to different channels.

4. SUMMARY OF TESTS

Parameter	Limit	Status Note 1
Channel move time	10 seconds	C Note 2
Channel closing transmission time	200ms + aggregate of 60ms over remaining 10 second period	C Note 2, 3
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes	C
<p>Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable</p> <p>Note 2: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.</p> <p>Note 3: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.</p>		

5. LIST OF EQUIPMENTS

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	17/09/06	18/09/06	MY48011075
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	17/04/12	18/04/12	26030065WS
DFS Bridge System	DTNC	DFS-01	16/12/06	17/12/06	T001
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	17/01/04	18/01/04	255571
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	17/01/11	18/01/11	1209
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	17/09/05	18/09/05	MY43000394
PXIS-2670(G)	ADLINK	3025C	17/07/13	18/07/13	302581/834
PXIS-2670(G)	ADLINK	3035C	17/07/13	18/07/13	303581/927

6. TEST RESULTS

6.1. Move time and aggregate time

6.1.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11n(HT40), 5270 MHz

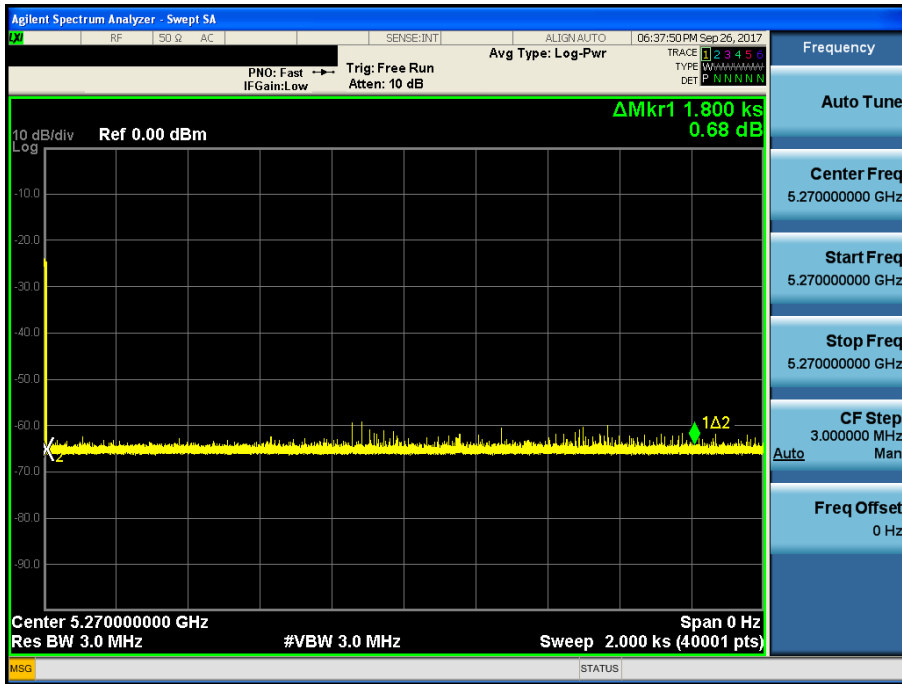


6.1.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11n(HT40), 5510 MHz

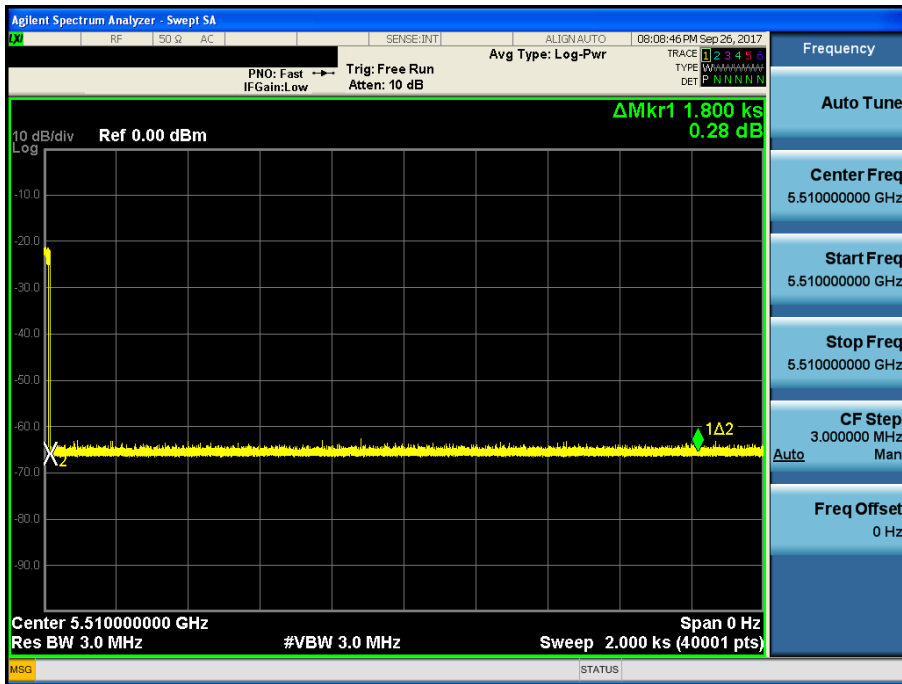


6.2. Non-occupancy period

6.2.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11n(HT40), 5270 MHz

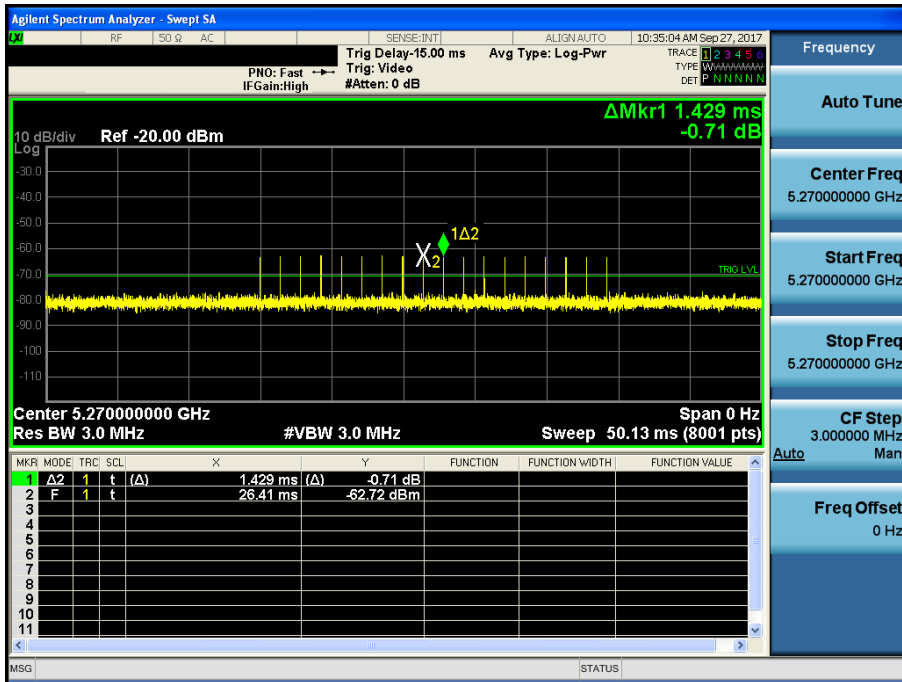


6.2.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11n(HT40), 5510 MHz

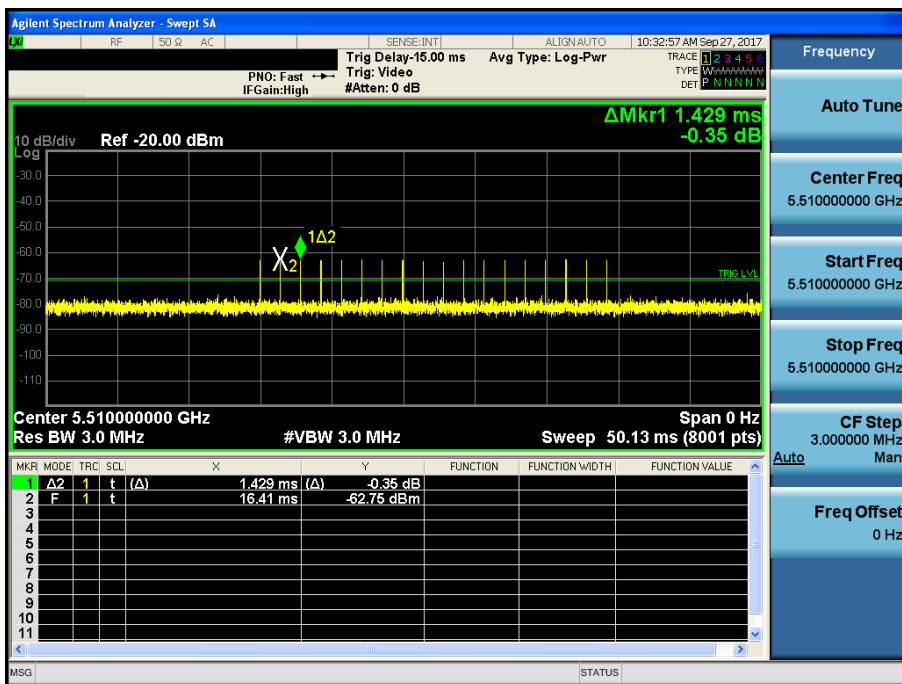


6.3. Radar simulation signal

6.3.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11n(HT40), 5270 MHz



6.3.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11n(HT40), 5510 MHz

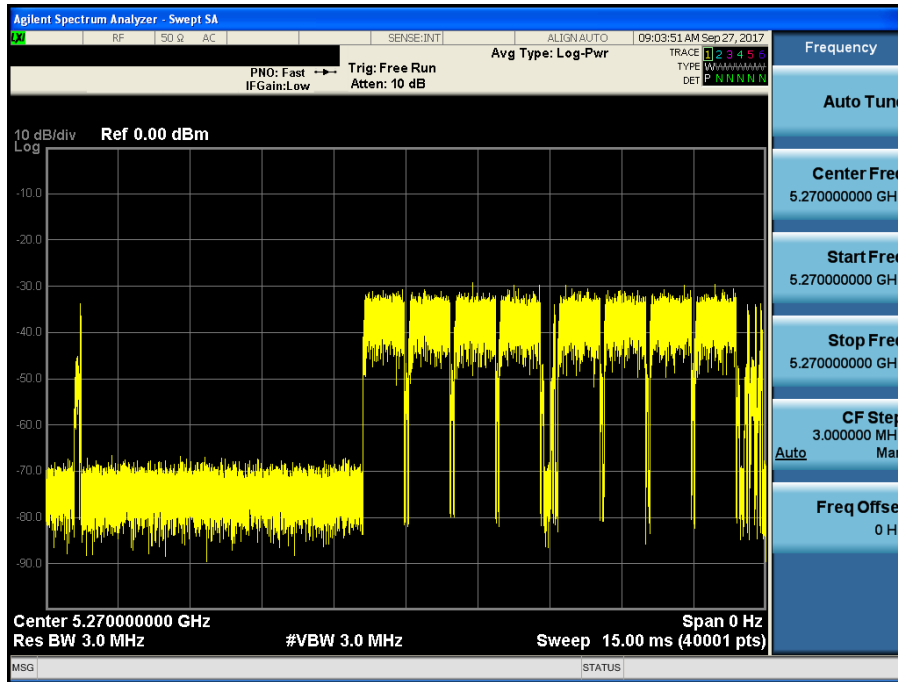


APPENDIX I

Channel loading

U-NII-2A : 802.11n(HT40), 5270 MHz

Timing plots: A minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater



- Spectrum Analyzer setting

- 1) Span: Zero
- 2) Sweep points: 40001

Calculation:

$$\text{Channel loading} = (\text{Channel loading sweep points} / \text{Total sweep points}) \times 100$$

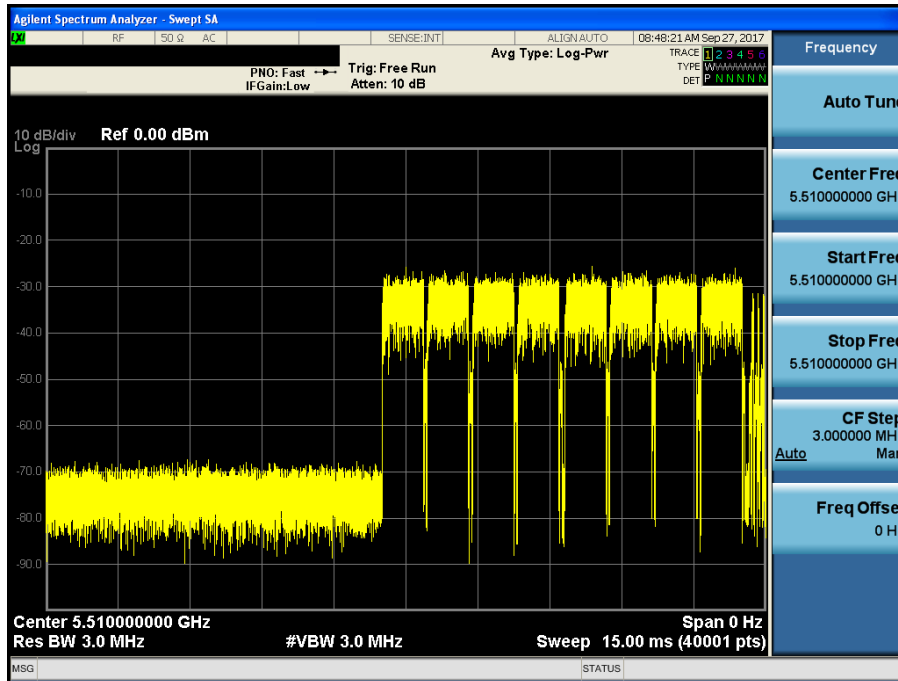
$$= (18127 / 40001) \times 100 = 45.32 \%$$

Note: The Channel loading sweep points were extracted from the spectrum and calculated.

Channel loading

U-NII-2C : 802.11n(HT40), 5510 MHz

Timing plots: A minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater



- Spectrum Analyzer setting

- 1) Span: Zero
- 2) Sweep points: 40001

Calculation:

$$\text{Channel loading} = (\text{Channel loading sweep points} / \text{Total sweep points}) \times 100$$

$$= (18057 / 40001) \times 100 = 45.14 \%$$

Note: The Channel loading sweep points were extracted from the spectrum and calculated.