

# FCC BT LE REPORT

#### **FCC Certification**

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

#### Address:

1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue: December 30, 2015 Test Site/Location: HCT CO., LTD., 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majangmyeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea Report No.: HCT-R-1512-F059 HCT FRN: 0005866421

#### FCC ID : ZNFK420N

# APPLICANT : LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

FCC Model(s):	LG-K420n
EUT Type:	GSM WCDMA Phone with BT & WLAN and NFC
Peak RF Output Power:	-1.324 dBm (0.737mW)
Frequency Range:	2402 MHz -2480 MHz
Modulation type	GFSK
FCC Classification:	Digital Transmission System(DTS)
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.247

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)

Report prepared by : Kyung Soo Kang Test Engineer of RF Team

Approved by

Approved by : Sang Jun Lee Manager of RF Team

This report only responds to the tested sample and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of the HCT Co., Ltd.



# **Version**

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1512-F059	December 30, 2015	- First Approval Report



# **Table of Contents**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION 4
2. EUT DESCRIPTION
3. TEST METHODOLOGY
3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION
3.2 EUT EXERCISE
3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES
3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES 5
4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION 6
5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS
5.1 FACILITIES
5.2 EQUIPMENT
6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS
7. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS
8. TEST RESULT
8. TEST RESULT



Model: LG-K420n

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Applicant:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Address:	1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
FCC ID:	ZNFK420N
EUT Type:	GSM WCDMA Phone with BT & WLAN and NFC
Model name(s):	LG-K420n
Date(s) of Tests:	December 03, 2015 ~ December 23, 2015
Place of Tests:	HCT Co., Ltd. 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
	(IC Recognition No. : 5944A-5)

### 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Model Name	LG-K420n	LG-K420n				
ЕИТ Туре	GSM WCDMA Ph	one with BT & WLAN and NFC				
Power Supply	DC 3.8 V					
Battery Infomation	Model: BL-45A1H	1				
Battery momation	Type: Li-ion Batte	ry				
Frequency Range	TX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz					
	RX: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz					
Max, DE Output Douror	Peak -1.324 dBm (0.737 mW)					
Max. RF Output Power	Average	-1.684 dBm (0.679 mW)				
BT Operating Mode	BT _Low Energy	Mode				
Modulation Type	GFSK					
Number of Channels	40 Channels					
	Manufacturer: AT&C Co., LTD.					
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: PIF	FA(Planar Inverted-F Antenna)				
	Peak Gain : -2.94	dBi				



## 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03 dated June 09, 2015 entitled "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems(DTS) and the measurement procedure described in the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) Operating Under §15.247" were used in the measurement.

### 3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### 3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

#### **Conducted Antenna Terminal**

See Section from 9.1 to 9.2.(KDB 558074)

#### 3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.



### 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

All equipments(spectrum, antenna, accessory, etc.) for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (latest edition).

### 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### 5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661)

#### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

#### According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

\* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

\*The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203



# 7. SUMMARY TEST OF RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(2)	> 500 kHz		PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(3)	< 1 Watt		PASS
Power Spectral Density	§15.247(e)	< 8 dBm / 3 kHz Band	CONDUCTED	PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	Conducted > 20 dBc		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.1	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.2	RADIATED	PASS

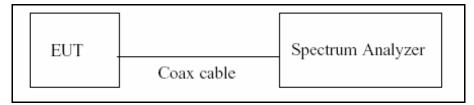


### 8. TEST RESULT 8.1 DUTY CYCLE

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We tested accroding to the zerospan measurement method, 6.0)b) in KDB 558074(issued 06/09/2015)

The largest available value of RBW is 8 MHz and VBW is 50 MHz. The zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  6.25 microseconds. (50/6.25 = 8)

The zero-span method was used because all measured T data are > 6.25 microseconds and both RBW and VBW are > 50/T.

- 1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
- 2. VBW = 8 MHz (≥ RBW)
- 3. SPAN = 0 Hz
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Number of points in sweep > 100
- 6. Trace mode = Clear write
- 7. Measure  $T_{total}$  and  $T_{on}$
- 8. Calculate Duty Cycle =  $T_{on}/T_{total}$  and Duty Cycle Factor =  $10*\log(1/Duty Cycle)$

LE Mode	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>total</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor
	0.3920	0.6250	0.6272	2.03



Model: LG-K420n

#### **RESULT PLOTS**

IXI L	um Analyzer - Sw RF 50 G req 2.4020	2 AC	Hz IQ: Fast ↔	SENSE Trig: Free R		#Avg Typ	ALIGNAUTO e: Pwr(RMS)	03:14:15 PM TRACE TYPE	Dec 17, 2015 1 2 3 4 5 6 WWWWWW P N N N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 10 Ref 10.70	IFG 0.7 dB	ain:Low	Atten: 10 dE	}		Δ	Mkr3 62		Auto Tune
0.700	X.	• • • • • • • • • • •		¢	142		3∆4			Center Freq 2.402000000 GHz
-29.3 -39.3 -49.3										<b>Start Freq</b> 2.402000000 GHz
-59.3 <b>-69.3</b> -69.3				(	1017,44,441,44	entynialiyyd	M <sup>TL</sup>			<b>Stop Freq</b> 2.402000000 GHz
Center 2.4 Res BW 8		GHz	VBW 8	.0 MHz	FUNC		Sweep 1.0		• 4	CF Step 8.000000 MHz Auto Man
1 Δ2 1 2 F 1 3 Δ4 1 4 F 1 5 6	t (∆) t	39 11 62	2.0 μs (Δ) 7.0 μs 5.0 μs (Δ) 7.0 μs	-2.68 dE -6.76 dBm 0.01 dE -6.76 dBm	3					Freq Offset 0 Hz
7 8 9 10 11										
12							STATUS			



#### 8.2 6dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)(2)

The bandwidth at 6dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

#### The minimum permissible 6dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (Procedure 8.1 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015)

RBW = 100 kHz VBW ≥ 3 x RBW Detector = Peak Trace mode = max hold Sweep = auto couple Allow the trace to stabilize

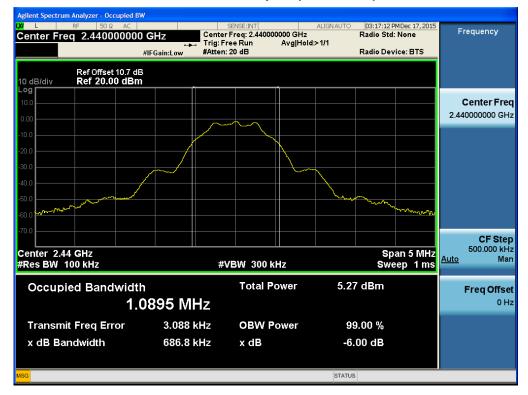
Note : We tested 6 dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer. X dB is set 6 dB.



#### RESULT PLOTS



#### 6dB Bandwidth plot (Mid-CH 19)





L RF 50 Ω AC Center Freq 2.480000000	) GHz #IFGain:Low	SENSE:INT Center Freq: 2.480 Trig: Free Run #Atten: 20 dB	000000 GHz Avg Hol	ALIGNAUTO d: 1/1	03:24:54 F Radio Std Radio Dev		Fred	quency
Ref Offset 10.7 dE								
Log 10.0 0.00								enter Fred
10.0 20.0 30.0								
40.0 50.0								
60.0 <b></b>						hanne lare		OF Oto
Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz		#VBW 300	kHz			an 5 MHz eep 1 ms	5 <u>Auto</u>	CF Step 00.000 kH Mar
Occupied Bandwidt			Power	3.62	2 dBm		Fr	req Offse
1.0	0892 MF	z						0 H:
Transmit Freq Error	804	Hz OBW	Power	99	9.00 %			
x dB Bandwidth	689.5 k	Hz x dB		-6.	00 dB			
SG				STATUS				

#### 6dB Bandwidth plot (High-CH 39)



#### 8.3 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

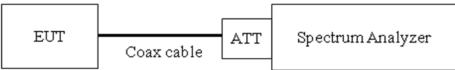
#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)(3)

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of a Spectrum Analyzer.

Measurement is made while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

#### The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

This EUT TX condition is actual operating mode by BT LE mode test program.

#### The Spectrum Analyzer is set to

- Peak Power (Procedure 9.1.1 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015)
  - RBW ≥ DTS Bandwidth
  - VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
  - SPAN ≥ 3 x RBW
  - Detector Mode = Peak
  - Sweep = auto couple

Trace Mode = max hold

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level

Average Power (Procedure 9.2.2.4 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015)

Measure the duty cycle

Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1-5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Number of points in sweep  $\ge 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ . (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\le \text{RBW}/2$ ,

so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

Sweep time = auto.

Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging)

Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".



Model: LG-K420n

Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode.

Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.

Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

#### Sample Calculation

Output Power = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) + Duty Cycle Factor Output Power = 10 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB + 0.2 dB = 21.0 dBm

Note :

- 1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
- 2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
- 3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.



#### TEST RESULTS-Peak

#### **Conducted Output Power Measurements**

LE Mode		Measured	Limit
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Power(dBm)	(dBm)
2402	0	-2.003	30
2440	19	-1.324	30
2480	39	-2.999	30

#### TEST RESULTS-Average

#### **Conducted Output Power Measurements**

LE Mode				Measured Power(dBm)	
Frequency[MHz]	Channel No.	Measured Power(dBm)	Measured Duty Cycle Power(dBm) Factor		Limit (dBm)
2402	0	-4.410	2.03	-2.384	30
2440	19	-3.710	2.03	-1.684	30
2480	39	-5.400	2.03	-3.374	30



#### RESULT PLOTS-Peak

nt Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA L :06 PMDec 17, 201 Frequency #Avg Type: Pwr(RMS) Avg|Hold: 1/1 Center Freq 2.402000000 GHz PNO: Fast TRACE 1 2 3 TYPE MWW DET PNN Trig: Free Run #Atten: 10 dB Auto Tune Mkr1 2.402 231 GHz -2.003 dBm Ref Offset 10.7 dB Ref 10.70 dBm 10 dB/div **Center Freq** 2.402000000 GHz Start Freq 2.400500000 GHz Stop Freq 2.403500000 GHz CF Step 300.000 kHz <u>Auto</u> Man Freq Offset 0 Hz Center 2.402000 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz Span 3.000 MHz #Sweep 1.00 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 3.0 MHz STATUS

#### Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)

#### Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
Center Freg 2.440000000	GHz	#Avg Type:		Frequency
Ref Offset 10.7 dB	PNO: Fast +++ Trig: Free F IFGain:Low #Atten: 10 o		Mkr1 2.440 252 GH -1.324 dBr	N Auto Tune
0.700		<b>↓</b> 1		Center Freq 2.440000000 GHz
-9.30				Start Freq 2.438500000 GHz
-29.3				<b>Stop Freq</b> 2.441500000 GHz
-49.3				CF Step 300.000 kHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-69.3				<b>Freq Offset</b> 0 Hz
Center 2.440000 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MHz	#	Span 3.000 MH Sweep 1.00 ms (1001 pt:	z  s)
MSG			STATUS	





#### **Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)**



#### RESULT PLOTS-Average

#### Conducted Output Power (Low-CH 0)

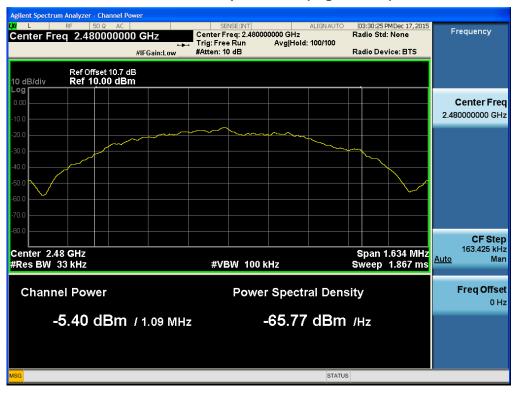
m Analyzer - Cha it Spectru 3:29:36 PMDec 17, 201 Center Freq: 2.402000000 GHz Trig: Free Run Avg|Hold #Atten: 10 dB Frequency Center Freq 2.402000000 GHz Radio Std: None Avg|Hold: 100/100 Radio Device: BTS #IFGain:Low Ref Offset 10.7 dB Ref 10.00 dBm 10 dB/div .og Center Frea 2.402000000 GHz CF Step 163.545 kHz Center 2.402 GHz #Res BW 33 kHz Span 1.635 MHz Sweep 1.867 ms <u>Auto</u> Man #VBW 100 kHz **Freq Offset Channel Power Power Spectral Density** 0 Hz -64.78 dBm /Hz -4.41 dBm / 1.09 MHz STATUS

#### **Conducted Output Power (Mid-CH 19)**





Model: LG-K420n



#### **Conducted Output Power (High-CH 39)**



Model: LG-K420n

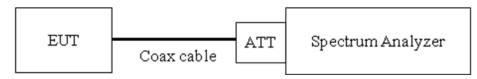
### 8.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

# Minimum Standard – The transmitter power density average over 1-second interval shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz BW.

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

We tested according to Procedure 10.2 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.

 $RBW = 3 kHz \le RBW \le 100 kHz.$ 

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Sweep = auto couple

Detector = peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### Sample Calculation

PSD = Reading Value + ATT loss + Cable loss(1 ea) Output Power = -5 dBm + 10 dB + 0.8 dB = 5.8 dBm Note :

- 1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.
- 2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
- 3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So,10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.



Model: LG-K420n

#### TEST RESULTS

Frequency	Channel	Mode	Test Result						
(MHz)	No.		PSD	Limit	Pass/				
(11112)	NO.		(dBm)	(dBm)	Fail				
2402	0		-17.269	8	Pass				
2440	19	LE	-16.553	8	Pass				
2480	39		-18.212	8	Pass				

#### **Conducted Power Density Measurements**

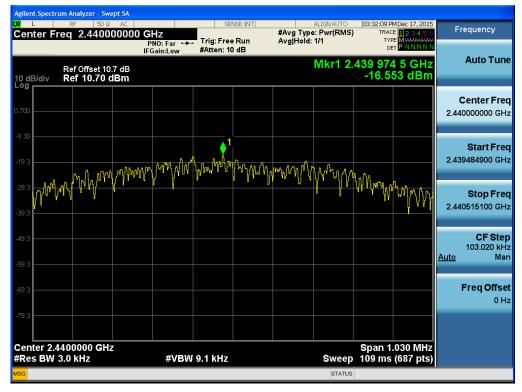


#### RESULT PLOTS

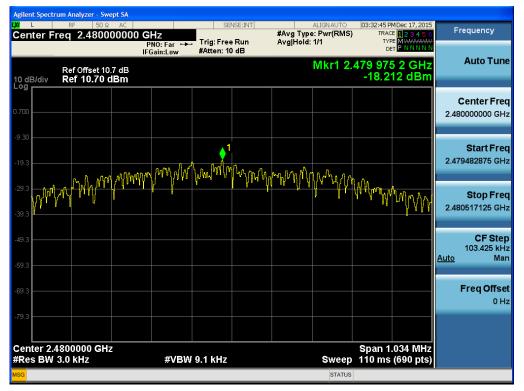


#### Power Spectral Density (Low-CH 0)

#### Power Spectral Density (Mid-CH 19)







#### **Power Spectral Density (High-CH 39)**

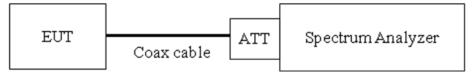


# 8.5 OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS AT THE BAND EDGE/ CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.205(c)).

#### Limit : 20 dBc

#### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. (Procedure 11.0 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015)

RBW = 100 kHz

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$ 

Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined

Detector = Peak

Trace Mode = max hold

Sweep time = auto couple

Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq 2^{*}$ Span/RBW

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Note :

1. The band edge results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.



- 2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss + Cable loss
- 3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. So, 10.7 dB is offset for 2.4 GHz Band.
- 4. In case of conducted spurious emissions test, please check factors blow table.
- 5. In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

#### **FACTORS FOR FREQUENCY**

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)				
30	11.30				
100	9.83				
200	10.19				
300	10.13				
400	10.23				
500	10.25				
600	10.32				
700	10.35				
800	10.35				
900	10.34				
1000	10.39				
2000	10.64				
2400*	10.65				
2500*	10.67				
3000	10.68				
4000	10.89				
5000	11.07				
6000	11.06				
7000	11.35				
8000	11.32				
9000	11.48				
10000	11.56				
11000	11.56				
12000	11.68				
13000	11.83				
14000	11.90				
15000	11.98				
16000	12.04				



Model: LG-K420n

17000	12.02
18000	12.08
19000	12.07
20000	12.14
21000	12.17
22000	12.31
23000	12.60
24000	12.34
25000	12.53

Note : 1. "" is fundamental frequency range.

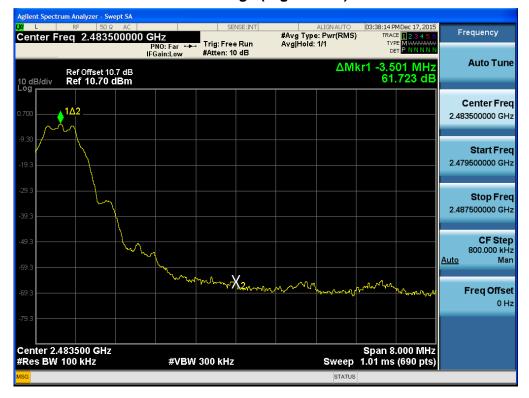
2. Factor = Cable loss + Attenuator loss



#### RESULT PLOTS

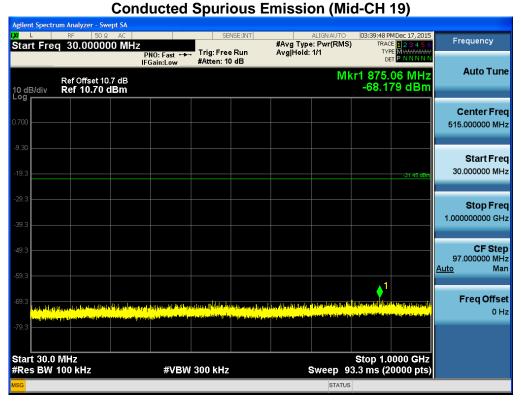


#### BandEdge (High-CH 39)





#### 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

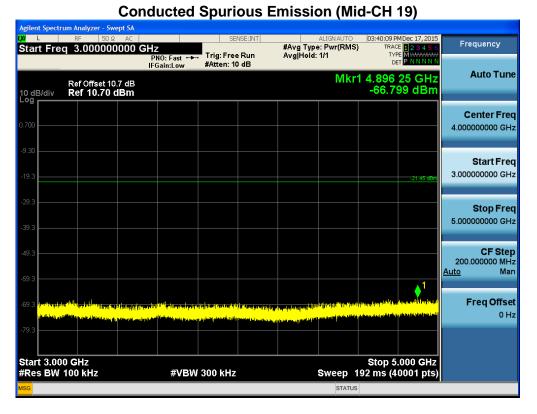


# 1 GHz ~ 3 GHz

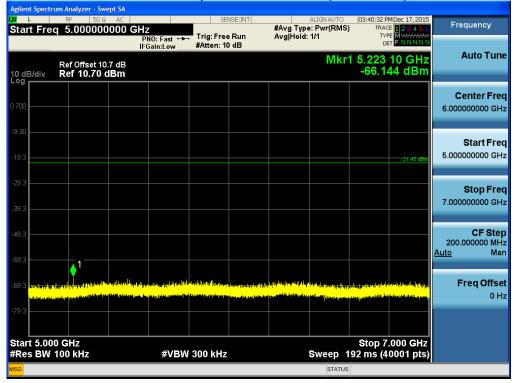
Agilent Spectr	rum Analyzer - Swept SA RF 50 Ω AC		051	om vi m					
Start Fre	RF 50 Ω AC q 1.000000000		- · -	SE:INT	#Avg Type	ALIGNAUTO Pwr(RMS)	TRAC	4Dec 17, 2015	Frequency
		PNO: Fast 🔸	Trig: Free #Atten: 10		Avg Hold:	101	DE		
10 dB/div Log	Ref Offset 10.7 dB Ref 10.70 dBm					Mkr	1 2.826 -66.6	75 GHz 54 dBm	Auto Tune
0.700									Center Freq 2.000000000 GHz
-9.30								-21.45 dBm	Start Freq 1.000000000 GHz
-29.3									<b>Stop Freq</b> 3.000000000 GHz
-49.3									CF Step 200.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
-59.3 -69.3	an men op at dele parte and hand op of galles have delete age	energeti baştaşı fiziket termişteri (datı 1917-1919) - Angeler Karalı baştaşı baştaşı		per a la combine da la combina da la comb	a della y generali di seda di data Ageneraci da gali a da ancie		un di sella di la parte di sella di se	1 National Internet	Freq Offset 0 Hz
-79.3									
Start 1.00 #Res BW		#VBW	300 kHz			Sweep 1	Stop 3. 92 ms <u>(</u> 4	000 GHz 0001 pts)	
MSG						STATUS			



#### 3 GHz ~ 5 GHz



#### 5 GHz ~ 7 GHz





#### 7 GHz ~ 9 GHz

Agent Constant Freq 7.000000000 GHz Start Freq 7.000000000 GHz PN0: Fast →→→ IFGain:Low #Atten: 10 dB 03:40:49 PMDec 17, 2015 Frequency #Avg Type: Pwr(RMS) Avg|Hold: 1/1 TYF Auto Tune Mkr1 7.380 20 GHz -65.963 dBm Ref Offset 10.7 dB Ref 10.70 dBm 10 dB/div Log **Center Freq** 8.00000000 GHz Start Freq 7.000000000 GHz 21.45 Stop Freq 9.000000000 GHz **CF** Step 200.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man Freq Offset 0 Hz

#### **Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)**

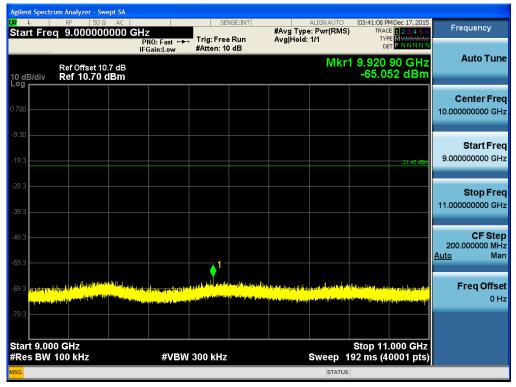
#### 9 GHz ~ 11 GHz

Start 7.000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz

#### **Conducted Spurious Emission (Mid-CH 19)**

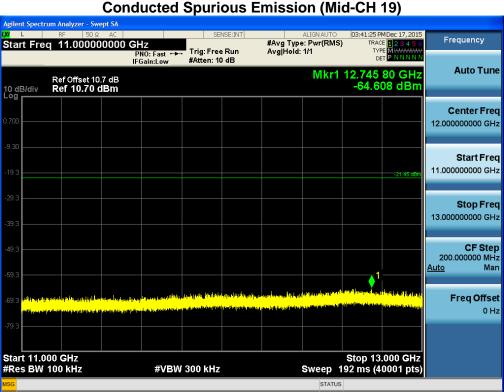
#VBW 300 kHz

Stop 9.000 GHz Sweep 192 ms (40001 pts)

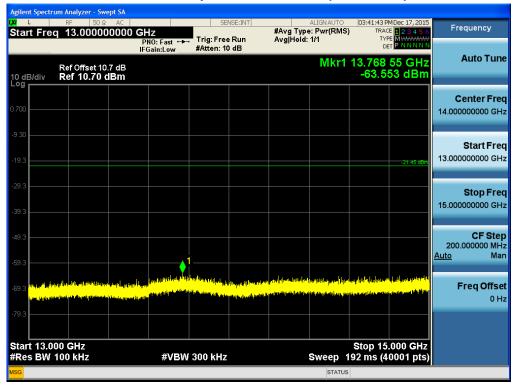




#### 11 GHz ~ 13 GHz

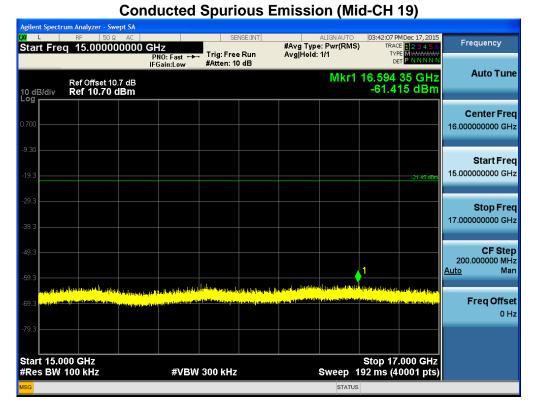


#### 13 GHz ~ 15 GHz





#### 15 GHz ~ 17 GHz

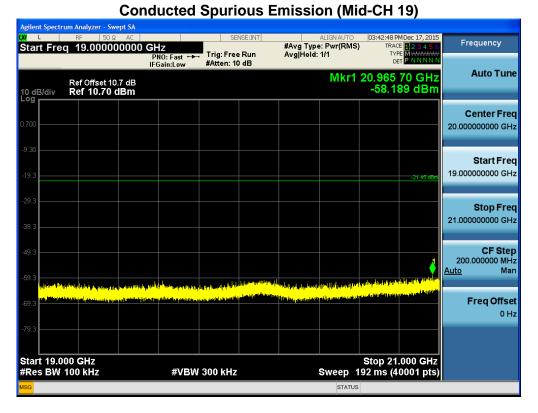


#### 17 GHz ~ 19 GHz

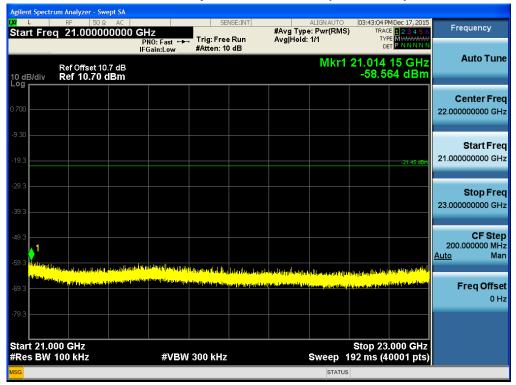
	um Analyzer - Swe									
txu ∟ Start Fre	RF 50 Ω q 17.00000		lz		NSE:INT		ALIGNAUTO : Pwr(RMS)	TRAC	MDec 17, 2015	Frequency
	•	PI	NO: Fast 🔸	Trig: Free #Atten: 10		Avg Hold:	1/1	TYI Di		
10 dB/div Log	Ref Offset 10. Ref 10.70 d						Mkr1	18.981 -60.9	00 GHz 25 dBm	Auto Tune
0.700										Center Freq 18.00000000 GHz
-9.30										
-19.3									-21.45 dBm	<b>Start Freq</b> 17.000000000 GHz
-29.3										
-39.3										<b>Stop Freq</b> 19.00000000 GHz
-49.3										CF Step
-59.3										200.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
							a da padab da bakatan k Managa da bakatan da sak		alian data ang bagang baga Bagang bagang b	Freq Offset
-69.3	a Manana di Sada a di Sang Bang di Sang Bang	n an	وهم بالالفيان (القائد مع المر	and the table in the later is the start of t	an in de la constant	in the distant of the second second				0 Hz
-79.3										
Start 17.0 #Res BW			#VBW	300 kHz			Sweep 1	Stop 19 92 ms <u>(4</u>	.000 GHz .0001 pts)	
MSG							STATUS	· ·		



#### 19 GHz ~ 21 GHz

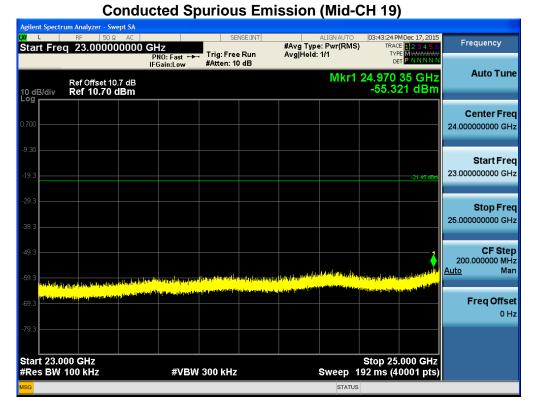


#### 21 GHz ~ 23 GHz





#### 23 GHz ~ 25 GHz





# 8.6 RADIATED MEASUREMENT.8.6.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.

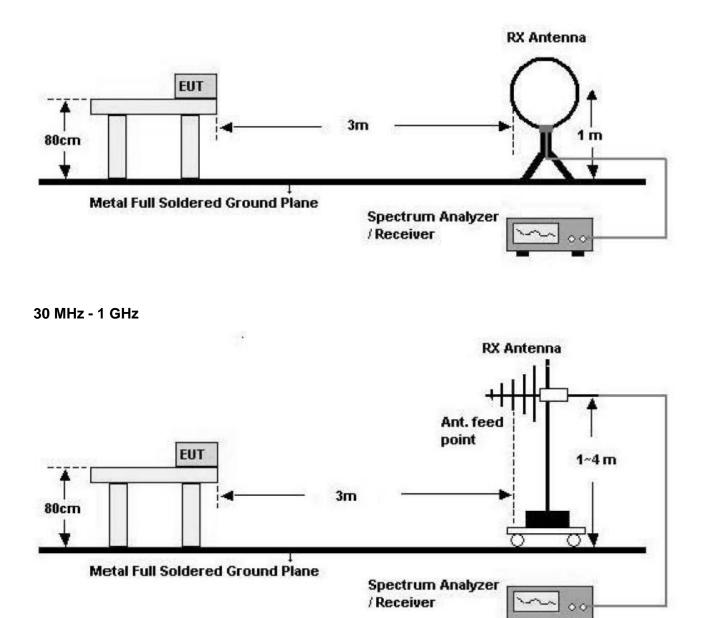
Test Requirements and limit, §15.205, §15.209

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)		
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300		
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30		
1.705 – 30	30	30		
30-88	100	3		
88-216	150	3		
216-960	200	3		
Above 960	500	3		



#### **Test Configuration**

#### Below 30 MHz

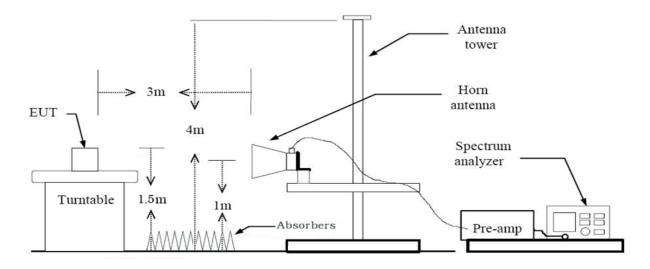




Model: LG-K420n

Page 37 of 54

# Above 1 GHz



# **TEST PROCEDURE USED**

Method 12.1 in KDB 558074, issued 06/09/2015

#### Spectrum Setting

- Peak

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

RBW = cf. Table 1.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

(Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

	nequency
Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

# Table 1 — RBW as a function of frequency



- Average (duty cycle < 98%, duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2\%$ )

Set RBW = 1 MHz

Set VBW  $\ge$  3 x RBW

Detector = RMS.

Averaging type = power (*i.e.*, RMS).

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = average (at least 100 traces).

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle.



# **TEST RESULTS**

## 9 kHz – 30MHz

# Operation Mode: Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBµN/m	dBm /m	dBm	(H/V)	dBµN/m	dBµN/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 30MHz.
- 2. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 3. Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB)
- 4. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
- 5. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



# TEST RESULTS

# **Below 1 GHz**

# **Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBµN/m	dBm /m	dBm	(H/V)	dBµN/m	dBµN/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1 GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
- 3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



Model: LG-K420n

Page 41 of 54

# Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: CH Low(LE Mode)

Frequency	Reading	A.F.+CL-AMP G	ANT. POL	Total	Limit	Margin	Measurement
[MHz]	[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[H/V]	[dBuV/m]	[dBuV/m]	[dB]	Туре
4804	48.66	-2.96	V	45.70	73.98	28.28	PK
4804	36.13	-2.96	V	33.17	53.98	20.81	AV
7206	45.97	6.88	V	52.85	73.98	21.13	PK
7206	32.80	6.88	V	39.68	53.98	14.30	AV
4804	48.76	-2.96	Н	45.8	73.98	28.18	PK
4804	36.20	-2.96	Н	33.24	53.98	20.74	AV
7206	46.27	6.88	Н	53.15	73.98	20.83	PK
7206	33.06	6.88	Н	39.94	53.98	14.04	AV

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. The Reading values are already added value of the duty cycle factor.
- 5. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amp Gain
- 6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



Frequency	Reading	A.F.+CL-AMP G	ANT. POL	Total	Limit	Margin	Measurement
[MHz]	[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[H/V]	[dBuV/m]	[dBuV/m]	[dB]	Туре
4882	49.50	-2.60	V	46.9	73.98	27.08	PK
4882	36.82	-2.60	V	34.22	53.98	19.76	AV
7323	45.67	6.11	V	51.78	73.98	22.20	PK
7323	32.97	6.11	V	39.08	53.98	14.90	AV
4882	49.55	-2.60	Н	46.95	73.98	27.03	PK
4882	36.89	-2.60	Н	34.29	53.98	19.69	AV
7323	45.73	6.11	Н	51.84	73.98	22.14	PK
7323	33.03	6.11	Н	39.14	53.98	14.84	AV

# Operation Mode: CH Mid(LE Mode)

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. The Reading values are already added value of the duty cycle factor.
- 5. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amp Gain
- 6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



Model: LG-K420n

Page 43 of 54

Frequency	Reading	A.F.+CL-AMP G	ANT. POL	Total	Limit	Margin	Measurement
[MHz]	[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[H/V]	[dBuV/m]	[dBuV/m]	[dB]	Туре
4960	49.03	-2.53	V	46.50	73.98	27.48	PK
4960	36.39	-2.53	V	33.86	53.98	20.12	AV
7440	45.53	5.73	V	51.26	73.98	22.72	PK
7440	32.03	5.73	V	37.76	53.98	16.22	AV
4960	49.11	-2.53	Н	46.58	73.98	27.40	PK
4960	36.49	-2.53	Н	33.96	53.98	20.02	AV
7440	45.63	5.73	Н	51.36	73.98	22.62	PK
7440	33.10	5.73	Н	38.83	53.98	15.15	AV

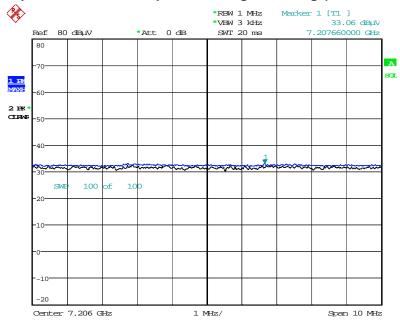
# Operation Mode: CH High(LE Mode)

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- 4. The Reading values are already added value of the duty cycle factor.
- 5. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amp Gain
- 6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

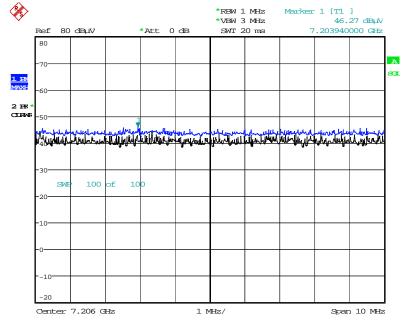


#### RESULT PLOTS

# Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (LE, Ch. Low 3rd Harmonic)



Date: 16.DEC.2015 06:02:45



# Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (LE, Ch. Low 3rd Harmonic)

#### Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Spurious Emissions.

Date: 16.DEC.2015 06:03:11



# 8.6.2 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

## Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d) §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (See section 15.205(c)).

Operation Mode	BT_LE
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz
Channel No	0 Ch

Frequency	Reading	A.F.+CL	Ant. Pol.	Total	Limit		Measurement
[MHz]	[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[H/V]	[dBuV/m]	[dBuV/m]	[dB]	Туре
2390.0	27.02	31.31	Н	58.33	73.98	15.65	PK
2390.0	16.24	31.31	Н	47.55	53.98	6.43	AV
2390.0	27.10	31.31	V	58.41	73.98	15.57	PK
2390.0	16.31	31.31	V	47.62	53.98	6.36	AV

- 1. Frequency range of measurement = 2310 MHz ~ 2390 MHz
- 2. The Reading values are already added value of the duty cycle factor.
- 3. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 5. The radiated restricted band edge measurements are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is transmitting.



BT_LE
2480 MHz
39 Ch
2

Frequency [MHz]	Reading	A.F.+CL	Ant. Pol.	Total	Limit [dBuV/m]	U U	Measurement Type
	[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[H/V]	[dBuV/m]	[ubu v/m]	[dB]	турс
2483.5	27.34	31.37	Н	58.71	73.98	15.27	PK
2483.5	16.64	31.37	Н	48.01	53.98	5.97	AV
2483.5	28.66	31.37	V	60.03	73.98	13.95	PK
2483.5	16.69	31.37	V	48.06	53.98	5.92	AV

- 1. Frequency range of measurement = 2483.5 MHz ~ 2500 MHz
- 2. The Reading values are already added value of the duty cycle factor.
- 3. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
- 5. The radiated restricted band edge measurements are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is transmitting.



# RESULT PLOTS

# Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Average Reading (LE, High Ch.)

lent Spectrum Analyzer -Swept SA 21 PN Dec 23, 2015 #Avg Type: Pwr(RMS) Avg|Hold: 100/100 Frequency TRACE 1 TYPE A DET A Start Freq 2.483500000 GHz Trig: Free Run #Atten: 0 dB PNO: Fast +++ IFGain:High Auto Tune Mkr1 2.484 919 0 GHz 16.691 dBµV Ref 86.99 dBµV 10 dB/div **Center Freq** 2.491750000 GHz Start Freq 2.483500000 GHz Stop Freq 2.50000000 GHz CF Step 1.650000 MHz Auto Man ▲ Freq Offset 0 Hz Start 2.483500 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz Stop 2.500000 GHz Sweep 1.00 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 3.0 MHz\* 

# Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading (LE, High Ch.)

LXI	rum Analyzer - Swe RF 50 ລ q 2.483500	AC 0000 GHz	NO: Fast 🕞	Trig: Free		#Avg Typ Avg Hold:	ALIGNAUTO e: Pwr(RMS) >100/100	TRAC	MDec 23, 2015 E 1 2 3 4 5 6 E M <del>WWWWW</del>	Frequency
10 dB/div	Ref 86.99 c		Gain:High	#Atten: 0	dB		Mkr1 2.	485 942		Auto Tune
77.0										<b>Center Freq</b> 2.491750000 GHz
67.0 57.0										Start Freq 2.483500000 GHz
47.0 37.0										<b>Stop Fred</b> 2.500000000 GHz
27.0 <mark>стражу</mark>	whethyocholymetrik	atel, and sharely	Haden Talland Marada	นารส <sup>ะ</sup> ปฏ <sup>ุ</sup> กประกับไป	WWWWWWW	Arow towards.	al at an and an	IJŢŦŦŢŢĹĸŔĸŦĸIJ	addin fan dae ar fan i	CF Step 1.650000 MH Auto Mar
6.99										Freq Offset 0 Hz
-3.01 Start 2.48 #Res BW	3500 GHz		#\(B)A	3.0 MHz			Streen	top 2.500	)000 GHz 1001 pts)	
	<pre>Screen_0006.p</pre>	png> saved		-3.0 WHZ			Sweep Status		roo i pisj	

Note : Only the worst case plots for Radiated Restricted Band Edges.



# 8.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

# Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

	Limits	(dBµV)
Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

# **Test Configuration**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

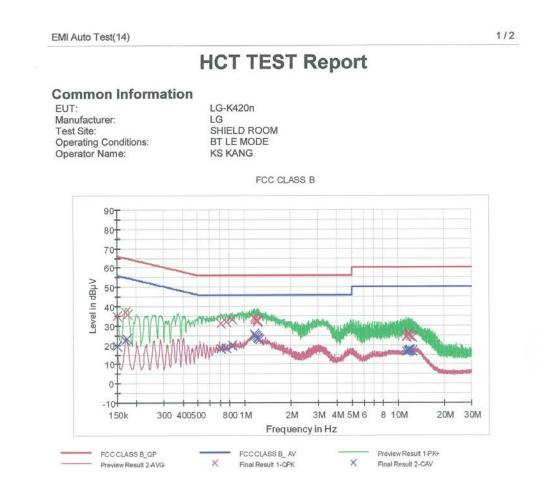
- 1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
- 2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
- 3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
- 4. Detectors Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

# Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor



# RESULT PLOTSConducted Emissions (Line 1)



#### **Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	34.9	9.000	Off	N	9.6	31.1	66.0
0.170000	37.1	9.000	Off	N	9.6	27.9	65.0
0.176000	35.7	9.000	Off	N	9.6	29.0	64.7
0.706000	31.2	9.000	Off	N	9.7	24.8	56.0
0.770000	32.1	9.000	Off	N	9.7	23.9	56.0
0.840000	33.3	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.7	56.0
1.162000	34.0	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.0	56.0
1.172000	33.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.6	56.0
1.208000	32.9	9.000	Off	N	9.7	23.1	56.0
1.212000	31.9	9.000	Off	N	9.7	24.1	56.0
1.216000	33.0	9.000	Off	N	9.7	23.0	56.0
1.236000	32.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	23.6	56.0
11.316000	24.2	9.000	Off	N	10.0	35.8	60.0
11.336000	24.3	9.000	Off	N	10.0	35.7	60.0
11.554000	25.3	9.000	Off	N	10.0	34.7	60.0
11.746000	26.1	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.9	60.0

12/18/2015

10:39:48



2/2

#### EMI Auto Test(14)

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
11.984000	24.6	9.000	Off	N	10.0	35.4	60.0
12.390000	24.0	9.000	Off	N	10.0	36.0	60.0

#### Final Result 2

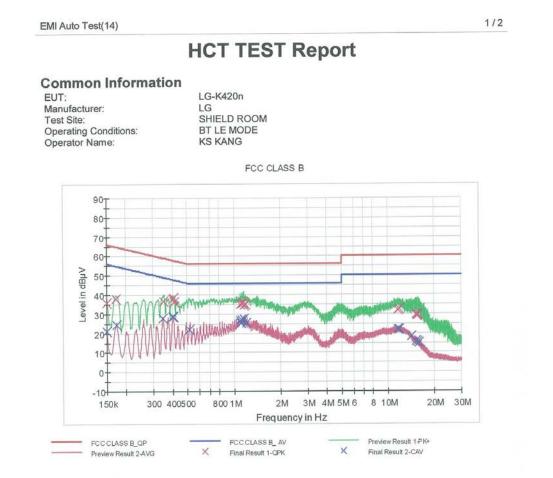
Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	19.3	9.000	Off	N	9.6	36.7	56.0
0.170000	22.4	9.000	Off	N	9.6	32.6	55.0
0.174000	23.2	9.000	Off	N	9.6	31.6	54.8
0.706000	18.2	9.000	Off	N	9.7	27.8	46.0
0.770000	18.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	27.6	46.0
0.840000	19.9	9.000	Off	N	9.7	26.1	46.0
1.162000	25.5	9.000	Off	N	9.7	20.5	46.0
1.172000	25.0	9.000	Off	N	9.7	21.0	46.0
1.208000	24.4	9.000	Off	N	9.7	21.6	46.0
1.212000	23.8	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.2	46.0
1.236000	23.3	9.000	Off	N	9.7	22.7	46.0
1.264000	22.6	9.000	Off	N	9.7	23.4	46.0
11.336000	16.5	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.5	50.0
11.554000	16.8	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.2	50.0
11.746000	17.0	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.0	50.0
11.866000	17.2	9.000	Off	N	10.0	32.8	50.0
11.958000	17.2	9.000	Off	N	10.0	32.8	50.0
12.390000	16.9	9.000	Off	N	10.0	33.1	50.0

12/18/2015

10:39:48



# **Conducted Emissions (Line 2)**



#### **Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	35.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	30.1	66.0
0.172000	38.0	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	26.9	64.9
0.352000	36.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	22.2	58.9
0.402000	37.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.1	57.8
0.406000	38.1	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.6	57.7
0.410000	36.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.4	57.6
1,102000	34.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.2	56.0
1.130000	35.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.4	56.0
1.148000	35.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.2	56.0
1.156000	36.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.8	56.0
1.164000	34.5	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.5	56.0
1.192000	34.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	21.1	56.0
11.622000	32.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.0	27.9	60.0
11.816000	32.3	9.000	Off	L1	10.0	27.7	60.0
15.266000	29.7	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	30.3	60.0
15.394000	29.3	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	30.7	60.0

12/18/2015

10:51:47



#### EMI Auto Test(14)

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
15.570000	29.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.2	30.9	60.0
15.694000	29.3	9.000	Off	L1	10.2	30.7	60.0

# **Final Result 2**

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	21.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	34.8	56.0
0.174000	24.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	30.2	54.8
0.348000	27.7	9.000	Off	L1	9.6	21.3	49.0
0,402000	28.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.2	47.8
0.406000	28.8	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.9	47.7
0.514000	21.9	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	24.1	46.0
1.102000	26.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	19.4	46.0
1.116000	25.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.7	46.0
1,130000	27.2	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.8	46.0
1.158000	27.6	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.4	46.0
1.162000	27.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	18.7	46.0
1.206000	25.3	9.000	Off	L1	9.7	20.7	46.0
11.622000	21.8	9.000	Off	L1	10.0	28.2	50.0
11.816000	22.0	9.000	Off	L1	10.0	28.0	50.0
14.180000	18.1	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	31.9	50.0
15.266000	15.8	9.000	Off	L1	10.1	34.2	50.0
15.570000	15.2	9.000	Off	L1	10.2	34.8	50.0
15.880000	14.8	9.000	Off	L1	10.2	35.2	50.0

2/2

12/18/2015

10:51:47



# 9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

# 9.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Conducted Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216/ LISN	01/13/2015	Annual	100073
Agilent	E4440A/ Spectrum Analyzer	03/18/2015	Annual	US45303008
Agilent	N9020A / SIGNAL ANALYZER	06/30/2015	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9020A / SIGNAL ANALYZER	07/02/2015	Annual	MY50510304
Agilent	N1911A/Power Meter	07/09/2015	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A /POWER SENSOR	07/09/2015	Annual	MY45241059
Agilent	87300B/Directional Coupler	11/30/2015	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	06/15/2015	Annual	5001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC POWER SUPPLY	03/11/2015	Annual	KR75303962
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/21/2015	Annual	07560



# 9.2 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Radiated Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160/ TRILOG Antenna	10/10/2014	Biennial	3368
HD	MA240/ Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	556
EMCO	1050/ Turn Table	N/A	N/A	114
HD GmbH	HD 100/ Controller	N/A	N/A	13
HD GmbH	KMS 560/ SlideBar	N/A	N/A	12
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	05/07/2015	Biennial	937
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	04/30/2015	Biennial	BBHA9170124
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	01/22/2015	Annual	839117/011
Wainwright Instrument	WHF3.0/18G-10EF / High Pass Filter	06/29/2015	Annual	8
Wainwright Instrument	WRCJ2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/14SS / Band Reject Filter	06/15/2015	Annual	1
Rohde & Schwarz	LOOP ANTENNA	09/03/2014	Biennial	1513-175
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / POWER AMP	07/27/2015	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / POWER AMP	07/21/2015	Annual	22965
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / POWER AMP	07/21/2015	Annual	22964