DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.29	1.87	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.49	1.42	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.27	5.27	5.27	0.49	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.66	1.28	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.58	1.41	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.71	1.34	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.53	1.42	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.57	1.36	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.54	1.50	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.56	1.51	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.69	1.33	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.80	1.08	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.80	1.09	± 12.0 %

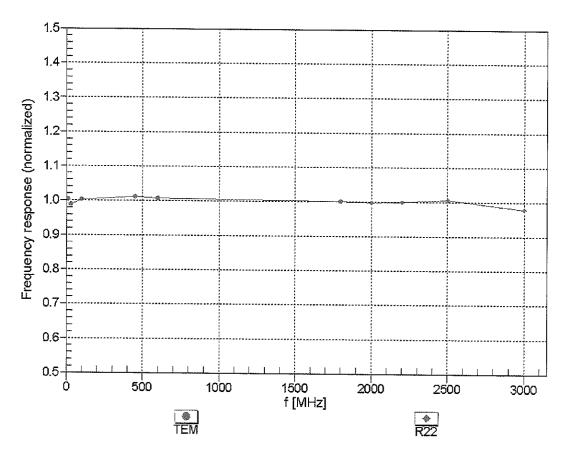
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

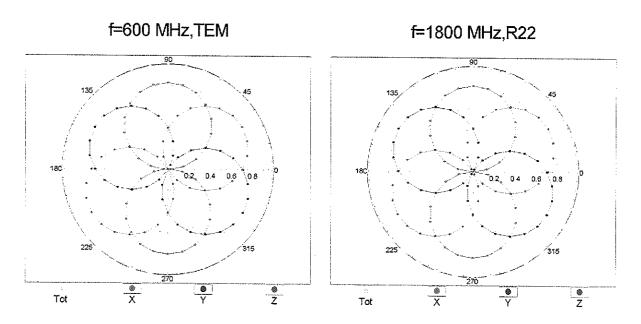
always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

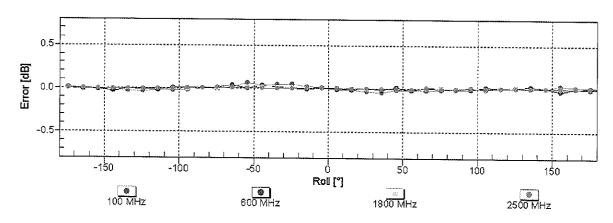
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

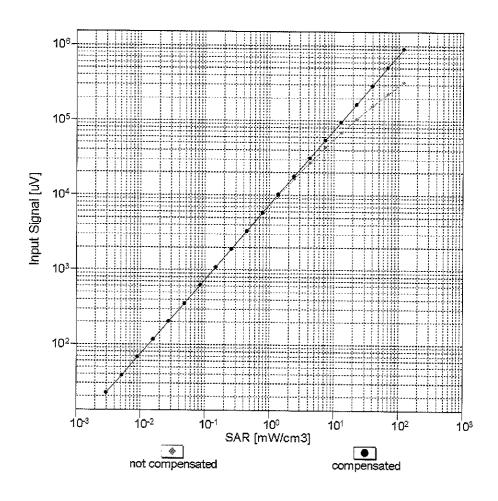
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

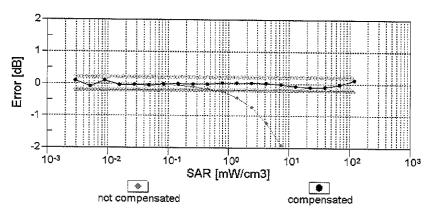




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

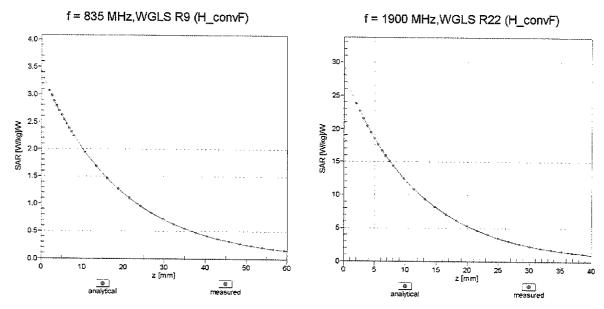
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





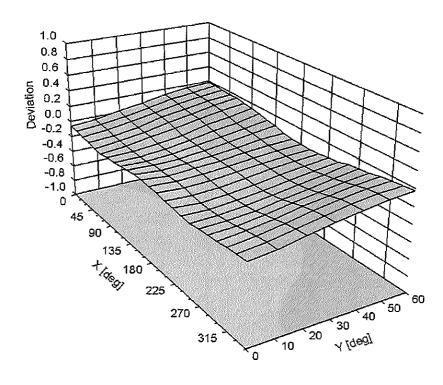
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

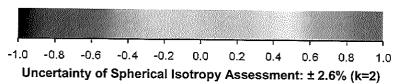
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3263

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	65.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3319_Mar15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID.	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN; S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Арг-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	, ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Function Name Laboratory Technician Israe Elnaouq Calibrated by: Technical Manager Katja Pokovic Approved by:

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Issued: March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Certificate No: ES3-3319_Mar15

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV3 - SN:3319 March 19, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3319

Manufactured: Calibrated:

January 10, 2012 March 19, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

March 19, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.12	1.08	1.15	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.4	106.0	104.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^Ŀ (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	176.1	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		192.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		174.6	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	3.26	64.8	13.4	10.00	41.7	±1.9 %
		Υ	2.66	62.2	11.7		39.5	
		Z	3.51	64.8	13.2		42.1	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.47	68.1	19.1	2.91	142.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.37	67.9	19.1		133.0	
		Z	3.57	68.7	19.4		138.6	. 0 7 0/
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.48	71.8	20.2	1.87	143.9	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.23	70.9	19.9		134.6	
		Z	3.68	72.8	20.6	0.10	140.5	.0.0.0/
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	11.18	70.5	23.1	9.46	143.4	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.98	70.5	23.2		129.9	
		Z	11.19	70.6	23.1		138.8	.4 7 0/
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.55	92.7	26.1	9.39	126.5	±1.7 %
		Υ	21.21	98.0	27.2		142.0	
		Z	19.50	96.1	27.0		125.4	.0.0.04
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	×	23.54	100.0	28.4	9.57	142.6	±2.2 %
		Y	23,24	99.9	28.0		137.4	
		Z	23.57	99.6	28.2	0.50	139.7	10.00
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	×	17.00	90.2	22.7	6.56	128.9	±2.2 %
		Υ	35.20	99.7	24.9		148.2	
		Z	33.12	99.6	25.4		123.8	14.0.0/
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	44.20	99.6	23.6	4.80	146.0	±1.9 %
		Y	49.99	99.9	23.0		136.6	
		Z	41.43	99.6	23.9		141.4	10.000
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	46.56	99.7	22.7	3.55	127.7	±2.2 %
		Y	58.11	99.8	21.9			
		Z	55.65	99.6	22.2	1.40	124.3	14 7 9/
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	34.25	99.4	21.1	1.16	140.3	±1.7 %
		Y	40.72	100.0	20.6		136.4	-
		Z	45.39	100.0	20.8	E 07		±4 / 0/
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	×	6.30	67.1	19.5	5.67	127.4	±1.4 %
		Y	6.58	68.4	20.3		149.0	
	}	Z	6.55	68.0	19.9		146.3	1

10103-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20	Х	10.47	75.6	25.8	9.29	146.6	±3.0 %
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	Υ	10.18	75.8	26.3		136.2	
		z	10.38	75.3	25.6		140.8	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	×	6.18	66.6	19.4	5.80	126.9	±1.4 %
ONO	WITE, GUOTY	Υ	6.40	67.8	20.1		147.0	
		Z	6.44	67.6	19.9		145.7	
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.24	69.0	21.3	8.07	142.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.25	69.2	21.5		136.7	
		Z	10.16	68.8	21.2		136.6	
	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	×	9.85	74.8	25.6	9.28	140.8	±3.0 %
		Υ	9.49	74.7	25.9		130.5	
		Z	9.90	74.8	25.6		136.8	14 4 0/
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.13	67.1	19.7	5.75	146.6	±1.4 %
		Y	6.11	67.4	19.9		142.3	
		Z	6.12	67.1	19.7	5.82	128.9	±1.4 %
10160- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.33	66.7	19.4	0.02	128.7	±1.4 /0
		Y	6.33	67.1	19.7		147.4	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z X	6.57 4.89	67.6 66.4	19.9 19.5	5.73	127.5	±1.2 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	4.99	67.5	20.2		149.3	
		Z	5.09	67.3	20.0		145.1	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.99	75.8	26.3	9.21	127.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.29	81.7	29.6		149.8	
		Z	8.04	75.8	26.3		123.6	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.08	67.3	20.0	5.72	149.3	±1.4 %
		Y	5.00	67.6	20.3		145.0	
		Z	5.09	67.3	20.0	<u> </u>	145.0	14.4.9/
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.08	67.3	20.0	5.72	148.5	±1.4 %
		Y	5.06	67.9	20.4	-	147.1 144.8	
		Z	5.11	67.4	20.0	0.40		+2.2.0/
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.89	68.7	21.2	8.10	134.6	±2.2 %
		Y	9.84	68.9	21.4		130.4	
10225-	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Z X	9.82 7.02	68.5 67.1	21.1 19.5	5.97	138.0	±1.4 %
CAB		Y	6.88	67.0	19.5		133.2	
		Z	7.01	67.1	19.5		134.6	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.01	75.9	26.4	9.21	128.0	±2.7 %
U, (D	¬, ¬, ¬	Y	9.39	82.1	29.9		149.7	
		Z	8.34	76.9	26.9		129.1	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.05	73.6	25.1	9.24	130.6	±3.0 %
		Y	8.76	73.7	25.5		123.6	1
		Z	9.10	73.6	25.1		127.8	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.81	74.7	25.6	9.30	139.3	±3.0 %
		Υ	9.50	74.8	25.9		130.7	
		Z	9.81	74.6	25.5		135.0	

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10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.49	67.1	18.9	3.96	140.1	±0.7 %
<u> </u>		Υ	4.46	67.2	19.0		137.6	
		Z	4.52	67.1	18.9		137.1	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.68	67.0	18.8	3.46	129.3	±0.7 %
7010		Υ	3.64	67.3	19.0		130.3	
		Z	3.84	67.9	19.2		148.6	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.64	67.2	18.8	3.39	131.8	±0.5 %
7010		Υ	3.60	67.4	19.1		128.2	
		Z	3.71	67.5	19.0		128.0	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.43	67.5	19.9	5.81	147.2	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.39	67.7	20.0		145.4	
		Z	6.42	67.5	19.8		143.2	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.73	67.1	19.7	6.06	129.7	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.75	67.5	19.9		130.8	
		Z	6.75	67.3	19.7		126.2	
10400- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.14	68.9	21.5	8.37	136.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.23	69.5	22.0		136.5	
		Z	10.13	68.9	21.5		132.8	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	4.97	69.2	19.3	3.76	143.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	4.87	69.3	19.4		141.0	
		Z	5.02	69.2	19.3		139.6	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.91	69.3	19.4	3.77	139.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.67	68.9	19.1		138.9	
		Z	4.89	69.1	19.3		137.1	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802,11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.93	70.1	19.6	1.54	137.8	±0.7 %
		Y	2.84	69.8	19.6		138.2	
		Z	3.04	70.8	19.9		134.2	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.94	68.7	21.3	8.23	134.6	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.00	69.1	21.7		134.1	
		Z	9.89	68.5	21.2		130.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

March 19, 2015

Certificate No: ES3-3319_Mar15

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.40	1.70	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.43	1.62	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.64	1.38	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.80	1.31	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

March 19, 2015

Certificate No: ES3-3319_Mar15

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.10	6.10	6.10	0.34	1.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.47	1.56	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.70	1.36	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.71	1.39	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.80	1.10	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.80	1.11	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

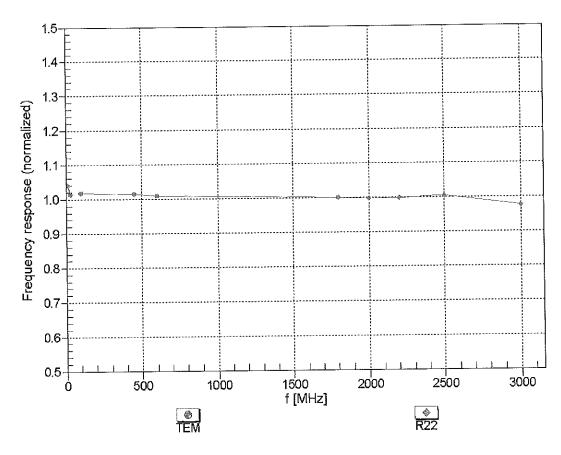
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

S Alpha/Depth are determined during colliberation.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3319_Mar15

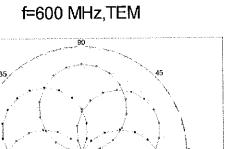
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



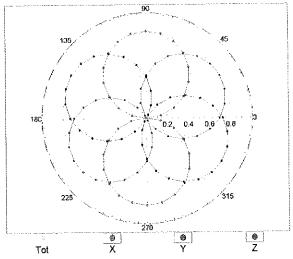
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

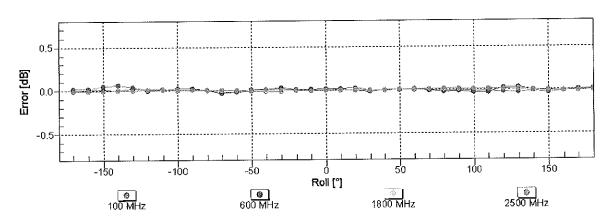
Tot

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



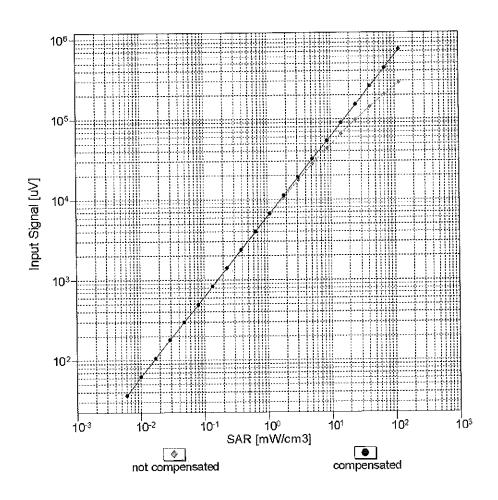
f=1800 MHz,R22

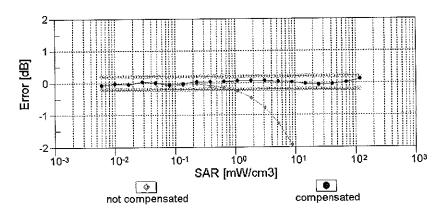




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

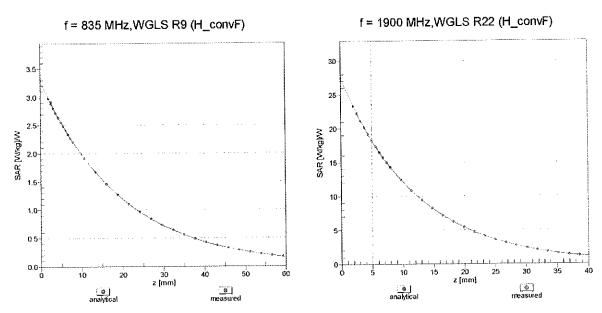




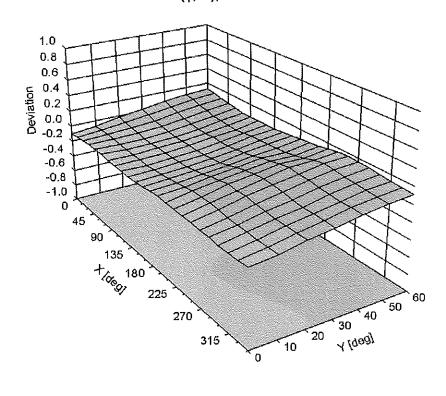
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

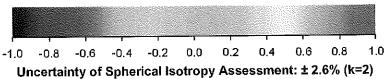
ES3DV3-- SN:3319 March 19, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





March 19, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3319

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-120.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schwelzerischer Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taretura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multitaleral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3333_Oct15

IDDAT	CI/ANI	CEDT		=
IDKAI		CERT	IFIÇATE	=

Object (ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: October 29, 2015

This calibration cartificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Catibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mer-16
Reference 20 dB Altenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-680_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	1D	Check Dale (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3842D01700	4-Aug-99 (In house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Natwork Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name Lelf Kly sner	Function Laboratory Technicish	Signature Sef They
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	R.M.

Issued: October 29, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3333_Oci15 Page 1 of 13

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdtenst S Service suisse d'étalonname C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

tissue simulating liquid T\$L NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z. ConvF

diode compression point DCP

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal CF modulation dependent linearization parameters A. B. C. D.

φ rotation around probe axis Polarization φ

8 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques*, June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx_{r}y_{r}z_{r}^{2}$ Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(I)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from \pm 50 MHz to \pm 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMX (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3333_Oct15 Page 2 of 13 ES3DV3 - SN:3333 October 29, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3333

Manufactured:

January 24, 2012

Calibrated:

October 29, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)²) ^A	1.07	0.90	0.88	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	106.8	108.5	106,8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A	В	С	D	VR	Unc
	0111		dB	dB√μV		dB	m۷	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	201.0	±3.5 %
	·	Υ	Û.D	0.0	1.0		187.1	
10510	0.18.4	Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.8	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	х	2.43	60.7	11.4	10.00	41.6	±2.2 %
		Y	4.35	67.4	13,2		35.6	
40044	LUITO ERR ONO	Z	1.46	57.0	8.7		36.2	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.35	67.9	19.1	2.91	138.2	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.48	68.6	19.2		127.5	
40040	1555 000 111 111510 1111	Z	3.37	67.6	18.6		149.0	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WIFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	×	3.60	72.8	20.8	1.87	141.0	±0.7 %
		<u> Y</u>	3.68	73.3	20.8		128.0	
40040		Z	3.01	69.3	18.8	_	128.2	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mops)	×	11.52	71.7	23.9	9.46	139.3	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.94	70.4	22.9		147.1	
		Z	10.95	70.8	23.4		144.5	
10 021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	Х	21.45	95.2	26.5	9.39	139,9	±2.5 %
		Υ	9.12	82.9	21,9		142.0	
		Z	11.47	88.1	23.9		127.6	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Х	20.81	95.6	27.0	9.57	135,8	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.78	84.4	22.7		135.3	
		Z	9.12	83.5	22.1		144.6	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	Х	39.84	99.6	25.2	6.56	140.9	±1.9 %
		Υ	35.07	100.0	25.0		128.4	
1227-		Z	35.20	99.8	24.7		131.9	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Х	47.16	99.8	23.9	4.80	124.9	±2.5 %
		Υ	49.75	99.6	22.8		145.4	
		Z	45.37	99.9	23.1		148.5	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	56.24	99.6	22.6	3.55	140.4	±2.7 %
		Y	56.95	99.7	21.9		129.1	
		Z	48.45	99.6	22.1		133.2	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	х	18.03	99.1	22.8	1.16	127.5	±1.9 %
	ļ	Y	35.17	99.6	20.7		141.1	
		Z	21.08	99.9	21.9		127.5	
10100- CAB	LTE-FOD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	×	6.36	67.6	19.8	5.67	137.5	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.29	67.4	19.6		129.9	
		Z	6.35	67.5	19.7		139.5	

10103- CAB	LTE-TOD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.85	76.6	26.4	9.29	130.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.58	73.7	24.8		143.0	
		Z	9.94	75.6	26.2	_	149.3	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.21	67.0	19.7	5.80	126.9	±1.2 %
	<u> </u>	Υ	6.16	66.9	19.5		129.2	
		Z	6.22	67.2	19.7		138.0	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.05	68.7	21.2	8.07	126.1	±2.5 %
	<u> </u>	ΙY	10.13	69.0	21.3		146.1	
10181		Z	9.97	68.7	21,1		126.2	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.11	75.5	26.0	9.28	125.8	±3.3 %
		Y	9.08	73.2	24.7	<u> </u>	138.2	
10154-	LTE EDD (CC EDMA FOR DD 40 MILE	Z	9.32	74.8	26.0		143.1	
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.97	66.8	19.6	5.75	133.4	±1.2 %
	-	Y	5.92	66.7	19.5		127.0	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z	5.91	66.7	19.5	Fon	134,2	±4 3 Å
ÇAB	QPSK)	X	6.40	67.3	19.9	5.82	137.8	±1.2 %
	 	Y	6.31	67.1	19.6		139.8	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.32	67.1	19.6	5 72		14.0.07
CAB	QPSK)	Х.	5.05	67.3	20.1	5.73	136.8 131.1	±1.2 %
	·	Z	4.89	67.0	19.9		137.4	
10172-	LTE-TOD (\$C-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	4.93 10.74	67.2	20.0	9.21	136.8	±2.7 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	7.34	83.9 74.3	30,3 25,5	9.21	125.9	12.7 70
		Z	7.74	76.6	27.1		131.2	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.97	66.9	19.9	5.72	130.8	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.66	66.9	19.8		128.5	
		Z	4.97	67.3	20.1		137.0	
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	×	4.99	67.0	19.9	5.72	130.1	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.88	67.0	19.9		127.6	
		Z	4.95	67.2	20.0		136,2	
10196- CAB	JEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.00	69.2	21.7	8.10	137.9	±2.2 %
		Υ.	9.75	68.7	21.2		137.5	
		Z	9.94	69.4	21.7		145.3	
10225- CAB	UMTS-FDD (H\$PA+)	х	7.08	67.5	19.8	5.97	147,1	±1.4 %
		Y	7.06	67.7	19.8		142.3	
40007	LTC TOD (OO COM), 4 DO 40 MI	Z	7.04	67.7	19.9		148.8	.6.6.01
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X.	10.66	83.5	30.1	9.21	144.0	±3.0 %
		Y	7.43	74.7	25.7		127.6	
10060	THE TOD (OC COMA SON DO AS LONG.	Z	7.86	77.1	27.4	0.04	132,3	10.0.0
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X .	10.81	78.7	27.9	9.24	139.7	±3.0 %
	+	Υ .	8.48	72.4	24.4		130.1	
10267-	LITE TOD (SC-EDMA 1009) DD 10	Z	8.71	74.1	25.8	D 30	135.2	73.3 M
CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	11,73	79,9	28.3	9.30	148.6	±3.3 %
	+	Y	9.11	73.2	24.8		139.0	
		Z	9.38	74.9	26.1		142.7	

ES3DV3-SN:3333 October 29, 2015

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Ref8.4)	X	4.52	67.6	19.3	3.96	144.5	±0.7 %
		Υ	4.67	68.3	19.6		146.0	
		Z	4.41	67.0	18.9		130.0	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.66	67.2	19.0	3.46	134.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.91	68.9	19.9		133.2	
		Z	3.86	66.5	19.6		146.9	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.63	67.5	19.1	3.39	134.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.93	69.3	20.0		136.0	
		Z	3.81	68.5	19.6		148.6	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% R8, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.20	67.1	19.7	5.81	129.0	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.20	67.0	19.6		128.0	
		Z	6.32	67.5	19.9		142.7	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.76	67.6	20.0	6.08	134.7	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.75	67.5	19.9		133.5	
		Z	6.90	68.1	20.3		149.2	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.30	69.7	22.1	8.37	140.1	±2.5 %
		Υ	10.05	69.0	21.5		141.2	
		Ζ	9.94	69.0	21.7		126.3	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.80	68.5	19.0	3.76	129.3	±0.5 %
		Υ	5.30	71.1	20.2		148,4	
		Z	5,10	70.4	19.9		135.2	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.77	68.8	19.2	3.77	127.3	±0.7 %
		Y	5.35	71.7	20.5		145.4	
		Z	5.03	70.6	20.1		133.3	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duly cycle)	×	2.77	69.7	19.7	1.54	147 .D	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.73	75.4	22.2		143.7	
		Z	3.25	72.2	20.7		133.9	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.11	69.4	21.8	8.23	144.7	±2.5 %
		Y	9.86	8.86	21.4		139.3	
		Z	9.72	66.6	21.3		126.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-liefd uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

E Uncertainties of Roma, r, 2 do not also the E-host of Romany and required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3333 October 29, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ⁶ (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.75	1.22	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.16	6.16	6,16	0.36	1.67	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.80	1.19	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03_	0.73	1.25	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.60	1.43	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.53	4.53	4.53	08.0	1.28	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.80	1.29	± 12.0 %

⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

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validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Fixed At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated larget tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Apha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV3- \$N:3333 October 29, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

			-		-			
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ⁶ (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	65.5	0.96	6,31	6.31	6.31	0.70	1.26	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.47	1.54	±12.0 %
1750	53.4	1,49	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.49	1.63	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.54	1.49	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.34	4.34	4,34	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.80	1.03	± 12.0 %

⁶ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

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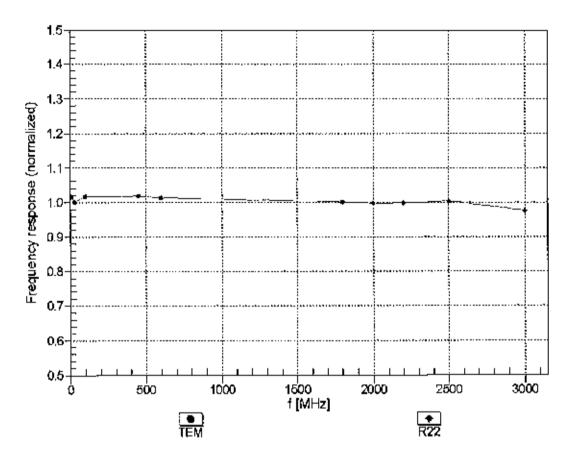
validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be released to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Copy Exprediciply for indicated terral tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated larget tissue parameters that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

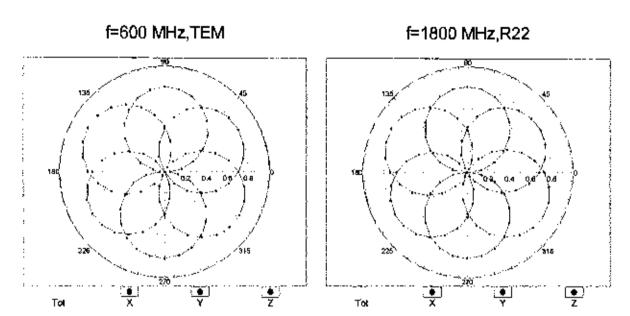
ES3DV3-SN:3333 October 29, 2015

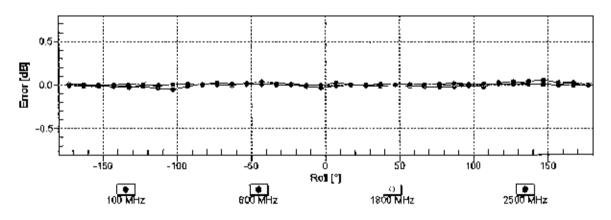
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

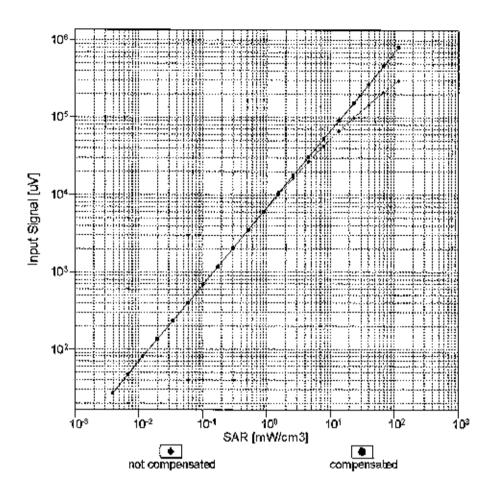
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

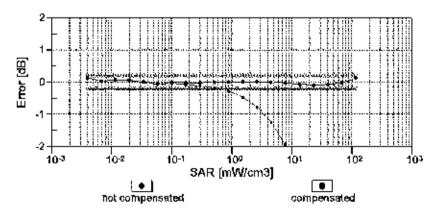




Uncertainty of Axial (sotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

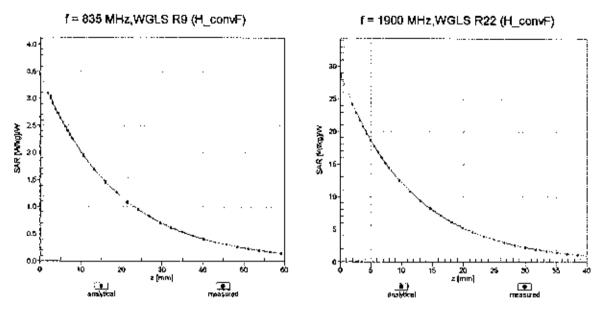
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



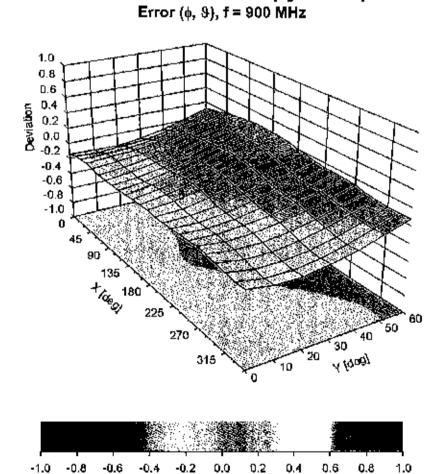


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

ES3DV3- SN:3333 October 29, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3333

Other Probe Parameters

Triangular
-32.8
enabled
disabled
337 mm
10 mm
10 mm
4 mm
2 mm
2 mm
2 mm
3 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 3004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3334 Nov1S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 SN:3334

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

11/57.4/12 1301

Calibration date:

November 17, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	G841293874	01-Apr-16 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-18
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: \$5054 (3a)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: \$5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	\$N; \$5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013 Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	al	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	U\$37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: November 17, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3334, Nov15 Page 1 of 13

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Katibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o protation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 8 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip
 (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Probe ES3DV3

SN:3334

Manufactured: Calibrated:

January 24, 2012 November 17, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

E\$3DV3-SN:3334

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Basic Calibration Parameters

	:	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$		1.03	1,03	0.99	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	****	107.6	105.3	107.9	-

Modulation Calibration Parameters

ÜID	Communication System Name		A	В	С	D	VR	Unç
			dB	dΒ√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	192.1	±2.7 %
	741	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.6	
40040		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0	:	183.3	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	х	2.27	60.1	10.2	10.00	38.6	±1.4 %
	****	Y	1.99	59.3	10.2	L	38.4	
40044		Z	5.38	67.8	12.9		37.2	•
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	x	3.40	68.0	18.9	2.91	131.7	±0.5 %
		¹ Y		67.0	18.2		130.2	77
40040		<u></u> z	3.41	68.3	19.1		148.5	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	2.93	68.9	18.7	1.87	132.9	±0.7 %
		Y	3.12	69.6	18.8	: '	130.2	
10015		Z	3.24	71.1	19.7		128.2	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.90	70.3	23.0	9.46	133.5	±3.3 %
		Y	10.53	69.0	22.1		124.6	
		Z	11.14	71.2	23.6		147.1	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.05	91.0	24.4	9.39	139.5	±1.9 %
•••	THE PARTY OF THE P	Y	10.1 1	85.5	23.3		131.9	
		Z	11.84	87.6	23.4		130.0	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	10.42	84.9	22.6	9.57	131.5	±3.0 %
		İΥ	13.29	89.7	24.6		141.1	
10001	7	Z	14.17	90.2	24.2		148.7	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	. х	11.26	83.1	19.4	6.56	140.7	±1.9 %
		Υ	26.29	95.5	23.8		134.7	
		_ Z	16.82	88.9	21.3		131.6	112
10027- DA B	GPRS-FOD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Х	64.74	99.9	22.2	4.80	131.5	±2.2 %
		Y	56.71	99.8	22.7	L.,	124.7	
		Ζ	63.10	99.9	22.2		124.1	
10028- DA B	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	62.11	99.6	21.6	3.55	146. 1	±1.9 %
		Υ	77.61	99.8	21.2		132.0	
10000	1777	Z	72.33	99.7	2 1.2		133.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Х	96.24	92.7	15.9	1.1 6	137.2	±1.7 %
·····		Υ	95.69	93.1	16.2		129.5	
1010		Z	98.67	94.1	16.4		149.7	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.14	66.8	19.2	5.67	126.2	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.21	66.8	19.1		139.9	
		Ζ	6.41	67.9	19.9		145.9	

10103-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB. 20							
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	10.07	75.4	25.8	9.29	138.2	±2.5 %
	:	Y	9.54	73.3	24.5	i "	130.5	<u> </u>
40400		Į Z	9.84	75,1	25.8		130.6	<u> </u>
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.34	67.6	19.8	5.80	149.5	±1.4 %
<u> </u>		jΥ	6.13	66.6	19.1	T	132.1	
10117		Z	6.19	67.2	19.7	i "	; 137.8	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps. BPSK)	X	10.13	68.9	21.2	8.07	138.8	±2.7 %
<u></u>	,	T _Y	10.16	68.9	21.1	 	149.6	·
4000		Ž	9,96	68.7	21,1		127.1	·
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz. QPSK)	X	9.42	74.4	25.5	9.28	132.9	±3.0 %
		<u>Y</u>	9.50	74.0	25.0	i	143.7	
10154-	TE EDD (OO EDLI)	Z	9.01	73.4	25.0	I	126.5	
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.03	67.1	19.6	5.75	145.5	±1.4 %
	···	<u> </u>	5.81	66.0	18.9	ļ	128.9	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	į Z	5,91	66.8	19.5	:	j. 135.1	L
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.19	66.5	19.2	5.82	126.7	±1.4 %
		ΥΥ	6.20	66.4	19.0	L <u></u>	132.8	! '
10169-	LTE SDD (SO CDM) 4 DD 00	Z	6.39	67.5	19.8		141.1	İ.
CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.05	67.6	20.0	5.73	! 146.8	±1.4 %
		ΙY	4.82	66.2	19.2		132.2	
10172-	LTE TOD (CO EDIA) + DO ASSI	Z	4.96	67.4	20.0	-	143.8	<u> </u>
CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.88	79.7	28.3	9.21	147.9	±3.0 %
 .	 	Y	8.00	76.1	26.2		138.9	
10175-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz.	_ <u>Z</u>	8.39	78.5	27,8	<u> </u>	141.5	L
CAC	QPSK)	X	4.99	67.3	19.9	5.72	140.7	±1.2 %
		Y	4.80	66.2	19.1		131.3	
10181-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	4.90	67.1	19.8	F 70	136.1	
CAB	. QPSK)	<u> </u>	4.99	67.3	19.9	5.72	145.4	±1.4 %
		Z	4,81	66.2	19.2	•	130.9	
10196-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps.	x	4.89	87.1	19.8		136.0	
CAB	BPSK)	Ŷ	9.78	68.8	21.3	8.10 	131.0	±2.5 %
		Z	9.73 9.94	68.4	21.0		140.7	
10225- " CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.88	69.4 66.9	21,6 19.3	5.97	146.6 133.9	±1.7 %
		Ϋ́	6.96	67.1	19.3		144.8	
~		z	6.71	66.6	19.3	·	125.7	
10237-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz,	X	9.00	80.2	28.5	9.21	148.2	±3.0 %
CAB	QPSK)	Y	7.73	75.1	25.7	.,	131.6	
		– <u>ž</u> ·†	8.27 j	78.2	27.7 j		136.1	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	×	9.59	76.3	26.7	9.24	144.1	±2.7 %
		Y	8.74	72.9	24.5		133.4	
		Z	9.14	75.2	26.1		136.9	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.25	73.9	25.3	9.30	124.8	~-
		Υ	9.40	73.7	24.9		142.1	
	'	Z	9.86	76.1	26.5		145.3	

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10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8,4)	Х	4.38	66.9	18.7	3.96	133.3	±0.9 %
		Υ	4.44	66.9	18.6		148.2	
		Z	4.30	66.7	18.6	-	128.9	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.68	67,3	18.7	3.46	145.8	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.58	66.6	18.2		136.3	
		Z	3.62	67.3	18.8		139.4	******
10292- C AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SQ32, Full Rate	X	3.73	68.0	19.1	3.39	147.5	±0.7 %
		Ϋ́	3.55	66.7	18.3		138.5	
		· Z	3.60	67.6	18.9		143.0	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	. X	6.30	67.4	19.7	5.81	141.4	±1,2 %
		: Y	6.11	66.5	19.1		130.3	
		Z	6.17	67.0	19.5		138.8	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.88	68.0	20.1	6.06	147.0	±1.7 %
		Y	6.68	67.1	19.5		136.0	
		Ζ	6.75	67.7	20.0	T	141.6	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.97	68.8	21.4	8.37	126.9	±2.7 %
		Υ	10.07	68.9	21.4		143.6	
		Z	10.21	69.7	22.0	İ	: 147,4	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.77	68.5	18.8	3.76	134.9	±0.5 %
		Y	4.69	68.1	18.5	:	126.7	
		İΖ	4.74	68.8	18.9		129.4	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.72	68.7	18.8	3.77	132.9	±0.7 %
		Y	4.78	68.9	18.9		147.4	
		Z	4.63	68.7	18.9		127.1	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	2.72	68.9	18.8	1.54	131.9	±0.5 %
		Υ	2.65	68.0	18.1		145,9	
		Z	2 .72	69.3	19.D		127.3	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.81	68.6	21.2	8.23	131.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.90	68.7	21.2		144.1	
		z	9.97	69.3	21.7		146.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 ^k The uncertainties of Norm X.Y,Z do not affect th≑ E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).
 ^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^c Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvFY	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ⁶ (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6	55.5	0.75	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
13	55.5	0.75	5.76	5.76	5.76	j 0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.24	2.36	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.37	1.70	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.58	1.32	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1,40	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.77	1.20	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.71	1.28	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.8 <u>0</u>	4,58	4.58	4.58	0.79	1.17	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measur=d SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ⁵ (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.74	1.22	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.24	6.24	6.24	0.31	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.50	1.57	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.50	1,58	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.74	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.74	1.20	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.29	4.29	4,29	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

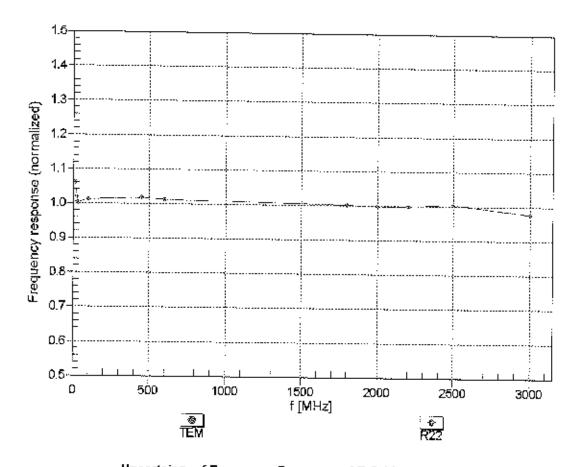
 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

⁶ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be retained to \pm 10% if figure compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters,

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters,

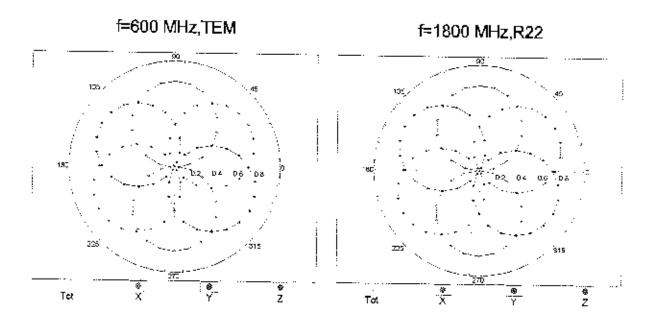
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

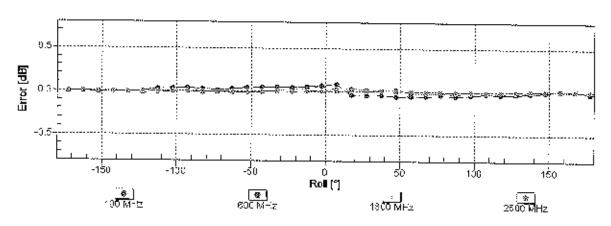
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

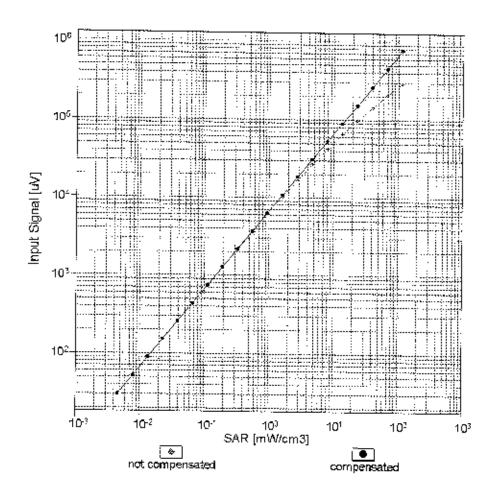
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

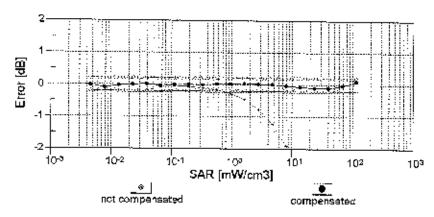




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

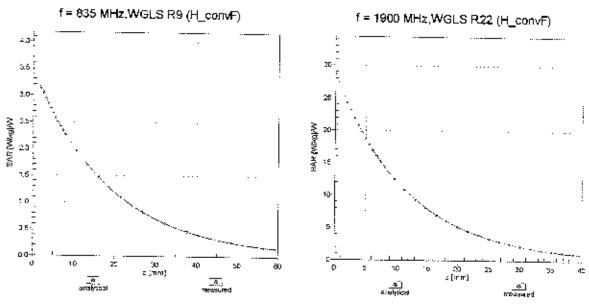
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



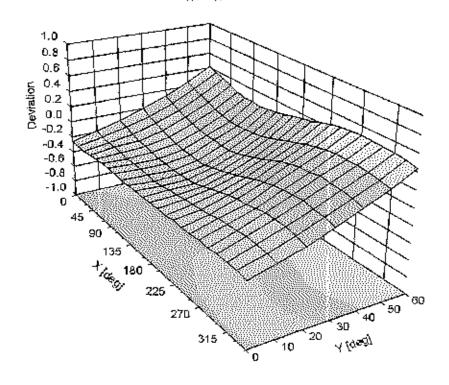


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



E\$3DV3-- \$N:3334

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3334

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

BN 15/15

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3351_Jun15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

June 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Маг-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15 (
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: June 22, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of

Certificate No: ES3-3351_Jun15

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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June 22, 2015 ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3351

Manufactured: May 22, 2012

Calibrated:

June 22, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

E\$3DV3- \$N:3351 June 22, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.99	1.17	1.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	113.6	105.2	104.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	188.8	±3.8 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		151.3	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	2.73	65.7	12.7	10.00	35.9	±1.2 %
		Υ	1.18	58.1	9.8		37.4	
		Z	2.44	61.9	12.5		42.0	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.43	68.2	18.9	2.91	148.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	3.14	66.5	18.1		114.3	
		Z	3.26	66.5	18.1		119.3	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	3.13	70.5	19.4	1.87	149.0	±0.5 %
10010		Y.	2.46	65.9	17.0		115.2	
		Z	3.02	68.7	18.5		120.9	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.59	69.9	22.6	9.46	139.1	±2.5 %
		Y	10.11	68.9	22.4		103.4	
		Z	10.74	69.4	22.4		114.3	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	×	4.33	75.1	18.5	9.39	125.5	±1.4 %
		Υ	5.13	77.6	20.0		144.5	
10000	ODDO FOR (TOUR ONOW THE)	Z	17.70	96.1	27.5		123.5	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	4.56	75.8	18.9	9.57	147.7	±2.2 %
		Y	5.75	78.8	20.2		140.4	
40004	ODDO EDD (TDMA OMOL(TN 0.4)	Z	18.60	97.9	28.5	0.50	117.3	
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	3.42	71.8	15.3	6.56	119.6	±1.4 %
		Y	14.95	90.8	22.0		132.7	
40007	ODDO FDD (TDLIA OLIO)(TV 0 4 0)	Z	29.34	98.9	25.6		106.6	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	28.96	99.9	23.5	4.80	135.7	±1.9 %
	<u> </u>	Y	55.26	99.9	21.9	ļ <u> </u>	107.5	
10000	ODDO FDD /TDMA OMOK THIO 4 0 0)	Z	35.15	99.9	24.6	0.55	120.0	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	36.32	96.2	20.3	3.55	147.5	±1.9 %
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y	73.22	99.9	20.7		117.0	
40000	LEEF 200 ds 4 Physically (OFOIX EVEN	Z	52.78	99.6	22.4	4 4 =	128.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	31.23	99.5	20.1	1.16	122.8	±1.4 %
		Y	0.74	62.4	7.0	ļ <u> </u>	135.2	
40400	1 TE EDD (00 ED) (4 100) DE 100	Z	56.68	99.6	20.2		141.5	<u></u>
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.01	66.4	18.9	5.67	112.7	±1.2 %
	<u>.</u>	Y	6.14	66.9	19.3		124.6	
		Z	6.37	67.2	19.4		129.3	

Certificate No: ES3-3351_Jun15

10103-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20		-,	- ,				June 22, 20
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	8.50	71.4	23.6	9.29	137.9	±2.7 %
		<u> </u>	8.12	70.6	23.6		105.2	
10108-	LTE EDD (SC EDMA 4000) ED 40	Z	9.68	73.4	24.7		118.6	
CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.88	66.0	18.8	5.80	111.2	±1.2 %
		Y	5.99	66.5	19.2		122.8	
10117-	IEEE 000 44- (UTAE	<u>Z</u>	6.28	66.9	19.4		128.7	
CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.19	69.3	21.2	8.07	149.1	±2.2 %
	· 	Y	9.73	68.2	20.9		111.5	
10151-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,		9.97	68.3	20.8		117.7	
CAB	QPSK)	X	8.07	71.0	23.5	9.28	132.7	±2.5 %
		Y	8.82	74.2	25.9		147.0	
10154-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz,	Z	9.11	72.5	24.4		115.3	
CAC	QPSK)	X	5.55	65.4	18.6	5.75	107.9	±0.9 %
		Y	5.67	66.0	19.0	ļ	120.3	
10160-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz,	Z X	5.96	66.3	19.1	<u> </u>	126.2	
CAB	QPSK)	_	5.96	65.9	18.7	5.82	111.9	±1.2 %
		Y	6.12	66.6	19.3	<u> </u>	125.0	
10169-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	Z	6.38	66.8	19.3	 	131.2	
CAB	QPSK)	X	4.68	66.6	19.4	5.73	130.7	±0.9 %
		Z	4.81	67.2	20.0	<u> </u>	144.7	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.74 6.59	65.5 73.2	18.9 25.1	9.21	109.9 143.9	±2.5 %
		Y	6.42	72.7	25.3	 	113.3	
		Z	7.92	75.5	26.2	 	127.2	
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.68	66.5	19.4	5.72	128.6	±0.9 %
		Υ	4.80	67.2	20.0		144.2	
10101		Z	4.73	65.5	18.9		109.1	
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	4.71	66.7	19.5	5.72	128.9	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.78	67.1	19.9		143.9	
10196-	IEEE 000 44. (UE NO.	Z	5.12	67.3	19.9		149.9	
CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.72	68.8	21.1	8.10	138.3	±1.9 %
		Υ	9.32	67.9	20.9		105.9	
10225-	LIMTS EDD (LICEA.)	Z	9.58	67.8	20.6		111.2	
CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	6.60	66.5	18.9	5.97	117.6	±1.2 %
		Y	6.69	66.9	19.3		132.0	
10237-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz,	_Z	7.08	67.2	19.5		139.9	
CAB	QPSK)	X	6.57	73.1	25.0	9.21	144.5	±2.2 %
	 	Y	6.59	73.6	25.8		114.3	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Z X	8.03 7.44	76.0 70.0	26.4 23.2	9.24	127.7 122.9	±2.5 %
<u>-, 'D</u>	Si Oiti	,		 _				
		Y 7	8.16	73.3	25.5		138.8	
0267-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10	Z	8.43	71.6	24.1		108.3	
CAB	MHz, QPSK)	X	8.01	70.7	23.4	9.30	130.5	±2.7 %
		Y	8.86	74.4	26.1		146.7	
	<u> </u>	<u>Z</u>	9.12	72.6	24.5		114.0	

June 22, 2015 ES3DV3-SN:3351

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.49	67.5	18.8	3.96	146.9	±0.7 %
•		Y_	4.13	65.9	18.1		117.5	
		Z	4.36	66.2	18.2		121.1	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.66	67.7	18.9	3.46	133.9	±0.5 %
		Y	3.37	66.1	18.1		109.3	
		Z	3.54	66.0	18.0		112.1	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.55	67.5	18.7	3.39	136.7	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.35	66.4	18.2		110.1	
		Z	3.44	65.7	17.9		112.9	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.86	65.9	18.8	5.81	109.3	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.00	66.5	19.3		122.6	
	-	Z	6.23	66.7	19.3		126.8	
103 1 1- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.42	66.5	19.1	6.06	114.1	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.60	67.2	19.7		127.9	
		Z	6.85	67.4	19.7		132.6	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.03	69.2	21.5	8.37	141.2	±1.9 %
		Υ	9.51	68.0	21.1		106.9	
		Z	9.90	68.2	21.1		114.0	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	5.00	70.6	19.6	3.76	146.5	±0.5 %
		Υ	4.32	67.9	18.3		115.0	
		Z	4.63	67.5	18.3		121.9	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.99	71.0	19.8	3.77	143.8	±0.5 %
		Y	4.37	68.5	18.7		113.5	
		Z	4.56	67.5	18.2		120.2	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	3.07	71.2	19.9	1.54	145.7	±0.5 %
		Y	2.43	66.6	17.4		116.6	
		Z	2.59	67.1	17.8		124.3	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	9.84	69.0	21.3	8.23	139.6	±1.9 %
		Υ	9.37	67.9	21.0		106.5	
		Z	9.84	68.4	21.1		117.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3351 June 22, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.31	1.96	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.21	2.59	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.55	1.35	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.54_	1.42	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.69	1.31	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.46	4.46_	4.46	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.35	4.35	4.35 _	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV3- SN:3351 June 22, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.29_	1.98	± 12.0 %
835	55,2	0.97	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.77	1.20	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.68	1.30	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.61	1.46	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.30	4.30	4.30 _	0.80	1,16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

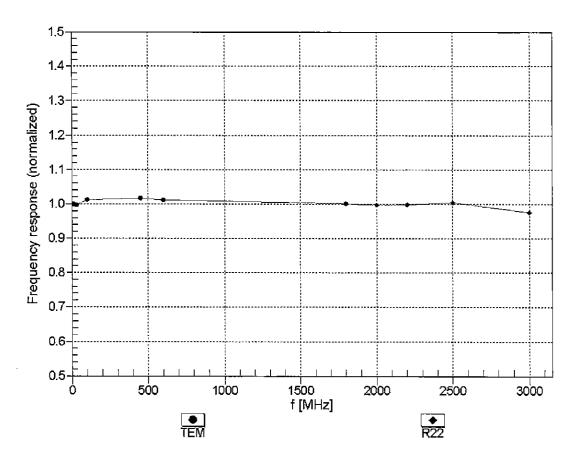
Certificate No: ES3-3351_Jun15

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CopyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

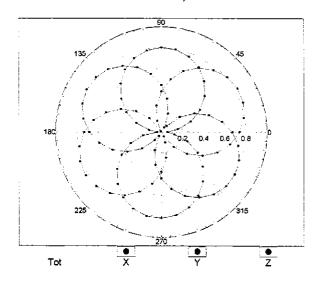


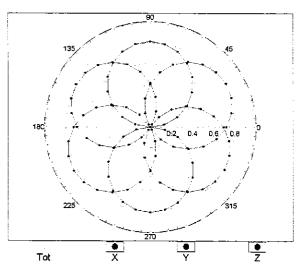
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

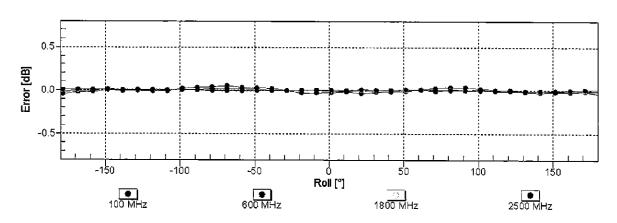
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

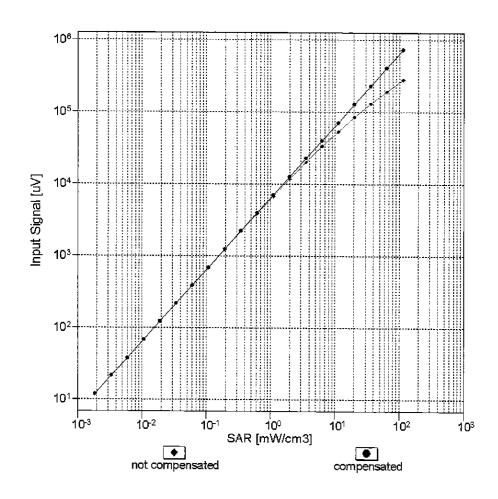


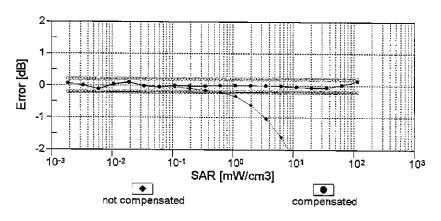




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

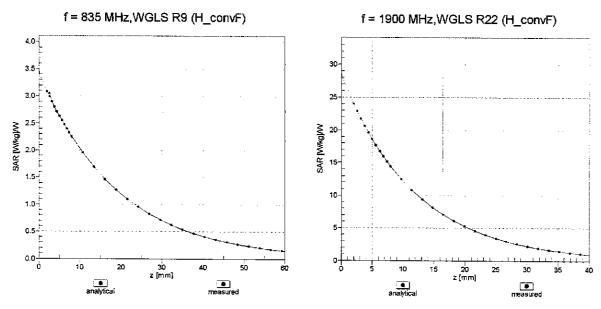
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





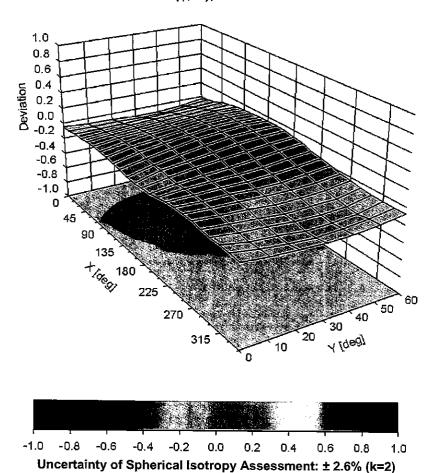
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



ES3DV3-SN:3351

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3351

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	21.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: EX3-7308_Jul15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7308

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

July 21, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Function Signature Name Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Certificate No: EX3-7308_Jul15

Technical Manager Katja Pokovic

Issued: July 22, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Page 1 of 12

Calibration Laboratory of

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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

Certificate No: EX3-7308_Jul15

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

 Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

• ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz

• Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

 Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

• Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

July 21, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7308

Manufactured: March 11, 2014 July 21, 2015

Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

July 21, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7308

Basic Calibration Parameters

Dusio Guillottation i ara	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.50	0.60	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.7	98.5	103.0	

UID	ion Calibration Parameters Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc ^E
			dΒ	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	157.9	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		152.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.1	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	1.57	63.2	12.0	10.00	44.9	±0.9 %
		Υ	4.80	74.9	16.5		43.8	
		Z	0.93	58.1	8.8		41.8	
10062- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.36	69.2	21.9	8.68	145.4	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.44	69.2	21.9		144.1	
		Z	9.89	68.5	21.5		130.2	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.03	68.2	20.8	8.07	127.1	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.43	69.2	21.4		148.2	
		Z	10.05	68.6	21.1		138.2	
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.03	68.9	21.4	8.10	146.1	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.09	68.9	21.4		143.5	
		Z	9.59	68.3	21.1		131.0	
10317- AAB	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	Х	10.17	69.0	21.6	8.36	144.5	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.23	69.0	21.6		141.8	
		Z	9.72	68.4	21.3		130.2	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.28	69.1	21.6	8.37	144.6	±3.3 %
		Y	10.32	69.1	21.6		142.0	
		Z	9.81	68.5	21.3		129.4	
10401- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.70	68.8	21.5	8.60	129.8	±3.0 %
,		Y	10.55	68.4	21.2		123.2	
		Z	10.64	69.1	21.6		140.3	
10402- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.84	69.0	21.4	8.53	130.1	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.57	68.4	21.0		123.5	
		Z	10.91	69.6	21.7		142.7	

July 21, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:7308

10417- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.10	68.9	21.5	8.23	145.0	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.15	68.9	21.5		142.0	
		Z	9.64	68.3	21.1		130.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 6 and 7).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

July 21, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7308

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
5250	35.9	4.71	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

July 21, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7308

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
5250	48.9	5.36	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.40	1,90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.50	1,90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

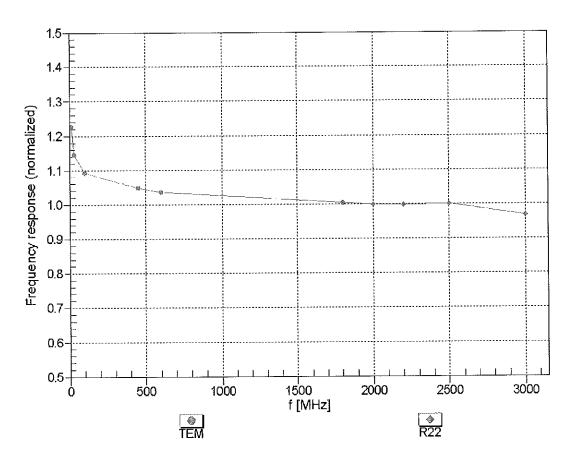
validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



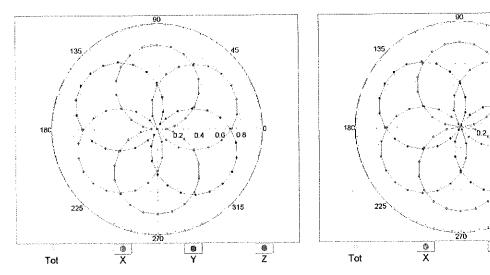
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

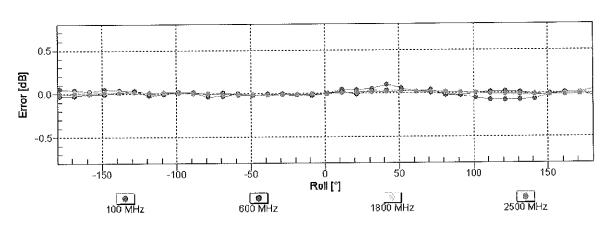
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

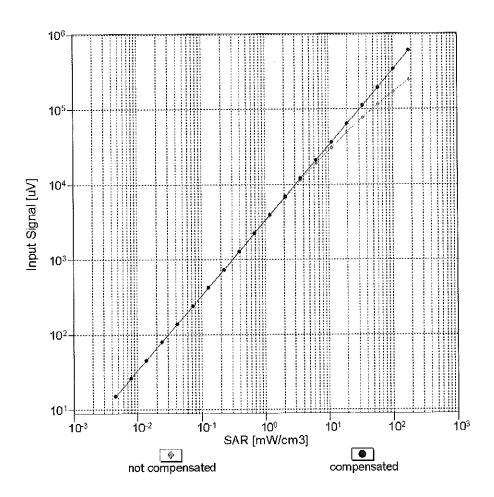


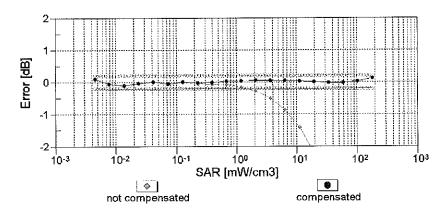


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

July 21, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

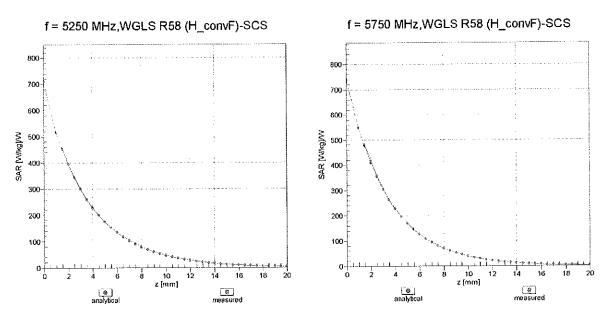




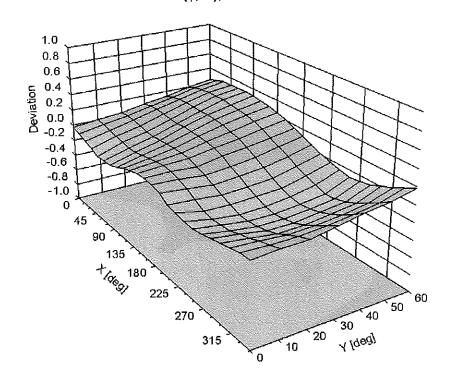
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

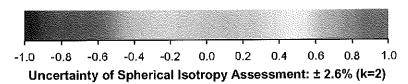
EX3DV4-- SN:7308 July 21, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





July 21, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7308

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	111.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: EX3-7357 Apr15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7357

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

05/05/15

Calibration date:

April 23, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: April 23, 2015

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Certificate No: EX3-7357_Apr15

Page 1 of 12

Calibration Laboratory of

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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:7357

Calibrated:

Manufactured: February 5, 2015 April 23, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4-SN:7357

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7357

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.49	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	103.9	96.9	101.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊏] (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	146.9	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		157.7	***************************************
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		138.2	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	0.83	57.1	8.0	10.00	45.6	±0.7 %
		Υ	1.12	59.0	9.6		45.6	
		Z	0.93	58.4	8.9		43.4	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	3.61	73.9	21.5	1.87	133.3	±0.9 %
		Υ	2.64	66.3	17.3		127.2	
	*nemmonsus-s	Z	3.06	70.4	19.9		149.2	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.42	68.9	22.1	9.46	142.7	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.68	69.5	22.6		140.9	
1005-		Z	10.33	68.6	21.9		134.3	
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	0.06	0.0	100.0	1.16	149.4	±3.5 %
		Υ	0.26	57.7	4.5		143.7	
		Z	0.05	0.6	100.0		143.3	
10062- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	10.19	68.8	21.5	8.68	144.0	±3.5 %
		Y	10.40	69.2	21.8		145.6	
		Z	10.11	68.5	21.4		138.3	
10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.21	67.1	21.4	9.29	132.3	±1.9 %
		Υ	7.94	69.4	22.8		136.4	
		Z	7.15	66.8	21.3		145.0	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.10	68.5	20.9	8.07	131.3	±2.5 %
		Y	10.12	68.3	20.8		128.9	
		Z	9.95	68.0	20.6		124.4	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.97	67.1	21.5	9.28	148.9	±1.9 %
		Y	7.50	68.7	22.5		130.8	
40470		<u>Z</u>	6.89	66.6	21.3		141.8	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	×	5.57	68.9	22.9	9.21	141.8	±1.9 %
····		Y	5.84	69.6	23.4	ļ	139.9	
40400	1555 000 44 (157.11	Z	5.43	68.1	22.5	<u> </u>	134.4	
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	×	9.69	68.2	20.8	8.10	124.8	±3.3 %
····	700000000000000000000000000000000000000	Y	10.09	69.0	21.4		148.5	_
1005=		Z	9.90	68.6	21.1		143.9	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.57	69.0	22.9	9.21	140.3	±1.9 %
		Y	5.85	69.6	23.4		141.2	
		Z	5.43	68.0	22.4		133.8	

Certificate No: EX3-7357_Apr15

EX3DV4-SN:7357 April 23, 2015

10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.62	67.0	21.6	9.24	143.6	±2.2 %
		Υ	7.21	68.9	22.9		144.8	
		Z	6.54	66.4	21.3		137.3	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	7.00	67.1	21.6	9.30	149.1	±1.9 %
		Υ	7.52	68.7	22.6		128.6	
		Z	6.91	66.6	21.3		142.7	
10317- AAB	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	Х	9.81	68.2	21.0	8.36	123.5	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.26	69.1	21.6		148.1	
**************************************		Z	10.06	68.7	21.3		144.2	
10400- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	9.88	68.2	21.0	8.37	123.6	±2.7 %
************		Υ	9.94	68.1	21.0		124.7	
		Z	10.15	68.8	21.3	***********	144.7	
10401- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.61	68.7	21.2	8.60	132.4	±3.0 %
		Υ	10.82	69.0	21.5		134.7	
		Z	10.54	68.4	21.1		126.8	
10402- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.66	68.6	21.1	8.53	133.5	±3.0 %
		Υ	11.03	69.4	21.5		136.6	
		Z	10.56	68.3	20.9		126.5	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.15	76.8	22.5	1.54	130.0	±0.9 %
		Υ	2.63	66.8	17.4		129.6	
		Z	3.25	72.3	20.7		147.1	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	9.99	68.7	21.2	8.23	146.6	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.19	69.0	21.5		149.3	
		Z	9.96	68.6	21.2		141.2	
10417- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.02	68.8	21.3	8.23	148.2	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.78	68.0	20.9		124.2	
		Z	9.96	68.6	21.2		142.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 6 and 7).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7357

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7357

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.26	0.99	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.28	0.99	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.83	3.83	3.83	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.82	3.82	3.82	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

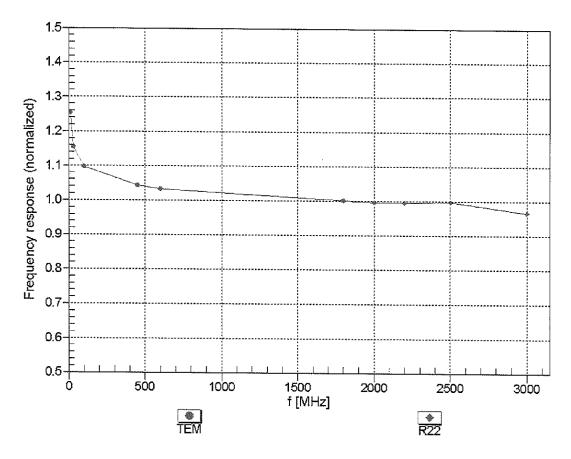
validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

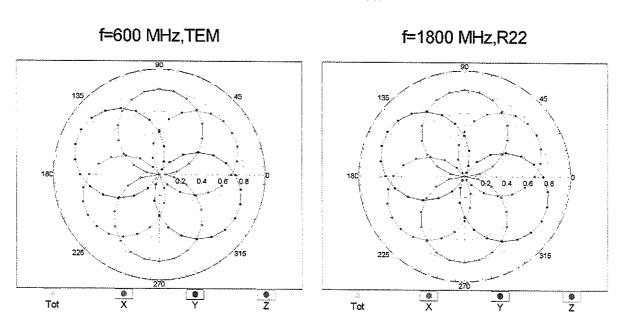
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

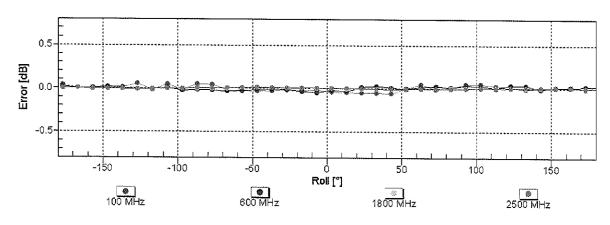


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:7357 April 23, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

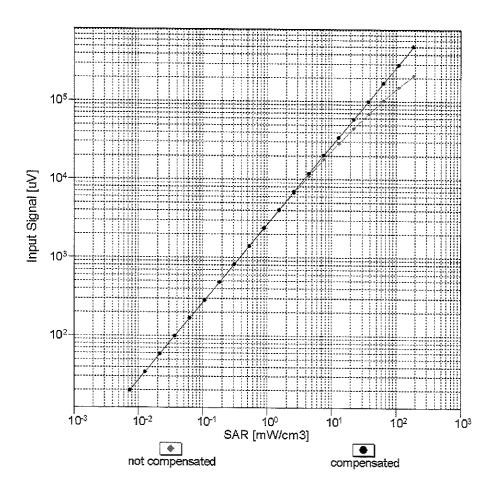


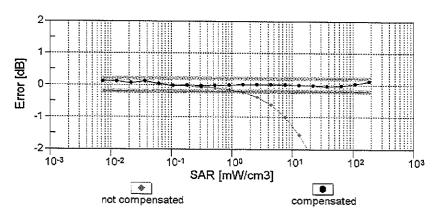


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

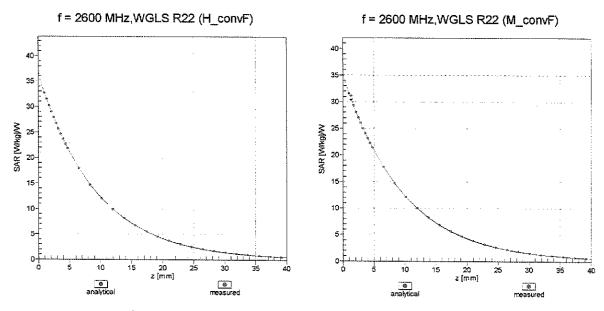
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





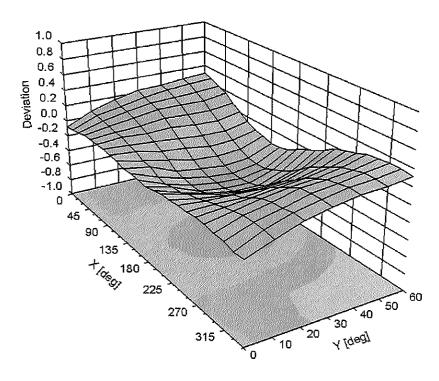
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

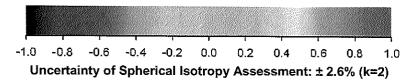
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7357

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	13.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: ES3-3209_Mar15

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client

PC Test

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes 3/2G

Calibration date:

March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Certificate No: ES3-3209_Mar15

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Notwork Applyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Israe Elnaouq

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Function

Function

Signature

Aboratory Technician

Signature

Aboratory Technician

Issued: March 19, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP

diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close

proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from \pm 50 MHz to \pm 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

March 19, 2015 ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3209

Calibrated:

Manufactured: October 14, 2008 March 19, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.35	1.33	1.14	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.0	100.9	103.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^t (k=2)
0	CW	х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	214.5	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		192.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		199.1	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	2.61	65.1	12.2	10.00	42.3	±1.7 %
0701		Y	1.39	57.8	8.9		42.7	
		Z	4,57	70.3	14.0		38.3	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.12	66.3	18.1	2.91	130.3	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.08	65.6	17.5		132.2	
		Z	3.32	67.7	19.0		137.6	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	2.54	66.8	17.8	1.87	131.1	±0.7 %
		Υ	2.67	67.1	17.7		131.6	
		Z	2.85	69.2	19.1		138.0	
10013- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	Х	10.78	70.5	23.4	9.46	146.9	±2.7 %
		Y	10.39	69.2	22.5		123.5	
		Z	10.50	69.9	23.1		128.4	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	3.65	74.2	17.7	9.39	130.0	±1.9 %
		Υ	6.62	83.5	22.0		149.4	
		Z	4.25	76.8	19.2		136.2	
10023- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	Х	3.95	75.3	18.4	9.57	138.8	±2.5 %
		Υ	4.99	78.2	19.8		143.3	
		Z	4.11	75.8	18.9		129.3	4 = 24
10024- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	Х	6.44	80.3	17.7	6.56	135.0	±1.7 %
		Υ	3.76	73.7	16.0	<u> </u>	144.2	
		Z	11.61	88.5	20.7		148.0	
10027- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	Х	43.77	99.9	21.8	4.80	131.8	±1.7 %
		Y	13.95	87.5	19.0		142.7	
		Z	39.96	99.9	22.1		145.6	
10028- DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Х	62.88	99.8	20.4	3.55	144.5	±2.2 %
		Υ	2.45	70.4	12.9		130.3	
		Z	80.83	99.9	19.9		135.1	1.2.24
10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	0.32	58.4	4.3	1.16	144.1	±1.9 %
		Y	16.25	79.9	12.1		129.5	
		Z	95.90	91.1	14.4		134.6	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.32	67.4	19.8	5.67	138.3	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.35	67.3	19.5		144.4	
		Z	6.20	67.1	19.6		127.7	

10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.72	73.1	25.3	9.29	138.6	±2.7 %
<u>^</u>	in it, or ord	Y	8.88	72.9	24.9		147.9	
		Z	8.48	72.3	24.9		127.4	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.14	66.9	19.6	5.80	136.2	±1.7 %
0,10	(H) 12, (C) 41	Υ	6.20	66.8	19.4		142.8	
		Z	6.10	66.8	19.6		126.2	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	10.05	68.9	21.4	8.07	126.8	±2.2 %
		Υ	9.98	68.5	21.1		132.4	
		Z	10.23	69.4	21.7		140.4	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.16	72.2	25.0	9.28	133.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	8.33	72.0	24.5		142.6	
		Z	8.40	73.1	25.6		147.5	
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.83	66.5	19.4	5.75	133.1	±1.4 %
		Υ	5.89	66.3	19.2		139.3	***
		Z	6.00	67.2	19.9		146.5	14 7 0/
10160- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.26	66.9	19.6	5.82	138.8 145.1	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.34	67.0	19.5	ļ		
		Z	6.22	66.9	19.7	F 70	128.8	14.4.0/
10169- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.77	66.7	19.8	5.73	135.9	±1.4 %
		Υ	4.89	66.6	19.5		128.3	
		Z	4.85	66.8	19.9	0.04		±2.5 %
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.77	75.0	26.9	9.21	144.2	±2.5 %
		Y	6.56	72.6	25.2		137.1	
		Z	6.68	74.0	26.4	5.72	137.1	±1.4 %
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.80	66.9	19.9	5.72	140.6	11.770
		Y_	4.87	66.5	19.5	ļ	149.4	
		Z	5.03	67.7	20.4	5.72	134.7	±1.2 %
10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.77	66.7	19.8	5.72	140.6	21.2 70
		Y	4.88	66.5	-1		127.8	
		Z	4.84	66.8	19.9	8.10	145.2	±2.2 %
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	9.97	69.5	21.9	0.10	125.1	12.2 70
		Y	9.60	68.2	21.7		133.9	
10225-	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	Z X	9.80 6.95	69.1 67.5	19.8	5.97	147.3	±1.4 %
CAB		Y	6.73	66.4	19.1		128.7	
		Z	6.89	67.4	19.8		137.2	T .
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.85	75.4	27.2	9.21	146.0	±2.5 %
O1 (D	<u> </u>	Y	6.54	72.5	25.1		131.6	
		Z	6.76	74.4	26.6		138.2	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.58	71.3	24.6	9.24	126.6	±2.5 %
~,		Υ	7.73	71.1	24.2		133.3	
		Z	7.82	72.4	25.3		139.0	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.18	72.2	25.1	9.30	133.6	±2.7 %
		Y	8.35	72.0	24.6		141.1	
		Z	8.42	73.2	25.6		147.0	

10275- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	Х	4.22	66.1	18.4	3.96	128.8	±0.9 %
<u> </u>		Υ	4.24	65.9	18.1		133.8	
 .		Z	4.39	67.1	19.0		141.7	
10291- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	Х	3.51	66.7	18.6	3.46	140.9	±0.7 %
, , , ,		Υ	3.52	66.2	18.1		143.4	
		Z	3.58	67.2	19.0		131.7	
10292- AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	Х	3.45	66.7	18.5	3.39	142.0	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.50	66.4	18.2		146.9	
		Z	3.61	67.8	19.3		132.2	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.15	66.9	19.6	5.81	136.3	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.20	66.8	19.4		140.3	
		Z	6.11	66.8	19.6		126.6	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.80	67.8	20.1	6.06	143.2	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.80	67.5	19.9		147.4	
		Z	6.71	67.6	20.1		131.9	
10400- AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.31	70.0	22.4	8.37	147.9	±3.0 %
,		Υ	9.88	68.5	21.3		127.2	
		Z	10.13	69.5	22.1		135.8	
10403- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	Х	4.60	68.6	18.9	3.76	128.2	±0.5 %
		Υ	4.58	67.9	18.4		134.2	
		Z	4.86	69.6	19.5		142.6	
10404- AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	Х	4.57	68.9	19.1	3.77	149.7	±0.5 %
		Y	4.51	68.0	18.5		132.3	
		Z	4.78	69.6	19.5		140.3	
10415- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	2.47	67.0	17.9	1.54	128.1	±0.7 %
		Υ	2.46	66.4	17.4		132.5	
		Z	2.72	69.1	19.2		140.6	
10416- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	10.12	69.7	22.1	8.23	146.8	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.66	68.2	21.1		125.0	
		Z	9.91	69.2	21.8		134.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 7 and 8).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.29	2.02	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.23	2.57	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.80	1.08	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.10	2.40	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.70	1.27	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.80	1.22	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.75	1.31	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3209_Mar15

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)	
750	55.5	0.96	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.34	1.81	± 12.0 %	
835	55.2	0.97	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.37	1.79	± 12.0 %	
1750	53.4	1.49	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.67	1.43	± 12.0 %	
1900	53.3	1.52	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.57	1.53	± 12.0 %	
2300	52.9	1.81	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.80	1.19	± 12.0 %	
2450	52.7	1.95	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.72	1.15	± 12.0 %	
2600	52.5	2.16	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.80	1.10	± 12.0 %	

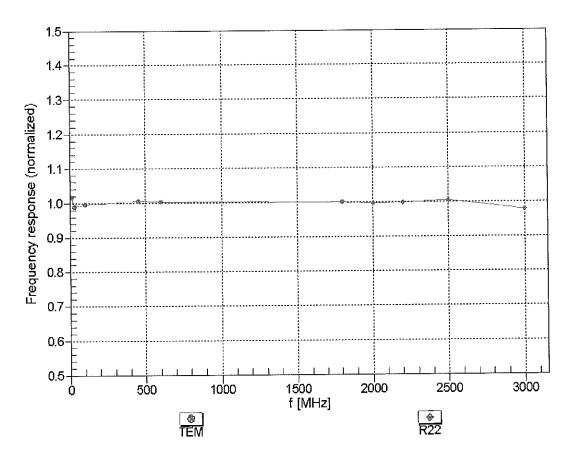
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated tarnet tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

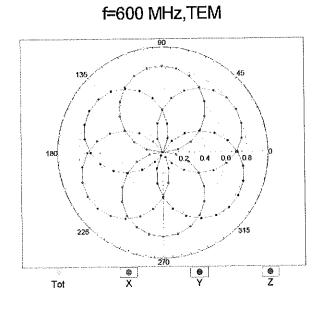


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

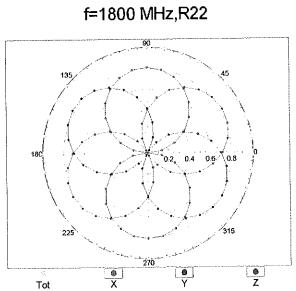
March 19, 2015 ES3DV3-SN:3209

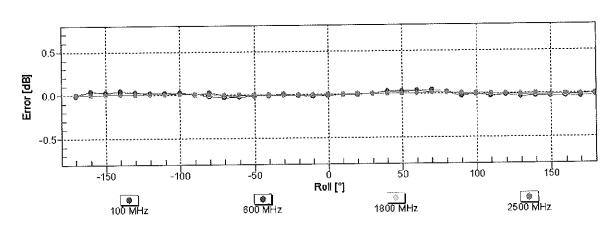
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





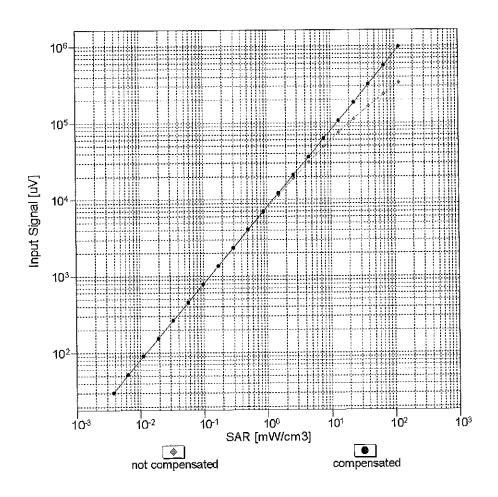
Certificate No: ES3-3209_Mar15

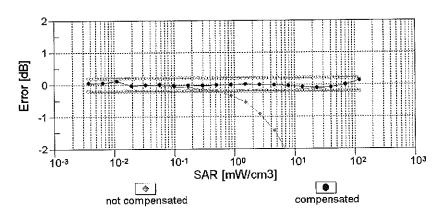




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

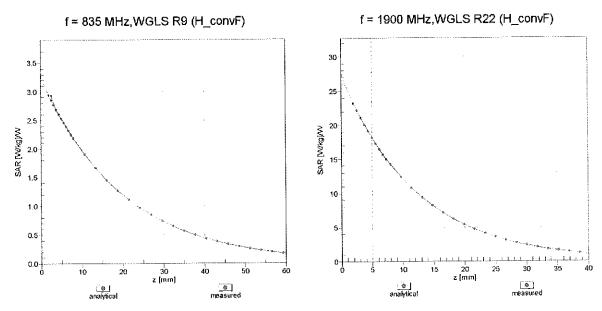
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



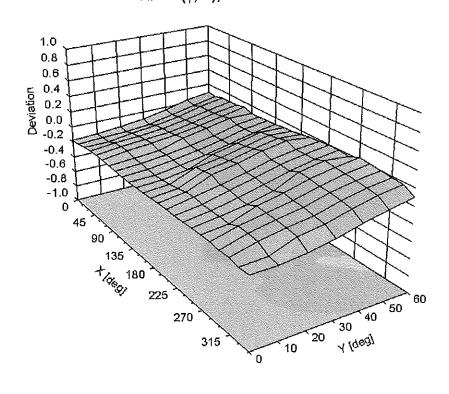


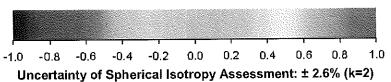
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3209

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-40.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

APPENDIX D: SAR TISSUE SPECIFICATIONS

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the tissue. The tissue was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity $\hat{\epsilon}$ can be calculated from the below equation (Pournaropoulos

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{\left[\ln(b/a)\right]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{a} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_{0}\varepsilon_{r}'\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + {\rho'}^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

> Table D-I **Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

Frequency (MHz)	750	750	835	835	1750	1750	1900	1900	2450	2450	5200-5800	5200-5800
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)												
Bactericide			0.1	0.1								
DGBE					47	31	44.92	29.44		26.7		
HEC	Coo moso		1	1								
NaCl	See page 2-3	See page 2	1.45	0.94	0.4	0.2	0.18	0.39	See page 4	0.1	See page 5	
Sucrose			57	44.9								
Polysorbate (Tween) 80												20
Water			40.45	53.06	52.6	68.8	54.9	70.17		73.2		80

FCC ID: ZNFH830	SAR EVAL	UATION REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Test Dates:	DUT Type:			APPENDIX D:
01/18/16 - 03/03/16	Portable Handset			Page 1 of 5

2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

H₂O Water, 35 – 58%

Sucrose Sugar, white, refined, 40 – 60% NaCl Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6%

Hydroxyethyl-cellulose Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), <0.3%

Preventol-D7 Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone,

0.1 - 0.7%

Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet*.

Figure D-1 Composition of 750 MHz Head and Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

Note: 750MHz liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

Measurement Certificate / Material Test Body Tissue Simulating Liquid (MSL750V2) Product No. SL AAM 075 AA (Charge: 150223-3) Manufacturer SPEAG Measurement Method TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe-Setup Validation Validation results were within ± 2.5% towards the target values of Methanol Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards. **Test Condition** Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Ambient TSL Temperature 22°C 25-Feb-15 Test Date Operator IEN Additional Information TSL Density 1.212 g/cm TSL Heat-capacity 3,006 kJ/(kg*K) Measured Target Diff.to Target [%] 10.0 f [MHz] HP-e' HP-e" sigma eps sigma Δ-eps Δ-sigma 7.5 600 57.3 24.76 0.83 56.1 0.95 0.0 13.9 5.0 Permillivity 625 57.1 24.43 0.85 58.0 0.95 1.8 -11.0 2.5 650 56.8 24.09 0.87 55.9 0.96 1.5 -8.6 0.0 675 56.5 23.80 0.89 55.8 0.96 1.2 -6.7 -2.5 700 56.2 23.51 0.92 55.7 0.96 0.9 -4.6 Dev -5.0 56.0 23,28 0.94 55,6 750 55.7 22.06 0.96 55.5 -0.1 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 1000 55.5 22,87 0.99 55,4 Frequency MHz 800 55.9 22.68 1.01 55.3 -0.2 0.97 825 55.0 22.52 1.03 55.2 0.98 -0.5 5.7 B38 84.9 22.44 1.05 55,2 0.98 -0,5 6,3 55.2 54.8 22.36 10.0 1.06 0.99 -0.7 7.0 875 54.5 22.24 1.08 55.1 1.02 -1.0 Conductivity % 7.5 5.0 1.11 900 54.3 22.12 55.0 1.05 -1.3 5,5 2,5 925 54.1 22.01 1.13 55,0 1.06 -1.6 6.5 0.0 53.9 950 21.89 1,16 54.9 1,08 -2.0 7.6 -2.5 53.5 21.81 1.18 54.9 975 1.09 -23 8.8 -5.0 Dev. 1000 53.4 21.73 54.B 1.21 -27 10.1 -7.5 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 950 Frequency MHz

Figure D-2 750MHz Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

FCC ID: ZNFH830	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	⊕ LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Test Dates:	DUT Type:		APPENDIX D:
01/18/16 - 03/03/16	Portable Handset		Page 2 of 5

Measurement Certificate / Material Test

Item Name Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL750V2)

Product No. SL AAH 075 AA (Charge: 150213-1)

Manufacturer SPEAG

Measurement Method

TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe

Setup Validation

Validation results were within ± 2.5% towards the target values of Methanol.

Target Parameters

Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards.

Test Condition

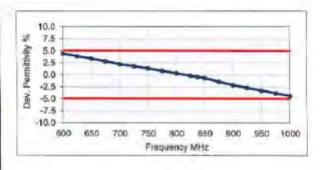
Ambient Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%

TSL Temperature 22°C
Test Date 18-Feb-15
Operator IEN

Additional Information

TSL Density 1,284 g/cm³ TSL Heat-capacity 2,701 kJ/(kg*K)

	Meas	red	-1	Targe	t	Diff.to Target [%]		
f [MHz]	HP-e'	HP-e"	sigma	eps	sigma		Δ-sigma	
600	44.6	22.42	0.75	42.7	0.88	4.5	-15.1	
625	44.3	22.20	0.77	42.6	0,88	3.9	-12.7	
650	43.9	21.98	0.79	42.5	0.89	3.3	-10.3	
675	43.5	21.75	0.82	42.3	0.89	2.8	-6.0	
700	43.1	21.53	0.84	42.2	0.89	2.2	-5.7	
725	42.8	21.38	0.86	42.1	0.89	1.8	-3.3	
750	42.5	21.22	0.89	41.9	0.89	1,3	-0.9	
775	42.2	21.06	0.91	41.8	0.90	0.8	1,4	
600	41.8	20.90	0.93	41.7	0.90	0.3	3.7	
825	41.5	20,77	0.95	41.6	0.91	-0.2	5.1	
638	41.4	20.71	0.96	41.5	0.91	+0.4	5.8	
850	41.2	20,65	0.98	41.5	0.92	-0.7	6.6	
875	40,9	20.53	1,00	41.5	0.94	-1.4	6.0	
900	40.6	20.42	1.02	41.5	0.97	-2.1	5.4	
925	40.4	20.32	1.05	41.5	0.98	-2.6	6.5	
950	40.1	20.22	1.07	41.4	0.99	-3.2	7.5	
975	39.8	20.14	1.09	41.4	1.00	-3.8	8.7	
1000	39.5	20.05	1.12	41.3	1.01	-4.3	9.9	



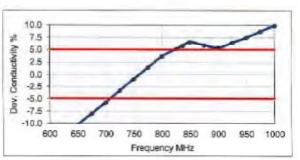


Figure D-3
750MHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

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2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

H2O Water, 52 - 75%

C8H18O3 Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 - 48%

(CAS-No. 112-34-5, EC-No. 203-961-6, EC-index-No. 603-096-00-8)

Relevant for safety; Refer to the respective Safety Data Sheet*.

NaCl Sodium Chloride, <1.0%

Figure D-4

Composition of 2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

Note: 2.4 GHz head liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

Measurement Certificate / Material Test Item Name Head Tissue Simulating Liquid (HSL2450V2) Product No. SL AAH 245 BA (Charge: 150206-3) Manufacturer SPEAG easurement Method TSL dielectric parameters measured using calibrated OCP probe Validation results were within ± 2.5% towards the target values of Methanol. Target parameters as defined in the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 compliance standards. **Test Condition** Ambient TSL Temperature 23°C 11-Feb-15 Environment temperatur (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Operator IEN Additional Information TSL Density 0.988 a/cm TSL Heat-capacity 3.680 kJ/(kg*K) Target Diff.to Target (%) f (MHz) HP-e' HP-e" sigma eps sigma Δ-eps 1.26 40.0 11.89 1.40 -10.2 5.0 1925 40.3 11.98 1.28 40.0 1.40 -8.3 2.5 1950 40.2 12.07 1.31 1.34 40.0 5.40 0.4 -6.4 40.0 1.40 -4.6 0,2 -2.5 -5.0 -7.5 2000 40.0 12.23 1.36 40.0 1.40 -2.8 Dev. 2025 39.9 12.32 1.39 40.0 1.42 -0.2 -24 1.42 99.0 -10.0 39.8 1.44 -0,3 2.0 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2075 39.7 12.50 1.44 39,9 1,47 Frequency Mriz 2100 39.6 12.59 1.47 29.8 1.49 -0.5 -1.2 2125 39.5 12.56 1,60 39.8 1,51 -0.7 -0.9 2150 39,4 12.73 1.52 1,53 -0.7 2175 39.3 12.83 1.55 39.7 1.56 -0.9 -0.2 2200 39.2 12.92 1.58 39.6 1.58 -1.1 0.2 Conductivity % 39.1 13.00 5.0 1,60 0.6 2.5 2250 39.0 13.08 1.64 39.6 1.62 -1.3 0.9 0.0 13.17 1.67 38.9 1.64 39.5 -2.5 38.8 13.26 1.70 39.5 1.8 Dev. 2325 38.7 13.34 1.73 39.4 1.69 38.6 13.42 39.4 1.71 -2.0 25 38.5 13.50 1.78 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 1,73 2.9 2400 38.4 13.58 1.81 39.3 1,76 2425 38.3 13.65 1.84 39.2 2450 38.2 13.73 1.87 39.2 3.9 1.90 2475 38.1 13.80 39.2 2500 38.0 13.87 39.1 1.85 -3.0 4.0 13.90 39.1 1,88 1.95 -3.1 3.8 2550 37,8 13,93 1.98 39.1 2575 2.01 39.0 37.6 14.17 2.05 39.0 4.4 2.08 37.4 14.23 39.0 1.99 37.3 14.29 4.1 4.4 2675 37.2 14.37 2.14 38.9 2.05 2700 37.1 14.45 2.17 36.9

Figure D-5
2.4 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

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2 Composition / Information on ingredients

The Item is composed of the following ingredients:

Water 50 - 65%Mineral oil 10 - 30%**Emulsifiers** 8 - 25%Sodium salt 0 - 1.5%

Figure D-6

Composition of 5 GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

Note: 5GHz head liquid recipes are proprietary SPEAG. Since the composition is approximate to the actual liquids utilized, the manufacturer tissue-equivalent liquid data sheets are provided below.

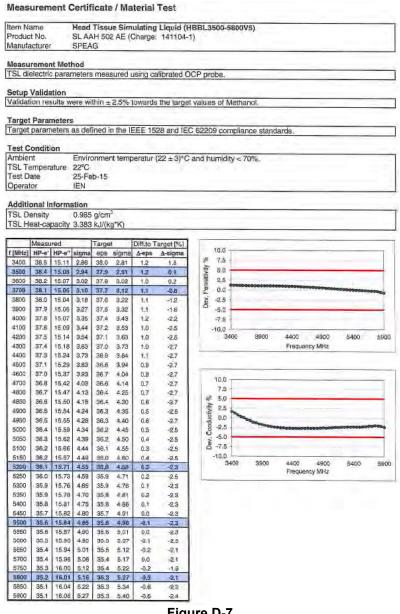


Figure D-7 **5GHz Head Tissue Equivalent Matter**

FCC ID: ZNFH830	PCTEST	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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APPENDIX E: SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table E-I SAR System Validation Summary – 1g

SAR	FREQ.		PROBE	PROBE			COND.	PERM.	C.	W VALIDATIO	N	Mo	DD. VALIDATIO	N
SYSTEM	[MHz]	DATE	SN	TYPE	PROBE CA	AL. POINT	(σ)	(er)	SENSITIVITY	PROBE	PROBE	MOD.	DUTY	PAR
#	[ivii izj		011				(0)	(61)	CENCITIVITI	LINEARITY	ISOTROPY	TYPE	FACTOR	1741
K	750	9/17/2015	3022	ES3DV2	750	Head	0.894	42.461	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
G	835	11/28/2015	3334	ES3DV3	835	Head	0.923	41.629	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
G	1750	12/2/2015	3334	ES3DV3	1750	Head	1.362	39.189	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
D	1900	11/30/2015	3209	ES3DV3	1900	Head	1.457	38.613	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
Н	2450	7/20/2015	3263	ES3DV3	2450	Head	1.845	38.994	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
E	5250	10/6/2015	7308	EX3DV4	5250	Head	4.621	36.087	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
E	5600	10/6/2015	7308	EX3DV4	5600	Head	4.982	35.624	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
E	5750	10/6/2015	7308	EX3DV4	5750	Head	5.151	35.406	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
D	5800	11/5/2015	7357	EX3DV4	5800	Head	5.081	34.637	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
K	750	9/15/2015	3022	ES3DV2	750	Body	0.950	54.166	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
E	835	9/11/2015	3351	ES3DV3	835	Body	0.986	54.118	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
K	1750	9/13/2015	3022	ES3DV2	1750	Body	1.491	52.532	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
I	1900	11/4/2015	3333	ES3DV3	1900	Body	1.579	51.524	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
J	1900	5/18/2015	3319	ES3DV3	1900	Body	1.576	53.321	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
J	2450	4/28/2015	3319	ES3DV3	2450	Body	1.962	51.310	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
D	5300	11/9/2015	7357	EX3DV4	5300	Body	5.568	47.186	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
D	5500	11/9/2015	7357	EX3DV4	5500	Body	5.824	46.816	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
D	5600	11/9/2015	7357	EX3DV4	5600	Body	5.977	46.653	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
D	5800	11/9/2015	7357	EX3DV4	5800	Body	6.257	46.285	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

Table E-II
SAR System Validation Summary – 10g

SAR	FREQ.		PROBE	PROBE			COND.	PERM.	C.	W VALIDATIO	N	M	OD. VALIDATIO	N
SYSTEM	[MHz]	DATE	SN	TYPE	PROBE C	AL. POINT	(σ)	(er)	SENSITIVITY	PROBE	PROBE	MOD.	DUTY	PAR
#	[IVII IZ]		314				(0)	(-,	SENSITIVITI	LINEARITY	ISOTROPY	TYPE	FACTOR	1741
I	750	11/5/2015	3333	ES3DV3	750	Body	0.973	54.585	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
J	835	4/28/2015	3319	ES3DV3	835	Body	0.992	54.192	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
I	835	11/3/2015	3333	ES3DV3	835	Body	1.006	54.946	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
K	1750	2/10/2016	3022	ES3DV2	1750	Body	1.484	51.369	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
G	1900	12/3/2015	3334	ES3DV3	1900	Body	1.552	50.709	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04.

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APPENDIX G: SENSOR TRIGGERING DATA SUMMARY

ZNFH830 Sensor Triggering Data Summary

Per FCC Guidance, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for all applicable sides and edges of the device. The technical descriptions in the filing contain the complete set of triggering data required by the FCC.

When proximity sensor is ON, the antenna switching (ASDiv) is disabled for UMTS/LTE B2/4. Hence, UMTS/LTE B2/4 transmission from the diversity antenna is disabled for held-to-ear conditions.

Additionally, when proximity sensor is ON, 2.4 and 5 GHz WIFI will operate at reduced power level during voice or VoIP scenarios. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.

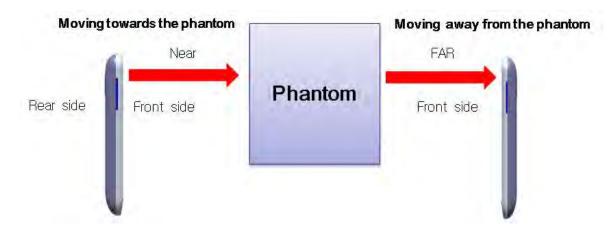
The operational description contains information explaining how this device remains compliant in the event of a sensor malfunction.

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The device was moved towards and away from a flat phantom, parallel to the phantom, according to the tablet proximity sensor procedures in KDB 616217 to determine the triggering distance.

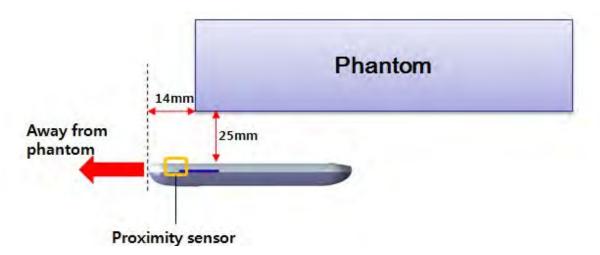
Distance of DUT front surface to the Phantom (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status - Front side (toward phantom)
50	OFF
47	OFF
44	OFF
41	OFF
38	OFF
35	ON
32	ON
29	ON
26	ON
20	ON
10	ON
0	ON

Distance of DUT front surface to the Phantom (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status - Front side (away from phantom)
60	OFF
55	OFF
50	ON
40	ON
35	ON
30	ON
25	ON
20	ON
15	ON
10	ON
5	ON
0	ON



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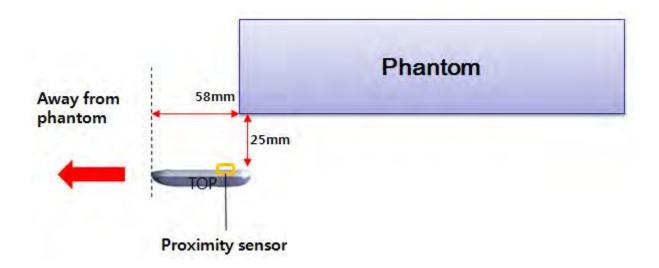
With the device's front side positioned underneath a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom, the proximity sensor is triggered. The device is then gradually moved across its length towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the top edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the top edge of the DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status	
0	ON	
1	ON	
2	ON	
	ON	
12	ON	
13	ON	
14	ON	
15	OFF	
	OFF	

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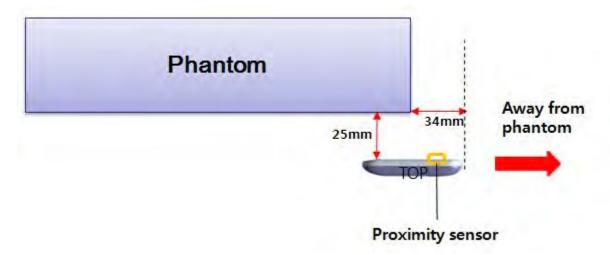
With the device's front side positioned underneath a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom, the proximity sensor is triggered. The device is then gradually moved horizontally across its width towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the right edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the right edge of the DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status
0	ON
1	ON
2	ON
1	ON
56	ON
57	ON
58	ON
59	OFF
1	OFF

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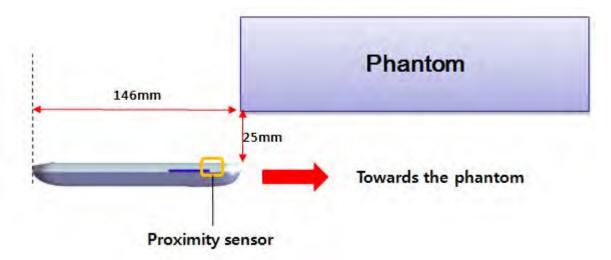
With the device's front side positioned underneath a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom, the proximity sensor is triggered. The device is then gradually moved horizontally across its width towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the left edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the left edge of the DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status	
0	ON	
1	ON	
2	ON	
1	ON	
32	ON	
33	ON	
34	ON	
35	OFF	
1	OFF	

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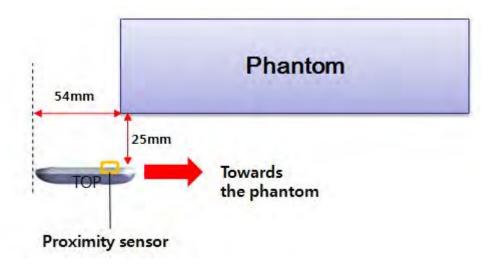
The device was then positioned with the device's front side positioned fully outside the boundary of a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom. The device is then gradually moved across its length towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the bottom edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the bottom edge of he DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status
149	OFF
148	OFF
147	OFF
146	ON
145	ON
	ON
0	ON

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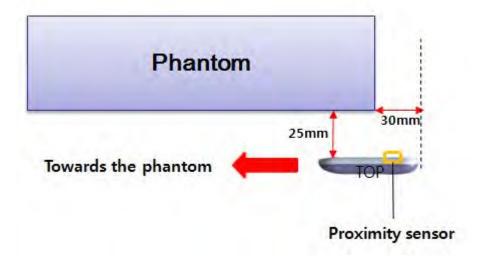
The device was then positioned with the device's front side positioned fully outside the boundary of a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom. The device is then gradually moved across its width towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the right edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the right edge of the DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	proximity Sensor Status
1	OFF
57	OFF
56	OFF
55	OFF
54	ON
53	ON
1	ON
0	ON

FCC ID: ZNFH830	SAR EVALUATION REPO	ORT 🕒 LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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The device was then positioned with the device's front side positioned fully outside the boundary of a flat phantom and at 2.5 cm below the phantom. The device is then gradually moved across its width towards the edge of the flat phantom and the alignment between the left edge of the device and the edge of the phantom is identified.



Distance from the left edge of the DUT to the Phantom Edge (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status
I.	OFF
33	OFF
32	OFF
31	OFF
30	ON
29	ON
1.	ON
0	ON

FCC ID: ZNFH830	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	(t) LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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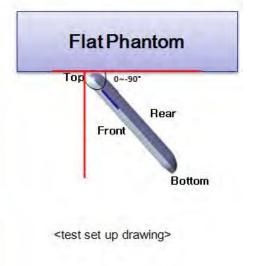
The device was then positioned with the top of the device held perpendicular to the flat phantom and was rotated in 5° intervals toward the front of the device and toward the rear of the device.

	Distance/degrees Sensort to the DUT		iggered status
(mm)	(degrees)	Mode	Power
0	0	Near	
0	5	Near	
0	10	Near	
0	15	Near	
0	20	Near	
0	25	Near	
0	30	Near	
0	35	Near	
0	40	Near	
0	45	Near	Reducedpower
0	50	Near	(Appendix)
0	55	Near	
0	60	Near	
0	65	Near	
0	70	Near	
0	75	Near	1
0	80	Near	7
0	85	Near	
0	90	Near	

	tPhar	
Front	0~90*	Тор
	Rear	

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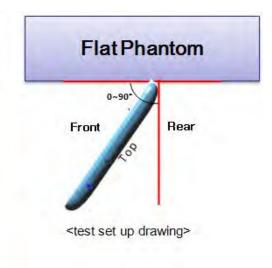
gered status	Sensortrig	Distance / degrees to the DUT		
Power	Mode	(degrees)	(mm)	
Appendix	Near	0	0	
	Far	5	0	
	Far	10	0	
	Far	15	0	
	Far	20	0	
	Far	25	0	
	Far	30	0	
	Far	35	0	
	Far	40	0	
Max powe	Far	45	0	
(Appendix	Far	50	0	
	Far	55	0	
	Far	60	0	
I	Far	65	0	
	Far	70	0	
	Far	75	0	
	Far	80	0	
	Far	85	0	
	Far	90	0	



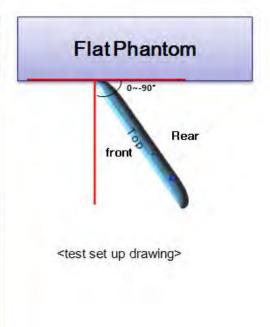
FCC ID: ZNFH830	PCTEST	SAR EVALUATION REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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The device was then positioned with the left edge of the device held perpendicular to the flat phantom and was rotated in 5° intervals toward the front of the device and toward the rear of the device.

	Distance / degrees to the DUT		ggeredstatus
(mm)	(degrees)	Mode	Power
0	0	Near	
0	5	Near	
0	10	Near	
0	15	Near	
0	20	Near	8
0	25	Near	
0	30	Near	Reduced
0	35	Near	power
0	40	0 Near	(Appendix)
0	45	Near	
0	50	Near	i)
0	55	Near	
0	60	Near	
0	65	Near	
0	70	Near	
0	75	Far	
0	80	Far	Max power
0	85	Far	(Appendix)
0	90	Far	



	/degrees DUT	Sensortri	ggeredstatus
(mm)	(degrees)	Mode	Power
0	0	Far	
0	5	Far	3
0	10	Far	5
0	15	Far	3
0	20	Far	3
0	25	Far	5
0	30	Far	3
0	35	Far	
0	40	Far	3
0	45	Far	Max power
0	50	Far	(Appendix)
0	55	Far	
0	60	Far	
0	65	Far	
0	70	Far	
0	75	Far	
0	80	Far	
0	85	Far	3
0	90	Far	



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