

FCC BT REPORT

FCC Certification

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

Address:

1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue:

October 14, 2015

Test Site/Location:

HCT CO., LTD., 74,Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,Majang-myeo,Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-R-1510-F012

HCT FRN: 0005866421

IC Recognition No.: 5944A-5

FCC ID: ZNFH815PX

APPLICANT: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

FCC Model(s): LG-H815PX

FCC Additional Model(s): LGH815PX, H815PX, LG-H815Px, LGH815Px, H815Px, LG-H815pX, LGH815pX, H815pX, LG-H815px, LGH815px, H815px

EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC

Max. RF Output Power: 8.89 dBm (7.74 mW)

Frequency Range: 2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)

Modulation type GFSK(Normal), $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)

FCC Classification: FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15 subpart C 15.247

Note: The device, LG-H815PX (FCC ID: ZNFH815PX) is electrically identical compare to LG-H815 (FCC ID: ZNFH815), and there is no hardware change. Simply enable software to WCDMA Band4. So, we will reuse the data of model LG-H815 (FCC ID: ZNFH815) test result.

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in §2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)



Report prepared by
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Approved by
: Sang Jun Lee
Manager of RF Team

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1510-F012	October 14, 2015	- First Approval Report

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc
Address: 1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
FCC ID: ZNFH815PX
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
FCC Model name(s): LG-H815PX
FCC Additional Model name(s): LGH815PX, H815PX, LG-H815Px, LGH815Px, H815Px, LG-H815pX, LGH815pX, H815pX,
Model name(s): LG-H815px, LGH815px, H815px
Date(s) of Tests: March 27, 2015 ~ April 06, 2015
Place of Tests: HCT Co., Ltd.
 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
 (IC Recognition No. : 5944A-5)

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Model Name	LG-H815PX
FCC Additional Model Name	LGH815PX, H815PX, LG-H815Px, LGH815Px, H815Px, LG-H815pX, LGH815pX, H815pX, LG-H815px, LGH815px, H815px
EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
Power Supply	DC 3.8 V
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)
Max. RF Output Power:	8.89 dBm (7.74 mW)
BT Operating Mode	Normal, EDR, AFH
Modulation Type	GFSK(Normal), $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)
Modulation Technique	FHSS
Number of Channels	79Channels, Minimum 20 Channels(AFH)
Antenna Specification	Manufacturer: Koma-tech.com Antenna type:FPCB Antenna Peak Gain : 0.03 dBi
Wireless Charger	Model name: WCD-110 FCC ID: BEJWCD110 Manufacturer: LG Electronics

※ 15.247 Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:
 - 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
 - 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
 - 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
 - 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
 - 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
 - 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices(ANSI C63.4-2003) and FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 dated March 30, 2000 entitled "Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems" were used in the measurement of the **LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC FCC ID: ZNFH815PX**

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2009)

Conducted Antenna Terminal

See Section from 8.1 to 8.6.1.(DA 00-705)

3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated February 28, 2014 (Registration Number: 90661)

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

*The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

7. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
20 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(1)(ii) or (iii)	NA	CONDUCTED	PASS
99 % Bandwidth	NA	NA		PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(1)	< 1 Watts for 1Mbps < 125 Milliwatts for 2, 3Mbps		PASS
Carrier Frequency Separation	§15.247(a)(1)	>25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW		PASS
Number of Hopping Frequencies	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	>15		PASS
Time of Occupancy	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	<400 ms		PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d)	< 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	< 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207(a)	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.2	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.4		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	§15.109	cf. Section 8.6.3		PASS

8. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

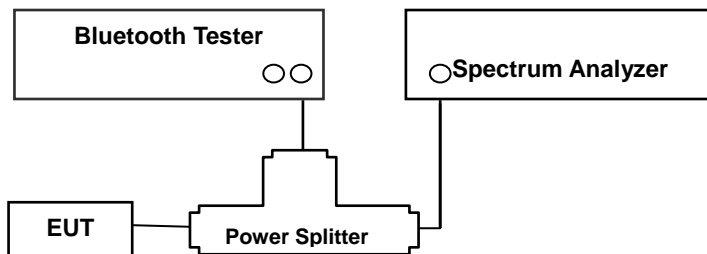
8.1 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 W for hopping mode, 125 mW for AFH mode
2. The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the peak detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

SAMPLE CALCULATION

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Output Power} &= \text{Spectrum Reading Power} + \text{Power Splitter loss} + \text{Cable loss}(2 \text{ ea}) \\ &= 10 \text{ dBm} + 6 \text{ dB} + 1.5 \text{ dB} = 17.5 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of

loss for the splitter and cable combination is 6.51 dB at 2402 MHz and is 6.54 dB at 2480 MHz.

So, 6.5 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

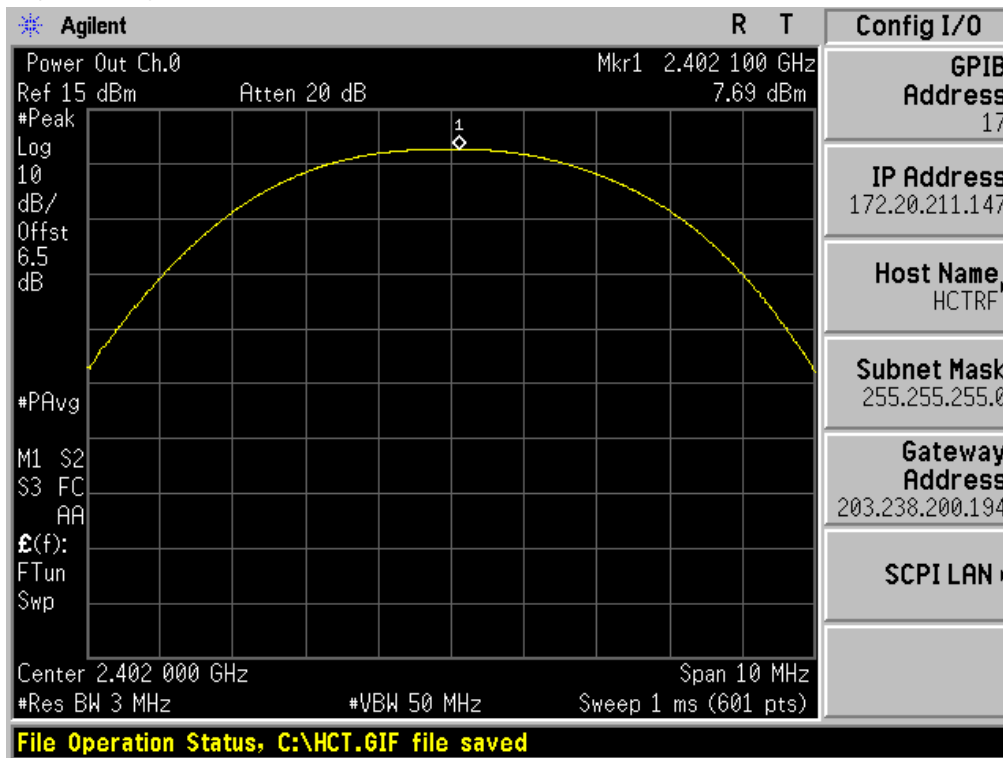
Test Data

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (GFSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	7.69	5.87	125	PASS
Mid	2441	8.89	7.74		PASS
High	2480	7.59	5.74		PASS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (8DPSK)		Output Power ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)	(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	6.81	4.80	6.44	4.41	125	PASS
Mid	2441	7.80	6.03	7.44	5.55		PASS
High	2480	6.47	4.44	6.11	4.08		PASS

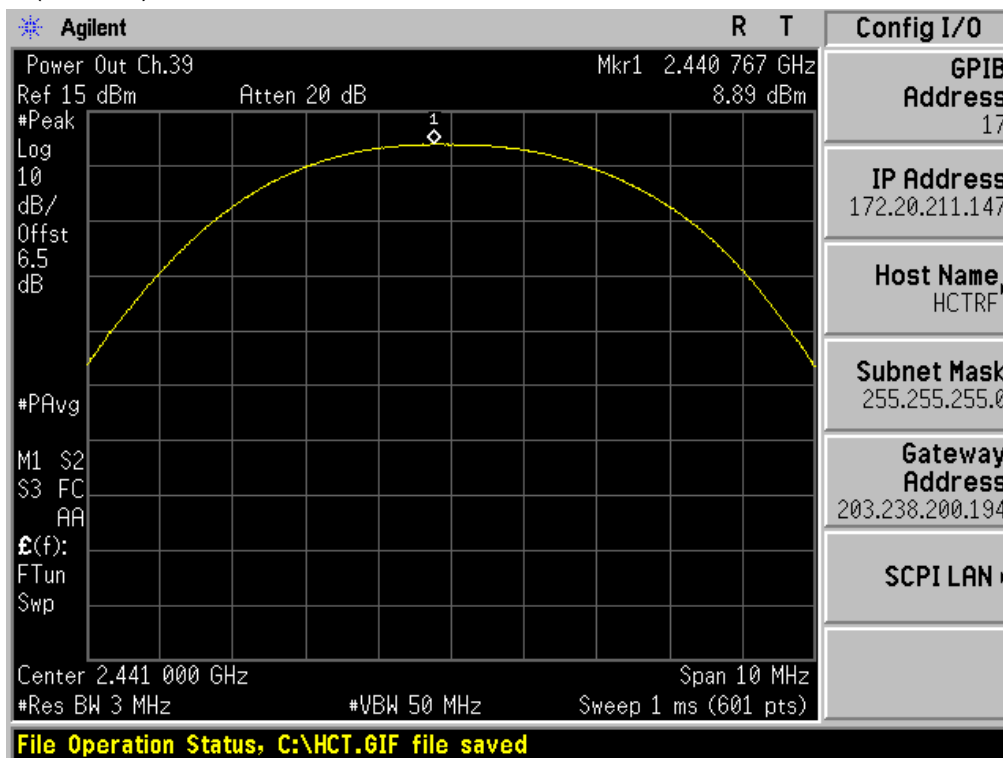
Test Plots (GFSK)

Peak Power (Low-CH)

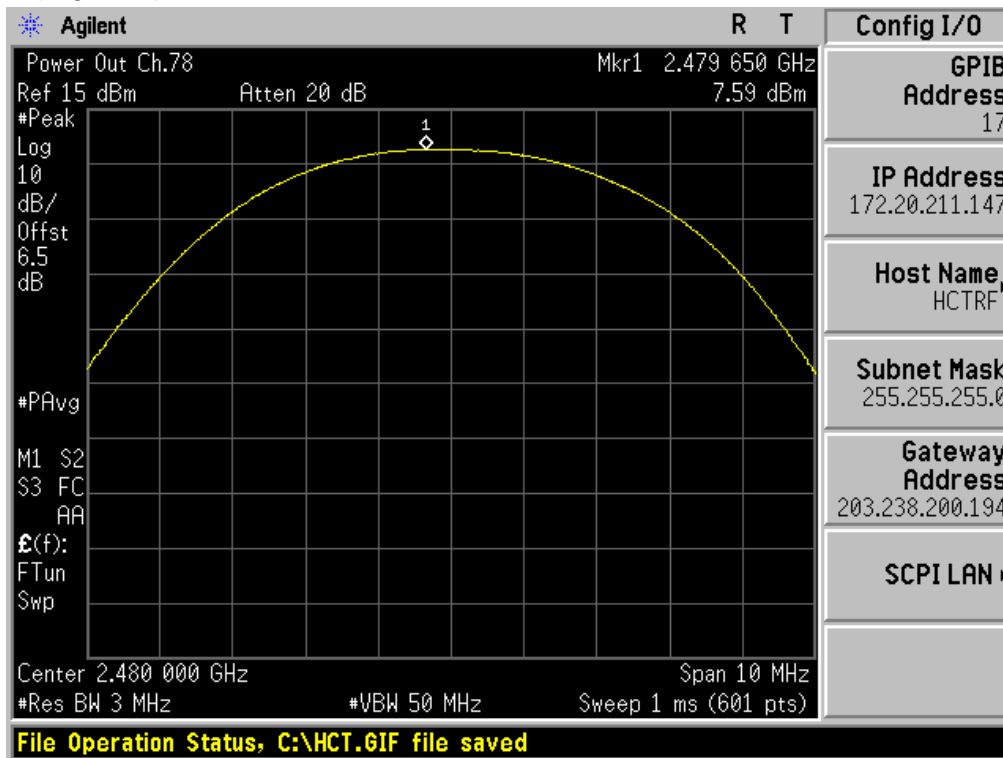


Test Plots (GFSK)

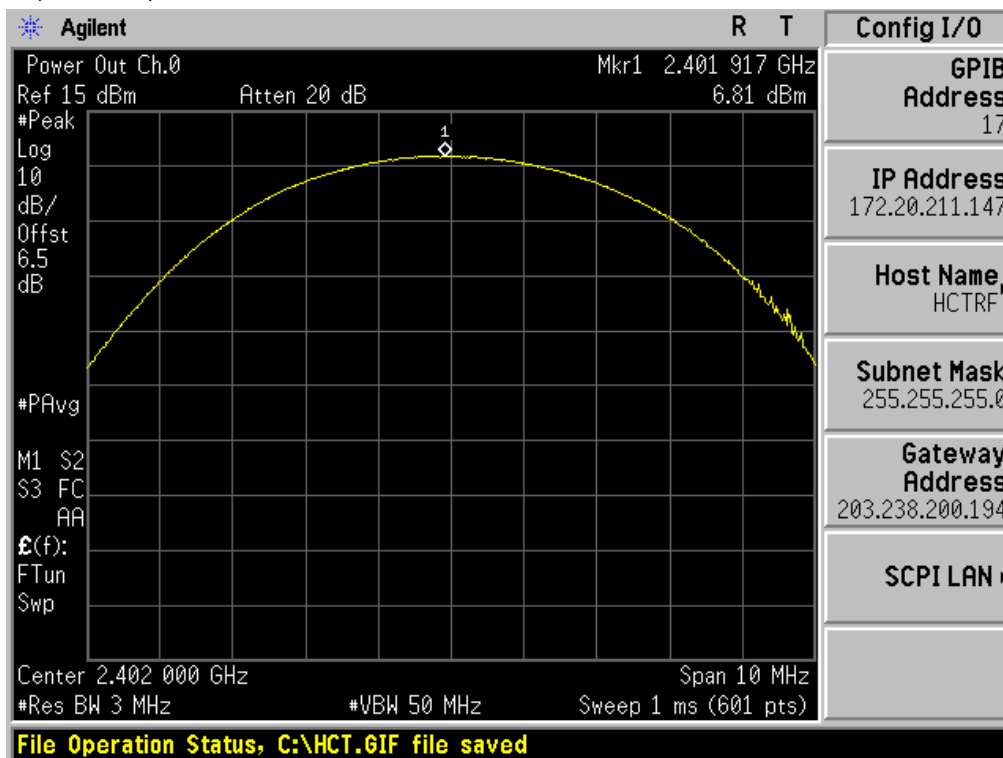
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



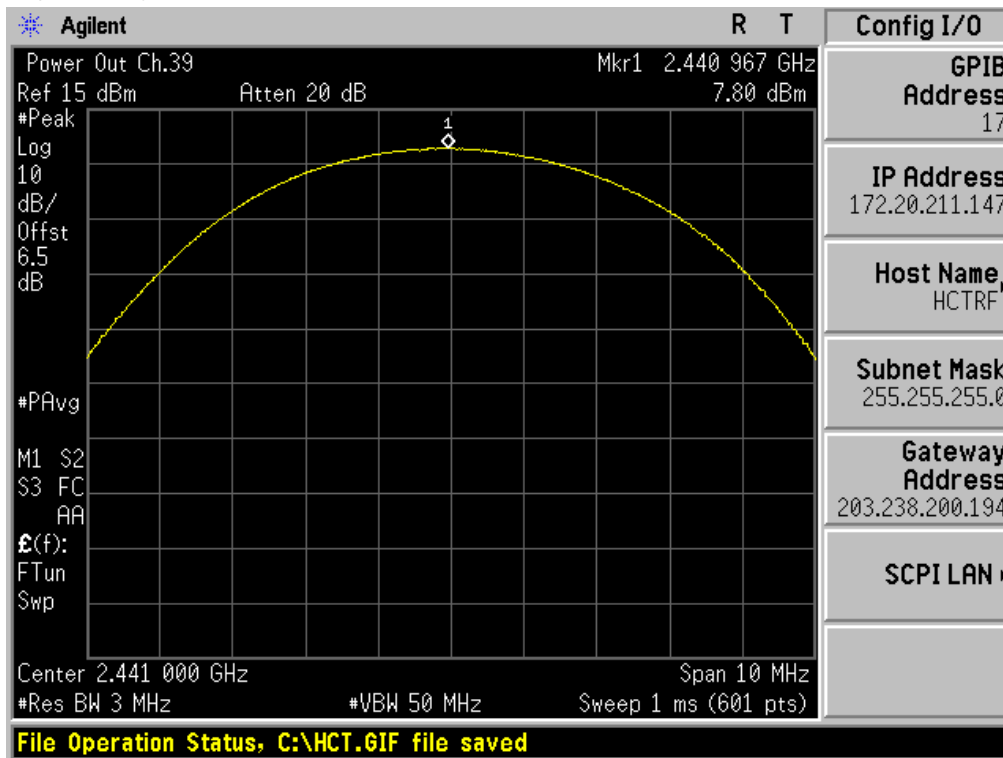
Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)



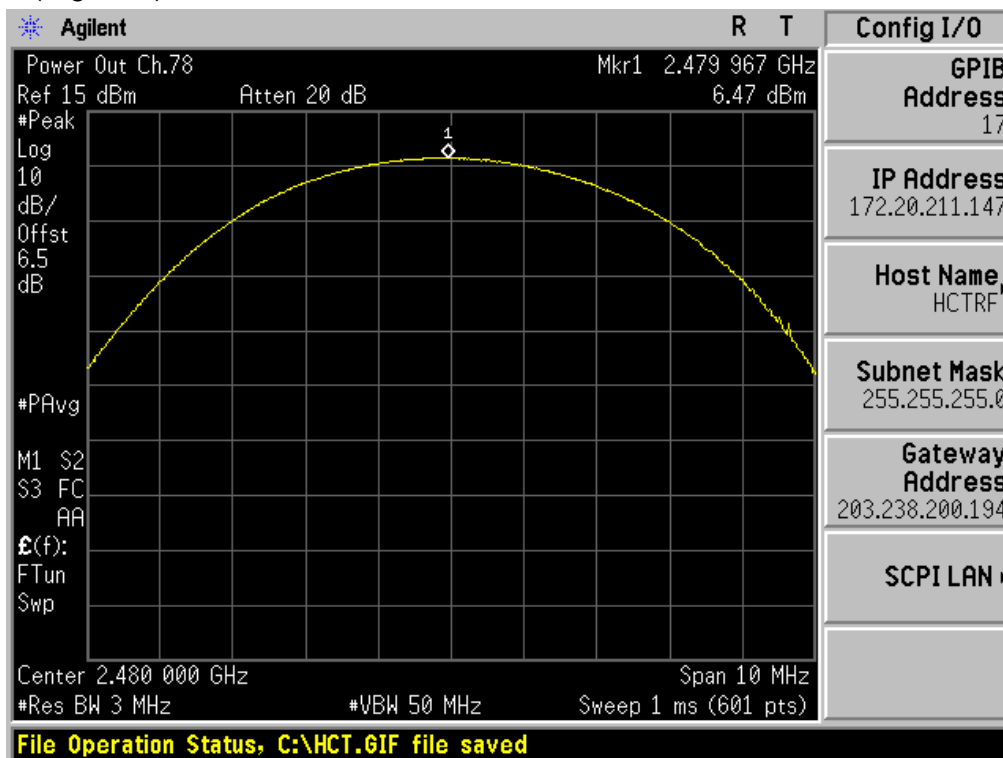
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (Low-CH)



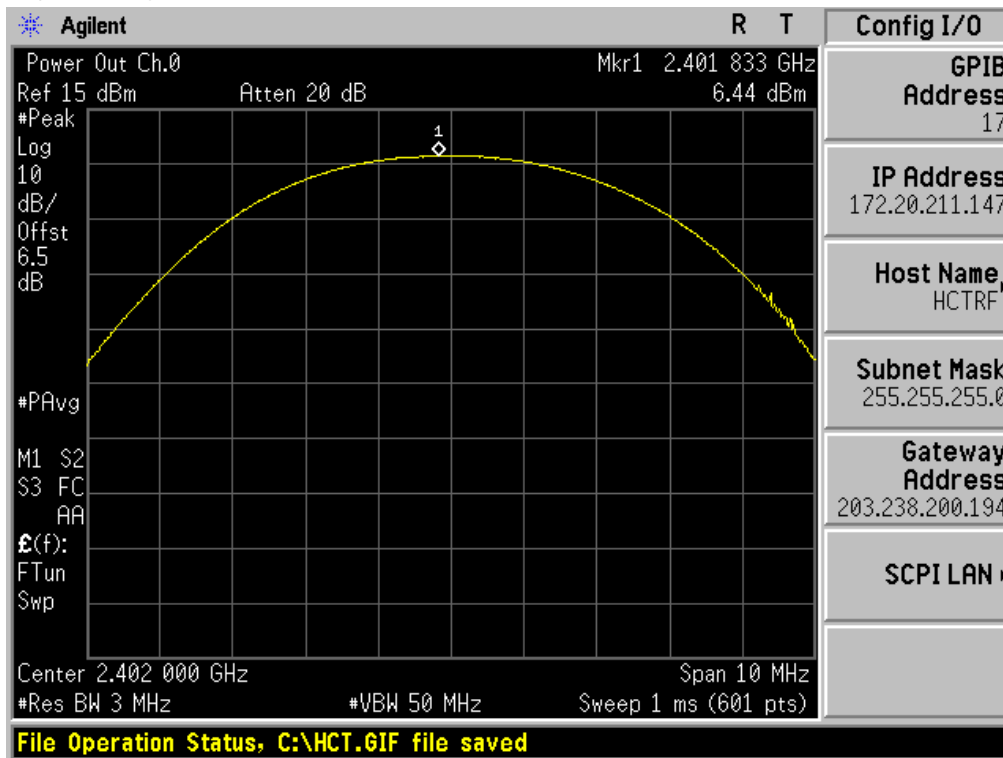
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



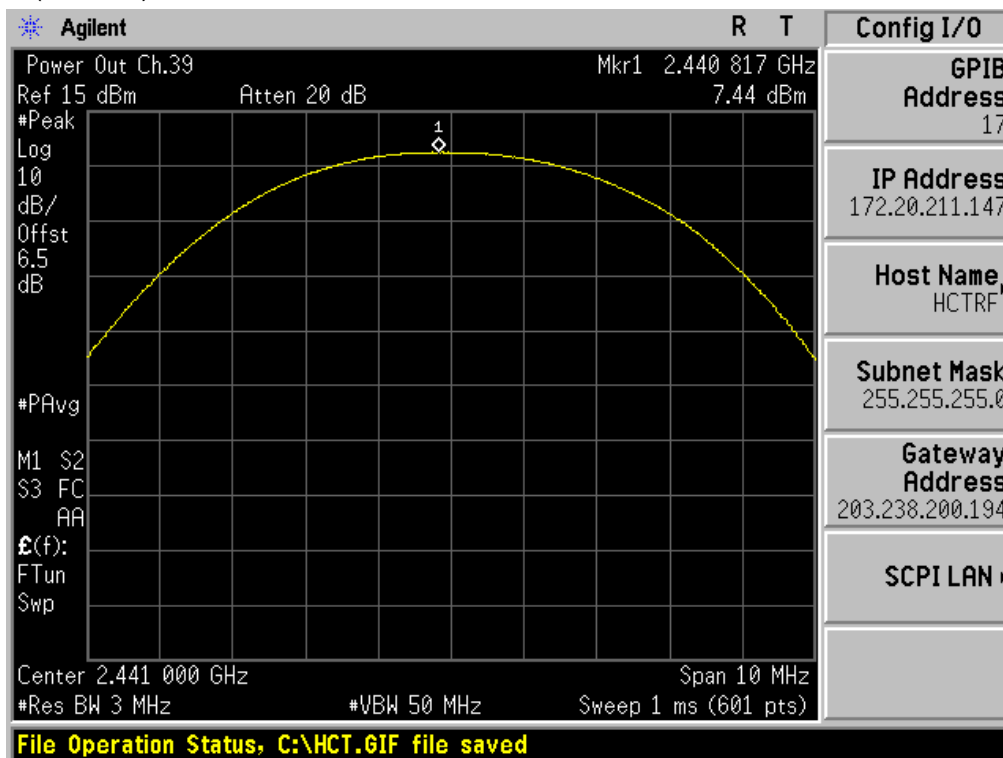
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)



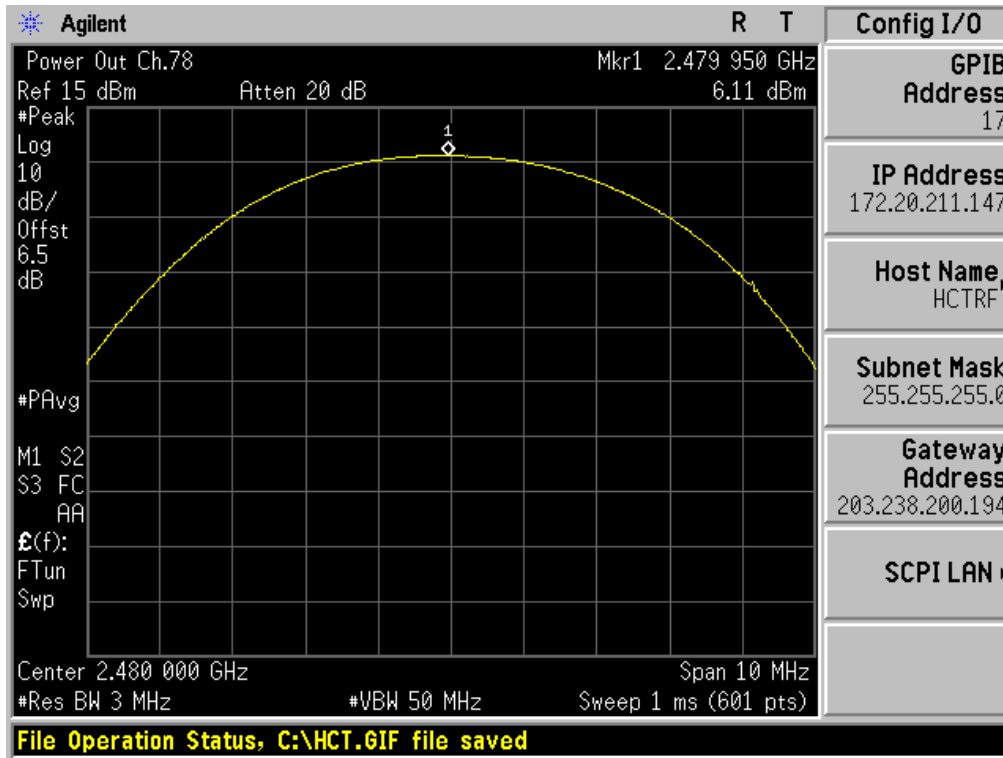
Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (Low-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)

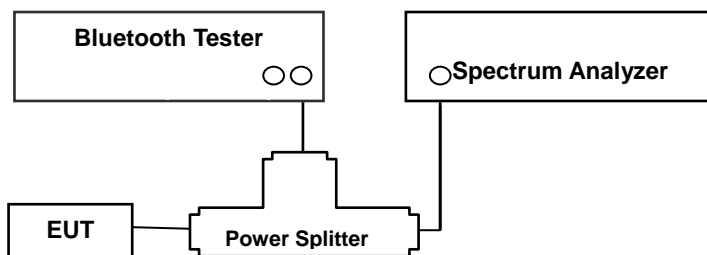


8.2 BAND EDGES

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off and hopping on.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

RBW \geq 1% of the span

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

TEST RESULTS

See attached.

Note :

1. The results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 6.51 dB at 2402 MHz and is 6.54 dB at 2480 MHz. So, 6.5 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the band edge measurement final result.

Test Data

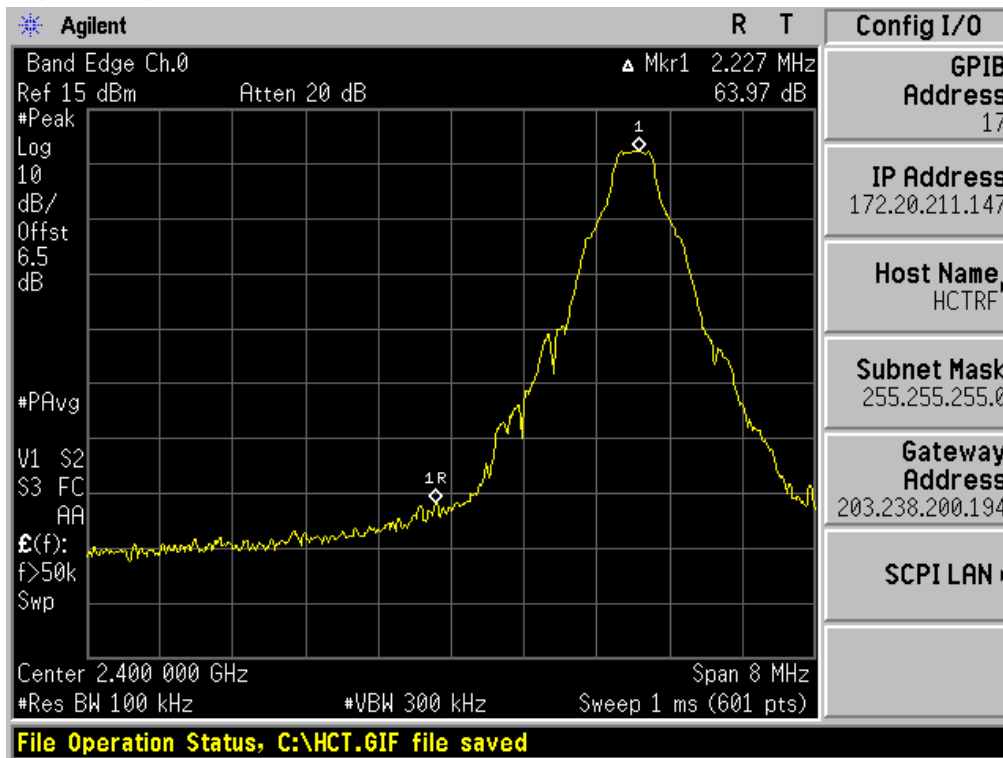
- Without hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Limit (dBc)	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	63.97	62.02	63.31	20	43.97	42.02	43.31	PASS
Upper	68.88	64.28	66.50		48.88	44.28	46.50	PASS

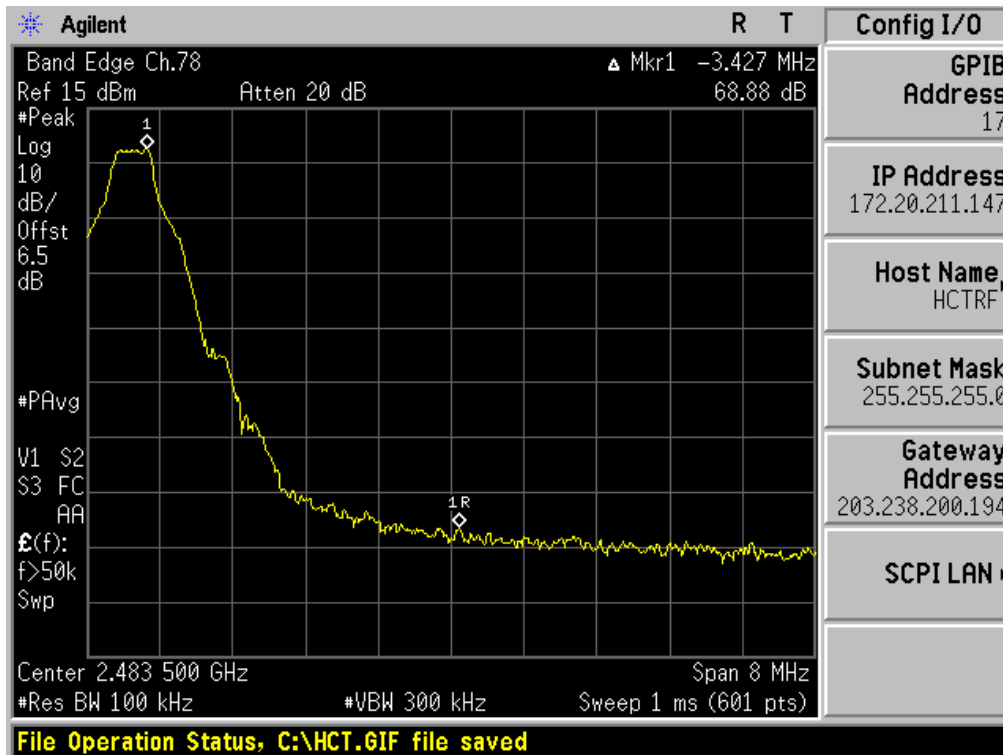
- With hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Limit (dBc)	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	66.15	62.88	63.10	20	46.15	42.88	43.10	PASS
Upper	69.34	63.32	65.43		49.34	43.32	45.43	PASS

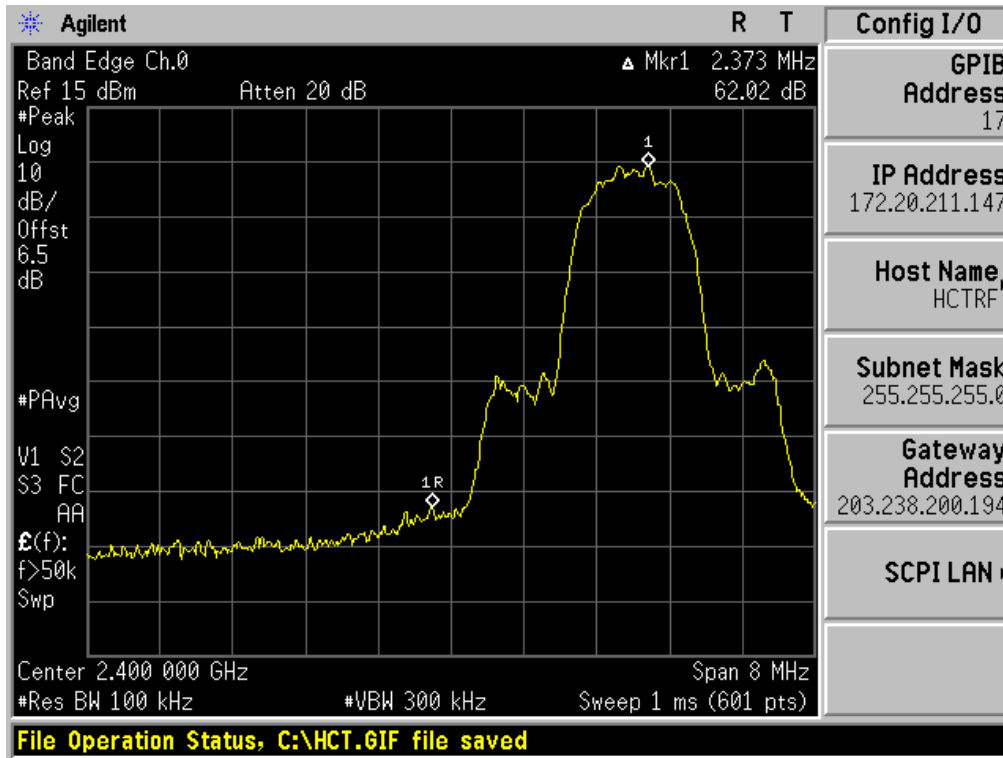
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



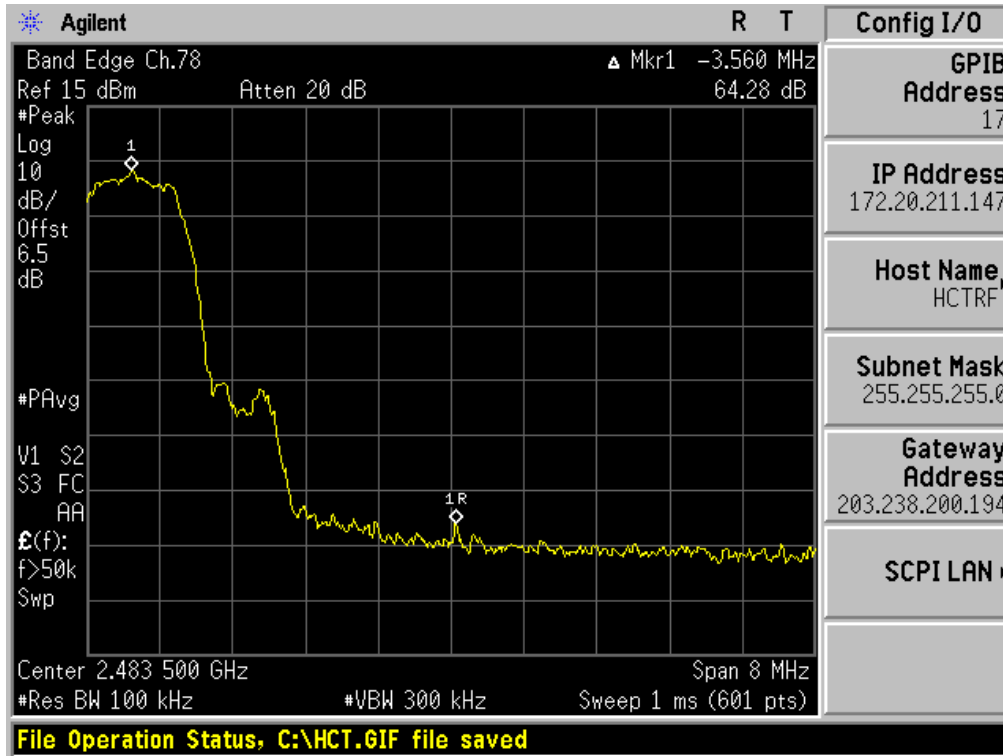
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



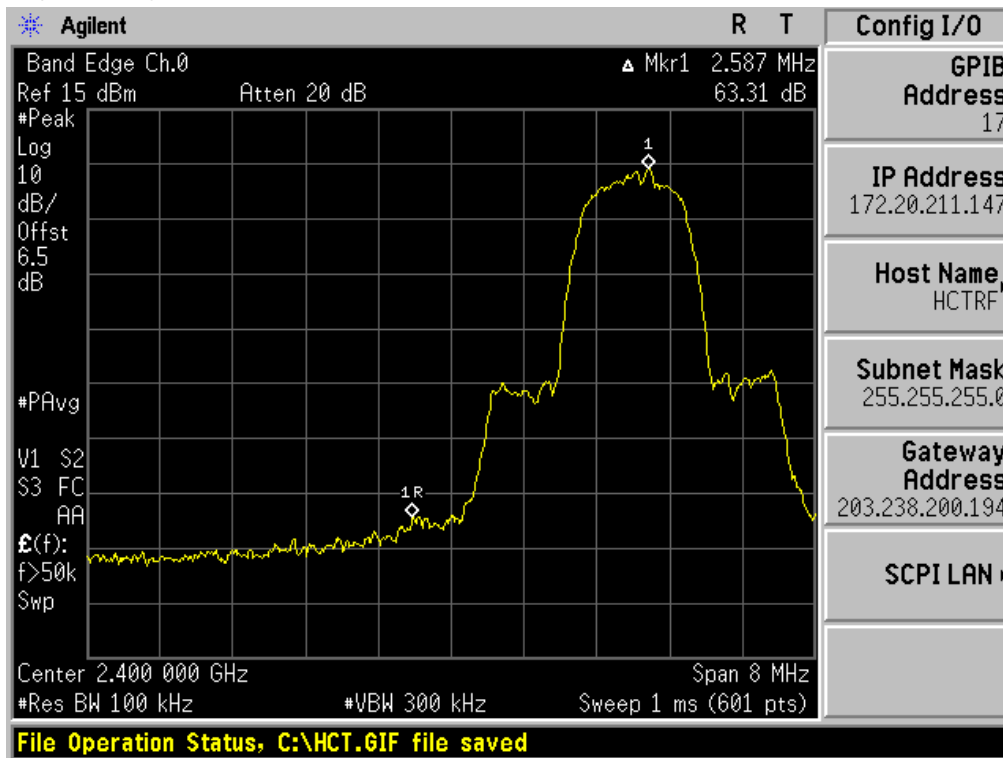
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



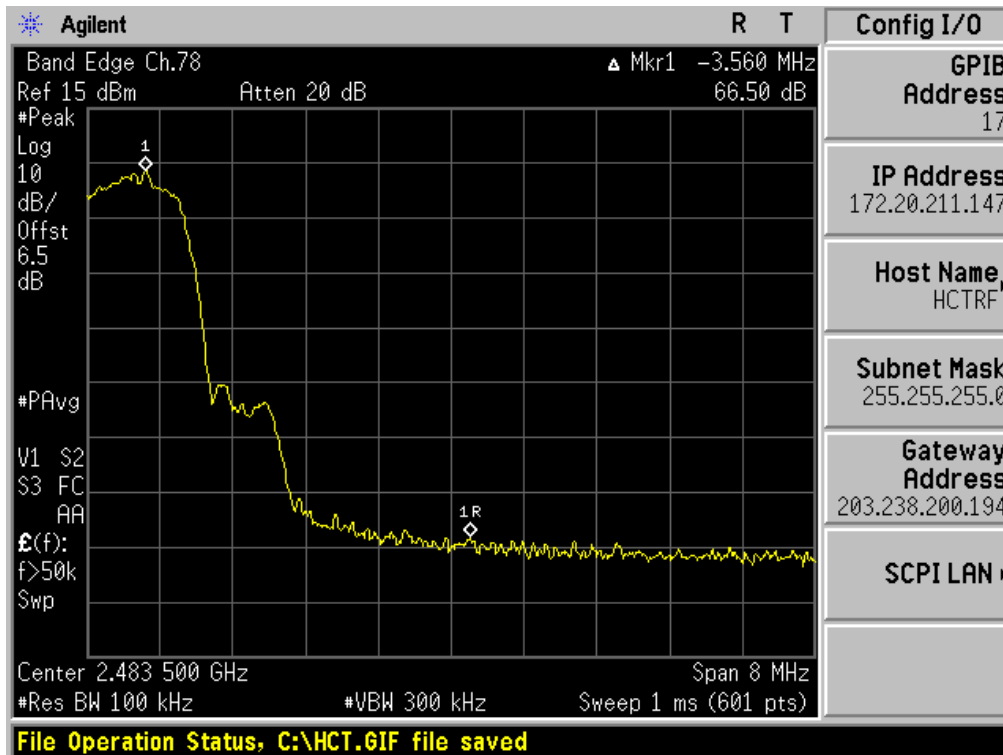
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



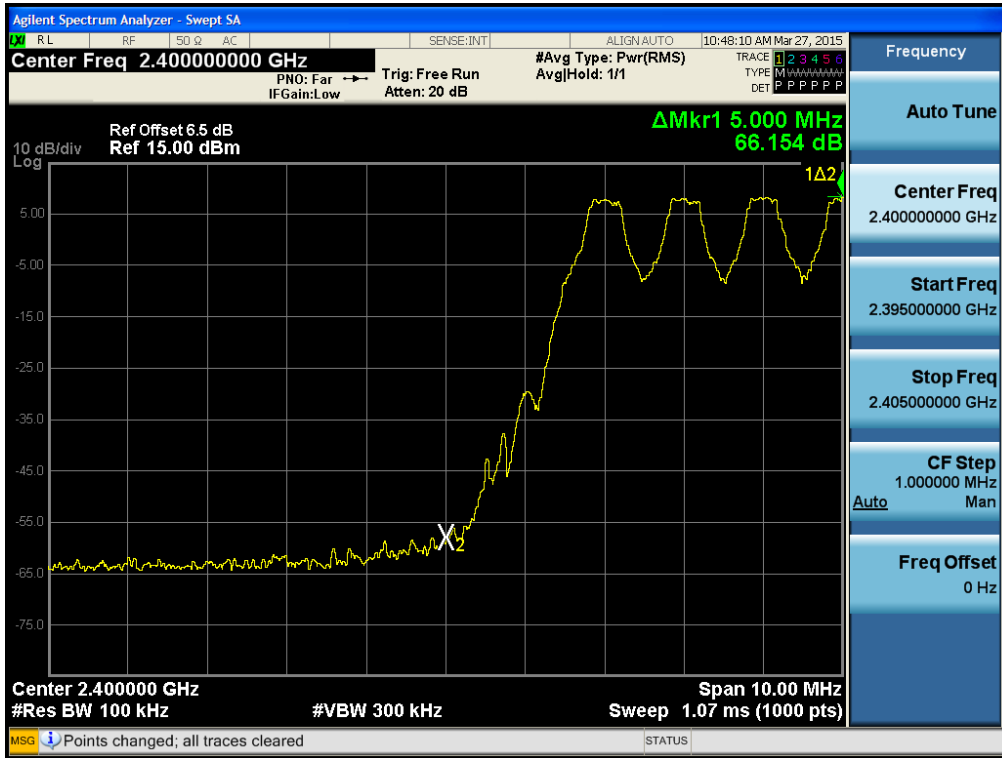
Test Plots without hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



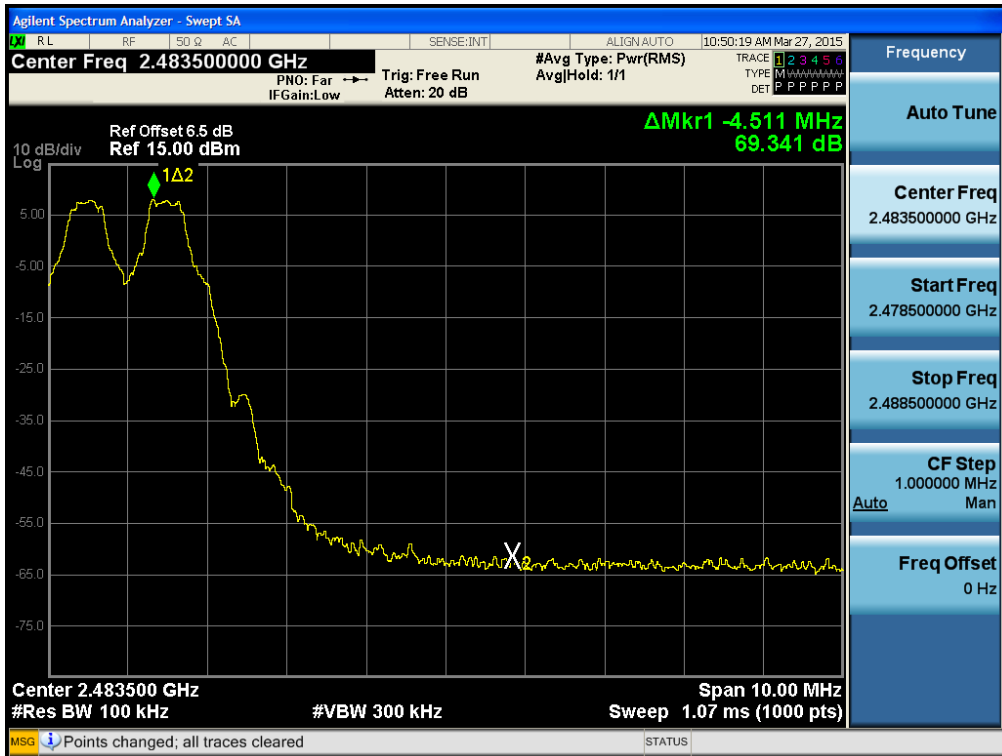
Test Plots without hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



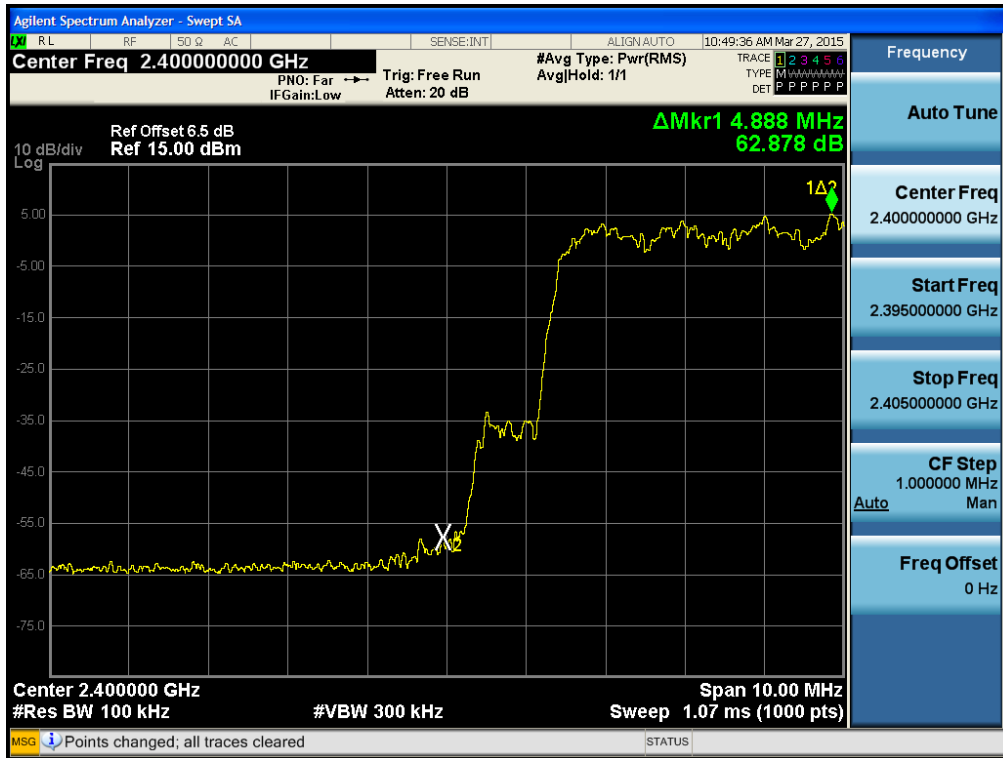
Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



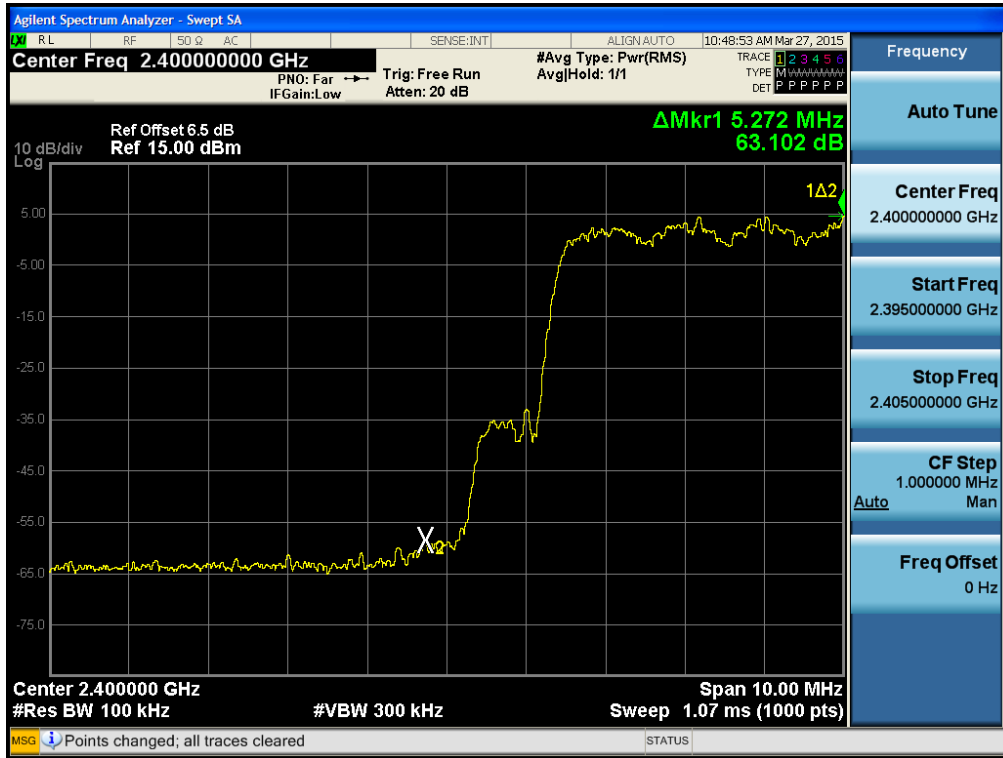
Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



Test Plots with hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



Test Plots with hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)

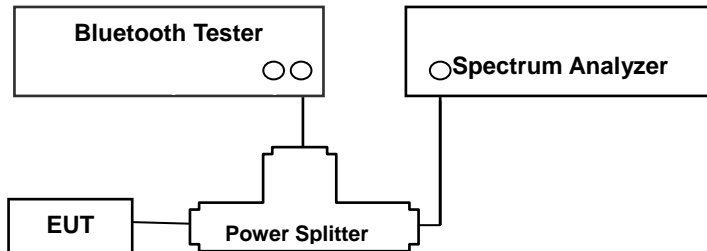


8.3 FREQUENCY SEPARATION / OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% BW)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Channel Separation test is performed with hopping on. And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW \geq 1% of the span

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The trace was allowed to stabilize. The marker-delta function was used to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Test Data

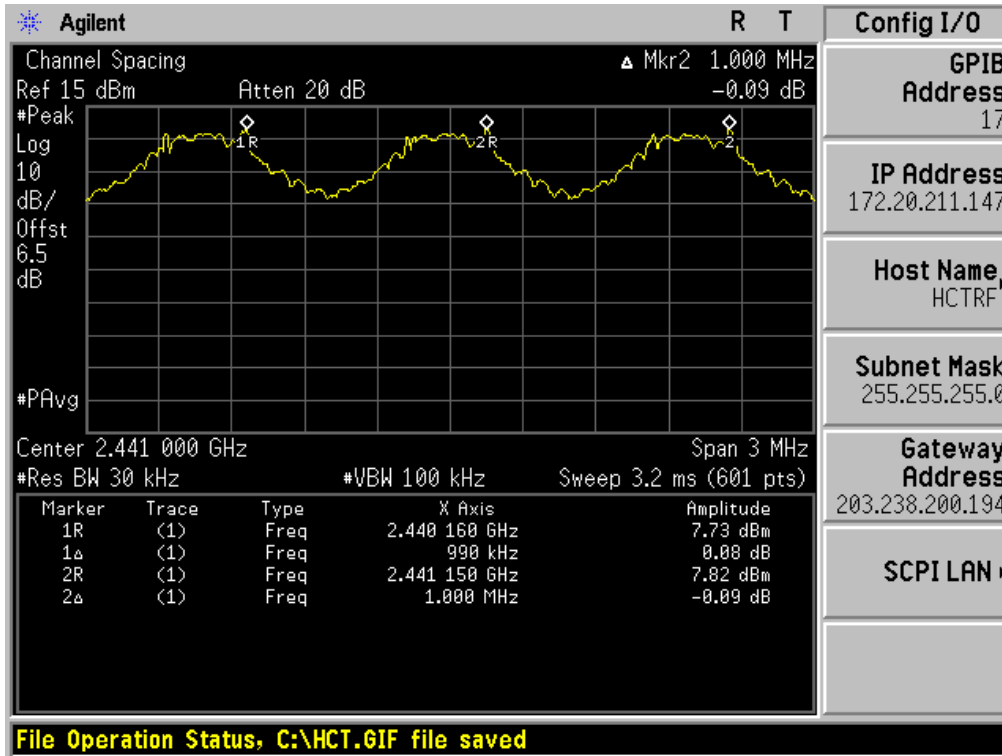
Channel Separation (kHz)			20dB Bandwidth (kHz)				Limit (kHz)	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK		
990	995	995	Low CH	942.4	1310.0	1340.0	>25 or >2/3 of the 20dB BW	Pass
			Middle CH	943.2	1322.0	1338.0		
			High CH	962.8	1320.0	1339.0		

Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

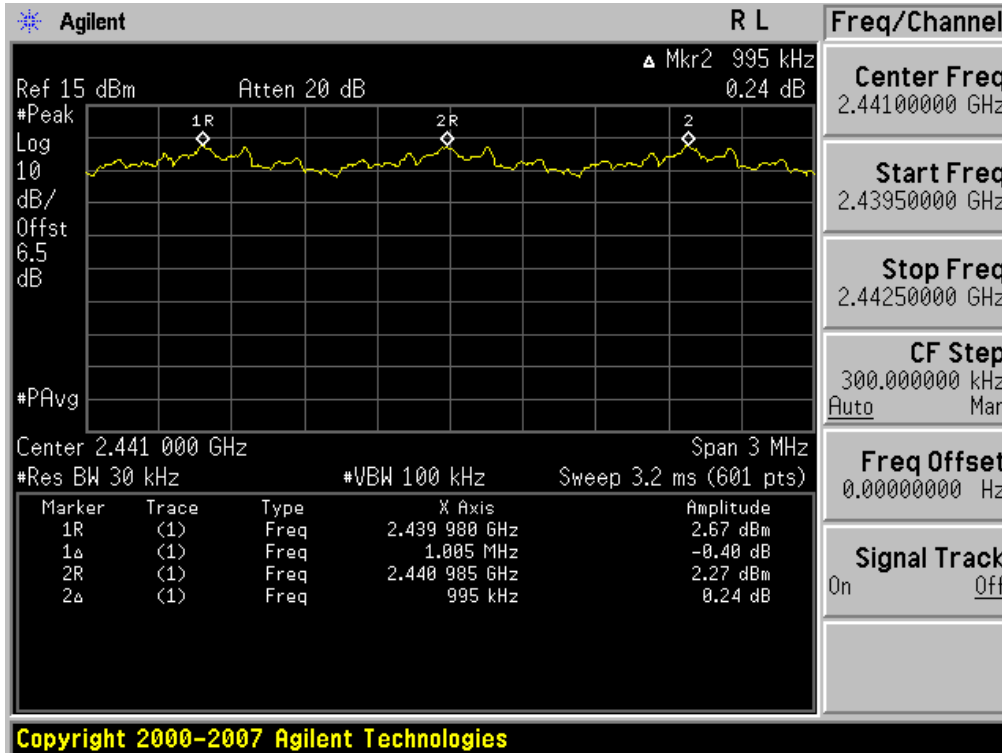
99% BW (kHz)			
Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
Low CH	891.8	1201.3	1201.2
Middle CH	898.5	1203.0	1199.2
High CH	895.7	1200.5	1197.7

Note : We can not know what use channel in AFH mode. So, we can not test in AFH mode. Also, if the test performs some channel in AFH mode, the test result is not different with normal mode.

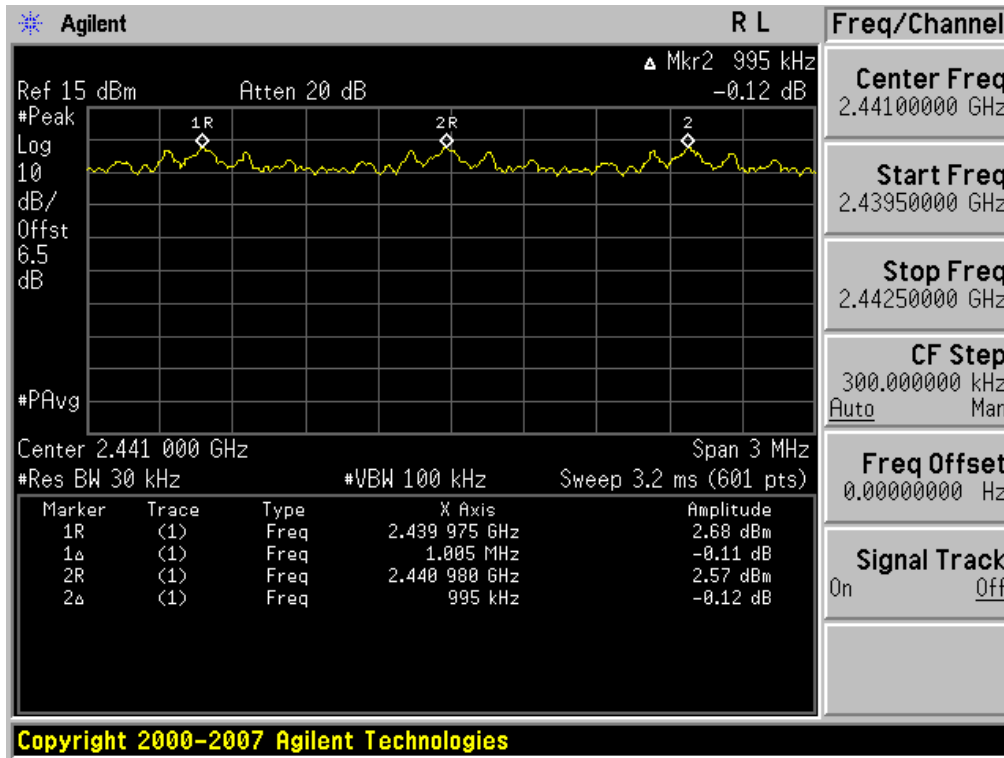
Test Plots (GFSK)
Channel Separation



Test Plots (8DPSK)
Channel Separation

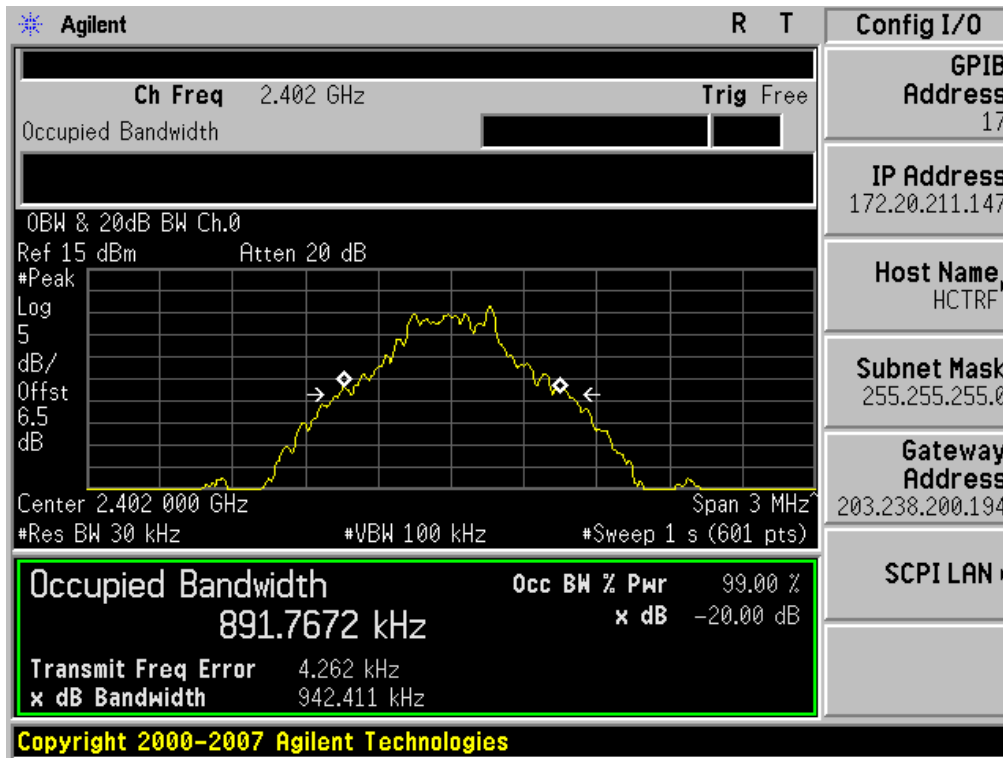


Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Channel Separation



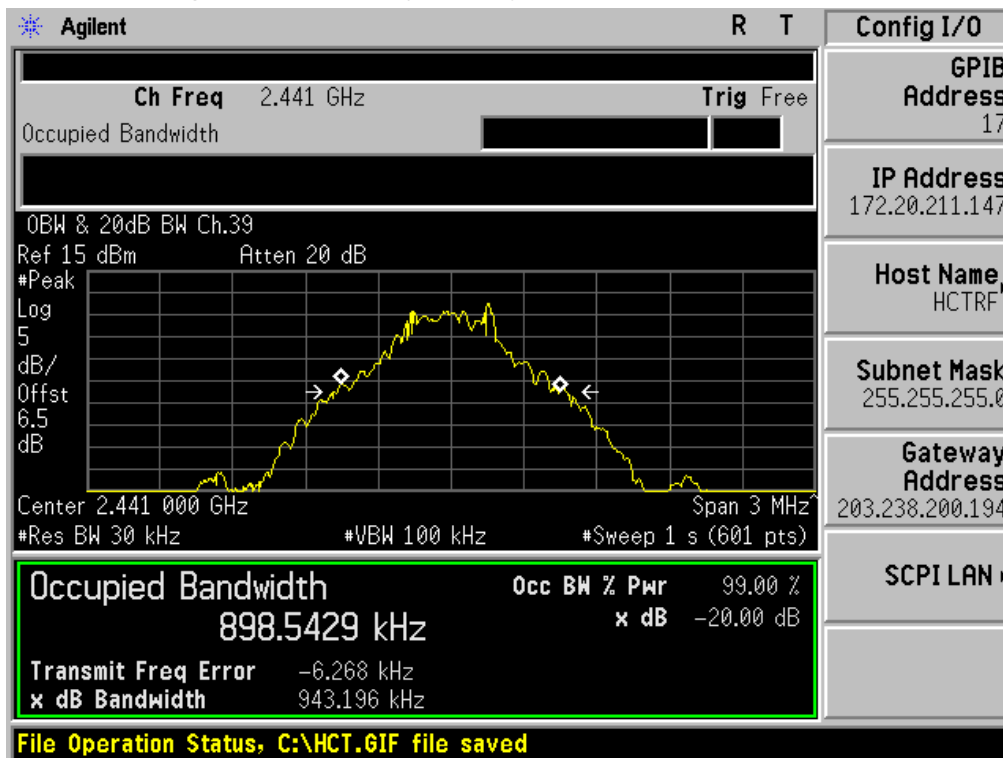
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)



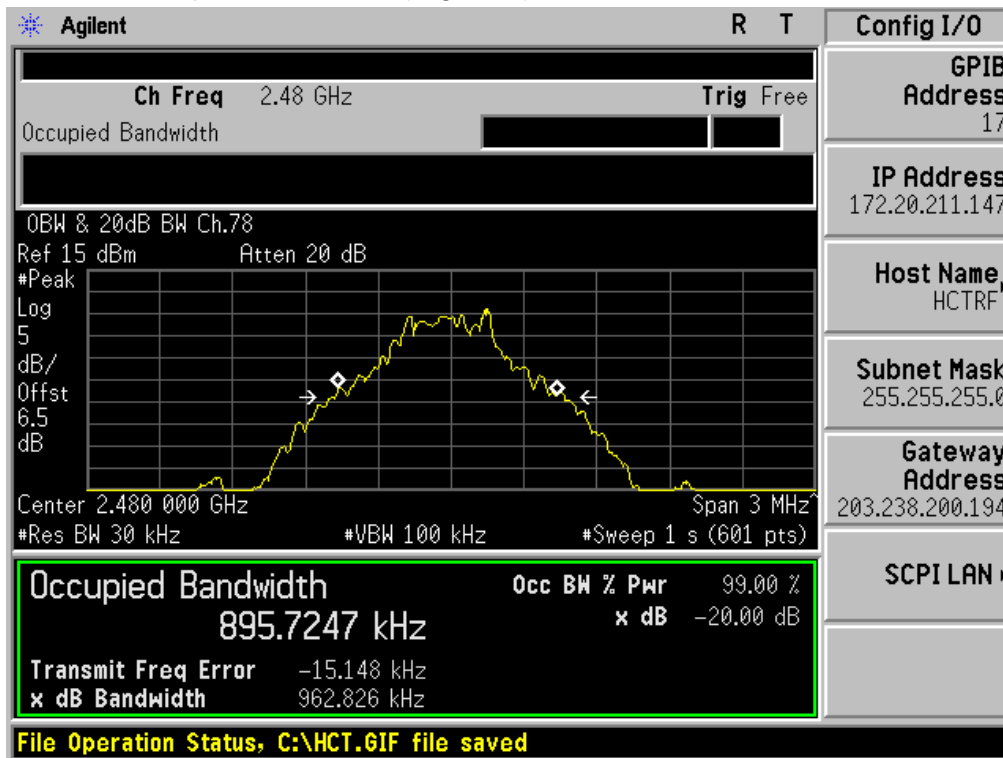
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



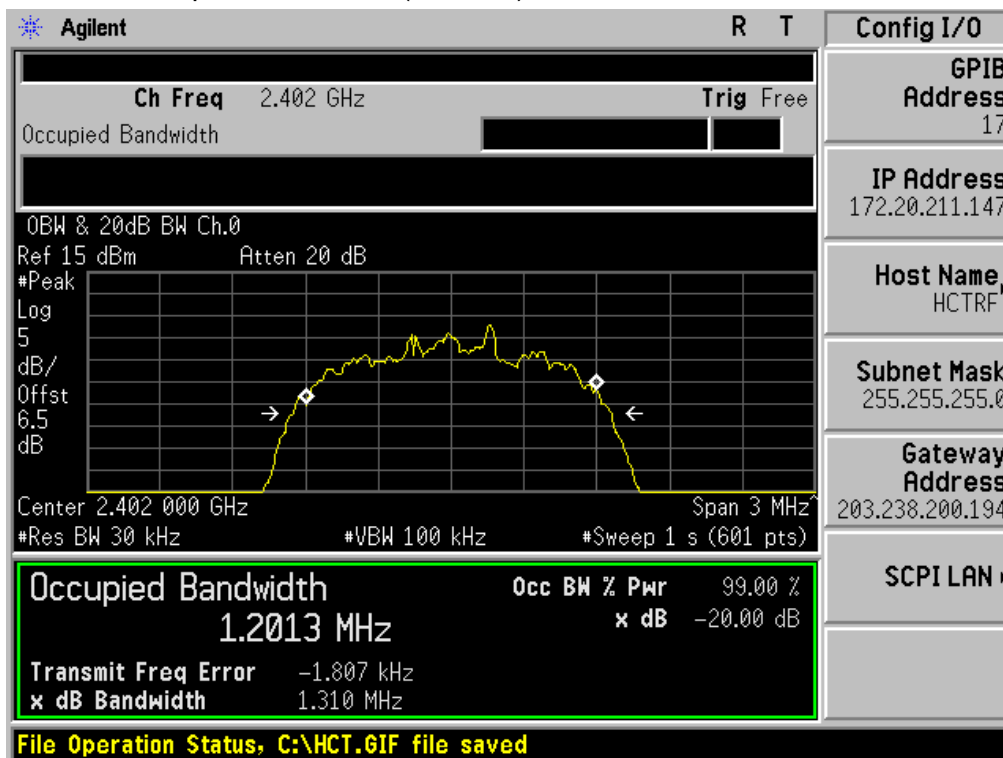
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)

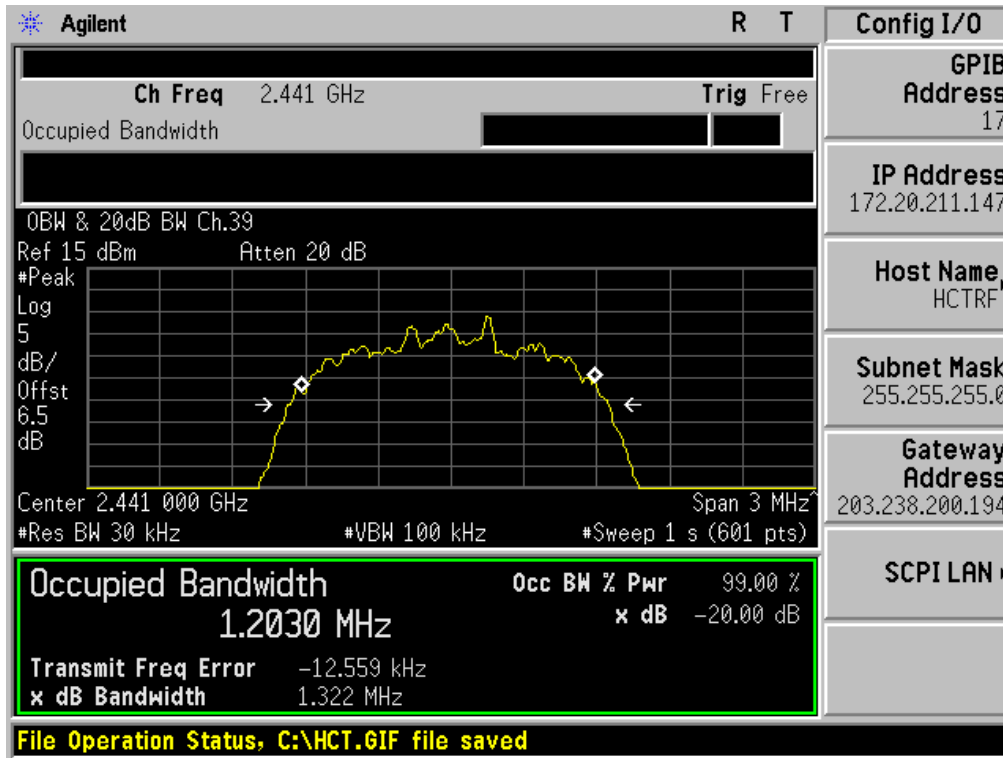


Test Plots (8DPSK)

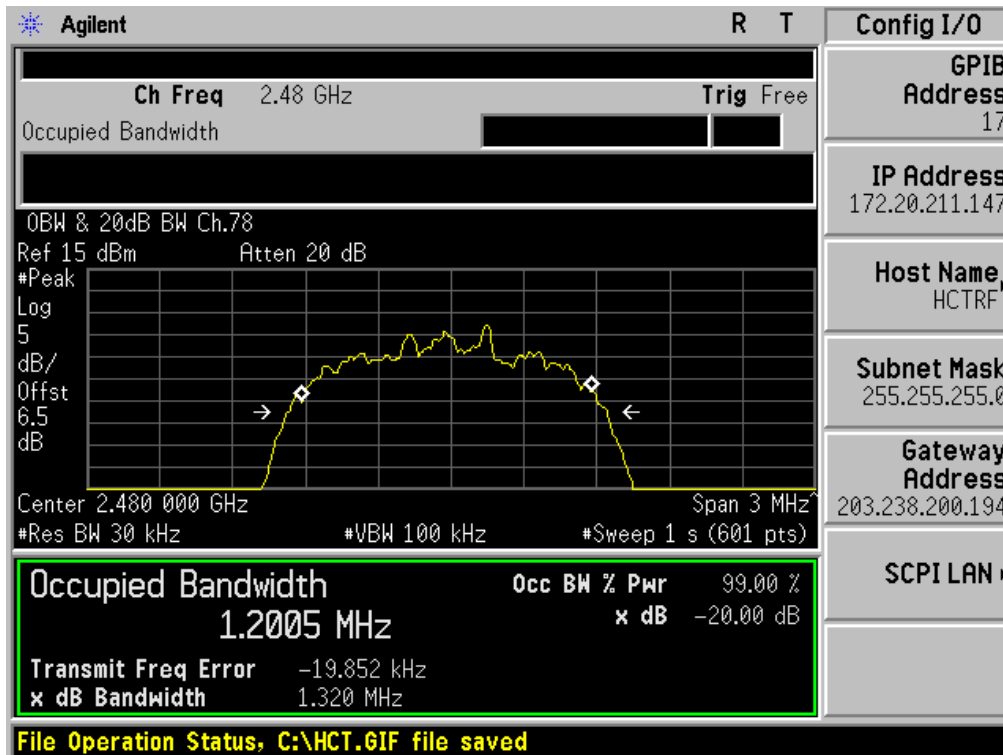
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)



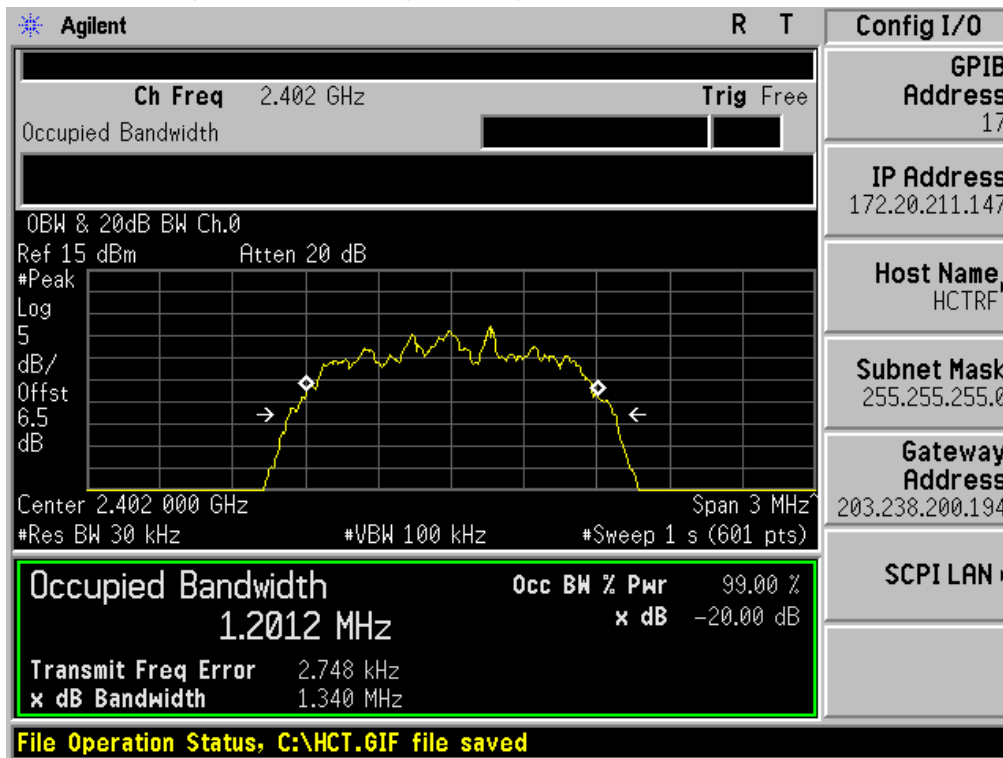
Test Plots (8DPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



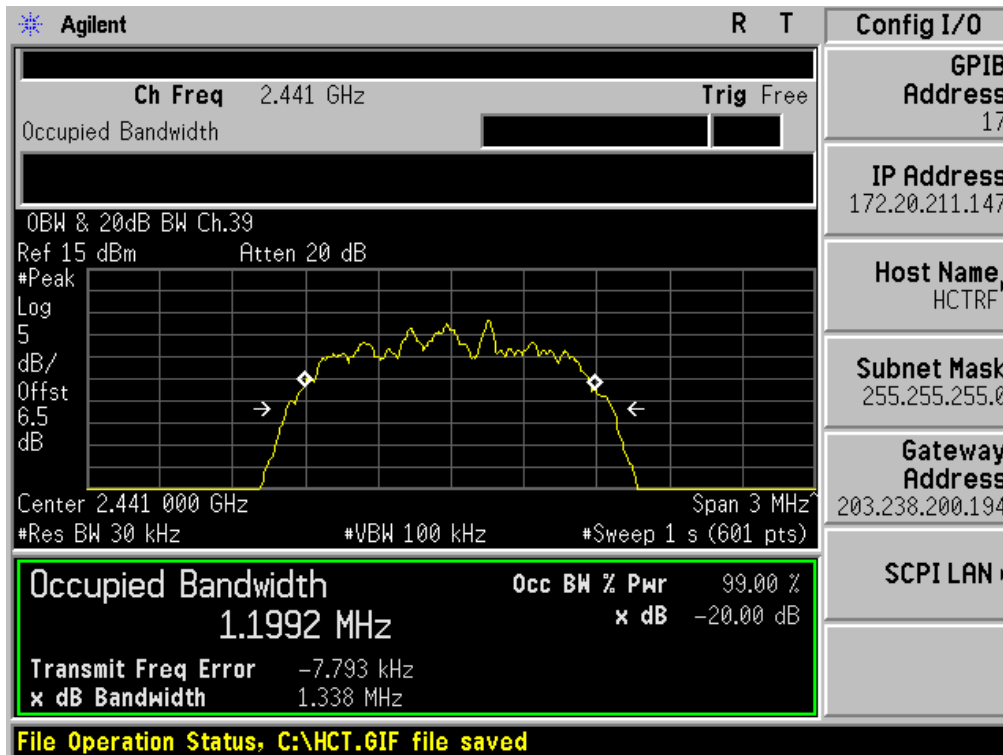
Test Plots (8DPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)

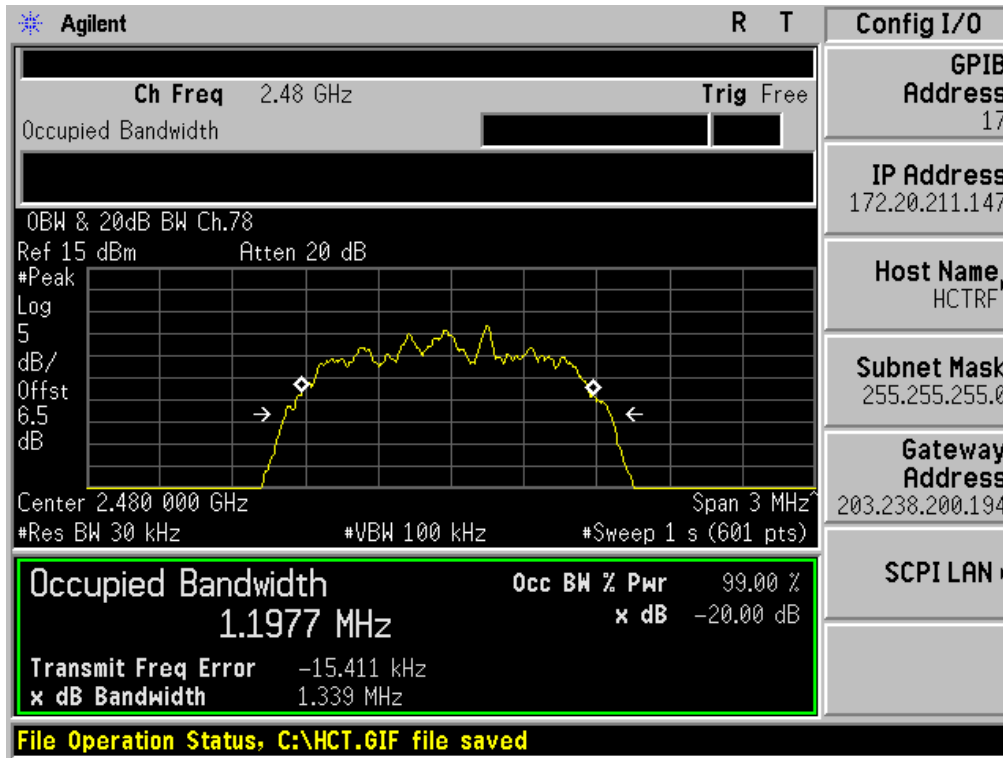


Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)

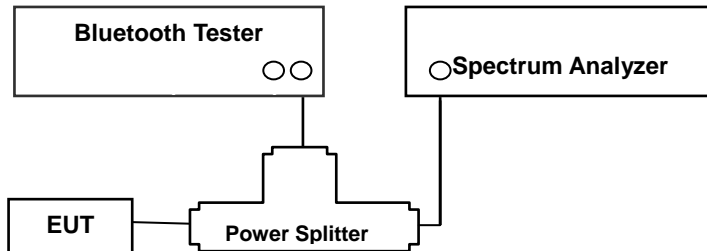


8.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = the frequency band of operation

RBW ≥ 1% of the span

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The trace was allowed to stabilize.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

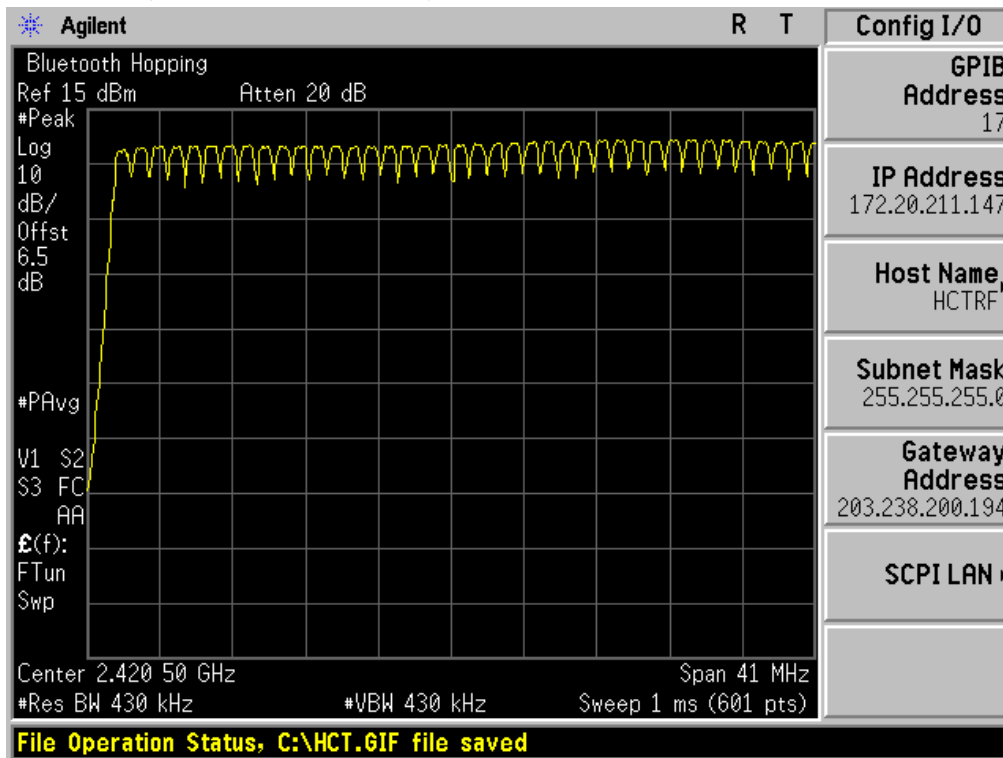
Test Data

Result (No. of CH)			Limit	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK		
79	79	79	>15	Pass

Note : In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.

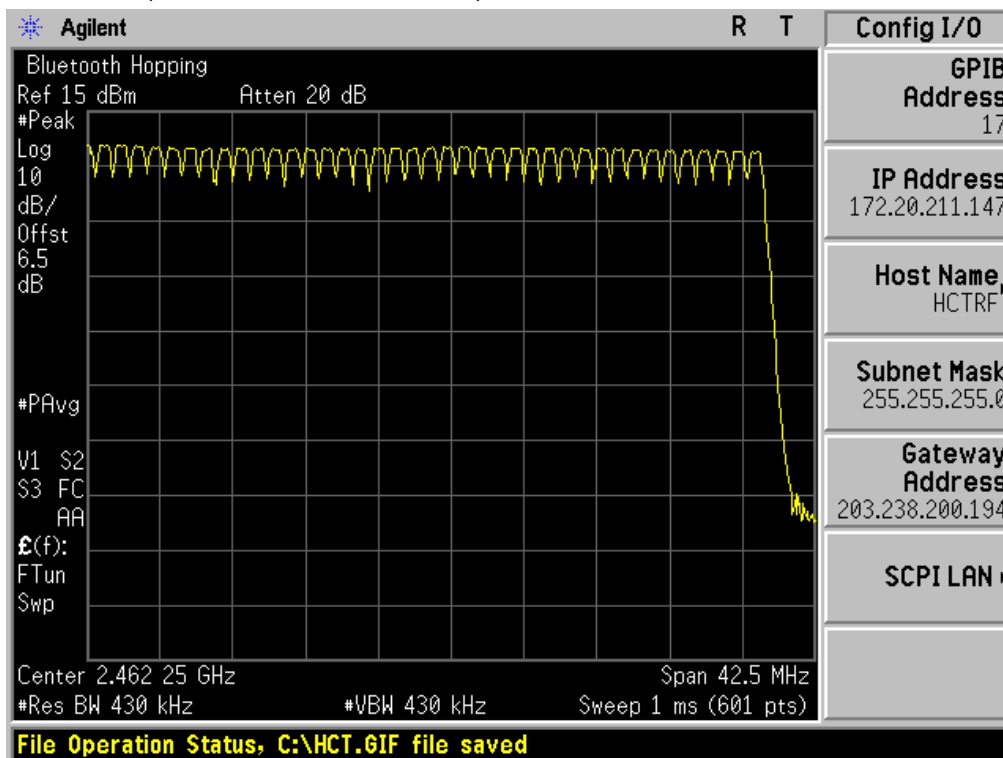
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



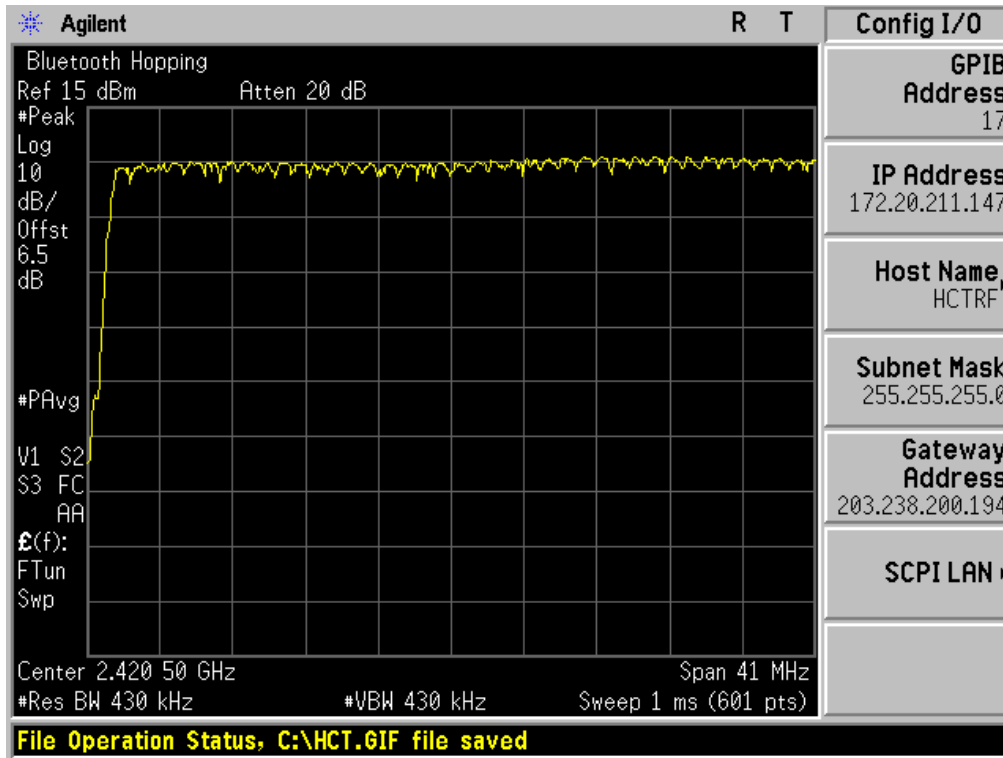
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



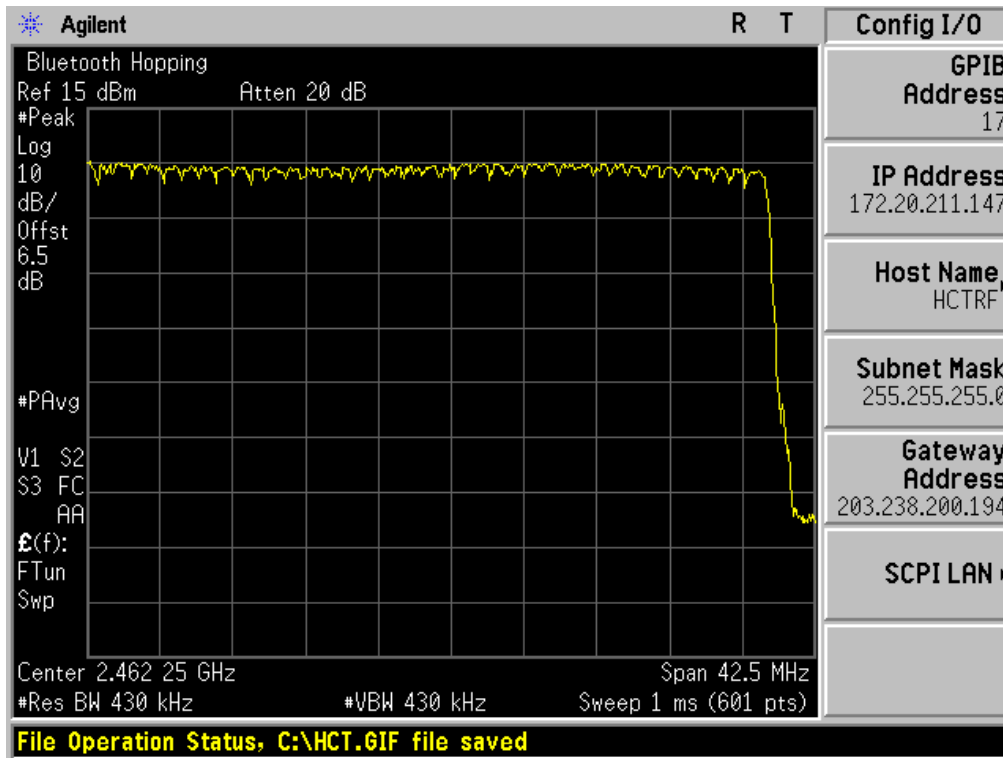
Test Plots (8DPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



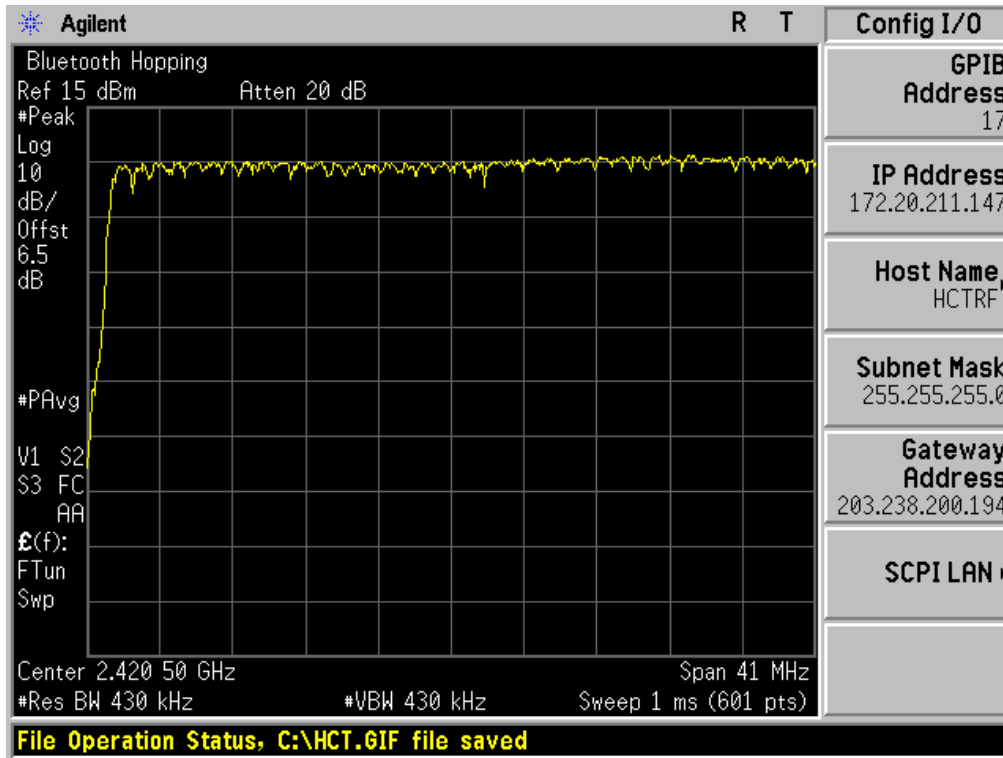
Test Plots (8DPSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



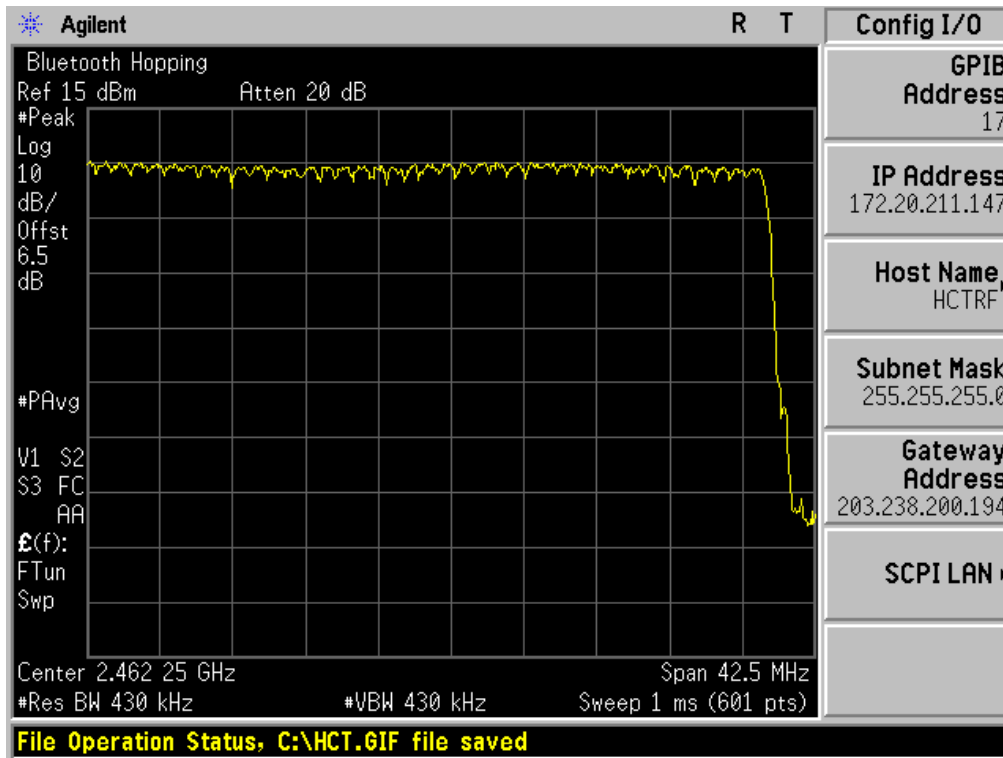
Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)

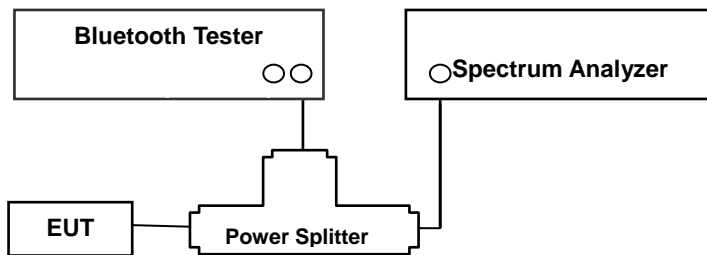


8.5 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off.

EUT was set to transmit the longest packet type (DH5)

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = Zero span, Centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.

Normal Mode / EDR Mode

$$2.883 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 307.52 \text{ (ms)}$$

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

$$\text{CH Mid : } 2.892 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.48 \text{ (ms)}$$

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

$$\text{CH Mid : } 2.883 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 307.52 \text{ (ms)}$$

AFH Mode

DH 5(The longest packet type for GFSK)

$$\text{CH Mid : } 2.883 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 153.76 \text{ (ms)}$$

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

$$\text{CH Mid : } 2.892 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.24 \text{ (ms)}$$

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

CH Mid : $2.883 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 153.76$ (ms)

Note :

A DH5 Packet need 5 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 hops per second with 79 channels. So the system have each channel 3.3755 times per second and so for 31.6 seconds the system have 106.7 times of appearance.

Each tx-time per appearance of DH5 is 2.892 ms.

Dwell time = Tx-time * 106.7

TEST RESULTS

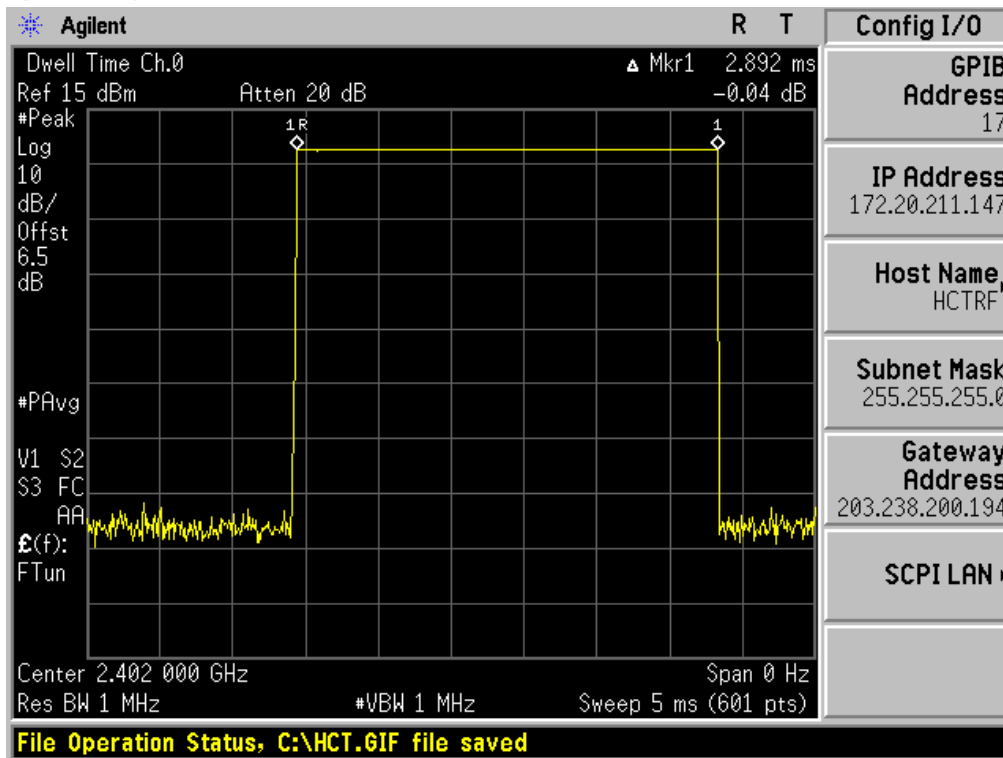
See the table.

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
Pulse Time (ms)	Low	2.892	2.892	2.892
	Mid	2.883	2.892	2.883
	High	2.883	2.892	2.883

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)	Result
Total of Dwell (ms)	Low	308.48	308.48	308.48	31.6	400	PASS
	Mid	307.52	308.48	307.52	31.6		PASS
	High	307.52	308.48	307.52	31.6		PASS

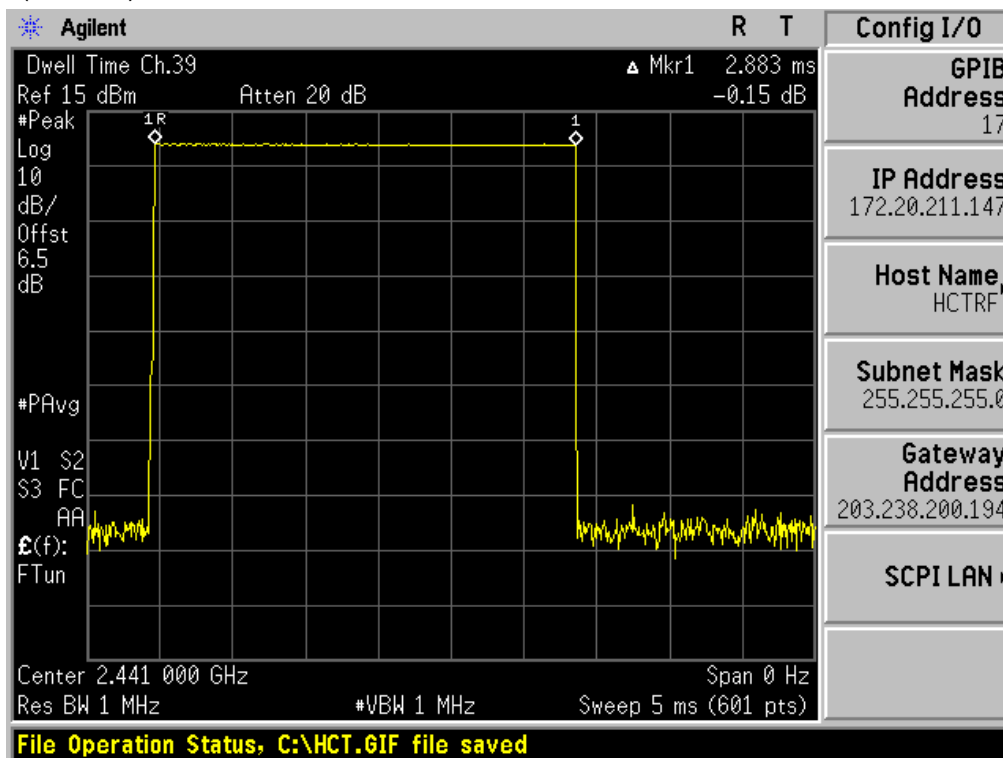
Test Plots (GFSK)

Dwell Time (Low-CH)

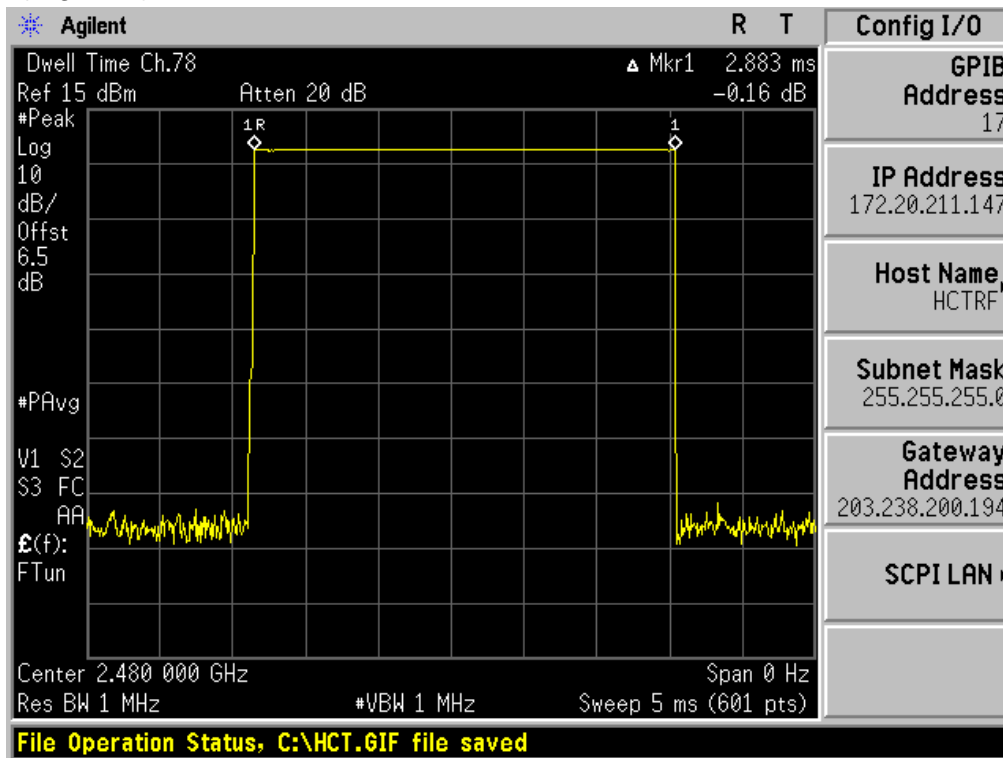


Test Plots (GFSK)

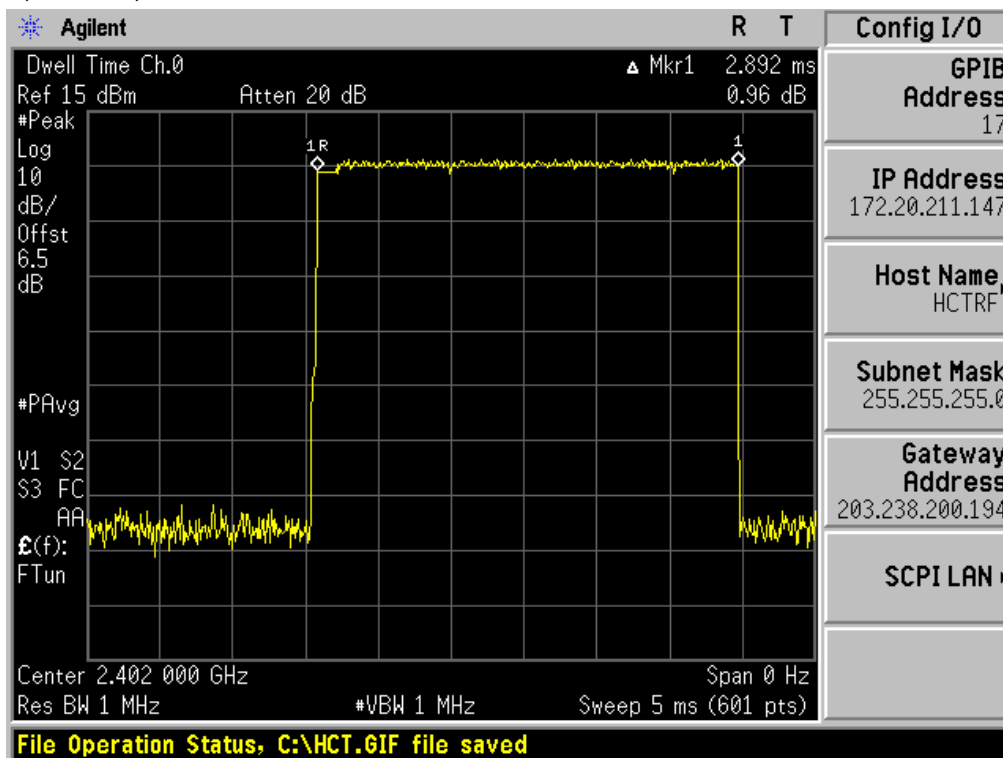
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



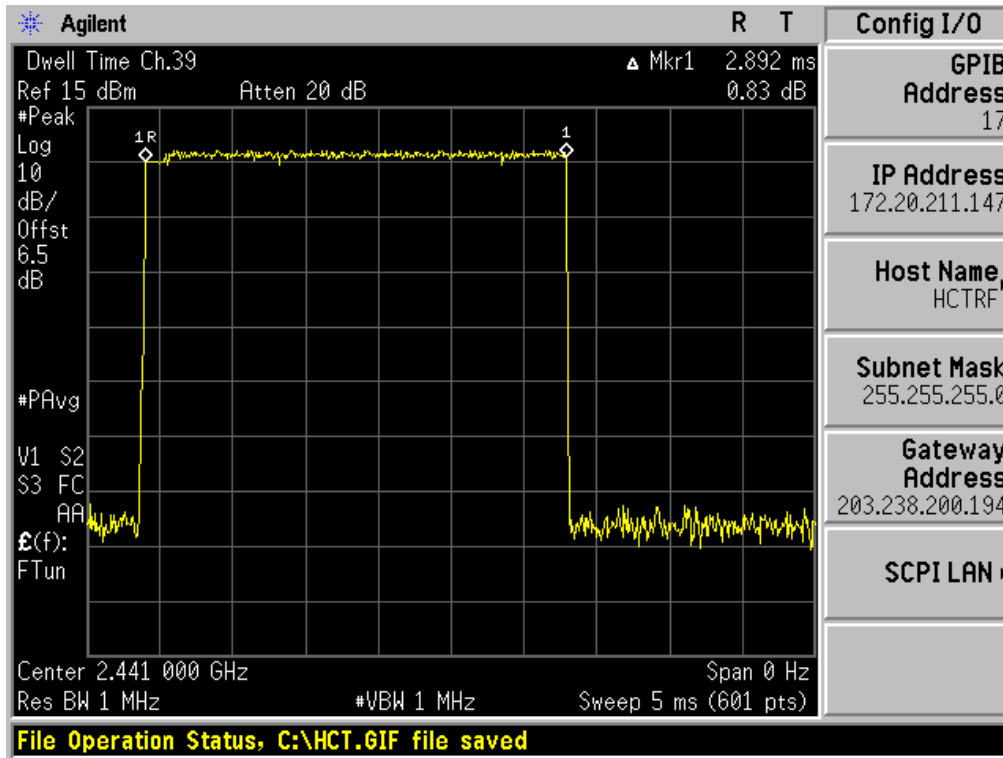
Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (High-CH)



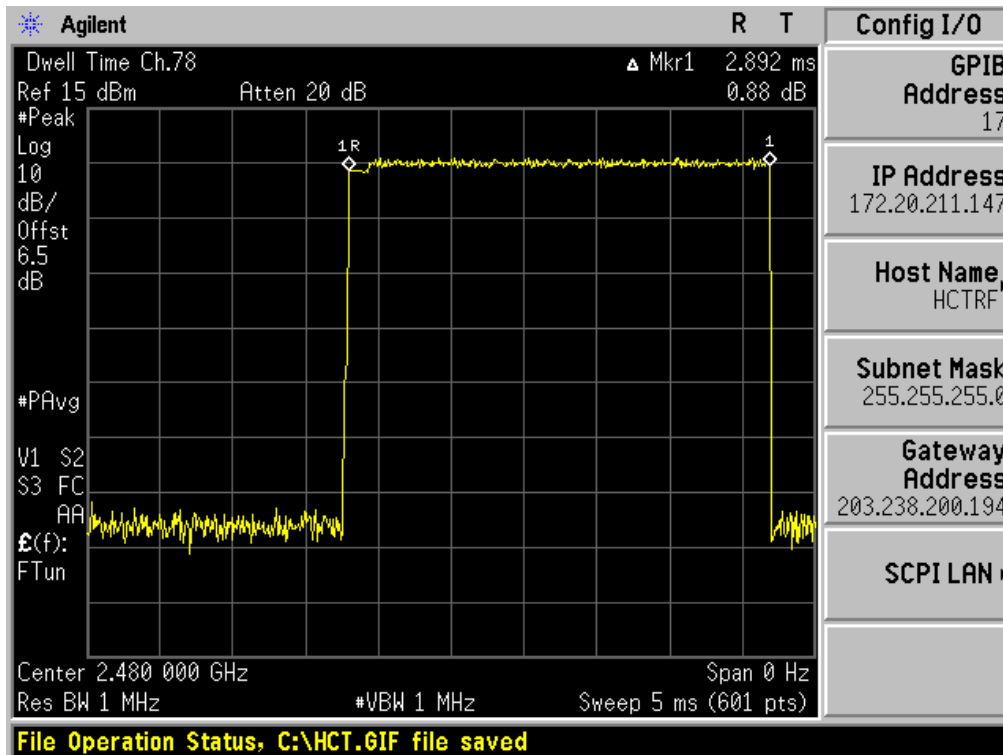
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (Low-CH)



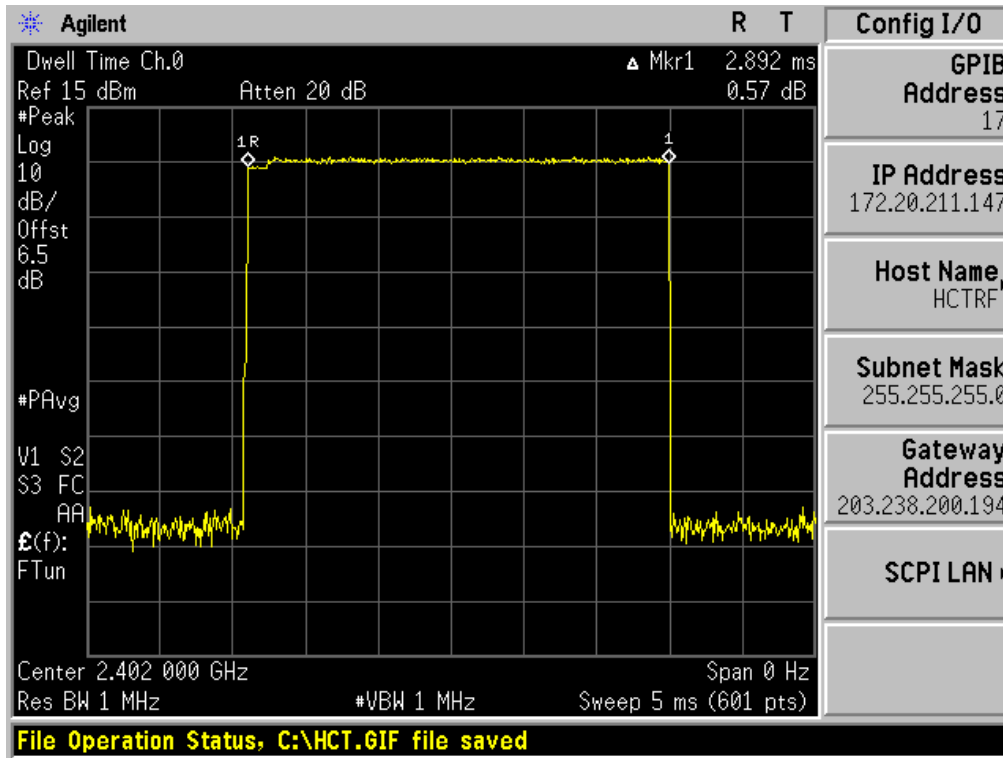
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



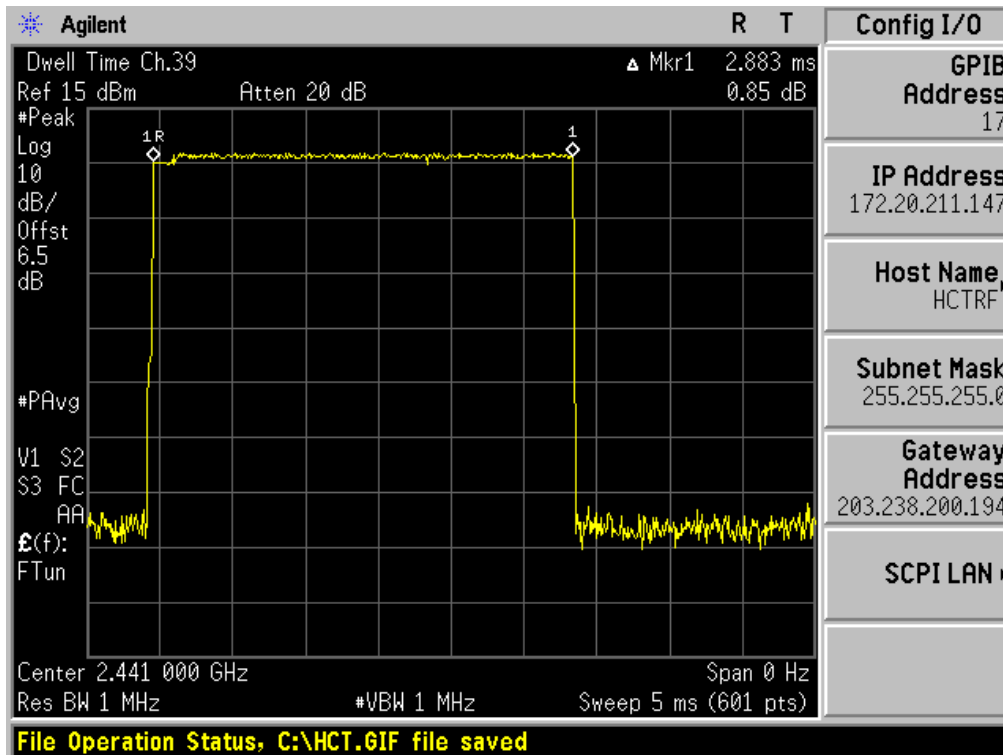
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (High-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Dwell Time (Low-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Dwell Time (High-CH)

