

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN:726

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: September 19, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
SN: 7349	29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	May-20
SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
Name	Function	Signature
Manu Seitz	Laboratory Technician	Mily
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	da
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name Manu Seitz	SN: 104778 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) SN: 103244 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) SN: 103245 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) SN: 7349 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) SN: 601 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) ID # Check Date (in house) SN: GB39512475 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) SN: MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) Name Function Manu Seitz Laboratory Technician

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19

Page 1 of 8

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: September 19, 2019



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.7 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.7 \Omega + 4.2 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.3 \Omega + 6.9 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Floatideal Below (see adjustice)	4.04
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.09.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:726

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

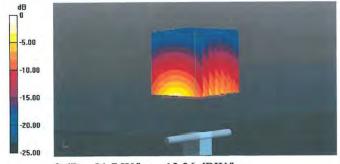
Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 115.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg

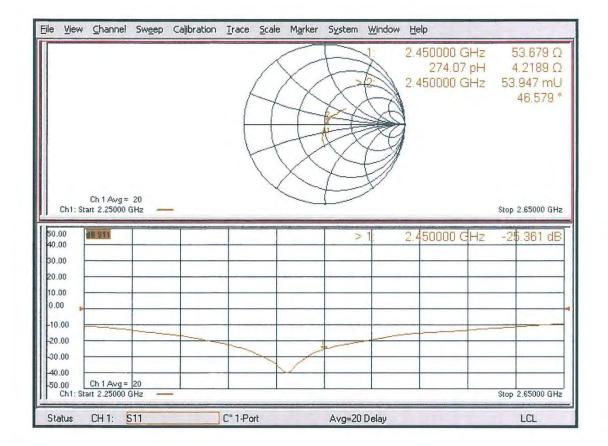
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.09.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:726

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.04 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

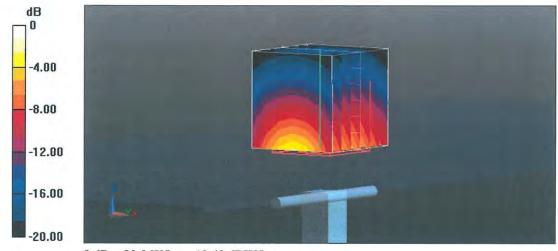
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg

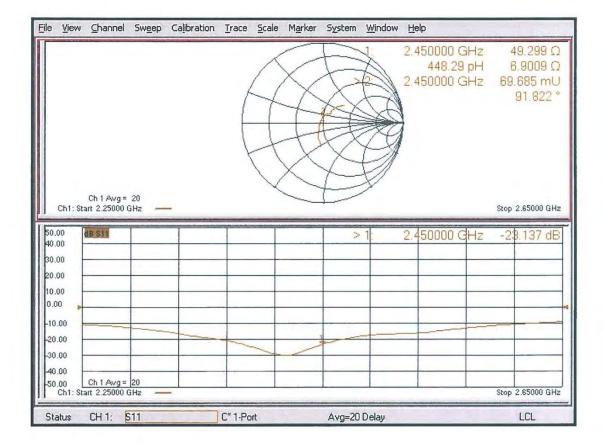


0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-726_Sep19



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103 Feb20

Object	D2600V2 - SN:1	103	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz		
Calibration date:	February 20, 202	20	
		onal standards, which realize the physical unitrobability are given on the following pages and	
All calibrations have been conducted	ed in the closed laborator	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	ID # SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-20
Primary Standards	ID#		
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	ID# SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20 Apr-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 Signature
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	ID# SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID# SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Service suisse d etatorinage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- iEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 Ω - 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.147 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1103

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.03 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 121.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

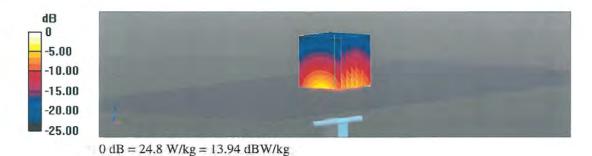
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.52 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

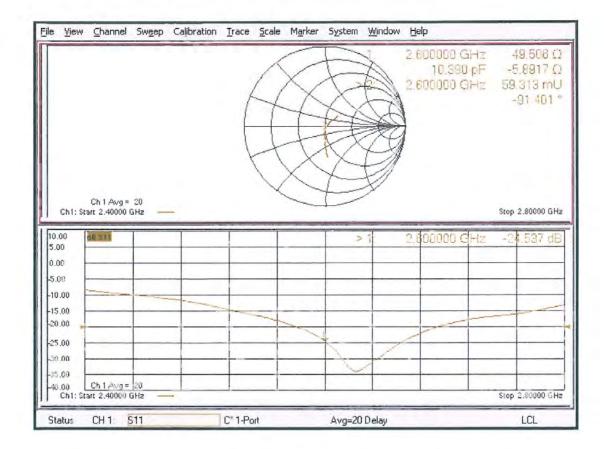
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.8 W/kg





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1103

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.21 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019

· Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.3 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

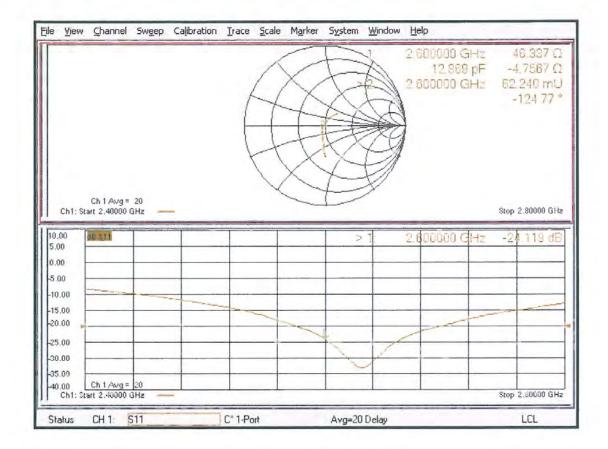
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg





Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212 Feb20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1212

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v4

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: February 27, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19)	Dec-20
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	H.WeSes
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ally
			Issued: February 27, 2020

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 2 of 16

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were appropriate	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and earloananes were approximately	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and calculations were appli	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.78 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	86.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and calculations were appro-	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and calculations were appri	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.08 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.7 ± 6 %	5.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.27 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 4.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 36.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω + 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω + 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20



Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω - 2.2 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 31.6 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.9 \Omega + 0.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 33.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5 Ω + 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4 Ω + 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.189 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 10 of 16



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 35.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$,

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.57$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.88$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.08$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 79.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 11 of 16



Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 75.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

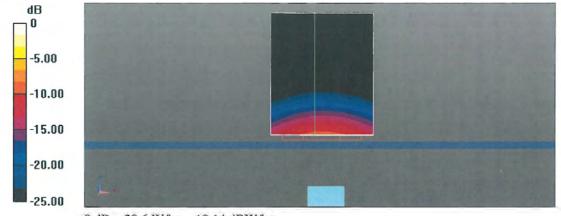
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65%

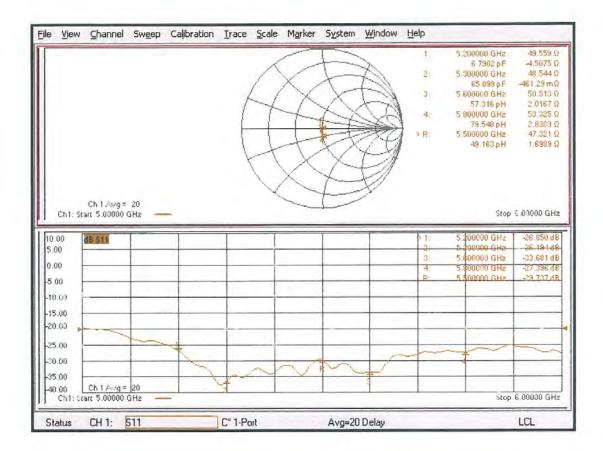
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.45$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.59$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$,

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.27 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.23, 5.23) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 14 of 16



Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

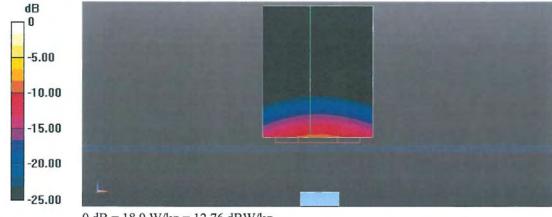
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.7%

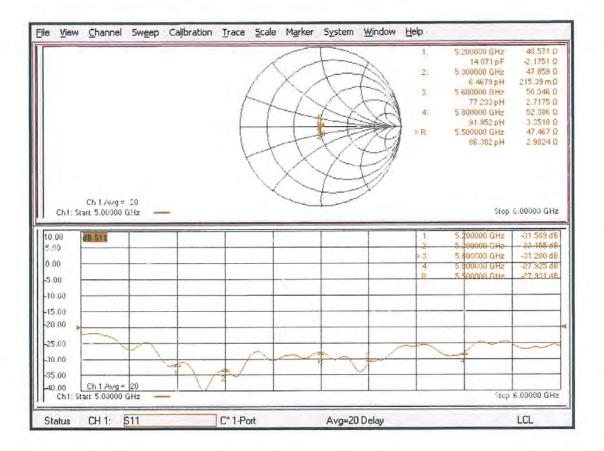
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue

Table C.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)							
(% by weight)	835		1900		2 450		5 200 ~ 5 800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00
Salt (NaCl)	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-
Sugar	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bactericide	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-
DGBE	-	-	44.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-		20.00
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-

Salt: 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 % Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether



Table C.2 HSL/MSL750 (Head and Body liquids for 700 - 800 MHz)

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL750		
item	Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL750		
Type No	SL AAH 075, SL AAM 075		
Manufacturer	SPEAG		
The item is composed of the following ingredients:			
H ² O	Water, 35 – 58%		
Sucrose	Sucrose, 40 – 60%		
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6%		
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), < 0.3%		
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1 – 0.6%		

Table C.3 HSL/MSL1750 (Head and Body liquids for 1 700 – 1 800 MHz)

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1750	
item	Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1750	
Type No	SL AAH 175, SL AAM 175	
Manufacturer	SPEAG	
The item is composed of the following ingredients:		
H ² O	Water, 52 – 75%	
C8H18O3	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48%	
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, < 1.0%	



APPENDIX D. - SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table D.1 SAR System Validation Summary

SAR	Freq.	Date	Probe	Probe	Droho C	Al Daint	PERM.	COND.		CW Validation	on	МО	D. Validatio	n
System	[MHz]	Date	SN	Type	Probe C/	AL. Point	(Er)	(σ)	Sensi- tivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isortopy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
E	750	19.09.02	3327	ES3DV3	750	Head	41.024	0.867	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
E	835	19.12.16	7337	EX3DV4	835	Head	41.699	0.912	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
С	1 800	2020.04.13	3328	ES3DV3	1800	Head	40.033	1.393	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
D	1 900	19.10.07	3933	EX3DV4	1900	Head	38.874	1.345	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
F	2 450	20.06.15	3866	EX3DV4	2450	Head	39.292	1.826	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
F	2 600	20.06.16	3866	EX3DV4	2600	Head	38.118	1.906	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
F	5 200	20.06.17	3866	EX3DV4	5200	Head	35.114	4.579	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
F	5 300	20.06.17	3866	EX3DV4	5300	Head	36.168	4.744	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
F	5 500	20.06.18	3866	EX3DV4	5500	Head	35.076	4.938	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
F	5 600	20.06.18	3866	EX3DV4	5600	Head	35.021	5.035	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
F	5 800	20.06.18	3866	EX3DV4	5800	Head	34.756	5.253	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
E	750	19.09.02	3327	ES3DV3	750	Body	55.654	0.969	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
E	835	19.12.16	7337	EX3DV4	835	Body	55.192	0.990	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
С	1 800	2020.04.13	3328	ES3DV3	1800	Body	51.714	1.534	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
D	1 900	19.10.07	3933	EX3DV4	1900	Body	51.660	1.552	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
F	2 450	20.06.15	3866	EX3DV4	2450	Body	52.978	1.983	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
F	2 600	20.06.16	3866	EX3DV4	2600	Body	52.797	2.163	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
В	5 200	20.05.15	3916	EX3DV4	5200	Body	48.917	5.329	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
В	5 300	20.05.18	3916	EX3DV4	5300	Body	48.394	5.546	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
В	5 500	20.05.19	3916	EX3DV4	5500	Body	48.073	5.801	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
В	5 600	20.05.20	3916	EX3DV4	5600	Body	47.861	5.932	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
В	5 800	20.05.21	3916	EX3DV4	5800	Body	47.530	6.153	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

APPENDIX E. – Downlink LTE CA RF Conducted Powers

SAR test exclusion for LTE downlink Carrier Aggregation is determined by power measurements according to the number of component carriers (CCs) supported by the product implementation. Per April 2018 TCBC Workshop Notes, the following test reduction methodology was applied to determine the combinations required for conducted power measurements.

LTE DL CA Test Reduction Methodology:

(1) Test supported combinations were arranged by the number of component carriers in columns.

E.1 LTE Downlink Only Carrier Aggregation Test Reduction Methodology

- (2) Any limitations on the PCC or SCC for each combination were identified alongside the combination (e.g. CA_2A-4A-12A, but B12 can only be configured as a SCC).
- (3) Power measurements were performed for "supersets" (LTE CA combinations with multiple components carriers) and any "subsets" (LTE CA combinations with fewer component carriers) that were not completely covered by the supersets.
- (4) Only subsets that have the exact same components as a superset were excluded for measurement.
- (5) When there were certain restrictions on component carriers that existed in the superset that were not applied for the subset, the subset configuration was additionally evaluated.
- (6) Both inter-band and intra-band downlink carrier aggregation scenarios were considered.

Index	2CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset		Index	3CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset	Index	4CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset	Index	5CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2C		3CC #7		3CC#1	CA_2A-2A-4A		4CC #1	4CC #1	CA 2A-2A-4A-4A		No	5CC #1	CA 2A-2A-46D	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #2	CA_2A-2A		4CC#1		3CC #2	CA 2A-2A-5A		4CC #2	4CC #2	CA_2A-2A-4A-5A		No	5CC #2	CA_2A-5B-30A-66A		No
2CC #3	CA 2A-4A (2)		4CC#1		3CC #3	CA 2A-2A-12A		No	4CC #3	CA 2A-2A-4A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CC #3	CA 2A-5B-66A-66A		No
2CC #4	CA 2A-5A		4CC #2		3CC #4	CA 2A-2A-13A		4CC #8	4CC #4	CA 2A-2A-5A-30A		No	5CC #4	CA 2A-46D-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #5	CA 2A-7A		4CC #16		3CC #5	CA 2A-2A-29A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #9	4CC #5	CA 2A-2A-5A-66A		No	5CC #5	CA 2A-46A-46C-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #6	CA 2A-12A(1)		3CC#3		3CC#6	CA 2A-2A-30A		4CC #9	4CC #6	CA 2A-2A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CC #6	CA 41C-41D		No
2CC #7	CA 2A-13A		4CC #31	Г	3CC #7	CA_2C-66A		No	4CC #7	CA 2A-2A-12A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CC #7	CA_46D-66A-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #8	CA 2A-14A		3CC #27	Г	3CC#8	CA 2A-2A-66A		4CC #7	4CC #8	CA 2A-2A-13A-66A		No	5CC #8			
2CC #9	CA 2A-17A		No		3CC #9	CA 2A-2A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	4CC #9	CA 2A-2A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	5CA 9			
2CC #10	CA 2A-29A(2)	B29 SCC Only	4CC#9		3CC#10	CA 2A-4A-4A		4CC #1	4CC #10	CA 2A-2A-66A-66A		No	5CA 10			
2CC #11	CA 2A-30A		4CC#9		3CC#11	CA 2A-4A-5A		4CC #2	4CC #11	CA 2A-4A-4A-5A		No	5CA 11			
2CC #12	CA 2A-46A	B46 SCC Only	5CC#5	Г	3CC #12	CA 2A-4A-7A		4CC #16	4CC #12	CA 2A-4A-4A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 12			
2CC #13	CA 2A-66A		5CC #2		3CC #13	CA 2A-4A-12A		No	4CC #13	CA 2A-4A-5B		No	5CA 13			
2CC #14	CA 2A-71A	B71 SCC Only	3CC #17		3CC #14	CA 2A-4A-13A		No	4CC #14	CA 2A-4A-5A-30A		No	5CA 14			
2CC #15	CA 4A-4A		4CC#1	П	3CC #15	CA 2A-4A-29A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #20	4CC #15	CA 2A-4A-7C		No	5CA 15			
2CC #16	CA 4A-5A(1)		4CC #2	П	3CC #16	CA 2A-4A-30A		4CC #19	4CC #16	CA 2A-4A-7A-7A		No	5CA 16			
2CC #17	CA 4A-7A(1)		4CC#16	П	3CC #17	CA 2A-4A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	4CC #17	CA 2A-4A-7A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 17			
2CC #18	CA 4A-12A(2)		4CC#3	Г	3CC #18	CA 2A-5B		4CC #13	4CC #18	CA 2A-4A-12B	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 18			
2CC #19	CA 4A-13A		3CC#14	П	3CC #19	CA 2A-5A-30A		4CC #23	11111	CA 2A-4A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 19			
2CC #20	CA 4A-17A	B17 SCC Only	No		3CC #20	CA 2A-5A-66A		4CC #23	4CC #20	CA 2A-4A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	5CA 20			
2CC #21	CA 4A-29A(2)	B29 SCC Only	4CC #20		3CC #21	CA 2A-7A-7A		4CC #16		CA 2A-5B-30A		5CC #2	5CA 21			
2CC #22	CA 4A-30A		4CC #19	Г	3CC #22	CA 2A-7A-12A		No	4CC #22	CA 2A-5B-66A		5CC #3	5CA 22			
2CC #23	CA 4A-46A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #42	Г	3CC #23	CA 2A-12B		No	4CC #23	CA 2A-5A-30A-66A		No	5CA 23			
2CC #24	CA 4A-71A	B71 SCC Only	3CC #43	Г	3CC #24	CA 2A-12A-30A		No	4CC #24	CA 2A-5A-66B		No	5CA 24			
2CC #25	CA 5B	·	5CC #2	Г	3CC #25	CA 2A-12A-66A		No	4CC #25	CA 2A-5A-66C		No	5CA 25			
2CC #26	CA 5A-25A		No		3CC #26	CA 2A-13A-66A		4CC #31	4CC #26	CA 2A-5A-66A-66A		No	5CA 26			
2CC #27	CA 5A-30A		4CC #23		3CC #27	CA 2A-14A-30A		No	4CC #27	CA 2A-12A-30A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 27			
2CC #28	CA 5A-66A		4CC #23	Г	3CC #28	CA 2A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #9	4CC #28	CA 2A-12A-66A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA 28			
2CC #29	CA 7A-7A(1)		4CC #16	Г	3CC #29	CA 2A-30A-66A		4CC #23	4CC #29	CA 2A-13A-66B		No	5CA 29			
2CC #30	CA 7A-12A		3CC #22	Н	3CC #30	CA 2A-46C	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	4CC #30	CA 2A-13A-66C		No	5CA 30			
2CC #31	CA 7A-46A(1)	B46 SCC Only	No		3CC #31	CA 2A-46A-46A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #34	4CC #31	CA 2A-13A-66A-66A		No	5CA 31			
2CC #32	CA 12B		3CC #23		3CC#32	CA 2A-46A-66A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #34		CA 2A-46D	B46 SCC Only	5CC #1	5CA 32			
2CC #32	CA 12A-25A		No	Н	3CC #32	CA 2A-66B		4CC #24	4CC #32	CA 2A-46A-46C	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	5CA_32			
2CC #34	CA 12A-23A		4CC#4		3CC #34	CA 2A-66C		4CC #25	4CC #34	CA 2A-46A-46A-66A	B46 SCC Only	No	5CA_33			
2CC #34 2CC #35	CA 12A-50A		3CC #25	Т	3CC #35	CA 2A-66A-66A		4CC #26		CA 2A-46C-66A	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	5CA_34	1		
2CC #35	CA 13A-46A	B46 SCC Only	No		3CC #36	CA 2A-66A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	4CC #36	CA 4A-4A-5B		No	5CA 36			
2CC #36 2CC #37	CA 13A-46A	,	4CC#8		3CC #36	CA 4A-4A-5A		4CC #37	4CC #36	CA 4A-4A-5B		No	5CA 36			
2CC #37	CA 14A-30A		3CC #27	H	3CC #38	CA 4A-4A-7A(1)		No	4CC #38	CA 4A-4A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	5CA_37		1	
2CC #38 2CC #39			3CC #66	۲	3CC #38 3CC #39			4CC #38	4CC #38	CA 4A-4A-12A-30A CA 4A-4A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	5CA 39			<u> </u>
2CC #39 2CC #40	CA 14A-66A CA 25A-25A(1)		4CC #49	H	3CC #39	CA 4A-4A-12A CA 4A-4A-13A		No No	11111	CA 4A-4A-29A-30A CA 4A-5B-30A	and accomp	No	5CA 40		-	

Table E.1.1 Example of Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA



E.2 LTE Downlink Only Carrier Aggregation Test Selection and Setup

SAR test exclusion for LTE downlink Carrier Aggregation is determined by power measurements according to the number of component carriers (CCs) supported by the product implementation. For those configurations required by April 2018 TCBC Workshop Notes, conducted power measurements with LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) (downlink only) active are made in accordance to KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02. The RRC connection is only handled by one cell, the primary component carrier (PCC) for downlink and uplink communications. After making a data connection to the PCC, the UE device adds secondary component carrier(s) (SCC) on the downlink only. All uplink communications and acknowledgements remain identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive on the PCC. Additional conducted output powers are measured with the downlink carrier aggregation active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no SAR measurements are required for carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

General PCC and SCC configuration selection procedure

PCC uplink channel, channel bandwidth, modulation and RB configurations were selected based on section C)3)b)ii) of KDB 941225 D05v01r02. The downlink PCC channel was paired with the selected PCC uplink channel according to normal configurations without carrier aggregation.

To maximize aggregation bandwidth, highest channel bandwidth available for that CA combination was selected for SCC. For inter-band CA, the SCC downlink channels were selected near the middle of their transmission bands. For contiguous intra-band CA, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing defined in section 5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521. For non-contiguous intraband CA, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to be larger than the nominal channel spacing and provided maximum separation between the component carriers.

All selected PCC and SCC(s) remained fully within the uplink/downlink transmission band of the respective component carrier.

When a device supports LTE capabilities with overlapping transmission frequency ranges, the standalone powers from the band with a larger transmission frequency range can be used to select measurement configurations for the band with the fully covered transmission frequency range.

E.3 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

- Below downlink CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

Table E.3.1 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum
Class	NRB.agg	MHz	number of CC
Α	N ≤ 100	20	1
В	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
С	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
I	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.3.2 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Chann	nel Bandwidth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
IIIdex	200	CC1	CC2	Restriction	Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2A-5A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #2	CA_2A-5A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #3	CA_2A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #3
2CC #4	CA_2C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #5	CA_4A-4A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_4A-4A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #7	CA_4A-5A (0)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #8	CA_4A-5A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #9	CA_4A-7A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #10	CA_4A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #11	CA_5A-7A (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_5A-7A (1)	5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #13	CA_5A-41A (0)	5, 10	20		No
2CC #14	CA_5A-66A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #6
2CC #15	CA_7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #16	CA_7A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #17	CA_7A-7A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #18	CA_7A-7A (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #19	CA_7A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #8
2CC #20	CA_7C (0)	15, 20	15, 20		3CC #4, 3CC #5
2CC #21	CA_7C (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		3CC #4, 3CC #5
2CC #22	CA_7C (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #23	CA_66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #6, 3CC #8
2CC #24	CA_66B (0)	5, 10, 15	5, 10, 15		No
2CC #25	CA_66C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.3.3 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (3CC)

Index	зсс	Suppor	ted Channel Bandwi	dth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
ilidex	300	CC1	CC2	CC3	Restriction	Measurement Superset
3CC #1	CA_2A-4A-5A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
3CC #2	CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #3	CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #4	CA_2A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #5	CA_4A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #6	CA_5A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #7	CA_5A-7C (0)	5, 10	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #8	CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.3.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (4CC)

Index	4CC		Supported Channe	I Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by
index	400	CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4	Restriction	Measurement Superset
4CC #1	CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.



Table	F 3	51	TF	Rand	2	as	PCC

				PCC							SC	С			SC	:C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-5A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	25.00	25.06
CA_2A-5A (1)	LTE B2	10	19150	1 905.0	QPSK	1	0	1150	1 985.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.88	24.98
CA_2C (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B2	20	902	1 960.2	-	-	-	-	24.94	25.06
CA_2A-4A-5A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	24.93	25.06
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	24.91	25.06
CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0	24.90	25.06
CA_2A-7C (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	24.88	25.06

Table E.3.6 LTE Band 4 as PCC

				PCC							SC	С			SC	:C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A-4A (0)	LTE B4	20	20300	1 745.0	QPSK	1	0	2300	2 145.0	LTE B4	20	2050	2 120.0	-	-	-	-	24.91	25.01
CA_4A-4A (1)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B4	10	2000	2 115.0	-	-	-	-	24.80	24.90
CA_4A-5A (0)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-		-		24.78	24.90
CA_4A-5A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.77	24.88
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.76	24.90
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.74	24.88
CA_2A-4A-5A (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	24.72	24.88
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	24.71	24.88
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	24.70	24.88

Table E.3.7 LTE Band 5 as PCC

				PCC							SC	С			SC	:C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0	-	-	-	-	24.81	24.85
CA_2A-5A (1)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B2	10	900	1 960.0	-	-	-	-	24.80	24.85
CA_4A-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5	-	-	-	-	24.78	24.85
CA_4A-5A (1)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	-	-	-	-	24.77	24.85
CA_5A-7A (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.75	24.85
CA_5A-7A (1)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.73	24.85
CA_5A-41A (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B41	20	40620	2 593.0	-	-	-	-	24.71	24.85

Table E.3.8 LTE Band 7 as PCC

											able L.J	.O LIL	Dallu / a	3 F C C									
				PCC							SC	CC			,	SCC			S	CC		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5									24.81	24.87
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5			-	-				-	24.80	24.87
CA_5A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5			-	-				-	24.78	24.87
CA_5A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5									24.77	24.87
CA_7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0			-	-					24.75	24.87
CA_7A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0			-	-				-	24.73	24.87
CA_7A-7A (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	10	3400	2 685.0									24.71	24.87
CA_7A-7A (3)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0									24.70	24.87
CA_7C (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-					24.69	24.87
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0	-		-	-	24.66	24.87
CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0					24.65	24.87
CA_2A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0					24.63	24.87
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5					24.61	24.87
CA_5A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5					24.60	24.87
CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B66	20	66786	2 145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2 170.0					24.58	24.87
CA 7C-66A-66A(0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B66	20	66786	2 145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2 170.0	24.57	24.87

Table E.3.9 LTE Band 66 as PCC

				PCC							S	CC				SCC			S	CC		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_66B (0)	LTE B66	15	132597	1 772.5	QPSK	1	0	67061	2 172.5	LTE B66	5	66968	2 163.2			-						24.98	25.06
CA_66C (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66838	2 150.2	-		-	-	-		-	-	24.97	25.08
CA_5A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-		-	-	24.95	25.08
CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0					24.93	25.08
CA 7C-66A-66A(0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	- 1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	24.91	25.08

Table E.3.10 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers for comparing DL 4X4 MIMO and DL Intra-band CA

LTE Band	Maximum DL 4X4 MIMO Power (dBm]	Maximum DL Inter-band DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Non-Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)
B2	24.68<	25.00	24.94	N/A
B4	24.65<	24.78	N/A	24.91
B7	24.63<	24.81	24.69	24.75
B66	24.69<	24.95	24.98	N/A

Note(s):

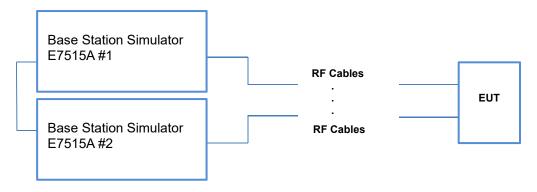


Figure E.3.1 DL 4CA Power Measurement Setup

Notice):

1. The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation). Per Fall 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 DD5Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation combinations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3jbjil) of KDB 941225 DD5Av01r02.



E.4 LTE 4x4 DL MIMO with DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

Below DL MIMO and DL CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table E.4.1 DL 4	X4 MIMO Configuration
PCC Band	10C
LTE B2	2A[4X4] Table E4.2
LTE B4	4A[4X4] Table E42
LTE B7	7A[4X4] Table E.4.2
LTE B66	66A[4X4] Table E.4.2

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

PCC Band	100
LTE B2	2A[4X4] Table E.4.2
LTE B4	4A[4X4] Table E4.2
LTE B7	7A[4X4] Table E.4.2
LTE B66	66A[4X4] Table E.4.2

		Power								
PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Modulation	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL4X4 MIMO Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 800.0	24.68	25.06
LTE B2	15	19125	1 902.5	QPSK	1	0	1125	1 982.5	24.66	24.91
LTE B2	10	19150	1 905.0	QPSK	1	0	1150	1 985.0	24.65	24.98
LTE B2	5	19175	1 907.5	QPSK	1	0	1175	1 987.5	24.63	24.87
LTE B2	3	19185	1 908.5	QPSK	1	0	1185	1 988.5	24.61	24.86
LTE B2	1.4	19193	1 909.3	QPSK	1	0	1193	1 989.3	24.60	24.82
LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	24.65	24.88
LTE B4	15	20325	1 747.5	QPSK	1	0	2325	2 147.5	24.64	24.91
LTE B4	10	10 20350 1 750.0		QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	24.62	24.90
LTE B4	5	20375	1 752.5	QPSK	1	0	2375	2 152.5	24.59	24.90
LTE B4	3	20385	1 753.5	QPSK	1	0	2385	2 153.5	24.58	24.88
LTE B4	1.4	20393	1 754.3	QPSK	1	0	2393	2 154.3	24.57	24.84
LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	24.63	24.87
LTE B7	15	20825	2 507.5	QPSK	1	0	2825	2 627.5	24.61	24.83
LTE B7	10	20800	2 505.0	QPSK	1	0	2800	2 625.0	24.60	24.85
LTE B7	5	20775	2 502.5	QPSK	1	0	2775	2 622.5	24.57	24.84
LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	24.69	25.08
LTE B66	15	132597	1 772.5	QPSK	1	0	67061	2 172.5	24.67	25.06
LTE B66	10	132622	1 775.0	QPSK	1	0	67086	2 175.0	24.66	24.91
LTE B66	5	132647	1 777.5	QPSK	1	0	67111	2 177.5	24.64	24.88
LTE B66	3	132657	1 778.5	QPSK	1	0	67121	2 178.5	24.62	24.80
LTE B66	1.4	132665	1 779.3	QPSK	1	0	67129	2 179.3	24.61	24.79

Table E.4.3 CA BW Class

	10000		
Class	ATBC		Maximum
Ciass	NRB.agg	MHz	number of CC
A	N ≤ 100	20	1
В	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
С	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
i	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.4.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Char	nnel Bandwidth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
ilidex	200	CC1	CC2	Restriction	Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_2C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #3	CA_4A[4x4]-5A (0)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #4	CA_4A[4x4]-5A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #5	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #7	CA_5A-7A[4x4] (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_5A-7A[4x4] (1)	5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #9	CA_5A-66A[4x4] (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #10	CA_66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #11	CA_7C[4x4] (0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_7C[4x4] (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #13	CA_7C[4x4] (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
		Note: Only vellow highlighted cells no	od nower measurement		

Table E.4.5 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	S	upported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement							
IIIdex	300	CC1	CC2	CC3	Restriction	Superset							
3CC #1	CA_2A[4x4] -7C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No							
3CC #2	CA_4A[4x4] -7C[4x4] (0)	10, 15, 20		No									
	Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.												

Table E.4.6 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 2 as PCC

				PCC							SC	C			SC	:C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.50	25.06
CA_2C[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B2	20	902	1 960.2	-	-	-	-	24.49	25.06
CA_2A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	24.47	25.06

Table E 4.7 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO and DL CA Powers Band 4 as PCC

	Table E-4.1 ETE DE 4A4 MINIO ATO DE OAT OWERS, DATO 4 05 1 00																		
				PCC							SC	С			SC	C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A[4x4]-5A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.48	24.90
CA_4A[4x4]-5A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.47	24.88
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.45	24.90
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.44	24.88
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	24.43	24.88

Note(s):

1. The device supports downlink 4X4 MIMO. The DL 4X4 MIMO powers were measured applying the May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO). Per May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL MIMO configurations when the average output power with downlink MIMO active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink MIMO inactive.

2. PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)(i) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

Table E.4.8 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 5 as PCC

				PCC							SC	C			SC		Po	wer	
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A[4x4]-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5	-	-	-	-	24.52	24.85
CA_4A[4x4]-5A (1)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	-	-	-	-	24.50	24.85
CA_5A-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-		24.48	24.85
CA_5A-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	24.46	24.85
CA_5A-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B5	10	20525	836.5	QPSK	1	25	2525	881.5	LTE B41	20	40620	2 593.0	-	-	-		24.45	24.85

Table E.4.9 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 7 as PCC

				PCC							C				SCC			S	CC		Po	wer	
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0									24.50	24.87
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5			-	-				-	24.49	24.87
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	24.47	24.87
CA_5A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	24.45	24.87
CA_5A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5			-						24.44	24.87
CA_7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	24.42	24.87
CA_7C[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	24.41	24.87
CA_7C[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	24.40	24.87
CA_2A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0					24.39	24.87
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5					24.38	24.87

Table E.4.10 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 66 as PCC

				PCC						SCC				SCC					S	CC		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_5A-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	24.50	25.08
CA_66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	- 1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0			-						24.48	25.08

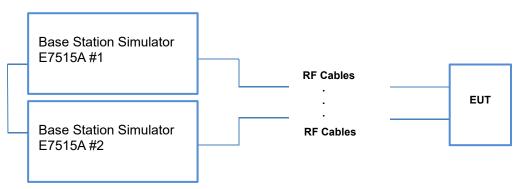


Figure E.4.1 DL 4x4 MIMO Power Measurement Setup

Note(s):
1. The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation). Per Fall 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05AvO1102, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation carrier aggregation combinations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)ii) of KDB 941225 D05AvO1102.



E.5 Reduced DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

- Below downlink CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

Table	E.5.1	CA BW	Class
-------	-------	-------	-------

Class	ATBC		Maximum
CidSS	NRB.agg	MHz	number of CC
Α	N ≤ 100	20	1
В	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
С	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
1	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.5.2 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Chan	nel Bandwidth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
illuex	200	CC1	CC2	Restriction	Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #2
2CC #2	CA_2C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #3	CA_4A-4A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #4	CA_4A-4A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #5	CA_4A-7A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_4A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #7	CA_7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_7A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #9	CA_7A-7A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #10	CA_7A-7A (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #11	CA_7A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #5
2CC #12	CA_7C (0)	15, 20	15, 20		3CC #3, 3CC #4
2CC #13	CA_7C (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		3CC #3, 3CC #4
2CC #14	CA_7C (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #15	CA_66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #5
2CC #16	CA_66B (0)	5, 10, 15	5, 10, 15		No
2CC #17	CA_66C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.5.3 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	Supp	orted Channel Bandwidt	h [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
muex	300	CC1	CC2	CC3	Restriction	Measurement Superset
3CC #1	CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #2	CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #3	CA_2A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #4	CA_4A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #5	CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.5.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (4CC)

	Index	4CC		Supported Channe	I Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by
	iliuex	400	CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4	Restriction	Measurement Superset
Į	4CC #1	CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.5.5 LTE Band 2 as PCC

				PCC							SC	C			SC	C		Por	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2C (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B2	20	902	1 960.2	-	-	-	-	23.34	23.48
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	23.33	23.48
CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0	23.32	23.48
CA_2A-7C (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	23.30	23.48

Table E.5.6 LTE Band 4 as PCC

	PCC											SCC			SC	C		Power	
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A-4A (0)	LTE B4	20	20300	1 745.0	QPSK	1	0	2300	2 145.0	LTE B4	20	2050	2 120.0	-	-	-	-	23.30	23.49
CA_4A-4A (1)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B4	10	2000	2 115.0	-	-	-	-	23.28	23.45
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	23.27	23.45
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-		23.25	23.35
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	23.23	23.35
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	23.21	23.35

Table E.5.7 LTE Band 7 as PCC

				PCC							SC	:C				SCC			S	CC		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5	-				-	-	-	-	23.38	23.46
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5			-	-				-	23.36	23.46
CA_7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0			-	-				-	23.35	23.46
CA_7A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0				-				-	23.33	23.46
CA_7A-7A (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	10	3400	2 685.0	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	23.32	23.46
CA_7A-7A (3)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0			-	-				-	23.30	23.46
CA_7C (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	23.28	23.46
CA_2A-4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0				-	23.27	23.46
CA_2A-7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3350	2 680.0	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0					23.25	23.46
CA_2A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0				-	23.23	23.46
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5				-	23.22	23.46
CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B66	20	66786	2 145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2 170.0				-	23.21	23.46
CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B66	20	66786	2 145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2 170.0	23.20	23.46

Table	E E 0	ITE	Dand	cc	~~	DCC
Table	⊑. 5.0		Danu	סס	as	PUU

				PCC							S	CC				SCC			S	CC		Pov	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_66B (0)	LTE B66	15	132597	1 772.5	QPSK	- 1	0	67061	2 172.5	LTE B66	5	66968	2 163.2			-	-					23.28	23.44
CA_66C (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66838	2 150.2	-		-	-	-		-	-	23.26	23.63
CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	- 1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	23.25	23.63
CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	- 1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	23.23	23.63

Table E.5.9 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers for comparing DL 4X4 MIMO and DL Intra-band CA (Reduced Conducted Powers - Proximity Sensor Triggering Active)

LTE Band	Maximum DL 4X4 MIMO Power (dBm]	Maximum DL Inter-band DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Non-Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)
B2	23.11<	23.33	23.34	N/A
B4	23.15<	23.27	N/A	23.30
B7	23.14<	23.38	23.28	23.35
B66	23.15<	23.25	23.28	N/A

Note(s):

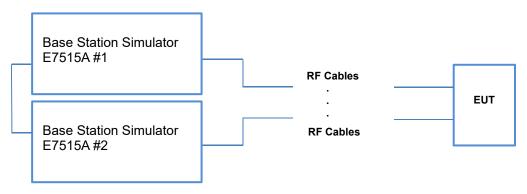


Figure E.5.1 DL 4CA Power Measurement Setup

The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01f02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation configurations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b);ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.



E.6 Reduced DL 4x4 MIMO, LTE DL 4x4 DL MIMO with DL CA Conducted Powers

Below DL MIMO and DL CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table E.6.1 DL 4	X4 MIMO Configuration
PCC Band	10C
LTE B2	2A[4X4] Table 0.42
LTE B4	4A[4X4] Table 0.42
LTE B7	7A[4X4] Table 0.4.2
LTE B66	66A[4X4] Table G.4.2

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

			PCC	/ DL 4X4 MIMO					Power	
PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Modulation	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL4X4 MIMO Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	23.11	23.48
LTE B2	15	19125	1 902.5	QPSK	1	0	1125	1 982.5	23.10	23.17
LTE B2	10	19150	1 905.0	QPSK	1	0	1150	1 985.0	23.08	23.29
LTE B2	5	19175	1 907.5	QPSK	1	0	1175	1 987.5	23.07	23.28
LTE B2	3	19185	1 908.5	QPSK	1	0	1185	1 988.5	23.05	23.26
LTE B2	1.4	19193	1 909.3	QPSK	1	0	1193	1 989.3	23.03	23.31
LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	23.15	23.35
LTE B4	15	20325	1 747.5	QPSK	1	0	2325	2 147.5	23.13	23.43
LTE B4	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	23.12	23.45
LTE B4	5	20375	1 752.5	QPSK	1	0	2375	2 152.5	23.10	23.37
LTE B4	3	20385	1 753.5	QPSK	1	0	2385	2 153.5	23.09	23.34
LTE B4	1.4	20393	1 754.3	QPSK	1	0	2393	2 154.3	23.08	23.49
LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	23.14	23.46
LTE B7	15	20825	2 507.5	QPSK	1	0	2825	2 627.5	23.13	23.40
LTE B7	10	20800	2 505.0	QPSK	1	0	2800	2 625.0	23.11	23.45
LTE B7	5	20775	2 502.5	QPSK	1	0	2775	2 622.5	23.10	23.41
LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2 170.0	23.15	23.63
LTE B66	15	132597	1 772.5	QPSK	1	0	67061	2 172.5	23.14	23.44
LTF R66	10	132622	1 775 0	OPSK	1	0	67086	2 175 0	23.11	23.55

Table E.6.3 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum number of CC
CidSS	NRB.agg	MHz	number of CC
A	N ≤ 100	20	1
В	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
С	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
I	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.6.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Chan	nel Bandwidth [MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by
muex	200	CC1	CC2	Restriction	Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_2C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #3	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #4	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #5	CA_66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_7C[4x4] (0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #7	CA_7C[4x4] (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_7C[4x4] (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
	N	ote: Only yellow highlighted cells nee	ed power measurement.	•	

Table E.6.5 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (3CC)

	Index	3CC	Si	upported Channel Bandwidth	MHz]	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement
		300	CC1	CC2	CC3	Restriction	Superset
	3CC #1	CA_2A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
	3CC #2	CA 4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.6.6 LTE DL CA and DL 4x4 MIMO Powers, Band 2 as PCC

				PCC							SC	С			SC	C		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	23.05	23.48
CA_2C[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B2	20	902	1 960.2	-	-	-	-	23.03	23.48
CA_2A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	19100	1 900.0	QPSK	1	0	1100	1 980.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	23.01	23.48

Table E.6.7 LTE DL CA and DL 4x4 MIMO Powers. Band 4 as PCC

							<u> </u>												
				PCC							SC	C			SC	C		Por	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (LTE B4 	10	20350	1 750.0	QPSK	1	0	2350	2 150.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-		23.03	23.45
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1) LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	-	-	-	-	23.02	23.35
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] ((0) LTE B4	20	20175	1 732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2 132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2 655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2 674.8	23.01	23.35

Note(s): 1. The device supports downlink 4X4 MIMO. The 4X4 MIMO powers were measured applying the May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO). Per May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL MIMO configurations when the average output power with downlink MIMO active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink MIMO inactive.
2. PCC uplink channel was selected based on section (3.5)hijl of N69 41225 D05Av01r02.

Table F C O LTF DI	CA and DL 4x4 MIMO Pov	ware Dand 7 on DCC
Table E.o.o LIE DL	. CA and DL 4X4 MINIO POV	vers. Dang / as PCC

				PCC							sc	C				SCC			S	CC		Po	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0			-	-				-	23.06	23.46
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2 132.5	-		-		-	-	-	-	23.05	23.46
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5			-						23.03	23.46
CA_7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	23.02	23.46
CA_7C[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8			-	-				-	23.00	23.46
CA_7C[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	-		-		-	-	-	-	22.98	23.46
CA_2A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B2	20	900	1 960.0					22.96	23.46
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	20850	2 510.0	QPSK	- 1	0	2850	2 630.0	LTE B7	20	3048	2 649.8	LTE B4	20	2175	2 132.5				-	22.95	23.46

Table E.6.9 LTE DL CA and DL 4x4 MIMO Powers, Band 66 as PCC

				PCC							S	CC				CC			SC	CC		Pov	wer
Combination	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B66	20	132572	1 770.0	QPSK	- 1	0	67036	2 170.0	LTE B66	20	66536	2 120.0									23.05	23.63

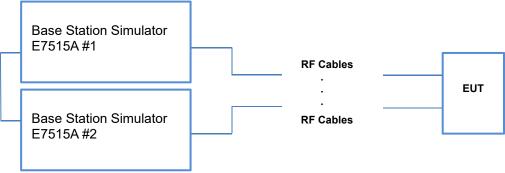


Figure E.6.1 DL 4x4 MIMO, DL 4x4 MIMO with DL 4CA Power Measurement Setup

Note(s):

1. The device supports DL 4X4 MIMO with DL Carrier Aggregation. Uplink MIMO and Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL 4X4 MIMO with DL carrier aggregation powers were measured applying the May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO). Per May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 DDSAv01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL 4X4 MIMO with DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher than the average output power with DL 4X4 MIMO with DL CA active is not more than 2.55 dB higher t

APPENDIX F. – Description of Test Equipment

F.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. G.1.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3 770 / i7-4 770 3.40 GHz, i7-8 700K 3.70 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5,A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robotis connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

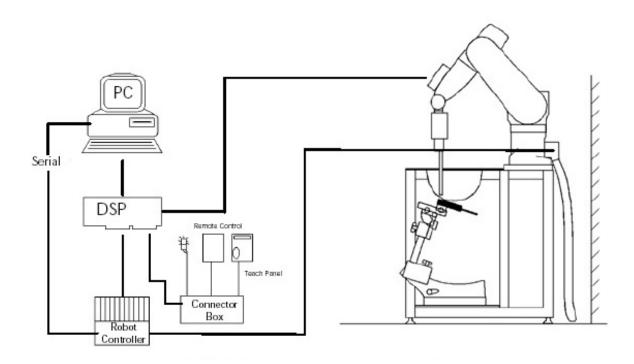


Figure F.1.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.

F.2 Probe Specification

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz/10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz/30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g

Range Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm

Tip length 20 mm

Body diameter 12 mm

Tip diameter 3.9 mm/2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center 2.0 mm/1.0 mm

Application SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

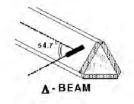


Figure F.2.1 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure F.2.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique



DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 and EX3DV4 designed in the classical triangular configuration(see F.2.1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multitier line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

F.3 E-Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

 $SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

 σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T \, / \, \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

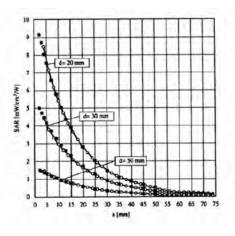


Figure F.3.1 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

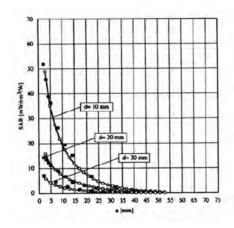


Figure F.3.2 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz

F.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$$
 $(i=x,y,z)$

$$Cf = \text{crest factor of exciting field}$$
 $(DASY parameter)$

$$dcp_i = \text{diode compression point}$$
 $(DASY parameter)$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{bd}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pow} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m

F.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. F.5.1)



Figure F.5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

SAM Twin Phantom Specification:

Construction

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching

three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material

as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

Shell Thickness 2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions Length: 1000 mm

Width: 500 mm

Height: adjustable feet

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. F.5.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure F.5.2 Sam Twin Phantom shell

F.6 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure F.6.1 Mounting Device

F.7 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL/ TX60L

Repeatability 0.02 mm

No. of axis 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor Intel Core i7-3 770 / i7-4 770 / i7-8 700K

Clock Speed 3.40 GHz / 3.70 GHz
Operating System Windows 7 Professional
Data Card DASY5 PC-Board

Data Converter

Features Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic

Software DASY5

Connecting Lines Optical downlink for data and status info

Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE 4

16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probes

Model ES3DV3 S/N: 3327, 3328 / EX3DV4 S/N: 3866, 3916, 3933, 7337

Construction Triangular core fiber optic detection system

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz/10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz / 30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Phantom

Phantom SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)

Shell MaterialCompositeThickness (2.0 ± 0.2) mm



Figure F.7.1 DASY5 Test System

APPENDIX G. – Power reduction verification with proximity sensor enabled

G.1 Cap Sensor (proximity sensor) Power Measurement, Triggering Distance

- Power reduction and Proximity Sensor information of ZNFG910EMW
- (1) Power reduction by proximity (capacitance) sensing: WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900, LTE B66, LTE B4, LTE B2, LTE B7,
 - a) A proximity sensor for power reduction is implemented in this device to address RF exposure compliance about SAR requirement for protection of the human body.
- (2) Proximity sensor detection area:
 - a) All proximity sensor pads are combined with the primary antenna pattern, therefore, they occupy the same area as the primary antenna.
 - b) The primary antenna and the proximity sensor pads are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensors, therefore do not need to measure proximity sensor coverage according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02, section 6.3.
 - c) Power reduction mechanism is implemented in this device
 - i) Bottom surface, Front surface, Rear surface
 - d) The proximity sensor is triggered at the following distances when:
 - i) The bottom surface of the device is 5 mm for the trigger from the phantom.
 - ii) The front surface of the device is 2 mm for the trigger from the phantom.
 - iii) The rear surface of the device is 3 mm for the trigger from the phantom.
 - iv) Other surfaces (Right/Left edges) will be tested with the maximum powers.
- e) When a certain object or human body approaches the DUT, if the measured capacitance is higher than certain capacitance, proximity sensor is triggered and power is reduced as follows.

Table G.1.1 Proximity Sensor power information

Band	Proximity sensor state	Maximum	Power (dBm)	Normal	Power (dBm)
WCDMA 1700, WCDMA 1900.	Inactive (Far)	Maximum	25.2	Normal	24.7
LTE B66, LTE B4, LTE B2, LTE B7	Active (Near)	Maximum	23.7	Normal	23.2

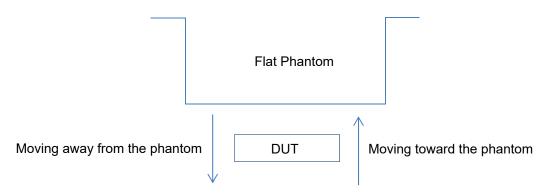


Figure G.1.1 Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance Assessment

Cap Sensor Power Measurement and Triggering Distance

As per the KDB616217 D04v01r02, section 6.2 and two parts power verification procedure is used to determine the triggering distances.

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

Using this procedure the most conservative sensor triggering distance was measured and SAR measurement distance is determined (The most conservative sensor triggering distance – 1 mm for each applicable sides and edges).

(1) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Bottom)

	Moving to	ward the phantom				Moving awa	ay from the phanto	om		
Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Bottom surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Bottom surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)
25	Inactive (Far)				15	Inactive (Far)				
22	Inactive (Far)				14	Inactive (Far)				
19	Inactive (Far)				13	Inactive (Far)				
16	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)				
13	Inactive (Far)	25.20			11	Inactive (Far)	25.20			
10	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)	25.20			
9	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)				
8	Inactive (Far)		5	4	8	Inactive (Far)		5	4	4
7	Inactive (Far)		3	7	7	Inactive (Far)			-	7
6	Inactive (Far)				6	Inactive (Far)				
5	Active (Near)				5	Active (Near)				
4	Active (Near)				4	Active (Near)				
3	Active (Near)	23.70			3	Active (Near)	23.70			
2	Active (Near)				2	Active (Near)	23.70			
1	Active (Near)				1	Active (Near)				
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)				

(2) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Front)

	Moving to	ward the phantom				Moving awa	ay from the phanto	om		
Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)
22	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)				
19	Inactive (Far)				11	Inactive (Far)				
16	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)				
13	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)				
10	Inactive (Far)	25.20			8	Inactive (Far)	25.20			
7	Inactive (Far)		2		7	Inactive (Far)	25.20	2	4	4
5	Inactive (Far)		2	'	6	Inactive (Far)		2	'	•
4	Inactive (Far)				5	Inactive (Far)				
3	Inactive (Far)				4	Inactive (Far)				
2	Active (Near)				3	Inactive (Far)				
1	Active (Near)	23.70			2	Active (Near)	23.70			
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)	25.70			

(3) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Rear)

Moving toward the phantom											
Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Rear surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	dist. Dist D		Capacitive Sensor Status (Rear surface)	WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)	
23	Inactive (Far)	25.20	3	2	13	Inactive (Far)		3	2		
20	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)	25.20				
17	Inactive (Far)				11	Inactive (Far)					
14	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)					
11	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)					
8	Inactive (Far)				8	Inactive (Far)				2	
5	Inactive (Far)				7	Inactive (Far)				2	
4	Inactive (Far)				6	Inactive (Far)					
3	Active (Near)	23.70			5	Inactive (Far)					
2	Active (Near)				4	Inactive (Far)					
1	Active (Near)				3	Active (Near)	23.70				
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)	23.70				

The smallest separation distance determined by the sensor triggering and sensor coverage for normal and/or tilt positions in KDB 616217 D04v01r02 section 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4 for front, back surface and edge triggering conditions,

Report No.: DRRFCC2007-0053

minus 1 mm, must be used as the test separation distance for SAR testing.

Cap Sensor SAR Test Plan for ZNFG910HMW

- (1) The proximity sensor SAR will tested at the following distances when:
- a) The **bottom surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **5 mm** from the phantom.
- b) The **front surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **2 mm** from the phantom.
- c) The **rear surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **3 mm** from the phantom.
- d) Other surfaces (Left/Right edges) will be tested with the maximum powers of the device is 0 mm from the phantom.
- e) The **bottom surface** will be tested with the **reduction powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.
- f) The **front surface** will be tested with the **reduction powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.
- g) The rear surface will be tested with the reduction powers of the device is 0 mm from the phantom.

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by test lab (DT&C) to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for all applicable sides and edges of the device. The measured output power at distances within ± 5 mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and front sides and each applicable edge per Step i) in Section 6.2 of the KDB. The technical descriptions in the filing contain the complete set of triggering data required by Section 6 of FCC Publication 616217 D04v01r02.

To ensure all production units are compliant, it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1 mm less than the smallest distance between the device and SAR phantom (determined from the sensor triggering tests according to FCC KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at the maximum output power (without power reduction). These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom (at the reduced output power level).

The operational description contains information explaining how this device remains compliant in the event of a sensor malfunction.

G.2 Cap Sensor (proximity sensor) Tilt Angle Assessment

The DUT was positioned perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the minimum sensor triggering test distance.

The DUT was rotated about bottom for angles $\pm 45^{\circ}$.

If sensor triggering is released and normal maximum output power is restored within the $\pm 45^{\circ}$, the DUT was moved 1mm toward the phantom and the rotation repeated.

This procedures should be repeated by until the proximity sensor no longer releases triggering, and maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.

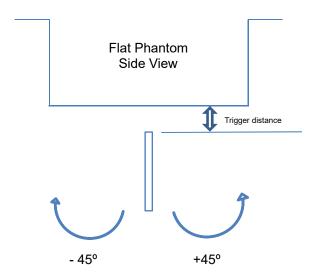


Table G.2.1 Tilt Angle Influence to Proximity Sensor Triggering (Bottom)

	indication in the state of the												
Band	Minimum triggering Distance	Minimum distance at which power reduction was maintained over ±45°	Power reduction status										
			-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°
WCDMA B4/B2, LTE B66/B4/ B2/B7	5 mm	5 mm	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On