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FCC BT REPORT

FCC Certification

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

Address:
1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue:
April 20, 2016
Test Site/Location:
HCT CO., LTD., 74,Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,Majang-myeo,Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA
Report No.: HCT-R-1604-F056
HCT FRN: 0005866421
IC Recognition No.: 5944A-5

FCC ID	**: ZNFDM02H**
APPLICANT	**:LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.**

Model(s):	DM-02H
Additional Model(s):	DS1604
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/WCDMA Phone with WLAN, Bluetooth and NFC
Max. RF Output Power:	10.696 dBm (11.738 mW)
Frequency Range:	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)
Modulation type	GFSK(Normal), π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)
FCC Classification:	FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15 subpart C 15.247

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in §2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)

Report prepared by
: Seul Ki Lee
Test engineer of RF Team

Approved by
: Jong Seok Lee
Manager of RF Team

Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1604-F056	April 20, 2016	- First Approval Report

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc
Address:	1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
FCC ID:	ZNFDM02H
EUT Type:	Cellular/PCS GSM/WCDMA Phone with WLAN, Bluetooth and NFC
Model (s):	DM-02H
Additional Model(s):	DS1604
Date(s) of Tests:	March 29, 2016 ~ April 15, 2016
Place of Tests:	HCT Co., Ltd. 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	DM-02H
Additional Model	DS1604
EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/WCDMA Phone with WLAN, Bluetooth and NFC
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V
Battery Infomation	Model: BL-T25 Type: Li-ion Battery
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)
Max. RF Output Power:	10.696 dBm (11.738 mW)
BT Operating Mode	Normal, EDR, AFH
Modulation Type	GFSK(Normal), π/4DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)
Modulation Technique	FHSS
Number of Channels	79Channels, Minimum 20 Channels(AFH)
Antenna Specification	Manufacturer: LS Mtron Co., Ltd. Antenna type: INTERNAL ANTENNA Peak Gain : -1.75 dBi

※ 15.247 Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter

▪ This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:

1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.

2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.

3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters

4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

▪ 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.

▪ 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) is used in the measurement of the **LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc Cellular/PCS GSM/WCDMA Phone with WLAN, Bluetooth and NFC FCC ID: ZNFDM02H**

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 8 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013). To record the final measurements, the analyzer detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 120 kHz for frequencies below 1 GHz or 1 MHz for frequencies above 1 GHz. For average measurements above 1 GHz, the analyzer was set to peak detector with a reduced VBW setting(RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1/T Hz, where T = Pulse width).

Conducted Antenna Terminal

See Section from 7.8.2 to 7.8.8.(ANSI 63.10-2013)

3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.
Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.
Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2006).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661)

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.
All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods.”

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

*The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4:2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (±dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	6.07

8. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
20 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)(1)(ii) or (iii)	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	N/A		N/A
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§15.247(b)(1)	< 1 W if ≥ 75 non-overlapping hopping channels used < 0.125 W if < 75 non-overlapping hopping channels used		PASS
Carrier Frequency Separation	§15.247(a)(1)	>25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW		PASS
Number of Hopping Frequencies	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	≥ 15		PASS
Time of Occupancy	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	<400 ms		PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d)	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§15.207(a)	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.2	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.3		PASS

9. TEST RESULT

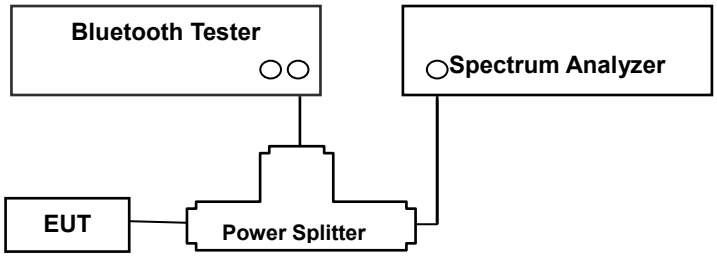
9.1 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 W. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 W.
2. The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the peak detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.5 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
2) RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured
3) VBW ≥ RBW
4) Sweep = Auto
5) Detector = Peak
6) Trace = Max hold

SAMPLE CALCULATION

Output Power = Spectrum Reading Power + Power Splitter loss + Cable loss(2 ea)

= 10 dBm + 6 dB + 1.5 dB = 17.5 dBm

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss

3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 7.36 dB at 2402 MHz and is 7.44 dB at 2480 MHz.
So, 7.4 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result.

TEST RESULTS

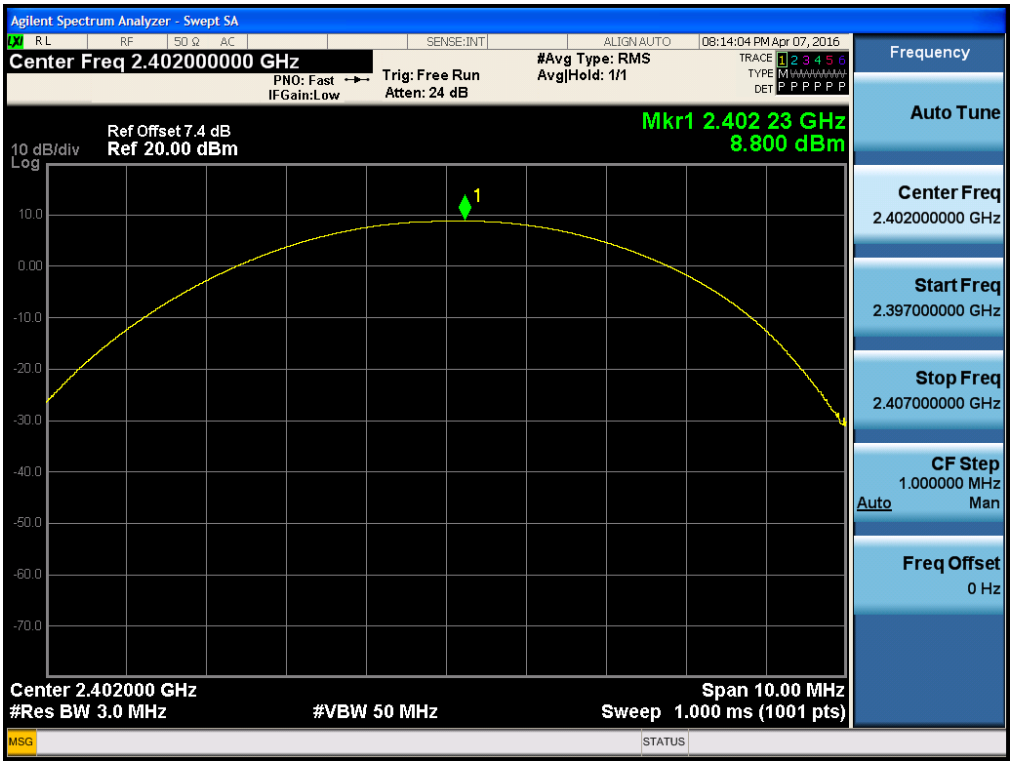
No non-compliance noted

Test Data

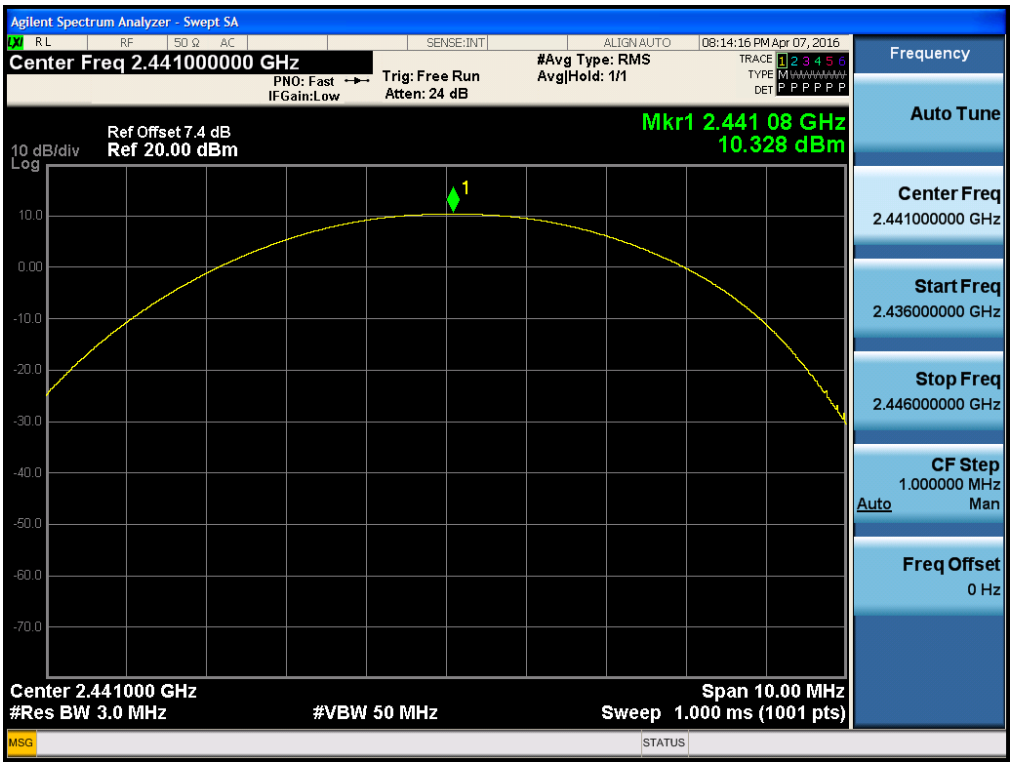
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (GFSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	8.800	7.586	125	PASS
Mid	2441	10.328	10.784		PASS
High	2480	8.891	7.746		PASS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (8DPSK)		Output Power (π/4DQPSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)	(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	9.141	8.205	8.872	7.713	125	PASS
Mid	2441	10.696	11.738	10.383	10.922		PASS
High	2480	9.248	8.410	8.960	7.870		PASS

Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (CH.0)

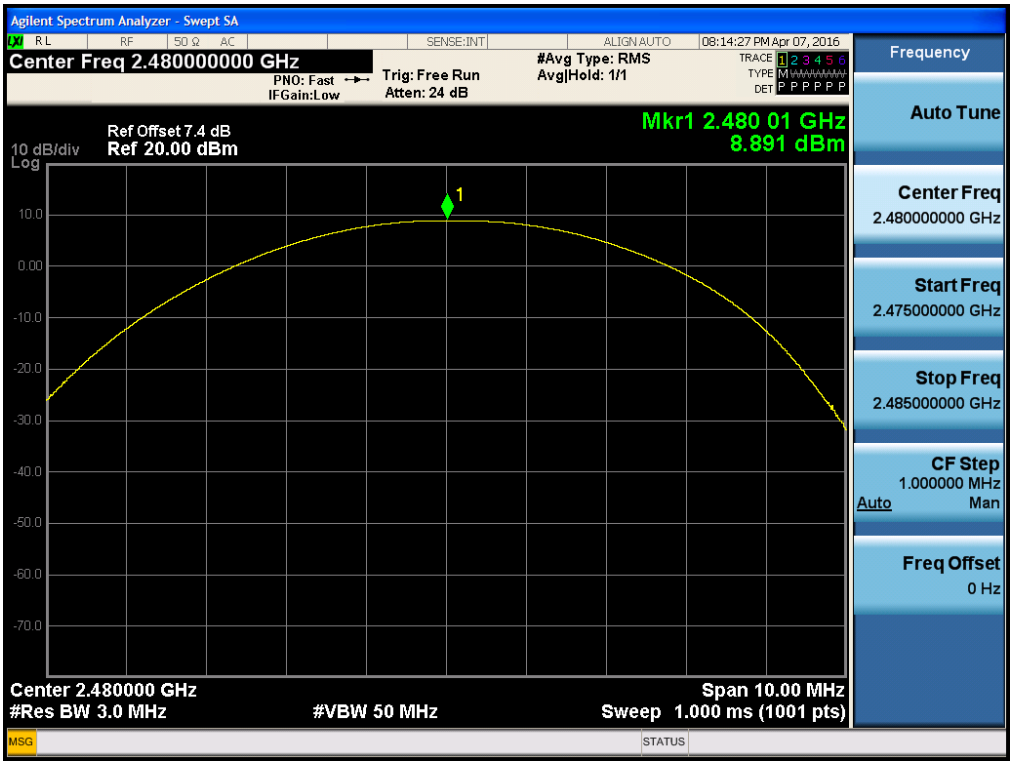


Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (CH.39)



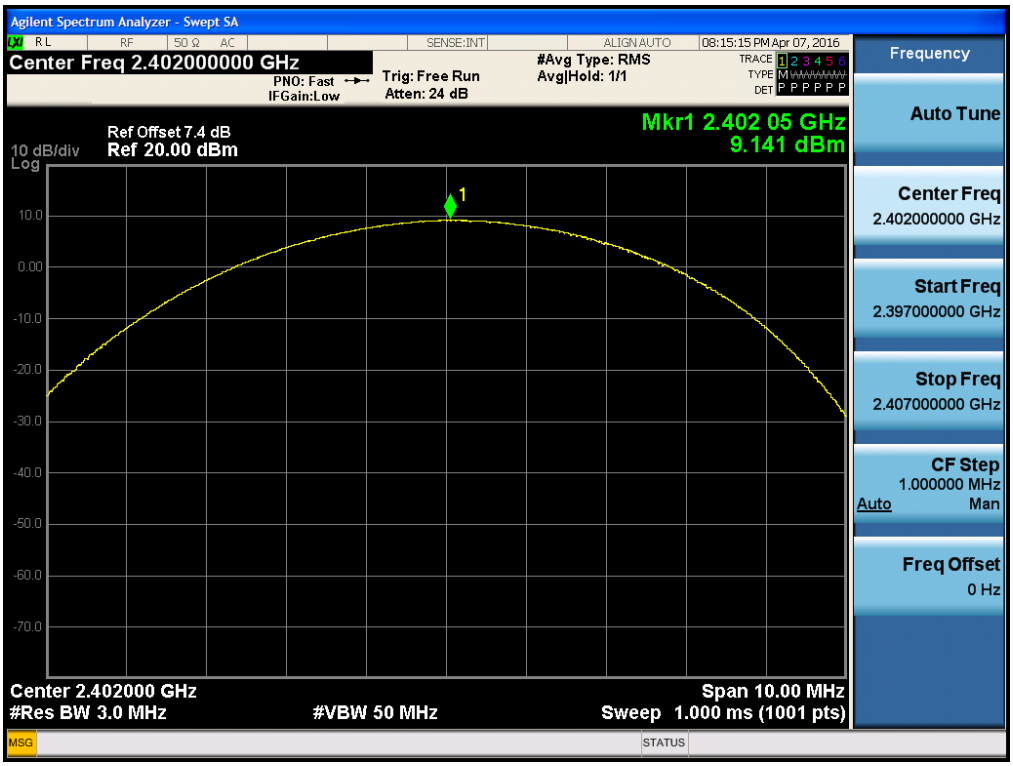
Test Plots (GFSK)

Peak Power (CH.78)

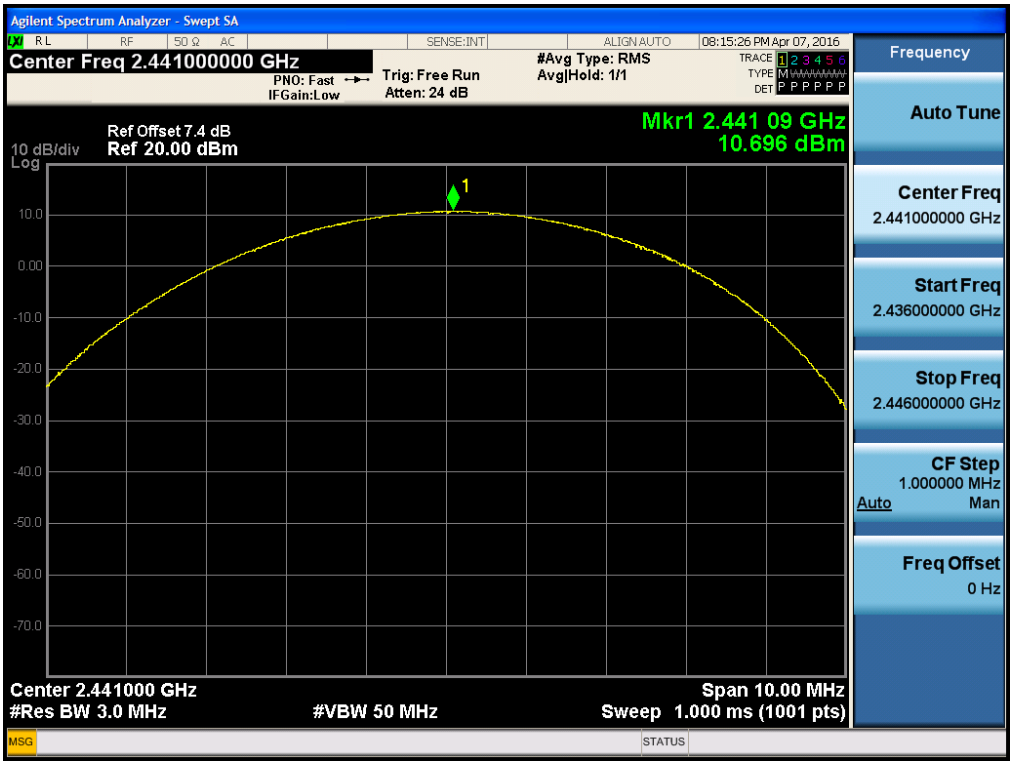


Test Plots (8DPSK)

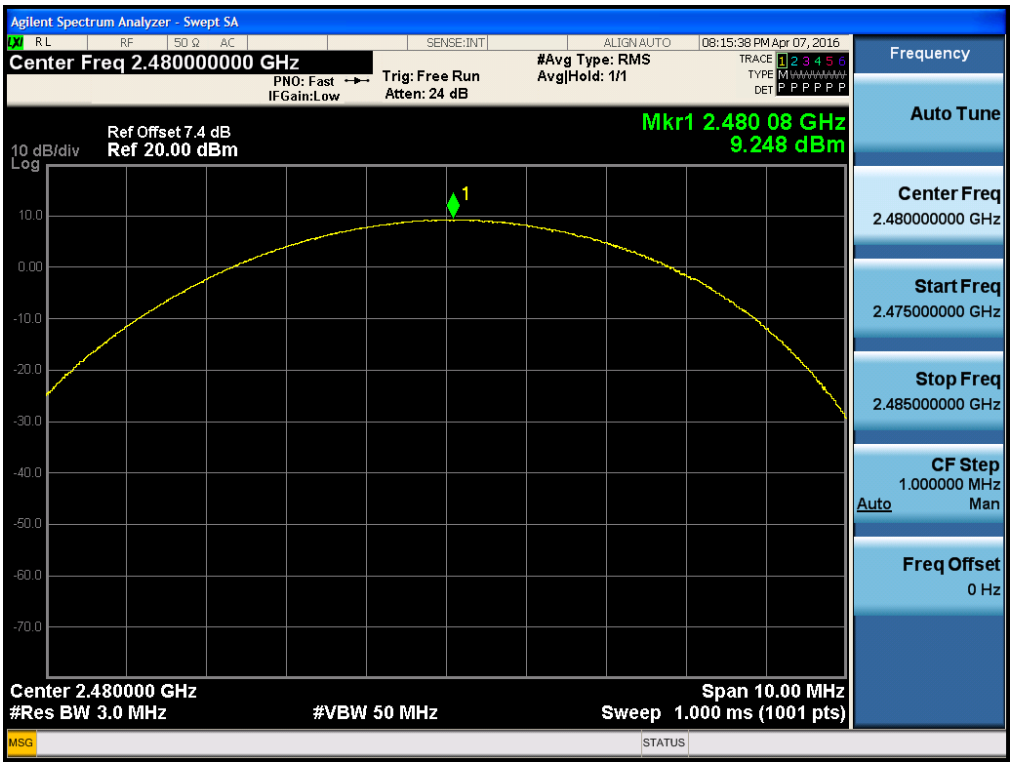
Peak Power (CH.0)



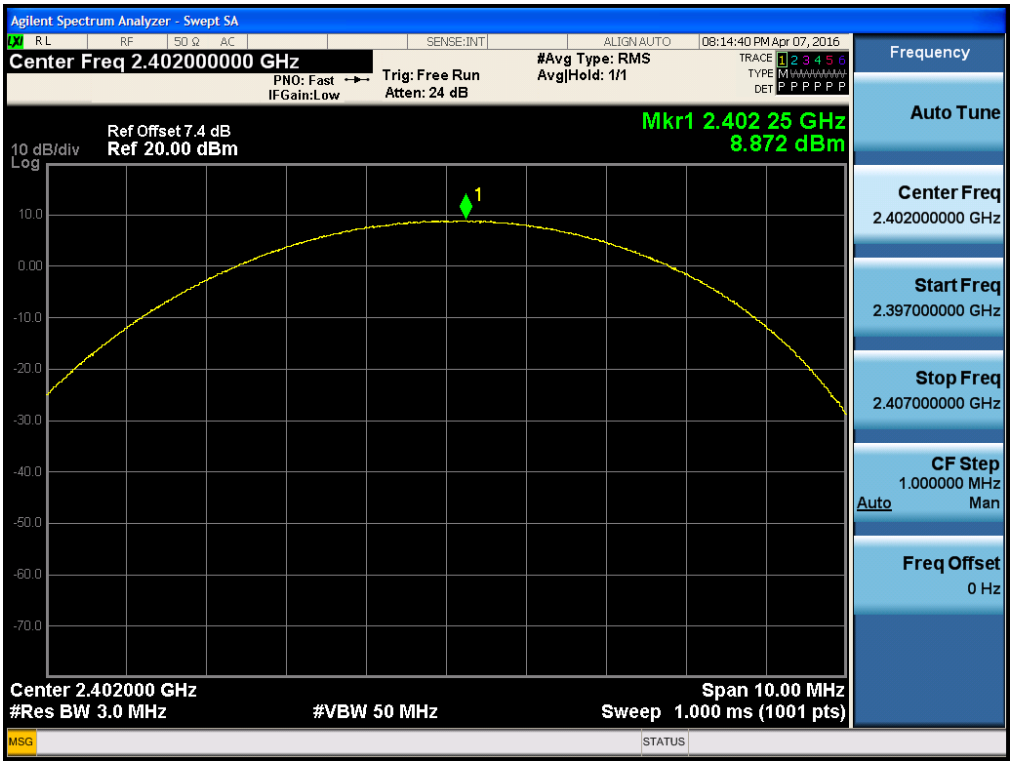
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (CH.39)



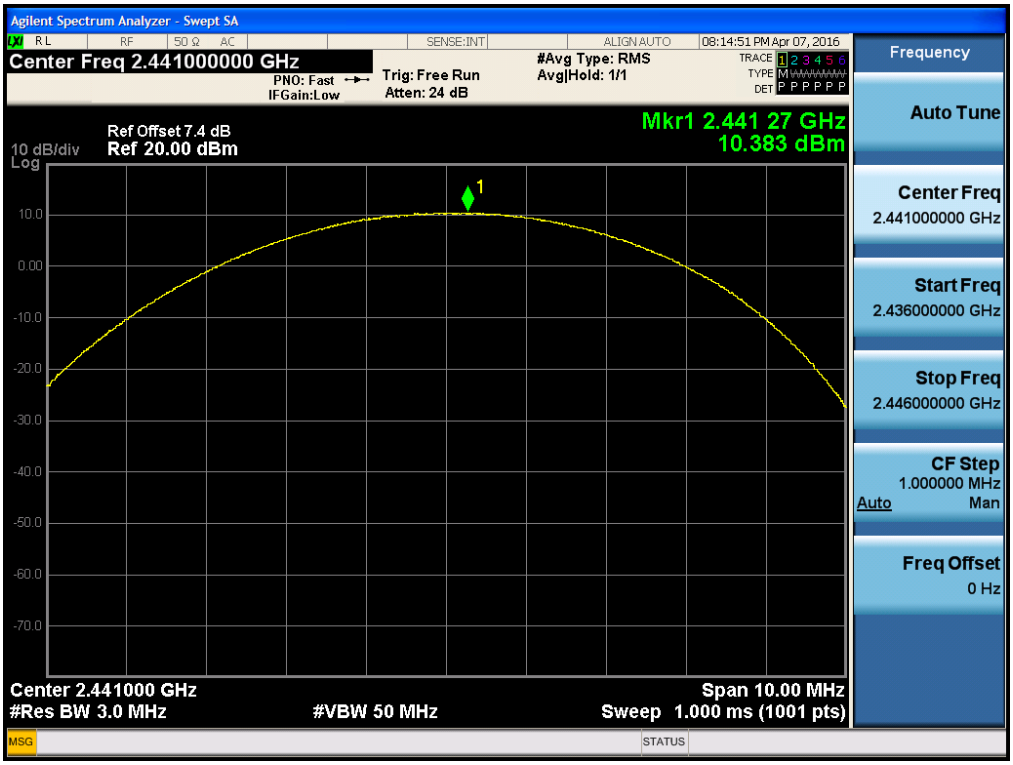
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (CH.78)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Peak Power (CH.0)

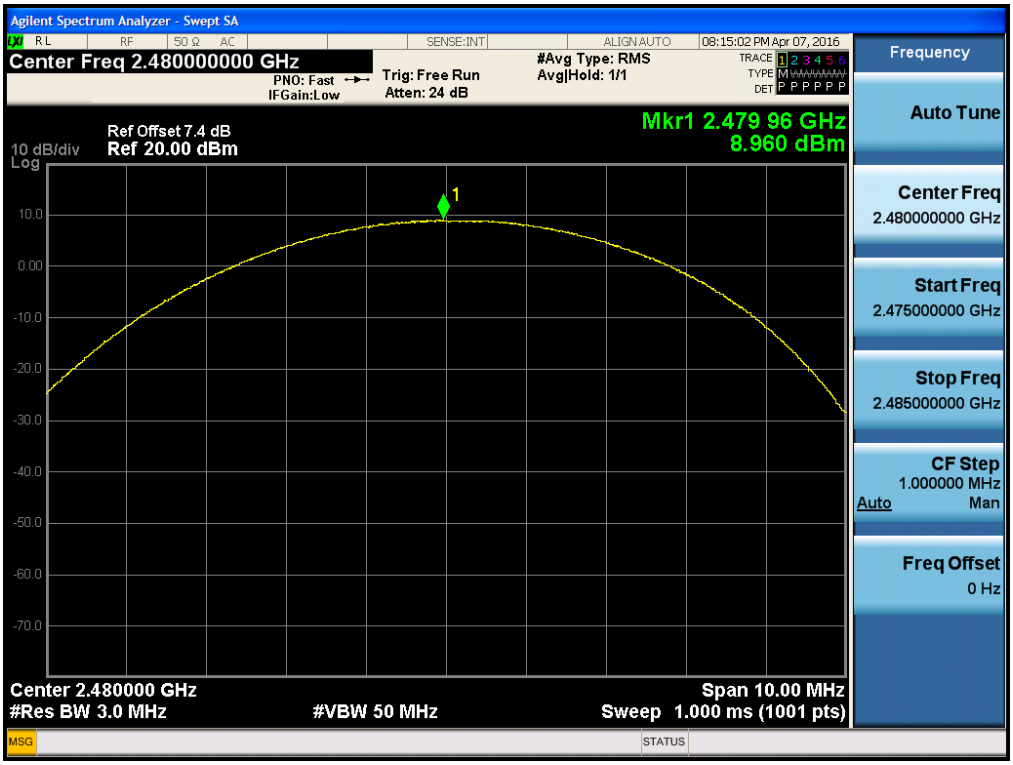


Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Peak Power (CH.39)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

Peak Power (CH.78)

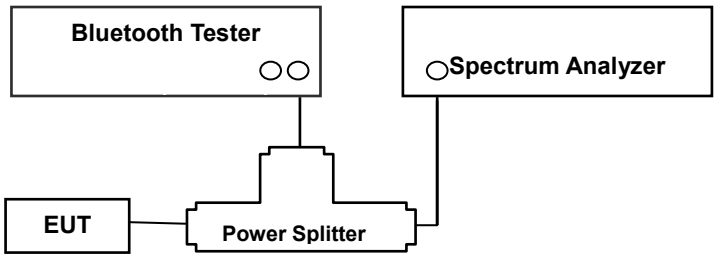


9.2 BAND EDGES

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off and hopping on.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (6.10.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation
2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.
3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
4) Sweep time: Coupled.
5) RBW: 100 kHz
6) VBW: 300 kHz
7) Detector: Peak
8) Trace: Max hold

TEST RESULTS

See attached.

Note :

1. The results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 7.36 dB at 2402 MHz and is 7.44 dB at 2480 MHz. So, 7.4 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the band edge measurement final result.

Test Data

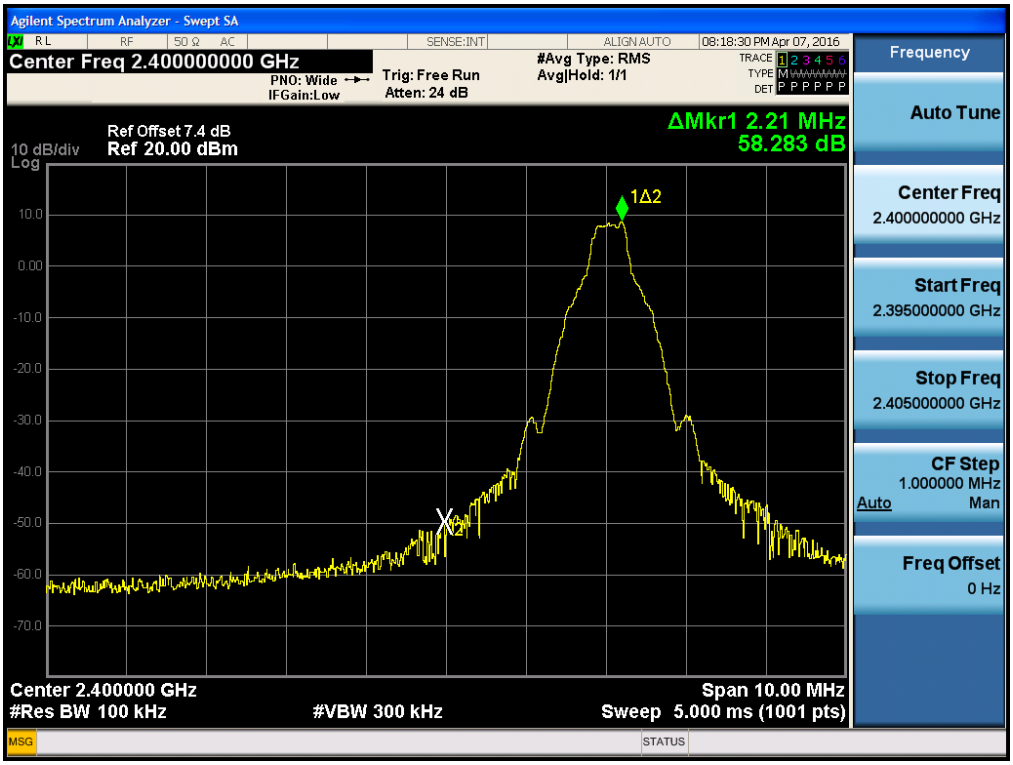
- Without hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Limit	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBc)	GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	π/4DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	58.283	56.921	57.962	20	38.283	36.921	37.962	PASS
Upper	66.043	64.512	63.668		46.043	44.512	43.668	PASS

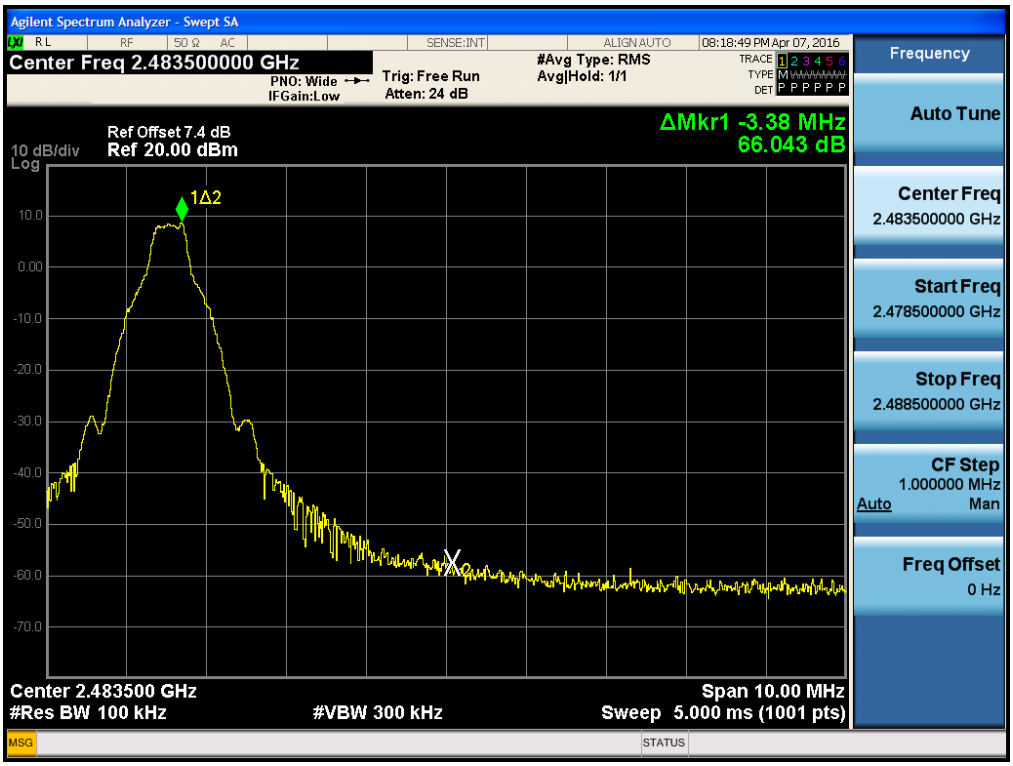
- With hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Limit	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBc)	GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	π/4DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	64.113	58.650	61.292	20	44.113	38.650	41.292	PASS
Upper	67.122	63.240	65.453		47.122	43.240	45.453	PASS

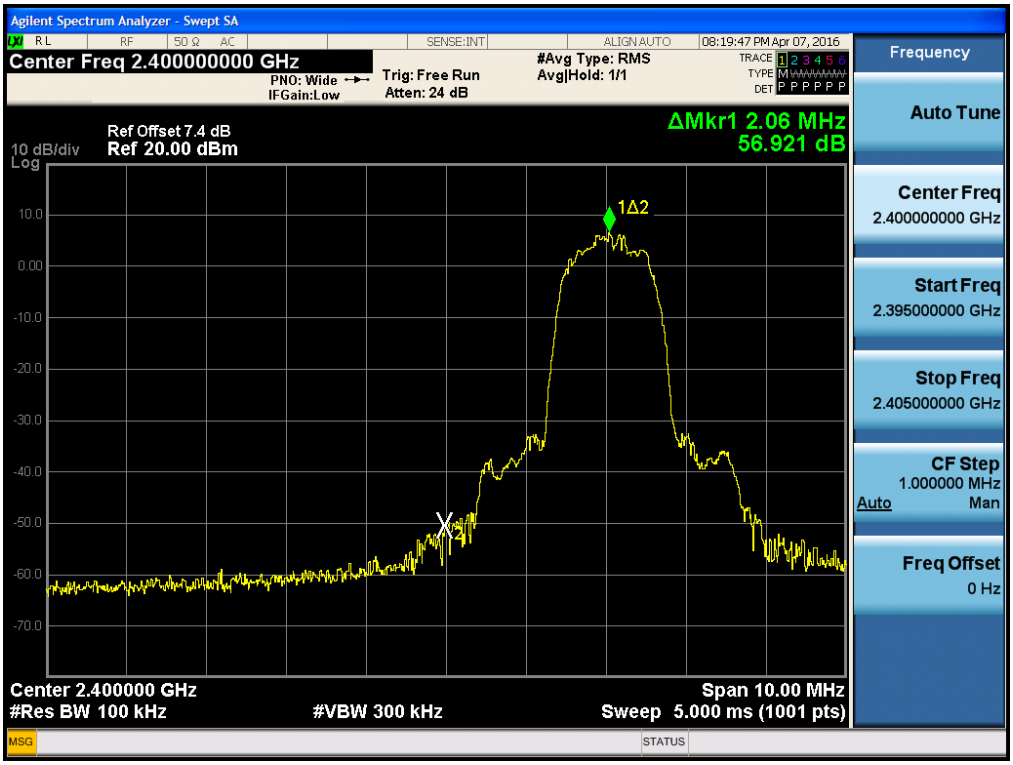
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (CH.0)



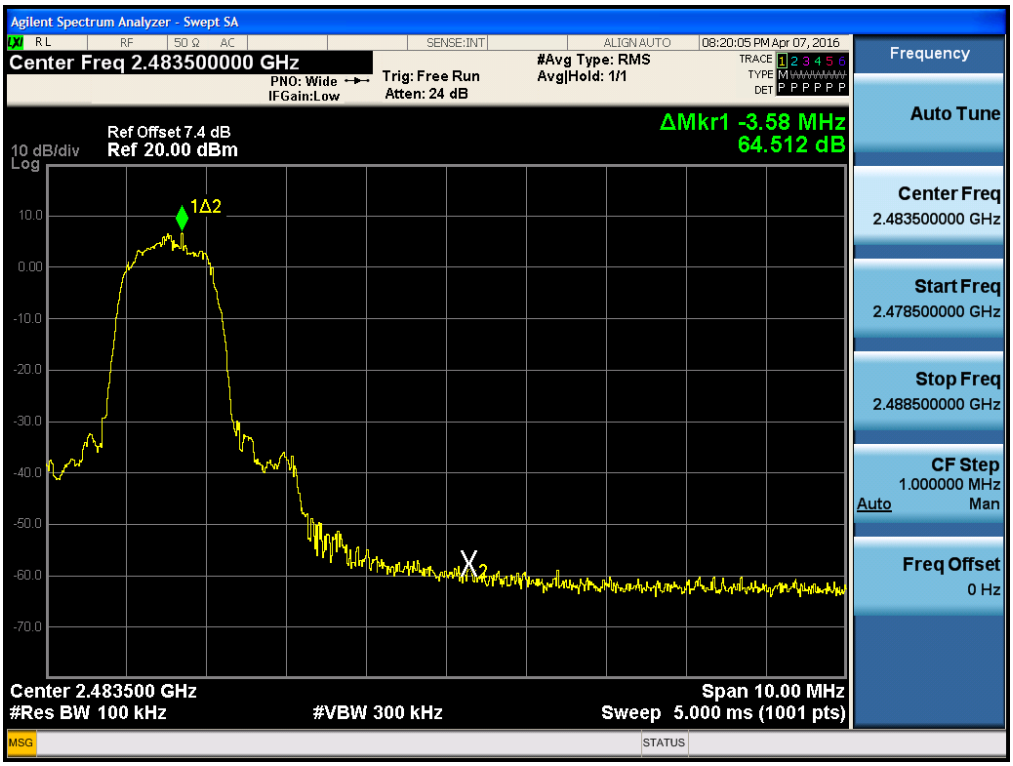
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (CH.78)



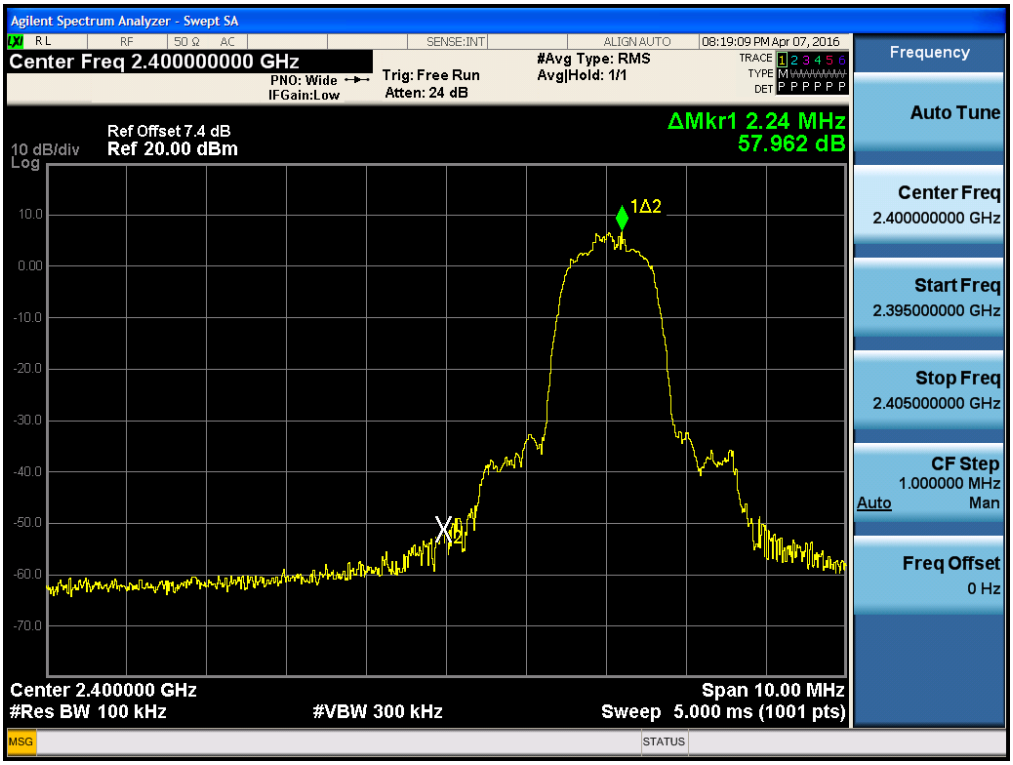
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (CH.0)



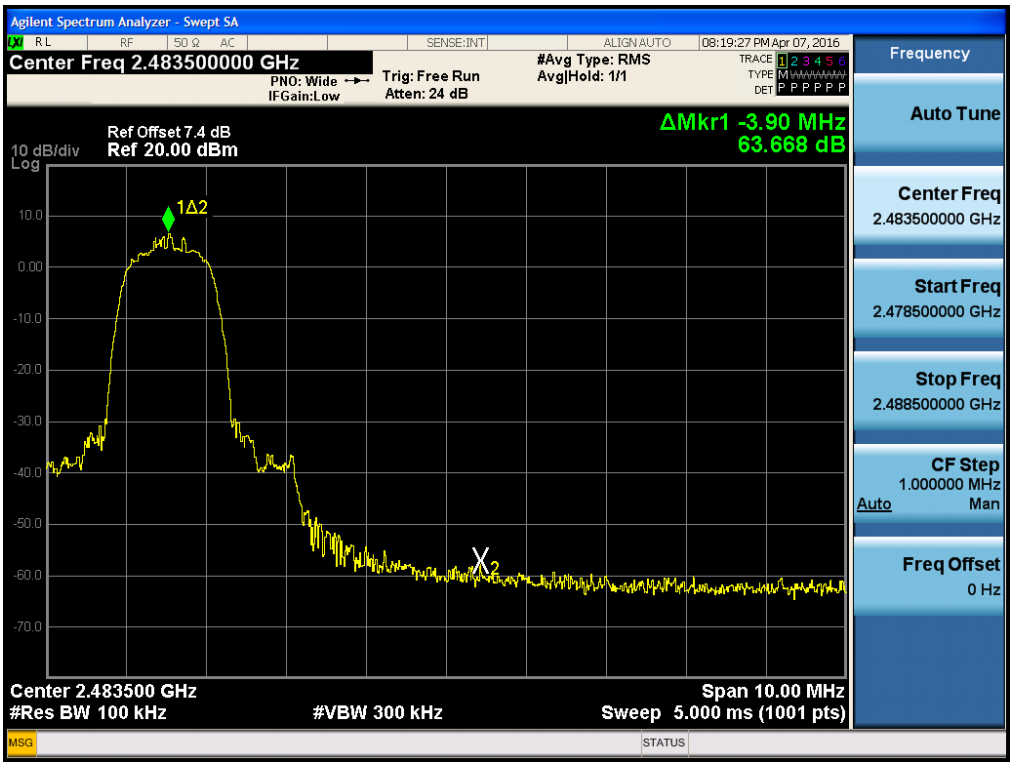
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (CH.78)



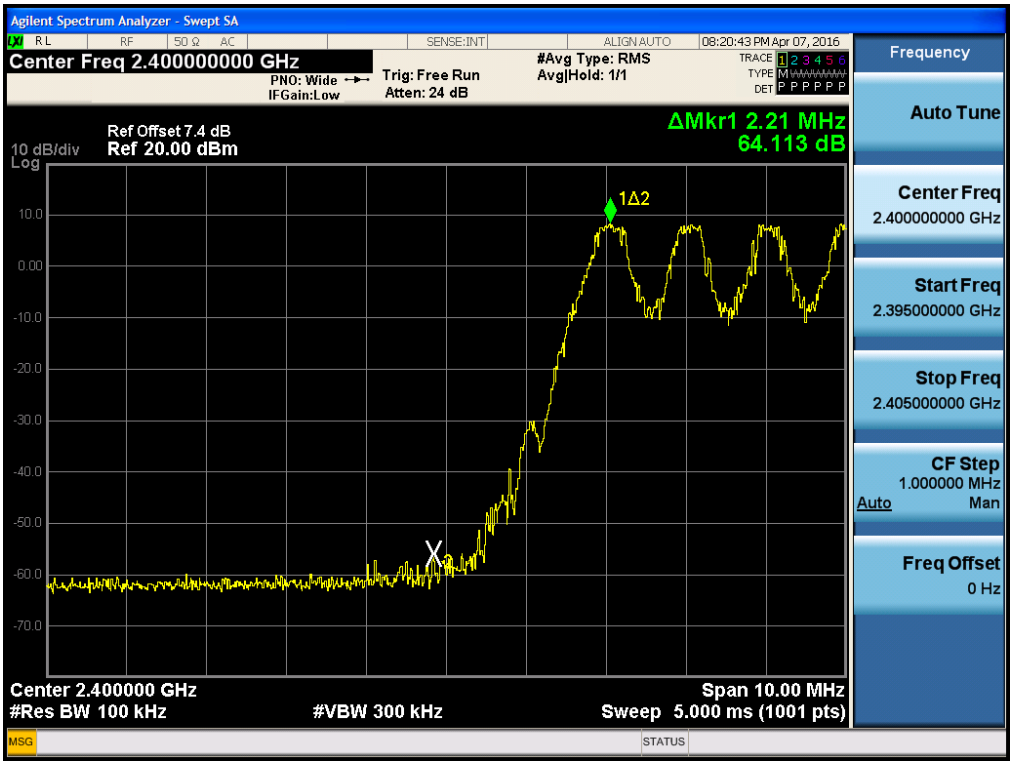
Test Plots without hopping (π/4DQPSK)
Band Edges (CH.0)



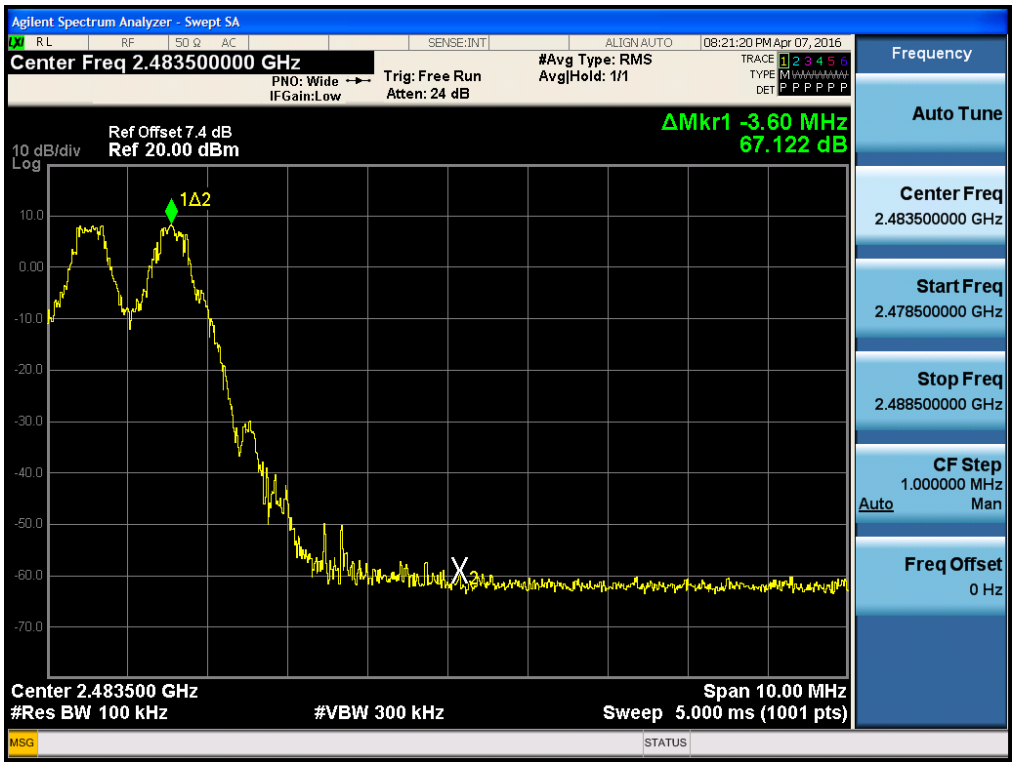
Test Plots without hopping (π/4DQPSK)
Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (CH.0)

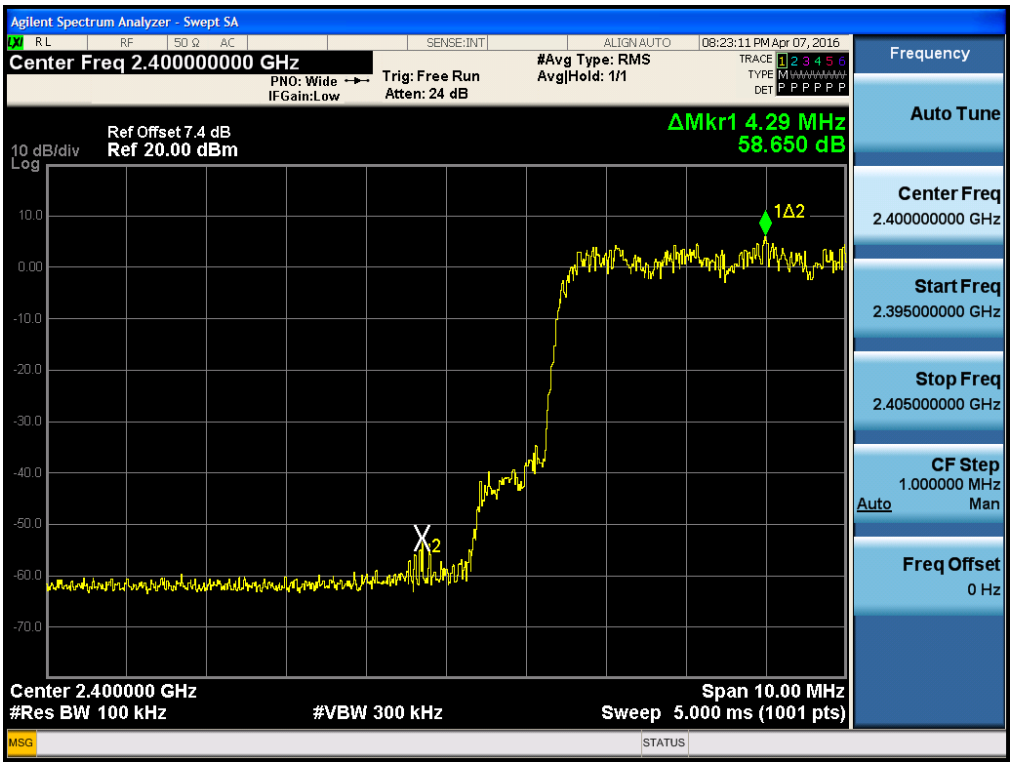


Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (CH.78)



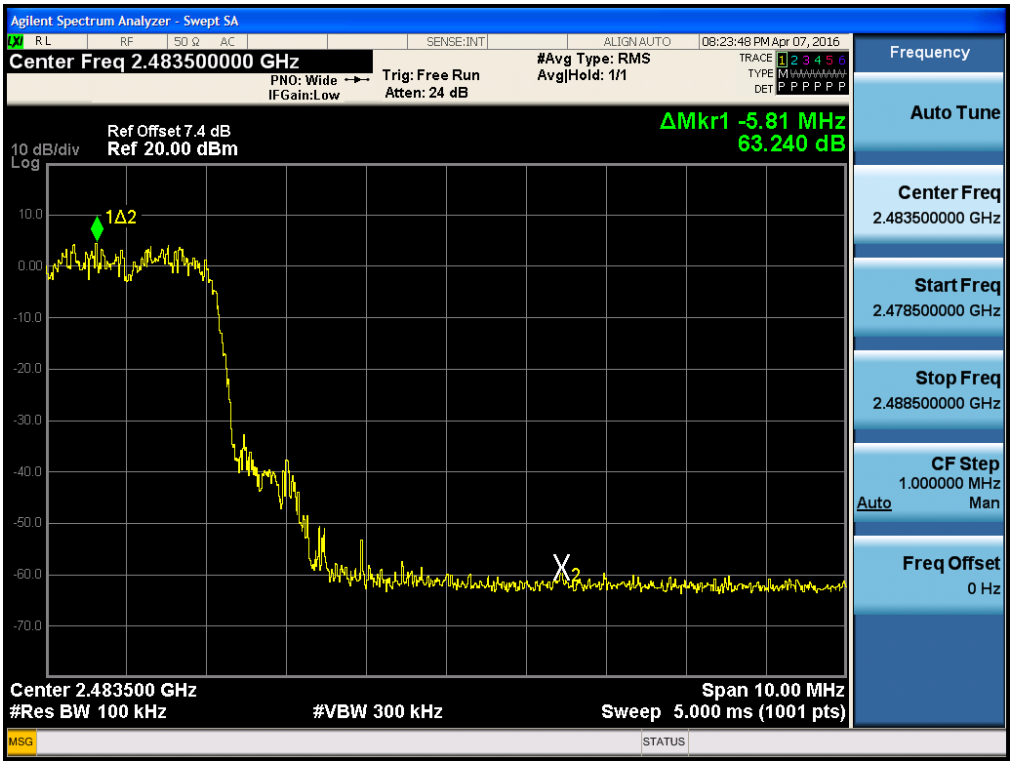
Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)

Band Edges (CH.0)

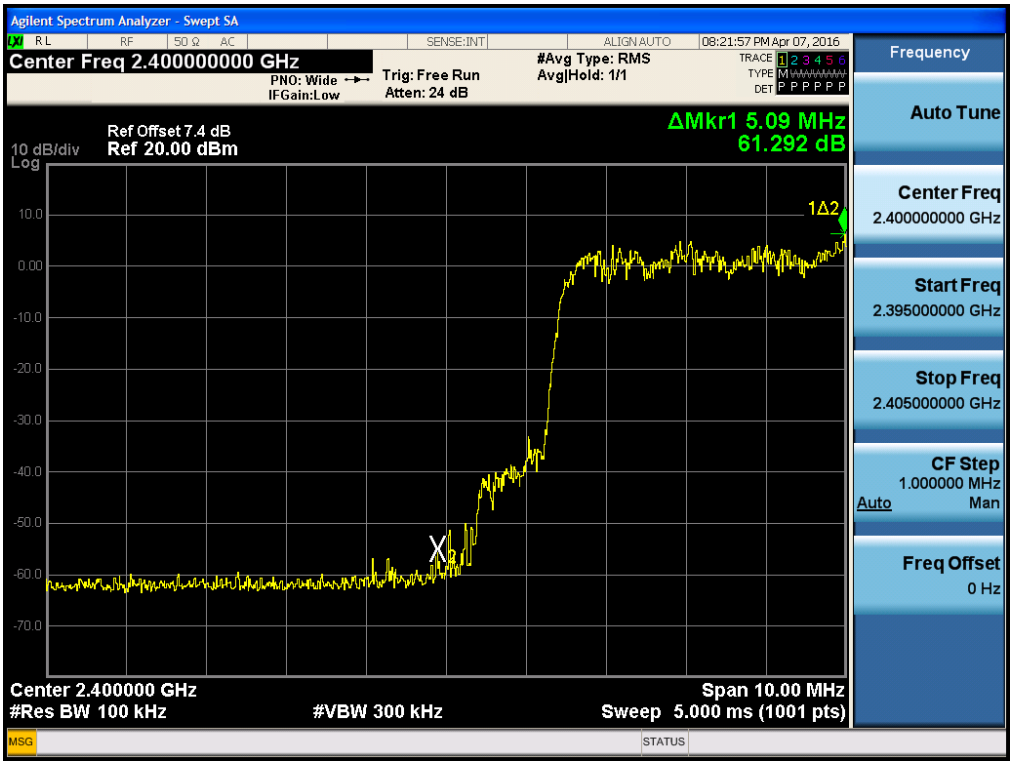


Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)

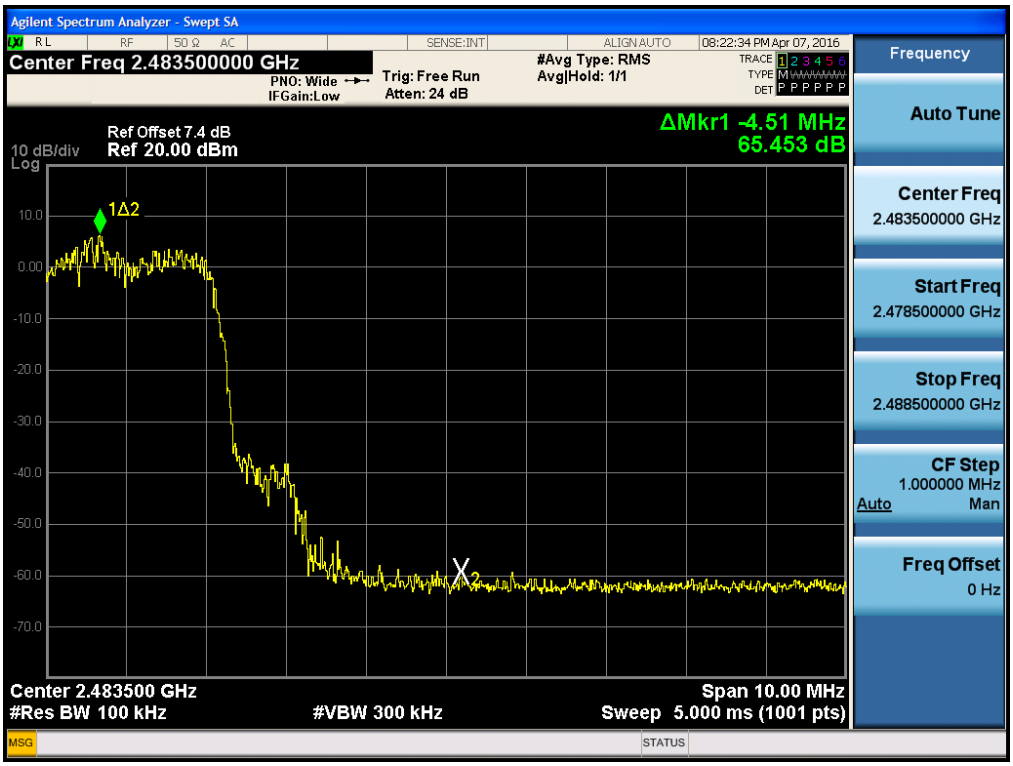
Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping (π/4DQPSK)
Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping (π/4DQPSK)
Band Edges (CH.78)

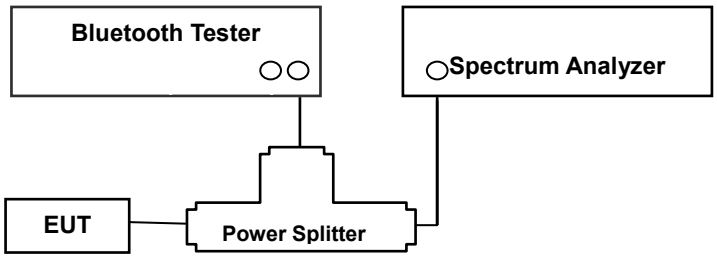


9.3 FREQUENCY SEPARATION / OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% BW)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Channel Separation test is performed with hopping on. And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
2) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
3) VBW ≥ RBW
4) Sweep: Auto
5) Detector: Peak
6) Trace: Max hold
7) All the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Test Data

Channel Separation (kHz)			20dB Bandwidth (kHz)				Limit (kHz)	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK		
998	1001	994	CH.0	967.5	1308	1317	>25 or >2/3 of the 20dB BW	Pass
			CH.39	968.5	1300	1289		
			CH.78	969.6	1302	1289		

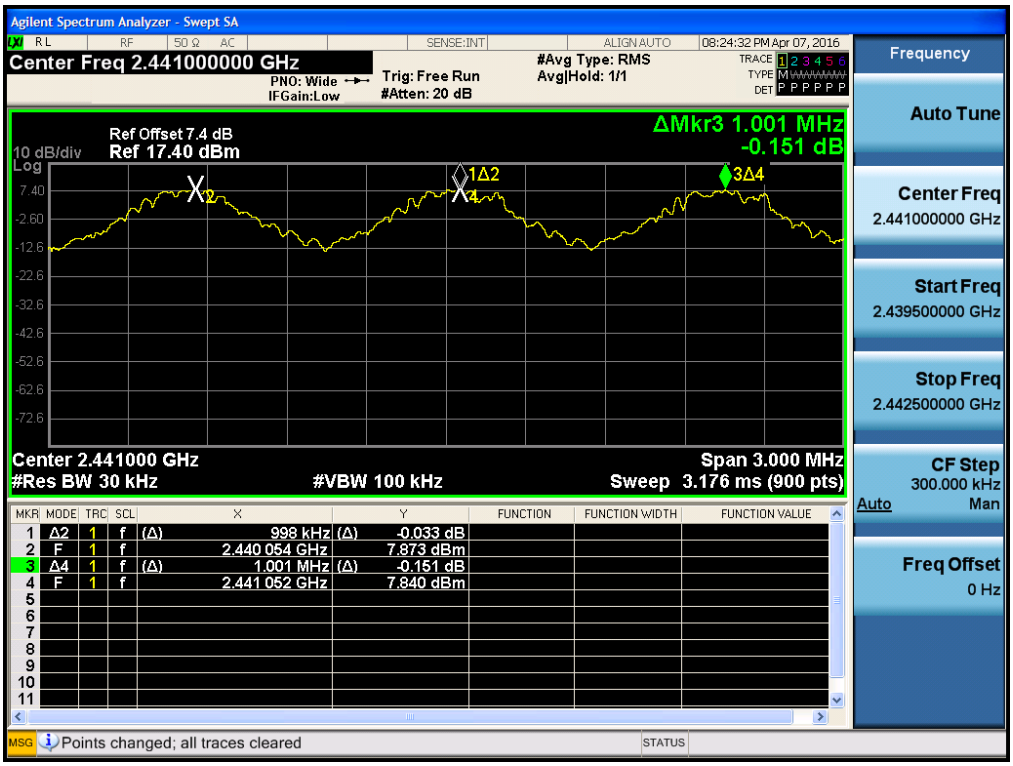
Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

99% BW (kHz)			
Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK
CH.0	894.52	1175.3	1174.2
CH.39	900.97	1177.3	1168.7
CH.78	894.39	1175.0	1171.4

Note : We can not know what use channel in AFH mode. So, we can not test in AFH mode. Also, if the test performs some channel in AFH mode, the test result is not different with normal mode.

Test Plots (GFSK)

Channel Separation

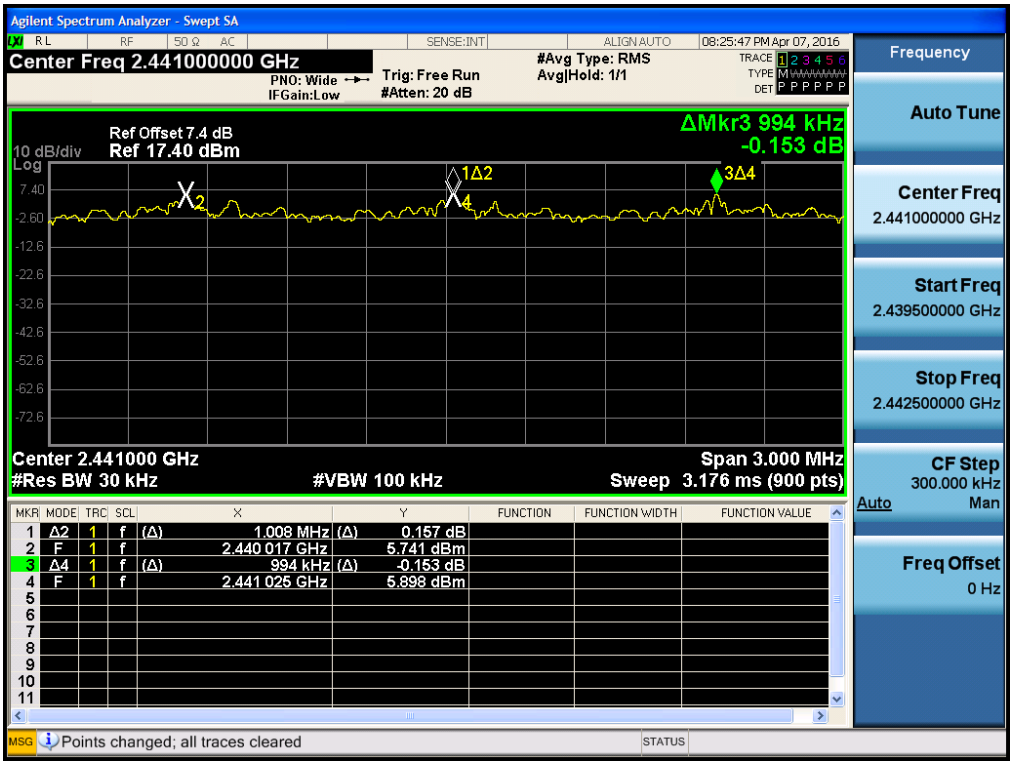


Test Plots (8DPSK)

Channel Separation

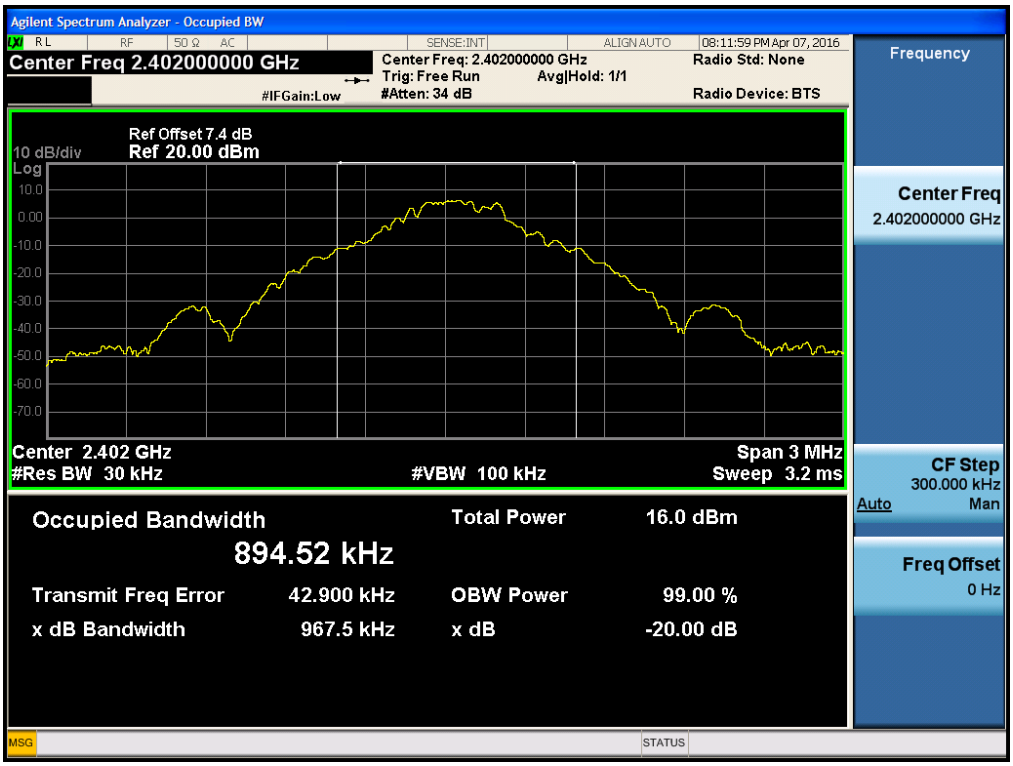
Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

Channel Separation



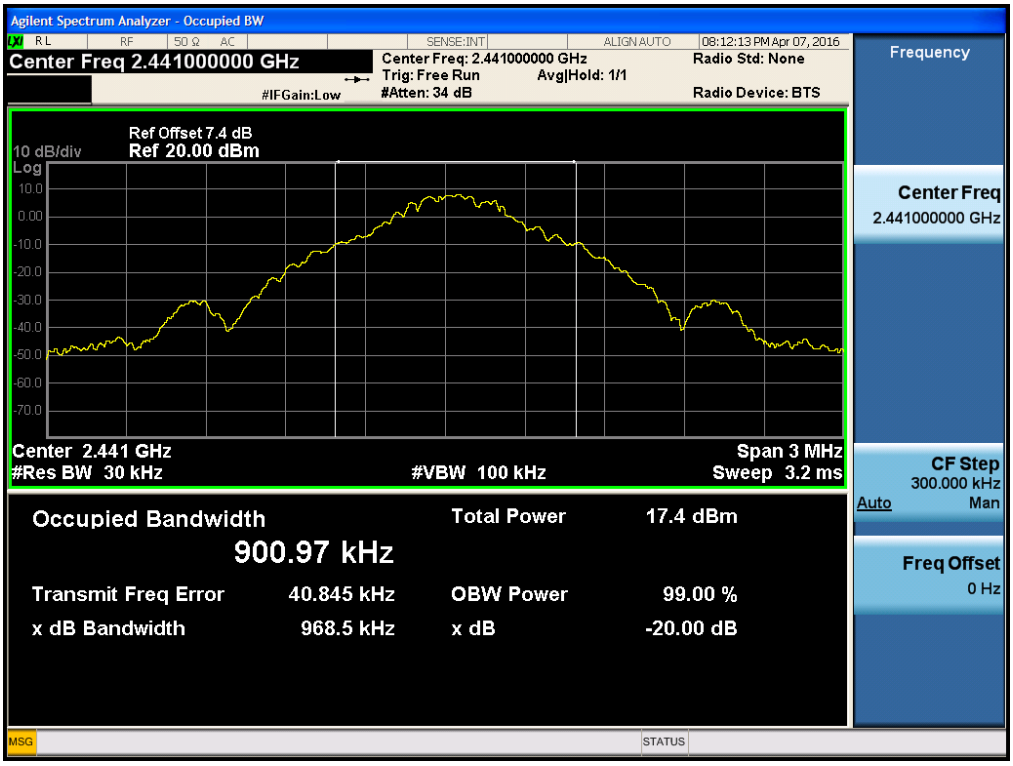
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



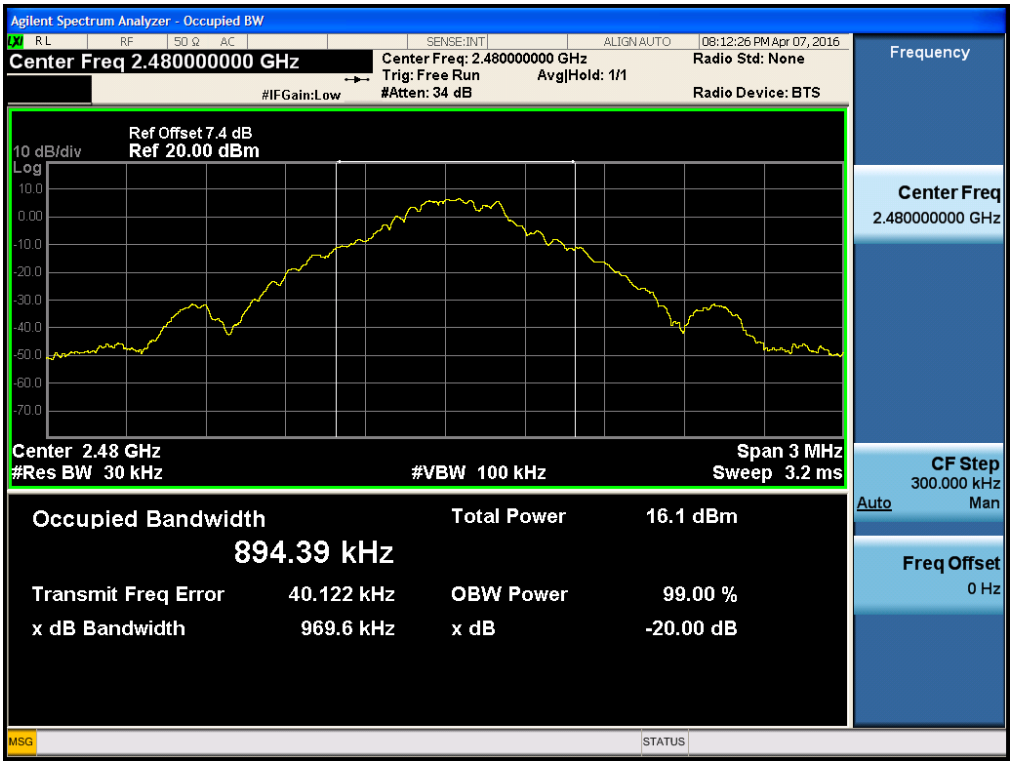
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



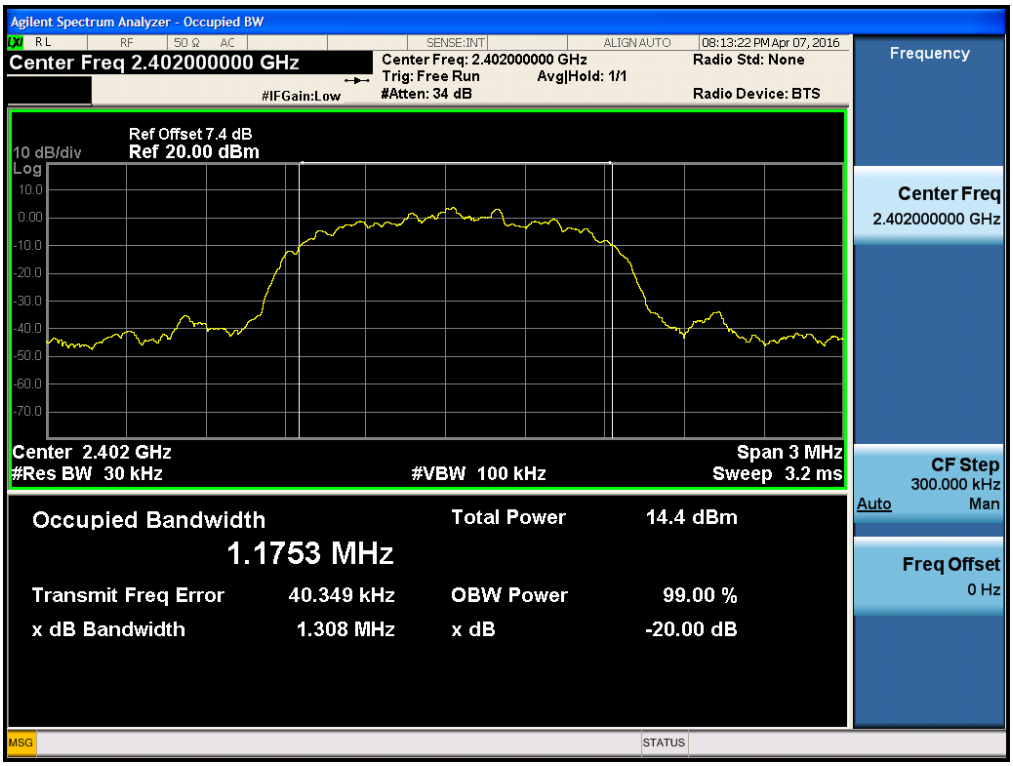
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)



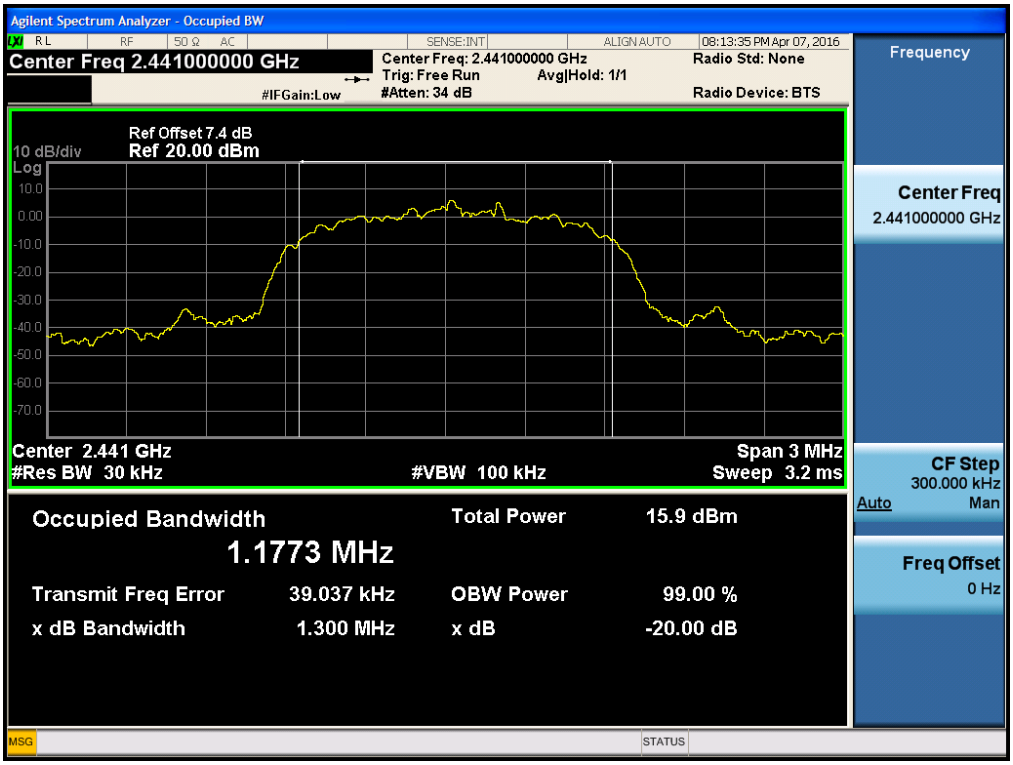
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



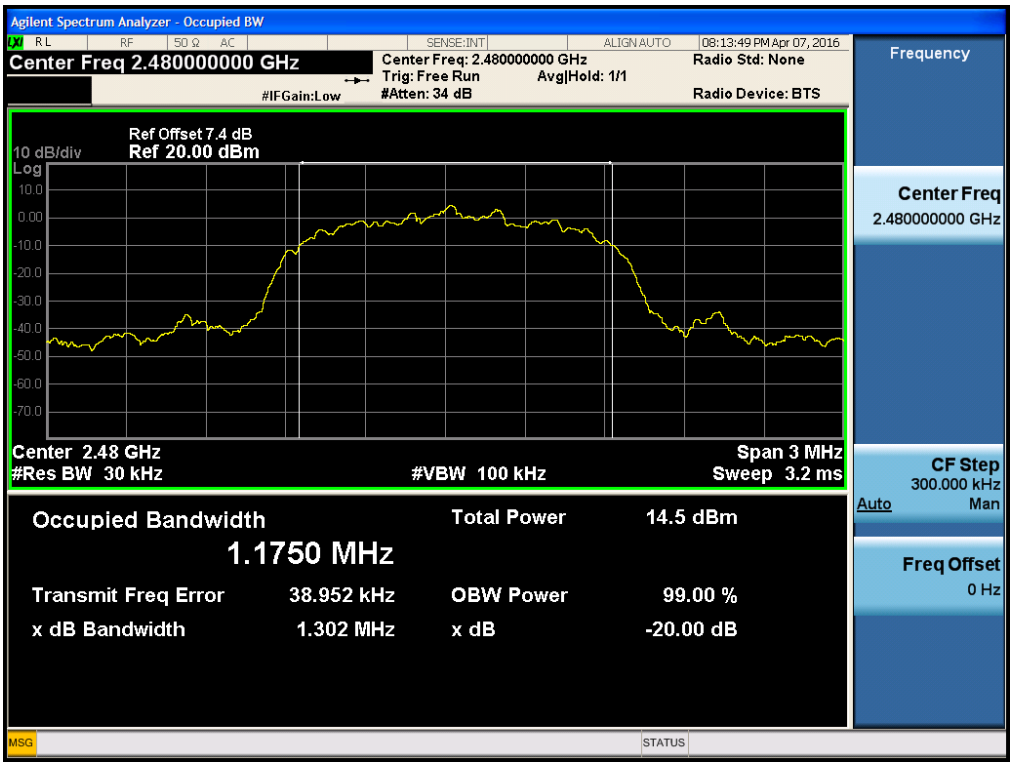
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



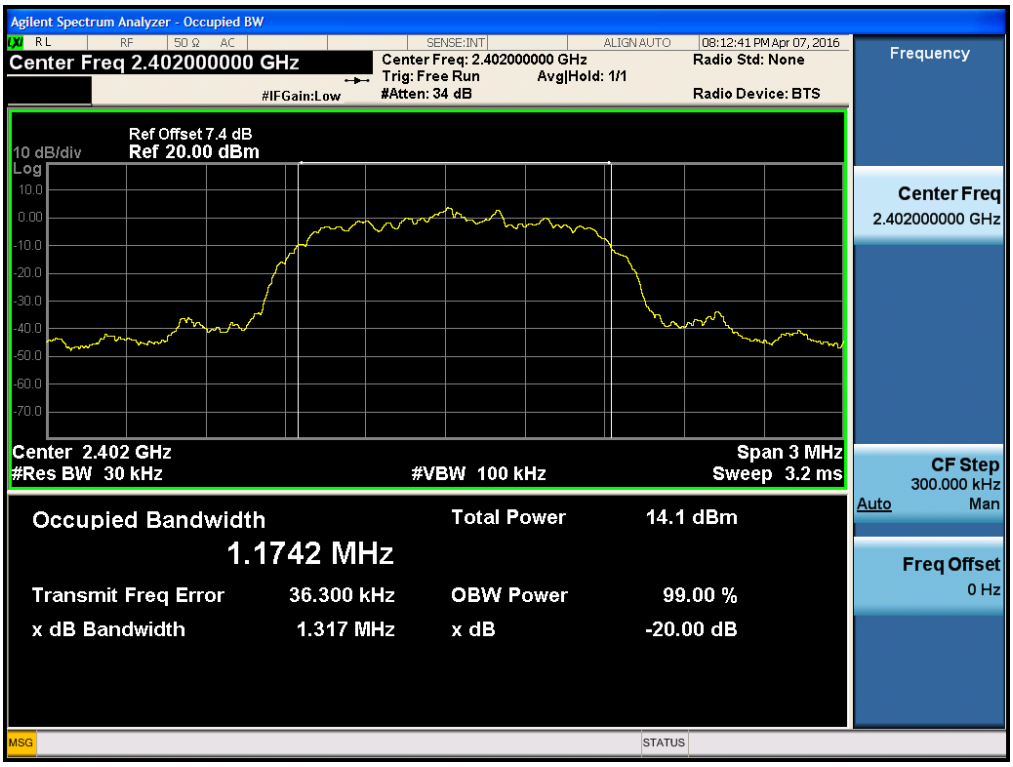
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)



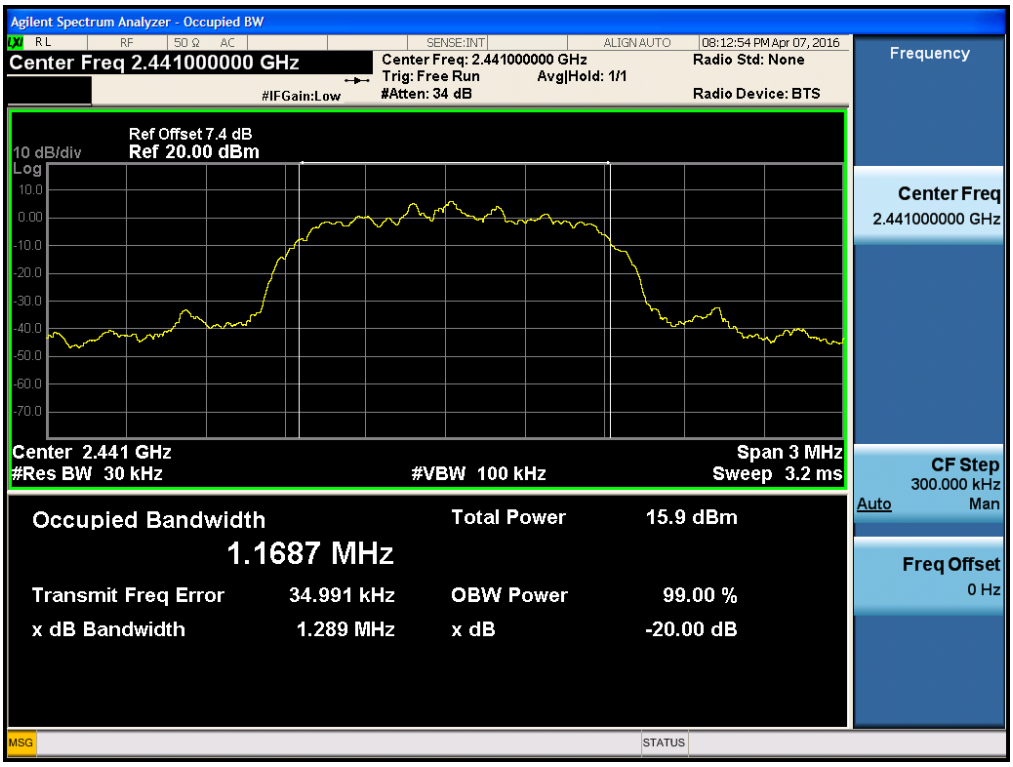
Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



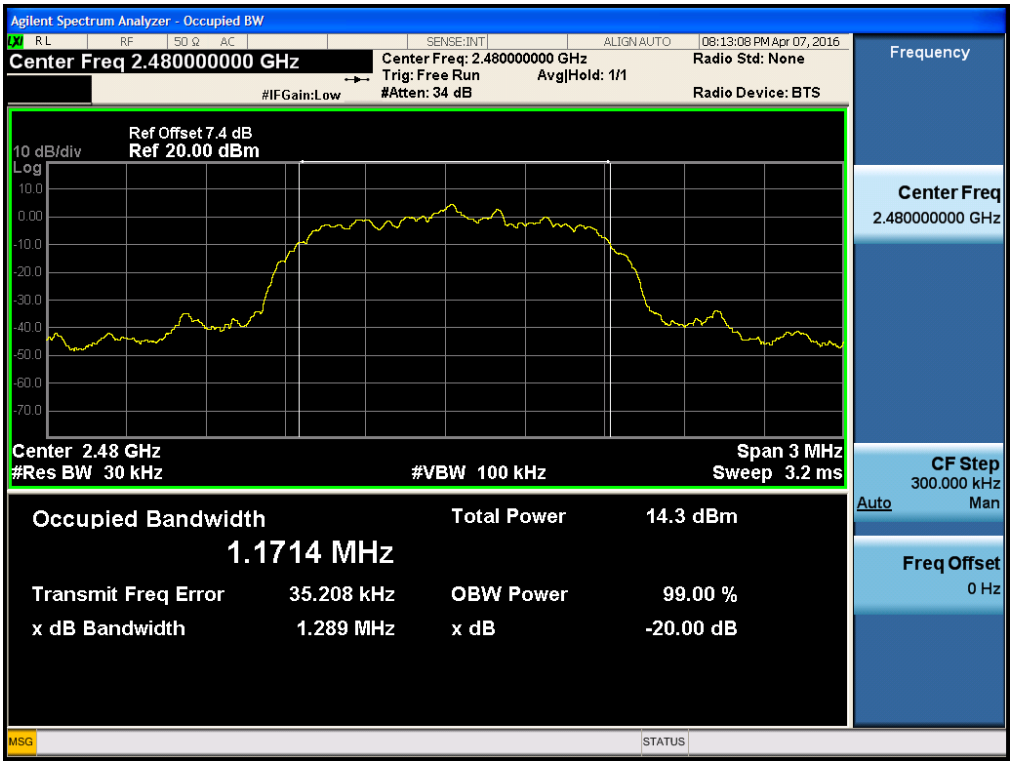
Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)

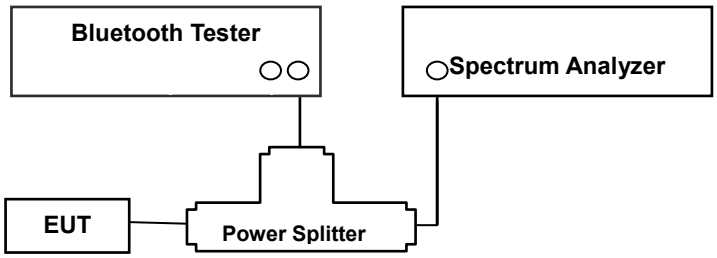


9.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.3 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: the frequency band of operation
2) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
3) VBW ≥ RBW
4) Sweep: Auto
5) Detector: Peak
6) Trace: Max hold
7) Allow the trace to stabilize.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

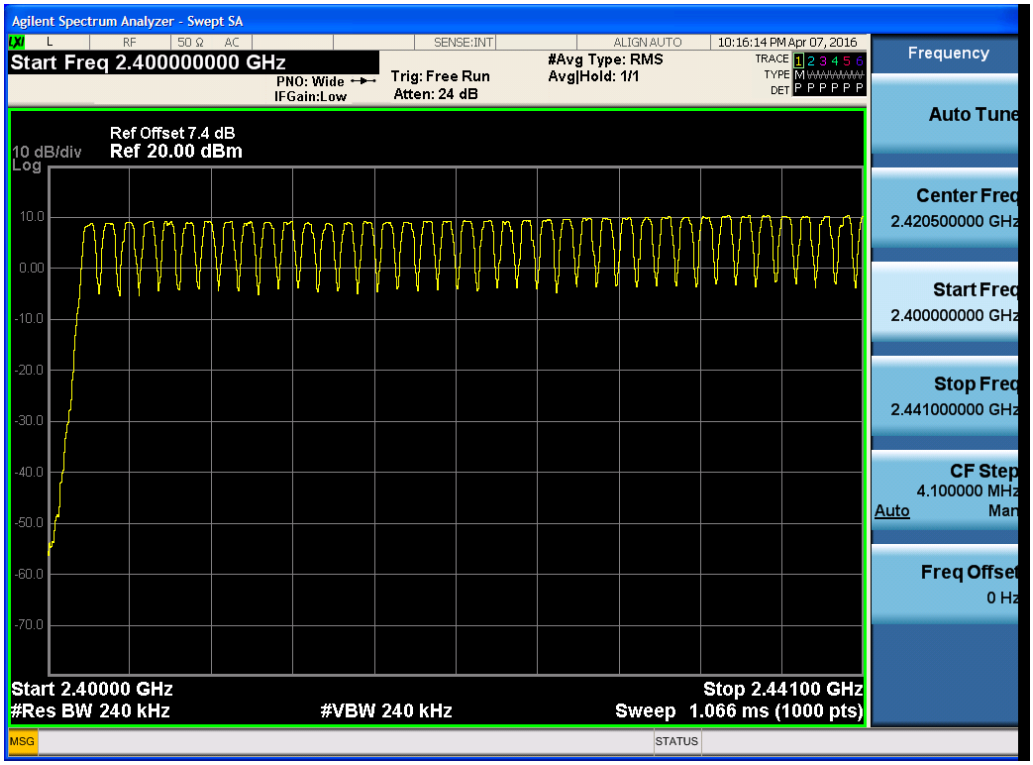
Test Data

Result (No. of CH)			Limit	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK		
79	79	79	>15	Pass

Note : In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.

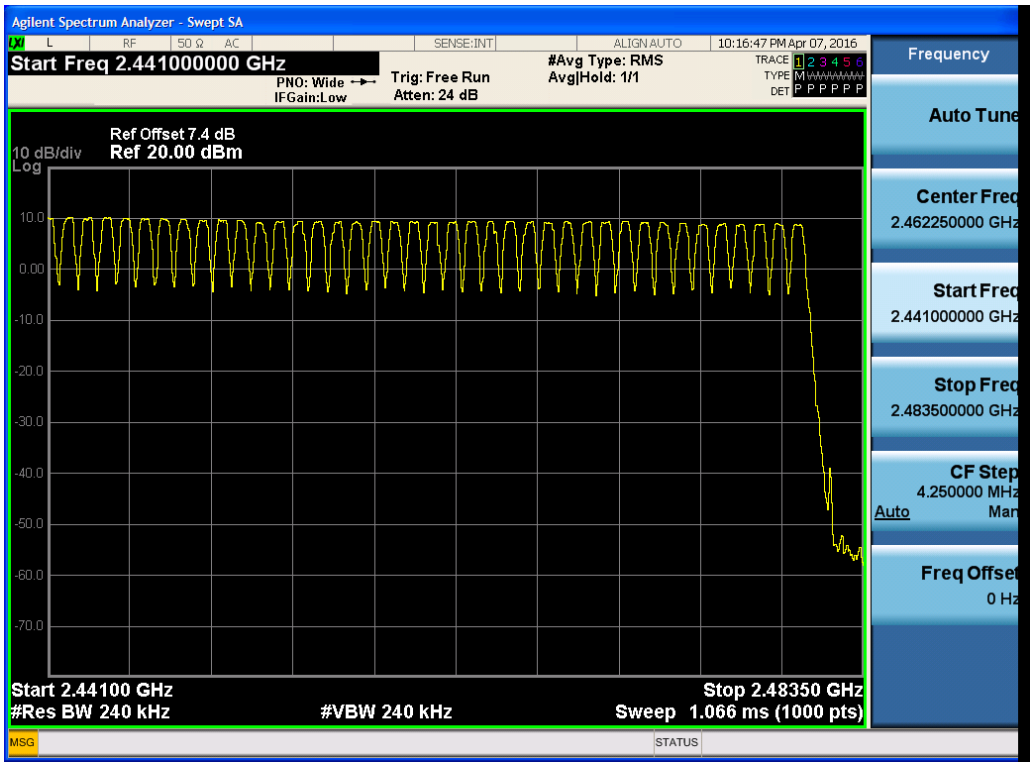
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



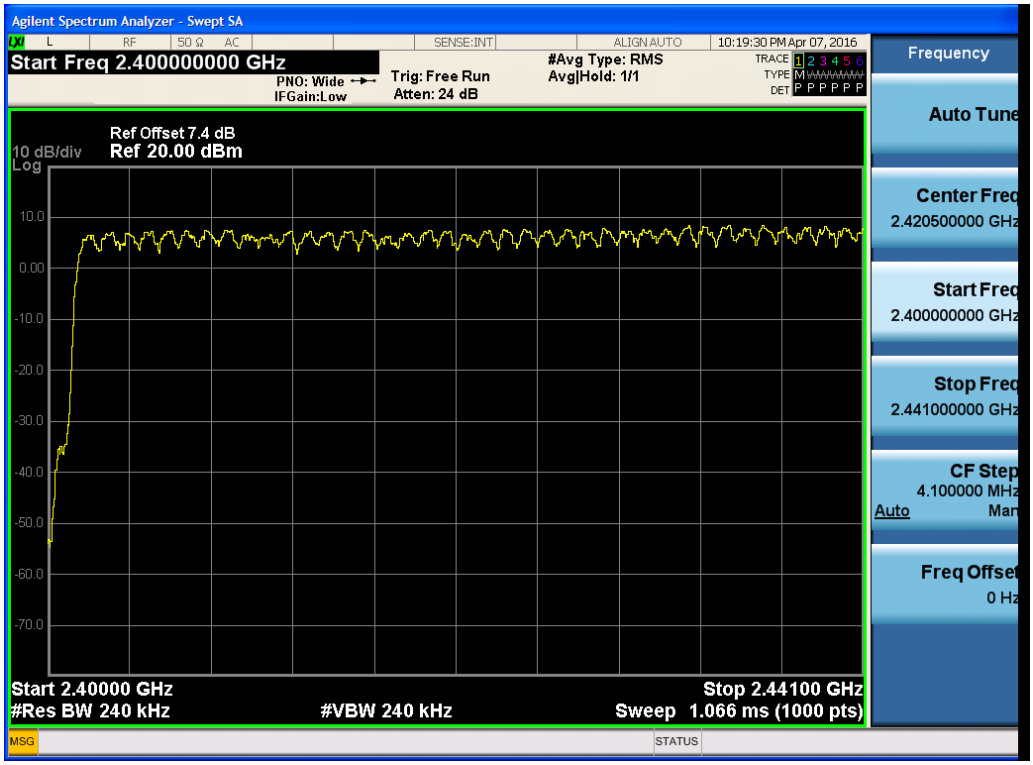
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



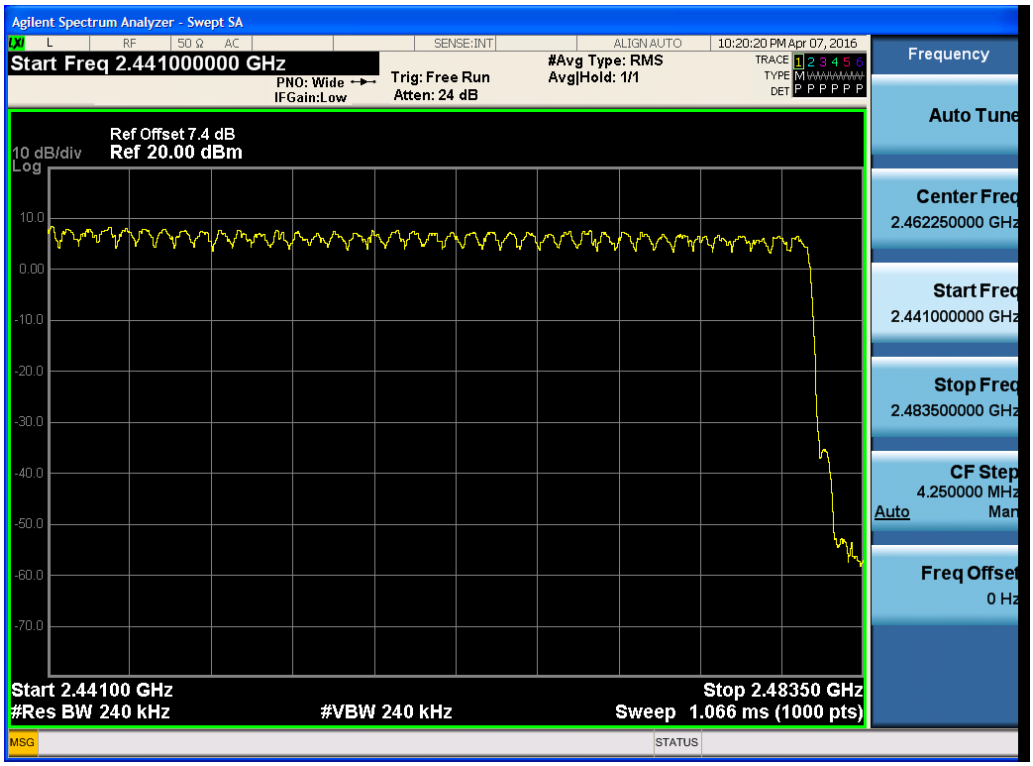
Test Plots (8DPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)

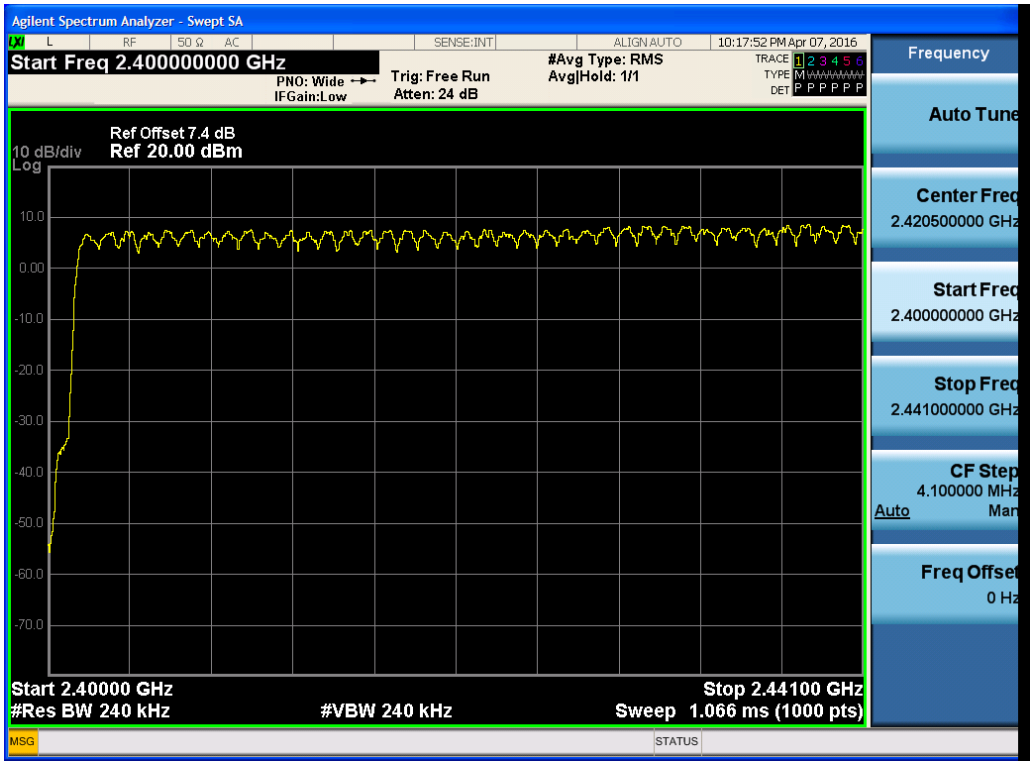


Test Plots (8DPSK)

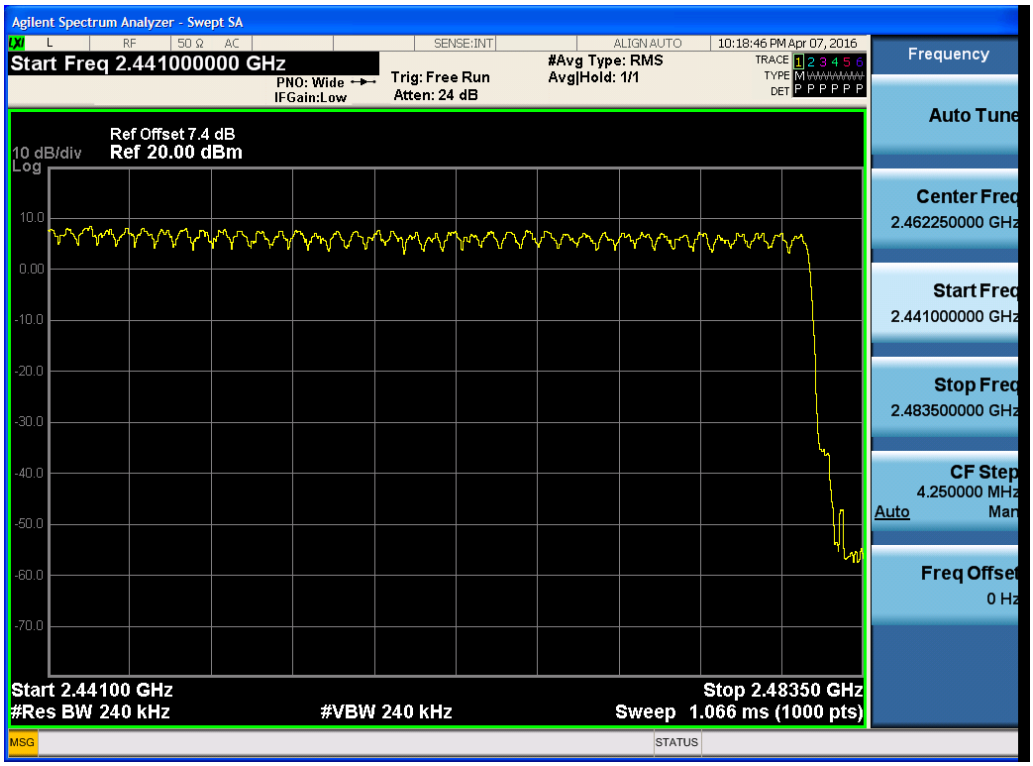
Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)

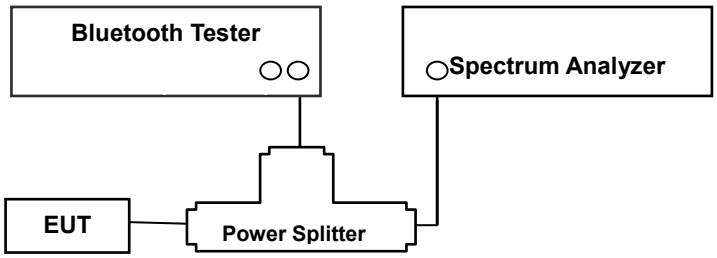


9.5 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off.

EUT was set to transmit the longest packet type (DH5)

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

1) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel
2) RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
3) Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
4) Detector: Peak
5) Trace: Max hold

The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.

Normal Mode / EDR Mode

DH 5(The longest packet type for GFSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for π/4DQPSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.27 (ms)

AFH Mode

DH 5(The longest packet type for GFSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for π/4DQPSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

CH Mid : 2.890 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.13 (ms)

Note :

A DH5 Packet need 5 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 hops per second with 79 channels. So the system have each channel 3.3755 times per second and so for 31.6 seconds the system have 106.7 times of appearance. Each tx-time per appearance of DH5 is 2.892 ms.

Dwell time = Tx-time * 106.7

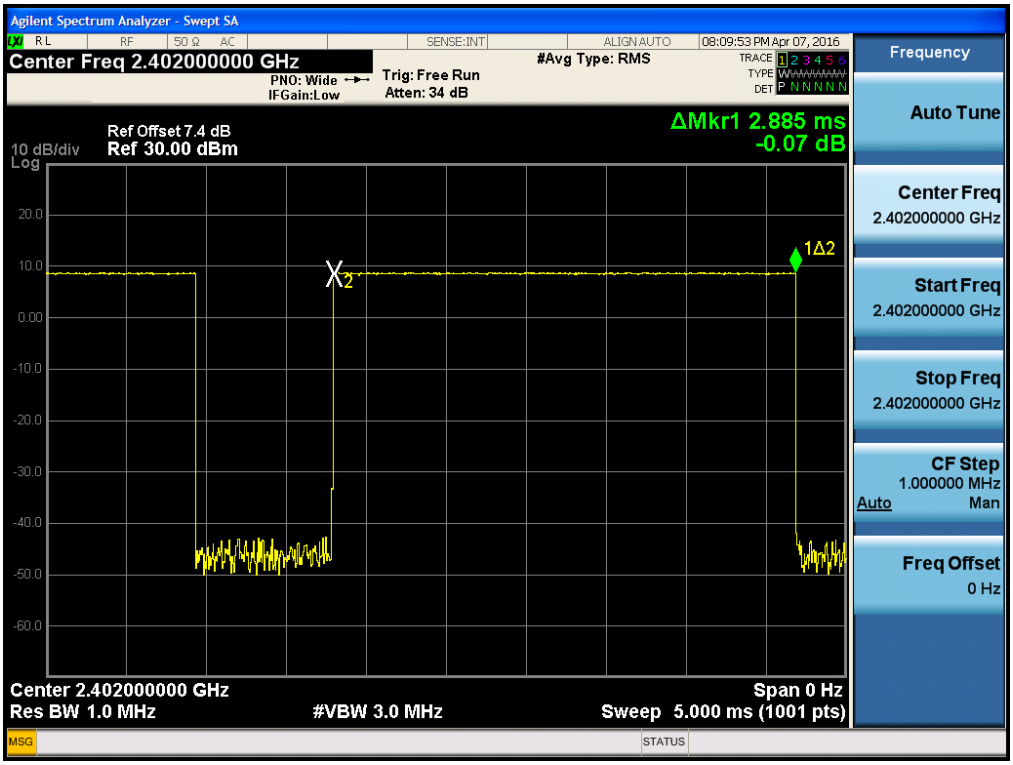
TEST RESULTS

See the table.

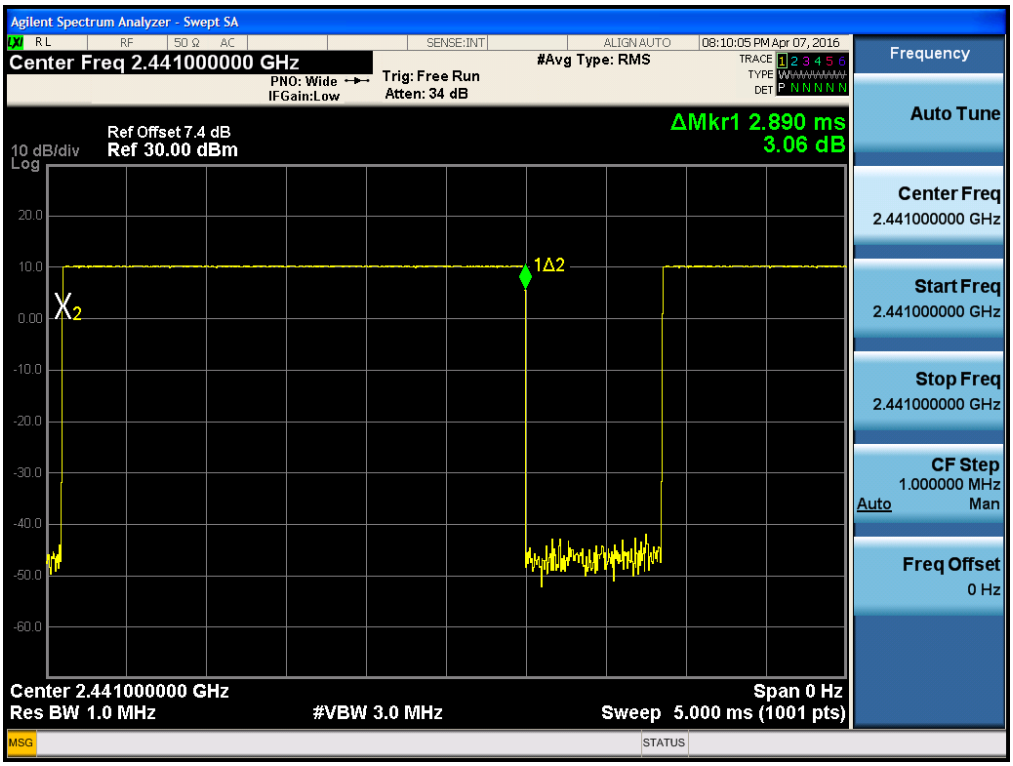
	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK
Pulse Time (ms)	Low	2.885	2.890	2.890
	Mid	2.890	2.890	2.890
	High	2.890	2.890	2.890

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	π/4DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)	Result
Total of Dwell (ms)	Low	307.73	308.27	308.27	31.6	400	PASS
	Mid	308.27	308.27	308.27	31.6		PASS
	High	308.27	308.27	308.27	31.6		PASS

Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (CH.0)

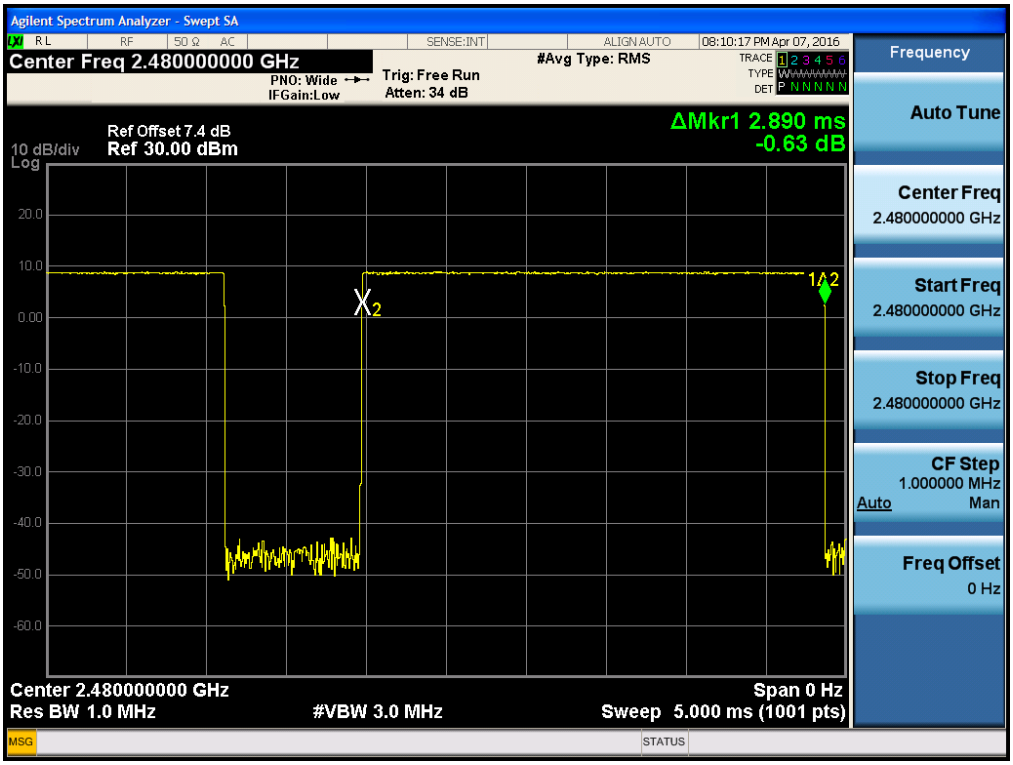


Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (CH.39)



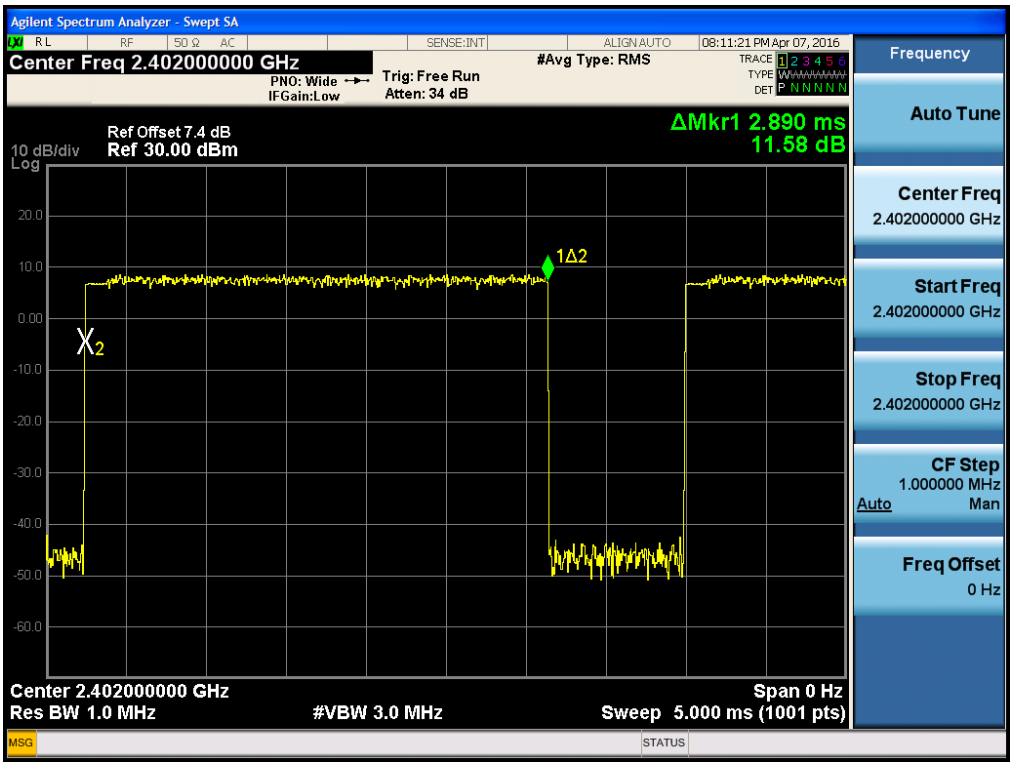
Test Plots (GFSK)

Dwell Time (CH.78)

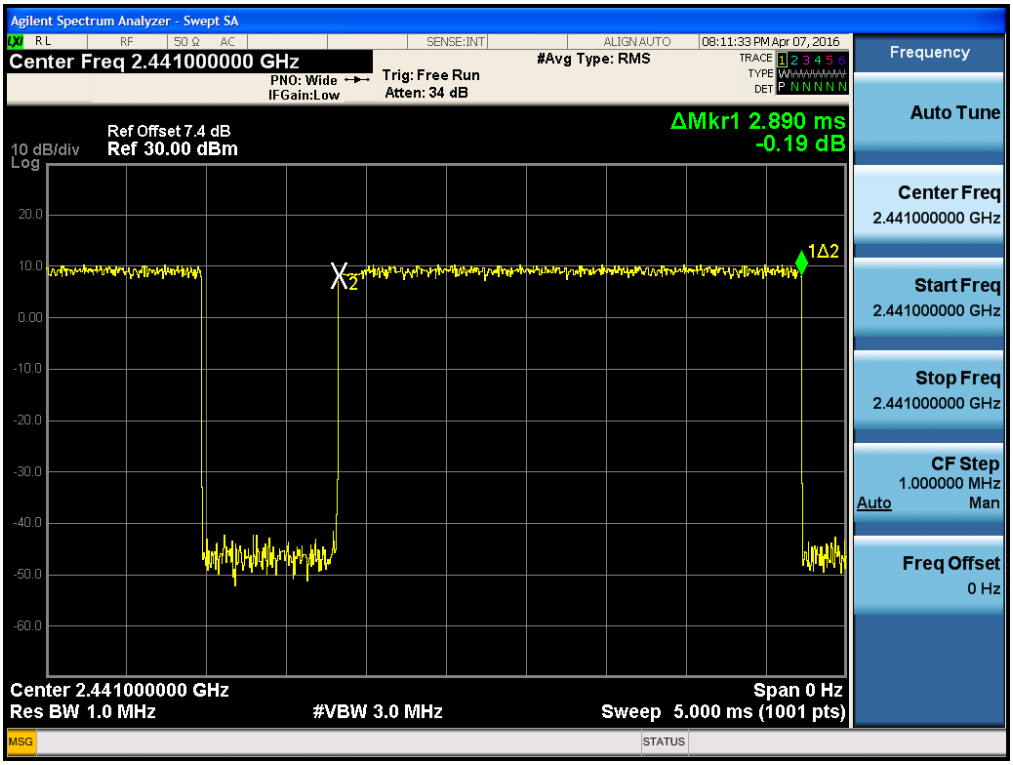


Test Plots (8DPSK)

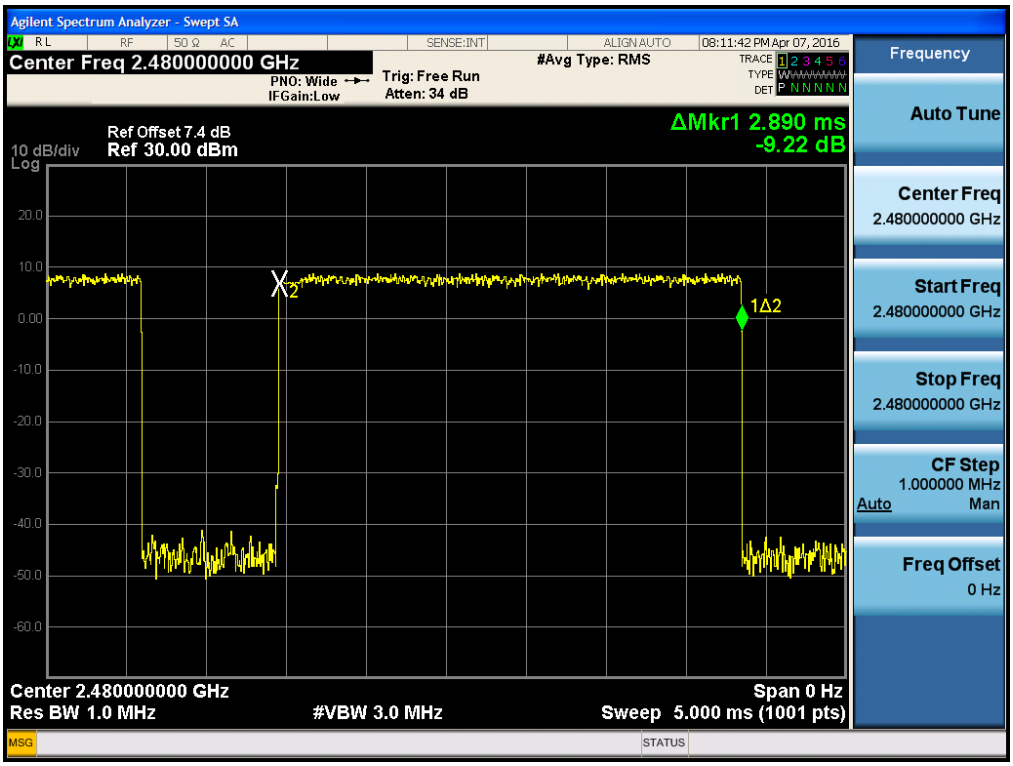
Dwell Time (CH.0)



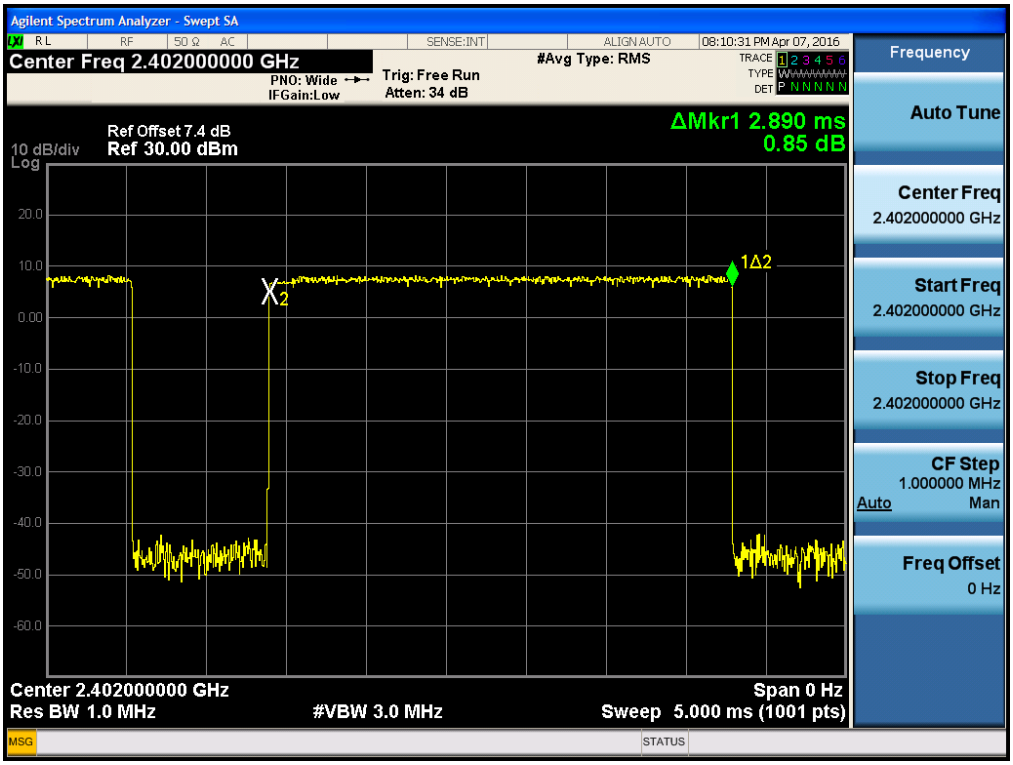
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (CH.39)



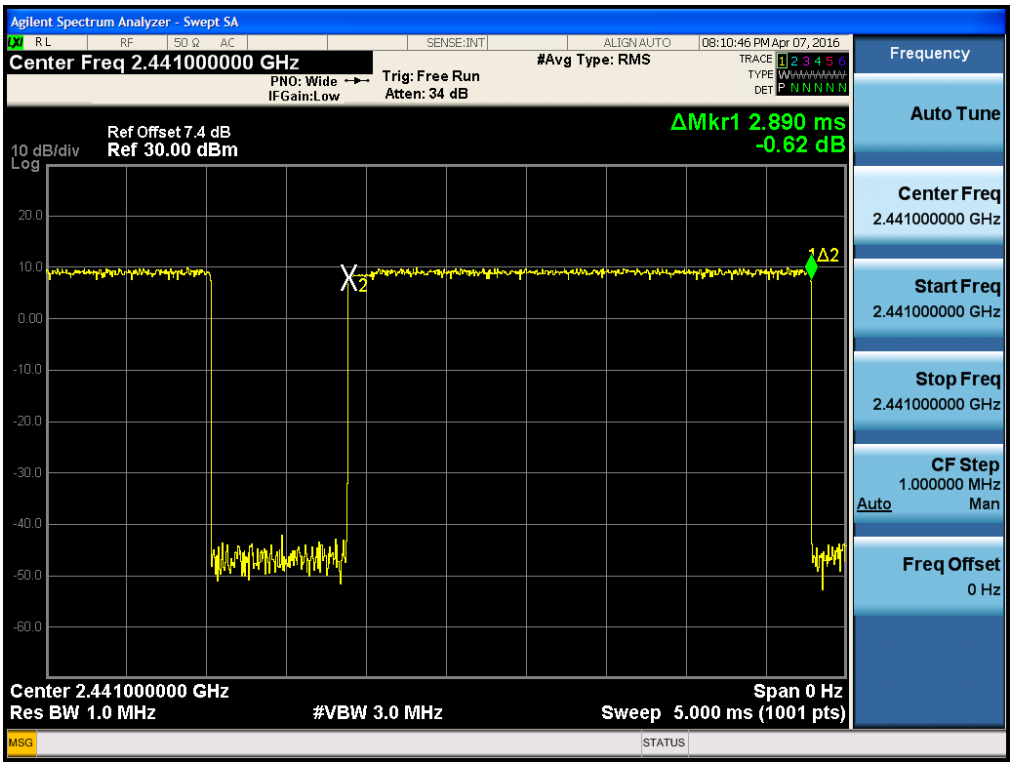
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (CH.78)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Dwell Time (CH.0)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)
Dwell Time (CH.39)



Test Plots (π/4DQPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.78)