

Appendix C.1 Calibration certificate for Probe_SN 3862

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client SGS (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3862_Jan14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3862

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 29, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Polovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 30, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108****Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). *NORMx,y,z* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORMx,y,z* does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z*: *A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f < 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3862

January 29, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3862

Manufactured: February 2, 2012
Calibrated: January 29, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3862

January 29, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3862

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.43	0.44	0.37	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	108.2	99.9	104.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	A dB	B dB/ μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	152.2	±3.3 %
		Y 0.0	0.0	1.0		154.0	
		Z 0.0	0.0	1.0		191.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3862

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9.76	9.76	9.76	0.16	1.67	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.63	9.63	9.63	0.31	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.80	0.56	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.51	0.72	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.30	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.32	0.85	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.31	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.31	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.32	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3862

January 29, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3862

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^g (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.31	1.06	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.54	0.71	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.25	1.04	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.21	4.21	4.21	0.38	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.04	4.04	4.04	0.38	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.32	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.44	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

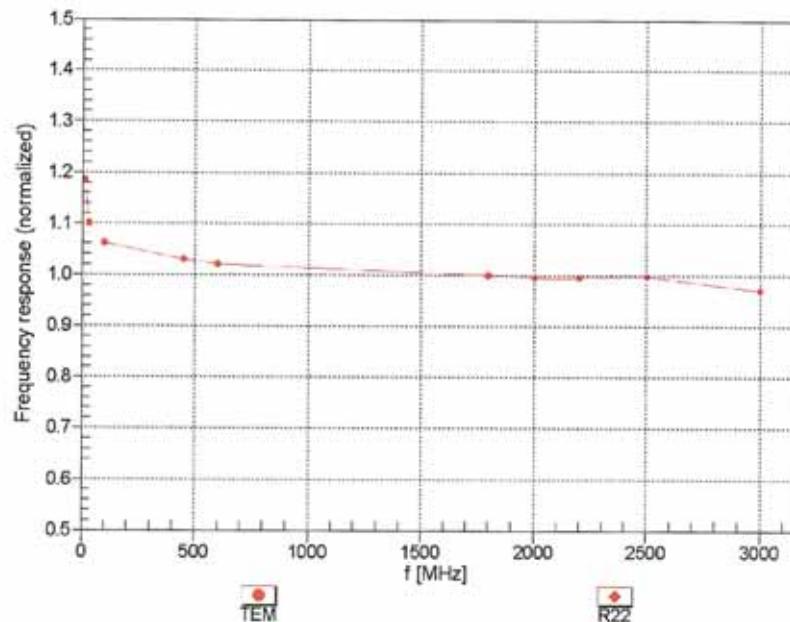
^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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January 29, 2014

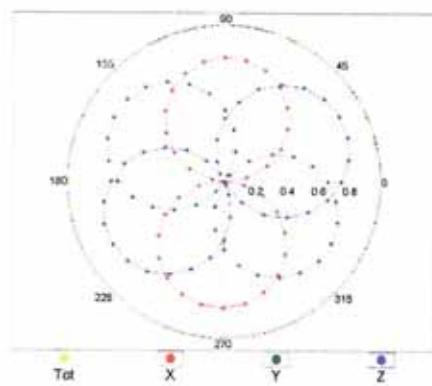
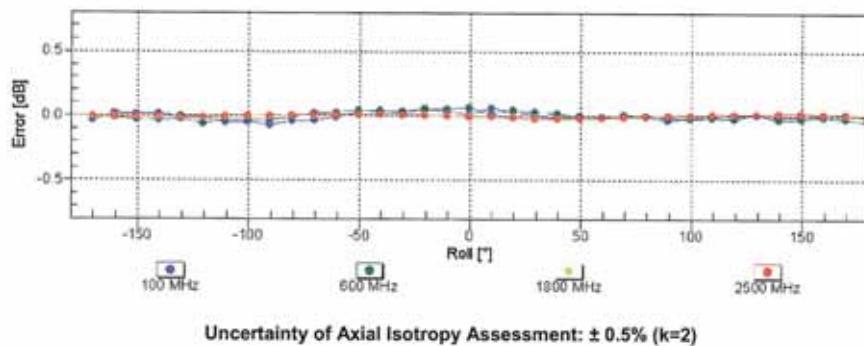
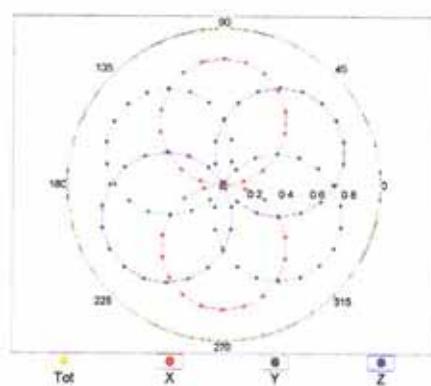
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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January 29, 2014

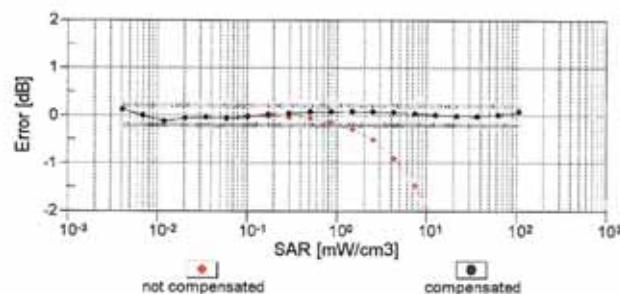
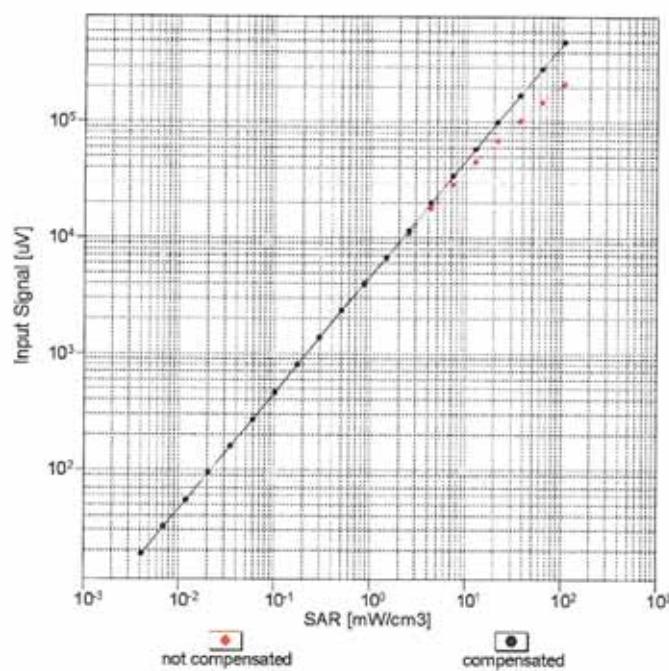
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

 $f=600 \text{ MHz, TEM}$  $f=1800 \text{ MHz, R22}$ 

EX3DV4- SN:3862

January 29, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

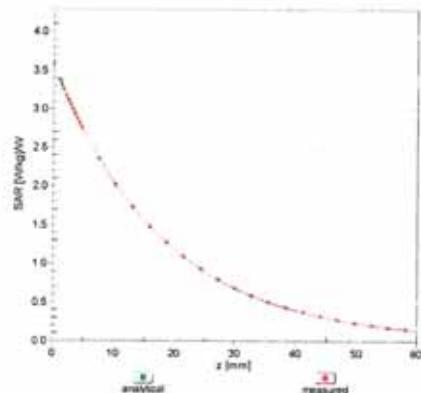
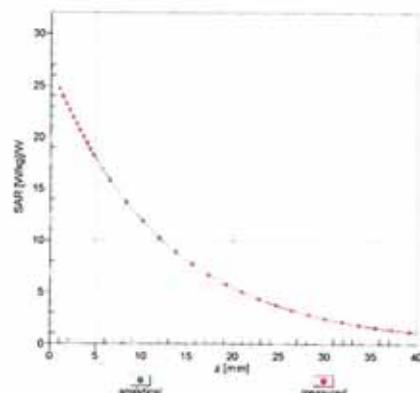


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

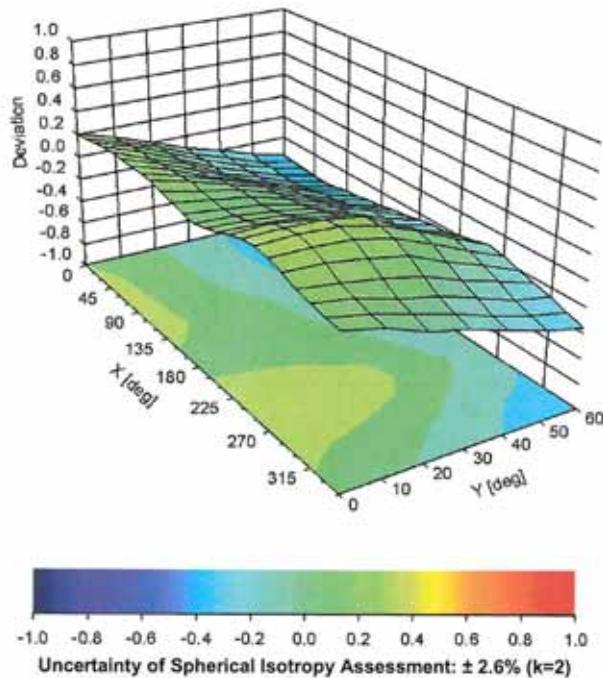
EX3DV4- SN:3862

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Conversion Factor Assessment

 $f = 900 \text{ MHz}, \text{WGLS R9 (H_convF)}$  $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}, \text{WGLS R22 (H_convF)}$ 

Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



Certificate No:

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January 29, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3862

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-70.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Appendix C.1 Calibration certificate for Probe_SN 3972

Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client KTL (Dymatec)

Certificate No: EX3-3972_Jan14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX30DV4 - SN:3972		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA.CAL-01.v0, QA.CAL-23.v5, QA.CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes		
Calibration date:	January 26, 2014		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity < 70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&T critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID	Call Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4410B	0541250874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412(A)	MT41409887	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 85054 (3dB)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55277 (20dB)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 85129 (30dB)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Reference Probe CS20V2	SN: 2912	30-Dec-13 (No. E33-3013, Dec-13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 880	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-880, Dec-13)	Dec-14
Secondary standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8540C	US3942U01700	4-Aug-13 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753C	US373800588	18-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Calibrated by:	Name: Stefan Kastell	Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature:
Approved by:	Name: Rata Fokovic	Function: Technical Manager	Signature:

Issued: January 26, 2014

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Certificate No: EX3-3972_Jan14

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:	
TSL	issue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center). I.e., $\beta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- * $NORM_{x,y,z}$: Assessed for E-field polarization $\beta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). $NORM_{x,y,z}$ are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of $NORM_{x,y,z}$ does not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- * $NORMf_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * \text{frequency response}$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software version later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- * $DCP_{x,y,z}$: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- * PAR : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- * $A_{x,y,z}, B_{x,y,z}, C_{x,y,z}, D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}$: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- * $ConvF$ and $Boundary Effect Parameters$: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard) for $f < 800$ MHz; and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$ whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- * $Spherical Isotropy$ (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- * $Sensor Offset$: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- * $Connector Angle$: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the $NORM$ (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3972

January 28, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3972

Manufactured: November 5, 2013
Calibrated: January 28, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4 - SN3972

January 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3972**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (aV/(Vm) ²) ^A	0.49	0.49	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)	100.1	98.2	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	A	B	C	D	VRF	Unc ^B (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	163.0	±2.7 %
		Y 0.0	0.0	1.0		781.8	
		Z 0.0	0.0	1.0		457.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the k=2-uncertainty inside EUL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical maximisation parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4 - SN:3972

January 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3972**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^a	Conductivity (S/m) ^b	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^d	Depth ^e (mm)	UncL (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.13	10.13	10.13	0.59	0.71	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.93	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.29	1.68	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.66	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	38.2	1.80	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.33	0.60	± 12.0 %
2600	38.0	1.98	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.37	0.55	± 12.0 %

^a Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.1 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 10 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^b At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and η) can be reduced to ± 10%. If liquid compensation formula is applied in measurement, PR compensation accuracy is limited by the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and η). It is restricted to ± 10%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^c AlphaDepth are determined using calibrator. SPEAQ warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after uncompensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3.8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4 - SN:3972

January 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3972**Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media**

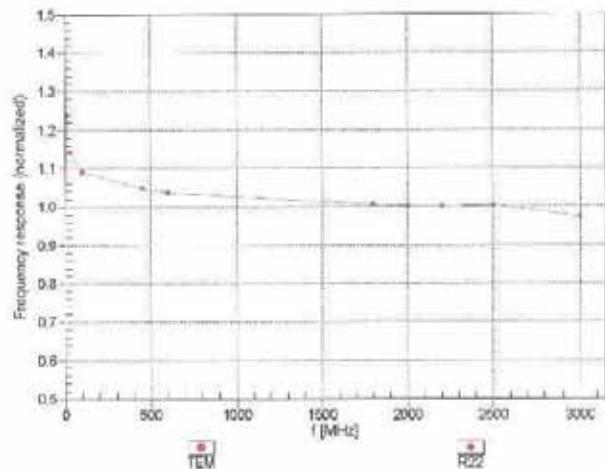
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^h (mm)	Uncert. (k=2)
700	55.5	0.98	9.64	9.64	9.64	0.29	1.11	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.76	0.60	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.61	0.74	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.76	0.57	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.2 and higher (see Page 2), also it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and α') can be reduced to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and α') is reduced to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated range of tissue parameters.^e Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPPAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1%, for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN3972

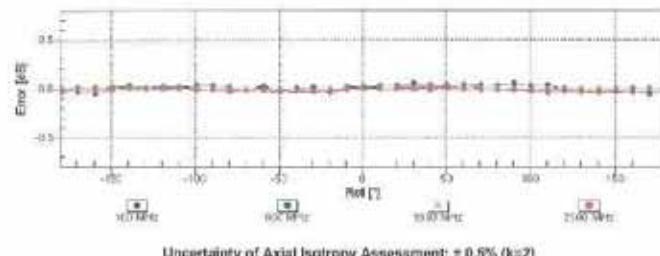
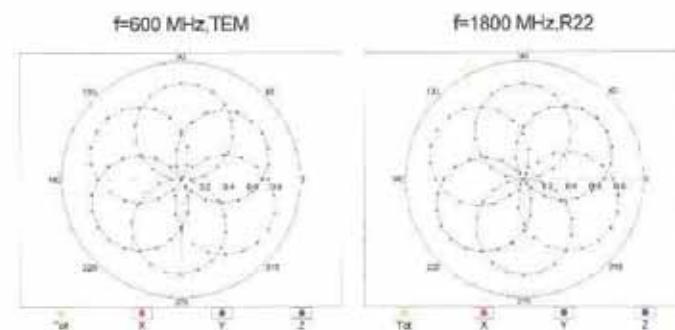
January 28, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3004- SN:9672

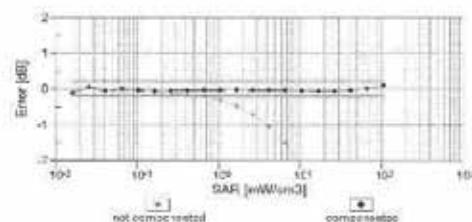
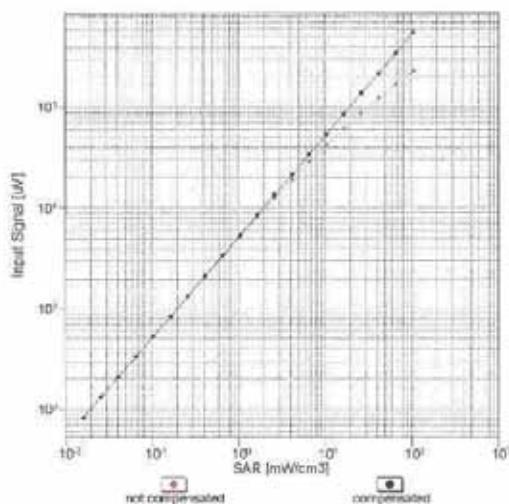
January 28, 2014

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$ 

EX0004-SN3672

January 28, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{hood})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

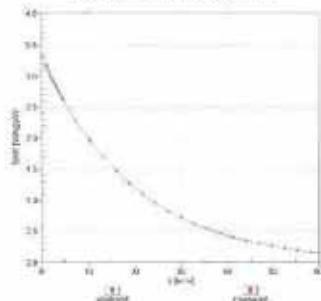
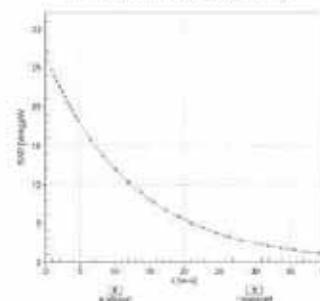


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

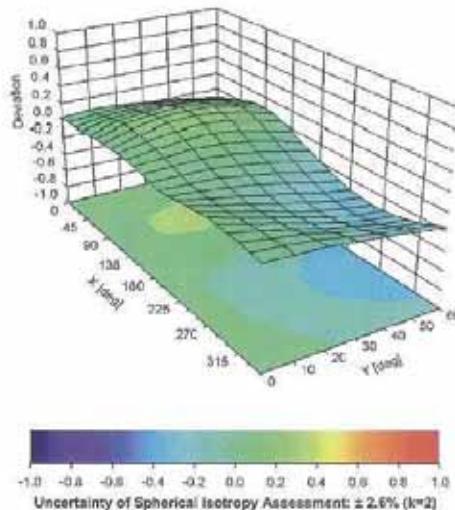
EX3DVA-SN3072

January 26, 2014

Conversion Factor Assessment

 $f = 835 \text{ MHz}, \text{WG}LS\text{ R9 (H_convF)}$  $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}, \text{WG}LS\text{ R22 (H_convF)}$ 

Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (0, 9), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\% (k=2)$

EX3DV4- SN:3972

January 28, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3972**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	30.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	237 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Appendix C.2 Calibration certificate for DAE S/N 1340

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**Client **SGS (Dymstec)**Certificate No: **DAE4-1340_May13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1340**Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v26**
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)Calibration date: **May 28, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	02-Oct-12 (No:12728)	Oct-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14

Calibrated by: Name **Eric Hairfeld** Function **Technician** Signature

Approved by: Name **Fin Bomholt** Function **Deputy Technical Manager** Signature

Issued: May 28, 2013
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu V$, full range = $-100...+300 mV$
Low Range: 1LSB = $61nV$, full range = $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.549 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$404.470 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$404.562 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.98550 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.96123 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$4.01505 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$256.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μ V)	Difference (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199998.32	2.43	0.00
Channel X + Input	20002.47	2.03	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19998.98	2.03	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199997.70	1.83	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.45	-1.90	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20002.56	-1.52	0.01
Channel Z + Input	199999.09	3.10	0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.93	-1.37	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20004.14	-3.09	0.02

Low Range	Reading (μ V)	Difference (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2002.39	1.58	0.08
Channel X + Input	201.78	0.64	0.32
Channel X - Input	-198.30	0.48	-0.24
Channel Y + Input	2001.37	0.65	0.03
Channel Y + Input	200.79	-0.20	-0.10
Channel Y - Input	-199.15	-0.30	0.15
Channel Z + Input	2001.45	0.74	0.04
Channel Z + Input	199.68	-1.47	-0.73
Channel Z - Input	-200.11	-1.24	0.63

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μ V)	Low Range Average Reading (μ V)
Channel X	200	2.10	0.13
	-200	1.92	-0.25
Channel Y	200	-13.32	-13.31
	-200	12.50	12.53
Channel Z	200	-11.10	-11.03
	-200	8.58	8.38

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μ V)	Channel Y (μ V)	Channel Z (μ V)
Channel X	200	-	-0.45	-3.45
Channel Y	200	6.42	-	0.38
Channel Z	200	10.51	3.91	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15826	15920
Channel Y	16272	15667
Channel Z	16043	16075

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	-0.72	-1.77	0.73	0.38
Channel Y	-1.29	-3.22	-0.26	0.36
Channel Z	-2.15	-3.00	-1.17	0.39

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Appendix C.2 Calibration certificate for DAE S/N 614

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Dymstec

Certificate No: DAE4-614_Sep13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 614

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v26
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: September 20, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	02-Oct-12 (No:12728)	Oct-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS-053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-13 (in house check) 07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14 In house check: Jan-14

Calibrated by: Name R.Mayoraz Function Technician Signature

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: September 20, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu V$, full range = $-100...+300 mV$
Low Range: 1LSB = $61nV$, full range = $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$403.807 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$404.319 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$404.934 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.94988 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.96241 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.99962 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$224.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

Appendix**1. DC Voltage Linearity**

High Range		Reading (μ V)	Difference (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.56	-0.37	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20005.71	5.55	0.03
Channel X	- Input	-19997.19	4.15	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199997.81	1.11	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20004.00	3.84	0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.85	0.52	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199994.41	-2.32	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.11	1.93	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.26	-0.91	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μ V)	Difference (μ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.50	1.30	0.06
Channel X	+ Input	201.44	0.70	0.35
Channel X	- Input	-199.12	-0.01	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.48	0.22	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199.97	-0.81	-0.41
Channel Y	- Input	-200.69	-1.50	0.76
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.24	0.06	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199.28	-1.43	-0.71
Channel Z	- Input	-200.15	-0.98	0.49

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μ V)	Low Range Average Reading (μ V)
Channel X	200	0.68	-0.63
	-200	2.07	0.49
Channel Y	200	7.44	7.07
	-200	-9.49	-9.32
Channel Z	200	-11.32	-11.48
	-200	10.34	10.30

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μ V)	Channel Y (μ V)	Channel Z (μ V)
Channel X	200	-	4.11	0.42
Channel Y	200	9.94	-	5.29
Channel Z	200	5.90	6.43	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16250	17197
Channel Y	16372	16866
Channel Z	16119	17003

5. Input Offset MeasurementDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	0.36	-0.77	1.54	0.50
Channel Y	-0.93	-2.14	0.95	0.48
Channel Z	-1.04	-2.00	-0.03	0.45

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Appendix C.3 Calibration certificate for Dipole 835 MHz

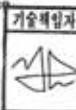
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2013.10.14
D835V2-4d138_Sep13

Certificate No: D835V2-4d138_Sep13

Client SGS (Dymstec)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d138
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 27, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 27, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.44 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.16 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.4 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.32 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.12 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω -2.1 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.7 Ω - 4.4 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.397 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d138

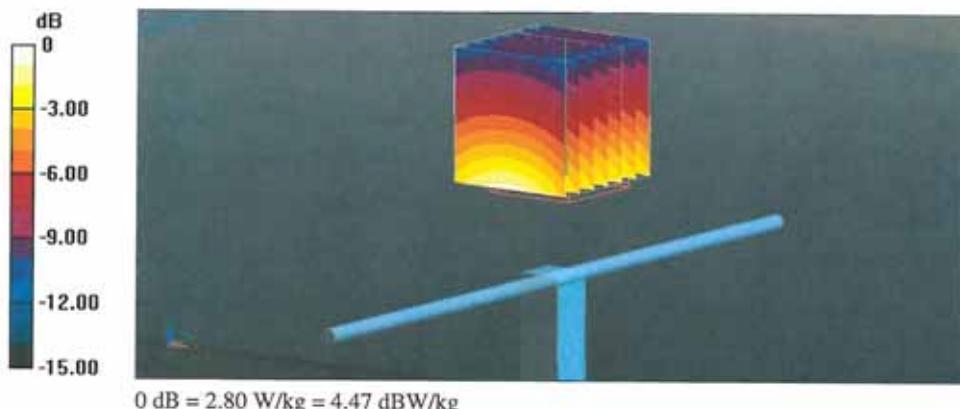
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

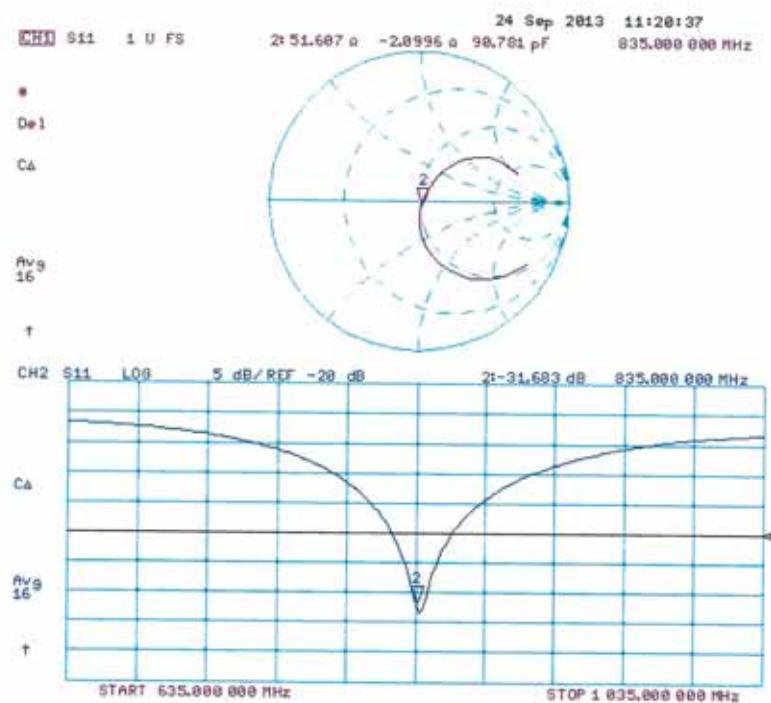
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.671 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d138

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

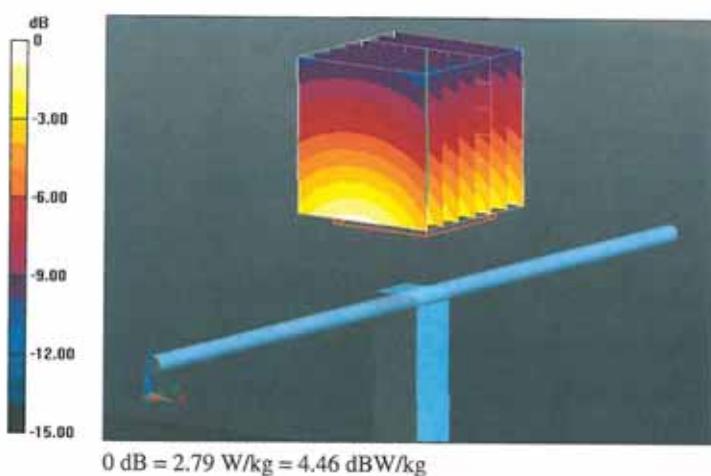
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.246 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL