

# SAR TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test	:	<u>Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN</u>
Model No.	:	<u>LG-C398</u> (Add: LG-C393, LG-C396, LG-C397, LG-C399, LGC393, LGC396, LGC397, LGC398, LGC399, C396, C397, C398, C399)
Applicant	:	<u>LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.</u>
Address of Applicant	:	<u>1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632</u>
FCC ID	:	<u>ZNFC399</u>
Device Category	:	<u>Portable Device</u>
Exposure Category	:	<u>General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</u>
Date of Receipt	:	<u>2012-12-14</u>
Date of Test(s)	:	<u>2013-02-07 ~ 2013-02-10</u>
Date of Issue	:	<u>2013-02-14</u>

**Standards:**

**FCC OET Bulletin 65 supplement C**  
**IEEE 1528, 2003**  
**ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3**

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

**Remarks:**

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This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Korea Co., Ltd. or testing done by SGS Korea Co., Ltd. in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Korea Co., Ltd. in writing.

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<b>Approved by</b>	:	<b>Denny Ham</b>		<b>2013-02-14</b>

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# 1. General Information

## 1.1 Testing Laboratory

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 Homepage : All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx>

## 1.2 Details of Manufacturer

Manufacturer : LG Electronics Inc.  
 Address : 60-39, Gasan-dong, Gumchon-gu, Seoul, 153-023, Korea  
 Contact Person : smyung - Lee  
 Phone No. : 82-2-2033-4606  
 E-mail : smyung.lee@lge.com

## 1.3 Version of Report

Version Number	Date	Revision
00	2013-01-31	Initial issue
01	2013-02-14	Revision 01
02	2013-02-14	Revision 02

## 1.4 Description of EUT(s)

<b>EUT Type</b>	: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN		
<b>Model</b>	: LG-C398 (Add: LG-C393, LG-C396, LG-C397, LG-C399, LGC393, LGC396, LGC397, LGC398, LGC399, C396, C397, C398, C399)		
<b>Serial Number</b>	: 210KPQJ242084		
<b>Mode of Operation</b>	: GSM850, PCS1900, WLAN, Bluetooth		
<b>Duty Cycle</b>	: 8.3(GSM), 8.3(GPRS 1Tx Slot), 4.15(GPRS 2Tx Slot), 2.77(GPRS 3Tx Slot), 2.075(GPRS 4Tx Slot)		
<b>Body worn Accessory</b>	: Audio Accessory		
<b>Tx Frequency Range</b>	: 824.2 Mhz ~ 848.8 Mhz (GSM850) 1850.2 Mhz ~ 1909.8 Mhz (PCS1900) 2412 Mhz ~ 2462 Mhz (WLAN) 2402 Mhz ~ 2480 Mhz (Bluetooth)		
<b>Battery Type</b>	: 3.7 V d.c. (Lithium-ion Battery)		
Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR	
		1g Head (W/kg)	1g Body-Worn (W/kg)
<b>PCE</b>	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 850	0.547	0.661
	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Rx Only 1900	1.064	0.150
<b>DTS</b>	2.45 GHz WLAN	0.500	N/A
<b>DSS</b>	Bluetooth	N/A	
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r02		<b>1.564</b>	<b>0.979</b>

### 1.5 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 44798 D01v05.

Burst Average power for Production					
Mode	Nominal & Maximum	GSM850		PCS1900	
Voice	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>33.20</b>		<b>30.20</b>	
	Nominal	32.70		29.70	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>33.20</b>		<b>30.20</b>	
	Nominal	32.70		29.70	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slot)	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>31.20</b>		<b>28.20</b>	
	Nominal	30.70		27.70	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slot)	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>29.70</b>		<b>26.70</b>	
	Nominal	29.20		26.20	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slot)	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>28.20</b>		<b>25.20</b>	
	Nominal	27.70		24.70	
Average power for Production					
Mode	Nominal & Maximum	a	b	g	n
2.45 GHz WLAN	<b>Maximum</b>		<b>13.60</b>	<b>11.50</b>	
	Nominal		12.90	10.80	
Bluetooth	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>7.50</b>			
	Nominal	6.80			

## 1.6 Test Environment

Ambient temperature	: (22 ± 2) ° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid	: (22 ± 2) ° C
Relative Humidity	: (55 ± 5) % R.H.

## 1.7 Operation Configuration

The device in GSM was controlled by using a Communication tester(CMU200). Communication between the device and the tester was established by air link. And the client provided a special driver and test program which can control the frequency and power of the WLAN module. Measurements were performed at the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band. The EUT was set to maximum power level during all tests and at the beginning of each test the battery was fully charged.

The DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. Based on the RF Power and antenna separation distance, stand-alone BT SAR and simultaneous SAR evaluation are not required.

## 1.8 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

### - Power Reference Measurement Procedures

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.5 mm for an EX3DV4 probe type).

## 1.9 SAR Measurement Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2 and 3: Area Scan & Zoom Scan Procedures

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)

3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

< Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 >

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \delta \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based <i>I-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

**Step 4: Power drift measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

**Step 5: Z-Scan**

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

## 1.10 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (Speag DASY 4 professional system ). A Model ET3DV6 1782 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation  $SAR = \sigma (|E_i|^2) / \rho$  where  $\sigma$  and  $\rho$  are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant. The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

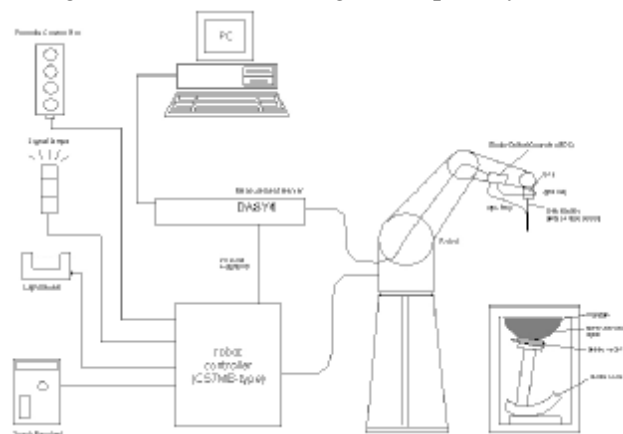


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000.
- DASY4 software: V4.7 Build80.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM phantom enabling testing body usage.
- The device holder for flat phantom.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

## 1.11 System Components

### ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

- Construction** : Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol).
- Calibration** : In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue (accuracy  $\pm 8\%$ )
- Frequency** : 10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
- Directivity** :  $\pm 0.2$  dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)  
 $\pm 0.4$  dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
- Dynamic Range** :  $5 \mu\text{W/g}$  to  $>100 \text{ mW/g}$ ; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB
- Srfce. Detect** :  $\pm 0.2$  mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
- Dimensions** : Overall length: 330 mm  
 Tip length: 16 mm  
 Body diameter: 12 mm  
 Tip diameter: 6.8 mm  
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
- Application** : General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

#### NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX C" for the Calibration Certification Report.



## SAM Phantom

**Construction:** The SAM Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90 % of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot



SAM Phantom

**Shell Thickness:** 2.0 mm  $\pm$  0.1 mm

**Filling Volume:** Approx. 25 liters

## DEVICE HOLDER

**Construction** In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device Holder

### 1.12 SAR System verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10 % from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 835 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz. The tests for EUT were conducted within 24 hours after each verification. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22  $\pm$  2) ° C, the relative humidity was in the range (55  $\pm$  5) % R.H. and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

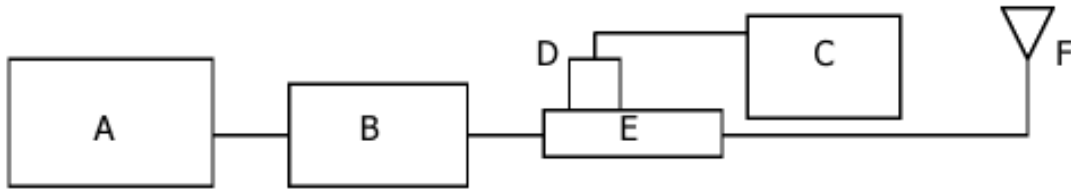


Fig b. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- A. Agilent Model E4421B Signal Generator
- B. EMPOWER Model 2001-BBS3Q7ECK Amplifier
- C. Agilent Model E4419B Power Meter
- D. Agilent Model 9300H Power Sensor
- E. Agilent Model 86205A Directional RF Bridges
- F. Reference dipole Antenna



Photo of the dipole Antenna

### System Verification Results

Verification Kit	Probe S/N	Tissue	Target SAR 1 g from Calibration Certificate (1 W)	Measured SAR 1 g (0.1 W)	Normalized SAR 1 g (1 W)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temp. (°C)
D835V2 S/N: 490	1782	835 MHz Head	9.39 W/kg	0.942 W/kg	<b>9.42 W/kg</b>	<b>0.32</b>	02/07/2013	22.9
D835V2 S/N: 490	1782	835 MHz Body	9.35 W/kg	0.965 W/kg	<b>9.65 W/kg</b>	<b>3.21</b>	02/08/2013	22.5
D1900V2 S/N: 5d033	1782	1900 MHz Head	39.4 W/kg	3.89 W/kg	<b>38.90 W/kg</b>	<b>-1.27</b>	02/09/2013	22.3
D1900V2 S/N: 5d033	1782	1900 MHz Body	39.9 W/kg	3.97 W/kg	<b>39.70 W/kg</b>	<b>-0.50</b>	02/09/2013	22.1
D2450V2 S/N: 734	1782	2450 MHz Head	52.8 W/kg	5.55 W/kg	<b>55.50 W/kg</b>	<b>5.11</b>	02/10/2013	21.6

Table 1. Results system verification

### 1.13 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Speag Model DAK-3.5 Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5070B Network Analyzer(300 kHz - 3 GHz ) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			Permittivity	Conductivity	Simulated Tissue Temp( °C )
835	Head	Measured, 02/07/2013	43.1	0.91	22.9
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	21.0 ~ 23.0
		Deviation(%)	<b><u>3.86</u></b>	<b><u>1.11</u></b>	-
	Body	Measured, 02/08/2013	52.8	0.94	22.5
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	21.0 ~ 23.0
		Deviation(%)	<b><u>-4.35</u></b>	<b><u>-3.09</u></b>	-
1900	Head	Measured, 02/09/2013	41.5	1.43	22.3
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	21.0 ~ 23.0
		Deviation(%)	<b><u>3.75</u></b>	<b><u>2.14</u></b>	-
	Body	Measured, 02/09/2013	52.7	1.53	22.1
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	21.0 ~ 23.0
		Deviation(%)	<b><u>-1.13</u></b>	<b><u>0.66</u></b>	-
2450	Head	Measured, 02/10/2013	38.7	1.79	21.6
		Recommended Limits	39.2	1.80	21.0 ~ 23.0
		Deviation(%)	<b><u>-1.28</u></b>	<b><u>-0.56</u></b>	-

### The composition of the muscle tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99<sup>+</sup>% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98<sup>+</sup>% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ<sup>+</sup> resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99<sup>+</sup>% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

### 1.14 Test System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the require tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01. Since frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probe and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

f (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Cal point	Tissue Type	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulated Validation		
					Permitt ivity	Condu ctivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
835	02/07/2013	1782	835	Head	43.1	0.91	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1900	02/09/2013	1782	1900	Head	41.5	1.43	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2450	02/10/2013	1782	2450	Head	38.7	1.79	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
835	02/08/2013	1782	835	Body	52.8	0.94	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1900	02/09/2013	1782	1900	Body	52.7	1.53	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A

< SAR System Validation Summary >

### 1.15 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (“SAR”) in Section 4.2 of “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz,” ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in “Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields,” NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

(2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .4)

<b>Human Exposure</b>	<b>Uncontrolled Environment General Population</b>	<b>Controlled Environment Occupational</b>
<b>Partial Peak SAR</b> (Partial)	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
<b>Partial Average SAR</b> (Whole Body)	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
<b>Partial Peak SAR</b> (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table .2 RF exposure limits

## 2. Instruments List

Maunfacturer	Device	Type	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due
Stäubli	Robot	RX90BL	F03/5W05A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1782	04/27/2012	Annual	04/27/2013
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	835 Mhz System Validation Dipole	D835V2	490	05/16/2012	Biennial	05/16/2014
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	1900 Mhz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	5d033	05/23/2012	Biennial	05/23/2014
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	2450 Mhz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	734	05/17/ 2012	Biennial	05/17/ 2014
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE3	567	01/25/2013	Annual	01/25/2014
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY4 V4.7	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM Phantom V4.0	TP-1645 TP-1300	N/A	N/A	N/A
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5070B	MY42100282	01/03/2013	Annual	01/03/2014
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1046	4/3/2012	Annual	04/03/13
Agilent	Power Meter	E4419B	GB43311125	07/01/2012	Annual	07/01/2013
Agilent	Power Sensor	E9300H	MY41495314	09/18/2012	Annual	09/18/2013
			MY41495307	09/18/2012	Annual	09/18/2013
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4421B	MY42082477	03/29/2012	Annual	03/29/2013
Empower RF Systems	Power Amplifier	2001-BBS3Q7ECK	1032 D/C 0336	03/31/2012	Annual	03/31/2013
Agilent	Directional RF Bridges	86205A	MY31402302	07/03/2012	Annual	07/03/2013
Microlab	LP Filter	LA-15N LA-30N	N/A	09/14/2012	Annual	09/14/2013
R & S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV30	100768	03/29/2012	Annual	03/29/2013
Agilent	Attenuator	8491B	50566	09/14/2012	Annual	09/14/2013
R&S	Mobile Test Unit	CMU200	109456	07/04/2012	Annual	07/04/2013

## 3.Summary of Results

### 3.1 FCC Power Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in shielded chamber. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

### 3.2 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. Test highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

### 3.3 RF Conducted Power

#### GSM

GSM	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Burst-Conducted Average Power(dB m)				
			GSM	GPRS			
				1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot
GSM 850 Band	128	824.2	33.18	33.15	30.50	28.97	27.50
	190	836.6	33.17	33.17	30.48	28.95	27.49
	251	848.8	33.18	33.16	30.54	29.01	27.54
PCS 1900 Band	512	1850.2	30.08	30.07	27.49	26.00	24.55
	661	1880.0	30.07	30.06	27.46	25.98	24.55
	810	1909.8	30.10	30.09	27.50	25.99	24.56
GSM	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Calculated Frame-Conducted Average Power(dB m)				
			GSM	GPRS			
				1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot
GSM 850 Band	128	824.2	24.15	24.12	24.48	<b>24.71</b>	24.49
	190	836.6	24.14	24.14	24.46	<b>24.69</b>	24.48
	251	848.8	24.15	24.13	24.52	<b>24.75</b>	24.53
PCS 1900 Band	512	1850.2	21.05	21.04	21.47	<b>21.74</b>	21.54
	661	1880.0	21.04	21.03	21.44	<b>21.72</b>	21.54
	810	1909.8	21.07	21.06	21.48	<b>21.73</b>	21.55

#### Notes

- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS output power measurements and SAR Testing, as a condition where GMSK modulation was ensured. Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.



**Bluetooth**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK (dB m)	PI/4DQPSK	8DPSK (dB m)
Low	2402	<b>7.47</b>	3.97	3.75
Middle	2441	7.34	3.90	3.64
High	2480	6.64	3.01	3.22

**WLAN**

802.11b Mode		Rated	Measured Power
Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	(Mbps)	(dB m)
2412	1	1	13.42
		2	13.39
		5.5	<b>13.60</b>
		11	13.48
2437	6	1	13.24
		2	12.88
		5.5	13.54
		11	13.26
2462	11	1	12.77
		2	12.75
		5.5	13.02
		11	12.89

802.11g Mode		Rated	Measured Power
Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	(Mbps)	(dB m)
2412	1	6	11.45
		9	11.34
		12	11.26
		18	11.24
		24	10.66
		36	10.36
		48	10.10
		54	9.85
2437	6	6	11.47
		9	11.39
		12	11.25
		18	11.14
		24	11.36
		36	10.38
		48	9.86
		54	9.72
2462	11	6	10.23
		9	10.20
		12	10.02
		18	9.60
		24	9.80
		36	9.34
		48	9.11
		54	8.87

### 3.4 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

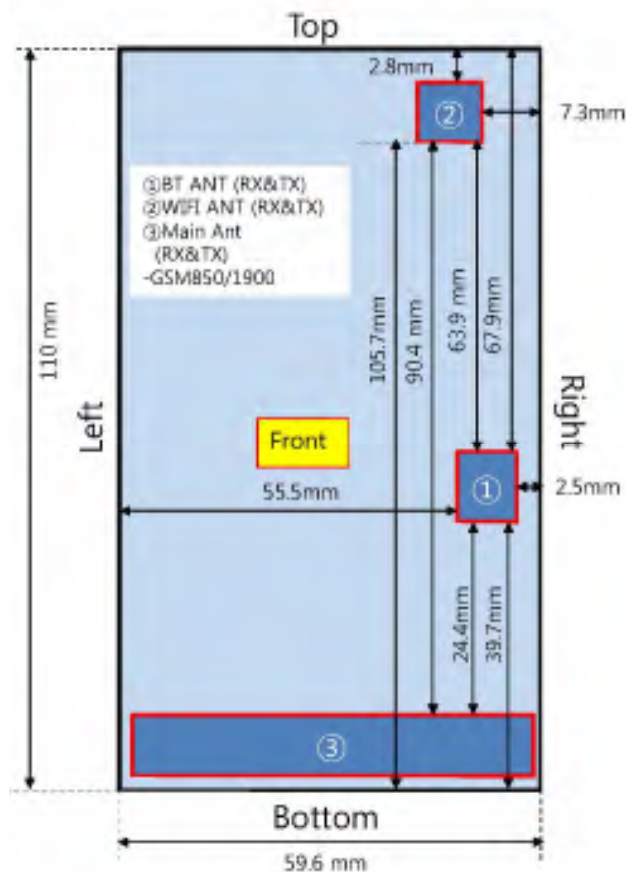
$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Distance (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum tune-up tolerance limit of Bluetooth & 2.45 GHz WLAN and the antenna to use separation distance,

**Body: 2.45 GHz WLAN SAR was not required:**  $(22.91/15 * \sqrt{2.412} = 2.37 < 3.0)$

**Head & Body: Bluetooth SAR was not required:**  $(5.58/5 * \sqrt{2.402} = 1.73 < 3.0)$

<The Distance information of Antenna to Edges of EUT>



### 3.5 SAR Data Summary

#### GSM850 Head SAR

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23.8
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.9
Date	02/07/2013

Test Mode	EUT Position	Traffic Channel		Measured Power [dB m]	Tune-Up Limit [dB m]	Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling SAR (1g)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel							
GSM	Right Touch	836.6	190	33.17	33.20	0.180	0.543	1.007	0.547	1.6
	Right Tilt	836.6	190	33.17	33.20	-0.121	0.309	1.007	0.311	
	Left Touch	836.6	190	33.17	33.20	-0.036	0.516	1.007	0.520	
	Left Tilt	836.6	190	33.17	33.20	-0.025	0.315	1.007	0.317	

#### GSM850 Body SAR

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23.3
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.5
Date	02/08/2013

Test Mode	EUT Position	Traffic Channel		Distance (mm)	Measured Power [dB m]	Tune-Up Limit [dB m]	Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling SAR (1g)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel								
GSM	Rear	836.6	190	15	33.17	33.20	0.004	0.656	1.007	0.661	1.6

#### PCS1900 Head SAR

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23.5
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.3
Date	02/09/2013

Test Mode	EUT Position	Traffic Channel		Measured Power [dB m]	Tune-Up Limit [dB m]	Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling SAR (1g)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel							
GSM	Right Touch	1880.0	661	30.07	30.20	0.195	0.507	1.030	0.522	1.6
	Right Tilt	1880.0	661	30.07	30.20	0.025	0.285	1.030	0.294	
	Left Touch	1880.0	661	30.07	30.20	-0.077	0.913	1.030	0.940	
	Left Touch	1850.2	512	30.08	30.20	0.011	0.883	1.028	0.908	
	Left Touch	1909.8	810	30.10	30.20	-0.051	1.02	1.023	1.043	
	Left Tilt	1880.0	661	30.07	30.20	-0.045	0.280	1.030	0.288	
	Left Touch	1909.8	810	30.10	30.20	0.002	1.04	1.023	1.064	

## PCS1900 Body SAR

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23.5
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.1
Date	02/09/2013

Test Mode	EUT Position	Traffic Channel		Distance (mm)	Measured Power [dB m]	Tune-Up Limit [dB m]	Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling SAR (1g)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel								
GSM	Rear	1880.0	661	15	30.07	30.20	0.036	0.146	1.030	0.150	1.6

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23.1
Liquid Temperature (°C)	21.6
Date	02/10/2013

## WLAN Head SAR

Test Mode	EUT Position	Data Rate	Traffic Channel		Measured Power [dB m]	Tune-Up Limit [dB m]	Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling SAR (1g)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
			Frequency (MHz)	Channel							
Right Ear	Cheek	1	2412	1	13.60	13.60	-0.046	0.342	1.000	0.342	1.6
	Tilt	1	2412	1	13.60	13.60	-0.023	0.314	1.000	0.314	
Left Ear	Cheek	1	2412	1	13.60	13.60	0.020	0.500	1.000	0.500	
	Tilt	1	2412	1	13.60	13.60	-0.030	0.417	1.000	0.417	

### SAR Test Notes

#### General Notes :

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001] and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
- All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- The EUT is tested 2<sup>nd</sup> hot-spot peak, if it is less than 2 dB below the highest peak.
- The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see section 3.7 for variability analysis.

**GSM Test Notes :**

1. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 Dv03v01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> 1/2$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

**WLAN Notes :**

1. Justification for reduced test configuration for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n and higher data rates) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a modes
2. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
3. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is  $< 1.6$  W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is  $< 0.8$  W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.

### 3.6 FCC Multi-TX SAR considerations

#### 3.6.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

#### 3.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6$  W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	Estimated SAR
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	7.5	15	0.078
WLAN	2437	13.6	15	0.318

<Tablet.3 Estimated SAR >

#### 3.6.3 The Simultaneous Transmission possibilities are listed as below

No	Capable TX Configuration	Head SAR	Body SAR
1	WWAN (GSM850, PCS1900) + WLAN 2.4 GHz	O	O
2	WWAN (GSM850, PCS1900) + Bluetooth	X	O
3	WWAN (GSM850, PCS1900) + WLAN 2.4 GHz + Bluetooth	X	X

### 3.6.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.45GHz WLAN (Head to Ear)

Simultaneous TX	Configuration	GSM850 SAR(W/kg)	WLAN SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
Head	Right Touch	0.547	0.342	0.889
	Right Tilt	0.311	0.314	0.625
	Left Touch	0.520	0.500	1.020
	Left Tilt	0.317	0.417	0.734
	Configuration	GSM1900 SAR(W/kg)	WLAN SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Touch	0.522	0.342	0.864
	Right Tilt	0.294	0.314	0.608
	Left Touch	1.064	0.500	<b>1.564</b>
	Left Tilt	0.288	0.417	0.705

### 3.6.5 Body SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.45GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 10mm)

Simultaneous TX	configuration	GSM850 SAR(W/kg)	WLAN SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Rear	0.661	0.318	<b>0.979</b>
	configuration	GSM1900 SAR(W/kg)	WLAN SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
	Rear	0.150	0.318	0.468

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10mm)

Simultaneous TX	configuration	GSM850 SAR(W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Rear	0.661	0.078	0.739
	configuration	GSM1900 SAR(W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
	Rear	0.150	0.078	0.228

Notes.

1. The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. Therefore, no volumetric SAR summation is required since the numerical sums are below the limit.
2. Bluetooth and WLAN SAR was not required to be measured per KDB 447498D01v05

### 3.7 Repeated SAR Measurement

Test Mode	EUT Position	Traffic Channel		Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel			
GSM1900	Left Touch	1909.8	810	1.02	1.04	1.96

<Note>

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, if the deviation among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 20\%$  and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The deviation is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.



## Appendix

### List

Appendix A	DASY4 Report (Plots of the SAR Measurements)	- 835 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz Verification Test - GSM850 Test - PCS1900 Test - WLAN Test
Appendix B	Uncertainty Analysis	
Appendix C	Calibration Certificate	- PROBE - DAE - DIPOLE

## **Appendix A**

### **Test Plot – DASYS Report**

## 835 MHz Verification Test\_Head

Date: 2013-02-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [Verification 835 MHz\\_Head.da4](#)

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.8 °C Tissue Temp : 22.9 °C

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490**  
**Program Name: Verification 835 MHz\_Head**

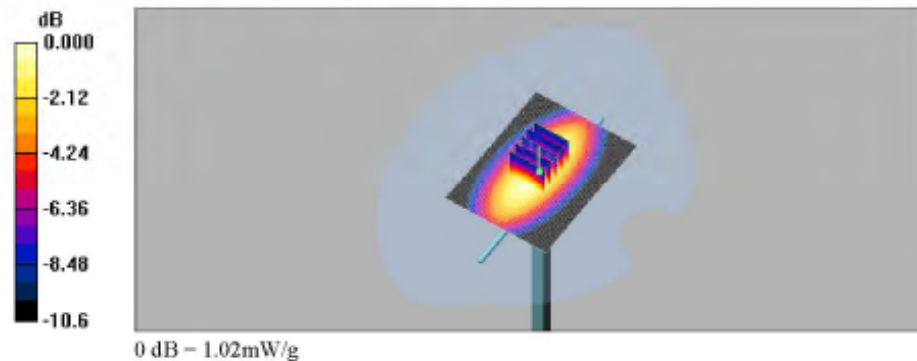
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.909 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

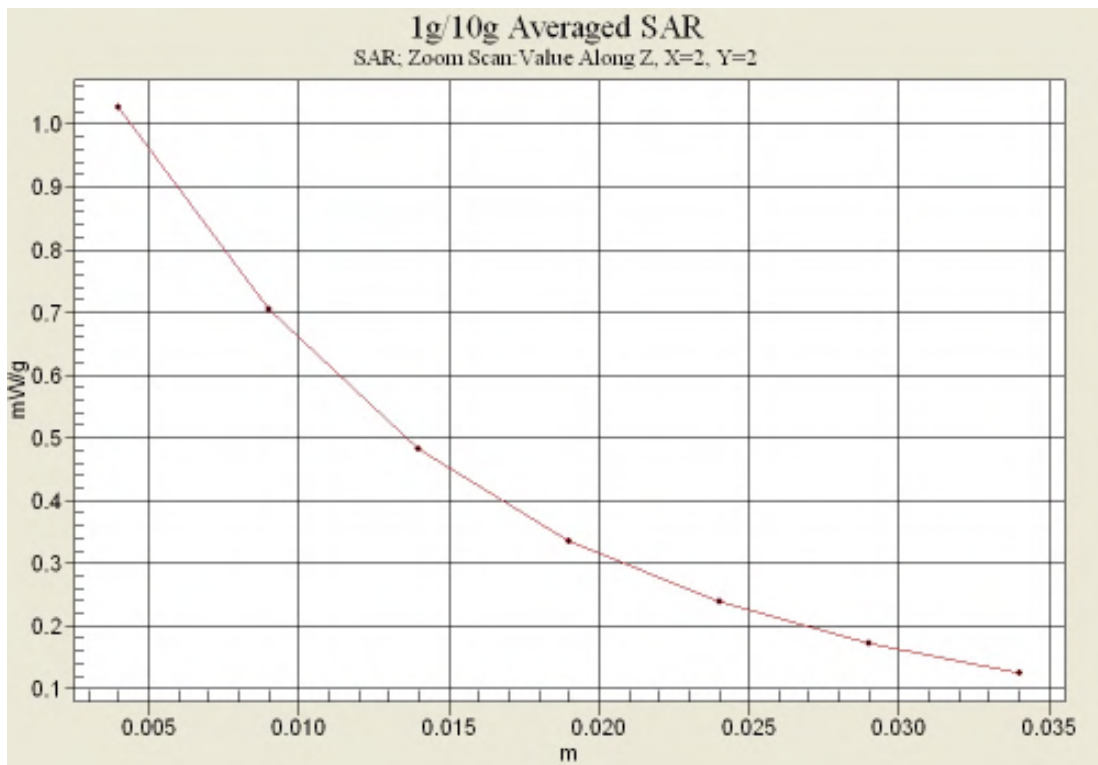
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Verification 835 MHz\_Head/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm,  
 dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

**Verification 835 MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
 dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 34.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.942 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.619 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



### Z Scan



## 835 MHz Verification Test\_Body

Date: 2013-02-08

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [Verification 835 MHz\\_Body.da4](#)

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.3 °C Tissue Temp : 22.5 °C

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490**  
**Program Name: Verification 835 MHz\_Body**

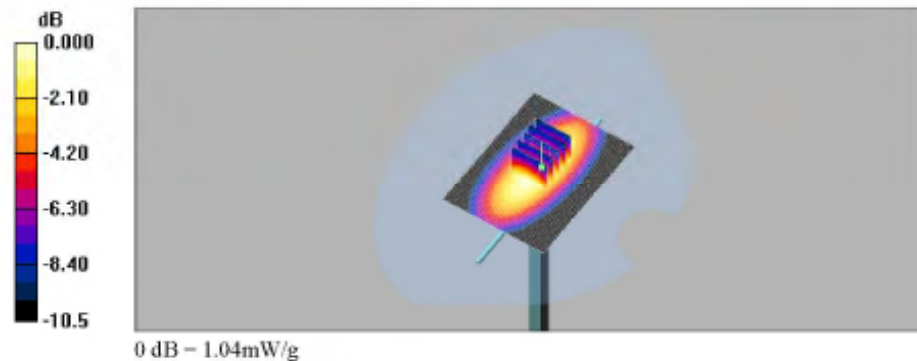
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.939 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

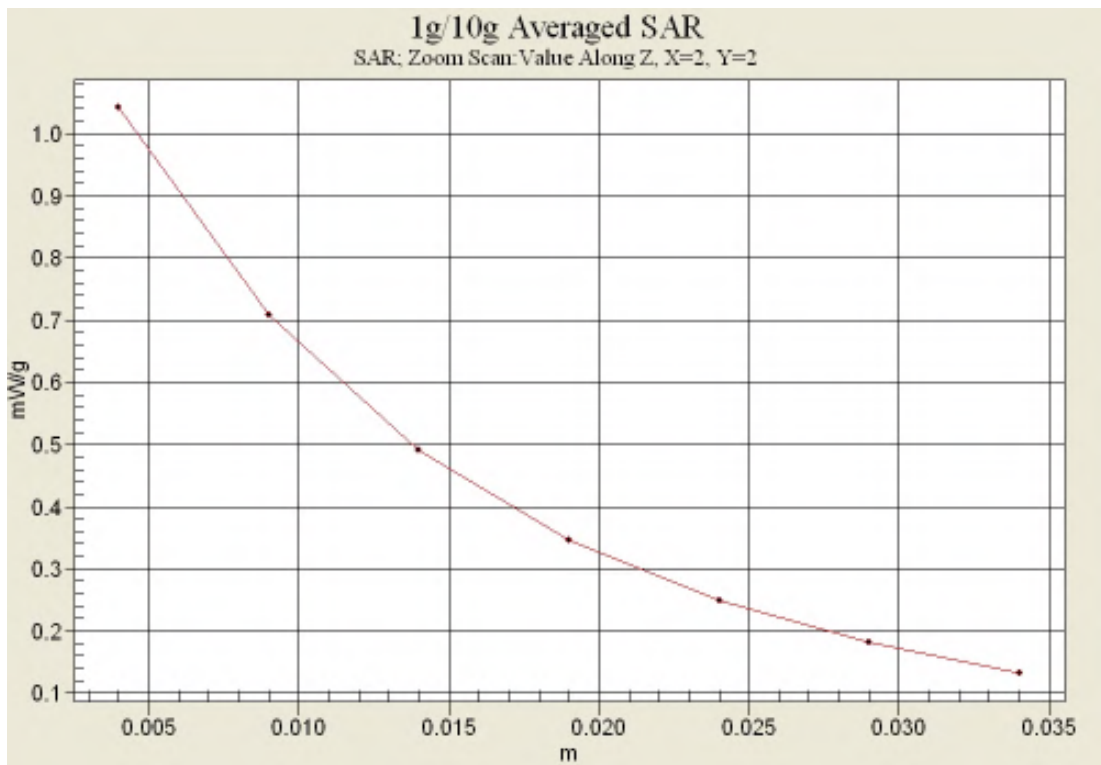
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP\_2011(left); Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1645
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Verification 835 MHz\_Body/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm,  
 dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

**Verification 835 MHz\_Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
 dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 34.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.965 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.634 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



### Z Scan



## 1900 MHz Verification Test\_Head

Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [Verification 1900 MHz\\_Head.da4](#)

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033**  
**Program Name: Verification 1900 MHz\_Head**

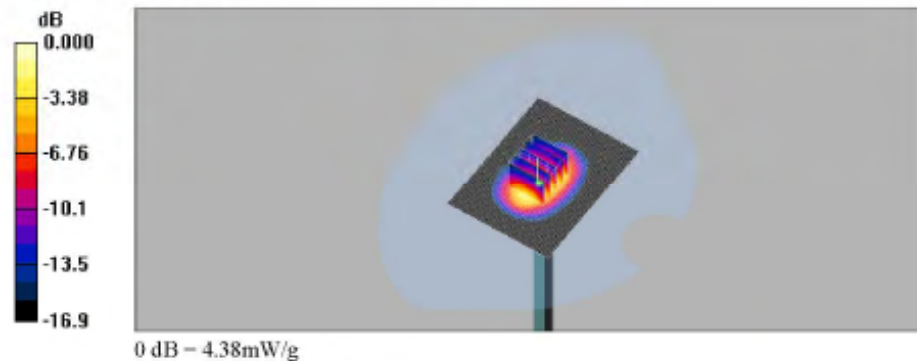
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

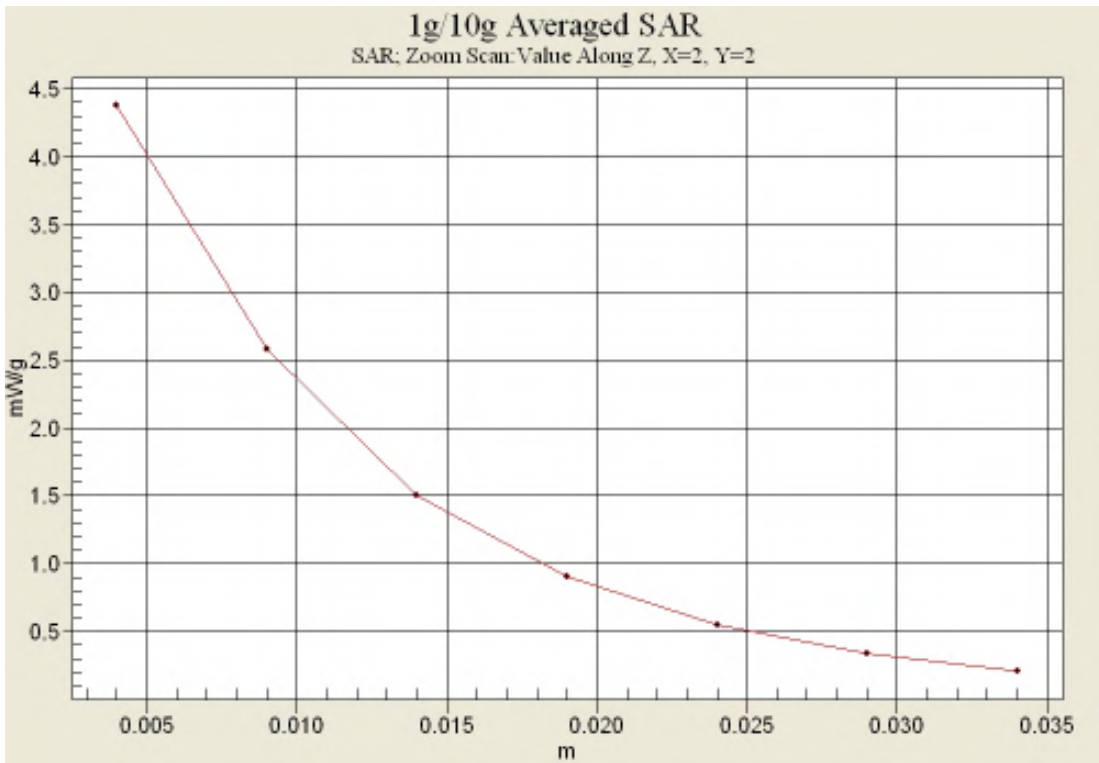
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAMMIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Verification 1900 MHz\_Head/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm,  
 dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.67 mW/g

**Verification 1900 MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
 dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 58.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.55 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 3.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.38 mW/g



### Z Scan





## 1900 MHz Verification Test\_Body

Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [Verification 1900 MHz\\_Body.da4](#)

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.1 °C

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033**  
**Program Name: Verification 1900 MHz\_Body**

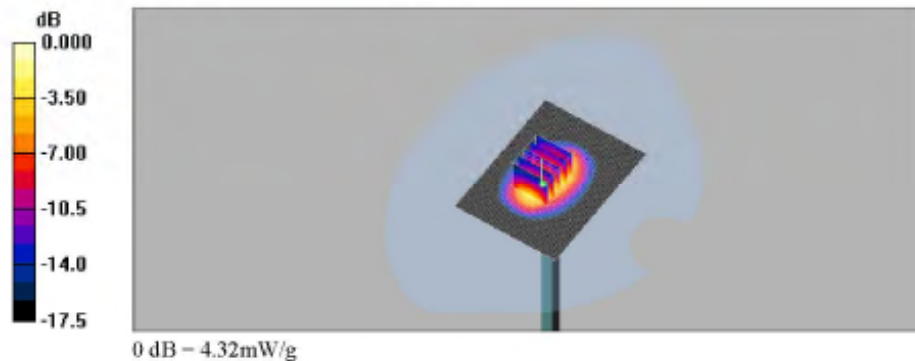
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

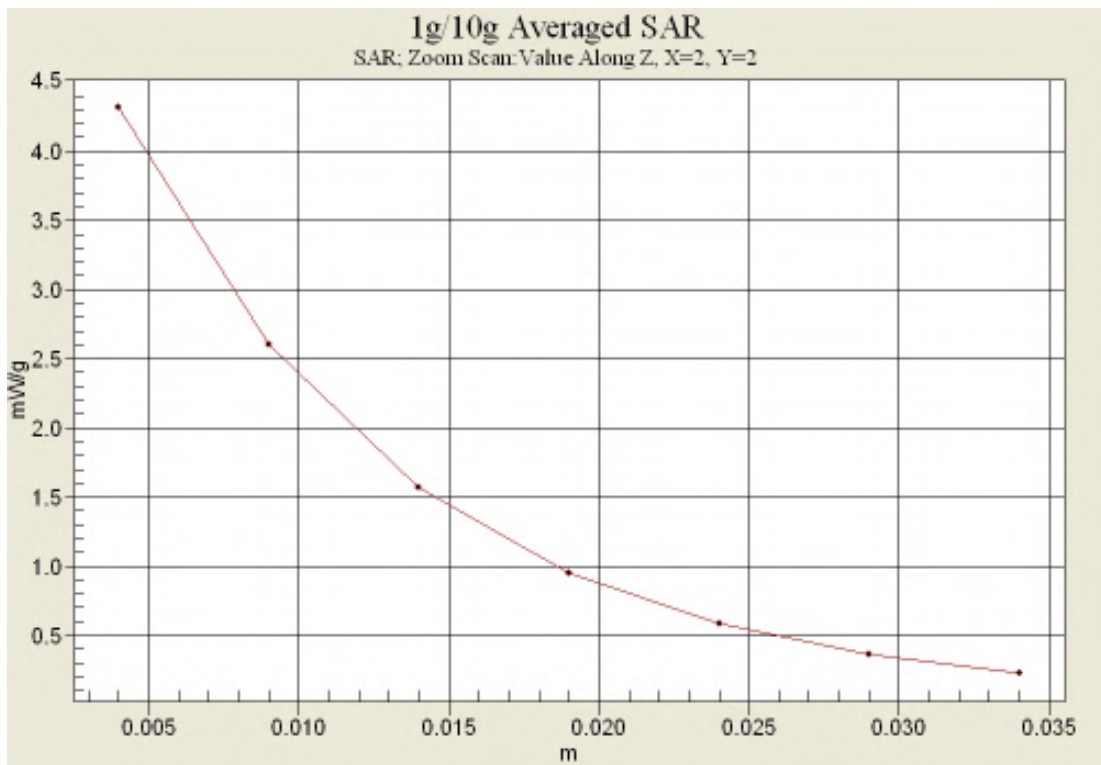
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP\_2011(left); Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1645
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Verification 1900 MHz\_Body/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.59 mW/g

**Verification 1900 MHz\_Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.80 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 3.97 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.32 mW/g



### Z Scan



## 2450 MHz Verification Test\_Head

Date: 2013-02-10

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [Verification 2450 MHz\\_Head.da4](#)

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.1 °C Tissue Temp : 21.6 °C

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 734**  
**Program Name: Verification 2450 MHz\_Head**

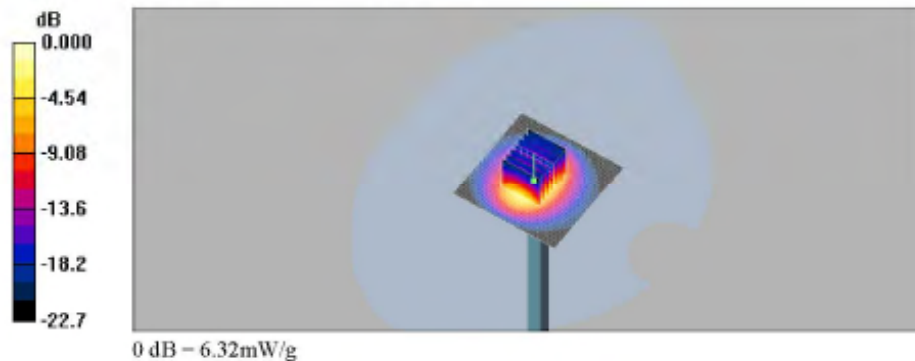
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

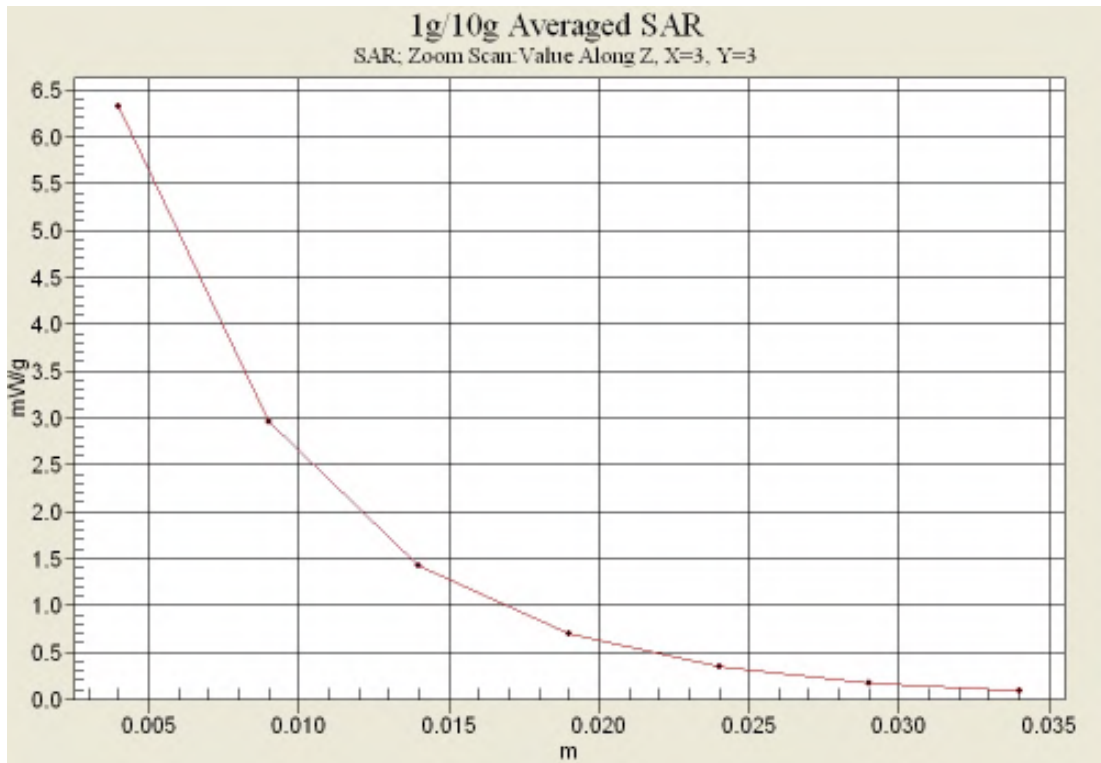
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Verification 2450 MHz\_Head/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.41 mW/g

**Verification 2450 MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 61.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 5.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.32 mW/g



### Z-Scan



## GSM 850 Head SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [GSM850\\_Right Touch\\_CH190.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.8 °C Tissue Temp : 22.9 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: GSM850\_Right Touch**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

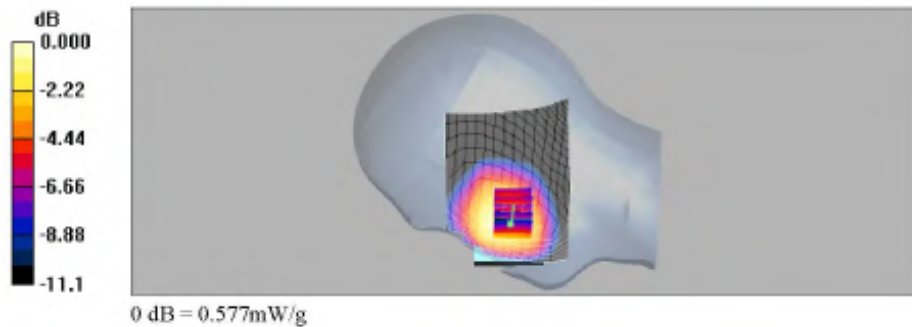
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**GSM850\_Right Touch\_CH190/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 mW/g

**GSM850\_Right Touch\_CH190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.180 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.543 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [GSM850\\_Right Tilt\\_CH190.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.8 °C Tissue Temp : 22.9 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: GSM850\_Right Tilt**

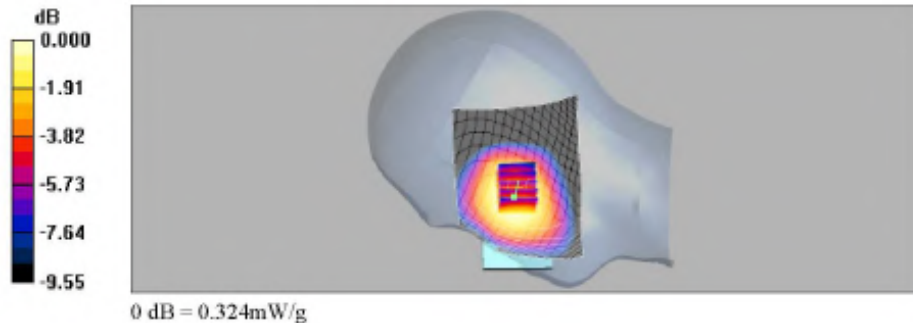
Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**GSM850\_Right Tilt\_CH190/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 mW/g

**GSM850\_Right Tilt\_CH190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
 Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [GSM850\\_Left Touch\\_CH190.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.8 °C Tissue Temp : 22.9 °C

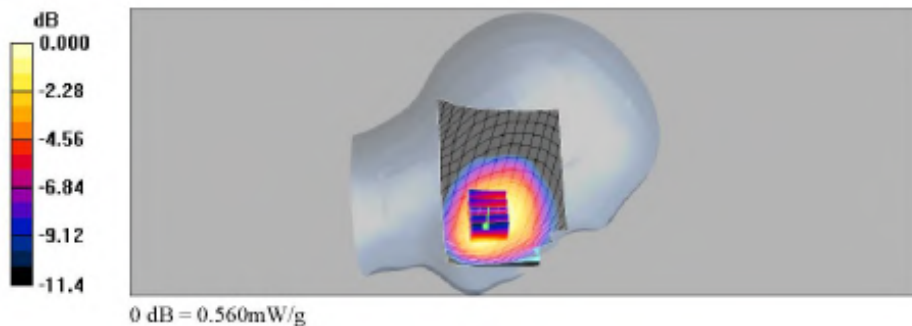
**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: GSM850\_Left Touch**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:  
 - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2012-04-27  
 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
 - Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25  
 - Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300  
 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

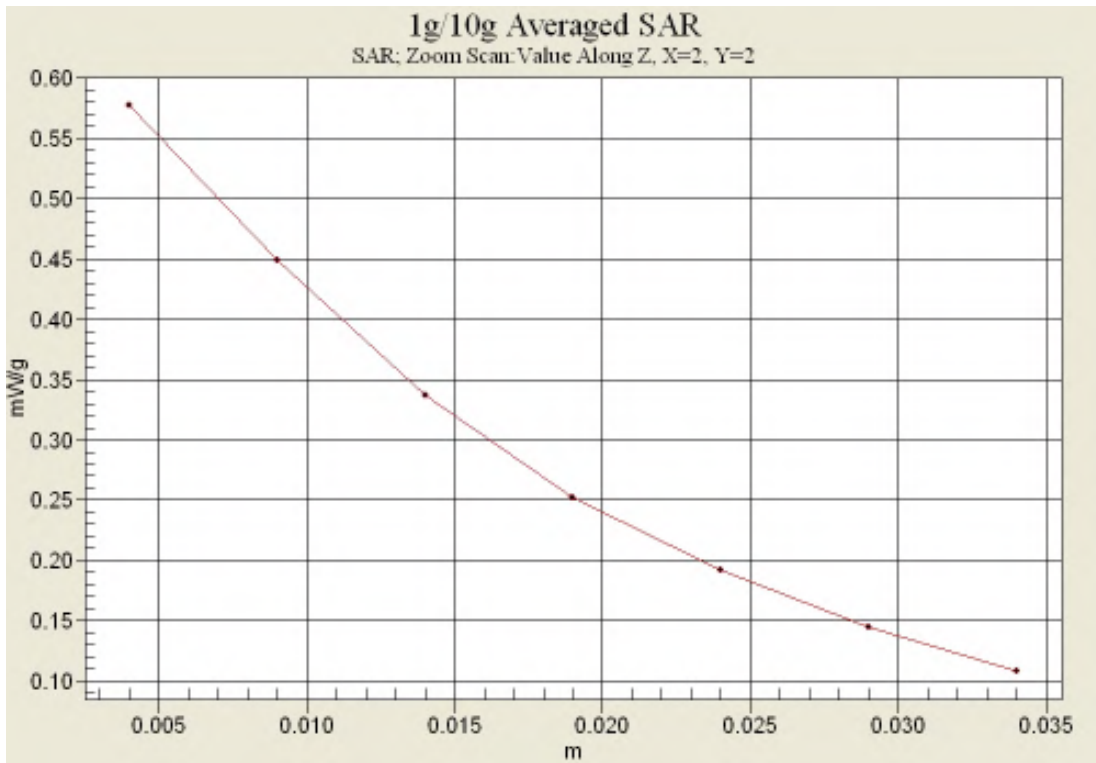
**GSM850\_Left Touch\_CH190/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.559 mW/g

**GSM850\_Left Touch\_CH190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 8.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.725 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.516 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g





### Z-Scan





Date: 2013-02-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [GSM850\\_Left Tilt\\_CH190.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.8 °C Tissue Temp : 22.9 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: GSM850\_Left Tilt**

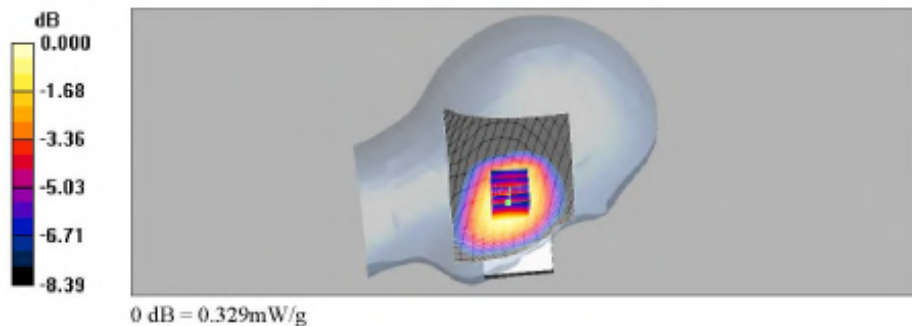
Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**GSM850\_Left Tilt\_CH190/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.339 mW/g

**GSM850\_Left Tilt\_CH190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.385 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.315 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



## GSM 850 Body SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-08

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [GSM850\\_Rear\\_CH190.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.3 °C Tissue Temp : 22.5 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: GSM850\_Body**

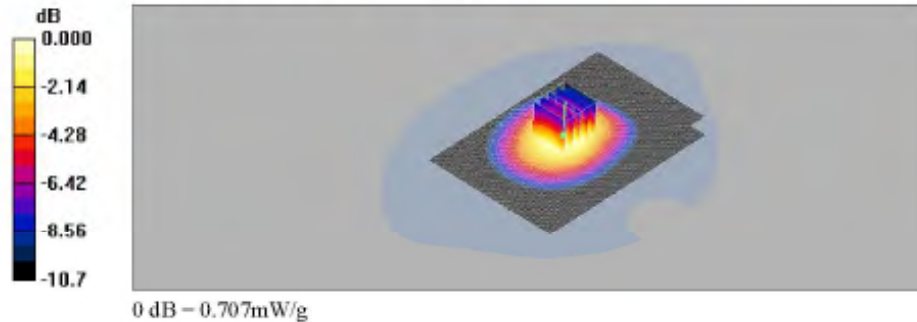
Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

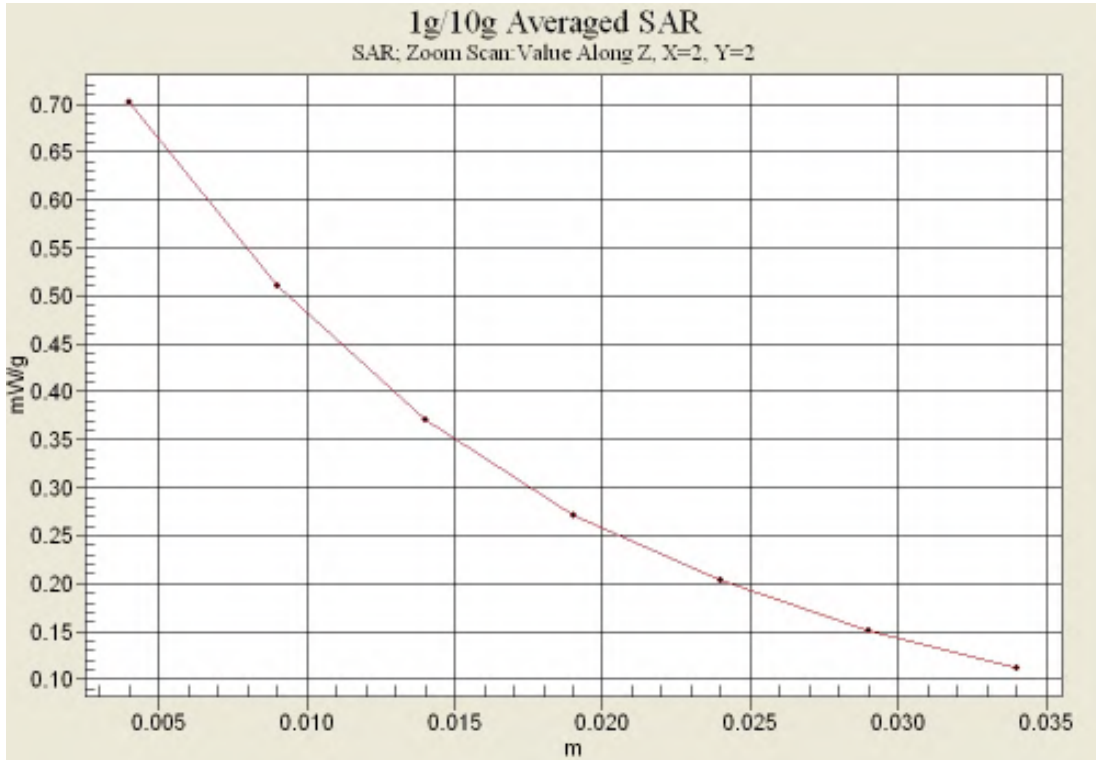
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP\_2011(left); Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1645
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**GSM850\_Rear\_CH190/Area Scan (81x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) - 0.707 mW/g

**GSM850\_Rear\_CH190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value - 24.2 V/m; Power Drift - 0.004 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) - 0.917 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.661 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) - 0.707 mW/g



### Z-Scan



## PCS1900 Head SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Right Touch\\_CH661.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Right Touch**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Right Section

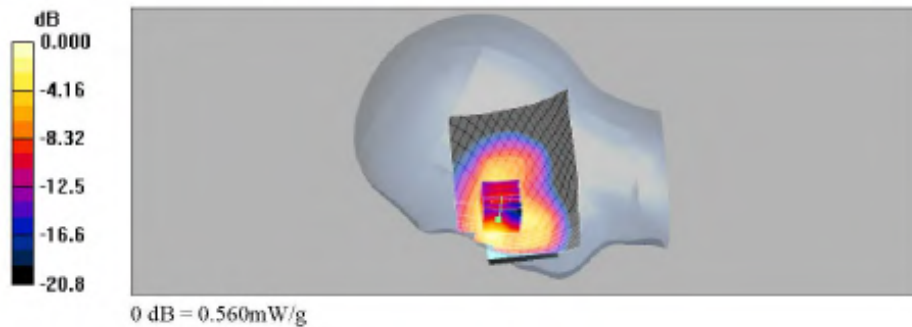
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Right Touch\_CH661/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$   
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.576 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Right Touch\_CH661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  
 $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.195 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.507 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
File Name: [PCS1900\\_Right Tilt\\_CH661.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Right Tilt**

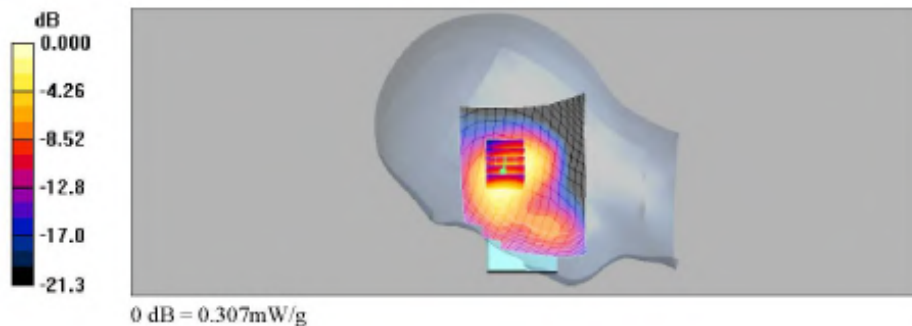
Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Right Tilt\_CH661/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.323 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Right Tilt\_CH661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.285 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 mW/g**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Left\\_Touch\\_CH661.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Left Touch**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH661/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 mW/g

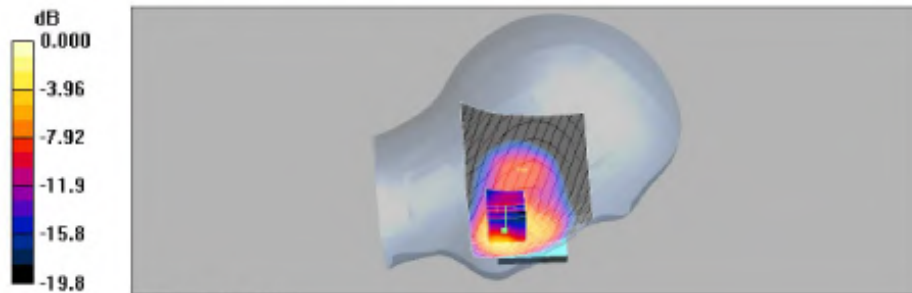
**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.913 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g





Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Left Touch\\_CH512.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Left Touch**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

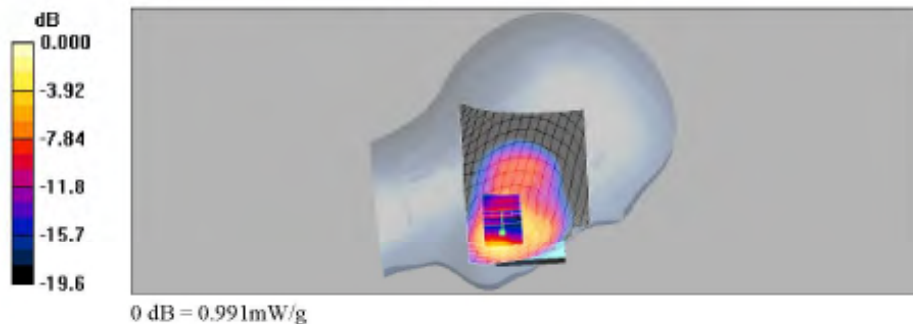
**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH512/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.970 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.883 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 mW/g**

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Left Touch\\_CH810.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Left Touch**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.44 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH810/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 mW/g

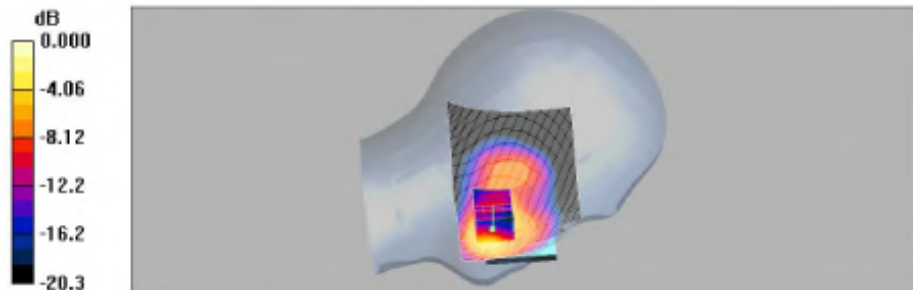
**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

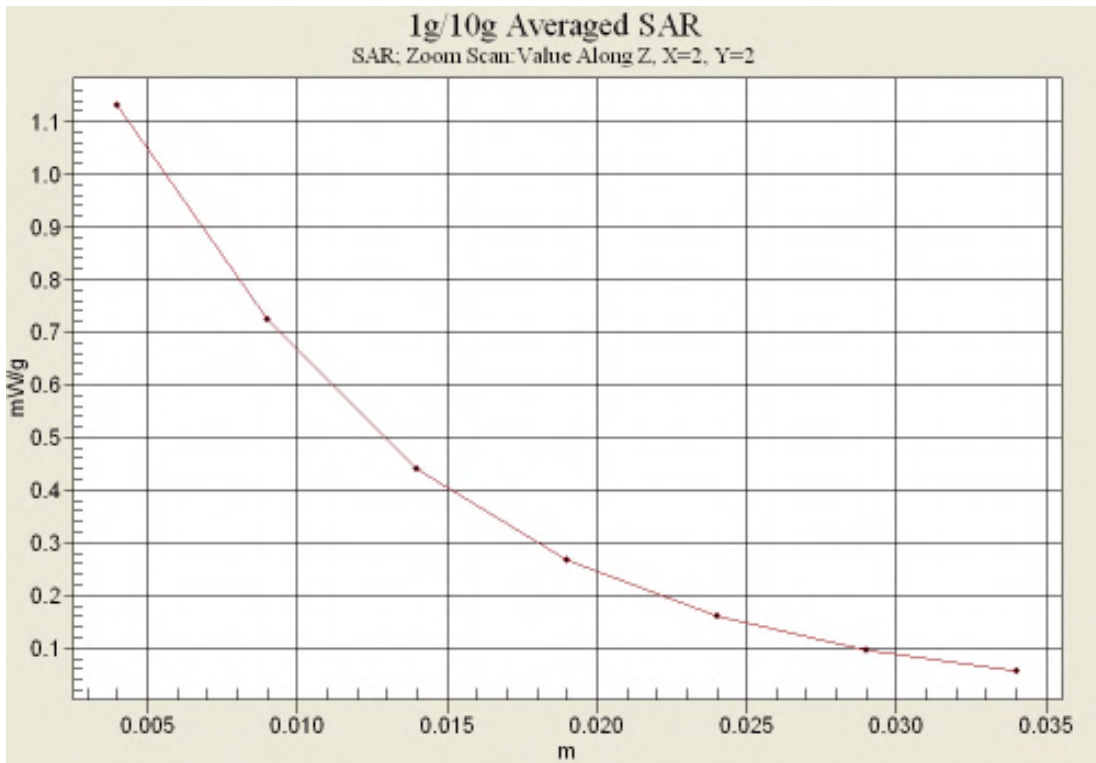
**SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.558 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g





### Z-Scan



Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Left Tilt\\_CH661.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242004**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Left Tilt**

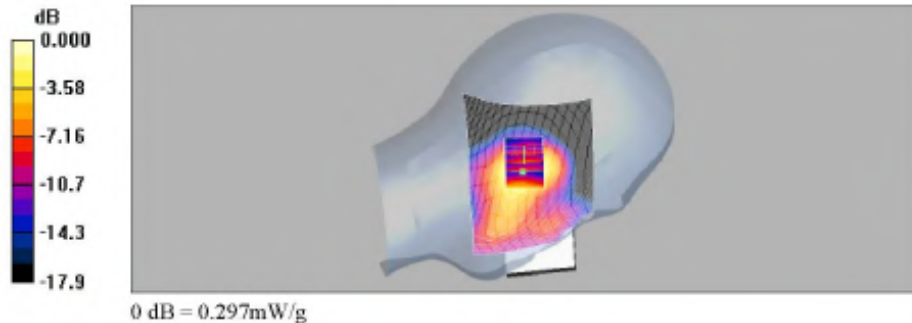
Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Left Tilt\_CH661/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.299 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Left Tilt\_CH661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.429 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.280 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.297 mW/g



## PCS1900 Body SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Rear\\_CH661.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.1 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Body**

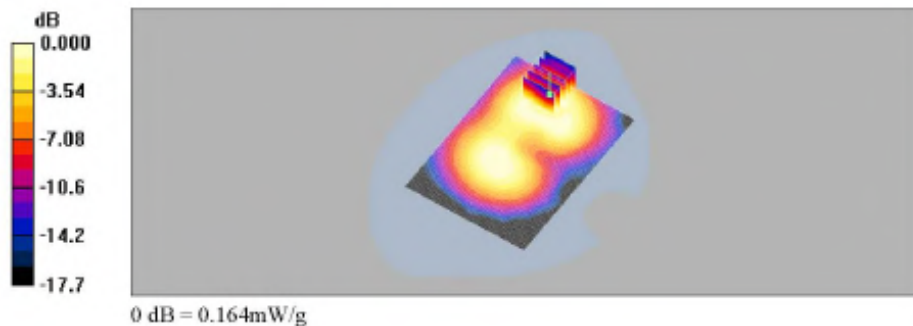
Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

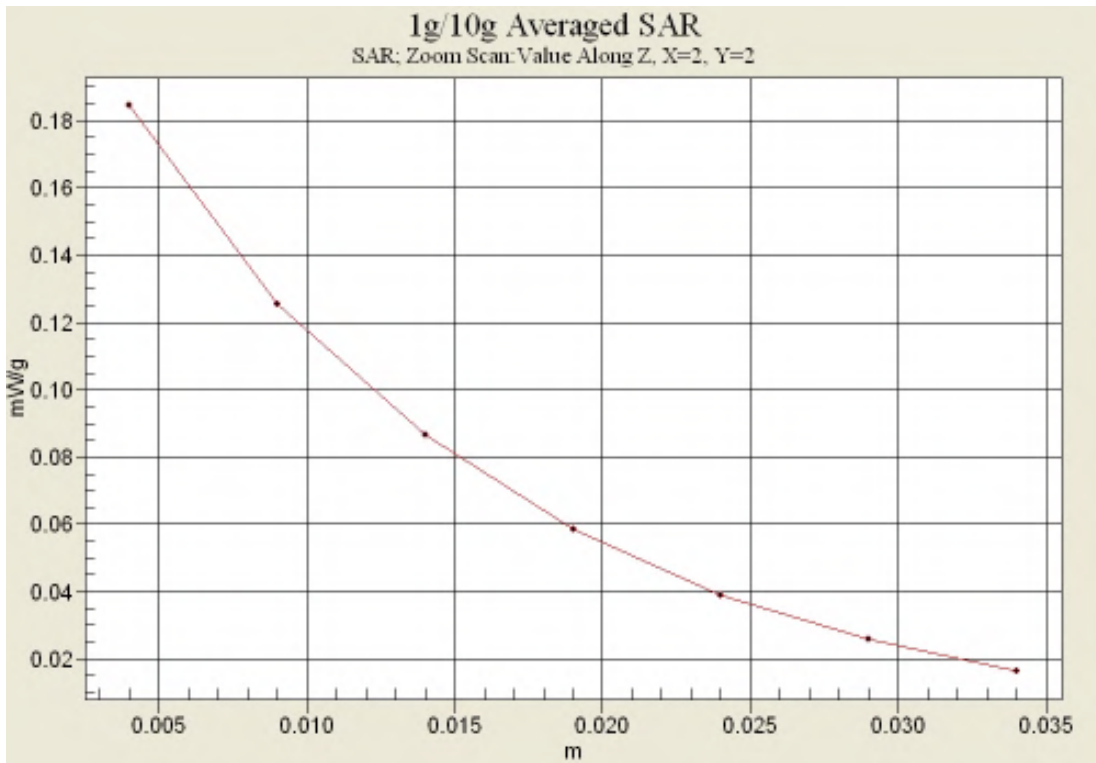
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP\_2011(left); Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1645
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

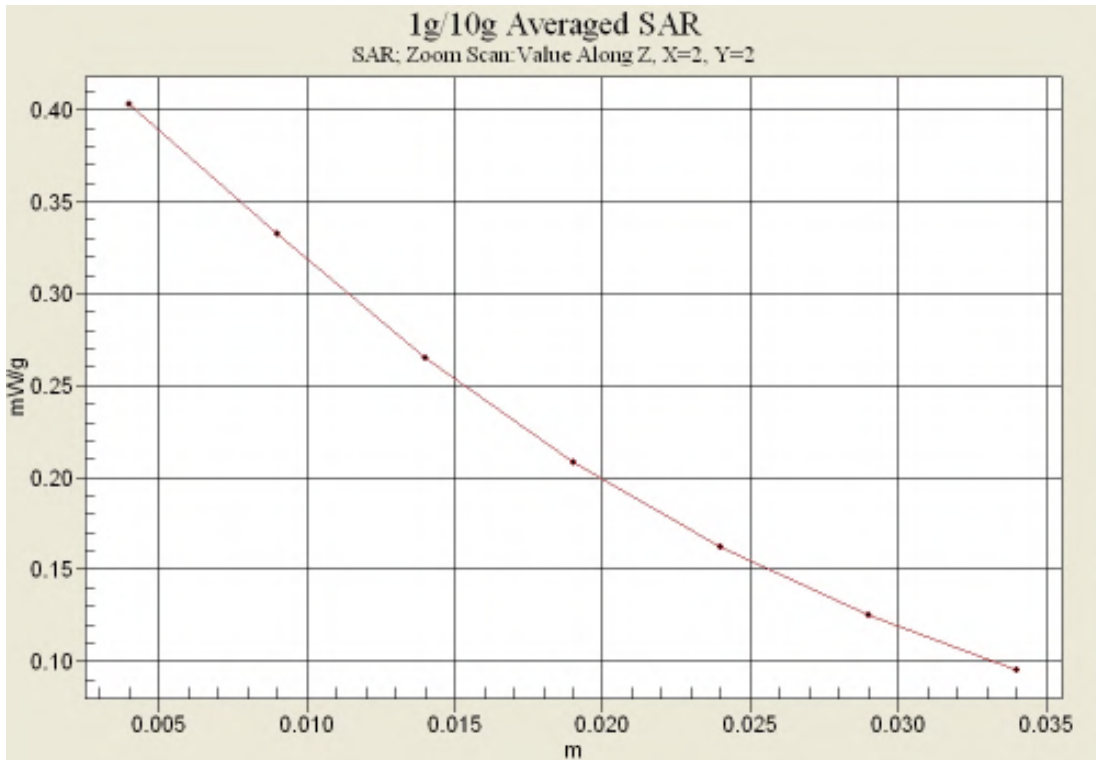
**PCS1900\_Rear\_CH661/Area Scan (81x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.167 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Rear\_CH661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 8.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.146 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.164 mW/g



### Z-Scan





## WLAN Head SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-10

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [WLAN\\_11b\\_Right Touch\\_1Mbps\\_CH1.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.1 °C Tissue Temp : 21.6 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: WLAN 11b\_Head**

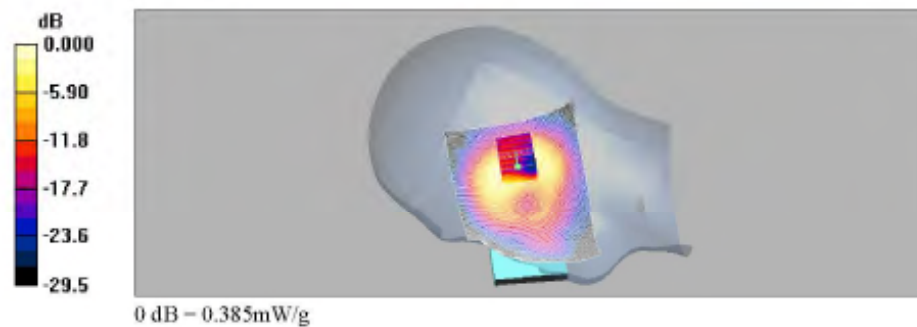
Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.74$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**WLAN 11b\_Right Touch\_1Mbps\_CH1/Area Scan (11x15x1):** Measurement grid:  
 dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.398 mW/g

**WLAN 11b\_Right Touch\_1Mbps\_CH1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
 dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.734 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.342 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 mW/g



Date: 2013-02-10

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [WLAN\\_11b\\_RightTilt\\_1Mbps\\_CH1.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.1 °C Tissue Temp : 21.6 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**

**Program Name: WLAN\_11b\_Head**

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.74$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**WLAN\_11b\_RightTilt\_1Mbps\_CH1/Area Scan (111x151x1): Measurement grid:**

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.379 mW/g

**WLAN\_11b\_RightTilt\_1Mbps\_CH1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

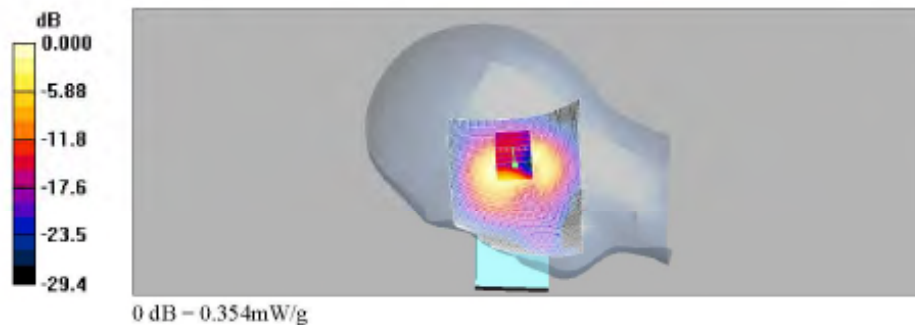
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.672 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g





Date: 2013-02-10

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [WLAN\\_11b\\_Left\\_Touch\\_1Mbps\\_CH1.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.1 °C Tissue Temp : 21.6 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**

**Program Name: WLAN\_11b\_Head**

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.74$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**WLAN\_11b\_Left\_Touch\_1Mbps\_CH1/Area Scan (111x151x1):** Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm,  $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.616 mW/g

**WLAN\_11b\_Left\_Touch\_1Mbps\_CH1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

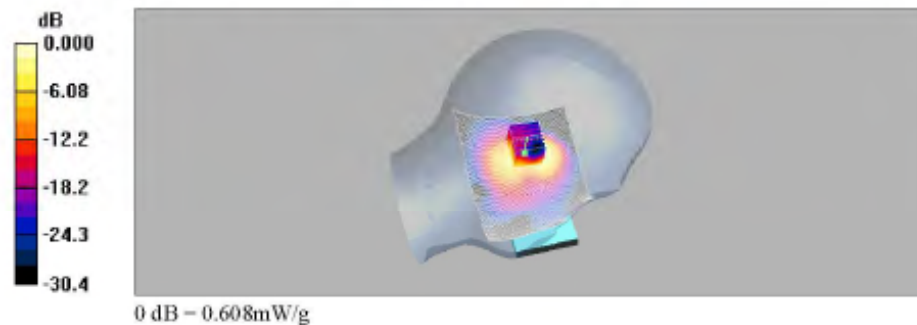
$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

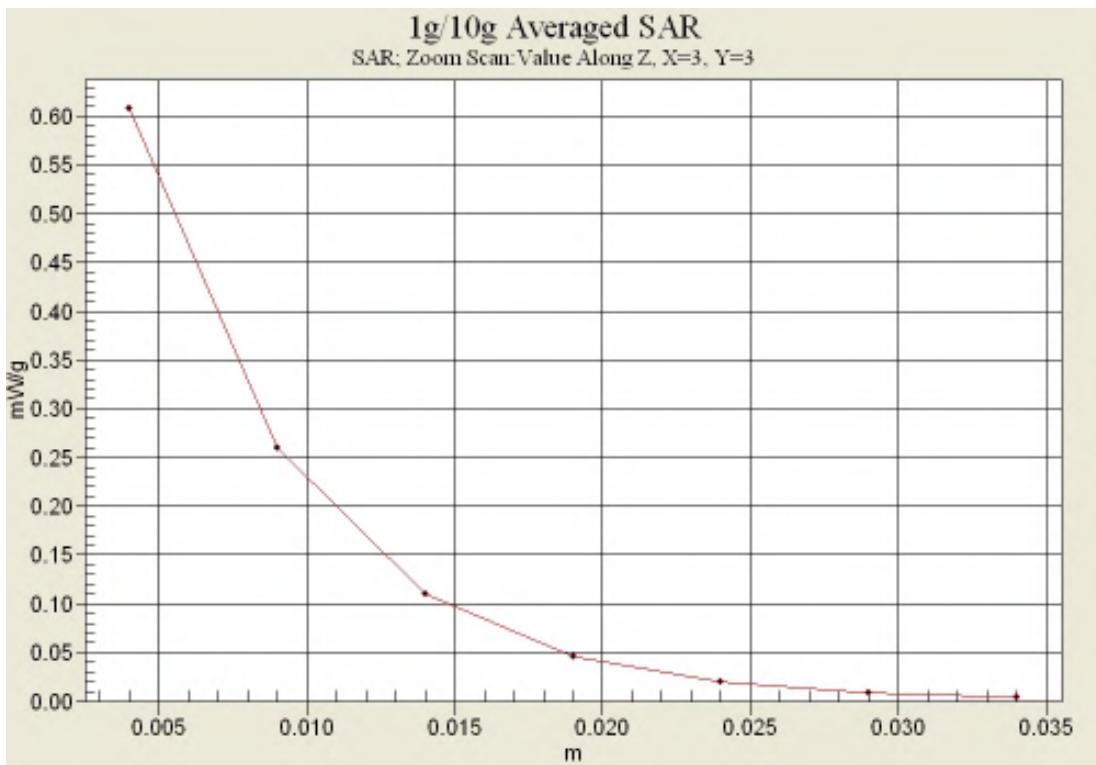
**SAR(1 g) = 0.500 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g





### Z-Scan



Date: 2013-02-10

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [WLAN\\_11b\\_LeftTilt\\_1Mbps\\_CH1.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.1 °C Tissue Temp : 21.6 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**

**Program Name: WLAN\_11b\_Head**

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.74$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**WLAN\_11b\_LeftTilt\_1Mbps\_CH1/Area Scan (111x151x1):** Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 mW/g

**WLAN\_11b\_LeftTilt\_1Mbps\_CH1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

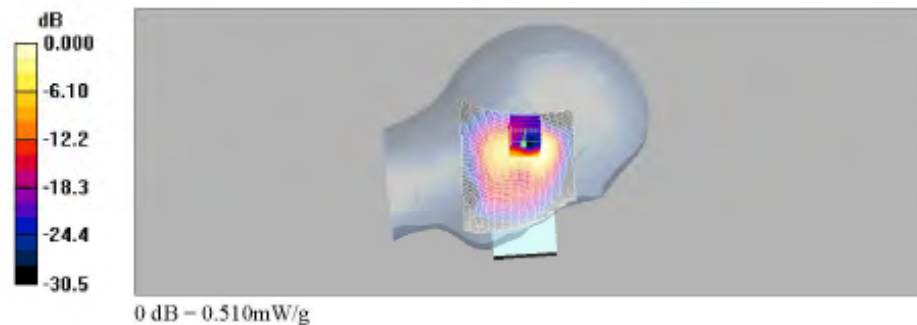
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.417 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 mW/g



## Repeated SAR Test

Date: 2013-02-09

Test Laboratory: SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory)  
 File Name: [PCS1900\\_Left Touch\\_CH810\\_Repeated Test.da4](#)

Ambient Temp : 23.5 °C Tissue Temp : 22.3 °C

**DUT: LG-C398; Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN; Serial: 210KPQJ242084**  
**Program Name: PCS1900\_Left Touch**

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3  
 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 2012-04-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2013-01-25
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP\_Right; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH810\_Repeated Test/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 mW/g

**PCS1900\_Left Touch\_CH810\_Repeated Test/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 9.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 mW/g**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

