PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.



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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A 1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 United States Date of Testing:
February 26-28, 2013
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Test Report Serial No.:

0Y1302260352.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFAN160

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A

Scope of Test: RF Emissions Testing
Application Type: Class II Permissive Change

FCC Rule Part(s): § 20.19(b)

HAC Standard: ANSI C63.19-2007 §6.3(v), §7.3(v);

EUT Type: Portable Handset

 Model(s):
 LG-AN160, AN160, LGAN160, LG236C

 Tx Frequencies Tested:
 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA)

 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: HAC (RFE)]

Class II Permissive Change: See FCC Change Document

Original Grant Date: 12/06/12

C63.19-2007 HAC Category: M4 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2007 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested and are for North American Bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.







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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- RF Magnetic-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. TEST SITE LOCATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to



Figure 2-1
Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan
Washington D.C. area

those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.

2.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).



- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA)
 Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS
 (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data.



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3. **EUT DESCRIPTION**



FCC ID: ZNFAN160

Manufacturer: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A

1000 Sylvan Avenue

Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632

United States

Model(s): LG-AN160, AN160, LGAN160, LG236C

Serial Number: HAC (RFE)

Tx Frequencies Tested: 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cellular CDMA)

1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Antenna Configurations: Internal Antenna

Maximum Tested

24.92 dBm (Cell. CDMA), 25.14 dBm (PCS CDMA)

Conducted Power (HAC):
HAC Test Configurations:
Cell. CDMA, 1013, 384, 777, BT Off

PCS CDMA, 25, 600, 1175, BT Off

EUT Type: Portable Handset

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions (Not to be tested)	Reduced power 20.19 (c)(1)	Voice Over Digital Transport (Data)
CDMA	850	Voice	Yes	Yes: BT	N/A	N/A
CDIVIA	1900	voice	162	res. bi	N/A	N/A
BT	2450	Data	N/A	Yes: CDMA	N/A	N/A
NOTE: HAC	NOTE: HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes. Standalone mode was found to represent worst case rating.					

Table 3: ZNFAN160 Air Interfaces

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4. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters			
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)	H-field emissions CW dB(A/m)		
	f < 960 MHz			
M1	56 to 61 + 0.5 x AWF	5.6 to 10.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M2	51 to 56 + 0.5 x AWF	0.6 to 5.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M3	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M4	< 46 + 0.5 x AWF	< -4.4 + 0.5 x AWF		
	f > 960 MHz			
M1	46 to 51 + 0.5 x AWF	-4.4 to 0.6 +0.5 x AWF		
M2	41 to 46 + 0.5 x AWF	−9.4 to −4.4 +0.5 x AWF		
М3	36 to 41 + 0.5 x AWF	-14.4 to -9.4 +0.5 x AWF		
M4	< 36 + 0.5 x AWF	<-14.4 + 0.5 x AWF		
Table 4-1 Hearing aid and WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2007				

II. ARTICULATION WEIGHTING FACTOR (AWF)

Standard	Technology	Articulation Weighing Factor (AWF)		
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	0		
TIA/EIA/IS-2000	CDMA	0		
iDEN ^T	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	0		
J-STD-007	-5			
Table 4-2 Articulation Weighting Factors				

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5. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



Figure 5-1
E-field Free-space
Probe

H3DV6 H-Field Probe Description

Construction: Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters

Resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response

Built-in shielding against static charges

Frequency: 200 MHz to 3 GHz (absolute accuracy ± 6.0%, k=2);

Output linearized

Directivity: ± 0.25 dB (spherical isotropy error)

Dynamic Range: 10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1 GHz

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 40 mm)

Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm

E-Field < 10% at 3 GHz (for plane wave)

Interference:

Figure 5-2 H-Field Free-space Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

Magnetic field sensors are measuring the integral of the H-field across their sensor area surrounded by the loop. They are calibrated in a precise, homogeneous field. When measuring a gradient field, the result will be very close to the field in the center of the loop which is equivalent to the value of a homogeneous field equivalent to the center value. But it will be different from the field at the border of the loop.

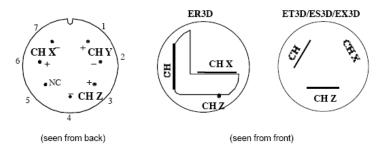
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Consequently, two sensors with different loop diameters - both calibrated ideally - would give different results when measuring from the edge of the probe sensor elements. The behavior for electrically small E-field sensors is equivalent.

The magnetic field loops of the H3D probes are concentric, with the center 3mm from the tip for H3DV6. Their radius is 1.9mm.

The electric field probes have a more irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

Instrumentation Chain

Equation 1 Conversion of Connector Voltage u_i to E-Field E_i

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

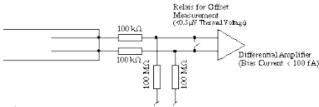
E_i: electric field in V/m

 u_i : voltage of channel i at the connector in μV $Norm_i$: sensitivity of channel i in $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

ConvF: enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air)
DCP: diode compression point in µV

DCP: diode compression point in μV
CF: signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

Conditions of Calibration



Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm, and DCP
- · larger bias currents will cause higher offset

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Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).

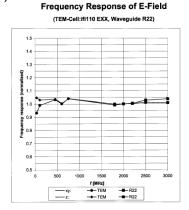


Figure 5-3 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

H-field sensors have a frequency dependent sensitivity which is evaluated for a series of frequencies also visible in the probe calibration certificate. The calibration factors result from a fitting algorithm. The proper conversion is calculated by the DASY5 software depending on the frequency setting in the procedure. See below for H-field frequency response:

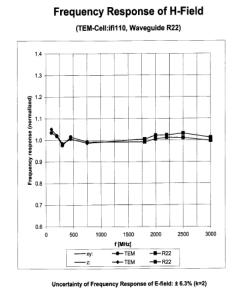


Figure 5-4 H-Field Probe Frequency Response

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Conversion to Peak

Peak is defined as Peak Envelope Power. All raw measurements from the HAC measurement system are RMS values. The DASY5 system incorporates the crest factor of the signal in the computation of the RMS values (See Equation 1). Although the software also has capability to estimate the peak field by applying a square root of crest factor value to the readings, the probe modulation factor was applied manually instead per C63.19 in the measurement tables in this report. The equation to convert the raw measurements in the data tables are:

Peak Field = 20·log (Raw · PMF)

Where:

Peak Field = Peak field (in dBV/m or dBA/m)

Raw = Raw field measurement from the measurement system (in V/m or A/m).

PMF = Probe Modulation Factor (in linear units).

SPEAG Robotic System

E-field and H-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 5-5 SPEAG Robotic System

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and DASY RF Measurement Software (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

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System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

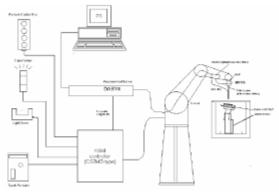


Figure 5-6 SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY5 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$
 with V_i = compensated signal of channel i
 U_i = input signal of channel i

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

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(i = x, y, z)

(i = x, y, z)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – field
probes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\mbox{H} - \mbox{fieldprobes}: \qquad \ \ \, H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f} \label{eq:hamiltonian}$$

with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z

= sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500 ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500 ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

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6. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

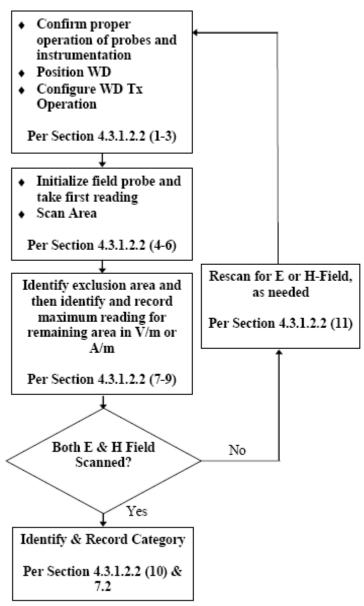


Figure 6-1
WD Near-Field Emissions Flow Chart

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Test Setup

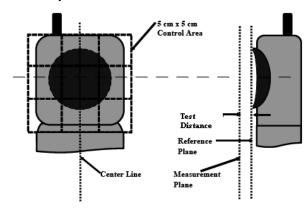


Figure 6-2
E/H-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

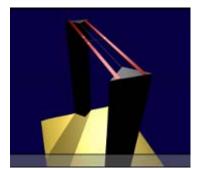


Figure 6-3 HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location.
- 9. Steps 1-8 were done for both the E and H-Field measurements.

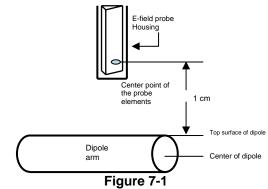
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7. SYSTEM CHECK

I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 1 cm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface
 of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is
 shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device (e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (i.e. - 20dBm) RMS after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned with both E-field and H-field probes and the maximum values for each were recorded.

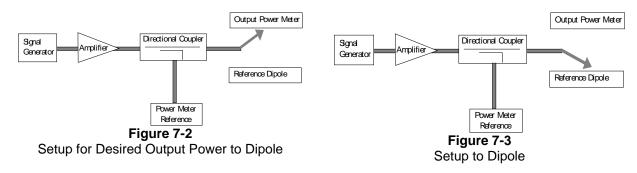
Measurement of CW

Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (

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see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.



Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 7-3.

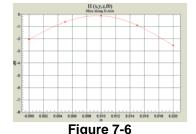
The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



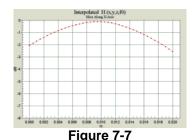
2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

Frequency (MHz)	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation
835	1082	20.0	169.2	165.4	2.3%
1880	1064	20.0	132.3	136.2	-2.9%
Frequency (MHz)	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	H-field Result (A/m)	Target Field (A/m)	% Deviation
835	1082	20.0	0.466	0.452	3.1%

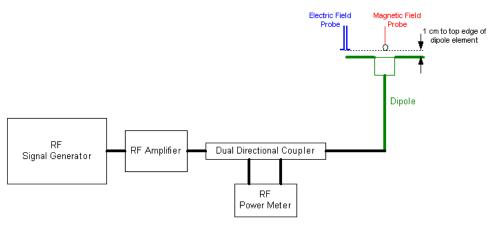


Figure 7-8 System Check Setup

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8. MODULATION FACTOR

A calibration was made of the modulation response of the probe and its instrumentation chain. This calibration was performed with the field probe, attached to its instrumentation. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude to that of a CW signal. The field level of the test signals are ensured to be more than 10 dB above the ambient level and the noise floor of the instrumentation being used. The ratio of the CW reading to that taken with a modulated reading was applied to the DUT measurements.

All voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report. According to the FCC 3G Measurement Procedures, May 2006 for RF Emissions, variations in peak field and power readings.

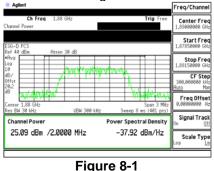
This was done using the following procedure:

- 1. The probe was illuminated with a CW signal at the intended measurement frequency and wireless device power.
- 2. The probe was positioned at the field maxima over the dipole antenna (determined after an area scan over the dipole) illuminated with the CW signal.
- 3. The reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal at the maximum point was recorded.
- 4. Using a Spectrum Analyzer, the modulated signal adjusted with the same peak level of the CW signal was determined.
- 5. The probe measurement system reading was recorded with the modulated signal. The appropriate system crest factors for the modulation type were configured in the software to the system measurements.
- 6. The ratio of the CW reading to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor (PMF) for the modulation and field probe combination. This was repeated for 80% AM.
- 7. Steps 1-6 were repeated at all frequency bands and for both E and H field probes.

The modulation factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device, in order to obtain an accurate peak field reading using the formula:

$$Peak = 20 \cdot log (Raw \cdot PMF)$$

This method correlates well with the modulation using the DUT in the alternative substitution method. See below for correlation of signal:



Signal Generator Modulated Signal

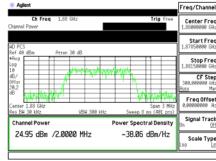


Figure 8-2
Wireless Device Modulated Signal

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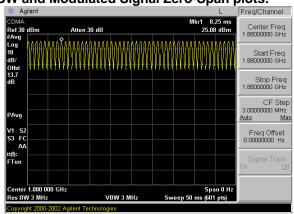
Modulation Factors:

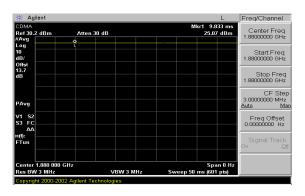
f (MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	H-Field (A/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	AM	204.50	0.5971	1.411	1.326
835	CDMA	311.00	0.9799	0.928	0.808
835	CW	288.60	0.7915		
1880	AM	155.40	0.6561	1.445	1.501
1880	CDMA	226.80	1.2010	0.990	0.820
1880	CW	224.50	0.9846		
1880	CDMA / SO3	72.17	0.0823	2.765	2.969
1880	CW	199.55	0.2443		

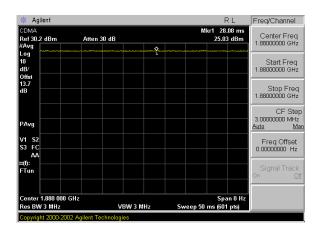
Figure 8-3 Modulation Factors

FCC 3G Note: "CDMA" represents worst-case mode, while "CDMA/SO3" represents RC1/SO3 mode.

CW and Modulated Signal Zero-Span plots:







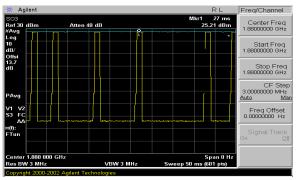


Figure 8-4 Zero-Span Plots

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9. FCC 3G MEASUREMENTS

Sample pre-testing of the various modes were performed at the worst case probe location as part of subset testing justification. See below for measured conducted power for applicable device modes:

I. Conducted RF Output Power Measurements:

Band	Channel	Frequency	SO2 [dBm]	SO2 [dBm]	SO2 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO9 [dBm]	SO9 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]
	F-RC	MHz	RC1	RC3	RC4	RC1	RC3	RC2	RC5	RC1	RC3	RC4
	1013	824.7	24.98	24.82	24.89	24.95	24.79	24.97	24.92	24.99	24.88	24.83
Cellular	384	836.52	24.80	24.74	24.67	24.87	24.75	24.84	24.63	25.00	24.81	24.79
	777	848.31	24.83	24.76	24.77	24.81	24.74	24.79	24.79	25.00	24.87	24.86
	25	1851.25	24.84	24.76	24.67	24.86	24.73	25.16	25.14	25.15	25.08	25.09
PCS	600	1880	25.12	24.94	24.85	25.07	25.02	25.00	25.01	25.20	24.95	24.94
	1175	1908.75	25.14	24.95	24.90	25.19	24.90	25.18	25.06	25.16	24.87	24.88



Figure 9-1
Power Measurement Setup

II. Worst-Case Probe Location Measurements

Below are RC/SO mode investigation results of the device at the worst-case (maximum) field point location. The worst-case RC/SO was used for HAC testing.

Table 9-1
Handset 3G mode variation on RF Emissions

Mode	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 4.4
PCS	25	off	SO3/RC1	Acoustic	17.13	47.4	33.5	41.0	-7.49	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO3/RC3	Acoustic	42.56	42.1	32.5	41.0	-8.51	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO3/RC4	Acoustic	45.65	45.2	33.1	41.0	-7.90	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Acoustic	44.61	44.2	32.9	41.0	-8.10	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC1	Acoustic	41.52	41.1	32.3	41.0	-8.72	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO2/RC1	Acoustic	44.06	43.6	32.8	41.0	-8.21	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO2/RC3	Acoustic	43.83	43.4	32.7	41.0	-8.25	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO9/RC2	Acoustic	44.96	44.5	33.0	41.0	-8.03	M4	none
PCS	25	on	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	45.99	45.5	33.2	41.0	-7.84	M4	none

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10. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

FCC ID:	ZNFAN160
Model:	LG-AN160, AN160, LGAN160, LG236C
S/N:	HAC (RFE)

I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 10-1
HAC Data Summary for E-field

					no Data C	· u	,					
Band	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 4.4
E-field Em	issions											
Cell.	1013	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.92	51.37	47.7	33.6	51.0	-17.44	M4	none
Cell.	384	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.63	57.75	53.6	34.6	51.0	-16.42	M4	none
Cell.	777	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.79	59.28	55.0	34.8	51.0	-16.19	M4	none
PCS	25	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.14	48.80	48.3	33.7	41.0	-7.32	M4	none
PCS	600	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.01	45.91	45.4	33.1	41.0	-7.85	M4	none
PCS	1175	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.06	36.68	36.3	31.2	41.0	-9.80	M4	none

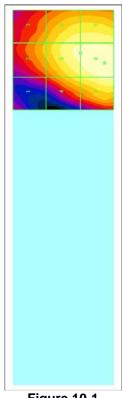


Figure 10-1
Sample E-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

Note: Worst-case measurement evaluated for worst-case 1/8 rate gating condition in RC1/SO3; Mute=Yes

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	FCC ID:	ZNFAN160
I	Model:	LG-AN160, AN160, LGAN160, LG236C
I	S/N:	HAC (RFE)

II. H-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 10-2
HAC Data Summary for H-field

	TIAO Data Summary for 11-field													
Mode	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (A/m)	Peak Field (A/m)	Peak Field (dBA/m)	FCC Limit (dBA/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 4.4		
H-field Em	issions													
Cell.	1013	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.92	0.1652	0.133	-17.5	0.6	-18.09	M4	none		
Cell.	384	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.63	0.1571	0.127	-17.9	0.6	-18.53	M4	none		
Cell.	777	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	24.79	0.1830	0.148	-16.6	0.6	-17.21	M4	none		
PCS	25	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.14	0.1497	0.123	-18.2	-9.4	-8.82	M4	none		
PCS	600	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.01	0.1433	0.117	-18.6	-9.4	-9.20	M4	none		
PCS	1175	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	25.06	0.1214	0.100	-20.0	-9.4	-10.64	M4	none		

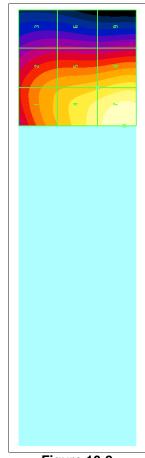


Figure 10-2
Sample H-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

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FCC ID:	ZNFAN160
Model:	LG-AN160, AN160, LGAN160, LG236C
S/N:	HAC (RFE)

III. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 10-3
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (db)	RESULT
Probe Rotation at Worst-case										
PCS	25	off	SO9/RC5	Acoustic	51.44	50.9	34.1	41.0	-6.86	M4

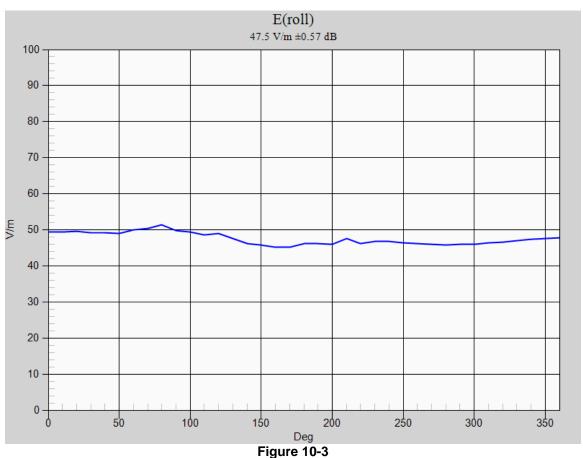


Figure 10-3
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

^{*} Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 10-1 or Figure 10-2 denoted by the green square markers.

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11. EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E4407B	ESA Spectrum Analyzer	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	US39210313
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	3/15/2012	Annual	3/15/2013	US40053896
Agilent	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/7/2012	Annual	12/7/2013	1244515
Agilent	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/7/2012	Annual	12/7/2013	1244512
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	9/24/2012	Annual	9/24/2013	GB43163447
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/18/2012	Biennial	10/18/2014	GB43193563
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	N/A	CBT*	N/A	GB42361078
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	4/4/2012	Annual	4/4/2013	US41140256
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	21910
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	11/28/2012	Annual	11/28/2013	1138001
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	12/4/2012	Annual	12/4/2013	1070030
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	5605
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/4/2012	Annual	12/4/2013	1207364
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/5/2012	Annual	12/5/2013	1126066
Anritsu	MA2481D	Universal Sensor	12/17/2012	Annual	12/17/2013	1204419
Anritsu	MA2481D	Universal Sensor	12/17/2012	Annual	12/17/2013	1204343
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/4/2012	Biennial	1/4/2014	122014497
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/4/2012	Biennial	1/4/2014	122014488
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1226
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2237-20	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/22/2012	Annual	5/22/2013	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	836019/013
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor (100uW-2W)	10/11/2012	Biennial	10/11/2014	100155
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor (1mW-20W)	10/11/2012	Annual	10/11/2013	100004
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/11/2012	Annual	10/11/2013	832026
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	11/29/2011	Triennial	11/29/2014	21053
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/15/2012	Annual	5/15/2013	859
SPEAG	CD1880V3	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	5/22/2012	Biennial	5/22/2014	1064
SPEAG	CD835V3	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	5/22/2012	Biennial	5/22/2014	1082
SPEAG	ER3DV6	Freespace E-field Probe	1/11/2013	Annual	1/11/2014	2353
SPEAG	H3DV6	Freespace H-field Probe	1/11/2013	Annual	1/11/2014	6207

Table 11-1 Equipment List

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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12. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

wilei	533 COIIIII	unications De Uncertainty	/ Estimation		urelle	ıı		
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Ci (E)	Ci (H)	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments
Measurement System								
RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.50	Refl. < -20 dB
Field Probe Calibration	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.21	
Field Probe Isotropy	0.01	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.01	
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.14	
Field Probe Linearity	0.013	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.01	
Probe Modulation Factor	0.270	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	1	0.16	
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	1	0.06	*
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.670	0.12	*
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.670	0.03	*
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.03	*
Resolution to 2mm error	0.210	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.21	
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.03	*
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.02	*
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.06	*
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.02	*
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.06	*
System Repeatability (Field x 2=power)	0.17	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	1	0.17	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning Vertical	0.2	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.12	*
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.03	*
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.06	*
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	1	0.12	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							0.66	16.5%
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence] (k=2)							1.33	32.3%
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence	l on Field						0.66	16.2%

Table 12-1 Uncertainty Estimation Table

Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
 equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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13. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

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DUT: CD835V3 - SN1082

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

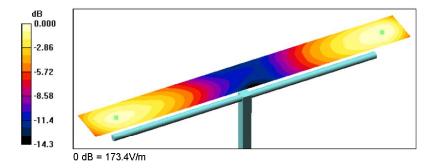
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 117.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.171 dB
Average value of Peak (interpolated) = 169.2 V/m



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(1) LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD835V3 - SN1082

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

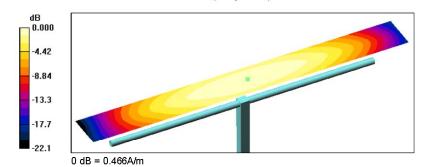
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6207; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

835 MHz / 100 mW HAC Validation at 10 mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 0.516 A/m; Power Drift = -0.100 dB
Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.466 A/m



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1064

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

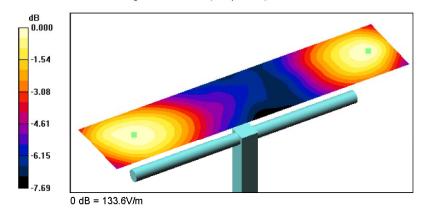
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00 Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 147.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.132 dB Average value of Peak (interpolated) = 132.3 V/m



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(1) LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1064

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

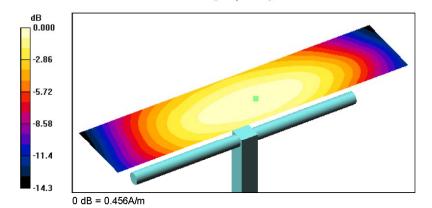
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6207; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

1880 MHz / 100 mW HAC Validation at 10 mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 0.483 A/m; Power Drift = -0.109 dB
Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.456 A/m



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: ZNFAN160

Type: Portable Handset Serial: HAC (RFE) Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

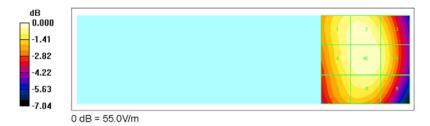
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- · Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

Cell. CDMA High Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Maximum value of peak Total field = 55.0 V/m
Probe Modulation Factor = 0.928
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 78.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
53.0 M4	54.6 M4	51.1 M4
		Grid 6
53.0 M4	55.0 M4	52.0 M4
		52.0 M4 Grid 9



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: ZNFAN160

Type: Portable Handset Serial: HAC (RFE) Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

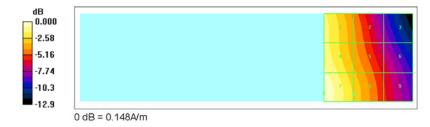
- Probe: H3DV6 SN6207; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- · Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

Cell. CDMA High Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.148 A/m
Probe Modulation Factor = 0.808
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 0.104 A/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

		Grid 3
0.127 M4	0.094 M4	0.061 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.138 M4	0.102 M4	0.072 M4
0.138 M4 Grid 7 0.148 M4	Grid 8	Grid 9



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DUT: ZNFAN160

Type: Portable Handset Serial: HAC (RFE) Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

PCS CDMA Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Maximum value of peak Total field = 48.3 V/m
Probe Modulation Factor = 0.990
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 54.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.149 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
28.6 M4	35.9 M4	35.2 M4
		Grid 6
40.4 M4	45.8 M4	43.7 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
1	l	44.4 M4



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DUT: ZNFAN160

Type: Portable Handset Serial: HAC (RFE) Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:1

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6207; Calibrated: 1/11/2013
- · Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/15/2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.8 Build 4;

PCS CDMA Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.123 A/m
Probe Modulation Factor = 0.820
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm
Reference Value = 0.121 A/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

		Grid 3
0.103 M4	0.101 M4	0.082 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.116 M4	0.106 M4	0.082 M4
	Grid 8	Grid 9



FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		(1) LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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14. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

PC Test





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С

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v6, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: January 11, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)



Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-12 (No. ER3-2328_Oct12)	Oct-13
DAE4	SN: 789	18-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-789_Sep12)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: January 11, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

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FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage С

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).

- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,v,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Page 2 of 10 Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

FCC ID: ZNFAN160	ENGIACERNO LABORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 11, 2013

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2353

Manufactured: March 8, 2005 Calibrated: January 11, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

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FCC ID: ZNFAN160	PCTEST ENGINEERING LARGASTORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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C COLLO POTECTE				

ER3DV6- SN:2353 January 11, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.54	1.74	1.83	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.2	97.9	99.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	159.7	±2.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		199.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

PCTEST Reviewed by: FCC ID: ZNFAN160 HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT LG **Quality Manager**

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EUT Type:

Portable Handset

0Y1302260352.ZNF February 26-28, 2013 © 2013 PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

HAC Filename:

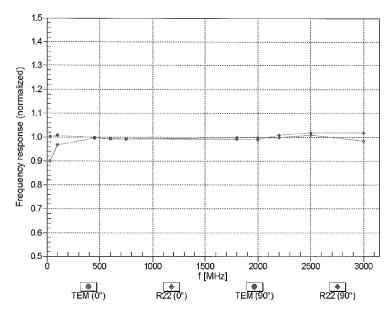
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

Test Dates:

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^a Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

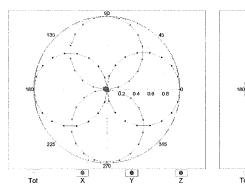
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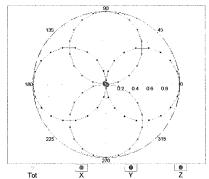
FCC ID: ZNFAN160	PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6- SN:2353 January 11, 2013

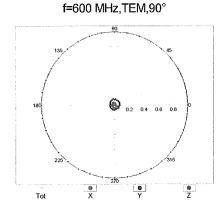
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

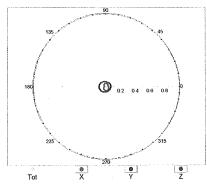
f=600 MHz,TEM,0° f=2500 MHz,R22,0°





Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$





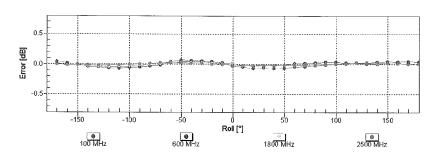
f=2500 MHz,R22,90°

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

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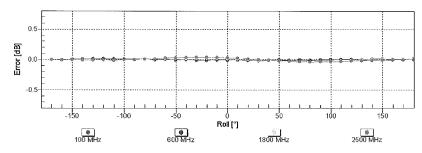
FCC ID: ZNFAN160	ENGINEERING LAFORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

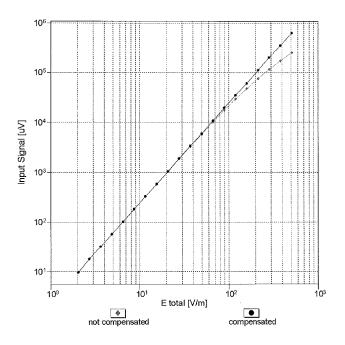
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

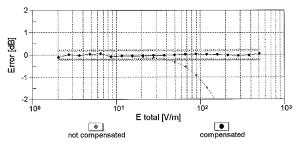
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FCC ID: ZNFAN160	PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6- SN:2353 January 11, 2013

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

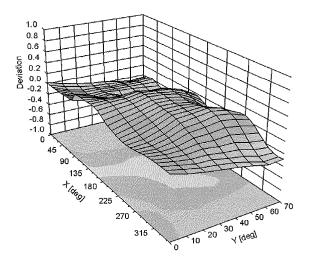
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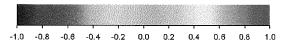
FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
HAC Filename:	Test Dates:	EUT Type:		Page 43 of 79
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ER3DV6-SN:2353

January 11, 2013

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

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FCC ID: ZNFAN160	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6- SN:2353 January 11, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-10.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan13

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

PC Test

Certificate No: H3-6207_Jan13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

H3DV6 - SN:6207

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-03.v6, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 11, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Арг-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	12-Oct-12 (No. H3-6182_Oct12)	Oct-13
DAE4	SN: 789	18-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-789_Sep12)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Signature Function Name Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: January 11, 2013 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: H3-6207_Jan13

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X,Y,Z(f)_a0a1a2= X,Y,Z_a0a1a2* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on
 the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open wavequide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X_a0a1a2 (no
 uncertainty required).

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H3DV6 – SN:6207 January 11, 2013

Probe H3DV6

SN:6207

Manufactured: June 12, 2006 Calibrated: January 11, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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H3DV6- SN:6207 January 11, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6207

Basic Calibration Parameters

		Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (A/m / √(mV))	a0	2.39E-003	2.35E-003	2.92E-003	± 5.1 %
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{(mV)}$)	a1	2.09E-004	6.49E-004	1.17E-004	± 5.1 %
Norm $(A/m / \sqrt{(mV)})$	a2	1.61E-004	2.41E-004	1.94E-004	± 5.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B		93.1	92.7	93.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc ^E
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	127.7	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		123.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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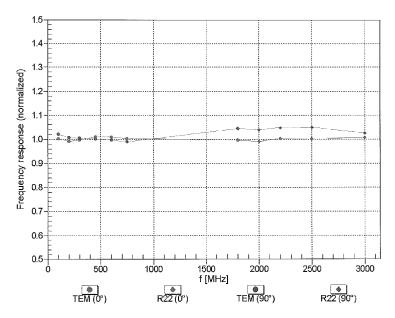
PCTEST Reviewed by: FCC ID: ZNFAN160 HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT LG **Quality Manager HAC Filename: EUT Type: Test Dates:** Page 49 of 79 0Y1302260352.ZNF February 26-28, 2013 Portable Handset

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⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of H-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of H-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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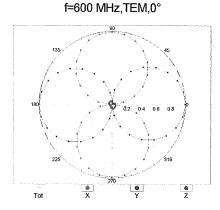
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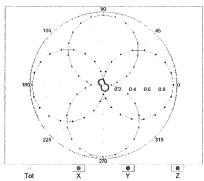
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H3DV6- SN:6207 January 11, 2013

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

receiving rattern (ψ), σ – σ



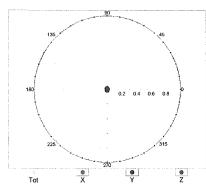


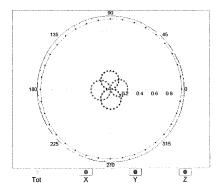
f=2500 MHz,R22,0 $^{\circ}$

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,90°

EM,90° f=2500 MHz,R22,90°



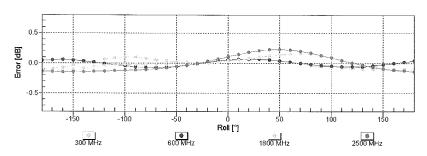


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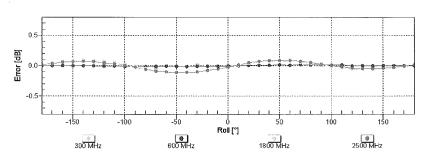
FCC ID: ZNFAN160	PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



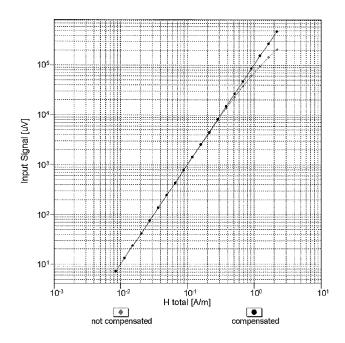
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

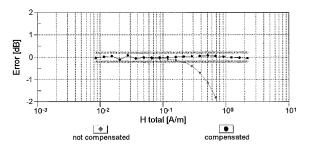
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Dynamic Range f(H-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

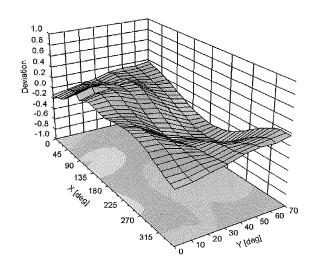
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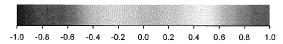
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H3DV6- SN:6207 January 11, 2013

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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H3DV6- SN:6207 January 11, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6207

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-179.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	20 mm
Tip Diameter	6 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	3 mm

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Client PC Test Certificate No: CD835V3-1082_May12/2

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: CD835V3-1082 May12) CD835V3 - SN: 1082 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air Calibration date: May 22, 2012 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Oct-12 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Oct-12 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11) Dec-12 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11) Dec-12 SN: 781 25-Apr-12 (No. DAE4-781_Apr12) Apr-13 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check SN: GB42420191 Power meter Agilent 4419B 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Power sensor HP 8482H SN: 3318A09450 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 RF generator E4433B MY 41000675 03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-13 Name Function Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: May 30, 2012 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082_May12/2

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References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
 - American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms, x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network
 Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was
 eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
 obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution coresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	**************************************
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	***************************************
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.452 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	168.8 V / m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	161.9 V / m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	165.4 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	108.7 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.2 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	107.0 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.0 dB	44.7 Ω - 12.4 jΩ
835 MHz	27.4 dB	49.6 Ω + 4.2 jΩ
900 MHz	16.3 dB	55.7 Ω - 15.3 jΩ
950 MHz	22.0 dB	44.6 Ω + 5.2 jΩ
960 MHz	17.1 dB	49.8 Ω + 14.1 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

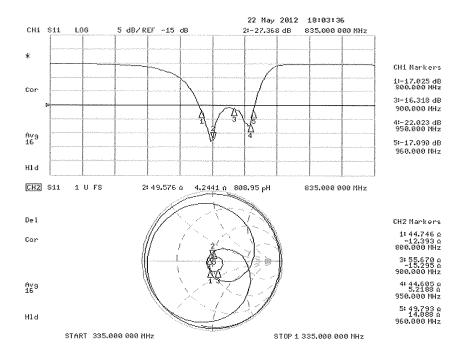
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 22.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 25.04.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement grid; dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4810 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

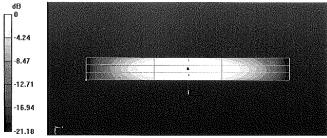
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.452 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.379 A/m	0.398 A/m	0.376 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.433 A/m	0.452 A/m	0.424 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.386 A/m	0.400 A/m	0.371 A/m



0 dB = 0.452 A/m = -6.90 dB A/m

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DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 22.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial; CD835V3 - SN: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 25.04.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 107.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 168.8 V/m Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
153.5 V/m	168.8 V/m	167.6 V/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
83.09 V/m	88.85 V/m	87.84 V/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
156.2 V/m	161.9 V/m	155.8 V/m

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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 107.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

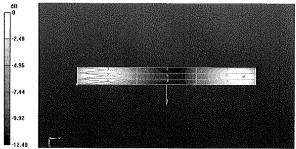
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 105.2 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
101,9 V/m	108.7 V/m	108.6 V/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
61.82 V/m	64.60 V/m	64.40 V/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
103.6 V/m	105.2 V/m	103.6 V/m



0 dB = 168.8 V/m = 44.55 dB V/m

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064_May12/2

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: CD1880V3-1064_May12) CD1880V3 - SN: 1064 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air Calibration date: May 22, 2012 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB37480704 Power meter EPM-442A 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Oct-12 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 Oct-12 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11) Dec-12 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11) Dec-12 25-Apr-12 (No. DAE4-781_Apr12) SN: 781 Apr-13 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check SN: GB42420191 Power meter Agilent 4419B 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Power sensor HP 8482H SN: 3318A09450 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 SN: US37295597 Power sensor HP 8482A 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-12 RF generator E4433B MY 41000675 03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11) In house check: Oct-13 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: May 30, 2012 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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References

- [1] ANSI-C63,19-2007
 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
 - American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution coresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.481 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	149.3 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	147.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	148.2 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96.1 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	95.9 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.466 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	137.2 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	135.2 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	136.2 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	89.0 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	87.8 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Nominal Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	24.3 dB	50.3 Ω + 6.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	19.8 dB	49.2 Ω + 10.2 jΩ
1900 MHz	20.2 dB	52.9 Ω + 9.7 jΩ
1950 MHz	27.5 dB	54.2 Ω + 1.1 jΩ
2000 MHz	22.1 dB	42.8 Ω + 0.7 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

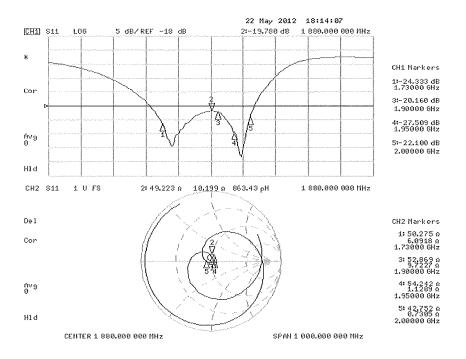
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 22.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 25.04.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 0.4930 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1,000 is applied. H-field emissions = 0.466 A/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.422 A/m	0.400 A/m
Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.466 A/m	0.440 A/m
Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.431 A/m	0.403 A/m
	0.422 A/m Grid 5 M2 0.466 A/m Grid 8 M2

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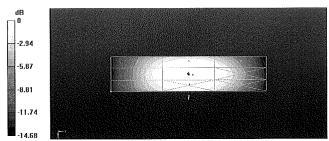
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Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 0.5120 A/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
H-field emissions = 0.4807 A/m
Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.408 A/m	0.419 A/m	0.396 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0,464 A/m	0.481 A/m	0.452 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.411 A/m	0.428 A/m	0.400 A/m



0 dB = 0.466 A/m = -6.62 dB A/m

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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: Date: 22.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 mho/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 25.04.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880M112/E-Scan - Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 151.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied. E-field emissions = 137.2 V/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
127.7 V/m	137.2 V/m	134.5 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
84.33 V/m	90.51 V/m	89.47 V/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
128.2 V/m	135.2 V/m	134.6 V/m

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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 86.58 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
85,58 V/m	88,96 V/m	88.18 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
67.32 V/m	69.34 V/m	69.03 V/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
84.29 V/m	86.58 V/m	86.23 V/m

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 166.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 147.1 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
136.5 V/m	147.1 V/m	144.6 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
94.60 V/m	102.1 V/m	101.1 V/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
141.6 V/m	149.3 V/m	148.6 V/m

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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 166.7 V/m; Power D

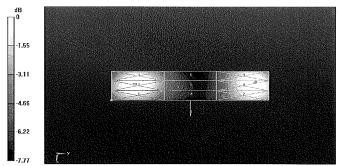
Reference Value = 166.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 95.61 V/m Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M3 95.61 V/ m	
Grid 5 M3 75.76 V/m	
Grid 8 M3 96.07 V/m	



0 dB = 137.2 V/m = 42.75 dB V/m

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15. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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