# **FCC SAR TEST REPORT**

**APPLICANT**: Trackunit Aps

**EQUIPMENT**: M7 4G LTE Vehicle Telematics Unit

Model Name : M7MG

FCC ID : ZMF-M7MG

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

# Tony Zhang

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ACCRED Cert #51

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# History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA1N2320	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 11, 2022

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Trackunit Aps, M7 4G LTE Vehicle Telematics Unit, M7MG**, are as follows.

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Highest Standalone 1g SAR Summary					
			Body	Highest	
Equipment Class	Freque	ncy Band	1g SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM	GSM850	0.88		
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.84		
	Licensed LTE	Band 13	0.10		
Licensed		Band 85/12	<0.10	0.88	
		Band 26/5	0.16	0.00	
		Band 66/4	0.17		
		Band 25/2	0.29		
DTS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	<0.10		
Date of	Testing:	2022/1/27 ~ 2022/2/10			

**Remark:** This device supports LTE B2/4/5/12 and B25/66/26/85. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B2/4/5/12 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B25/66/26/85, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for B25/66/26/85.

#### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

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## 2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory				
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc.	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958			
Took Cita No	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.	
Test Site No.	SAR07-KS	CN1257	314309	

Applicant		
Company Name	Trackunit Aps	
Address	Gasvaerksvej 24,4 sal.Aalborg Denmark	

Manufacturer Manufacturer		
Company Name	Positioning Universal.	
Address	4660 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 1100, San Diego, CA92122	

# 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

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# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

## 4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
<b>Equipment Name</b>	M7 4G LTE Vehicle Telematics Unit
Model Name	M7MG
FCC ID	ZMF-M7MG
IMEI Code	3592061062343102
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 85: 698 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 85: 698 MHz ~ 716 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GPRS/EGPRS CAT M1 LTE: QPSK, 16QAM Bluetooth LE
HW Version	P7
SW Version	M7PUI MAIN MCU V3.10
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

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# 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05							
FCC ID	ZMF-M7MG						
Equipment Name	M7 4G LTE Vehicle Telematics Unit						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz  LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz  LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz  LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz  LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz  LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz  LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz  LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz  LTE Band 85: 698 MHz ~ 716 MHz						
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MH LTE Band 4:1.4MH LTE Band 5:1.4MH LTE Band 12: 1.4M LTE Band 13: 5MH LTE Band 25: 1.4M LTE Band 26: 1.4M LTE Band 66: 1.4M LTE Band 85: 5MH	Iz, 3MHz, Iz, 3MHz, 1Mz, 3MH: Iz, 10MHz 1Mz, 3MH: 1Mz, 3MH: 1Mz, 3MH:	5MHz, 10 5MHz, 10 z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz, z, 5MHz,	MHz, 15 MHz 10MHz 10MHz, 10MHz,	MHz, 20N 15MHz, 20 15MHz	ИНz ОМНz	
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM						
LTE release	R14, Cat M1						
CA support	Not Supported						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only						
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6  Modulation  QPSK  QPSK  16 QAM  16QAM				12 17	PR) for Po bandwidth ( 15 MHz - - -	3 MPR (dB)  \$\frac{1}{52}\$ \$\frac{1}{52}\$ \$\frac{1}{52}\$
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)						
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly config measurement; ther not included in the	refore, spe	ectrum plo				

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# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz)  18675 1857.5 18700 1860				
Ch. # Freq. Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
Ch. # Freq. Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
Cn. # (MHz) Cn. # (MHz)				
18675   1857 5   18700   1860				
18900 1880 18900 1880				
19125 1902.5 19100 1900				
Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz				
Ch. # Freq. Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
20025 1717.5 20050 1720				
20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5				
20325 1747.5 20300 1745				
20020 11 110				
z Bandwidth 10 MHz				
(MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
26.5 20450 829				
66.5 20525 836.5				
6.5 20600 844				
20000   044				
z Bandwidth 10 MHz				
(MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
01.5 23060 704				
17.5 23060 704 17.5 23095 707.5				
3.5 23130 711				
2				
Bandwidth 10 MHz				
Freq.(MHz)				
782				
H 23255 784.5 LTE Band 25				
Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz				
Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz)				
26115 1857.5 26140 1860				
26340 1880 26340 1880				
26615 1907.5 26590 1905				
dth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz				
Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz				
819 26765 821.5				
831.5 26865 831.5				
844 26965 841.5				
Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz				
Ch. # Freq. Ch. # Freq.				
(IVIHZ) (IVIHZ)				
132047 1717.5 132072 1720				
132322 1745 132322 1745				
132597 1772.5 132572 1770				
LTE Band 85  Bandwidth 5 MHz  Bandwidth 10 MHz				
Danawati 10 Mil IZ				
Freq. (MHz)				
Freq. (MHz)				

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# 5. RF Exposure Limits

#### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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#### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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# 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

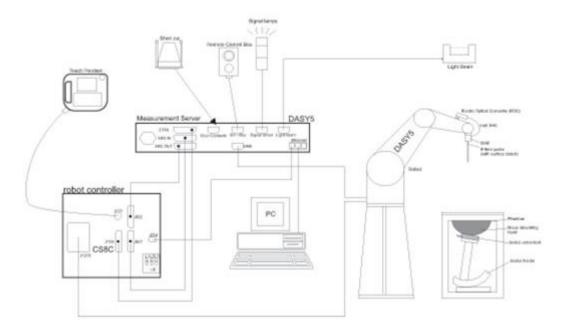
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# 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	



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## 7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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### 7.3 Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

407 till 1 tilli 1 flattottis		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	1
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height:	
Dimensions	adjustable feet	<b>S</b>
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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### 7.4 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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## 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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#### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding device with at least one

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### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 9. Test Equipment List

		- "	0 : 111 1	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/24	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2021/3/17	2022/3/16	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2021/4/29	2022/4/28	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2024	NCR	NCR	
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2022/1/6	2023/1/5	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2021/6/9	2022/6/8	
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11	
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11	
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/10/14	2022/10/13	
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1		
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1		
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1		
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	

### Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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# 10. System Verification

## 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.



Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

### 10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.893	43.125	0.89	41.90	0.34	2.92	±5	2022/1/27
835	Head	22.6	0.924	42.865	0.90	41.50	2.67	3.29	±5	2022/1/31
1750	Head	22.9	1.401	40.501	1.37	40.10	2.26	1.00	±5	2022/2/9
1900	Head	22.8	1.443	40.364	1.40	40.00	3.07	0.91	±5	2022/2/6
2450	Head	22.9	1.854	39.1	1.80	39.20	3.00	-0.26	±5	2022/2/10

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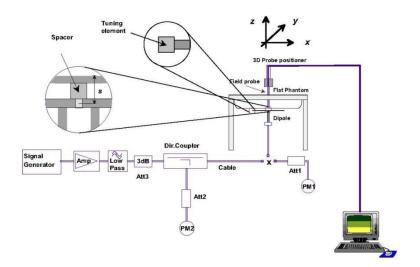
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# 10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/1/27	750	Head	50	1087	3935	690	0.394	8.36	7.88	-5.74
2022/1/31	835	Head	50	4d258	3935	690	0.479	9.44	9.58	1.48
2022/2/9	1750	Head	50	1090	3935	690	1.830	36.40	36.6	0.55
2022/2/6	1900	Head	50	5d170	3935	690	2.010	39.00	40.2	3.08
2022/2/10	2450	Head	50	908	3935	690	2.450	52.80	49	-7.20





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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# 11. RF Exposure Positions

# 11.1 Body Device

(a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all surfaces of the device.

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- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.

### <EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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# 12. GSM /LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
  procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
  secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
  mode

### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B26 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE band 2/4/5/12 SAR test was covered by Band 25/66/26/85; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

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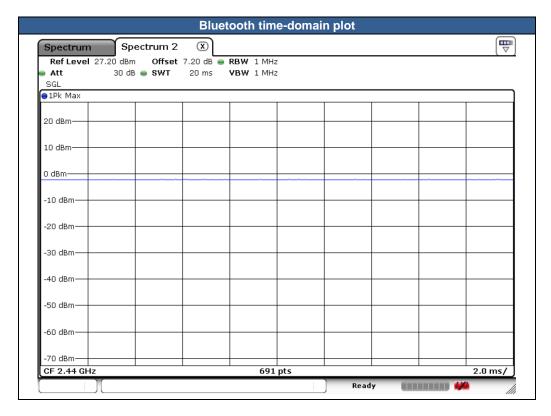
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# 13. Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

#### **General Note:**

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 100.00 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

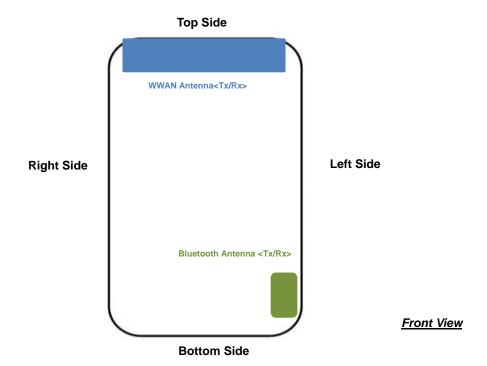


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# 14. Antenna Location



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## 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

#### **GSM Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure
  is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤
  ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

#### LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B26 / B85 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE band 2/4/5/12 SAR test was covered by Band 25/66/26/85; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

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# 15.1 Body SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset		Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dawer	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
						7	750MI	Ηz							
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	0mm	23230	782	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.01	0.080	0.091
01	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	3	0	Front	0mm	23230	782	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.02	0.082	0.095
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	23230	782	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.08	0.048	0.055
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	3	0	Back	0mm	23230	782	22.38	23.00	1.153	-0.02	0.047	0.054
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	0mm	23230	782	22.42	23.00	1.143	-0.05	0.046	0.053
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	0mm	23230	782	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.01	0.047	0.054
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	0mm	23230	782	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.03	0.036	0.041
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	3	0	Right Side	0mm	23230	782	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.01	0.036	0.042
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	0mm	23230	782	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.02	0.007	0.008
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	3	0	Top Side	0mm	23230	782	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.02	0.007	0.008
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	0mm	134092	707	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.05	0.060	0.064
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	3	0	Front	0mm	134092	707	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.12	0.061	0.066
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	134092	707	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.02	0.072	0.077
02	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	3	0	Back	0mm	134092	707	22.65	23.00	1.084	-0.04	0.074	0.080
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	0mm	134092	707	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.05	0.042	0.045
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	0mm	134092	707	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.01	0.042	0.046
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	0mm	134092	707	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.03	0.072	0.077
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	3	0	Right Side	0mm	134092	707	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.01	0.073	0.079
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	0mm	134092	707	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.02	0.005	0.005
	LTE Band 85(12)	10M	QPSK	3	0	Top Side	0mm	134092	707	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.02	0.007	0.008

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	835MHz															
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	189	836.4	31.05	32.50	1.396	0.01	0.561	0.783
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	189	836.4	31.05	32.50	1.396	0.01	0.345	0.482
03	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	189	836.4	31.05	32.50	1.396	0.01	0.630	0.880
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	0mm	189	836.4	31.05	32.50	1.396	0.12	0.244	0.341
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Top Side	0mm	189	836.4	31.05	32.50	1.396	0.02	0.074	0.103
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	128	824.2	31.01	32.50	1.409	-0.04	0.572	0.806
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	251	848.8	31.03	32.50	1.403	-0.05	0.582	0.816
04	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0		Front	0mm	26865	831.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.05	0.144	0.164
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	3	0		Front	0mm	26865	831.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.01	0.118	0.140
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0		Back	0mm	26865	831.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.01	0.060	0.068
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	3	0		Back	0mm	26865	831.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.02	0.058	0.069
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0		Left Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.02	0.099	0.113
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	3	0		Left Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.06	0.097	0.115
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0		Right Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.12	0.041	0.047
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	3	0		Right Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.02	0.041	0.049
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0		Top Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.04	0.017	0.019
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	3	0		Top Side	0mm	26865	831.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	-0.05	0.017	0.020

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Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/ka)
							1750MHz	<u>.                                    </u>			(abiii)	(abiii)	1 dotor	(a.b)	(M/Ng)	(m/ng)
05	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Front	0mm	132322	1745	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.06	0.131	0.171
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Front	0mm	132322	1745	21.47	23.00	1.422	0.05	0.120	0.171
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Back	0mm	132322	1745	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.01	0.059	0.077
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Back	0mm	132322	1745	21.47	23.00	1.422	-0.01	0.054	0.077
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Left Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.02	0.017	0.022
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Left Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.47	23.00	1.422	0.12	0.017	0.024
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Right Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.02	0.023	0.030
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Right Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.47	23.00	1.422	-0.04	0.023	0.033
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Top Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.05	0.041	0.054
	LTE Band 66 (4)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Top Side	0mm	132322	1745	21.47	23.00	1.422	0.01	0.042	0.060
	1900MHz															
06	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	661	1880	26.10	27.00	1.230	-0.02	0.682	0.839
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	661	1880	26.10	27.00	1.230	0.06	0.431	0.530
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	661	1880	26.10	27.00	1.230	-0.03	0.145	0.178
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	0mm	661	1880	26.10	27.00	1.230	0.12	0.294	0.362
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Top Side	0mm	661	1880	26.10	27.00	1.230	0.02	0.332	0.408
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	512	1850.2	26.04	27.00	1.247	-0.04	0.634	0.791
	GSM1900					GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	810	1909.8	26.05	27.00	1.245	-0.05	0.663	0.825
07	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Front	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.75	23.00	1.334	0.05	0.218	0.291
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Front	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.01	0.202	0.287
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Back	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.75	23.00	1.334	0.12	0.177	0.236
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Back	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.02	0.174	0.247
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Left Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.75	23.00	1.334	-0.04	0.066	0.088
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Left Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.48	23.00	1.419	-0.05	0.065	0.092
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Right Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.75	23.00	1.334	0.01	0.127	0.169
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Right Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.04	0.125	0.177
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	1	0		Top Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.75	23.00	1.334	0.01	0.122	0.163
	LTE Band 25 (2)	20M	QPSK	3	0		Top Side	0mm	26365	1882.5	21.48	23.00	1.419	0.02	0.120	0.170

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
						24	50MHz							
08	Bluetooth 4.0	1Mbps	Front	0mm	0	2402	-1.83	-1.00	1.211	100.00	1.000	0.12	0.0041	0.005
	Bluetooth 4.0	1Mbps	Back	0mm	0	2402	-1.83	-1.00	1.211	100.00	1.000	0.02	0.003	0.004
	Bluetooth 4.0	1Mbps	Left Side	0mm	0	2402	-1.83	-1.00	1.211	100.00	1.000	-0.04	0.002	0.002
	Bluetooth 4.0	1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	0	2402	-1.83	-1.00	1.211	100.00	1.000	-0.05	0.003	0.004
	Bluetooth 4.0	1Mbps	Top Side	0mm	0	2402	-1.83	-1.00	1.211	100.00	1.000	0.01	0.002	0.002

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# 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body	
1.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	

Report No.: FA1N2320

#### **General Note:**

- EUT will choose each GSM and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 3. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg.

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# 16.1 Body Exposure Conditions

		1	2	1+2
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth	Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.783	0.005	0.79
	Back	0.482	0.004	0.49
GSM850	Left	0.880	0.002	0.88
	Right side	0.341	0.004	0.35
	Top side	0.103	0.002	0.11
	Front	0.839	0.005	0.84
	Back	0.530	0.004	0.53
GSM1900	Left	0.178	0.002	0.18
	Right side	0.362	0.004	0.37
	Top side	0.408	0.002	0.41
	Front	0.095	0.005	0.10
	Back	0.055	0.004	0.06
LTE Band 13	Left	0.054	0.002	0.06
	Right side	0.042	0.004	0.05
	Top side	0.008	0.002	0.01
	Front	0.291	0.005	0.30
	Back	0.247	0.004	0.25
LTE Band 25 ( 2 )	Left	0.092	0.002	0.09
	Right side	0.177	0.004	0.18
	Top side	0.170	0.002	0.17
	Front	0.164	0.005	0.17
	Back	0.069	0.004	0.07
LTE Band 26(5)	Left	0.115	0.002	0.12
	Right side	0.049	0.004	0.05
	Top side	0.020	0.002	0.02
	Front	0.171	0.005	0.18
	Back	0.077	0.004	0.08
LTE Band 66 ( 4 )	Left	0.024	0.002	0.03
	Right side	0.033	0.004	0.04
	Top side	0.060	0.002	0.06
	Front	0.066	0.005	0.07
	Back	0.080	0.004	0.08
LTE Band 85(12)	Left	0.046	0.002	0.05
	Right side	0.079	0.004	0.08
	Top side	0.008	0.002	0.01

Test Engineer: Bruce Li, Martin Li, Ricky Gu

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## 17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\le 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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## 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] 3FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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### System Check\_Head\_750MHz

### **DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.893$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 43.125$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2022.1.27

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

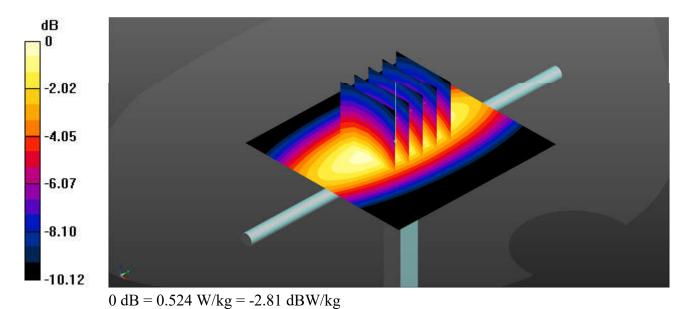
**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.599 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.394 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_835MHz

### **DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.924$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.865$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2022.1.31

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

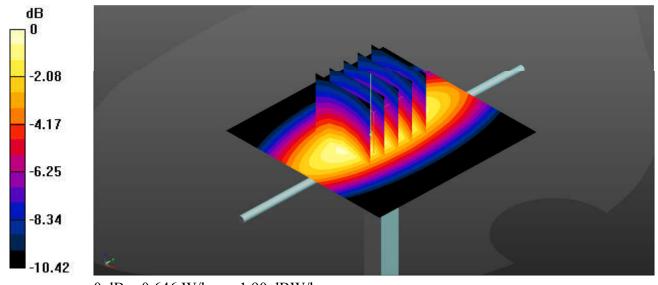
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.27, 10.27, 10.27); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 27.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.316 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 W/kg



0 dB = 0.646 W/kg = -1.90 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_1750MHz

### **DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.401$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.501$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2022.2.9

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

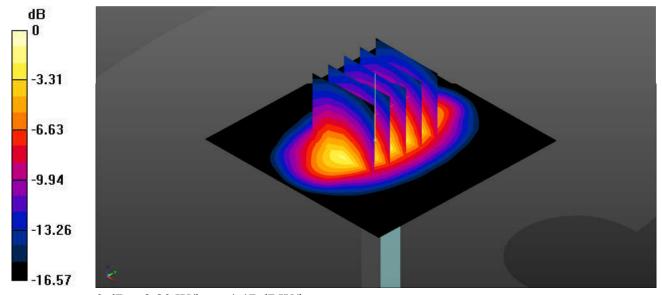
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.9, 8.9, 8.9); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 45.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.980 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

## System Check\_Head\_1900MHz

#### **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.443$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.364$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2022.2.6

 $kg/m^3$ 

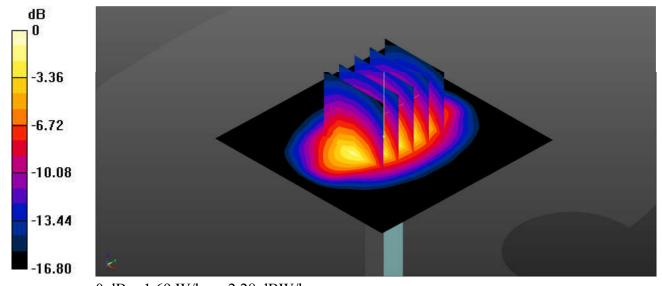
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 37.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.01 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg



0 dB = 1.69 W/kg = 2.28 dBW/kg

## System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

#### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.854 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.1;  $\rho$  = 1000

Date: 2022.2.10

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

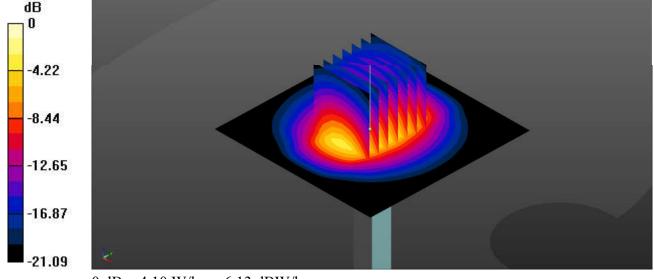
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.11 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 47.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.10 W/kg



0 dB = 4.10 W/kg = 6.13 dBW/kg

## Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

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The plots are shown as follows.

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## 01 LTE Band 13 10M QPSK 3RB 0Offset Front 0mm Ch23230

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_750 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.903$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.026$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.1.27

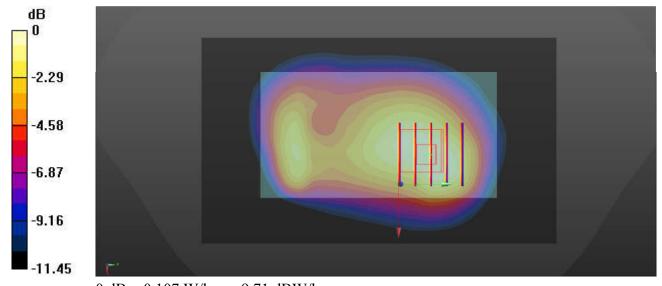
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.109 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.082 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 W/kg



0 dB = 0.107 W/kg = -9.71 dBW/kg

## 02\_LTE Band 85\_10M\_QPSK\_3RB\_0Offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch134092

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_750 Medium parameters used: f = 707 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.876$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.244$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.1.27

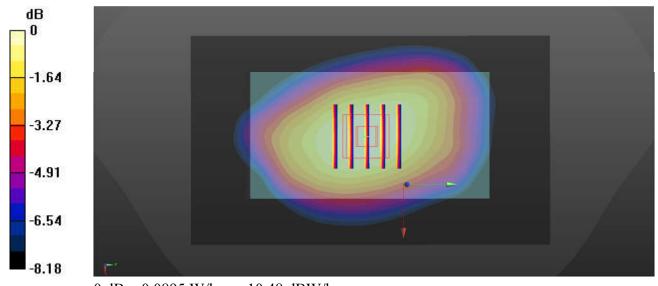
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0908 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0980 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.074 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0895 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0895 W/kg = -10.48 dBW/kg

## 03 GSM850 GPRS (2 Tx slots) Left Side 0mm Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.924$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.863$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.1.31

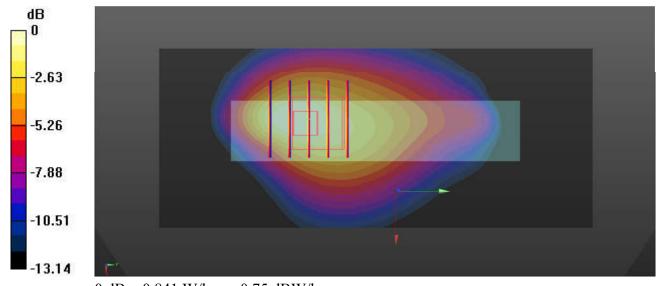
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.27, 10.27, 10.27); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.885 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.997 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.630 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.841 W/kg



0 dB = 0.841 W/kg = -0.75 dBW/kg

## 04\_LTE Band 26\_15M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Front\_0mm\_Ch26865

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 831.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.922$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.875$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.1.31

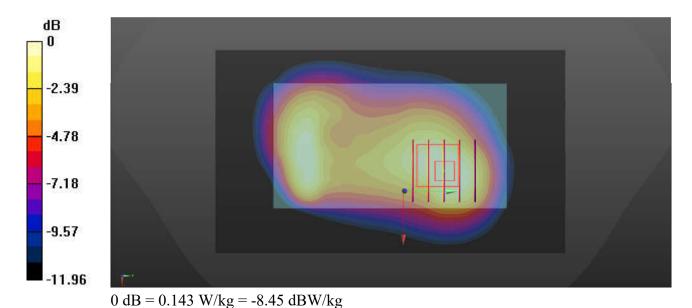
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.27, 10.27, 10.27); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.149 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.144 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg



## 05 LTE Band 66 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Front 0mm Ch132322

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.397$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.535$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.2.9

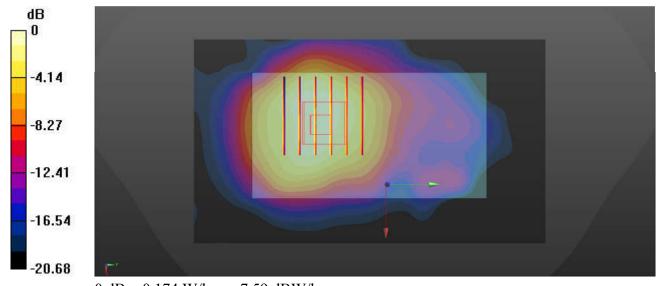
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.9, 8.9, 8.9); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.178 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 W/kg



0 dB = 0.174 W/kg = -7.59 dBW/kg

## 06\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Front\_0mm\_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.432$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.385$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.2.6

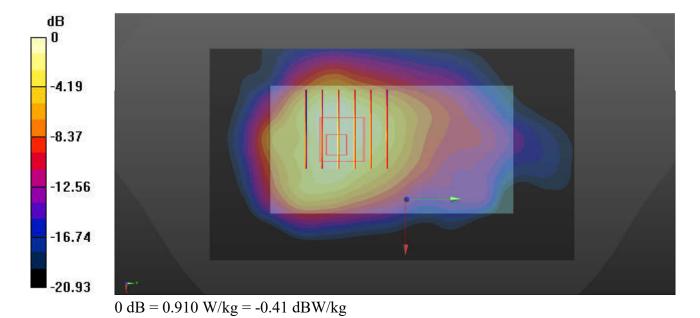
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.682 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.417 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.910 W/kg



## 07 LTE Band 25 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Front 0mm Ch26365

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1882.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.309$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2022.2.6

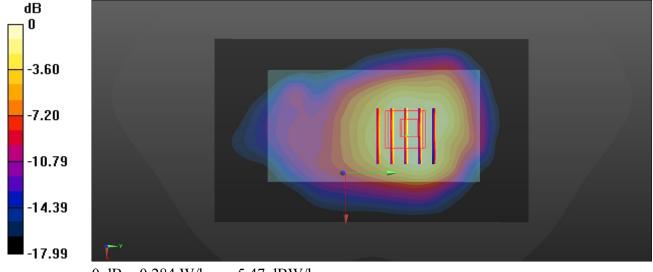
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.273 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.9060 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.338 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.284 W/kg



0 dB = 0.284 W/kg = -5.47 dBW/kg

## 08\_Bluetooth\_1Mbps\_Front\_0mm\_Ch0

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.816$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.211$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2022.2.10

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0161 W/kg

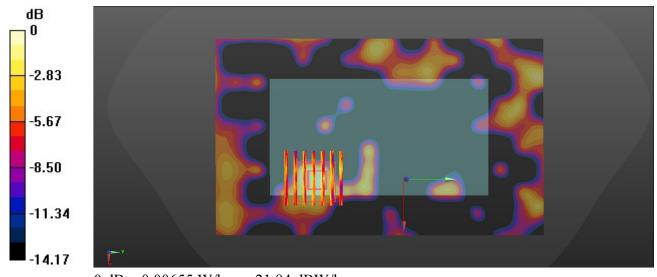
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00818 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0041 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00242 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00655 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00655 W/kg = -21.84 dBW/kg

#### Appendix C. **DASY Calibration Certificate**

Report No.: FA1N2320

Page: C1 of C1

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 11, 2022

Form version: 200414 FCC ID: ZMF-M7MG





# CALIBRATION LABORATORY





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60081

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1087

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 27, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing Function

Signature

Reviewed by:

Name

SAR Test Engineer

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 29, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60081

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

## Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60081



#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.0 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.36 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.65 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.9 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.09 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.58 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.41 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.75 W/kg ±18.7 % (k=2)	

Certificate No: Z19-60081

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω- 2.59jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.3dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω- 3.86jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.7dB	

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.898 ns	
W15000		

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Certificate No: Z19-60081 Page 4 of 8

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.903 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 43.01;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.26.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

# Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

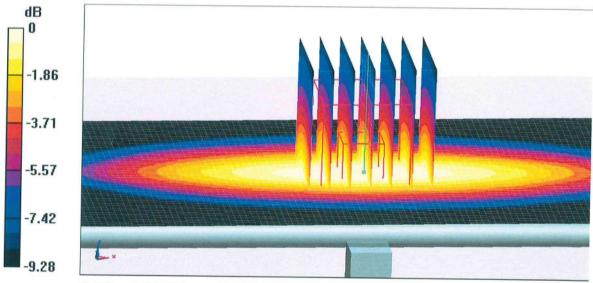
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

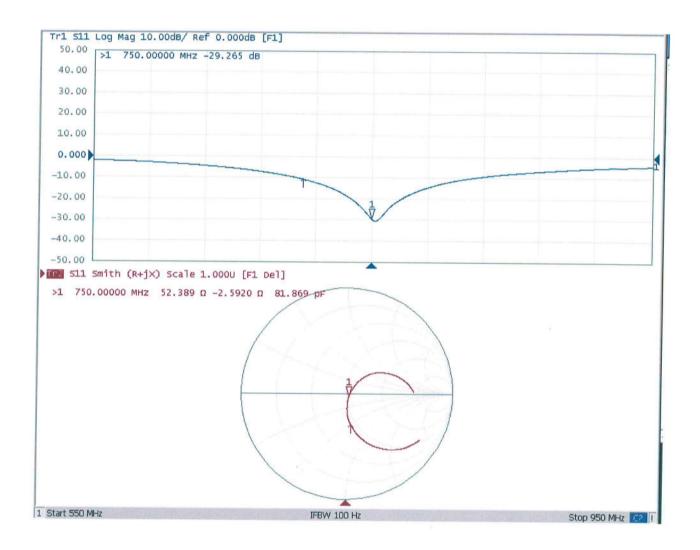
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



0 dB = 2.72 W/kg = 4.35 dBW/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.935$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.85$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.26.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

# Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

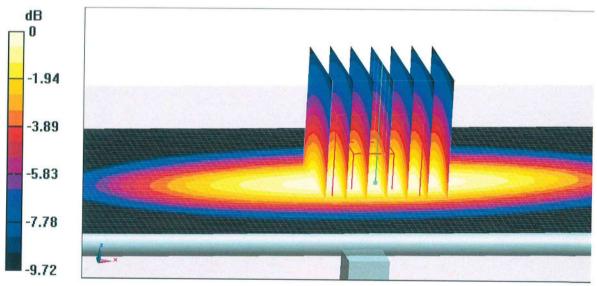
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

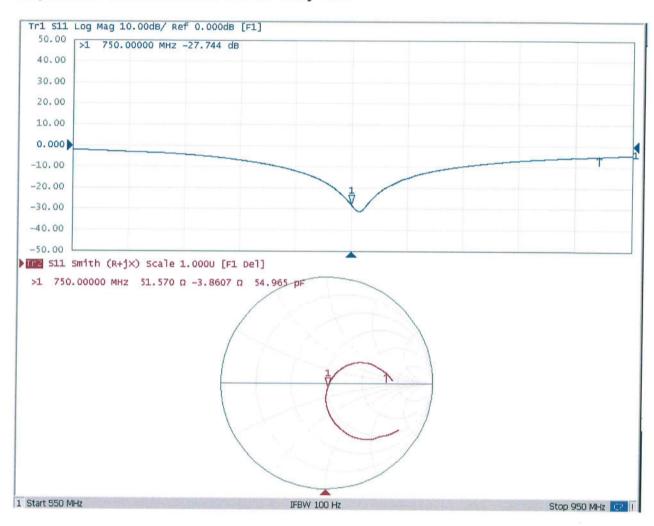
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z19-60081

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





# D750V3, Serial No. 1087 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of priorcalibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D750V3 – serial no. 1087						
	750MHz Head					
Date of	Return-Loss		Real		Imaginary	
Measurement	(dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta (ohm)	Impedance	Delta (ohm)
Weasurement	(ив)		(ohm)		(ohm)	
2019.3.27	-29.3		52.4		-2.6	
2020.3.26	-30.2	-0.03	49.5	2.88	-3.0	0.44
2021.3.25	-30.2	-0.03	50.8	1.58	-3.0	0.40

#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

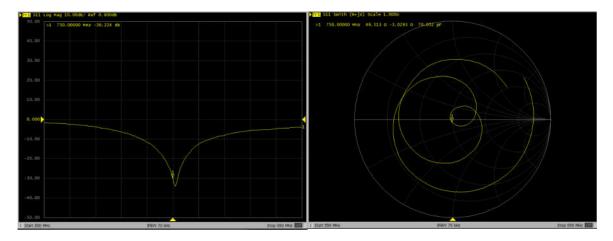
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

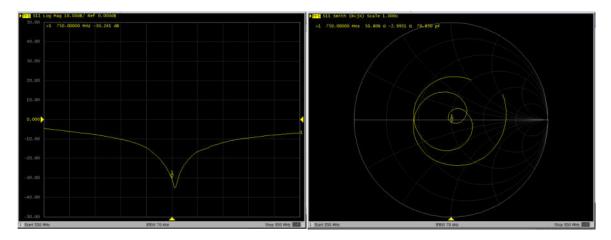


## Dipole Verification Data> D750V3, serial no. 1087

## 750MHz - Head----2020.3.26



#### 750MHz - Head----2021.3.25



TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958