



ECHNOLOGY	"Malako"	Cert #4320.01
TEST REPOR	Т	
ZLE-RG930I	<u></u>	
TCT210824E068	$\left(\mathcal{G} \right)$	
Sep. 27, 2021		
SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING	S LAB	
Power Idea Technology (Shenzh	ien) Co., Ltd.	
Power Idea Technology (Shenzh	nen) Co., Ltd. 🧐	
Xinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial Parl ShenZhen, 518057 China		
KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Con New Rules v02		1
RugGear		
RG930i		No.
Refer to EUT description of page	3	
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	TEST REPORZLE-RG930ITCT210824E068Sep. 27, 2021SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTINGTCT Testing Industrial Park FuqiStreet, Bao'an District ShenzhenRepublic of ChinaPower Idea Technology (Shenzh4th Floor, A Section, Languang SXinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial ParkShenZhen, 518057 ChinaPower Idea Technology (Shenzh4th Floor, A Section, Languang SXinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial ParkShenZhen, 518057 ChinaPower Idea Technology (Shenzh4th Floor, A Section, Languang SXinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial ParkShenZhen, 518057 China47 CFR FCC Part 15.407KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS ComNew Rules v02KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients WNew Rules v01r02LTE SMART TABLETRugGearRG930iRefer to EUT description of pagenAug. 24, 2021fAug. 24, 2021 ~ Sep. 27, 2021Brave Zeng	ZLE-RG930I TCT210824E068 Sep. 27, 2021 SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB TCT Testing Industrial Park Fuqiao 5th Industrial Zone, Street, Bao'an District Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, Republic of China Power Idea Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 4th Floor, A Section, Languang Science&technology, Xinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan, ShenZhen, 518057 China Power Idea Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 4th Floor, A Section, Languang Science&technology, Xinxi RD, Hi-Tech Industrial Park North, Nanshan, ShenZhen, 518057 China Power Idea Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 4th Floor, A Section, Languang Science&technology,

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Test item description: LTE SMART TABLET

EUT type:	Client only device, no radar detection Capability
Operation Frequency:	Band 2A: 5250MHz~5350MHz Band 2C: 5470MHz~5725MHz
Channel Separation:	802.11a: 20MHz 802.11n: 20MHz, 40MHz 802.11ac: 20MHz, 40MHz.80MHz
Modulation Technology:	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing(OFDM)
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Band 2A: 2.3dBi, Band 2C: 2.3dBi
Rating(s):	Adapter Information: MODEL: HKC0115021-2D INPUT: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A OUTPUT: DC 5V, 2A Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC 3.7V
TPC:	□YES⊠NO
Remark:	This device selects the operating frequency with randomly in the DFS operation frequency.

Note: The antenna gain listed in this report is provided by applicant, and the test laboratory is not responsible for this parameter.

1.2. Model(s) list

None.

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1. General Product Information

Model/Type reference.....: RG930i

1.1. EUT description



2. Test Result Summary

Conformance Test Specifications						
Report Clause	Ref. Std. Clause	Description	Measured	Limit	Result	
UNII Detection Bandwidth	7.8.1	DFS: UNII Detection Bandwidth Measurement	N/A	100% of the 99% BW	N/A	
Channel Availability Check	7.8.2.1	DFS: Initial Channel Availability Check Time	N/A	CAC ≥ 60 sec	N/A	
Channel Availability Check	7.8.2.2	DFS: Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A	Detection Threshold: -62dBm	N/A	
Channel Availability Check	7.8.2.3	DFS: Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time	N/A	Detection Threshold: -62dBm	N/A	
In-service Monitoring	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time (CMT)	CMT ≤ 10sec	CMT ≤ 10sec	Complied	
In-service Monitoring	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time (CCTT)	CCTT ≤ 60 ms starting at CMT 200ms	CCTT ≤ 60 ms starting at CMT 200ms	Complied	
In-service Monitoring	7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period (NOP)	NOP > 30 min	NOP ≥ 30 min	Complied	
Statistical Performance Check	7.8.4	DFS: Statistical Performance Check	Complied	Table 5 - 7 (KDB 905462)	N/A	

3. General Information

3.1. RF General information

IEEE Std. 802.11	Channel Bandwidth (MH	z)
a/n/ac (HT20)	20	
n/ac (HT40)	40	(\mathbf{c}^{*})
ac(VHT80)	80	

802.11a/n/ac uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation.

Remark: All test are performed with conducted method

3.2. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	IC ID	Trade Name
AP	R6300v2	3GM24478A 0282	PY313200227	4054A-13200227	NTEGEAR
PC	Insprion3668	CNOYUJCX			DELL

Note:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.

2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

Papa

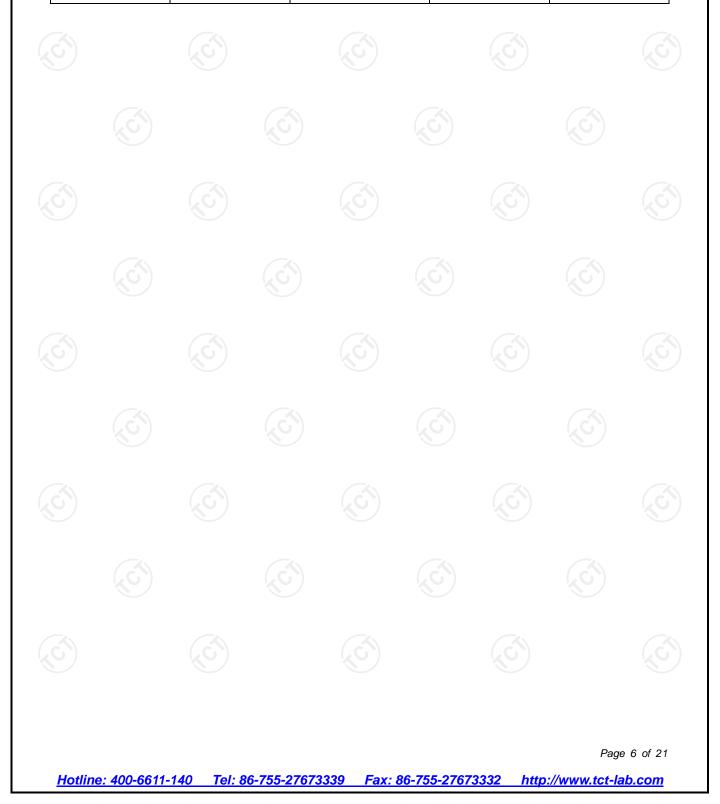


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3.3. Test Instruments List

DFS						
Name	Model No.	Manufacturer	Date of Cal.	Due Date		
vector Signal Generator	N5182A	Agilent	Jul. 19, 2021	Jul. 18, 2022		
Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	Agilent	Jul. 19, 2021	Jul. 18, 2022		
Combiner Box	AT890-RFB	Ascentest	Jul. 08, 2021	Jul. 07, 2022		



4. Facilities and Accreditations

4.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• FCC - Registration No.: 645098

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Designation Number: CN1205

The testing lab has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC Registration No.: 10668A-1
- SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

CAB identifier: CN0031

The testing lab has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing.

4.2. Location

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Address: TCT Testing Industrial Park Fuqiao 5th Industrial Zone, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China

TEL: +86-755-27673339

4.3. Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement $y \pm U$, where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Connia		
No.	Item	MU
1	Conducted Emission	± 3.10 dB
2	RF power, conducted	± 0.12 dB
3	Spurious emissions, conducted	± 0.11 dB
4	All emissions, radiated(<1 GHz)	± 4.56 dB
5	All emissions, radiated(1 GHz - 18 GHz)	± 4.22 dB
6	All emissions, radiated(18 GHz- 40 GHz)	± 4.36 dB

5. Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Result

5.1. General DFS Information

5.1.1. DFS Parameters

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Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second periods. See Notes 1 and 2
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the 99% power bandwidth See Not 3.
generated. • For the Long Pulse radar Test Signative the radar transmission. Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission	al this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining
beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> to facilitate <i>Channel</i> changes (an a 10 second period. The aggregate d between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwid</i> frequency step the minimum percent	e plus any additional intermittent control signals required ggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the luration of control signals will not count quiet periods in <i>th</i> detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each stage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed
beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> to facilitate <i>Channel</i> changes (an a 10 second period. The aggregate d between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwic</i>	e plus any additional intermittent control signals required ggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the luration of control signals will not count quiet periods in <i>tth</i> detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each
beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> to facilitate <i>Channel</i> changes (an a 10 second period. The aggregate d between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwid</i> frequency step the minimum percen with no data traffic.	e plus any additional intermittent control signals required ggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the luration of control signals will not count quiet periods in <i>tth</i> detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each
beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> to facilitate <i>Channel</i> changes (an a 10 second period. The aggregate d between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwid</i> frequency step the minimum percen with no data traffic. Table D.2: Inte	e plus any additional intermittent control signals required ggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the luration of control signals will not count quiet periods in <i>th</i> detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each stage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed rference threshold values
beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> to facilitate <i>Channel</i> changes (an a 10 second period. The aggregate d between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwid</i> frequency step the minimum percen with no data traffic. Table D.2: Inte Maximum Transmit Power	e plus any additional intermittent control signals required ggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the luration of control signals will not count quiet periods in <i>Ith</i> detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each itage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed rference threshold values Value (see note)

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

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5.1.2. Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

	DFS Operational mode			
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

5.1.3. Applicability of DFS Requirements during Normal Operation

		DFS Operational mod	e	
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

5.1.4. Uniform Spreading

Manufacturer Declare the Uniform Spreading

☑For the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz bands, the Master device provides, on aggregate, uniform loading of the spectrum across all devices by selecting an operating channel among the available channels using a Gaussian random algorithm.

5.1.5. User Access Restrictions

User Access Restrictions

DFS controls (hardware or software) related to radar detection are NOT accessible to the user. Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.

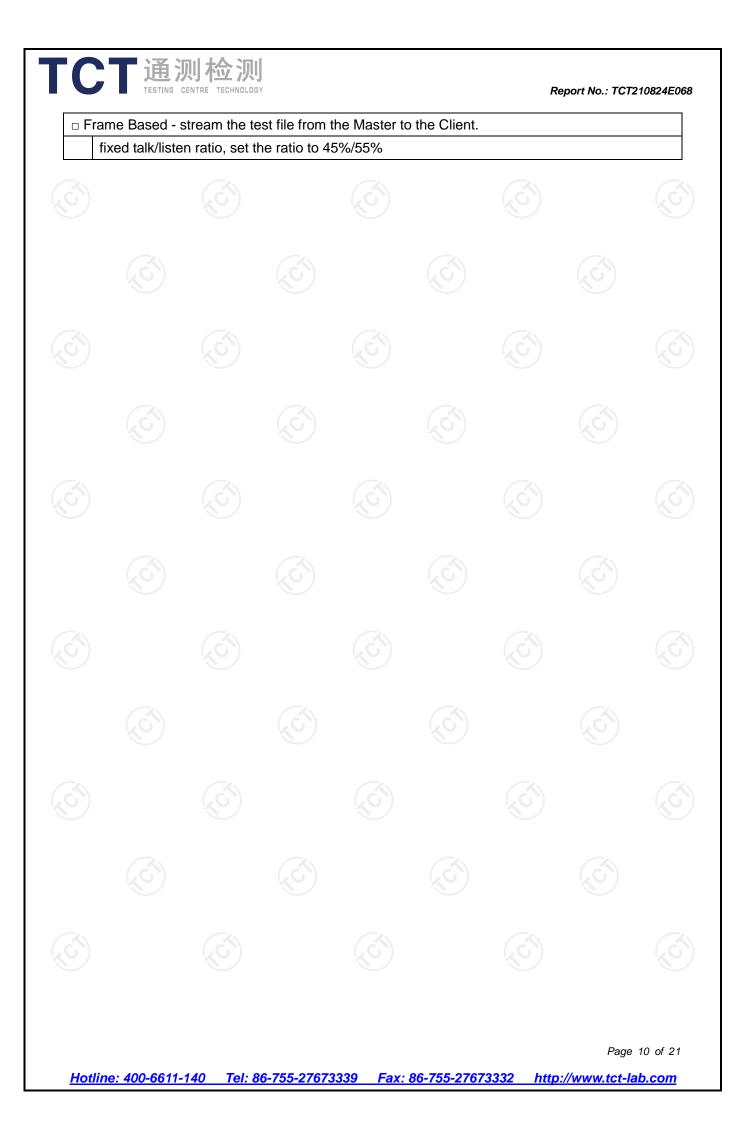
5.1.6. Channel Loading/Data Streaming

IP Based (Load Based) - stream the test file from the Master to the Client
The client device is link with the master device and plays the WAV audio file from master device to client device. Test file download in NTIA website (http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/)
The client device is link with the master device and plays the MPEG file (6 1/2 Magic Hours) from master device to client device. Test file download in NTIA website (http://ntiacsd.ntia.doc.gov/dfs/)

Alternative streaming e.g., FTP with about 17 to 20% loading and submit proposal to FCC.

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5.2. Radar Test Waveform Calibration

5.2.1. Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

		Table 5 – Short Puls	se Radar Test Waveform	15	
Radar	Pulse Width	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum
Туре	(µsec)	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number of
				Successful	Trials
				Detection	
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	$\operatorname{Roundup}\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{360} \end{pmatrix}, \\ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{19 \cdot 10^{6}}{\operatorname{PRI}_{\mu \operatorname{sec}}} \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (I	Radar Types 1-	4)		80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the short pulse radar types 2 through 4. For short pulse radar type 1, the same waveform is used a minimum of 30 times. If more than 30 waveforms are used for short pulse radar types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4.

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5.2.2. Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	ChirpWidth (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Burst</i> s	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
			2				
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30
					1		

Each waveform is defined as follows:

- The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst Count.
- Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst_Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst_Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst_Count) (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.



5.2.3. Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (ms)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

The FCC Type 6 waveform uses a static waveform with 100 bursts in the instruments ARB. In addition, the RF list mode is operated with a list containing 100 frequencies from a randomly generated list and it had be ensured that at least one of the random frequencies falls into the UNII Detection Bandwidth of the DUT. Each burst from the waveform file initiates a trigger pulse at the beginning that switches the RF list from one item to the next one.

5.2.4. DFS Threshold Level

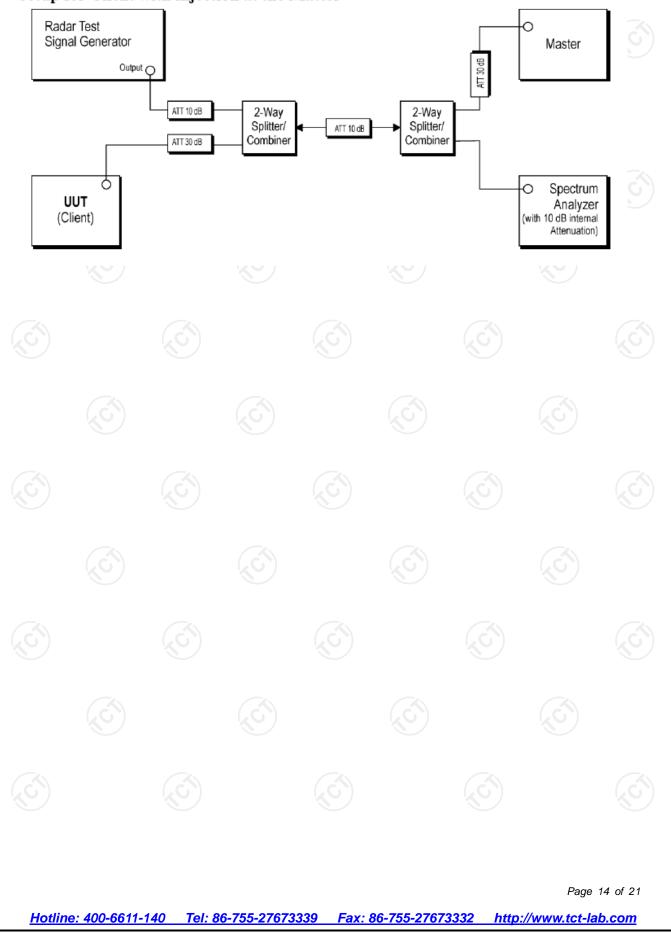
	DFS Threshold Level	
	⊠at the antenna connector	
DFS Threshold level: -62 dBm	□ in front of the antenna	

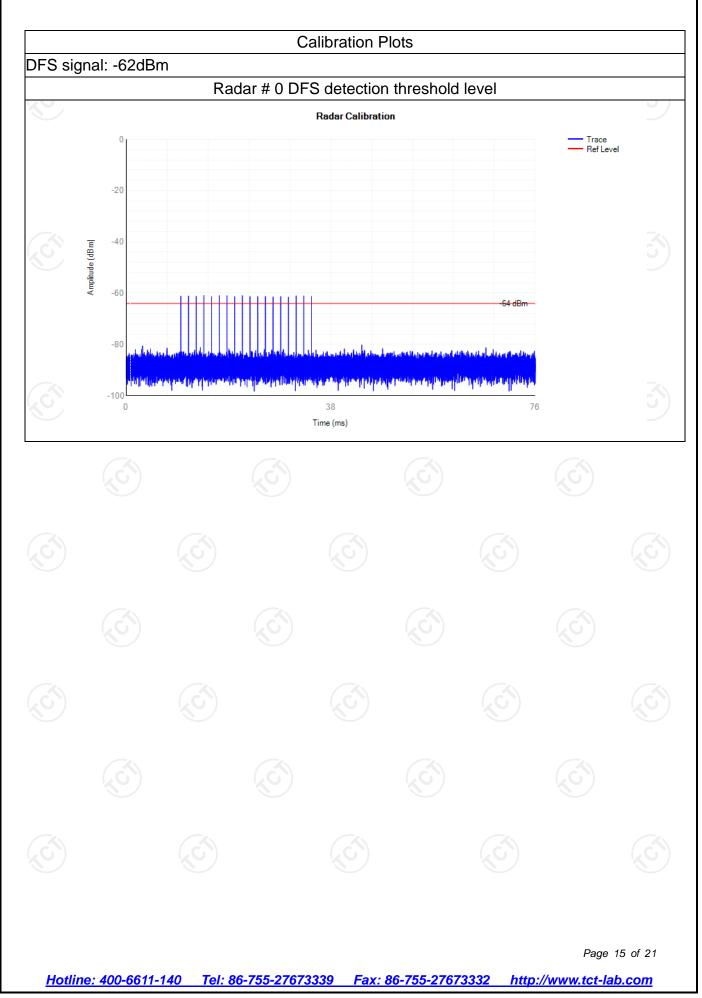
The Interference **Radar Detection Threshold Level** is -62 dBm. That had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain.



5.2.5. Test Set up

Setup for Client with injection at the Master





5.3. UNII Detection Bandwidth

5.3.1. UNII Detection Bandwidth Limit

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	UNII Detection Bandwidth (MHz)		
20	N/A	N/A		
40	N/A	N/A		
80	N/A	N/A		

UNII Detection Bandwidth is minimum 100% of the 99% power bandwidth. A single radar Burst is generated for a minimum of 10 trials, and the response of the UUT is noted. The UUT must detect the Radar Waveform 90% or more of the time.

5.3.2. Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

5.3.3. Test Procedures

Test Method

☑Refer as KDB905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02, clause 7.8.1 for UNII Detection Bandwidth test. During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic. The EUT is set up as a standalone device (no associated Client and no traffic). The radar frequency is increased in 1 MHz steps, repeating the above test sequence, until the detection rate falls below 90%. The highest frequency at which detection is greater than or equal to 90% is denoted as FH. The radar frequence, until the detection as FL. UNII Detection Bandwidth = FH -FL

Test result: Not required



5.4. Channel Availability Check (CAC)

5.4.1. Channel Availability Check Limit

Channel Availability Check Limit

The EUT shall perform a Channel Availability Check to ensure that there is no radar operating on the channel. After power-up sequence, receive at least 1 minute (60 sec) on the intended operating frequency.

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report

5.4.3. Test Procedures

Test Method

☑Refer as KDB905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02, clause 7.8.2.1 for Initial Channel Availability Check Time. The EUT does not emit beacon, control, or data signals on the test Channel until the power-up sequence has been completed and the UNII device checks for Radar Waveforms for one minute on the test Channel. This test does not use any Radar Waveforms.

☑Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.2.2 for Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time. To verify successful radar detection on the selected Channel during a period equal to the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time.

⊠Refer as FCC 06-96 Appendix, clause 7.8.2.3 for Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time. To verify successful radar detection on the selected Channel during a period equal to the End of the Channel Availability Check Time.

Test res	ult: Not re	quired			

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5.5. In-service Monitoring

5.5.1. In-service Monitoring Limit

In-service Monitoring Limit								
Channel Move Time	10 sec							
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 ms + an aggregate of 60 ms over remaining 10 sec periods.							
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes							

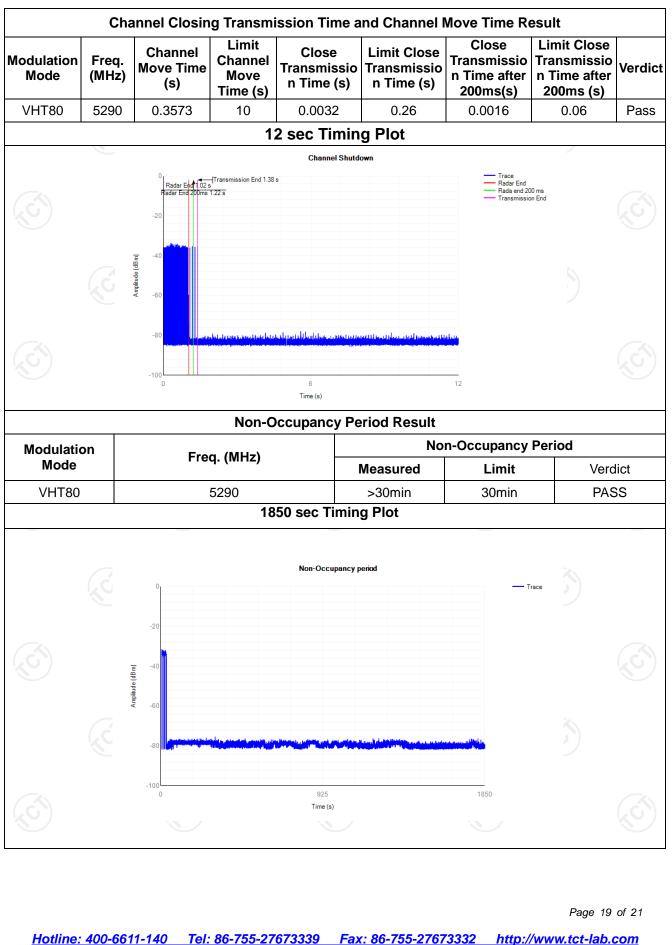
5.5.2. Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report

5.5.3. Test Procedures







5.5.4. Test Result of In-service Monitoring

	Cha	annel Closin	g Transm	ission Time a	nd Channel I	Nove Time Re	esult	
Modulation Mode	Adulation Freq. Channel Limit Close Mode (MHz) Move Time Move Transmis		Close Transmissio n Time (s)	Limit Close Transmissio n Time (s)	Close Transmissio n Time after 200ms(s)	Limit Close Transmissio n Time after 200ms (s)	Verdic	
VHT80	5530	0.3497	10	0.0032	0.26	0.0016	0.06	Pass
			1	2 sec Timin	g Plot			
		Radar End 102 Radar End 200ms	Transmission End 1.37	Channel Shutde		Trace Radar End Transmissio		
		- 4ul (1997) - 4ul						
		-100		6 Time (s)		12		
			Non-C	Occupancy Pe		n-Occupancy	Dariad	
Modulatio Mode	on	Fre	Freq. (MHz)		Measured	Limit	Verd	dict
VHT80			5530		>30min	30min	PAS	
	I		18	50 sec Timin	g Plot			
		×		Non-Occupancy p	eriod			C
		-20				Tra	300	
		-40 -40 -60						
		-80	na tradiçi etgeli se la ma a da da bir	e fallennen an er efter het	n a state de state a stil konta	al da las calantes		
		-100		925 Time (s)		1850		
				Time (s)				

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