# **Radio Frequency Exposure**

# Graupner GmbH & Co. KG

ZKZ-MC-32

FCC ID:

Product Description:	ComputerSystem Graupner HoTT
Model No.:	mc-32
Trade Mark:	НоТТ
Prepared for:	Graupner GmbH & Co. KG
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Test Date:	December 01~10, 2011
Test by:	Reviewed By:
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	Owen Li Edmund Zou

## **LIMIT**

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See FCC part 15.247(i)and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

**EUT Specification** 

110 1 Specification	
EUT	ComputerSystem Graupner HoTT
Type of Modulation:	FHSS
Frequency Band:	2404.056MHz ~ 2474.025 MHz
Number of Channels:	70
Channel Bandwidth:	1.014 MHz
Device category	<ul><li>☐ Portable (&lt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Mobile (&gt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Others</li></ul>
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>
Max. output power	20.5dBm (112.2mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.0 dBi
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation</li><li>✓ SAR Evaluation</li></ul>
<u>numeric antenna gain.)</u> 2. For mobile or fixed location	is <u>20.5dBm (112.2mW))</u> at <u>2438.533MHz (with 1.585</u> transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum dis at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the er.

## **TEST RESULT**

No non-compliance noted.

### Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S \quad = \quad \frac{E^{-2}}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

*G=Numeric* antenna gain

*d*=*Distance in meters* 

*S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter* 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and } d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT Output Power=112.2mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.585

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1*:

Yields

$$S=0.000199\times P\times G$$

Where

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power Density in mW/cm2

The power density  $S = 0.000199 \times 112.2 \times 1.585 = 0.035389563 \text{ mW/cm}$ 2

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is  $1.0 \, mW/cm^2$  even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

#### **Evaluation reslut: PASS**