



## LPS8 LoRaWAN Gateway User Manual

## Document Version: 1.1

Firmware Version: LG02\_LG08--build-v5.3.1581838658-20200216-1539

Version	Description	Date
1.0	Release	2019-Aug-10
1.0.1	Add trouble shooting for wifi AP not access issue	2019-Sep-23
1.0.2	Change the HTTP Port and SSH port for firmware version > v5.3	2019-Oct-26
1.1.0	Add more features such packet filter, remote access	2020-Mar-02
1.1.1	Polish network access description to make it clear	2020-Mar-16



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## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 What is the LPS8

The LPS8 is an **open source** LoRaWAN Gateway. It lets you bridge LoRa wireless network to an IP network via **WiFi, Ethernet**. The LoRa wireless allows users to send data and reach extremely long ranges at low data-rates.

The LPS8 uses **Semtech packet forwarder** and fully compatible with LoRaWAN protocol. It includes a **SX1308** LoRa concentrator, which provides 10 programmable parallel demodulation paths.

LPS8 has **pre-configured standard LoRaWAN frequency bands** to use for different countries. User can also **customized the frequency bands** to use in their own LoRa network.



#### LPS8 In a LoRaWAN IoT Network:



#### 1.2 Specifications

#### Hardware System:

Linux Part:

- 400Mhz ar9331 processor
- ➢ 64MB RAM
- 16MB Flash

#### Interface:

- > 10M/100M RJ45 Ports x 1
- ➢ WiFi : 802.11 b/g/n
- LoRaWAN Wireless
- Power Input: 5V DC, 2A
- ▶ USB 2.0 host connector x 1

#### WiFi Spec:

- IEEE 802.11 b/g/n
- Frequency Band: 2.4 ~ 2.462GHz
- > Tx power:
  - ✓ 11n tx power : mcs7/15: 11db mcs0 : 17db
  - ✓ 11b tx power: 18db
  - ✓ 11g 54M tx power: 12db
  - ✓ 11g 6M tx power: 18db
- Wifi Sensitivity
  - ✓ 11g 54M : -71dbm
  - ✓ 11n 20M : -67dbm

#### LoRa Spec:

- > Up to -140 dBm sensitivity with SX1257 Tx/Rx front-end
- > 70 dB CW interferer rejection at 1 MHz offset
- > Able to operate with negative SNR, CCR up to 9dB
- Emulates 49 x LoRa demodulators and 1 x (G)FSK demodulator
- > Dual digital TX & RX radio front-end interfaces
- > 10 programmable parallel demodulation paths
- > Dynamic data-rate (DDR) adaptation
- True antenna diversity or simultaneous dual-band operation

#### 1.3 Features

- ✓ Open Source OpenWrt system
- ✓ Managed by Web GUI, SSH via WAN or WiFi



- Emulates 49x LoRa demodulators
- ✓ LoRaWAN Gateway
- ✓ 10 programmable parallel demodulation paths

### 1.4 Hardware System Structure







## 1.5 LPS8 Applications



Cloud computation



## 2 Access and Configure LPS8

The LPS8 is configured as a WiFi Access Point by factory default. You can access and configure the LPS8 after connecting to its WiFi network, or via its WAN Ethernet port.

### 2.1 Connect via WiFi

At the first boot of LPS8, it will auto generate a WiFi network called *dragino-xxxxx* 

Note: In latest version firmware, it has been password protected and the password is:

<mark>dragino+dragino</mark>



You can use a PC to connect to this WiFi network. The PC will get an IP address 10.130.1.xxx and the LPS8 has the default IP 10.130.1.1

Note: If device has been configured to work in WiFi Client Mode, the WiFi AP mode will be disable and user can't see the dragino wifi SSID.

### 2.2 Connect via Ethernet

Alternatively, you can connect your PC to the LPS8 WAN port via Ethernet cable and obtain an IP address via DHCP. User can see this ip address from uplink router.

The WAN port also has a fall back ip address for access if user doesn't connect to uplink router.

### 2.3 Access Configure Web UI

#### Web Interface

Open a browser on the PC and type in the LPS8 ip address (depends on your connect method)

http://10.130.1.1/ (Access via WiFi AP network) or

http://IP\_ADDRESS or <u>http:// IP\_ADDRESS:8000</u> (The web port has been changed to 8000 in <u>WAN interface</u>(WAN port or WiFi Client Mode) since firmware 5.3.xxx firmware)

You will see the login interface of LPS8 as shown below.

The account details for Web Login are:

User Name: root Password: dragino



WWW.	dra	igino.	.com
------	-----	--------	------

🕼 dragino-168cb0 - LuCI 🛛 🗙 📃				 Contract of States	Manager Street	
← → C 🗋 10.130.1.1/cgi-b	in/luci/admin					
drag	ino-168cb0					
Aut Please	chorization Rec e enter your usemame and p Usemame	puired	root			
	Password	•••••	dragino			
	ogin 🛛 🕲 Reset					

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## 3 Typical Network Setup

#### 3.1 Overview

The LPS8 supports flexible network set up for different environments. This section describes the typical network topology can be set in LPS8. The network set up includes:

- ✓ WAN Port Internet Mode
- ✓ WiFi Client Mode
- ✓ WiFi AP Mode

#### 3.2 Use WAN port to access Internet

By default, the LPS8 is set to use the WAN port to connect to an upstream network. When you connect the LPS8's WAN port to an upstream router, the LPS8 will get an IP address from the router and have Internet access via the upstream router. The network status can be checked as below:

dragino-1b8288	System - Network -	Service -	AUTO R
WAN LAN			

#### **Interfaces - WAN**

......

On this page you can configure the network interfaces. You can bridge several interfaces by ticking the "bridge interfaces" field and enter the names of network interfaces separated by spaces. You can also use <u>VLAN</u> notation INTERFACE.VLANNR (e.g., eth0.1).

General Setup	Advanced	Settings	Physical Set	tings	Firew	all Settings				
	Status	Devie Uptir MAC RX: 7 TX: 1 IPv4:	ce: eth1 ne: 0h 4m 40s : A8:40:41:118:8 729.05 KB (8419 1.43 KB (88 Pkt : 10.130.2.171/2	2:8A Pkts.) s.) 4						
	Protocol	DHCP cl	ient	,	v					
Hostname to reque	send when sting DHCP	dragino-'	1b8288							
Back to Overv	view							Save & Appl	y	Save



#### 3.3 Access the Internet as a WiFi Client.

In the WiFi Client Mode, the LPS8 acts as a WiFi client and gets DHCP from an upstream router via WiFi.

The steps to set up as a WiFi Client are as below:

#### Step1:

In Network -> Wireless, select Radio0 interface and scan.

dragino-1b	8288 Status - Sy	stem 👻 Net	work <del>-</del> S	ervice 👻 Logout		AUTO REFRESH ON				
radio0: Master	r "dragino-1b8288"									
Wireless Overview										
Generic MAC80211 802.11bgn Channel: 11 (2.462 GHz)   Bitrate: ? Mbit/s     Restart										
0%	SSID: dragino-1b82 BSSID: A8:40:41:18	Disable	Edit Remove							
Step2:										
Select the V	Vireless AP and j	oin:								
dragino-1b	8288 Status - Sys	stern 👻 Net	work <del>-</del> Se	ervice - Logout		AUTO REFRESH ON				
Join Net	work: Wireless	Scan								
Signal	SSID	Channel	Mode	BSSID	Encryption					
100%	dragino-office	8	Master	50:64:2B:1A:B8:4D	mixed WPA/WPA2 - PSK	Join Network				
<b>all</b> 84%	ChinaNet-gLnb	2	Master	A4:29:40:66:F4:E7	mixed WPA/WPA2 - PSK	Join Network				
dragino-1b8	288 Status - Sys	em 👻 Netv	vork <del>v</del> Se	ervice – Logout						
Joining N	letwork: "drag	ino-off	ice"							
Replace wireless	configuration									
Signal       SSID       Channel       Mode       BSSID       Encryption         Image: Intervention of the secret encryption       8       Master       50:64:2B:1A:B8:4D       mixed WPA/WPA2 - PSK       Join Network         Image: Intervention of the secret encryption       2       Master       50:64:2B:1A:B8:4D       mixed WPA/WPA2 - PSK       Join Network         Image: Intervention of the secret encryption of the secret encryption to delete the existing networks from this radio.       Image: Intervention of the secret encryption key here.       Image: Intervention of the secret encryption key here.										
Step2:         Step2:         (Ingino-1b8288       Status * System * Network * Service * Logout         AUTO REFRESH         Join Network: Wireless Scan         Signal SID       Encryption         (Join Network: Wireless Scan         Image: SID       Channel Mode BSSID       Encryption         Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Colspan= Work & Socie & Socie & WPAWPA2_PSK       Join Network         Image: Wireless BSID       Encryption         Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2">Image: Wireless Colspan="2"         Image: Wireless Colspan="2"       Image: Wireless Colspan="2"         Image: Wireless Colspan= Image: Wireless Colspan= Image: Wireless Colspan="2"         <td colspan="2</th> <th></th>										

Create / Assign firewall-zone wan: wan: 🚂

Choose the firewall zone you want to assign to this interface. Select unspecified to remove the interface from the associated zone or fill out the create field to define a new zone and attach the interface to it.

Back to scan results

Sub



#### Step3:

In the Network->Wireless page, disable WiFi AP network. This step is important, the LPS WiFi interface can only WiFi AP or WiFi Client mode at a time.

**Note**: After doing that, you will lose connection if your PC connects to the LPS8 via LPS8's WiFi network.

After successful association, the WiFi network interface can be seen in the same page:

dragino-1b8288 Status -			AUTO REFRESH ON
WAN WWAN LAN			
Interfaces			
LAN 変『(是一堂) br-lan	Protocol: Static address Uptime: 2h 0m 4s MAC: A8:40:41:1B:82:8B RX: 1.40 MB (13346 Pkts.) TX: 2.79 MB (10321 Pkts.) IPv4: 10.130.1.1/24	Restart Stop Edit	Delete
WAN	Protocol: DHCP client MAC: A8:40:41:1B:82:8A RX: 4.30 MB (51840 Pkts.) TX: 55.77 KB (429 Pkts.)	Restart Stop Edit	Delete
WWAN Client "dragino-office"	Protocol: DHCP client Uptime: 0h 6m 6s MAC: A8:40:41:1B:82:88 RX: 549.38 KB (5659 Pkts.) TX: 14.90 KB (94 Pkts.) IPv4: 10.130.2.169/24	Restart Stop Edit	Delete
Add new interface			
		Save & Apply	Save Reset

### 3.4 Check Internet connection

You can use the diagnostics page to check and analyze the Internet connection as shown below.

dragino-1b8288 Statu	us ▼ System ▼ Network ▼	- Service - Logout
Diagnostics Network Utilities		
openwrt.org	openwrt.org Traceroute Install iputils-trac	openwrt.org Nslookup raceroute6 for IPv6 traceroute
PING openwrt.org (139.59.2) 64 bytes from 139.59.209.2) 64 bytes from 139.59.209.2) 64 bytes from 139.59.209.2) 64 bytes from 139.59.209.2) 64 bytes from 139.59.209.2) openwrt.org ping statil 5 packets transmitted, 5 pr round-trip min/avg/max = 30	09.225): 56 data bytes 25: seq=0 ttl=45 time=386. 25: seq=1 ttl=45 time=401. 25: seq=2 ttl=45 time=378. 25: seq=3 ttl=45 time=378. 25: seq=4 ttl=45 time=384. stics ackets received, 0% packet 78.894/387.862/401.656 ms	16.898 ms 11.656 ms 17.708 ms 18.894 ms 24.156 ms cet loss ns



## 4 Example: Configure as a LoRaWAN gateway

LPS8 is fully compatible with LoRaWAN protocol. It uses the legacy Semtech Packet forwarder to forward the LoRaWAN packets to server. The structure is as below.



#### LPS8 In a LoRaWAN IoT Network:

This chapter describes how to use the LPS8 to work with <u>TheThingsNetwork (TTN) LoRaWAN Server</u> (www.thethingsnetwork.org)



#### 4.1 Create a gateway in TTN Server

#### Step 1: Get a Unique gateway ID.

Every LPS8 has a unique gateway id. The ID can be found at LoRaWAN page:

dragino-1b8288 Statu	us							
LoRa Gateway Settings Configuration to communicate with LoRa devices and LoRaWAN server								
LoRaWAN Server Settin	ngs							
Server Address	Domain or IP							
Server Port	1700							
Gateway ID	a840411b8268ffff							
Mail Address	Mail address sent to Server							
Latitude	Location Info							
Longtitude	Location Info							

The example gateway id is: a840411b8268ffff

Step 2: Sign up a user account in TTN server





#### Step 3: Create a Gateway

HINGS	CONSOLE		Applications	Gateways	Support	👔 edwin
		👏 Hi, edwin!				
	Welcom	e to The Things Network Console.				
	This is where the magic happens. Here you can work with	your data. Register applications, devices and ga collaborators and settings.	ateways, manag	e your integra	tions,	
		Ę				
	APPLICATIONS	G	ATEWAY	5		

Click on the Gateways icon to open the page below:

乂忤止) 編編止) 荁有(⊻) 历史(≥) †金		
The Things Network Console X	+	
← → ♂ ☆ ①	🔒 https://console.thethingsnetwork.org/gateways/regist 🛛 🎇 🚥 🖒 🔍 搜索	III\ ¶
JD 京东商城		
THE THINGS CONSOLE COMMUNITY EDITION		Applications Gate
	Gateways > Register	
Put the Gateway ID here Must use legacy packet forward	Gateway EUI The EUI of the gateway as read from the LoRa module A8 40 41 1B 82 68 FF FF           Image: Select this if you are using the legacy Semtech packet forwarder.	😨 8 bytes
	Description A human-readable description of the gateway LG02-Gateway-1	0
Choose the right frequency	Frequency Plan The frequency plan this gateway will use Furope 868MHz	٥
plan and router	Router The router this gateway will connect to. To reduce latency, pick a router that is in a region which is close to the location of the gateway. Ith-router-eu	0

After creating the gateway, you can see the gateway info, as below.

GATEWAY OVERVIEW		<u>settings</u>
Gateway ID	eui-a840411b8268ffff	
Description	Gateway-1	
Owner	👔 edwin 💵 <u>Transfer ownership</u>	
Status	not connected	
Frequency Plan	Europe 868MHz	
Router	ttn-router-eu	
Gateway Key	temperature     temperatu	54 🖹



### 4.2 Configure LPS8 to connect to TTN

You can now configure the LPS8 to let it connect to TTN network. Make sure your LPS8 has a working Internet Connection first.

#### Step1: Configure LPS8 to act as raw forwarder

dragino-1b8288 Sta	tus - System - Network -	Service - Logout	
IoT Service IoT Service Debug Level	Lorawan/RAW forwarder	v v	
			Save & Apply Save Reset
DRAGINO TECHNOLOGY CO.,	LIMITED		

#### Step2: Input server info and gateway id

Choose the correct the server address and gateway ID.

dragino-1	lb8288 Sta								
LoRa Gateway Settings Configuration to communicate with LoRa devices and LoRaWAN server									
LoRaWAI	Server Sett	ings							
	Service Provider	The	Things Netw	ork	v				
		_							
	Server Address	ttn-i	router-eu		v				
		_							
	Server Port	170	0						
	Gateway ID	a84	0411b8268fff	f					
	Mail Address	edv	vin@dragino.c	com					
	Latitude	22.7	73						
	Longtitude	114	.23						



#### **Check Result**

After making the above settings, the LPS8 should be able to connect to TTN. Below is the result seen from TTN:

CONSOLE COMMUNITY EDITION		Application	ns Gate	eways Su
Gateways > 🏷 eui-al	40411b8268ffff			
		Overview	Traffic	Settings
GATEWAY OVER	VIEW			Settings
Gatt Des	way ID eui-a840411b8268ffff sription Gateway-1 Owner edwin <u>a Transfer ownership</u> Status • connected			
Gatev	Router thn-router-eu ay Key Control Co		base64	É
Received Me	ssages 0 ssages 0			

## 4.3 Configure frequency

dragino-1b7cdc Sta		rvice - Logout
LoRa Gateway S Configuration to communicate wi	ettings th LoRa devices and LoRaWAN server	
General Settings Radio S	Settings Channels Settings	
Service Provider	The Things Network •	
Server Address	ttn-router-eu 🔻	
Server port for upstream	1700	
Server port for downstream	1700	
Gateway ID	a840411b7cdc4150	
Status keepalive in seconds	30	
SX1301 Configure	Europe 863_870MHz •	Choose the right frequency plan.
customer radios configure		
use sx1276 for tx		

After making the settings above, the LPS8 will be able to act as a LoRaWAN gateway.



#### 4.4 Add a LoRaWAN End Device

This section shows how to add a LoRaWAN End device to a LoRaWAN network and see the data from TTN web site.

We use LT-33222-L IO Controller as a reference device - the setup for other LoRaWAN devices will be similar.



**Step 1**: Create a Device definition in TTN with the OTAA keys from the example LT-33222-L IO Controller device.

Three codes are required to define the device in TTN:

- ✓ DEV EUI Unique ID code for a particular device.
- ✓ APP EUI ID code for an Application defined in TTN.
- $\checkmark$  APP Key Unique key to secure communications with a particular device.

A set of these codes are stored in each device by the manufacturer as the default codes for that particular device. Each device is shipped with a sticker with the default Device EUI as shown below.



Note: You may be able to change these codes in a device by using a configuration facility on the device e.g. the LT-33222 uses a serial port access and a series of AT commands. Changing the codes may be necessary in the case where you have to use codes assigned by a LoRa WAN server.

For the TTN server, you can use the codes set in the device as in the following example.



Select Add Application to open the screen below.

Note that there is an APP EUI already created by TTN, but this is not the one set in the device. To add the APP EUI for the LT33222 device, select **Manage EUIs** and **Add EUI**, then enter the required code.

CONSOLE COMMUNITY EDITION	Applications	Gateways	Suppo
Applications > 🤘 dragino_test_application1			
Application ID dragino_test_application1 Description a test application for Dragino Created 2 years ago Handler ttn-handler-eu (current handler)		documentat	ion
APPLICATION EUIS		o manage e	uis
↔     二     70 B3 D5 7E F0 00 46 18     III       ↔     二     3F 77 AD E3 68 CA A8 65     III			

Select **Devices** and **Register Device** to open the screen below.

Enter the **Device EUI** and **APP KEY** codes, then select the App EUI from the list. Check that all three codes match those shown on the device label before saving the configuration.

THE THINGS C	ONSOLE	Applications	Gateways	Suppo
	Applications > ightarrow draging_test_application1 > Devices			
	REGISTER DEVICE		bulk import devi	<u>ces</u>
	Device ID This is the unique identifier for the device in this app. The device ID will be immutable.			
	lt-33222-I-5480		٥	
	Device EUI The device EUI is the unique identifier for this device on the network. You can change the EUI later.			
	× A8 40 41 00 01 81 85 48		🥑 8 bytes	
	App Key The App Key will be used to secure the communication between you device and the network.			1
	x 57 4E 37 E6 8A EC FC CD B3 B9 3D 87 A9 3B 4B 2C		🥑 16 bytes	
	App EUI			1
	3F 77 AD E3 6B CA AB 65		0	

**Step 2**: Power on LT-33222 device and it will automatically join the TTN network. After joining successfully, it will start to upload messages to the TTN. Select the Data tab and you will see the data appearing in the panel.

Note that it may take some time for the device data to appear in the TTN display.



#### www.dragino.com

ications	> 🥃 d	ragino_test_a	application	1 > Devi	ces 🔉 🐖	) lt-3322	2-1-5362 >	Data					
										o	Verview	Data	Settir
PPLIC	ATION	DATA										II pau	<u>ise</u> 🖬 <u>c</u>
	uplink	downlink	activation	n ack	orror								
Filters					enor								
Filters	time 54:53	counter 0	port 2	retry	payload: 00	0 02 01 36 0	04 C1 04 C2 38						
<ul> <li>Filters</li> <li>16:</li> <li>16:</li> </ul>	time 54:53 54:47	counter 0	port 2	retry	payload: OX devaddr: 2	0 02 01 36 0 6 01 2C 6B	04 C1 04 C2 38 app eui: FCE	EC9 B2 D3 2F A6 6	1 deveui: Al	B 40 41 00			
<ul> <li>Filters</li> <li>16:</li> <li>16:</li> <li>16:</li> <li>16:</li> </ul>	time 54:53 54:47 54:40	counter O	port 2	retry	payload: OX devaddr: 2 devaddr: 2	0 02 01 36 0 6 01 2C 6B 6 01 2C 85	04 C1 04 C2 38 app eui: FCC app eui: FCC	EC9 B2 D3 2F A6 6 EC9 B2 D3 2F A6 6	1 deveui: Al	8 40 41 00 8 40 41 00			

## 5 More features

### 5.1 Packet Filtering

Drop unwanted packets:

See <a href="http://wiki.dragino.com/index.php?title=Main\_Page#Filter\_unwanted\_LoRaWAN\_packets">http://wiki.dragino.com/index.php?title=Main\_Page#Filter\_unwanted\_LoRaWAN\_packets</a>

#### 5.2 Remote Access

Remote Access Devices for management:

See

http://wiki.dragino.com/index.php?title=Main\_Page#Remote\_Access\_Gateway\_via\_Reverse\_SSH

### 5.3 More instructions

http://wiki.dragino.com/index.php?title=Main\_Page#LoRa.2FLoRaWAN\_Gateway\_Instruction



## 6 Linux System

The LPS8 is based on the OpenWrt Linux system. It is open source, and users are free to configure and modify the Linux settings.

### 6.1 SSH Access for Linux console

You can access the Linux console via the SSH protocol. Make sure your PC and the LPS8 are connected to the same network, then use a SSH tool (such as <u>putty</u> in Windows) to access it.

IP address: IP address of LPS8

Port: 22 or 2222 (SSH port in WAN interface has been change to 2222 since firmware 5.3.xx, for security reason)

User Name: root

Password: **dragino** (default)

After logging in, you will be in the Linux console and can enter commands as shown below.





### 6.2 Edit and Transfer files

The LPS8 supports the **SCP protocol** and has a built-in **SFTP server**. There are many ways to edit and transfer files using these protocols.

In Windows, one of the easiest methods is using the WinSCP utility.

After establishing access via WinSCP to the device, you can use an FTP style window to drag / drop files to the LPS8, or edit the files directly in the windows.

Screenshot is as below:

🏂 / - root@10.130.2.1 - V	VinSCP	-					
		🖗 🛛 📦 W	列・	• 传输选项 默认 • 💋 •			
本地(L) 标记(M) 文件(F) 命令(C) 会话(S) 选项(O) 远程(R) 帮助(H)							
a root@10.130.2.1	新建会话						
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		📾 🔿 🕫 🛼					
■調上传 ▼   図 編編 ▼ 】							
C:\Users\edwin\Documen	ts		_	/			
名字	大小	类型	-	名字			
🕹		上级目录		👪			
퉬 Arduino		文件夹		🔒 bin			
퉬 eagle		文件夹		🕌 dev			
퉬 fxsbuildv3.3.02		文件夹	=	🔒 etc			
퉬 fxsbuildv3.4.02		文件夹		🔒 lib			
퉬 GitHub		文件夹		🕌 mnt			
퉬 IoTbuildv3.4.0		文件夹		🕌 overlay			
퉬 IoTbuildv3.4.1		文件夹		\mu proc			
퉬 IoTbuild-v4.1.0-20		文件夹		\mu rom			
퉬 League of Legends		文件夹		📔 root			
🜗 My Music		文件夹		\mu sbin			
崖 My Pictures		文件夹		\mu sys			
📴 My Videos		文件夹		🔒 tmp			
퉬 My WangWang		文件夹		🔒 usr			
🕌 OneNote 笔记本		文件夹		🔊 var			
퉬 SnagIt		文件夹	-	www			
<		1		۲			
0 B / 17,116 KB , 0 / 35				0 B / 0 B , 0 / 15			
				🔒 SFTP-3 🗐 0:00:40			

### 6.3 File System

The LPS8 has a 16MB flash and a 64MB RAM. The /var and /tmp directories are in the RAM, so contents stored in /tmp and /var will be erased after rebooting the device. Other directories are in the flash and will remain after reboot.

The Linux system uses around 8MB ~10MB flash size which means there is not much room for user to store data in the LPS8 flash.

You can use an external USB flash memory device to extend the size of flash memory for storage.



#### 6.4 Package maintenance system

LPS8 uses the OpenWrt <u>OPKG package maintenance system</u>. There are more than 3000+ packages available in our package server for users to install for their applications. For example, if you want to add the *iperf* tool, you can install the related packages and configure LPS8 to use *iperf*.

Below are some example *opkg* commands. For more information please refer to the <u>OPKG</u> package maintain system (https://wiki.openwrt.org/doc/techref/opkg)

In Linux Console run:

root@dragino-169d30:~# opkg update // to get the latest packages list root@dragino-169d30:~# opkg list //shows the available packages root@dragino-169d30:~# opkg install iperf // install iperf The system will automatically install the required packages as shown below.

root@dragino-169d30:/etc/opkg# opkg install iperf Installing iperf (2.0.12-1) to root... Downloading http://downloads.openwrt.org/snapshots/packages/mips\_24kc/base/iperf\_2.0.12-1\_mips\_24kc.ipk Installing uclibcxx (0.2.4-3) to root... Downloading http://downloads.openwrt.org/snapshots/packages/mips\_24kc/base/uclibcxx\_0.2.4-3\_mips\_24kc.ipk Configuring uclibcxx. Configuring iperf.



## 7 Upgrade Linux Firmware

We keep improving the LPS8 Linux side firmware for new features and bug fixes. The latest firmware can be found on LoRa Gateway Firmware, ( <u>http://www.dragino.com/downloads/index.php?dir=LoRa\_Gateway/LG02-OLG02/Firmware</u> ) The Change Log can be found here: <u>Firmware Change Log</u>. ( <u>http://www.dragino.com/downloads/downloads/LoRa\_Gateway/LG02-</u> <u>OLG02/Firmware/ChangeLog</u> )

The file named as xxxxx-xxxx-squashfs-sysupgrade.bin is the upgrade Image. There are different methods to upgrade, as below.

### 7.1 Upgrade via Web UI

Go to the page: Web  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Back Up and flash firmware Select the required image and click Flash Image. The image will be uploaded to the device, and then click **Process Update** to upgrade.

**NOTE**: You normally need to *uncheck* the Keep Settings checkbox when doing an upgrade to ensure that there is no conflict between the old settings and the new firmware. The new firmware will start up with its default settings.

The system will automatically boot into the new firmware after upgrade.

🌀 dragino-1347dc - Backu >	
- → C 🗋 10.130.2.	1/cgi-bin/luci/;stok=5d1ed06496ee9958b41cd81acdefd665/admin/system/flashops
	dragino-1347dc Status - Sensor - System - Network - Logout
	Flash operations
	Actions Configuration
	Dealers ( Dealers
	BackUp / Restore Click "Generate archive" to download a tar archive of the current configuration files. To reset the firmware to its initial state, click "Perform reset" (only possible with squashis images).
	Download backup:
	Reset to defaults: OPerform reset
	To restore configuration files, you can upload a previously generated backup archive here.
	Restore backup: 适择文件 未选择任何文件 🔲 Upload archive
	Uncheck Keep Settings
	Flash new firmware image Select the new Image to update
	Upload a sysupgrade-compatible image byte to replace the running firmware. Check "Keep settings" to retain the current configuration (requires an OpenWit compatible firmware image).
	Keep settings:
	Image: 选择文件 dragino2-IoTsupgrade.bin 🗊 Flash image

### 7.2 Upgrade via Linux console



SCP the firmware to the system /var directory and then run root@OpenWrt:~# /sbin/sysupgrade -n /var/Your\_Image

**NOTE**: it is important to transfer the image in the /var directory, otherwise it may exceed the available flash size.



## 8 FAQ

## 8.1 How can I configure for a customized frequency band?

You can customize your LoRaWAN channel on LPS8. For example if you want to set the gateway to meet the India LoROIT frequency band:

125 kHz

Channel	Frequency Modulat	tion / BW
0	865.400 MHz	MultiSF
1	865.600 MHz	MultiSF
-		

LoRoit Frequency plan for India

1	865.600	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
2	865.800	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
3	866.000	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
4	866.200	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
5	866.400	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
6	866.600	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
7	866.800	MHz	MultiSF	125	kHz		
LoRa	865.700	MHz	SF7	250	kHz		
FSK	865.700	MHz	FSK	250	kΗz,	64	kbps
RX2 channel	(downlink	<)					
RX2	865.200 M	۱Hz	SF12	125	kHz		



#### Step 1: Choose Frequency Band to use "Customized Bands"

## LoRa Gateway Settings

Configuration to communicate with LoRa devices and LoRaWAN server

General Settings	Radio Se	ettings Channel	s Settings	
lo	T Service	LoRaWan/RAW for	warder	T
Del	bug Level	Little message out	put	¥
Service	Provider	The Things Networ	'n	Ŧ
Server	r Address	ttn-router-eu		¥
Server port for	upstream	1700		
Server port for dov	wnstream	1700		
Ga	ateway ID	a840411b7e10415	0	
Status keepalive in	seconds	30		
Freque	ency Plan	Customized Bands	1	v

#### Step 2: Configure Radio 0 & 1 Frequency

The LPS8 has two Radios from SX1308. You can configure these eight channels based on these two radios. Go to the Radio Settings page and enable Radio 0 to 865700000 and enable Radio 1 to 866500000.

General Settings	Radio S	Settings	Channels Settings	
radio	0 enable	•		
Radio_0 fr	requency	865700	0000	
Radio	o_0 for tx	•		
Radio_0 tx min fr	requency	863000	0000	
Radio_0 tx max fr	requency	870000	0000	
radio	1 enable	•		
Radio_1 fr	requency	866500	0000	
Radio	o_1 for tx			



#### Step 3: Configure Channel Frequency.

What we need to configure for LoRoit is 0~7 multiSF channel frequency and LoRa frequency as per LoRiot frequency plan.

Each Channel Configure include below parameters:

- ✓ Radio used for this channel.
- ✓ Channel IF, frequency shift base on Radio Frequency.

Below are the settings for the LoRiot frequency plan:

General Settings Radio S	ettinas	Channels Settings
	oungo	
multiSF channel 0 enable	•	Channel 0 frequency = radio0 –300000Hz = 865700000-
		300000 = 865.4Mhz
multiSF channel 0 radio	radio0	¥
multiSF channel 0 IF	-300000	)
multiSF channel 1 enable		Channel 1 frequency = 865.6Mhz
multiSF channel 1 radio	radio0	Ŧ
multiSF channel 1 IF	-100000	)
multiSF channel 2 enable	•	Channel 2 frequency = 865.8Mhz
multiSF channel 2 radio	radio0	Ŧ
multiSF channel 2 IF	100000	



www.di	raaino	.com
	0.010	

multiSF channel 3 enable		Channel 3 frequency = 866.0Mhz
multiSF channel 3 radio	radio0	v
multiSF channel 3 IF	300000	
multiSF channel 4 enable	۷	Channel 4 frequency = 866.2Mhz
multiSF channel 4 radio	radio1	v
multiSF channel 4 IF	-300000	
multiSF channel 5 enable	•	Channel 5 frequency = 866.4Mhz
multiSF channel 5 enable multiSF channel 5 radio	✓	Channel 5 frequency = 866.4Mhz
multiSF channel 5 enable multiSF channel 5 radio multiSF channel 5 IF	✓ radio1 -100000	Channel 5 frequency = 866.4Mhz
multiSF channel 5 enable multiSF channel 5 radio multiSF channel 5 IF multiSF channel 6 enable	<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>radio1</li> <li>-100000</li> <li>✓</li> </ul>	Channel 5 frequency = 866.4Mhz  Channel 6 frequency = 866.6Mhz
multiSF channel 5 enable multiSF channel 5 radio multiSF channel 5 IF multiSF channel 6 enable multiSF channel 6 radio	<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>radio1</li> <li>-100000</li> <li>✓</li> <li>radio1</li> </ul>	Channel 5 frequency = 866.4Mhz Channel 6 frequency = 866.6Mhz

multiSF channel 7 enable		Channel 7 frequency = 866.8Mhz
multiSF channel 7 radio	radio1	v
multiSF channel 7 IF	300000	
lorastd channel enable	<b>e</b> (	Channel LoRaSTDfrequency = 865.7Mhz, SF7, BW250Khz
LoRa channel radio	radio0	v
LoRa channel IF	0	
LoRa channel SF	7	
LoRa channel BW	250k	v



## Step 4: Save & Apply & check result in logread page.

#### Logread

FreqINFO	Report	RxTxJson	ErrorMSG
SX1301 Chan	nels frequency	/	
chan_multiSF_ LORA MAC, 1	_0 25kHz, all SF,	865400000 Hz	
chan_multiSF LORA MAC, 1	_1 25kHz, all SF,	865600000 Hz	
chan_multiSF LORA MAC, 1	_2 25kHz, all SF,	865800000 Hz	
chan_multiSF LORA MAC, 1	_3 25kHz, all SF,	- 866000000 Hz	
chan_multiSF LORA MAC, 1	_4 25kHz, all SF,	- 866200000 Hz	
chan_multiSF LORA MAC, 1	_5 25kHz, all SF,	 866400000 Hz	



### 8.2 Can I make my own firmware for LPS8?

### Where can I find the source code of LPS8?

Yes, You can make your own firmware for the LPS8 for branding purposes or to add customized applications.

The LPS8 source code and compile instructions can be found at: https://github.com/dragino/openwrt\_lede-18.06

### 8.3 Can I use 868Mhz version for 915Mhz bands?

It is possible but the distance will be very short, you can select US915 frequency band in 868Mhz version hardware. It will work but you will see the performance is greatly decreased because the 868Mhz version has an RF filter for band 863~870Mhz, all other frequencies will have high attenuation.



## 9 Trouble Shooting

### 9.1 I get kernel error when install new package, how to fix?

In some cases, when installing a package with *opkg*, it will generate a kernel error such as below due to a mismatch I the kernel ID:

root@dragino-16c538:~# opkg install kmod-dragino2-si3217x\_3.10.49+0.2-1\_ar71xx.ipk Installing kmod-dragino2-si3217x (3.10.49+0.2-1) to root...

Collected errors:

\* satisfy\_dependencies\_for: Cannot satisfy the following dependencies for kmod-dragino2si3217x:

\* kernel (= 3.10.49-1-4917516478a753314254643facdf360a) \*

\* opkg\_install\_cmd: Cannot install package kmod-dragino2-si3217x.

In this case, you can use the –force-depends option to install such package as long as the actual kernel version is the same.

Opkg install kmod-dragino2-si3217x\_3.10.49+0.2-1\_ar71xx.ipk –force-depends



### 9.2 How to recover the LPS8 if the firmware crashes

LPS8 provides the user with full control on its Linux system, so it is possible that the device will brick and can't boot after an improper modification in some boot files. In this case, the user can recover the whole Linux system by uploading a new firmware via Web Failsafe mode.

Procedure is as below:

- ▶ Use an RJ45 cable to connect the PC to LPS8's WAN port directly.
- Set the PC to a static IP of 192.168.255.x, Netmask 255.255.255.0
- Press and hold the toggle button and power on the device.
- > All LEDs of the device will blink, release the toggle button after *four* blinks
- All LEDs will then blink very fast once, this means that the device has detected a network connection and will enter into the Web-Failsafe mode. Your PC should be able to ping 192.168.255.1 after device enters this mode.
- Open 192.168.255.1 in web browser.
- Select a <u>squashfs-sysupgrade</u> type firmware and update firmware.



Note: If you see all LEDs blink very fast in Step 5, this means the network connection is established. If in this case, the PC is still not able to see the web page, you can debug as follows:

- ✓ Try different browser.
- ✓ Check if your PC is set to static IP address of 192.168.255.x
- ✓ Check if you have connected two RJ45 cables to device. If so, remove the unused one



#### 9.3 I configured LPS8 for WiFi access and lost its IP. What to do now?

The LPS8 has a fall-back IP address on its WAN port. This IP is always enabled so you can use the fall-back IP to access LPS8 no matter what the WiFi IP is. The fall back IP is useful for connecting and debug the unit.

(Note: fallback IP can be disabled in the WAN and DHCP page)

Steps to connect via fall back IP:

- 1. Connect PC's Ethernet port to LG01's WAN port
- Configure PC's Ethernet port has IP: 172.31.255.253 and Netmask: 255.255.255.252

As below photo:

<mark>1果网络支持此功能,则可</mark> 以第 S需要从网络系统管理员外获得	期自动指 话当的 II	派的	IP 设	置。否	则,
	·/=		-		
◎ 自动获得 IP 地址(0)					
◎ 使用下面的 IP 地址(S):					
IP 地址(I):	172	. 31	. 255	. 253	
子网掩码(V):	255	. 255	. 255	. 252	
默认网关 (0):		<u>.</u>	20	2	
	(71)				
● 自动获得 IMS 服务器地址 ④ 使用下面的 DMS 服务哭地	us) hit∩ne).				
首洗 DNS 服务器(P):	лц (чи) с	7	22		
各田 DWS 服务哭(A)		765			
			-	-	

3. In the PC, use IP address 172.31.255.254 to access the LPS8 via Web or Console.

Please note the latest firmware has use port 8000 for http and 2222 for ssh access.

### 9.4 I connect to the LPS8's SSID but LPS8 didn't assign DHCP IP to my laptop?

This is a known bug for the firmware version before 2019-09-23 for LPS, the issue was fixed since version: LG02\_LG08--build-v5.2.1569218466-20190923-1402.

In the old version, user can use the <u>fall back ip method</u> to access and configure the device.



## 10 Order Info

### PART: LPS8-XXX-YYY:

### XXX: Frequency Band

- **868**: valid frequency: 863Mhz ~ 870Mhz. for band EU868 or IN865.
- 915: valid frequency: 902Mhz ~ 928Mhz. for bands US915, AU915, AS923 or KR920



## 11 Packing Info

#### Package Includes:

- ✓ LPS8 LoRa Gateway x 1
- ✓ Stick Antenna for LoRa RF part. Frequency is one of 470 or 868 or 915Mhz depends the model ordered
- ✓ Packaging with environmental protection paper box

### **Dimension and weight**:

- ✓ Device Size: 12 x 12 x 2.5 cm
- ✓ Device Weight:
- ✓ Package Size / pcs :
- ✓ Weight / pcs :
- ✓ Carton dimension:
- ✓ Weight / carton :

## 12 Support

- Try to see if your questions already answered in the <u>wiki</u>.
- Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8.
   Due to different timezones we cannot offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before mentioned schedule.
- Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product models, accurately describe your problem and steps to replicate it etc) and send a mail to:

# support@dragino.com

### 13 Reference

- ♦ Source code for LPS8 LoRa Gateway <u>https://github.com/dragino/openwrt\_lede-18.06</u>
- OpenWrt official Wiki <u>http://www.openwrt.org/</u>
- Firmware <u>http://www.dragino.com/downloads/index.php?dir=LoRa\_Gateway/LPS8-OLPS8/Firmware/</u>



## 14 FCC Warning

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

To maintain compliance with FCC's RF Exposure guidelines, This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance between 20cm the radiator your body: Use only the supplied antenna.