# 1. RF Exposure Requirements

# **1.1 General Information**

<b>Client Information</b> Applicant: Address of applicant:	MAGNADYNE CORPORATION 1111 W. Victoria Street, Compton, CA. 90220-5898
Manufacturer:	The same as Applicant
Address of manufacturer:	The same as Applicant
General Description of EUT:	
Product Name:	Mini Radio
Trade Name	/
Model No.:	AUC18239
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	DC 12V
Battery Capacity:	/
FCC ID:	ZGM-AUC18239
Equipment Type:	Portable device
Technical Characteristics of EU	T:
Bluetooth	

Bluetooth Version:	V5.0 (BR/EDR mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	1.62dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	External Antenna
Antenna Gain:	3.3dBi

## **1.2 RF Exposure Exemption**

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

**Option A:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

**Option B:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula.  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} (mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ cm)^x & d \le 20 \ cm \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ cm < d \le 40 \ cm \end{cases}$$

 $x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$ 

Where

and

 $ERP_{20\ cm}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$ 

#### d = the separation distance (cm);

**Option C:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation				
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)			
0.3-1.34	1,920 R <sup>2</sup>			
1.34-30	3,450 R <sup>2</sup> /f <sup>2</sup>			
30-300	3.83 R <sup>2</sup>			
300-1,500	0.0128 R <sup>2</sup> f			
1,500-100,000	19.2R <sup>2</sup>			

#### For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \le 1$$

### **1.3 Calculated Result**

Radio Access	Prediction Frequency	Output Power	Antenna Gain	Duty Cycle	Tune-Up Time-Averaged Power	ERP
Technology	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Bluetooth	2402	1.62	3.3	100	2.00	3.15

Frequency	Ontion	Min. Distance	Max. Power		Exposure Limit	Datia	Result
(MHz)	Option	(cm)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	Ratio	Pass/Fail
2402	С	20.00	3.15	2.07	768.00	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power \* Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P<sub>th</sub> (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

#### Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Simultaneous	Limit	Result
Technology	Ratio I	Ralio 2	Ratio		Pass/Fail

**Result: Pass**